



FIRST QUARTER 2012 MONITORING REPORT
UIC PERMIT AZ396000001 AND APP PERMIT 101704
FLORENCE COPPER PROJECT, FLORENCE, ARIZONA

Curis Resources (Arizona) Inc.
1575 W. Hunt Highway
Florence, AZ 85132

April 30, 2012



April 30, 2012

Ms. Nancy Rumrill
U.S. Environmental Protection Agency
Region 9, Ground Water Office, WTR-9
75 Hawthorne Street
San Francisco, California 94105-3901

Subject: First Quarter 2012 Monitoring Report
Underground Injection Control (UIC) Permit Number AZ396000001

Dear Ms. Rumrill:

As you are aware, in February 2010, Curis Resources (Arizona) Inc. (Curis Arizona) purchased all of the assets of Florence Copper and the right to apply for the transfer of its permits to Curis Arizona, including the Aquifer Protection Permit (APP) and the UIC Permit. Curis Arizona submitted a UIC Permit application in March 2011 and, although the permit transfer is not complete, Curis Arizona is assuming the compliance obligations of those permits and is submitting this report in accordance with the reporting requirements of Parts II.G.2.(a) through (j) of the UIC Permit No. AZ396000001 issued by the United States Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA) on May 1, 1997. The Florence Copper Project is also subject to the requirements of APP No. 101704 issued by the Arizona Department of Environmental Quality (ADEQ) on June 9, 1997, and last amended on August 12, 2011.

This report pertains to monitoring activities conducted at the Florence Copper Project from January 1 thru March 31, 2012. Copies of records required by Part II.G.1 are maintained at the mine site along with other information that is summarized below.

As you are aware, Florence Copper discontinued hydraulic control of the original pilot test facility on September 1, 2004 in order to conduct groundwater quality tests in accordance with the APP and Part II.I.2 of the UIC Permit. A report of the results has been provided to ADEQ and USEPA for review. The recovery wells have remained off until a plan for further activity can be approved. As a result, no extraction flows or water levels are reported under Sections (b) and (c) below.

(a) A map showing the current status of the mine.

Figure 1 shows the current monitoring area including the Point of Compliance (POC) wells and the well field. Figure 2 shows the approximate layout of the well field and denotes the four well observation well/recovery well pairs.



There are four injection/recovery wells and nine original recovery wells. The four injection wells were later used as recovery wells during the rising of the mine block. Five observation wells were installed to demonstrate net inward hydraulic gradient for the 90 days required by the permit. Solution injection began on October 31, 1997 and ceased on February 8, 1998.

(b) A table and graph showing daily cumulative injection flows and extraction flows in each active mine block over the reporting period.

There are currently no active mine blocks. Hydraulic control for the test block was discontinued on September 1, 2004 for purposes of collecting groundwater samples following a 90-day period of no hydraulic control, and remains discontinued for evaluation of results. Accordingly there are no injection or extraction flows to report.

(c) A table and graph comparing average daily head in the four observation wells surrounding each active mine block with that of the four adjacent extraction wells.

There are currently no active mine blocks. Hydraulic control was not required during this reporting period for the test block and water level measurements are not required.

(d) A table showing POC monitoring wells analytical results and Alert Levels.

The POC Quarterly Compliance Monitoring Report is included as Attachment 1. The report summarizes the results of groundwater monitoring activities and includes tables of the field parameters and analytical results for the quarterly monitoring parameters. Brown and Caldwell, along with Project personnel, conducted quarterly compliance sampling on February 13 through 21, 2012. Monthly sampling of M1-GL was performed on January 4, February 20, and March 27, 2012. A verification sample of P49-O was collected on January 4, 2012 and subsequent monthly samples collected on February 13 and March 27, 2012.

Quarterly parameters were analyzed for 29 of the 31 POC monitoring wells. POC monitoring wells M32-UBF and M33-UBF were dry and could not be sampled. The three monthly results for sulfate in M1-GL exceeded the Alert Level (AL). No Aquifer Quality Limit (AQL) has been set for sulfate and there is no established maximum contaminant level (MCL). A report has been submitted demonstrating that the AL exceedance was likely not related to the permitted mining activities. No further action is anticipated. We have requested to continue monitoring of M1-GL on a quarterly basis.

There were three other AL exceedances of the quarterly laboratory parameters. In December 2011, magnesium, sulfate, and TDS exceeded the ALs in well P49-O. Verification sampling performed in January of 2012 confirmed the exceedance. No AQLs have been set for the parameters and there is no established AWQS. The ADEQ and USEPA were notified of the exceedances on January 23, 2012 with a demonstration that the exceedances are not believed to be related to the permitted mining activities.

Although the monitoring frequency of P49-O will be increased to monthly, we have requested to return to monitoring of P49-O on a quarterly basis.

(e) Results of the monthly analyses of organic in the injectate

Organic analyses are not required because no solution was injected during the reporting period.

(f) Results of monitoring required by 40 CFR 146.33 (b)(1)

No solution was injected.

(g) Results of the mechanical integrity tests

No mechanical integrity test was conducted.

(h) Results of the annular conductivity monitoring

Although injection ceased in early 1998, annular conductivity measurements have continued to the present time. A graph showing measurement results for this reporting period is presented in Figure 3. No unusual conditions were noted.

(i) Well and core hole plugging and abandonment.

None of the existing wells or core holes were abandoned during the report period.

(j) A summary of closure operations during the reporting period.

There were no closure operations during the reporting period.

Ms. Nancy Rumrill
April 30, 2012
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Curis Arizona believes that you will find this report complete and in compliance with all permit conditions. Please contact me at (520) 374-3984 should you have any questions regarding this report.

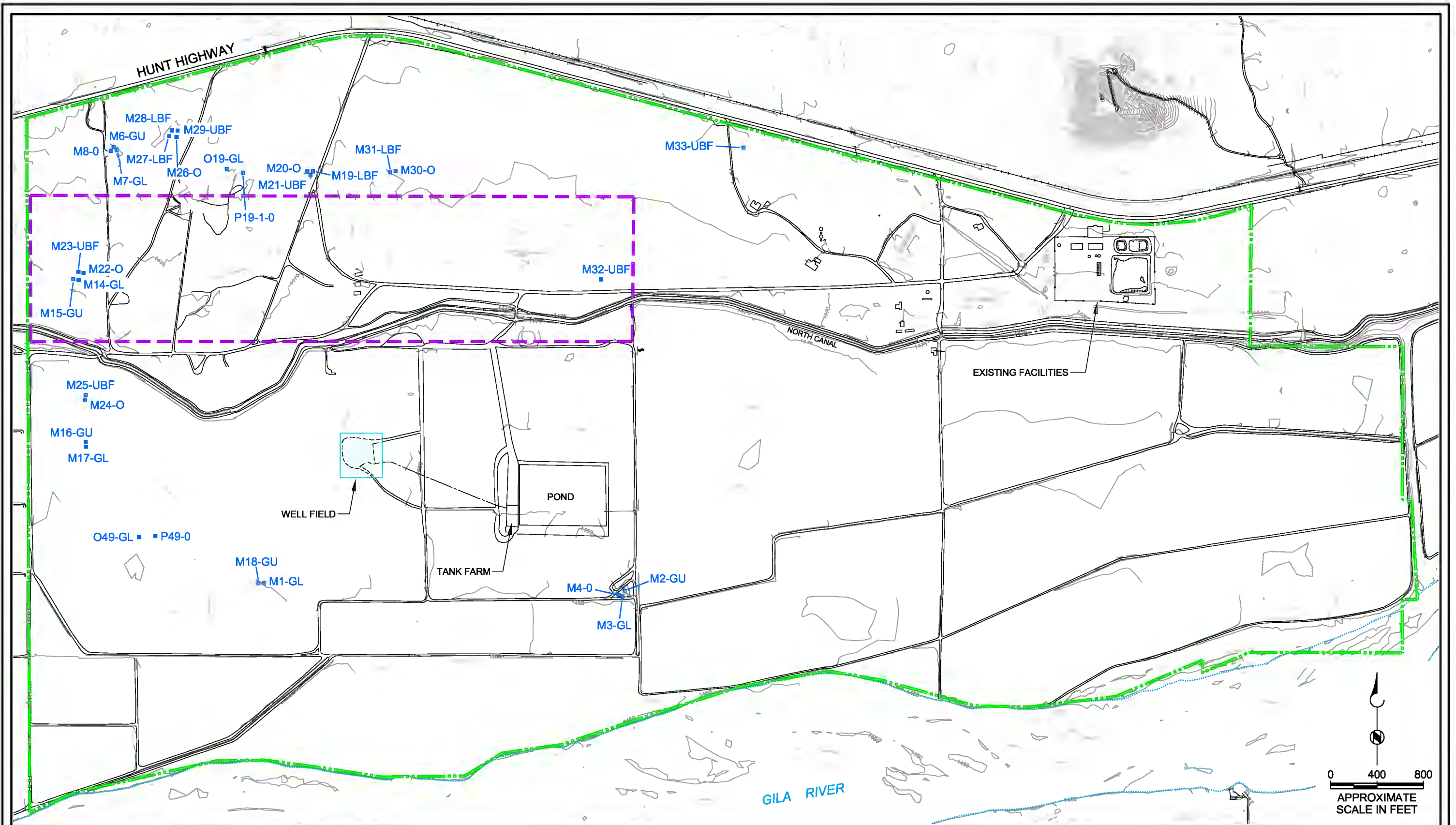
Sincerely,

CURIS RESOURCES (ARIZONA) INC.

A handwritten signature in blue ink, appearing to read 'Daniel Johnson', with a stylized flourish at the end.

Daniel Johnson
Vice-President, Environment and Technical Services

BAS:ds
Attachments
cc: Florence Copper File

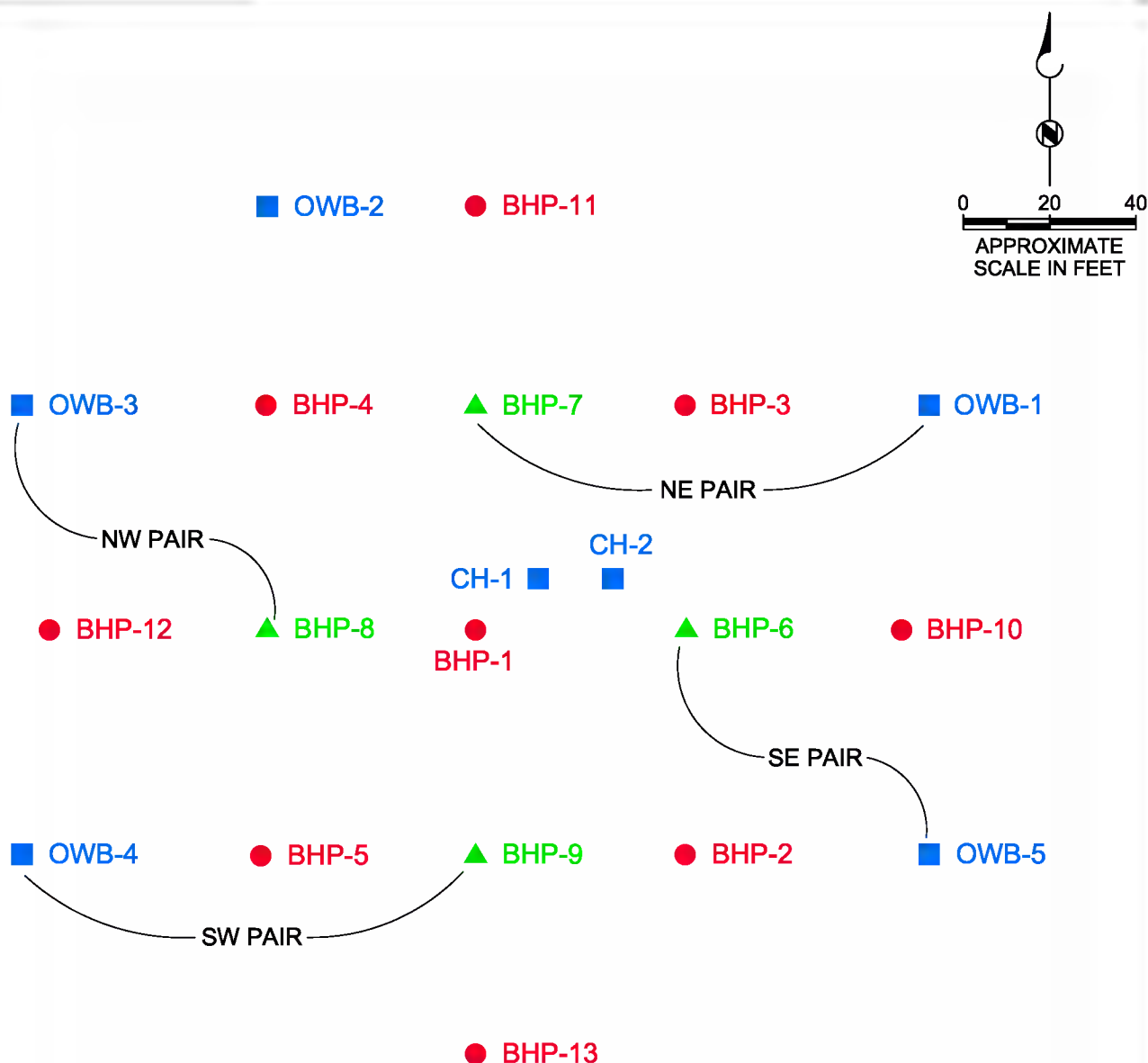


EXPLANATION

- APPROXIMATE PROPERTY BOUNDARY
- STATE LEASE LAND BOUNDARY
- M3-GL POC MONITORING WELL
- WELL FIELD DETAIL, FIGURE 2

**Brown AND
Caldwell**

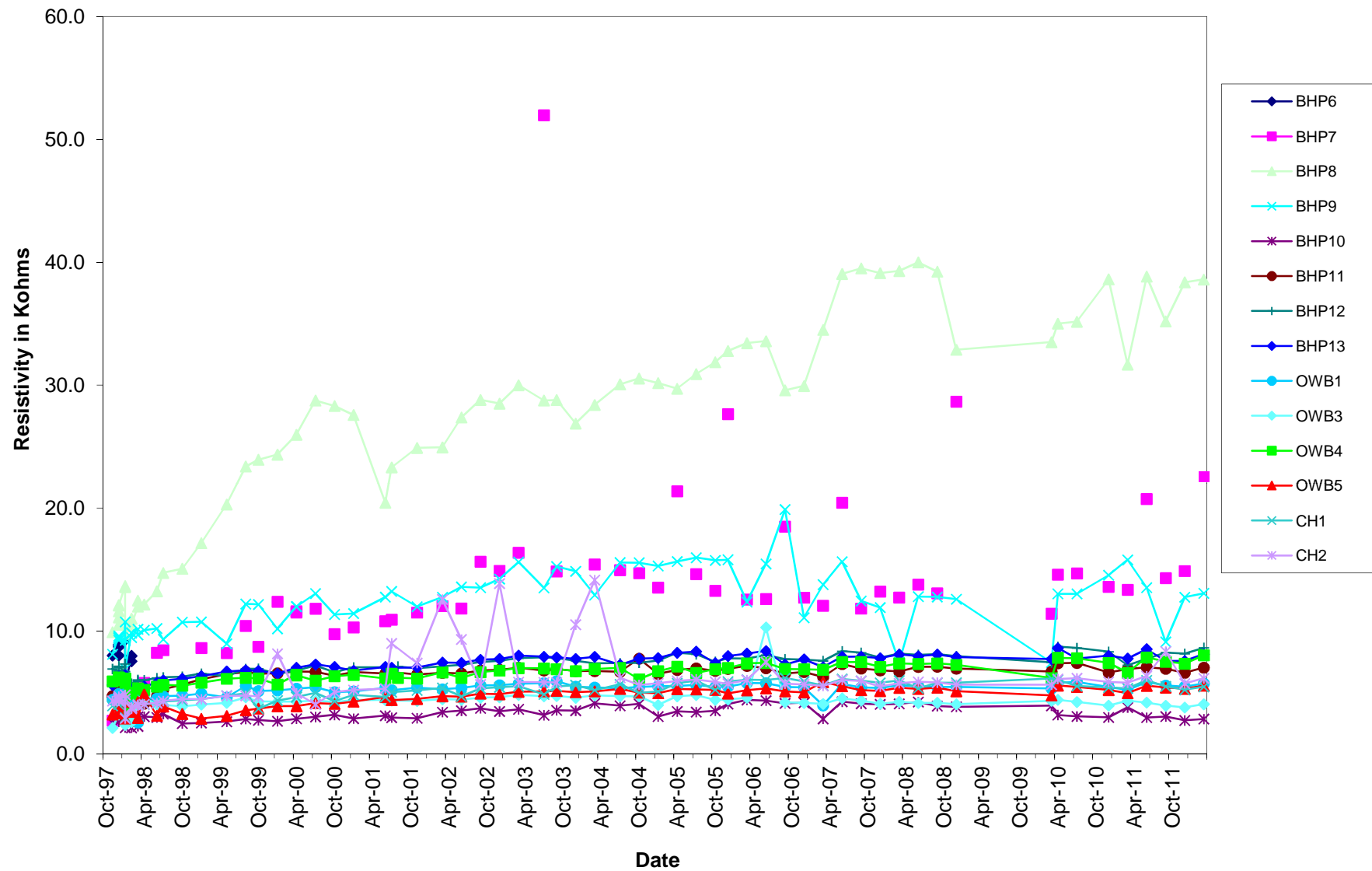
Figure 1
MONITORING AREA
FLORENCE COPPER PROJECT
FLORENCE, ARIZONA



EXPLANATION

- BHP-10 RECOVERY WELL (CURRENTLY INACTIVE)
- OWB-2 OBSERVATION WELL
- ▲ BHP-8 INJECTION / RECOVERY WELL
(RECOVERY MODE SINCE 1998)

Figure 3 - Well Field Annular Resistivity



Brown=Caldwell

ATTACHMENT 1

POC Quarterly Compliance Monitoring Report

FLORENCE COPPER PROJECT QUARTERLY COMPLIANCE MONITORING REPORT FIRST QUARTER 2012

Sampling Activities

Groundwater sampling at the Florence Copper Project site took place on February 13 through 21, 2012 (First Quarter 2012). Monthly sampling of M1-GL was performed on January 4, February 20, and March 27, 2012. A verification sample of P49-O was collected on January 4, 2012 and subsequent monthly samples collected on February 13 and March 27, 2012. Groundwater sampling and analysis was conducted in accordance with the requirements of Aquifer Protection Permit (APP) No. 101704, Section 2.5.3 (Groundwater Monitoring and Sampling Protocols) and Underground Injection Control (UIC) Permit No. AZ396000001 Part II.F.

Quarterly parameters, as listed in Section 4.0 Table 4.5 of the APP, were analyzed from the designated Point of Compliance (POC) wells. The quarterly analytical parameters are magnesium, sulfate, fluoride, and total dissolved solids (TDS) in addition to field pH, temperature, and specific conductance. The monthly samples were analyzed for the same parameters required by quarterly monitoring. The field parameters of dissolved oxygen (DO) and turbidity are also monitored to determine stabilization of wells sampled using low-flow purging methods, but are not reported.

During the First Quarter 2012 sampling event, 29 POC wells were sampled. Two POC wells (M32-UBF and M33-UBF) were dry and could not be sampled. Two POC wells, M1-GL and P49-O were sampled monthly. Analyses of the samples were conducted by TestAmerica Laboratories (TestAmerica). Analytical results for the POC wells for the quarterly parameters are provided in Table 1 and field parameters measured during sampling are indicated in Table 2.

Prior to First Quarter 2012 sampling event, the Florence Copper Project replaced stainless-steel pumps with low-flow bladder pumps in wells M1-GL, M18-GU, M2-GU, M3-GL, M4-O, M30-O and M31-LBF. Low-flow sampling of the monitoring well network was conducted in accordance with Section 2.5.3 (Groundwater Monitoring and Sampling Protocols). Two wells, M22-O and O49-GL, are not equipped with low-flow pumps and were purged a minimum of three borehole volumes. No reduced pumping volumes occurred and there were no modified sampling procedures noted.

Due to a verified exceedance of sulfate in the Third Quarter 2011, the monitoring frequency of M1-GL has been increased to monthly. The monthly sulfate concentrations in MW-1 were:

- January – 111 milligrams per liter (mg/L), above the Alert Level (AL) of 109 mg/L,
- February – 120 mg/L, and
- March – 122 mg/L.

No Aquifer Quality Limit (AQL) has been set for sulfate and there is no established Aquifer Water Quality Standard (AWQS). Concentrations of the other three indicator parameters remain

well below ALs. A general increase in the sulfate concentrations in M1-GL has been observed from 2000 to 2010. The facility has been inactive since the pilot test in 1998, which was performed in a very limited portion of the permitted area. M1-GL is an upgradient, background well to this pilot test area under prevailing conditions. The quarterly parameters were selected on the basis of theoretical impact by the in-situ process. All four parameters would be expected to increase significantly in the event of groundwater impact by a facility discharge. Thus increased sulfate concentrations are not believed to be related to permitted mining operations. Monthly monitoring of the well will continue and no further action is anticipated.

In Fourth Quarter 2011, monitoring well P49-O was sampled on December 5, 2011. The results were reported on December 21, 2011 and alert level exceedances of magnesium, sulfate, and TDS were observed. There are no Aquifer Water Quality Standards (AWQS) or Aquifer Quality Limits (AQLs) for the parameters. A verification sample was collected on January 4, 2012. The confirmation results were reported on January 18, 2012. The results confirmed the initial exceedance.

- Magnesium – 15 mg/L, above the AL of 6.2 mg/L,
- Sulfate – 1,320 mg/L, above the AL of 181 mg/L,
- TDS – 2,000 mg/L, above the AL of 801 mg/L, and
- Fluoride – < 0.4 mg/L, below the AL of 2.0 mg/L and AQL of 4.0 mg/L.

In accordance with permit conditions, the Arizona Department of Environmental Quality (ADEQ) and the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA) were notified of the exceedances in letters dated January 23, 2012 (attached).

The AL exceedances observed at P49-O do not represent a trend of increasing concentrations. The exceedances observed in December 2011 and confirmed in January 2012 appear at the end of a dataset that is otherwise relatively consistent for a period of nearly 16 years. The quarterly parameters were selected on the basis of theoretical impact by the in-situ process. All four parameters would be expected to increase significantly in the event of groundwater impact by a facility discharge. Fluoride would be expected to increase by an order of magnitude or more. The January results showed fluoride concentrations decreased rather than increased, which cannot be attributed to mining impact.

Under prevailing groundwater flow conditions, P49-O is a cross-gradient, background well in relation to the BHP Copper pilot test area. In December 2012, the stainless-steel submersible pump was replaced with a low-flow pump. The abrupt change in water quality observed following the pump change is not an indication of solution migration from the pilot test area, but rather of changes made to sampling methodology.

In response to the exceedances, the monitoring frequency of P49-O has been increased to monthly. For the February and March 2012 sampling events, the setting of the low-flow pump in P49-O was adjusted upwards. The placement remains in the middle half of the screen. The analytical results for all four parameters were below alert levels and within historical ranges for the well, which supports the above assertion that the previous exceedances were related to the installation of the low-flow pump and not the result of impacts from the pilot test.

In the POC network, a decreasing trend for magnesium concentrations and an increasing trend for fluoride concentrations were observed in the upper aquifer from 2000 to 2008, and stabilizing since 2008. Rising concentrations were also observed in upgradient wells M2-GU and M18-GU for magnesium, sulfate, and TDS from 2005 to 2007, and declining somewhat since 2008. Site-wide water levels have declined more than 50 feet in all three aquifer zones since the start of monitoring in 1996 to 2004, and have since been relatively stable or have recovered slightly.

Of the 27 wells with low-flow pumps, changes in water quality have been observed in wells M18-GU, M24-O, M26-O, and P49-O. Concentrations of the indicator parameters in M18-GU increased an average of 2 percent to 33 percent; however, none of the results were above an AL. Concentrations of the indicator parameters in M24-O increased an average of 5 percent to 50 percent; none of the results were above an AL. Concentrations in M26-O have decreased an average of 10 to 20 percent. Significant increases were observed in P49-O, discussed above. Adjustment of the pump placement has resulted in concentrations for P49-O returning to historical ranges. The changes of concentrations at the four wells are likely related to the change of sampling methodology rather than a facility discharge.

Contingency Sampling Plans

Verification sampling of P49-O was performed on January 4, 2012. The exceedances were verified. The monitoring frequency has been increased to monthly. Subsequent monitoring has shown the results were due to changes in sampling methodology. In the report submitted to the ADEQ and USEPA, we have requested to return to monitoring on a quarterly basis.

Due to a verified exceedance of sulfate in the Third Quarter 2011, the monitoring frequency of M1-GL has been increased to monthly. As discussed above, the exceedance is not believed to be related to permitted mining operations and we have requested to return to monitoring on a quarterly basis.



Table 1. Summary of Analytical Results, Quarterly Parameters

Well ID	Sample Date	Magnesium		Sulfate		Fluoride		Total Dissolved Solids	
		Concentration	Alert Level	Concentration	Alert Level	Concentration	Alert Level	Concentration	Alert Level
M1-GL	Jan 04 2012	19.0	31	111	109	0.7	1.3	670	1028
M1-GL	Feb 20 2012	22.0	31	120	109	0.76	1.3	650	1028
M1-GL	Mar 27 2012	22.0	31	122	109	0.69	1.3	710	1028
M2-GU	Feb 14 2012	25.0	39	205	275	0.8	1.4	860	1496
M3-GL	Feb 14 2012	21.0	36	166	187	0.69	1.3	650	1157
M3-GL (Dup)	Feb 14 2012	21.0	36	165	187	0.69	1.3	660	1157
M4-O	Feb 14 2012	4.7	15	65	405	2.8	5.1	400	1072
M6-GU	Feb 17 2012	3.3	5.1	59	86	0.66	1.3	380	620
M7-GL	Feb 17 2012	<0.2	1	35	82	0.92	1.7	270	464
M8-O	Feb 17 2012	<0.2	1	67	122	2.3	3.6	350	609
M14-GL	Feb 16 2012	2.3	23	70	144	0.59	1.4	440	874
M15-GU	Feb 16 2012	25.0	44	97	126	0.56	1.2	760	1359
M16-GU	Feb 21 2012	28.0	52	203	248	0.57	1.1	880	1635
M17-GL	Feb 21 2012	8.1	9.3	112	209	0.74	1.6	440	831
M18-GU	Feb 20 2012	26.0	36	203	288	0.9	1.6	1100	1323
M19-LBF	Feb 14 2012	10.0	21	43	89	<0.4	1	410	794
M20-O	Feb 14 2012	5.5	14	55	112	0.71	1.7	330	809
M21-UBF	Feb 14 2012	22.0	87	166	487	0.82	1.1	820	2867
M22-O	Feb 17 2012	6.4	8.6	56	86	0.73	1.3	410	1094
M23-UBF	Feb 17 2012	38.0	69	274	411	0.74	1.3	1300	2392
M24-O	Feb 21 2012	12.0	19	1260	1364	1.3	2.5	1900	2363
M25-UBF	Feb 21 2012	38.0	76	284	387	0.7	1.6	1400	2683
M26-O	Feb 20 2012	<0.2	1	60	105	1.5	3.4	300	556
M27-LBF	Feb 20 2012	35.0	51	179	179	<0.4	1	1100	1745
M28-LBF	Feb 20 2012	0.91	2.6	33	81	0.77	1.6	330	610
M29-UBF	Feb 20 2012	34.0	84	279	465	0.73	1.1	900	2751
M30-O	Feb 16 2012	11.0	18	66	102	0.8	1.6	480	824
M31-LBF	Feb 16 2012	19.0	46	167	330	0.97	1.3	800	1665
M31-LBF (Dup)	Feb 16 2012	19.0	46	167	330	0.97	1.3	790	1665
O19-GL	Feb 16 2012	9.8	17	63	99	0.69	1.4	450	770
O49-GL	Feb 13 2012	9.3	18	74	159	0.48	1	500	849
P19-1-O	Feb 16 2012	5.3	12	71	107	1.8	2.8	440	767
P49-O	Jan 04 2012	15.0	6.2	1320	181	<0.4	2	2000	801
P49-O	Feb 13 2012	3.3	6.2	99	181	0.92	2	420	801
P49-O (Dup)	Feb 13 2012	3.3	6.2	99	181	0.93	2	410	801
P49-O	Mar 27 2012	4.0	6.2	161	181	1.0	2	540	801
Arizona Aquifer Water Quality Standard									

All Results in Milligrams per Liter (mg/l)

< = Less than the Laboratory Practical Quantitation Limit

Table 2. Summary of Quarterly Field Parameters

Well ID	Sample Date	Temperature (°C)	Temperature (°F)	pH	Conductivity (µmhos/cm)
M1-GL	Jan 04 2012	19.0	66.2	7.03	997
M1-GL	Feb 20 2012	20.3	68.5	6.63	1021
M1-GL	Mar 27 2012	18.0	64.3	7.35	1050
M2-GU	Feb 14 2012	17.6	63.7	6.63	1156
M3-GL	Feb 14 2012	18.4	65.2	6.88	992
M4-O	Feb 14 2012	18.3	64.9	6.90	581
M6-GU	Feb 17 2012	21.2	70.2	7.30	618
M7-GL	Feb 17 2012	22.2	72.0	9.45	452
M8-O	Feb 17 2012	22.6	72.7	10.16	561
M8-O	Apr 19 2012	26.3	79.3	8.88	650
M14-GL	Feb 16 2012	21.6	70.9	6.48	730
M15-GU	Feb 16 2012	21.6	70.8	6.91	1237
M16-GU	Feb 21 2012	20.1	68.1	6.59	1330
M17-GL	Feb 21 2012	20.3	68.5	9.52	638
M18-GU	Feb 20 2012	19.8	67.6	6.20	1336
M19-LBF	Feb 14 2012	20.7	69.3	7.72	653
M20-O	Feb 14 2012	19.9	67.9	7.95	623
M21-UBF	Feb 14 2012	20.9	69.7	6.94	1218
M22-O	Feb 17 2012	27.7	81.8	8.40	759
M23-UBF	Feb 17 2012	21.2	70.2	6.70	1838
M24-O	Feb 21 2012	20.4	68.7	7.99	1646
M25-UBF	Feb 21 2012	20.8	69.4	6.54	1914
M26-O	Feb 20 2012	21.8	71.2	8.79	477
M27-LBF	Feb 20 2012	22.0	71.6	6.86	1561
M28-LBF	Feb 20 2012	22.1	71.7	8.65	586
M29-UBF	Feb 20 2012	22.1	71.8	6.49	1662
M29-UBF	Apr 19 2012	23.5	74.3	6.93	742
M30-O	Feb 16 2012	21.2	70.1	7.22	726
M31-LBF	Feb 16 2012	21.0	69.8	6.19	1158
M31-LBF	Apr 20 2012	22.1	71.8	7.21	1276
O19-GL	Feb 16 2012	21.6	71.0	7.17	703
O49-GL	Feb 13 2012	25.1	77.2	7.40	870
P19-1-O	Feb 16 2012	21.6	70.8	7.26	670
P49-O	Jan 04 2012	18.7	65.7	6.87	2105
P49-O	Feb 13 2012	22.3	72.1	7.51	770
P49-O	Mar 27 2012	24.5	76.1	7.98	889

°C = Degrees Celcius

°F = Degrees Fahrenheit

µmhos/cm = Micromhos per Centimeter

ATTACHMENT 2

Exceedance Notification Letter



January 23, 2012

Ms. Nancy Rumrill
U.S. Environmental Protection Agency
Region 9, Ground Water Office, WTR-9
75 Hawthorne Street
San Francisco, California 94105-3901

**Subject: 5-Day Notification and 30-Day Report of Alert Level Exceedance for Sulfate
Underground Injection Control (UIC) Permit No. AZ396000001**

Dear Ms. Rumrill:

In accordance with UIC Permit No. AZ396000001, Curis Resources (Arizona) Inc. (Curis Arizona) is providing the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA) with this notification of alert level (AL) exceedances for a well at the Florence Copper Project. Concurrent notification is also being made to the Arizona Department of Environmental Quality (ADEQ).

As you are aware, in February 2010, Curis Resources (Arizona) Inc. (Curis Arizona) purchased all of the assets of Florence Copper and the right to apply for the transfer of its permits to Curis Arizona, including the Aquifer Protection Permit (APP) and Underground Injection Control (UIC) Permit. Curis Arizona submitted a UIC permit application in March 2011 and although the permit transfer is not complete, Curis Arizona is assuming the compliance obligations of those permits.

The Florence Copper Project is a proposed in-situ copper mining facility. The facility has been inactive since a pilot test in 1998, which was performed in a very limited portion of the permitted area. The only on-going process at the facility is an evaporation impoundment which contains less than 10% of the liquid capacity. Only minor leakage has ever been recorded in the leak collection and recovery system, and none in the last five years.

The permit requires quarterly monitoring of four indicator parameters, fluoride, magnesium, sulfate and total dissolved solids (TDS). The quarterly parameters were selected on the basis of theoretical impact by the in-situ process. All four parameters would be expected to increase significantly.

Monitoring well P49-Q was sampled on December 5, 2011. The results were reported on December 21, 2011 and alert level exceedances of magnesium, sulfate, and TDS were observed. A verification sample was collected on January 4, 2012. The confirmation results were reported on January 18, 2012. In accordance with permit conditions H.2 (Contingency Plans, Water Quality Exceedances at POC Wells), we are providing this 5-day notification and 30-day report.



The following concentrations were reported for the primary sample and verification sample.

WELL ID	SAMPLE DATE	ANALYTE	RESULT	ALERT LEVELS	UNITS
P49-O	12/5/2011	Magnesium	15	6.2	mg/l.
P49-O	12/5/2011	Sulfate	1,280	181	mg/l.
P49-O	12/5/2011	TDS	2,000	801	mg/l.
P49-O	1/4/2011	Magnesium	15	6.2	mg/l.
P49-O	1/4/2011	Sulfate	1,320	181	mg/l.
P49-O	1/4/2011	TDS	2,000	801	mg/l.

There are no primary maximum contaminant levels (MCLs) or Aquifer Quality Limits (AQLs) for the parameters.

Under prevailing conditions, P49-O is a cross-gradient, background well to the pilot test area. Since the facility is inactive, the increased concentrations are not believed to be related to permitted mining operations. The remaining indicator parameter, fluoride, decreased significantly, which is counter-indicative of an impact.

For the December 2011 sampling event, the pump in P49-O was replaced with a low-flow bladder pump. The increases in concentrations in P49-O appear to be an effect of the low-flow sampling methodology. The low-flow pump may be collecting the water sample from a distinct portion of the aquifer zone with higher concentrations which become diluted performing a typical three borehole volume purge. The concentrations are in fact similar to the ranges observed in nearby well M24-O for pre-mining, ambient conditions. Since the observed changes in concentrations are not believed to be related to the permitted activities, we believe no further action is required.

There were no other exceedances of alert levels in the monitoring network, with the exception of sulfate in M1-GL. This well is an upgradient, background well under prevailing conditions. Sulfate concentrations have increased over time as described in our notification letter dated October 19, 2011 and Third Quarter 2011 Report dated October 28, 2011. Concentrations of the other three indicator parameters remain well below ALs. The well is in monthly monitoring for the indicator parameters and sulfate concentrations continue to be above the set alert level. M1-GL is completed in a different aquifer zone and the elevated sulfate concentrations are not believed to be related to the changes in concentrations of P49-O.

The APP requires that monitoring frequency of P49-O be increased to monthly for the quarterly indicator parameters. Based on the analysis provided, we are requesting to resume quarterly monitoring for both well P49-O and M1-GL.

Ms. Nancy Rumrill

January 23, 2012

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We appreciate your consideration of this request. Please contact me at (520) 374-3984 should you have any questions regarding this report.

Sincerely,

CURIS RESOURCES (ARIZONA) INC.

A handwritten signature in blue ink, appearing to read "D. Johnson", with a stylized flourish at the end.

Daniel Johnson

Environmental and Technical Services Manager

BAS:ld

Attachments

cc: Florence Copper File