

PUBLIC MEETING and HEARING for the Proposed Designation of an Ocean Dredged Material Disposal Site Offshore of Guam

August 20, 2009 Westin Resort Hotel Guam

Meeting Format

6 – 6:45 pm: Overview of the Draft EIS Informational Presentation by EPA

6:45 – 7 pm: Break

7 – 8 pm: Public HearingMake comments on the Draft EIS

What is this Meeting About?

- Guam has no ocean disposal option for managing clean (non-toxic) dredged material
- EPA proposes to designate an ocean disposal site for clean dredged material offshore of Guam
- ✓ EPA designates ocean disposal sites via an Environmental Impact Statement (EIS) process
- ✓ The <u>DRAFT</u> EIS has now been released
- EPA wants your comments on this draft EIS

What Is The Process?

Screen alternative locations with available information ✓ Address data gaps with field studies ✓ Draft EIS evaluates alternatives, including No Action • Public and agencies comment on the Draft EIS Finalize EIS based on comments, and issue Proposed **Rule** (with location and site use requirements) ✓ Public and agencies comment on Proposed Rule ✓ Issue Final Rule designating ocean disposal site

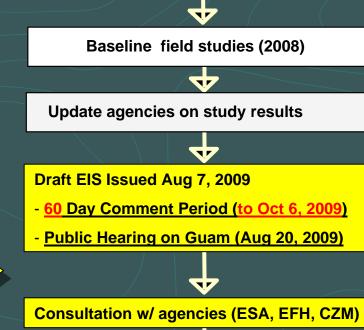
Where Are We In The Process?

Zone of Siting Feasibility Study

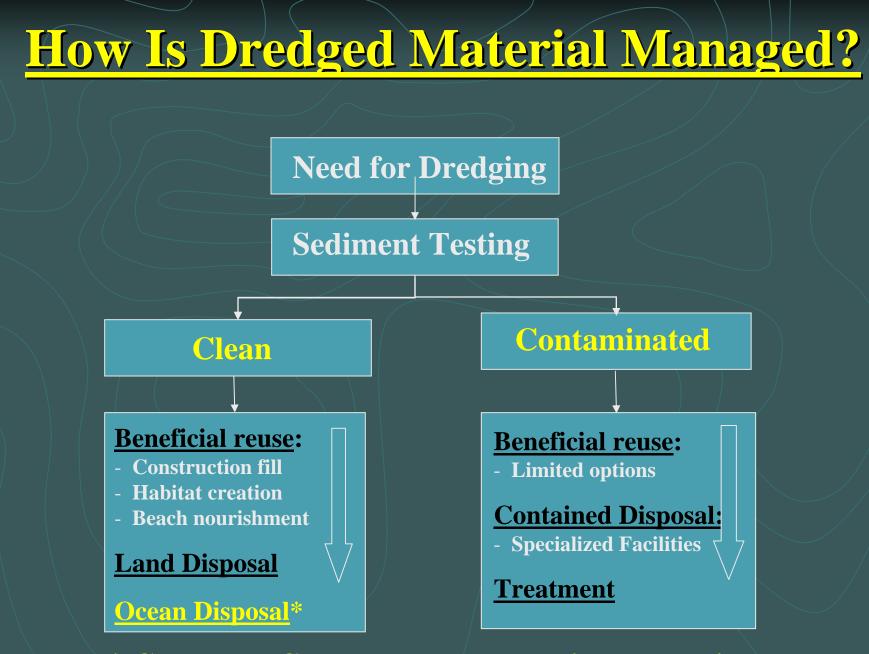
Notice of Intent (NOI) to Prepare draft EIS

- Public Scoping Meeting (Dec 6, 2007)

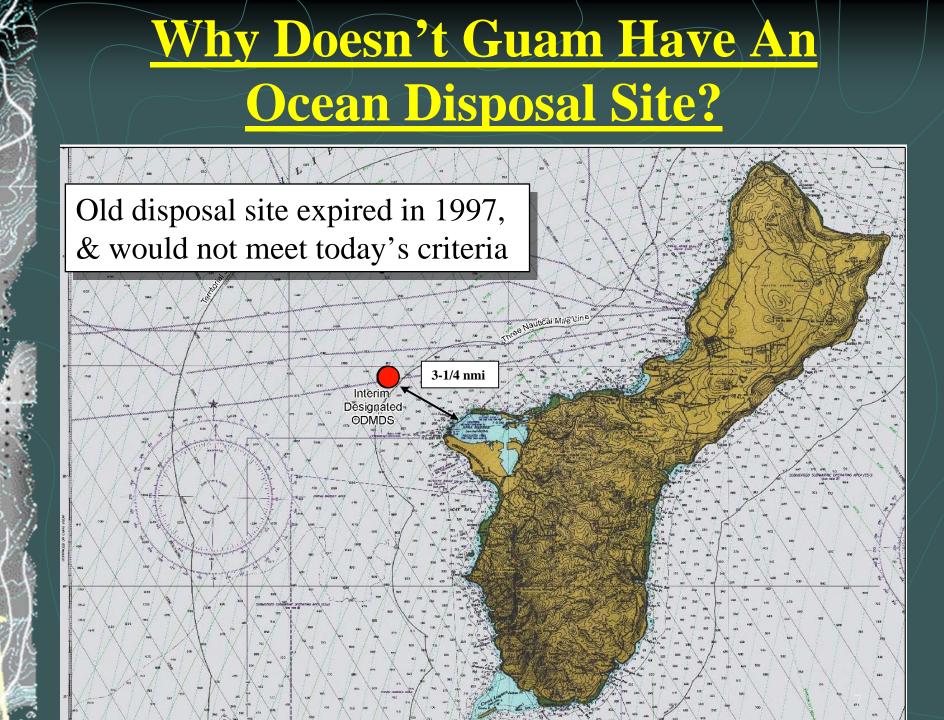
- 45 Day Comment Period (to Jan 11, 2008)



Final EIS & Proposed Rule (est. Fall 2009) Final Rule (est. Winter 2009) Site Designation for Guam Becomes Effective (est. early 2010)



* Currently Guam has no ocean disposal option



<u>What Are EPA's Criteria For</u> <u>Ocean Disposal Sites?</u>

EPA will only designate a site that:

- Avoids interference with fishing areas, navigation lanes, and other uses of the ocean
- Avoids significant adverse effects to beaches, shorelines, important habitats, etc.
- ✓ Is located to minimize coastal zone impacts

 \checkmark

Uses pre-existing sites where feasible, to minimize cumulative effects

How Did EPA Identify Possible Ocean Disposal Sites For Guam?

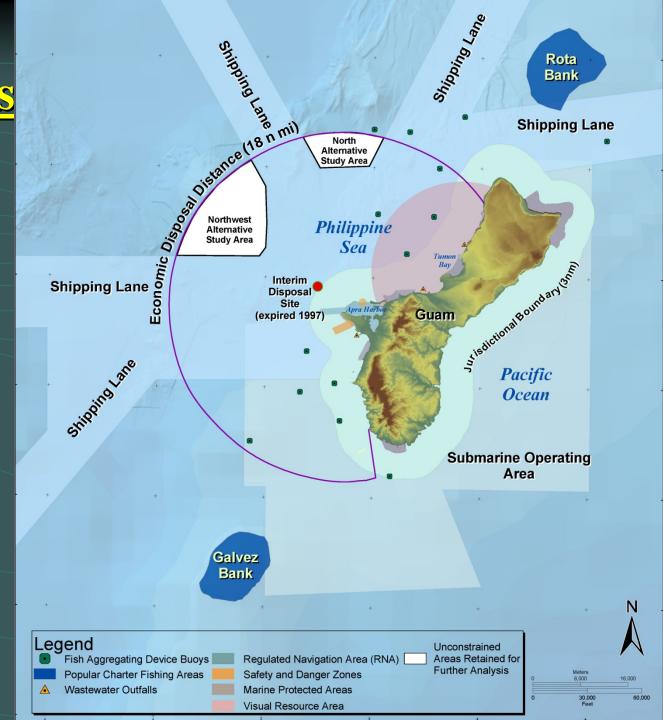
First, a Zone of Siting Feasibility (ZSF) process looked at existing information and:

- ✓ Identified a feasible travel distance
- ✓ Identified areas to avoid such as:
 - Fishing areas
 - Parks, sanctuaries, refuges, monuments, etc.
 - Important habitats (e.g., coral reefs)
 - Shipping lanes
 - Military operating areas

<u>Conclusions</u> Two feasible

study areas identified

Each area was the focus of intensive field studies



Purpose of Field Studies

After the ZSF Study identified known areas to avoid in the region:

 Site specific field studies compared the two study areas and looked for any unknown or sensitive resources:

Unexpected seafloor geology?
Unusual water properties or ocean currents?
Unusual sediment properties?
Unexpected biological communities?

Field Studies Conducted in 2008

✓ High-Resolution Seafloor Mapping

✓ Water Column Studies

- Ocean current speed and direction at multiple depths (used in computer model)
- Physical and chemical properties

✓ Sediment Studies

Physical and chemical properties

✓ Biology Studies

- Bottom-dwelling organisms surveys
- Fish trawls, fish traps and photo surveys

R/V Melville San Diego, California Scripps Institution of Oceanography



High Resolution Seafloor Map

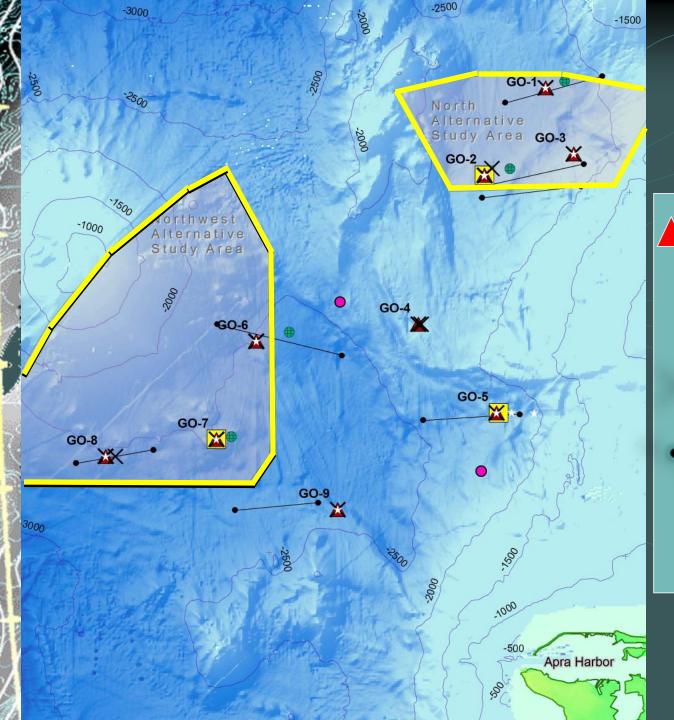
No 2008 Data

> Northwest Alternative

> > No 2008 Data

Guam

North Alternative



Field Studies

Water samples

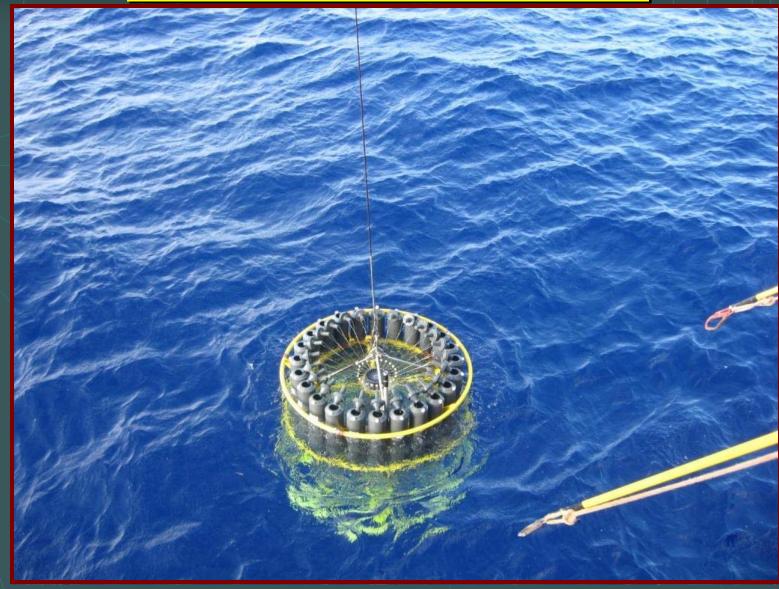
Current meters

 \times Sediment samples

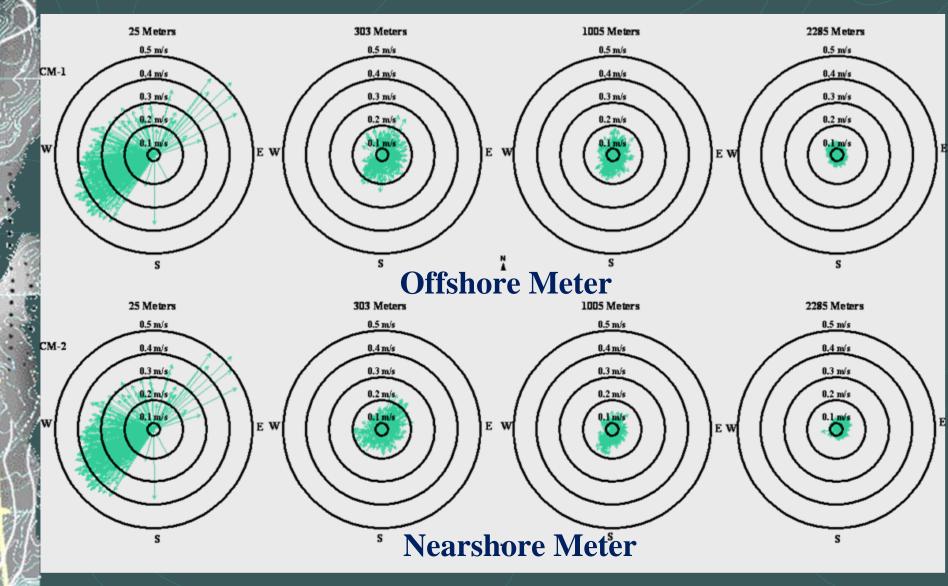
Sottom trawls



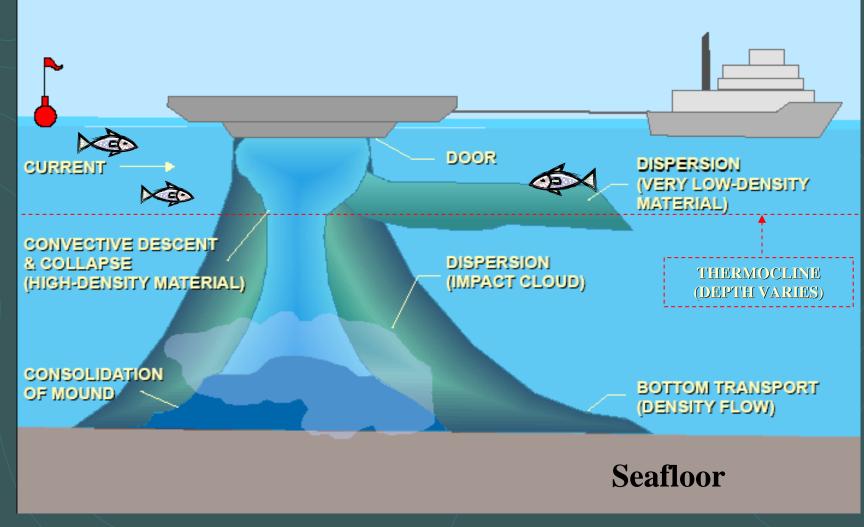
Water Column Studies



Regional Currents



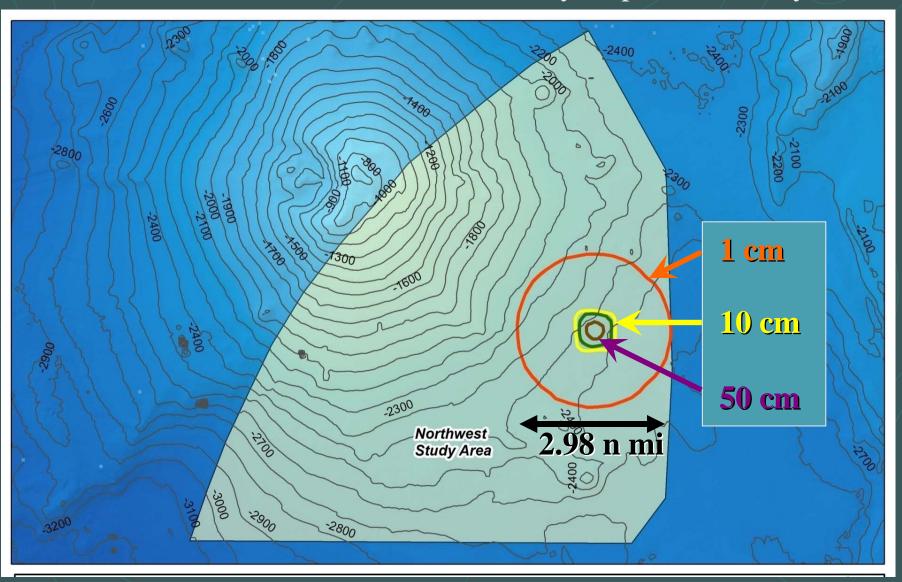
Dredged Material Movement Through the Water Column



(Graphic not to scale)

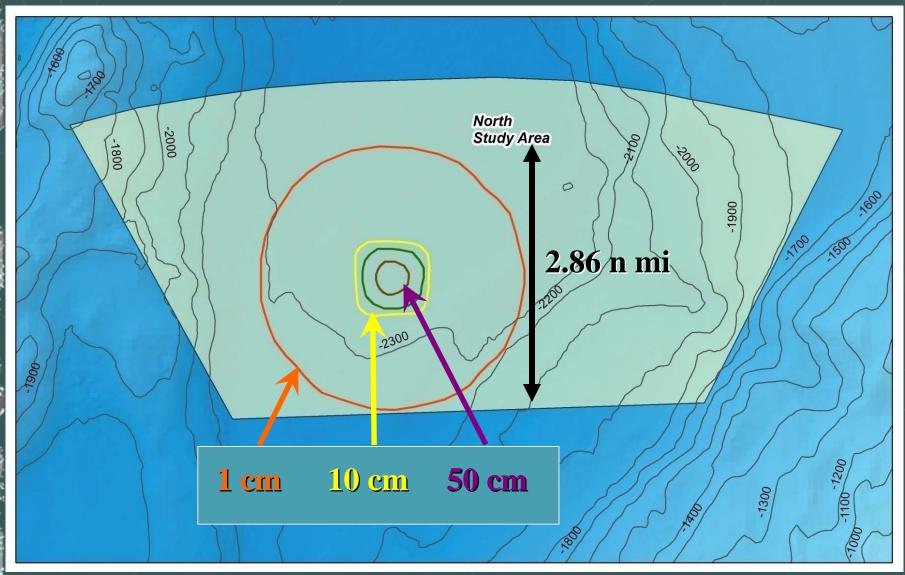
Modeled Deposition on the Seafloor

Maximum-volume scenario of 1 million cy disposed over 1 year



Modeled Deposition on the Seafloor

Maximum-volume scenario of 1 million cy disposed over 1 year



Water Column Properties

Temperature (°C)

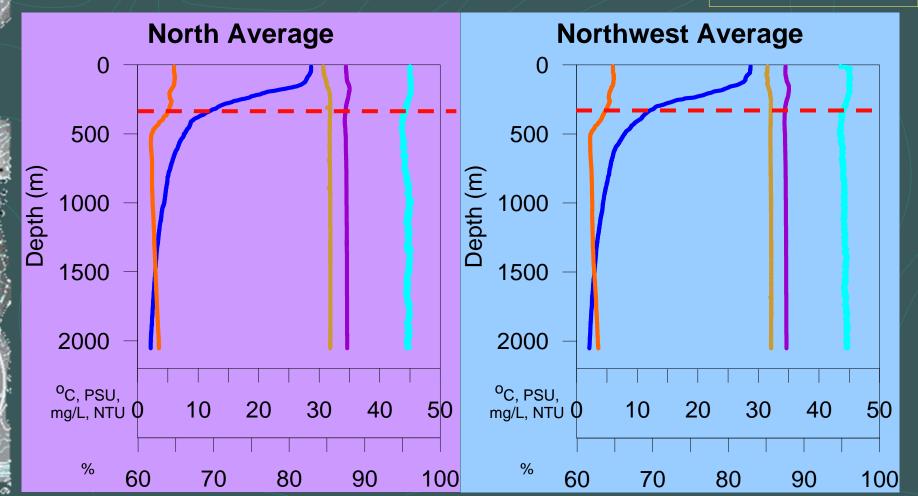
Salinity (PSU)

Oxygen (mg/L) Turbidity (NTU)

Transmissivity (%)

Dissolved

- All stations were similar
- Conditions are typical for tropical latitudes
- Well-defined thermocline between 150 and 400 m





N

Selenium (Se)

Depth

0.0001 0.001 0.01 0.1 Depth NW Arsenic (As) Cadmium (Cd) Copper (Cu) Lead (Pb)

Nickel (Ni)

• Trace metals and PAHs all at typical background levels

 Chlorinated pesticides, PCBs were not detected

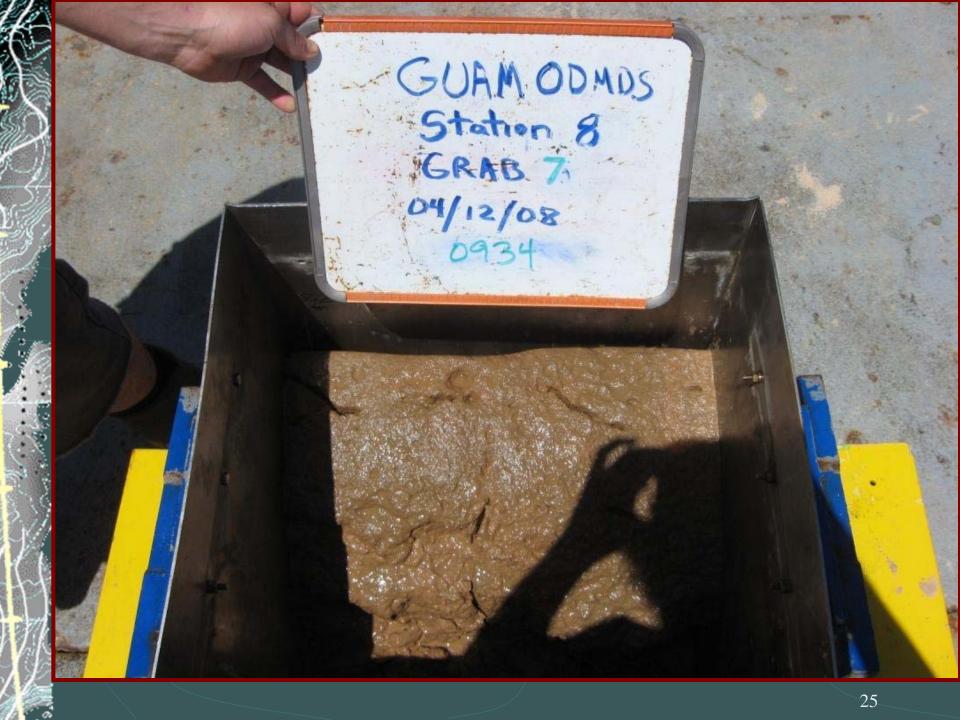
Chromium (Cr)
 Mercury (Hg)
 Zinc (Zn)

Sediment Studies



Sediment Sampling

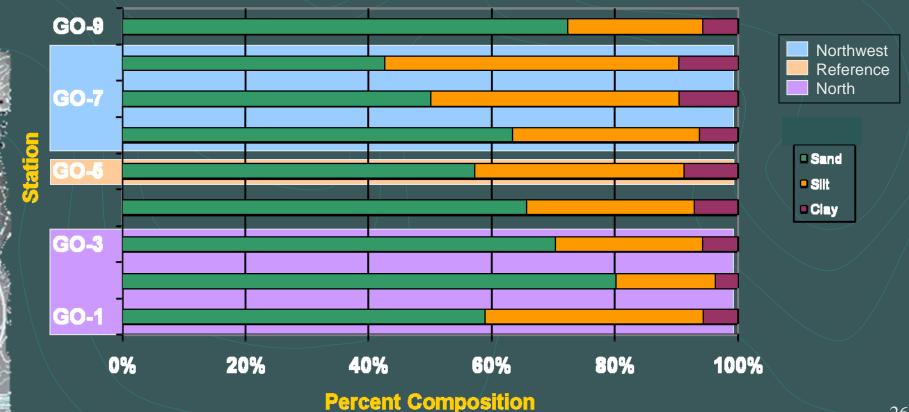




<u>Sediment Grain Size</u>

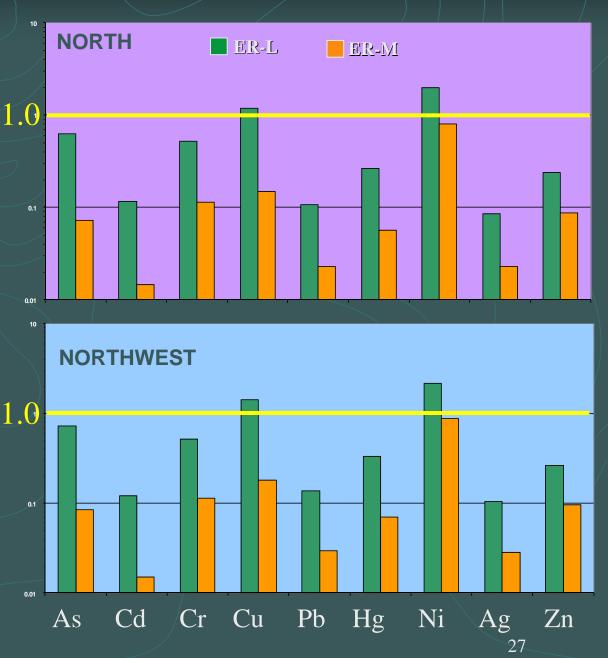
• All sites were similar with predominantly silty sand, and no gravel at surface

No hard-bottom habitat found



Sediment Chemistry

- Sediment chemistry in both areas was similar
- Trace metals, PAHs, dioxin/furan and radioactivity were at typical background levels
- PCBs, chlorinated pesticides and organotins were not detected

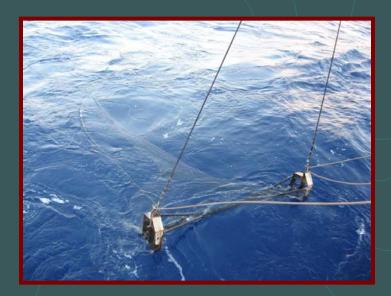


Biological Studies









Benthic Invertebrate Communities

- Communities were similar in both study areas
- Communities were typical for deep sea silty sand environments

Parameter	NORTH			NORTHWEST			OTHER		
	G01	GO2	GO3	GO6	G07	GO8	GO4	GO5	GO9
Density (number/m²)	20	17	11	18	18	9	11	30	12
Species Richness (# of species)	9	7	6	8	8	5	7	32	7
Shannon-Wiener diversity	2.06	1.85	1.72	2.02	1.86	1.58	1.49	2.08	1.85
% Polychaetes	78	45	54	62	50	62	40	66	79
% Crustaceans	5	2	27	14	-21	12	7	18	6
% Molluscs	2	5	7	0	0	0	0	4	0
% Echinoderms	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
% Misc. Phyla	15	48	12	23	30	25	53	12	16

Mean Species Density, Richness, and Diversity



•5 fish total in 3 trawls
•2 fish total in 4 traps
•5 fish total in photos/videos

•3 fish total in 3 trawls
•2 fish total in 4 traps
•5 fish total in photos/videos

Northwest Alternative

No 2008

No 2008 Data

Guam

North Alternative







Field Study Conclusions

 Based on the seafloor mapping, water column, sediment and biological studies:

- No unexpected features detected by highresolution seafloor mapping in either study area
- Generally uniform water properties in both study areas; natural background conditions
- Generally uniform sediment properties in both study areas; natural background conditions
 No unique benthic communities or fish assemblages; very few fish found

EIS Evaluation Process

Based on the field study results and other existing information the EIS evaluated disposal in the two study areas for:

	Climate & Air Quality	Regional Geology		
Physical	Physical Oceanography	Sediment Properties		
Factors	Water Column Properties	Marina Trench Monument		
	Water Column Chemistry			
	Plankton Communities	Marine Mammals		
Biological	Invertebrate Communities	Special Status Species		
Factors	Fish Communities	Marine Protected Areas		
	Marine Birds			
	Commercial Fishing	Oil and Gas		
Socioeconomic	Recreational Uses	Archaeological Resources		
Factors	Commercial Shipping	Public Health and Welfare		
	Military Uses	Economics (cost)		

Findings: <u>No significant impacts for any factor</u>

Draft EIS Conclusions

Both study areas were very similar, with only the following minor differences:

	Impacts		
Factor/Resource	North	Northwest	
Economics (Transport Distance)	13.7 n mi = Greater barge transport distance/expense	11.1 n mi = Less expense	
Fishing (FADs)	Less than significant, but site and barge transport route closer to FADs	Further from FADs	
Air Quality	Less than significant, but longer distance would generate more exhaust emissions	Less emissions	
Aesthetics	Less than significant, but barge transport route more visible from coast	Less visible	

EIS Preferred Alternative: Northwest Site

Preferred Alternative

No 2008

Proposed Disposal Site 3 n mi diameter 2,680 meters average depth

Northwest Alternative Surface Disposal Zone 1,000 m diameter 11.1 n mi from Apra Harbor

No 2008 Data

Guam

North

Alternative

<u>What's Next?</u>

Collect public comments on draft EIS Complete agency consultations Respond to public & agency comments ✓ Prepare final EIS & proposed rule Collect comments on proposed rule ✓ Issue final rule

For More Information

http://www.epa.gov/region09/water/dredging/guam-eis.html



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Proposed Guam Ocean Disposal Site EIS

Guam currently has no ocean disposal site for dredged material. Consequently, maintenance and new-construction dredging projects have had to manage all their material on land or in near-shore fills. Appropriate on-land or near-shore disposal and reuse sites are limited in their capacity to appropriately manage dredged material. Therefore EPA is now proposing to designate a new ocean disposal site for clean (non-toxic) dredged material offshore of Guam.

Intensive field studies have been conducted to help identify locations where disposal of clean dredged material would not have any significant impact to the marine environment, or to other human uses of the ocean. The results of those studies are reflected in EPA's draft <u>Environmental Impact Statement for Designation of an Ocean Dredged Material Disposal Site Offshore of</u> <u>Guam.</u> The draft EIS is now available, along with <u>key supporting documents</u>. They can be downloaded below.

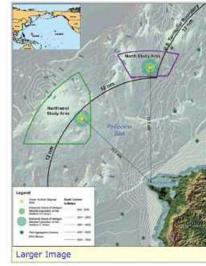
EPA is accepting public comment on the draft EIS for 60 days.

For further information and/or to submit comments, contact:

Allan Ota (ota.allan@epa.gov) U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Region 9 Dredging & Sediment Management Team (WTR-8) 75 Hawthorne Street San Francisco, CA 94105 Phone: (415) 972-3475 Fax: (415) 947-3537

Draft EIS

- Cover Title Abstract (PDF) (12 pp, 278K)
 - Executive Summary (PDF) (14 pp, 688K)
 - Chapter 1 (PDF) (12 pp, 562K)
 - <u>Chapter 2.0 2.2 (PDF)</u> (7 pp, 480K)



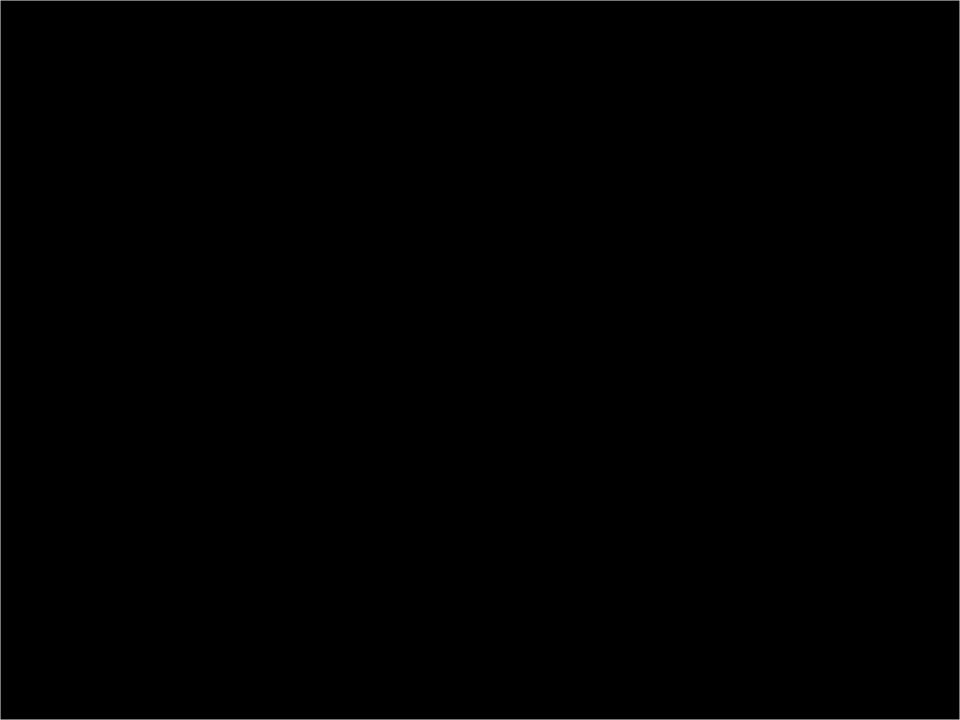
U.S. ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

How To Comment

Comment at tonight's hearing (verbally, or on a comment sheet) - 0r -✓ E-mail comments to: ota.allan@epa.gov - or -✓ Mail written comments to: Allan Ota, USEPA Region 9 (WTR-8) **75 Hawthorne Street** San Francisco, CA 94105

Comments accepted through <u>October 6, 2009</u>

THANK YOU! Questions & Break, **Before Public Comment Period/Hearing**



WELCOME!

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Receiving Your Comments

- ✓ This is your opportunity to comment officially on this Draft EIS
- Verbal comments are being recorded to ensure we capture them accurately
- Responses to both verbal and written comments will be addressed in the Final EIS

To ensure everyone has an opportunity to comment, the hearing officer may limit verbal comments to 3 minutes