

Source Water Protection: Dairies, Irrigated Agriculture, and Groundwater

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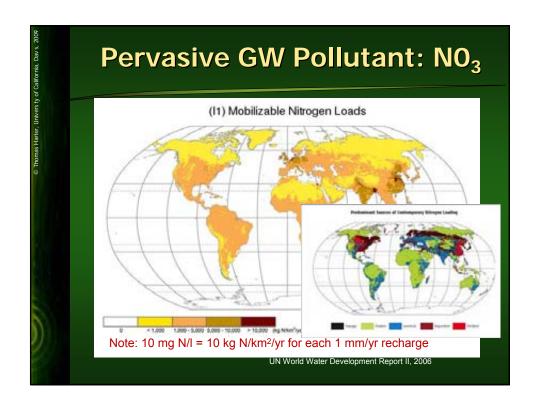
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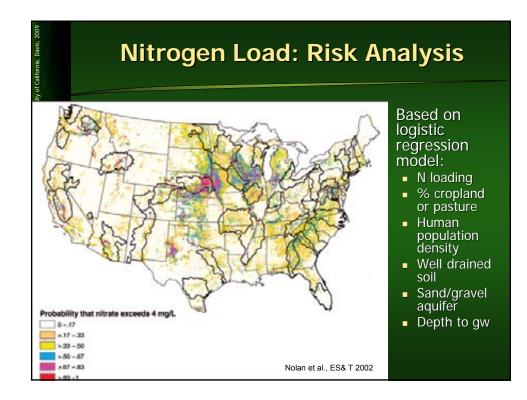
http://groundwater.ucdavis.edu

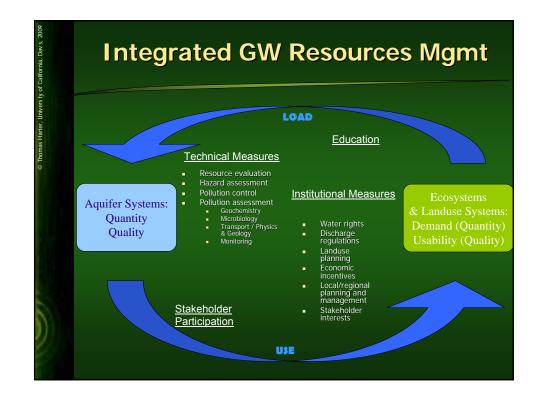












Perspectives on NPS Pollution for Successful Source Protection

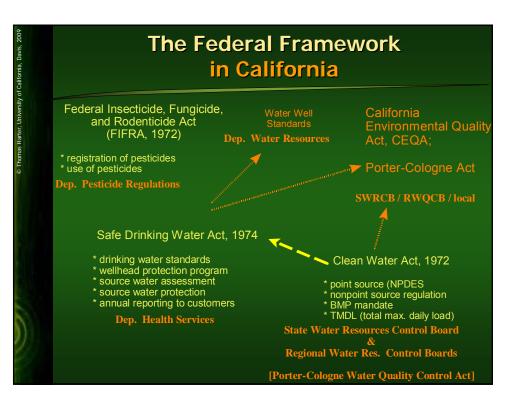
- Understanding NPS Sources
 - here: dairies/(C)AFOs]
 - source control
 - management practices
- Understanding pollutants
 - physics/chemistry of environmental fate
 - Transport
 - Sorption
 - Degradation
 - analytical methods
 - assessment models
- Policy
 - regulatory programs
 - management programs
 - role of monitoring / feedback

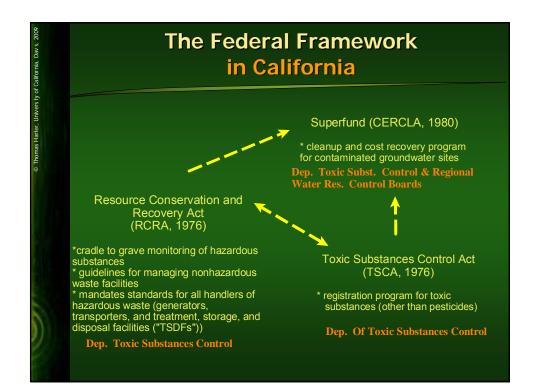
Agricultural NPS Pollutants

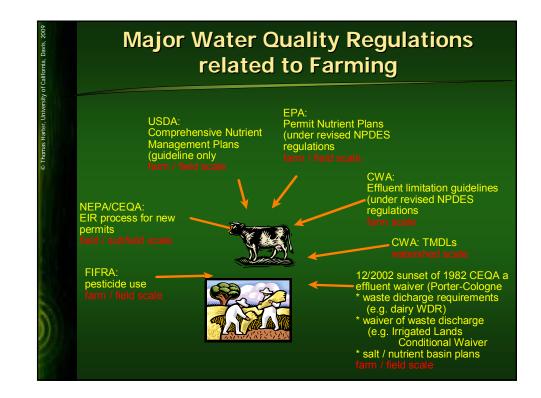
- Salinity
- Nitrate
- Pesticides
- Emerging contaminants in animal farming:
 - Pathogens (*E. coli* H7 O157, *Campylobacter, Salmonella, Cryptosporidium*)
 - Antibiotics & other pharmaceuticals
 - Steroid hormones

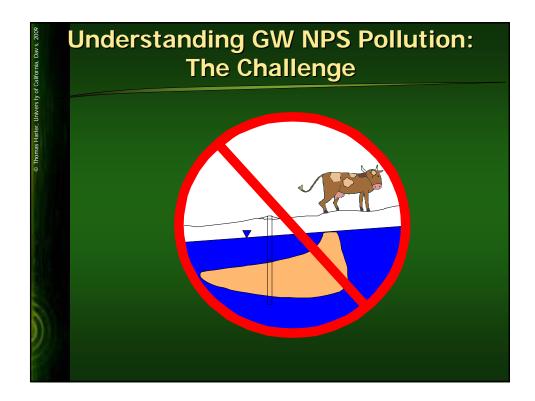


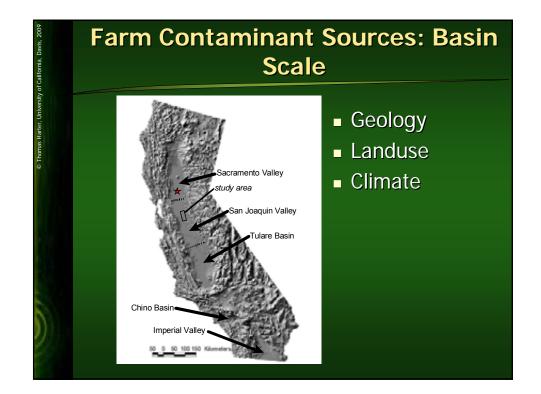


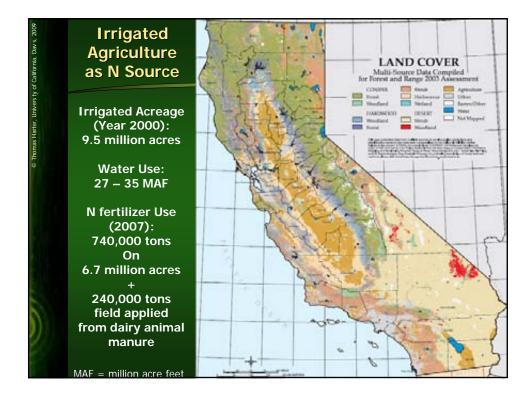


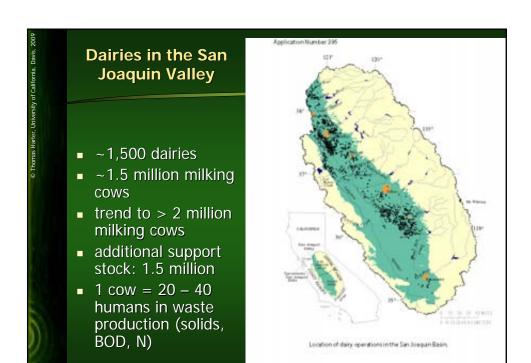






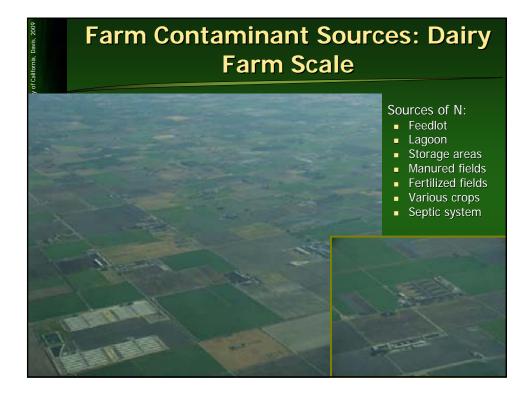


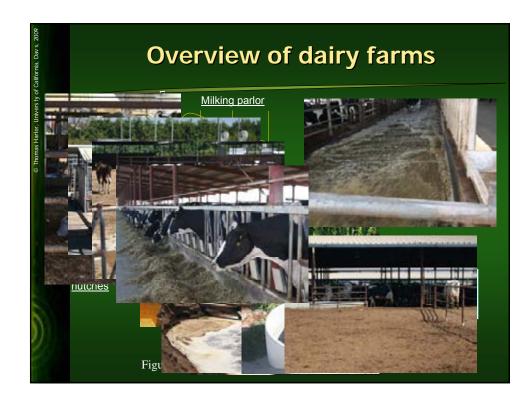






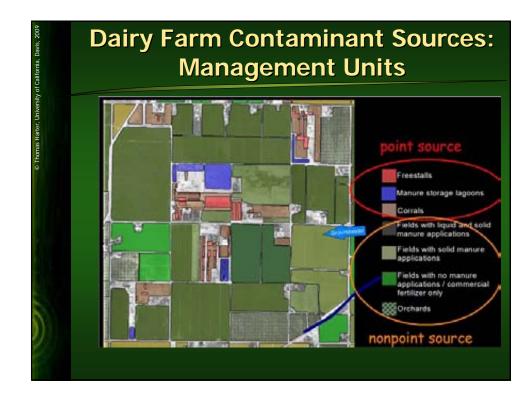
- Fertilizer use (varies with farm / farming practices) 740,000 tons
- Animal Manure 240,000 tons
- Septic leach fields <u>27,000</u> tons
- Irrigation water source & mgmt.
- Treated municipal effluent *31,000 tons*

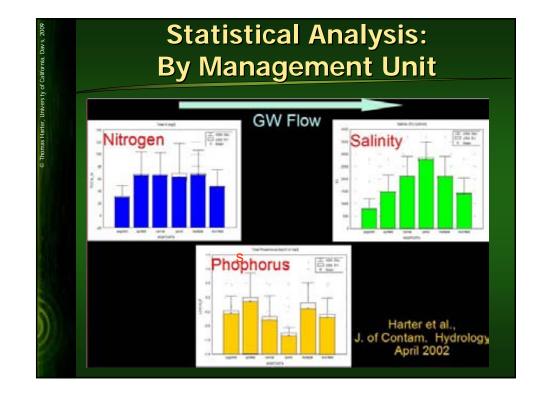


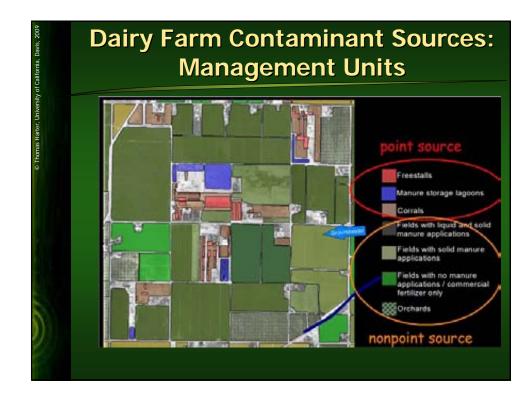


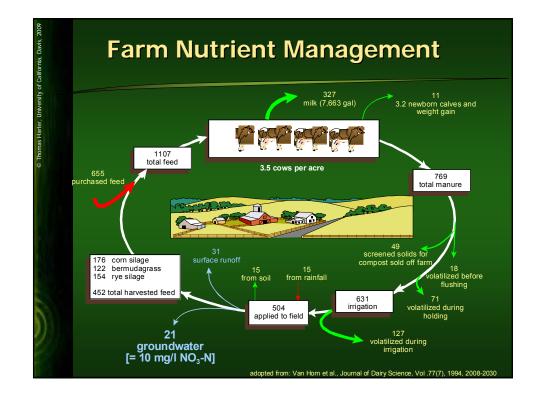






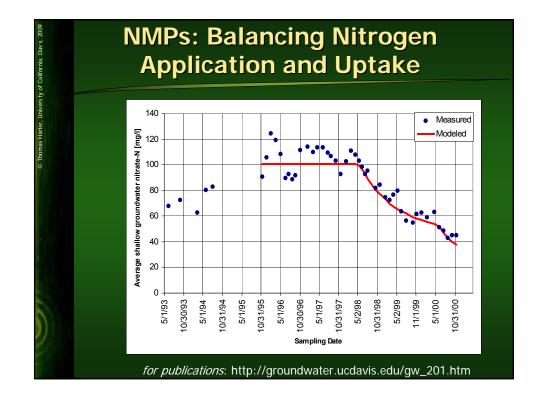






Nitrogen Management Case Study





Central Valley Regional Water Quality Control Board Dairy Waste Discharge Requirements

- Preliminary Dairy Facility Assessment
 - Existing nutrient management
 - Existing waste management conditions
 - Existing water quality conditions
- Nutrient management plan (crop land)
- Waste management plan (animal facilities, waste storage facilities)
- Groundwater monitoring

