

# Lake Superior

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# Lake Superior

Average Depth 483 feet 147 meters

Maximum 1,332 feet Depth 406 meters

Volume 2,900 cu. mi. 12,100 cu. km. Shoreline Length

2,726 miles 4,385 km

Water Area 31,700 sq. mi. 82,100 sq. km.

Land Drainage 49,300 sq. mi. Area 127,700 sq. km. Population (U.S.2000; Canada 2001)

842,262

**Retention Time** 173 years

Source: NRRI, UMD; State of the Great Lakes 2005

# **Ecosystem: Generally Good**

- Bald eagle, gray wolf and peregrine recovering
- Fisheries in good to excellent condition
- Lower food web robust and stable
- Forest cover increasing
- Contaminant levels are declining or remaining constant
- Important habitat and land acquisitions, including the National Marine Conservation Area







# Map of the NMCA



# Lake Superior Ecosystem Faces Challenges



- Non-native species
- Shoreline development and hardening
- Habitat loss
- Aquatics species threatened
- Land use change

- Critical pollutants
- Substances of emerging concern
- Mining
- Climate change effects
- Protection

# Lake Superior State of the Fisheries



**Brook trout** 





Lake trout

Shortjaw cisco

# Lake Whitefish, Cisco and Lake Sturgeon

- Lake whitefish and cisco abundant and increasing
- Walleye, lake sturgeon and coaster brook trout populations being rehabilitated







### Lake Trout Abundance: A Success Story for Lake Superior



# Lake Superior Lower Food Web



### Diporeia 2005 and 1973 (aka Pontoporeia) in Lake Superior



# Nearshore (0-100 m) has ~30% of lake area but ~80% of lake *Diporeia* biomass



Depth range, m

# Contaminant Trends in Lake Superior





### Entering The Lake Superior Watershed

### The Lake Superior Binational Forum 1-888-301-LAKE

### Reductions of Mercury Discharges and Emissions from Lake Superior Sectors Between 1990 and 2005, kg/yr



Source

### Concentrations of Polybrominated Diphenyl Ethers (PBDEs) in Whole Lake Trout



# **Mining Impacts**



#### Taconite mine, MN

#### **Duluth Superior Ore dock**



### Lake Superior Habitat and Terrestrial Wildlife



### Herptile Monitoring in the Lake Superior Basin



### **Great Lakes Invasive Species**



Asian carp

"Invasive species are everywhere. They damage our crops, our industries, the environment and public health. Scientists, academics, leaders of industry and land managers are realizing that invasive species are one of the most serious environmental threats of the 21<sup>st</sup> century."

> - National Invasive Species Council (2001)

# **Aquatic Invasive Species**





White perch









# **Terrestrial Invasive Species**

- Phragmites
- Purple Loosestrife
- Exotic buckthorns
- Asian longhorned beetle
- Emerald ash borer



Emerald ash borer

**Invasive Free Zone:** To eradicate invasive plants and restore native plant communities on a landscape scale



# **Aquatic Non-Native Species**



# **Imminent Invasives**



Killer Shrimp



Snakehead

# **Emerging Invasive: Didymo**



#### Invasive freshwater alga *Didymosphenia geminata*

# Lake Michigan Invasives



- Diporeia declining dramatically: 95% between 1995 and 2005
- Increased clarity of waters has led to increased algae, botulism spread and massive bird die offs
- VHS has caused significant fish mortality events

# Lake Michigan Invasives

- Asian Carp within 30 miles of Lake Michigan
- New invasive in Lake Michigan Hemimysis
- Phragmites spreading rapidly
- Round goby increasing





# Lake Huron Invasives





Sea Lamprey

**Phragmites** 

# Lake Erie Invasives



Round goby

# Lake Erie Algae Aerial



# Lake Ontario Invasives



**VHS-Infected Fish** 

# Lake Superior Invasives



#### **Chinese Mitten Crab**

#### Ruffe



# Lake Superior Status of Introduced Species

Species	Range	Abundance	
ruffe	Increasing	Stable	·
threespine stickleback	Increasing	Increasing	
fourspine stickleback	Stable	Stable	
white perch	Increasing	Increasing	
round goby	Increasing	Stable	
New Zealand mud snail	Increasing	Increasing	
Chinese mitten crab	New	Low	

# Lake Superior VHS Free







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Binational Program