

Section 17 Projects: Old Church Rock Mine and Downwind Structures Presenter: Eugene Esplain

Navajo Superfund Program - Site Assessment

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Waste Regulatory Compliance Dept. Navajo Nation Environmental Protection Agency

Day After Heavy Rain

August 2, 2006

Waste Material: Height: 8-12 feet Length: 370 feet

Flood mark

Exposure Measurements: 65-110 µR/hr (bank) 30-65 µR/hr (sediment)

Background=12-15 microRoentgens per hour (µR/hr)

Dry Ponds On-site (unreclaimed)

320 µR/hr

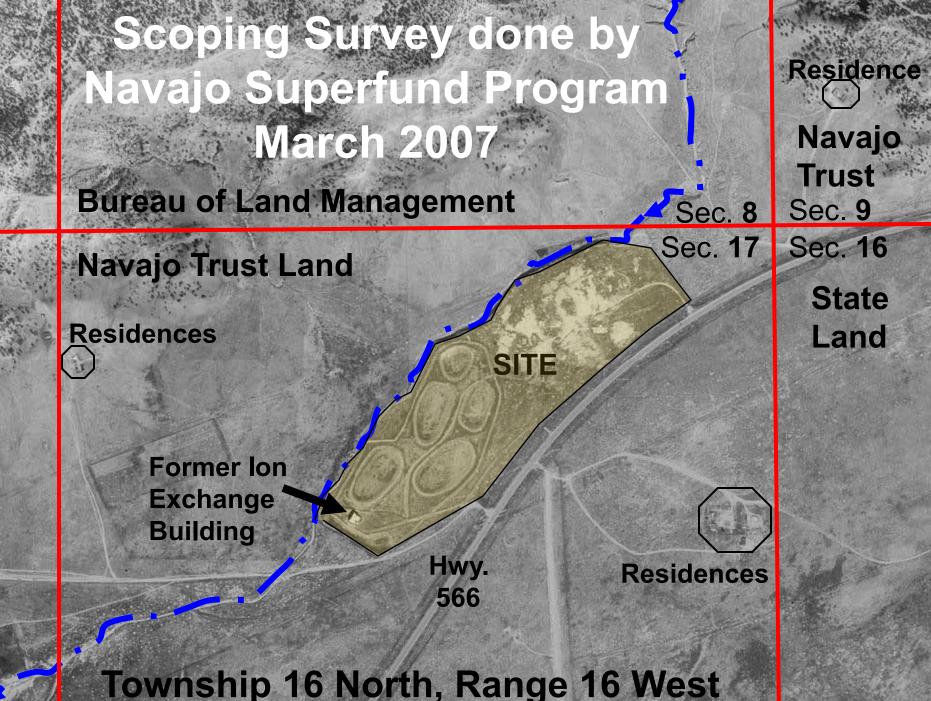
White Waste Material in Bank (Stratum: 3' thick & 30' length)

Old Church Rock Mine

Settling (dry) Ponds

Former lon Exchange Bldg. Staging Area: closed shafts, offices, former stock piles, etc.

St. Hwy. 566



Establishing Survey Grid Points Inside OCRM Site

11 19

Old Church Rock Mine Site History

- Mined 1960-'62 by Phillips Petroleum Co.; Reopened 1976-'77 and 1979-'81 by United Nuclear Corporation (UNC)
- Underground mining (800 ft.- 900 ft. shafts) with on-site processing
- Ore production was 77,965 tons
- Uranium Resources Inc. (URI) now owns the subsurface mineral rights

Navajo Nation Environmental Protection Agency WRC Department/ Superfund Program Map: 043007 NAD83 UTM Meters

Old Church Rock Mine Site

Counts per minute at Waist Level Exposure Rate, uR/hr = (0.000656 X cpm) + 5.1

Exposure Rate uR/hr Level Code

Area (inside perimeter Fence)

- Green is less than Background of 14.15
- Yellow is Above and up to Two times Background
- Red is Above Three times Background

Outside Perimeter Fence

- Green is less than Background of 14.15
- Yellow is Above and up to Two times Background
- 🛉 Red is Above Three times Background

Arroyo

- Green is less than Background of 14.15
- Yellow is Above and up to Two times Background
- F Red is Above Three times Background

Exposure Results (microRoentgens per hour)

Readings:

In Arroyo 79% >2x background

Inside the Compound 94% >2x background

Outside the Fence Line 95% >2x background

ALL CONTRACTOR

Navajo Nation Environmental Protection Agency WRC Department/Superfund Program Map: 071607 NAD83 UTM Meters

Map: 071607 NAD83 UTM Meters Soil Activity Results (picoCurie per gram)

Hinder Harris

Conversion correlation (waist to contact) adjustment: Contact cpm = (Waist cpm X 1.25) - 3608 Conversion for adjusted contact to pCl/g: picoCuries per gram (pCl/g) = (0.000531 X cpm) - 3

Equivalent Ra-226, pCi/g

Area (inside perimeter Fence)

- Yellow is Equal to and Below 9.3 pCi/g
- Red is Above 9.3 pCi/g

Outside Perimeter Fence

- Yellow is Equal to and Below 9.3 pCI/g
- 🛉 Red is Above 9.3 pCi/g

Arroyo

- Yellow is Equal to and Below 9.3 pCi/g
- Fed is Above 9.3 pCl/g

Readings:

In Arroyo 28% > UMTRCA std.

Inside the Compound 51% > UMTRCA standard

Outside the Fence Line 56% > UMTRCA standard

Community Concerns

- Radioactive contaminants being transported off-site by way of surface water and air
- Heavy metals in on-site dry ponds
- Still have mined ore rocks scattered in areas
- Residences are nearby and near a regional drainage (≈ mile downstream of site)
- Adjacent land used for agricultural purposes

Phase I Site Characterization Work Plan Old Church Rock Mine McKinley County, New Mexico



Prepared for:

Uranium Resources Inc. 5041 Indian School Rd. NE Albuquerque, NM 87110

Prepared by:



INTERA Incorporated 6000 Uptown Boulevard, NE Suite 100 Albuquerque, New Mexico 87110

July 11, 2008

Former ore pad storage area

Settling ponds Survey Area

Unnamed Arroyo

Dug Pits

Nearest Residence

Old Church Rock Mine Shaft

lon exchange building

17

Dug pits with direct-push borings

Puerco River



Soil bores carried out with a direct-push equipment (GeoProbe)

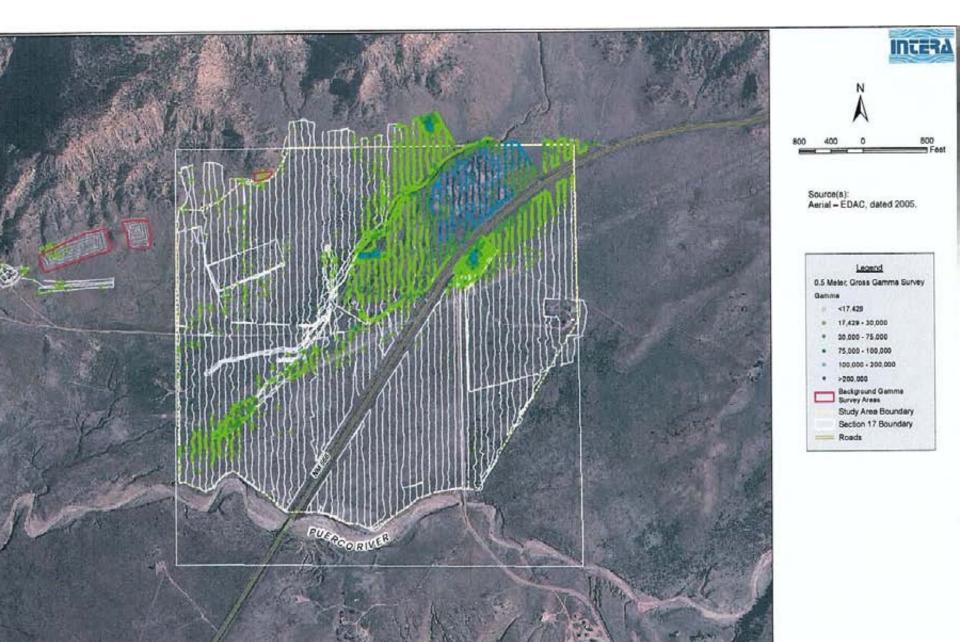
Twelve Pits Were Dug

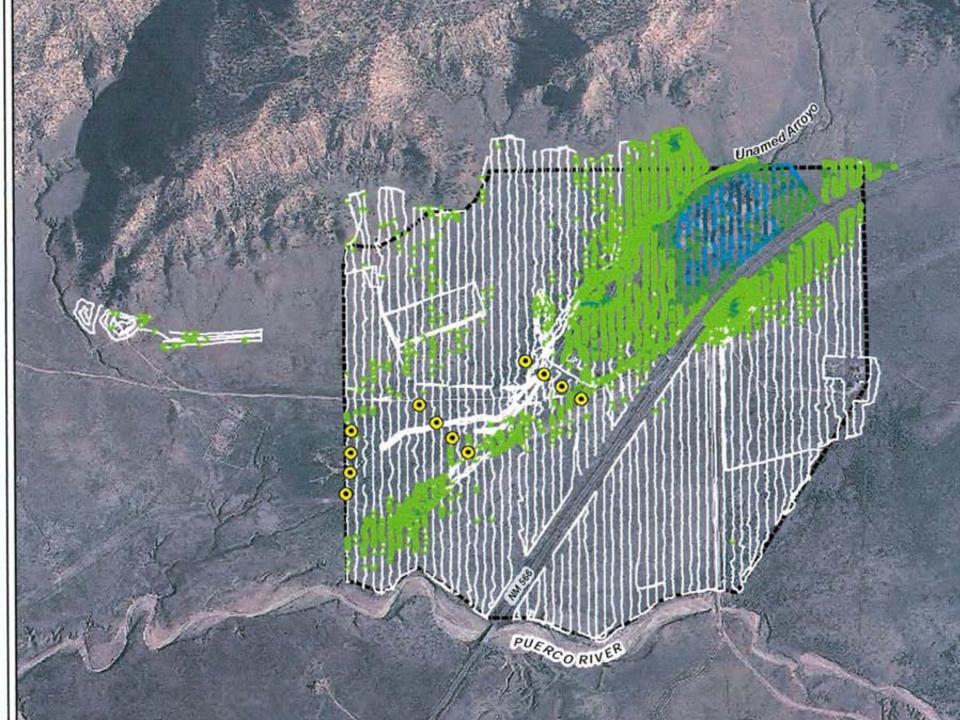


Data Collected w/Ratemeter Connected to GPS Equipment

1962 Aerial Photo of OCRM Site and its vicinity

Results From Gamma Radiation Survey During May 2009





Associated Project: Radiological Survey Around Structures Downwind of Section 17

Residences east of Section 17 site, north and south of Highway N-11-49



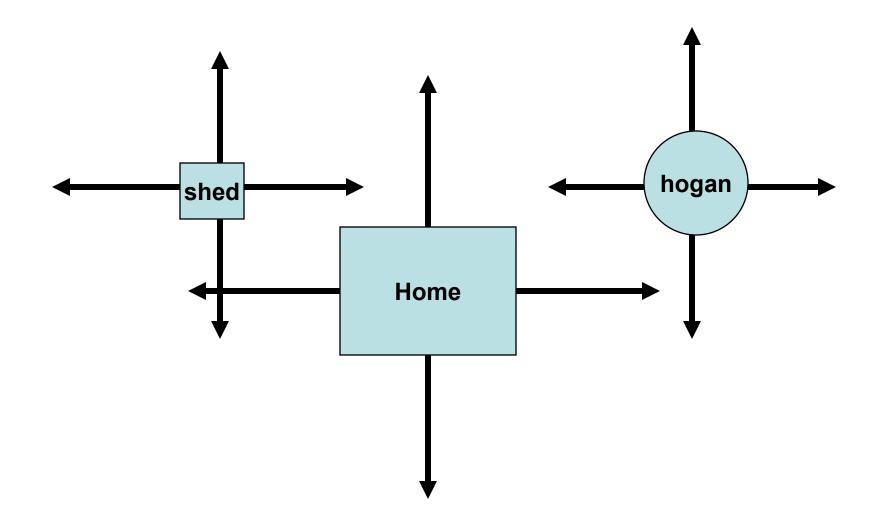
July 6, 2006 – Visit to Section 17 by the New Mexico Environment Department

Just So Happened ... 60+ MPH Winds That Day

This event brought out the concern of windblown sand from Section 17 depositing at residences downwind

Radiological Survey to check on soils around structures, primarily main residences, hogans, storage buildings, and sheds.

Survey Method at Primary Structures



Reading collected every 10 feet over a 50-ft. length.