



United States Environmental Protection Agency

## Onsite Wastewater Treatment System Maintenance Checklist

Keep this checklist in a folder where you retain your onsite wastewater treatment system records and receipts, to ensure treatment system performance, remind you of timely maintenance, and protect your property values and our environment. Fill out this form in **pencil** as information may change.

System Owner: Site Address: Land Use:	single family residencemulti-family dwelling non-residential/food or lodgingnon-residential/other
Site water source:	private wellpublic water system
SYSTEM DESCRIPTION Design flow: # Compartments: Access Risers? Additional treatment components?	Tank material: concrete fiberglass polyethylene   other:
EFFLUENT DISPERSAL METHOD Electrical Components? YesNo	(circle all applicable features)distribution boxdiversion valvesiphonpump (to gravity)pump (pressure dose)telemetry unitleachfieldleaching bedgraveless trench(es)seepage pitat-grade or wetlandirrigation/reuse systemOther:100% replacement area?yesnono
Installer Name/Company: Installer Telephone: Installer Address: Maintenance Contract? Operating Permit? Local Regulatory Agency: Telephone Number:	Date constructed:     noyes    Expiration date?
IF SYSTEM FAIL    Date of Inspection  Pump	LS, CALL: Pumper: ped? yes or no Recommended follow-up/next Inspection date

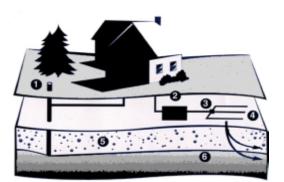
### STORE WITH THIS SHEET:

A diagram showing the location of your system and your replacement area in relation to all property structures, property lines and other important features (such as water supply wells and large trees.)

☑ Receipts, bids and contracts from all service providers

☑ Your operating permit, if one is required from your local regulator

☑ Numbers of organizations to contact in an emergency



- 1. drinking water well
- 2. septic tank
- 3. distribution box
- 4. absorption field
- 5. soil absorption (unsaturated zone)
- 6. ground water (saturated zone) Graphic courtesy National Small Flows Clearinghouse

# CARING FOR YOUR SYSTEM

#### Warning signs:

- Slow-draining toilets. tubs or sinks
- Lush growth or "burnt" growth over dispersal area

- Sewage surfacing over the dispersal area or other parts of the system, or sewage odors in the yard

### To Avoid Trouble:

**Do** have your tank inspected by a professional (licensed) pumper at least once every 3 to 5 years, and have it pumped when the combined solid and scum layer exceed half the volume of the first compartment of the septic tank.

Do keep all your wastewater treatment system records.

**Do** practice water conservation. Understand your design flow and try not to exceed it. For example, avoid laundry during and immediately after large parties.

**Do** divert roof drains and surface water from driveways and hillsides away from the system. Keep sump pumps and house footing drains away from the system as well.

**Don't** allow anyone to pave, build, drive or park over any part of the system. The area over the dispersal area and the replacement area should be left undisturbed with natural ground cover.

**Don't** use commercial septic tank additives. Most of them are not helpful and some of them may endanger you or the environment. Human waste contains the organisms needed by onsite wastewater treatment systems to break down and treat waste.

**Never use a toilet as a trash can.** Onsite wastewater treatment systems are designed to treat waterborne sewage, not cigarette butts, household chemicals and paints, nor any paper products other than toilet paper.

For general assistance with onsite wastewater treatment systems, contact your local environmental health agency, building department, or the National Small Flows Clearinghouse, at (800) 624-8301, or see their website: <u>www.nesc.wvu.edu/nsfc/</u>. Information also available from EPA's Safe Drinking Water Act Hotline at (800) 426-4791, or see their website: <u>www.epa.gov/owm/mtb/decent</u>.

In California, for regulations, training and technical assistance, please see also the following organizations:

CalEPA/State Water Resources Control Board California Environmental Health Association & CCDEH California Onsite Wastewater Association California Rural Water Association California Wastewater Training and Research Center, CSU-Chico Office of Water Programs, Sacramento State University Rural Community Assistance Corporation **DISCLAIMER:** The statements in this document are intended solely as guidance. This document is not intended, nor can it be relied upon, to create any rights enforceable by any party in litigation with the United States. EPA or the program Primacy Agency may decide to follow the guidance provided in this document, or to act at variance with the guidance based on its analysis of the specific facts presented. This guidance may be revised without public notice to reflect changes in EPA's approach to implementing the authorities discussed in the document or to clarify and update text.