

US EPA ARCHIVE DOCUMENT

Significant Concentration Gradient Analysis: A Case Study

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Region 4 Modelers Workshop

Atlanta, Ga.

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Project Overview

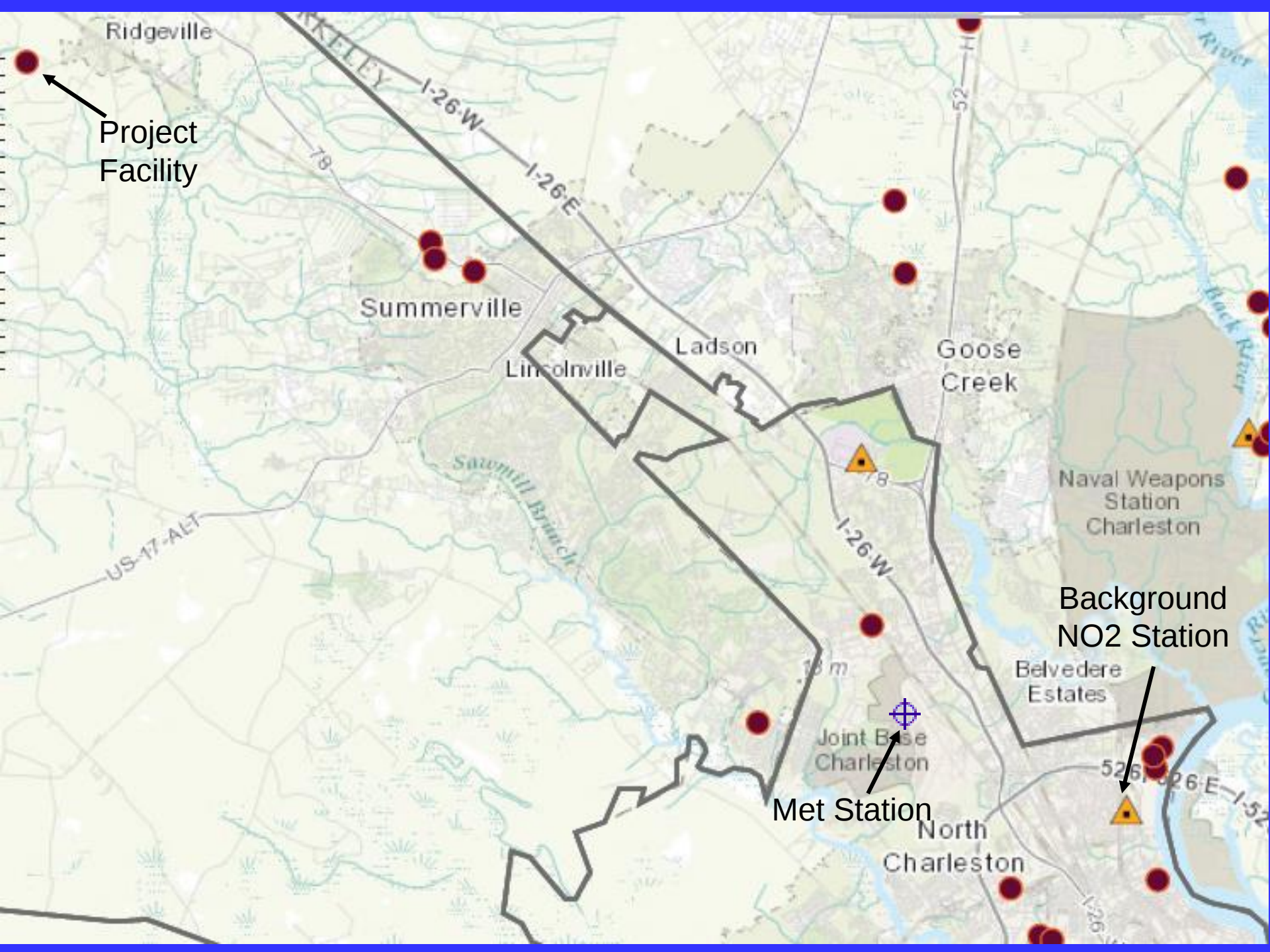
- Project Major for:
 - PM_{10} = 93 tpy
 - $PM_{2.5}$ = 93 tpy
 - NO_x = 325 tpy
 - CO = 4757 tpy
 - VOCs = 116 tpy
- Facility to install controls on existing source to net out of SO_2
- 5 EGUs, 3 cement facilities, 1 paper mill, and 1 steel mill within 50 km of project
- Rural location in coastal plain of SC
- 70 ft elev

Project Overview (cont)

- Significant impact modeling results > SILs for PM_{10} , $PM_{2.5}$, NO_2 , and CO
- Conservative screening (20D) used to determine background inventory for PM_{10} , $PM_{2.5}$, and CO
- Significant concentration gradient procedure used to determine NO_2 inventory

Background Concentration Determination

- App. W: “...two components of background should be determined... nearby sources and... other sources.”
 - Nearby sources: those expected to cause a “significant concentration gradient in the vicinity of the source... under consideration...”
 - Other sources: portion of background attributable to natural, minor, and distant major sources (i.e., monitored background)



Ridgeville

Project
Facility

Summerville

Lincolnville

Ladson

Goose
Creek

Naval Weapons
Station
Charleston

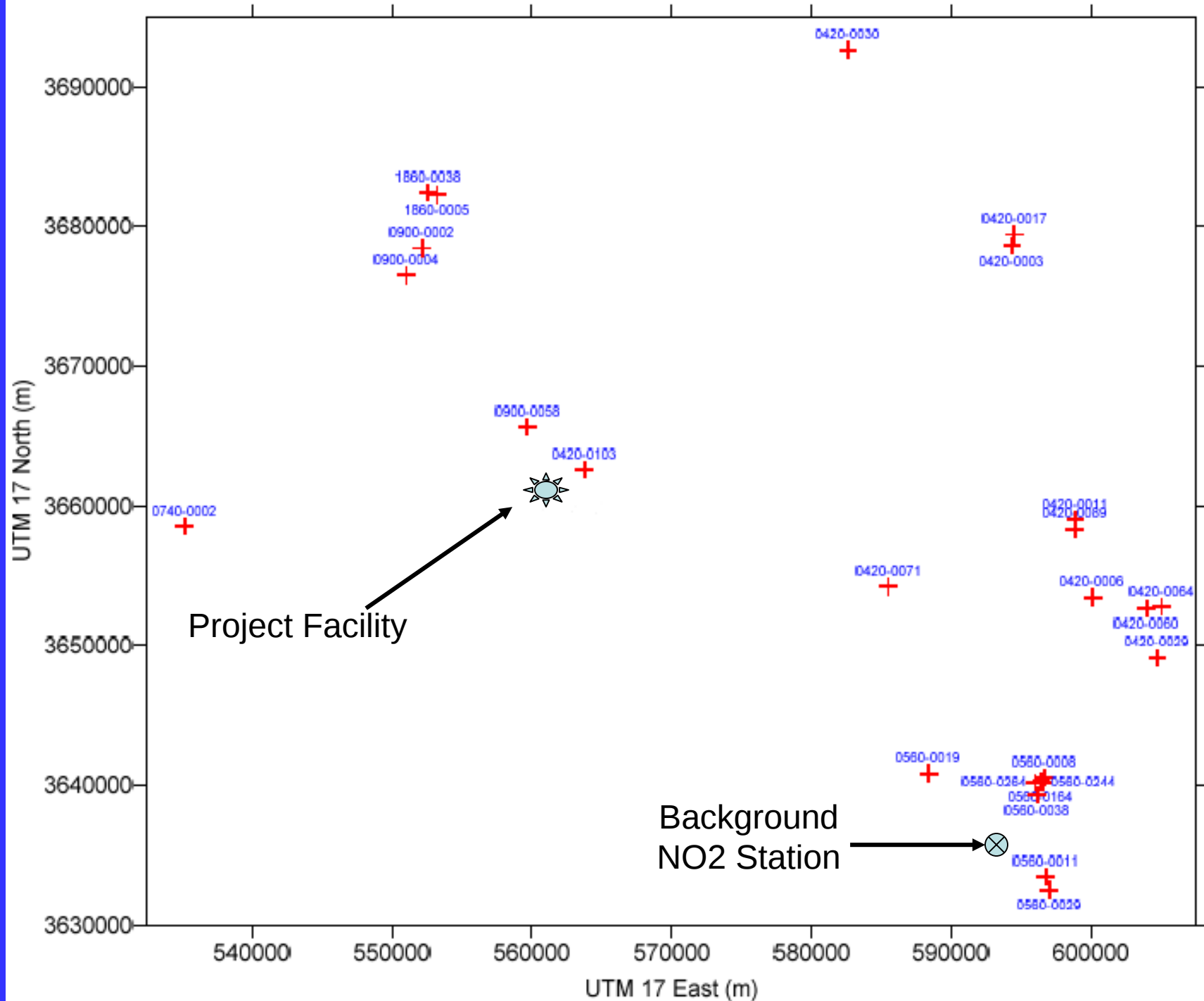
Background
NO2 Station

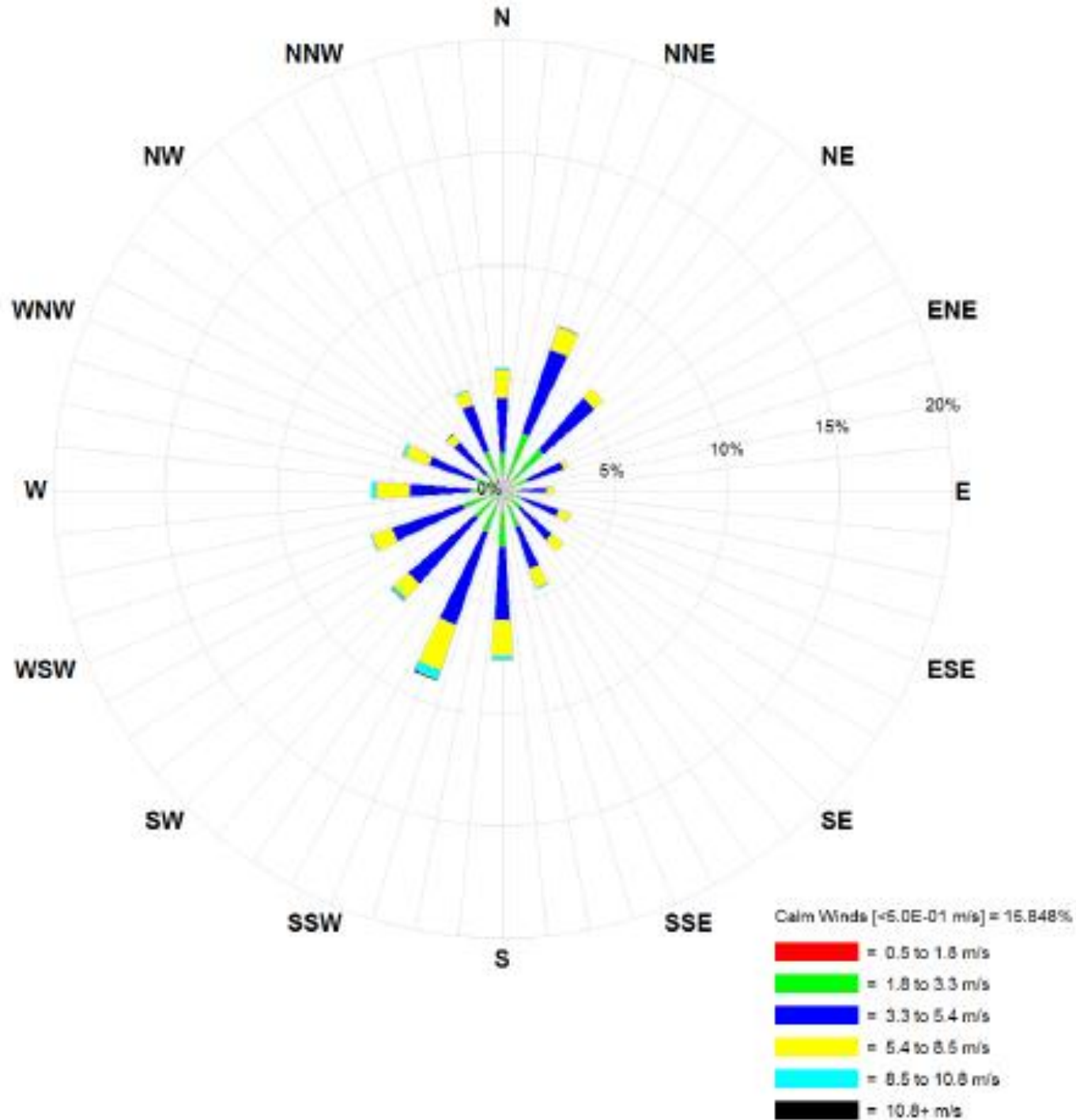
Belvedere
Estates

Joint Base
Charleston

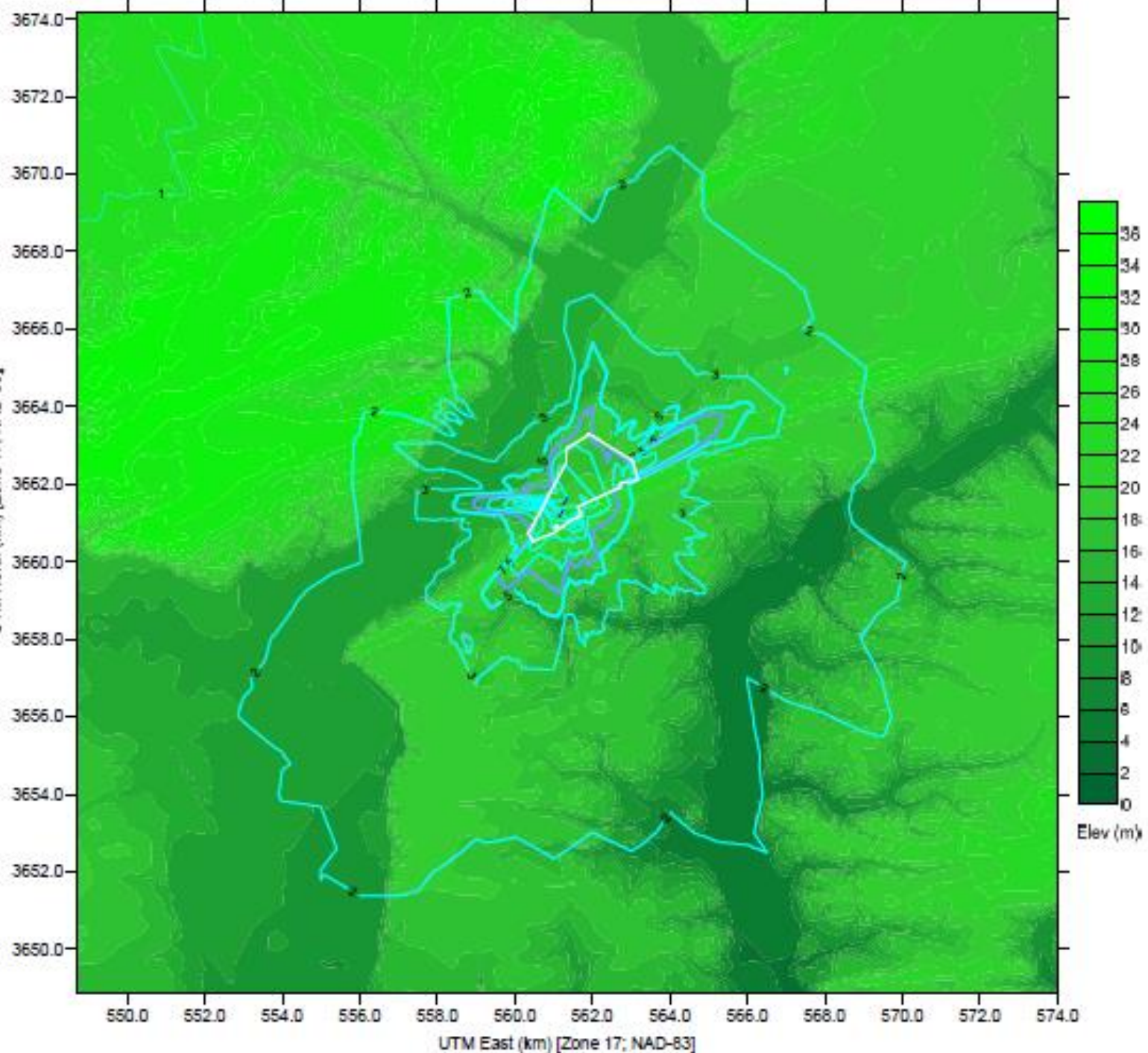
Met Station

North
Charleston





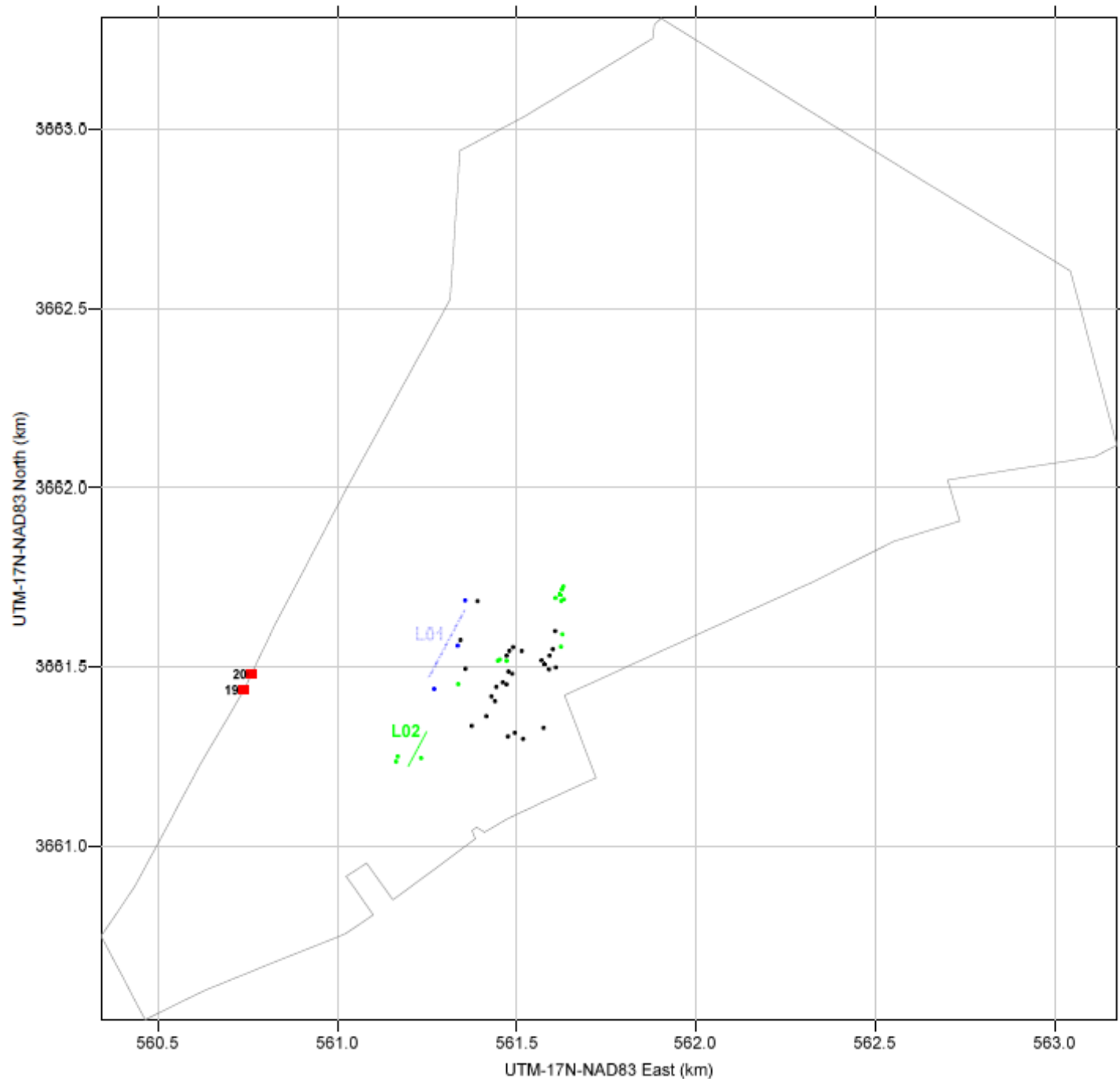




1-Hr Controlling Meteorology

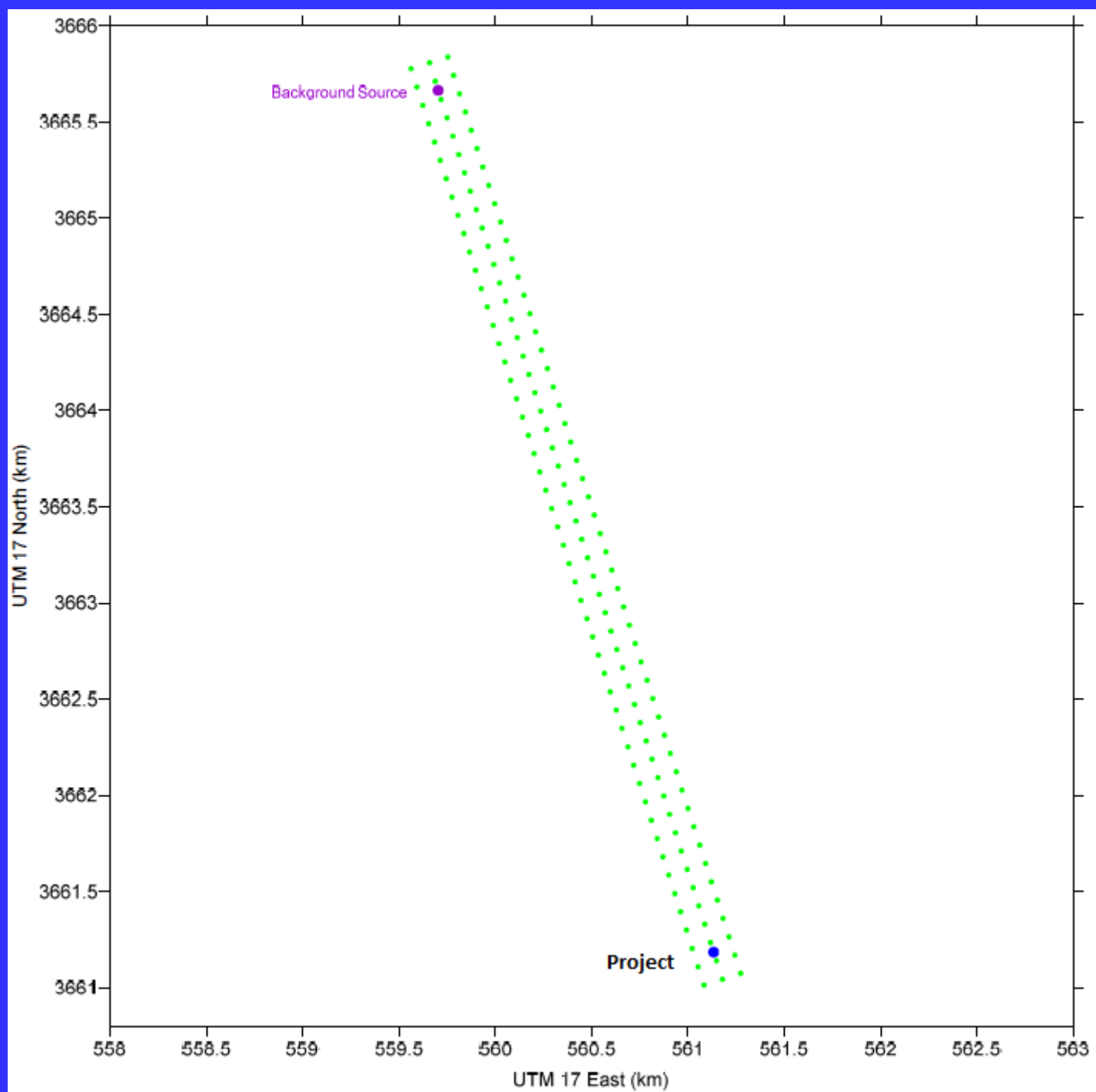
Year	Hour (ending)	Wind Speed m/s	Wind Direction degrees
2006	19	5.96	88
2007	22	2.86	89
2008	20	3.36	93
2009	22	4.36	88
2010	3	2.36	87

NAAQS NO2-1HR Controlling Receptors

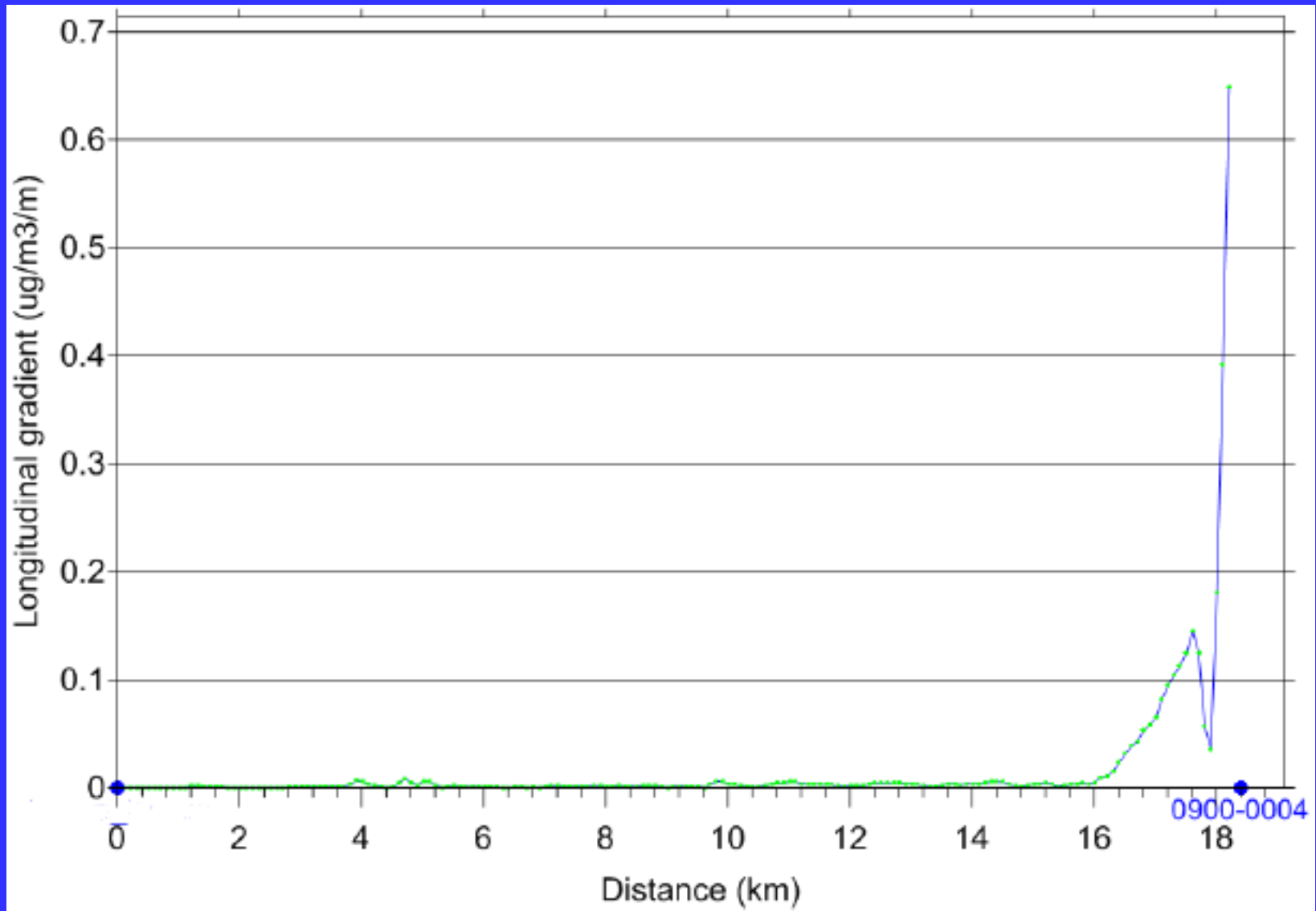


NO₂ 1-Hr Background Inventory Procedure

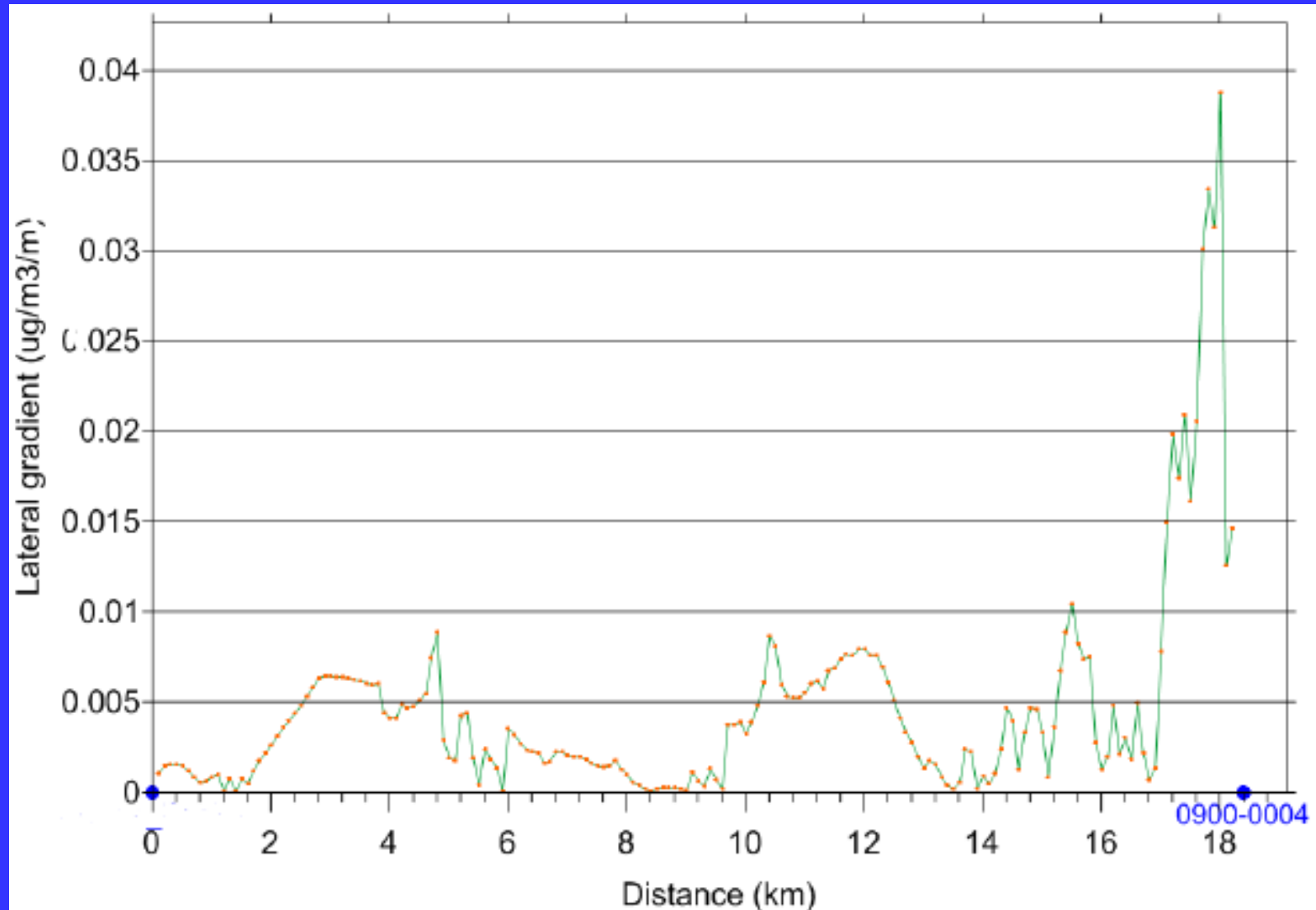
- Facilities within 10 km of SIA included in cumulative modeling
- 20D screening applied to facilities > 10 km
- Significant conc. gradient analysis applied to remaining facilities
 - Each facility's total emissions modeled through dominant stack
 - Three columns of receptors w/100m spacing
 - Longitudinal and Lateral gradient plotted for each candidate facility



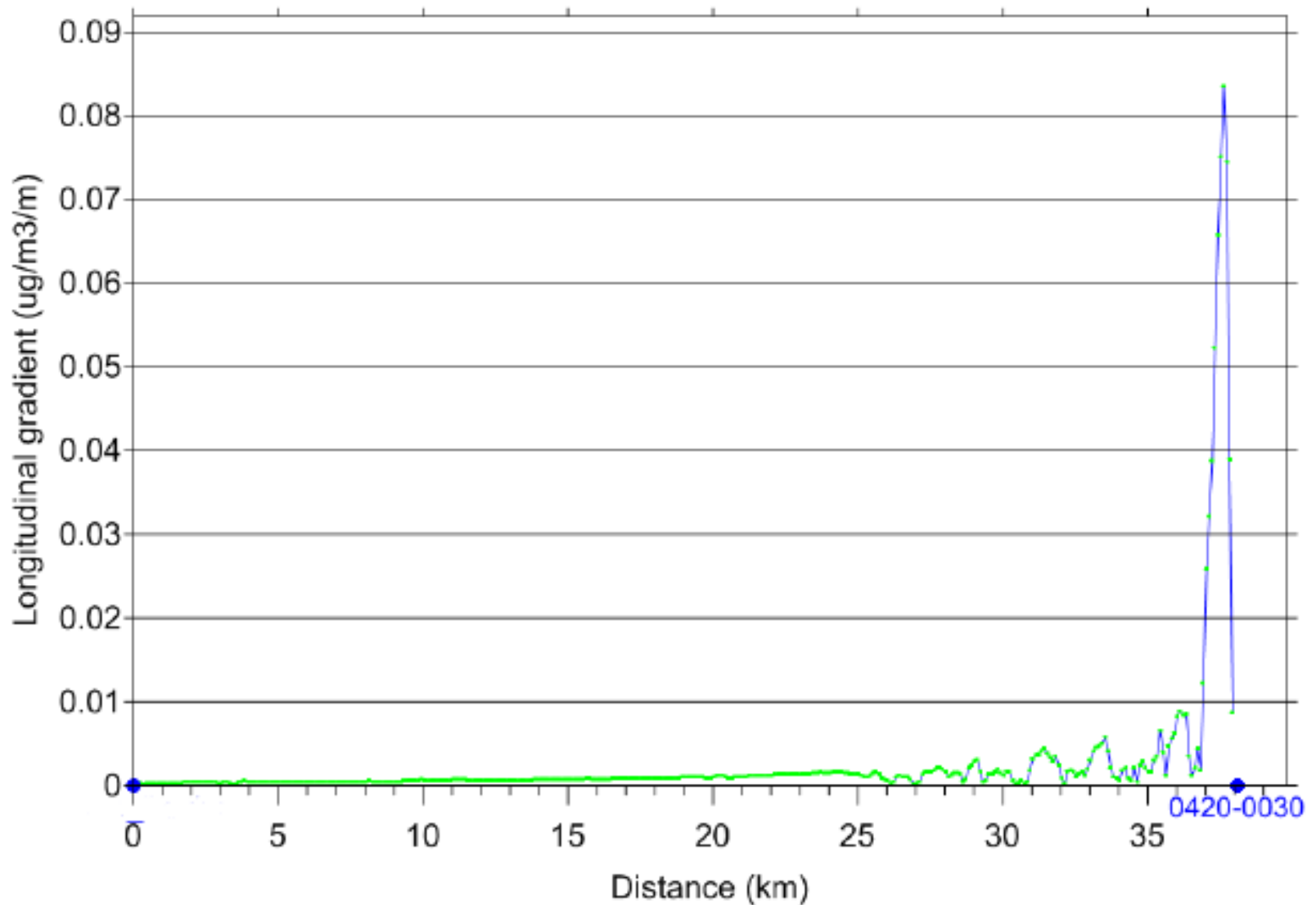
Longitudinal Gradient: Cement Facility



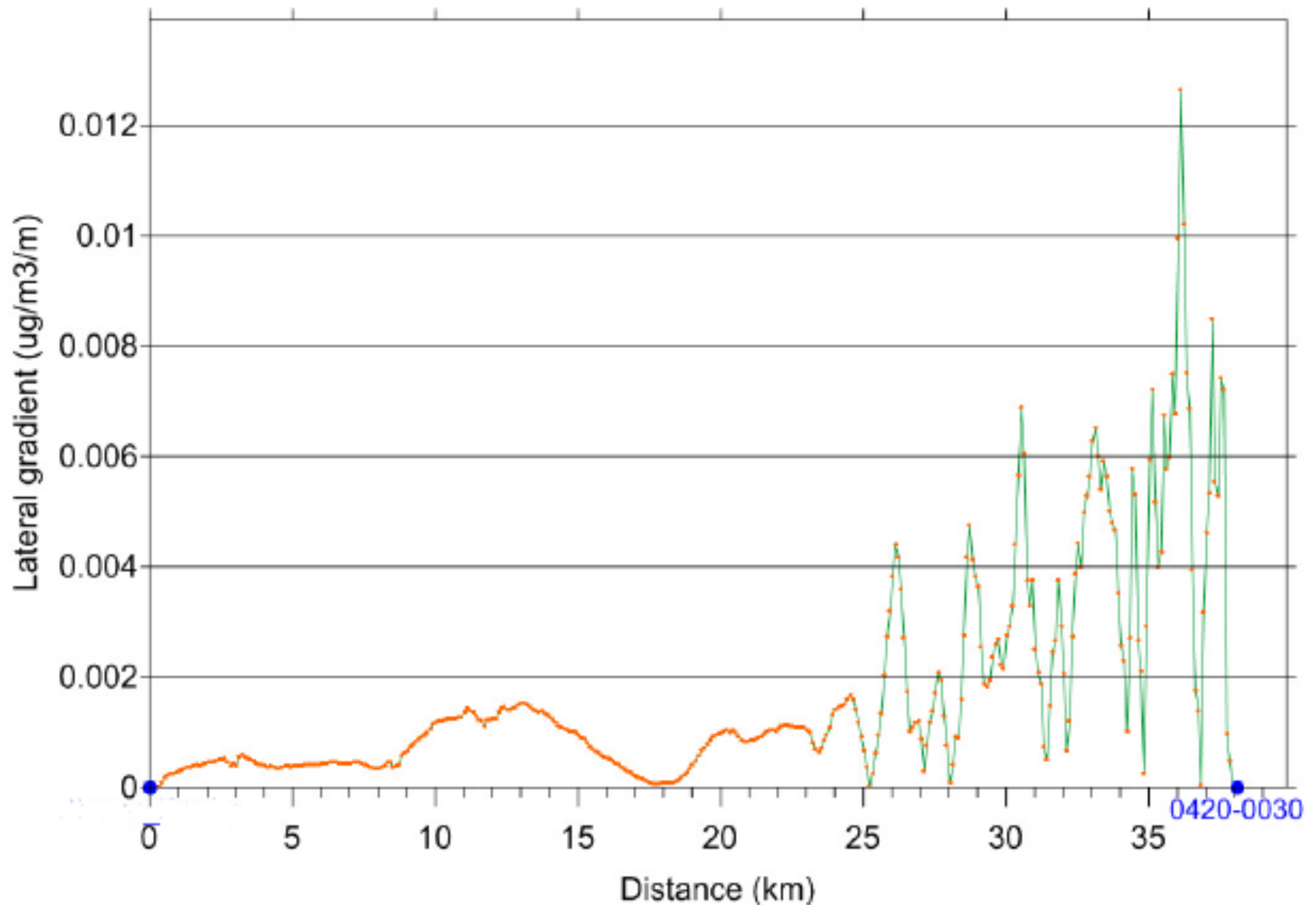
Lateral Gradient: Cement Facility



Longitudinal Gradient: Coal EGU



Lateral Gradient: Coal EGU



Facility	98 th Percentile 1-Hr NO ₂ Concentration at Project (ug/m3)
0420-0003	13.1
0420-0006	16.8
0420-0011	0.2
0420-0017	0.8
0420-0029	11.6
0420-0030	13.8
0420-0060	0.4
0420-0064	0.1
0420-0071	3.1
0420-0089	1.0
0560-0008	1.2
0560-0011	0.4
0560-0019	1.7
0560-0029	0.6
0560-0038	0.2
0560-0164	0.2
0560-0244	2.2
0560-0264	0.2
0740-0002	5.8
0900-0002	5.4
0900-0004	21.1
1860-0005	8.6
1860-0038	1.2

← Max

NO₂ 1-Hr Cumulative Modeling

- Cumulative modeling included:
 - Project facility-wide emissions
 - AERMOD and BLP used
 - Two background facilities within 10 km
 - Season and hour-of-day temporal monitoring data background
- Modeling passed at 84% of 1-hr NO₂ Standard

Questions?

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