US ERA ARCHIVE DOCUMENT

## IN THE UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

#### IN THE MATTER OF:

Safe Drinking Water Determination; Underground Injection Control Program, Determination of Indian Country Status for Purposes of Underground Injection Control Program Permitting

### **ON REMAND FROM:**

### UNITED STATES COURT OF APPEALS FOR THE TENTH CIRCUIT COURT

Case Nos: 97-9556, 97-9557

HRI, Inc.
Petitioner
v.
United States Environmental Protection Agency
Respondent

APPENDIX OF EXHIBITS TO WRITTEN COMMENTS OF HRI, INC. IN SUPPORT OF THE POSITION THAT THE SECTION 8 LAND IN QUESTION IS NOT INDIAN COUNTRY AS DEFINED IN 18 U.S.C. § 1151(B) AND STATE OF ALASKA v. NATIVE VILLAGE OF VENETIE TRIBAL GOVERNMENT, 522 U.S. 520 (1998)

HRI, Inc., by and through its counsel of record, hereby submit the following exhibits in support of the position that the Section 8 land in question is not Indian country as defined in 18 U.S.C. § 151(b) and State of Alaska v. Native Village of Venetie Tribal Government, 522 U.S. 520 (1998):

# APPENDIX X

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		MATERIALS LICENSE	
by the licensed material desig persons author specified in S	ations. Chapter I, Parts 30, 31, , , a license is hereby issued authenated below; to use such materized to receive it in accordance ection 183 of the Atomic Energet.	32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 39, 40, and 70, and in relatorizing the licensec to receive, acquire, positial for the purpose(s) and at the place(s) distribute the regulations of the applicable Part(s)	ct of 1974 (Public Law 93 438), and Title 10, Code of ance on statements and representations heretofore madesess, and transfer byproduct, source, and special nuclear esignated below; to deliver or transfer such material to 3. This license shall be deemed to contain the conditionate to all applicable rules, regulations, and orders of the ded below.
2929 ( Suite 1	Licensee Resources, Inc. Coors Blvd, NW 101 Jerque, NM 87120	3. License Nu	SUA-1580 Amendment No. 1
2.	107que, 11111 07 120	4. Expiration	January 5, 2003
		5. Docket or Reference	40-8968
	. Source, and/or iclear Material	7. Chemical and/or Physical Form	8. Maximum Amount that Licensee May Possess at Any One Time Under This License
U	ranium	Any	Unlimited
SECTIC 9.1	The authorized place includes the Crown	ATIVE CONDITIONS  Dee of use shall be the licensee's County, Unit 1, and Church Rock urey County, New Mexico.	Crownpoint Uranium Project which ranium recovery and processing
9.2	monitoring reports r which shall also be Recovery Branch, I Safeguards, U.S. N	required under License Condition submitted to Region IV) shall be Division of Waste Management, Cluclear Regulatory Commission, Mad events that require telephone	Office of Nuclear Material Safety and
9.3	and statements ma (as supplemented to Uranium Project Co except where supelicensee uses the w	de in its license application subm by the licensee submittals listed in pnsolidated Operations Plan (COF	with all commitments, representations, itted by cover letter dated April 25, 1988 a Attachment A), and in the Crownpoint P), Rev. 2.0, dated August 15, 1997 - ained in this license. Whenever the entioned licensee documents, it
9.4 A	Crownpoint Project changes in its stand		bed in the COP (Rev. 2.0); (ii) make ii) conduct tests or experiments, if the

the change, test, or experiment does not conflict with any requirement specifically stated in this license, or impair the licensee's ability to meet all applicable NRC regulations;

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	<b>401. 4</b>					
	(2) there is no degradation in the safety or env Crownpoint Uranium Project Consolidated the approved reclamation plan for the Crow	vironmental commitments made in the Operations Plan (COP), Revision 2.0, or in wnpoint Project; and				
	(3) the change, test, or experiment is consister Final Environmental Impact Statement (FEI Evaluation Report (SER, dated December	nt with NRC's findings in NUREG-1508, the IS, dated February 1997) and the Safety 1997) for the Crownpoint Project.				
	If any of these conditions are not met for the charconsideration, the licensee is required to submit a review and approval. The licensee's determination met will be made by a Safety and Environmental determinations shall be documented, and the recorded shall include written safety and environmental provide the basis for determining whether or not the	a license amendment application for NRC ons as to whether the above conditions are Review Panel (SERP). All such cords kept until license termination. All such NRC, pursuant to LC 12.8. The retained nental evaluations, made by the SERP, that				
В)	The SERP shall consist of a minimum of three incone of these shall be designated the SERP chain expertise in management and shall be responsible changes; one member shall have expertise in operesponsibility for implementing any operational changes; one member, with the responsibility of radiation safety and environmental requirements, the SERP as appropriate, to address technical as hydrology, surface-water hydrology, specific earth Temporary members or permanent members, oth individuals, may be consultants.	dividuals employed by the licensee, and man. One member of the SERP shall have le for managerial and financial approval erations and/or construction and shall have nanges; and, one member shall be the f ensuring that changes conform to. Additional members may be included in spects such as health physics, groundwater h sciences, and other technical disciplines. her than the three above-specified				
9.5	As a prerequisite to operating under this license, surety arrangement to cover the estimated costs groundwater restoration. Generally, these surety based on cost estimates for a third party complet Surety for groundwater restoration of the initial w Surety shall be maintained at this level until the n the groundwater quality of a production-scale we restoration demonstration described in LC 10.28. restoration requires greater pore-volumes or high will be adjusted upwards. Upon NRC approval, the approved financial surety arrangement consisten Criterion 9.	of decommissioning, reclamation, and a mounts shall be determined by the NRC ting the work in case the licensee defaults. Well fields shall be based on 9 pore-volumes number of pore volumes required to restore till field has been established by the lif at any time it is found that well field her restoration costs, the value of the surety the licensee shall maintain the NRC-				
	Annual updates to the surety amount, required by shall be provided to the NRC at least 3 months prissuance. If the NRC has not approved a propost date of the existing surety arrangement, the licent prior to expiration, for 1 year. Along with each prisurety the licensee shall submit supporting docur costs and the basis for the cost estimates with acapproved Urban Consumer Price Index), mainter contingency, changes in engineering plans, actives	y 10 CFR Part 40, Appendix A, Criterion 9, prior to the anniversary date of the license sed revision 30 days prior to the expiration assee shall extend the existing arrangement, roposed revision or annual update of the mentation showing a breakdown of the djustments for inflation (i.e., using the nance of a minimum 15 percent vities performed, and any other conditions				

- (2)there is no degradation in the safety or environmental commitments made in the Crownpoint Uranium Project Consolidated Operations Plan (COP), Revision 2.0, or in the approved reclamation plan for the Crownpoint Project; and
- (3) the change, test, or experiment is consistent with NRC's findings in NUREG-1508, the Final Environmental Impact Statement (FEIS, dated February 1997) and the Safety Evaluation Report (SER, dated December 1997) for the Crownpoint Project.

- B) The SERP shall consist of a minimum of three individuals employed by the licensee, and one of these shall be designated the SERP chairman. One member of the SERP shall have expertise in management and shall be responsible for managerial and financial approval changes; one member shall have expertise in operations and/or construction and shall have responsibility for implementing any operational changes; and, one member shall be the Environmental Manager, with the responsibility of ensuring that changes conform to radiation safety and environmental requirements. Additional members may be included in the SERP as appropriate, to address technical aspects such as health physics, groundwater hydrology, surface-water hydrology, specific earth sciences, and other technical disciplines. Temporary members or permanent members, other than the three above-specified individuals, may be consultants.
  - As a prerequisite to operating under this license, the licensee shall submit an NRC-approved surety arrangement to cover the estimated costs of decommissioning, reclamation, and groundwater restoration. Generally, these surety amounts shall be determined by the NRC based on cost estimates for a third party completing the work in case the licensee defaults. Surety for groundwater restoration of the initial well fields shall be based on 9 pore-volumes. Surety shall be maintained at this level until the number of pore volumes required to restore the groundwater quality of a production-scale well field has been established by the restoration demonstration described in LC 10.28. If at any time it is found that well field restoration requires greater pore-volumes or higher restoration costs, the value of the surety will be adjusted upwards. Upon NRC approval, the licensee shall maintain the NRCapproved financial surety arrangement consistent with 10 CFR Part 40, Appendix A, Criterion 9.

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300		affecting estimated costs for site closure.	
		The licensee shall provide an NRC-approved upoplanned expansion or operational change which update. This surety update shall be provided to commencement of the planned expansion or operation.	dated surety before undertaking any has not been included in the annual surety the NRC at least 90 days prior to the erational change.
		The licensee shall also provide the NRC with copsubmitted to the State of New Mexico, a copy of approved surety arrangement. The licensee must authorized to be held by the State, identifies the covers the above-ground decommissioning and disposal, soil and water sample analyses, and gright with the site. The basis for the cost estimate is the NRC-approved revisions to the plan.	the State's surety review, and the final st also ensure that the surety, where NRC-related portion of the surety and decontamination, the cost of off-site oundwater restoration activities associated
	9.6	The licensee shall dispose of 11e.(2) byproduct rewaste disposal site licensed by the NRC or an Agmaterial. At each project site, the licensee shall boundary for storing contaminated materials priorwaste disposal agreement must be maintained of terminated, the licensee shall notify the NRC purbe ratified within 90 days of expiration or terminal licensee will be prohibited from further lixiviant in	material from the Crownpoint Project at a greement State to receive 11e.(2) byproduct maintain an area within the restricted area in to their disposal. The licensee's approved in-site. Should this agreement expire or be suant to LC 12.6. A new agreement shall tion of the previous agreement, or the fection.
THE PART OF THE PART OF THE PART OF	9.7	The licensee shall implement and maintain a train described in Regulatory Guide 8.31, and as deta application. All training materials shall incorporat 10 CFR Part 19 and 10 CFR Part 20. Additionall subjects described in Section 2.5 of Regulatory Cannual refresher training, and the licensee shall a bi-monthly basis, as described in Section 2.5 or	
		The Radiation Safety Officer (RSO), or his design experience as specified in Regulatory Guide 8.33 shall have the qualifications specified in Regulat an RST shall have all work reviewed and approve training program until appropriate course training from the date of appointment.	nee, shall have the education, training and I. A Radiation Safety Technician (RST) ory Guide 8.31. Any person newly hired as ed by the RSO as part of a comprehensive is completed, and at least for 6 months
	9.8	Written standard operating procedures (SOPs) stoperational activities involving radioactive material transported by employees; (2) all non-operational including in-plant radiation protection and environ procedures for potential accident/unusual occurrefacility damage, pipe breaks and spills, loss or the significant fires. The SOPs shall include appropriously followed in accordance with 10 CFR Part 20. SO enumerate pertinent radiation safety practices to procedures shall be kept in the area(s) of the pro SOPs for activities described in the COP shall be described in the COP.	als that are handled, processed, stored, or I activities involving radioactive materials mental monitoring; and (3) emergency ences including significant equipment or eft of yellowcake or sealed sources, and iate radiation safety practices to be OPs for operational activities shall be followed. A copy of the current written duction facility where they are utilized.

- 9.6 The licensee shall dispose of 11e.(2) byproduct material from the Crownpoint Project at a waste disposal site licensed by the NRC or an Agreement State to receive 11e.(2) byproduct material. At each project site, the licensee shall maintain an area within the restricted area boundary for storing contaminated materials prior to their disposal. The licensee's approved waste disposal agreement must be maintained on-site. Should this agreement expire or be terminated, the licensee shall notify the NRC pursuant to LC 12.6. A new agreement shall be ratified within 90 days of expiration or termination of the previous agreement, or the licensee will be prohibited from further lixiviant injection.
- 9 7 The licensee shall implement and maintain a training program for all site employees as described in Regulatory Guide 8.31, and as detailed in the COP of the approved license application. All training materials shall incorporate the information from current versions of 10 CFR Part 19 and 10 CFR Part 20. Additionally, classroom training shall include the subjects described in Section 2.5 of Regulatory Guide 8.31. All personnel shall attend annual refresher training, and the licensee shall conduct regular safety meetings on at least a bi-monthly basis, as described in Section 2.5 of Regulatory Guide 8.31

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9.9	Release of equipment, materials, or packages from accordance with NRC staff position, "Guidelines of Equipment Prior to Release for Unrestricted Use Source Materials," dated May 1987, or suitable a prior to any such release.	for Decontamination of Facilities and or Termination of Licenses for Byproduct or		
9.10	Any corporate organization changes affecting the of the radiation safety staff as described in the Cashall conform to Regulatory Guide 8.31.			
9.11	The licensee is hereby exempted from the require areas within the process facility, provided that all posted in accordance with Section 20.1902(e), at THIS FACILITY MAY CONTAIN RADIOACTIVE N	entrances to the facility are conspicuously and with the words, "ANY AREA WITHIN		
9.12	Before engaging in any construction activity not plicensee shall conduct a cultural resource inventor proposed development will be completed in compensation Act of 1966, as amended, and its in and the Archaeological Resources Protection Act implementing regulations (43 CFR Part 7).  In order to ensure that no unapproved disturbances.	ory. All disturbances associated with the bliance with the National Historic aplementing regulations (36 CFR Part 800), tof 1979, as amended, and its the control of cultural resources occurs, any work		
	resulting in the discovery of previously unknown of shall be inventoried and evaluated in accordance shall occur until the licensee has received written and Navajo Nation Historic Preservation Offices.	cultural artifacts shall cease. The artifacts with 36 CFR Part 800, and no disturbance		
9.13	Prior to injection of lixiviant, the licensee shall have Agreements (MOAs) between the licensee and lot facilities, and other emergency services, ratified a shall identify individual party responsibilities, coopprocedures for all emergency incident responses	ocal authorities, the fire department, medical and in effect. At a minimum, the MOAs rdination requirements, and reporting		
9.14	Prior to injection of lixiviant, the licensee shall obtained appropriate regulatory authorities.	tain all necessary permits and licenses from		
SECTION	10: OPERATIONS, CONTROLS, LIMITS, AND	RESTRICTIONS		
10.1	The licensee shall use a lixiviant composed of na sodium bicarbonate, and dissolved oxygen or air license application.			
10.2	The processing plant flow rate at each site (Chur exceed 4000 gal/min (15,140 L/min), exclusive or production from all three sites shall not exceed 3	f restoration flow. Total yellowcake		
10.3	Injection well operating pressures shall be maintaged pressures, and shall not exceed the well's mechanisms.			
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	third sample shall be taken within 48 hours after tacquired. If the third sample shows that either of present, an excursion shall be confirmed. If the taccursion criteria in (a) or (b) are present, the first	the excursion hird sample do	criteria in (a es not sho	a) or (b) are w that the	error.
10.13	If an excursion is not corrected within 60 days of terminate injection of lixiviant within the well field increase the surety in an amount to cover the full up the excursion. The surety increase for horizon calculated using the method described on page 4 increase shall remain in force until the NRC has a corrected and cleaned up. The written 60-day ex shall identify which course of action [(a) or (b) list.	until aquifer cle third-party cost tal and vertical I-22, Section 4 verified that the ccursion report,	eanup is co it of correct excursions 3.1 of the le excursion filed pursu	mplete; or (bing and clear s shall be FEIS. The sinds been ant to LC 12	ning urety
10.14	At the Unit 1 or Crownpoint sites, if a vertical excessandstone aquifer, the licensee shall complete as vertical excursion has impacted any other overlying than 150 gal/day (568 L/day). The specific aquife licensee's 60-day excursion report, filed pursuant	nd sample mor ng aquifers tha ers to be monit	nitor wells to it could sus	o determine tain yields gr	eater
10.15	At the Crownpoint site, from initial lixiviant injection restoration activities, the licensee shall maintain a groundwater quality in the well fields has been determined limits established pursuant to LC 10.	a continuous bletermined by th	eed (pump	ing) until the	
10.16	During groundwater restoration activities at produ 1 or Crownpoint sites, the licensee shall reimburs supply wells for any increased pumping and well water levels due to groundwater restoration activit does not apply to restoration demonstrations of s	e the operator work-over cost ities. This reim	s of the Cro s associate bursement	ownpoint wat ed with a dro	er p in
10.17	Prior to injection of lixiviant in a well field, monitor Canyon aquifer and shall encircle the well field at of the production or injection wells and 400 ft (12) angle formed by lines drawn from any production not exceed 75 degrees. At the Church Rock site, shall be located by treating production mine work wells. Sampling frequencies for all monitor wells aquifer shall be as stated in LC 11.3.	t a distance of 2 m) between well to the two , Westwater Ca ings as if they	400 ft (122 each monito nearest m anyon aquit were inject	m) from the or well. The onitor wells see monitor wells see monitor wellon or production or producti	edge shall rells
10.18	Prior to injection of lixiviant in a well field at the U shall be completed in the Dakota Sandstone aqui minimum density of one well per 4 acres (1.62 hat these wells shall be as stated in LC 11.3.	ifer. Such well	s shall be p	laced at a	
10.19	Prior to injection of lixiviant at the Unit 1 site, the monitor wells in the overlying Dakota Sandstone town of Crownpoint water supply wells, in addition Groundwater restoration goals and upper control pursuant to LCs 10.21 and 10.22, except that up these wells on a well-by-well basis. Sampling fre in LC 11.3.	aquifer between to the wells relimits for these per control limi	en the well fequired by wells will to the wells will to the wells will to the wells will be the well b	ields and the LC 10.18. be establishe established f	ed or

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10.20	Prior to injection of lixiviant in a well field at the Completed in: (a) the Brushy Basin "B" sand aqu Monitor wells completed in the Brushy Basin "B" density of one well per 4 acres (1.62 ha) of well sandstone aquifer shall be placed at a minimum well field. Any openings of the existing mine wor Dakota Sandstone aquifers, shall be monitored to Sandstone monitor wells placed within 40 ft (12 placed down-gradient from the openings. Samp completed in the Brushy Basin and Dakota Sand 11.3.	ifer; and (b) the Dakota Sandstone aquifer. sand aquifer shall be placed at a minimum field. Monitor wells completed in the Dakota density of one well per 8 acres (3.24 ha) of rkings into the Brushy Basin "B" sand, or by Brushy Basin "B" sand or Dakota m) of the openings. These wells shall be ling frequencies for all monitor wells				
10.21	Lixiviant shall not be injected into a well field befand analyzed to establish groundwater restoration well field, as follows:					
	other. Groundwater restoration goals shal parameter basis, with the primary restoration pre-lixiviant injection conditions. If ground to average pre-lixiviant injection levels, the groundwater quality to the maximum concentration protection Agency (EPA) stregulations. The secondary restoration go	ples of formation water from: (1) each imum of one production/injection well per ted a minimum of 14 days apart from each ill be established on a parameter-by-on goal to return all parameters to average water quality parameters cannot be returned escondary goal shall be to return entration limits as specified in the U.S. econdary and primary drinking water bal for barium and fluoride shall be set to the er standard. The secondary restoration goal				
	be established by calculating the baseline calculating a groundwater restoration goal using methods consistent with those specifications. Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA [Instruction of the control of the calculation	arbonate, boron, cadmium, calcium, coride, electrical conductivity, iron, lead, denum, nickel, nitrate, pH, potassium, lenium, sodium, silver, sulfate, total gross Beta, and gross Alpha (excluding tion goal for each of these parameters shall mean of the data collected. Prior to for a parameter, outliers shall be eliminated ified in EPA's 1989, "Statistical Analysis of Resource Conservation and Recovery Act] concentrations determined to be high or low				
10.22	Lixiviant shall not be injected into a well field bef and analyzed to establish upper control limits for follows:					
	The licensee shall analyze three independ formation water from each monitor well in minimum of 14 days apart from each other	the well field. Samples shall be collected a				

- 10.20 Prior to injection of lixiviant in a well field at the Church Rock site, monitor wells shall be completed in: (a) the Brushy Basin "B" sand aguifer; and (b) the Dakota Sandstone aguifer. Monitor wells completed in the Brushy Basin "B" sand aquifer shall be placed at a minimum density of one well per 4 acres (1.62 ha) of well field. Monitor wells completed in the Dakota sandstone aquifer shall be placed at a minimum density of one well per 8 acres (3.24 ha) of well field. Any openings of the existing mine workings into the Brushy Basin "B" sand, or Dakota Sandstone aquifers, shall be monitored by Brushy Basin "B" sand or Dakota Sandstone monitor wells placed within 40 ft (12 m) of the openings. These wells shall be placed down-gradient from the openings. Sampling frequencies for all monitor wells completed in the Brushy Basin and Dakota Sandstone aquifers shall be as stated in LC 11.3.
- 10.21 Lixiviant shall not be injected into a well field before groundwater quality data is collected and analyzed to establish groundwater restoration goals for each monitored aguifer of the well field, as follows:
  - A) The licensee shall establish groundwater restoration goals by analyzing three independently-collected groundwater samples of formation water from: (1) each monitor well in the well field; and (2) a minimum of one production/injection well per acre of well field. Samples shall be collected a minimum of 14 days apart from each other. Groundwater restoration goals shall be established on a parameter-byparameter basis, with the primary restoration goal to return all parameters to average pre-lixiviant injection conditions. If groundwater quality parameters cannot be returned to average pre-lixiviant injection levels, the secondary goal shall be to return groundwater quality to the maximum concentration limits as specified in the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) secondary and primary drinking water regulations. The secondary restoration goal for barium and fluoride shall be set to the State of New Mexico primary drinking water standard. The secondary restoration goal for uranium shall be 0.44 mg/L (300 pCi/L).
  - B) In establishing restoration goals, the following parameters shall be measured: alkalinity, ammonium, arsenic, barium, bicarbonate, boron, cadmium, calcium, carbonate, chloride, chromium, copper, fluoride, electrical conductivity, iron, lead, magnesium, manganese, mercury, molybdenum, nickel, nitrate, pH, potassium, combined radium-226 and radium-228, selenium, sodium, silver, sulfate, total dissolved solids, uranium, vanadium, zinc, gross Beta, and gross Alpha (excluding radon, uranium, and radium). The restoration goal for each of these parameters shall be established by calculating the baseline mean of the data collected. Prior to calculating a groundwater restoration goal for a parameter, outliers shall be eliminated using methods consistent with those specified in EPA's 1989, "Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA [Resource Conservation and Recovery Act] Facilities, Interim Guidance." Parameter concentrations determined to be high or low outliers will not be used in establishing groundwater restoration goals.
- 10 22 Lixiviant shall not be injected into a well field before groundwater quality data is collected and analyzed to establish upper control limits for each monitored aguifer of the well field, as follows:

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- B) The upper control limit parameters shall be chloride, bicarbonate, and electrical conductivity [corrected to a temperature of 25°C (77°F)]. The concentrations of these upper control limit parameters shall be established for each well field by calculating the baseline mean of the upper control limit parameter concentration, and adding 5 standard deviations. Prior to calculating upper control limits, outliers shall be eliminated using methods consistent with those specified in EPA's 1989, "Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance". Values determined to be high and low outliers will not be used in the calculation of upper control limits.
- 10.23 Prior to injection of lixiviant in a well-field, groundwater pump tests shall be performed to determine if overlying aquitards are adequate confining layers, and to confirm that horizontal monitor wells for that well field are completed in the Westwater Canyon aquifer.
- The licensee shall perform mechanical well integrity tests on each injection and production well: (a) before the well is first used for *in situ* leach uranium extraction; (b) after each time the well has been serviced with equipment or otherwise subjected to procedures that could damage well casing; and (c) at least once every 5 years the well is in use. After a well has been completed and opened into the aquifer, a packer shall be set above the well screen and each well casing shall be filled with water. The well shall be pressurized with either air or water to 125 psi (862 kPa) at the land surface, or 25 percent above the expected operating pressure, whichever is greater. A well shall have passed the test if a pressure drop of no more than 10 percent occurred over 30 minutes.
- 10.25 If it is determined that a vertical connection exists in a well field between the Westwater Canyon aquifer and the Cow Springs aquifer, monitor wells will be completed in the Cow Springs aquifer within that well field at a minimum density of one well per 4 acres (1.62 ha) of well field. Groundwater restoration goals and upper control limits will be established for these wells, pursuant to LCs 10.21 and 10.22. Sampling frequencies for all monitor wells completed in the Cow Springs aguifer shall be as stated in LC 11.3.
- Prior to injecting lixiviant at a site, or processing licensed material at the Crownpoint site, HRI shall provide and receive NRC acceptance for that site information, calculations, and analyses to document the adequacy of the design of waste retention ponds and their associated embankments (if applicable), liners, and hydrologic site characteristics. HRI shall demonstrate that the criteria described in the following documents have been met: 10 CFR Part 40, Appendix A, Criterion 5A regarding surface impoundment design; Regulatory Guide 3.11, "Design, Construction, and Inspection of Embankment Retention Systems for Uranium Mills"; WM-8201, "Hydrologic Design Criteria for Tailings Retention Systems,"; and Final Staff Technical Position, "Design of Erosion Protection Covers for Stabilization of Uranium Mill Tailings Sites." As applicable, based on the designs selected, HRI shall provide information in the following areas:
  - A) maps and detailed drawings outlining drainage areas of principal water courses and drainage features at the site;
  - B) drainage basin characteristics, including soil types and characteristics, vegetative cover, local topography, flood plains, geomorphic characteristics, and surficial and bedrock geology;
  - C) maps and detailed drawings showing the location of site features, particularly the location of the retention ponds and diversion channels;

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	D) analyses and calculations for peak flood to the methods and assumptions used to co	flows, including the PMF, and documenting mpute the floods;				
	<ul> <li>e) analyses and calculations for water surface ability of the retention ponds or diversion flooding;</li> </ul>	ce profiles and velocities associated with the channels to resist or limit erosion and				
	F) analyses and computations of riprap or er retention ponds;	rosion protection needed to protect the				
	G) specific details on the design, construction retention ponds and embankments (where	n, maintenance, and operation of the waste e applicable);				
	H) specific details on the design, construction and leak detection system.	n, maintenance, and operation of the liners				
	l) any other analyses and computations wh criteria have been met.	ich demonstrate that applicable design				
10.27	Prior to the injection of lixiviant at the Crownpoint site, the licensee shall:					
	and BIA-6, construct the necessary water water supply systems of the Navajo Triba Indian Affairs (BIA) can be connected to to pipelines, and other changes to the existic by the replacement of the wells specified can continue to provide at least the same The new wells shall be located so that the does not exceed the EPA's primary and so does not exceed a concentration of 0.44 in situ leach uranium extraction activities.	above, shall be made such that the systems quantity of water as the existing systems. water quality at each individual well head secondary drinking water standards, and mg/L (300 pCi/L) uranium, as a result of at the Unit 1 and Crownpoint sites. To				
		2, BIA-3, BIA-5, and BIA-6 in accordance with annot become future pathways for the vertical				
10.28	Prior to the injection of lixiviant at either the Uni submit NRC-approved results of a groundwater Church Rock site. The demonstration shall be acceptable to the NRC, to determine the number restore a production-scale well field.	t 1 or Crownpoint site, the licensee shall restoration demonstration conducted at the conducted on a large enough scale, er of pore volumes that shall be required to				
10.29	Before starting uranium extraction operations be site, the licensee shall submit an NRC-approved project. At a minimum, this plan shall include: general description of the restoration methodologroundwater monitoring.	d groundwater restoration plan for the entire (a) a proposed restoration schedule; (b) a				

- D) analyses and calculations for peak flood flows, including the PMF, and documenting the methods and assumptions used to compute the floods:
- E) analyses and calculations for water surface profiles and velocities associated with the ability of the retention ponds or diversion channels to resist or limit erosion and floodina:
- F) analyses and computations of riprap or erosion protection needed to protect the retention ponds;
- G) specific details on the design, construction, maintenance, and operation of the waste retention ponds and embankments (where applicable);
- H) specific details on the design, construction, maintenance, and operation of the liners and leak detection system.
- 1) any other analyses and computations which demonstrate that applicable design criteria have been met.
- 10.27 Prior to the injection of lixiviant at the Crownpoint site, the licensee shall:
  - Replace the town of Crownpoint's water supply wells NTUA-1, NTUA-2, BIA-3, BIA-5, and BIA-6, construct the necessary water pipeline, and provide funds so the existing water supply systems of the Navajo Tribal Utility Authority (NTUA) and the Bureau of Indian Affairs (BIA) can be connected to the new wells. Any new wells, pumps. pipelines, and other changes to the existing water supply systems, made necessary by the replacement of the wells specified above, shall be made such that the systems can continue to provide at least the same quantity of water as the existing systems. The new wells shall be located so that the water quality at each individual well head does not exceed the EPA's primary and secondary drinking water standards, and does not exceed a concentration of 0.44 mg/L (300 pCi/L) uranium, as a result of in situ leach uranium extraction activities at the Unit 1 and Crownpoint sites. To determine the appropriate placement of the new wells, the licensee shall coordinate with the appropriate agencies and regulatory authorities, including BIA, NTUA, the Navajo Nation Department of Water Development and Water Resources, and the Navajo Nation EPA.
  - B) Abandon and seal wells NTUA-1, NTUA-2, BIA-3, BIA-5, and BIA-6 in accordance with applicable requirements so these wells cannot become future pathways for the vertical movement of contaminants.
- 10.28 Prior to the injection of lixiviant at either the Unit 1 or Crownpoint site, the licensee shall submit NRC-approved results of a groundwater restoration demonstration conducted at the Church Rock site. The demonstration shall be conducted on a large enough scale, acceptable to the NRC, to determine the number of pore volumes that shall be required to restore a production-scale well field.
- 10.29 Before starting uranium extraction operations beyond the first well field at the Church Rock site, the licensee shall submit an NRC-approved groundwater restoration plan for the entire project. At a minimum, this plan shall include; (a) a proposed restoration schedule; (b) a general description of the restoration methodology; and (c) a description of post-restoration groundwater monitoring.

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<del>1</del> 4)			SUA-1580,	Amendme	nt No.	1
	MATERIALS LICENSE SUPPLEMENTARY SHEET	Docket or Reference Nur	nber 40	-8968		
10.30	Prior to injecting lixiviant at any of the sites, the lice procedure-level, detailed effluent and environment licensee shall develop and administer its radiolog program consistent with Regulatory Guide 4.14. three airborne effluent monitoring stations at each (Rev.2.0) Table 9.5-1.	ntal monitoring pr ical effluent and The licensee sha	rogram. I environm all maintai	n additi lental m in, at a l	on, th onito minin	ne ring num,
10.31	Prior to the injection of lixiviant at the Church Roc Westwater Canyon aquifer step-rate injection (fra boundaries, but outside future well field areas. O site shall also be performed before lixiviant injection	cture) test within ne such test at ti	the Chur he Unit 1	ch Roc or Crov	k site vnpoi	
10.32	Prior to the injection of lixiviant at any of the sites water quality data to generally characterize the w beneath each of the project sites, by completing a quality parameters: alkalinity, ammonium, arsenicalcium, carbonate, chloride, chromium, copper, f magnesium, manganese, mercury, molybdenum, radium-226 and radium-228, selenium, sodium, suranium, vanadium, zinc, gross Beta and gross A radium); and (b) conduct sufficient pumping test beneath each of the sites is hydraulically confined	ater quality of the and sampling we c, barium, bicarb fluoride, electrica nickel, nitrate, pl ilver, sulfate, tota Ipha (excluding r s to determine if	e Cow Sp lls for the onate, bo I conduct H, potass al dissolve adon, ura the Cow	rings action following following for a captivity, iron following f	quifer ng wa dmiur on, lea mbin s, and aqui	ater m, ad, ed
SECTION	11: MONITORING, RECORDING AND BOOKING	REQUIREMENT	S			
11.1	The results of the following activities, operations, analyses; surveys or monitoring; survey/ monitoring audits and inspections; emergency generator use and training courses required by this license; and corrective actions. Unless otherwise specified in regulation, all documentation required by this lice least five (5) years by the licensee at its facility, a inspection.	ng equipment ca and maintenand any subsequent a license condition nse shall be mail	librations ce record reviews, on or app ntained fo	; report s; all me investi dicable or a per	s on eeting gation NRC	gs ns, or
11.2	Flow rates on each injection and production well, entire system, shall be measured and recorded d		inifold pre	essures	on th	ne
11.3	Formation water, from monitoring wells at well fie groundwater restoration activities, shall be sampl least once every 14 days, and the results docume corrective action for a confirmed excursion, samp every seven days for the upper control limit parar excursion shall be considered corrected when all to their upper control limits.	ed for upper con ented pursuant to le frequency sha neters until the e	trol limit po LC 11.1 all be increased	paramet . Durin eased t is concl	ers a g o onc uded	e . An
11.4	Radiation Work Permits shall include, at a minimu 2.2 of Regulatory Guide 8.31.	um, the informati	on descri	bed in S	Sectio	on
11.5	Site inspections and reviews shall be completed described in Section 2.3.1 and 2.3.2 of Regulator					

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	MATERIALS LICENSE SUPPLEMENTARY SHEET	SUA-1580, Amendment No. 1  Docket or Reference Number  40-8968		
11.6	The licensee shall implement a comprehensive b Regulatory Guide 8.22.	oassay sampling program that conforms to		
11.7	Until license termination, the licensee shall mainta 11e.(2) byproduct materials, and all spills of proceshall include date, volume of spill, total activity, so remediation surveys, and a map showing spill locathe licensee shall also determine whether the NR	ess chemicals. Documented information urvey results, corrective actions, results of ation and impacted area. After any spill		
11.8	Prior to land application of waste water, the license of a plan outlining how the licensee of resulting from the land application. The plan sho from land application that will be monitored, constand application and justification for the values see	vill monitor constituent buildup in soils uld identify the constituents resulting tituent threshold values for discontinuing		
SECTION 1	2: REPORTING REQUIREMENTS			
12.1	The licensee shall notify the NRC by telephone we excursion, and by letter within 7 days from the tin LC 10.12. A written report describing the excursi corrective action results shall be submitted to NR confirmation. If wells are still on excursion when contain a schedule for submitting additional report event, corrective actions taken, and results obtain excursion, the report shall also contain a projected the extent of the vertical excursion.	ne the excursion is confirmed, pursuant to on event, corrective actions taken, and the C within 60 days of the excursion the report is submitted, the report shall also to the NRC describing the excursion ned. In the case of a confirmed vertical		
12.2	The licensee shall notify the NRC by telephone within 48 hours of confirming a retention pond liner leak, pursuant to LC 10.5. A written report shall be submitted to the NRC within 30 days of the leak confirmation. This report shall include analytical data, describe the corrective action taken, and discuss the results of that action.			
12.3	The licensee shall submit the required effluent re 40.65. The licensee shall submit the information Guide 4.14, in addition to the reports required by	specified in Section 7 of Regulatory		
12.4	The licensee shall notify the NRC by telephone will 11e.(2) byproduct materials, and all spills of procradiological impact on the environment. The notic submittal of a written report detailing the condition taken, and results achieved. This shall be done if 10 CFR Part 20 and 40.	ess chemicals, that might have a fication shall be followed, within 7 days, by as leading to the spill, corrective actions		
12.5	In addition to reporting exposures of individuals to 10 CFR Part 20.2202, the licensee shall submit to such reportable incidents, detailing the conditions taken, and results achieved.	the NRC a written report within 30 days of		
12.6	In the event the licensee's approved waste dispolicensee shall notify the NRC in writing within 7 w	sal agreement expires or is terminated, the orking days after the expiration date.		
		THE PRINCE OF TH		

			SUA-1580, Amendment No. 1
		MATERIALS LICENSE SUPPLEMENTARY SHEET	Docket or Reference Number 40-8968
	12.7	As part of the licensee's decommissioning activities for a site, the licensee shall submit to the NRC for review and approval a detailed site reclamation plan. The plan shall be submitted at least 12 months prior to the planned final shutdown of uranium extraction operations at the site. If depressions appear at the land surface due to subsurface collapse from in situ leach uranium extraction activities, the licensee shall return the land surface to its general contour as part of the surface reclamation activities. Before release of any site to unrestricted use, the licensee shall provide information to the NRC verifying that radionuclide concentrations, due to licensed materials, meet radiation standards for unrestricted release.	
	12.8	The licensee shall provide in an annual report to NRC, a description of all changes, tests, and experiments made or conducted pursuant to LC 9.4, including a summary of the safety and environmental evaluation of each such action. As part of this annual report, the licensee shall include any COP pages revised pursuant to LC 9.4.	
STATISTICATION OF		FOR THE NUCL	EAR REGULATORY COMMISSION
	Date: 2   U   Zeoo Thomas H. Essig, Chief Uranium Recovery and Low-Level Waste Branch Division of Waste Management Office of Nuclear Material Safety		

and Safeguards

U.S. NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION

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#### **ATTACHMENT A**

The licensee shall conduct its operations in accordance with all commitments, representations, and statements made in the following submittals, which are hereby incorporated by reference, except where superseded by license conditions in this license:

- May 8, 1989 (Crownpoint Facility Supplemental Environmental Report)
- July 13, 1989 (Crownpoint Cultural Resources Survey)
- January 6, 1992 (Unit 1 Allotted Lease Program Environmental Assessment (EA))
- July 31, 1992 (Unit 1 and Crownpoint Project Environmental Reports)
- October 9, 1992 (Unit 1 Underground Injection Control (UIC) Application)
- October 30, 1992 (Cultural Resources-Environmental Assessment and Management Plan for Crownpoint, NM)
- March 16, 1993 (Churchrock Project Revised Environmental Report)
- March 16, 1993 (Section 9 Pilot Summary Report)
- April 5, 1993 (page changes)
- April 6, 1993 (page changes)
- July 26, 1993 (page changes)
- October 11, 1993 (page changes)
- October 18, 1993 (Analysis of Hydrodynamic Control at Crownpoint and Churchrock)
- October 19, 1993 (Churchrock Surface Hydrology Analysis)
- October 19, 1993 (Churchrock and Crownpoint Aquifer Modeling Supplement)
- November 11, 1993 (page changes)
- January 24, 1994 (page changes)
- November 20, 1993 (Response to NRC Request for Additional Information)
- February 23, 1994 (Description of Radon Emission Controls)
- January 6, 1995 (EÀ Allotted Lease Program Unit 1)
- October 9, 1995 (Unit 1 UIC Application)
- February 20, 1996 (Response to NRC Comments)
- April 10, 1996 (Response to NRC Comments)
- May 3, 1996 (Response to NRC Comments)
- June 18, 1996 (Unit 1 Water Quality Information)
- August 15, 1996 (Response to NRC Comments)
- August 16, 1996 (Response to NRC Comments)
- August 21, 1996 (page changes)
- August 30, 1996 (Response to NRC Comments)
- September 5, 1996 (Surface Water Drainage Analysis at Churchrock)
- September 6, 1996 (page changes)
- September 13, 1996 (Response to NRC Comments)
- September 27, 1996 (Response to NRC Comments)
- September 30, 1996 (Crownpoint Uranium Project COP, Rev. 0.0)
- October 15, 1996 (Response to NRC Comments)
- October 18, 1996 (Restoration Standards Commitment)
- October 20, 1996 (Response to NRC Comments)
- October 29, 1996 (Response to NRC Comments)
- November 18, 1996 (Response to NRC Comments)
- November 26, 1996 (Response to NRC Comments)
- December 20, 1996 (NRC Proposed Requirements and Recommendations)
- December 26, 1996 (HRI Acceptance Letter to NRC Proposed Requirements and Recommendations)
- April 1, 1997 (NRC Proposed Requirements)
- April 25, 1997 (HRI Acceptance Letter to NRC Proposed Requirements)
- May 15, 1997 (Crownpoint Uranium Project COP, Rev 1.0)
- June 16, 1997 (Churchrock Design Specifications for Surface Water Diversion Channel)
- July 9, 1997 (HRI Electric Power Supply Commitment)
- August 18, 1997 (Response to NRC Comments)
- October 24, 1997 (HRI Commitment on Groundwater Baseline Sampling)

# APPENDIX XI

## IN THE UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

### IN THE MATTER OF:

Safe Drinking Water Determination; Underground Injection Control Program, Determination of Indian Country Status for Purposes of Underground Injection Control Program Permitting

### **ON REMAND FROM:**

### UNITED STATES COURT OF APPEALS FOR THE TENTH CIRCUIT COURT

Case Nos: 97-9556, 97-9557

HRI, Inc.			
Petitioner			
v.			
United States Environmental Protection Agency			
Respondent			
HRI, INC. IN SUPPORT OF QUESTION IS NOT INDIAN	RTELS IN SUPPORT OF WRITTEN COMMENTS OF THE POSITION THAT THE SECTION 8 LAND IN COUNTRY AS DEFINED IN 18 U.S.C. § 1151(B) AND E VILLAGE OF VENETIE TRIBAL GOVERNMENT, 522 U.S. 520 (1998)		
STATE OF NEW MEXICO	) ) ss.		
COUNTY OF BERNALILLO	,		
HRI, INC. IN SUPPORT OF QUESTION IS NOT INDIAN STATE OF ALASKA v. NATIVI  STATE OF NEW MEXICO	THE POSITION THAT THE SECTION 8 LAND IN COUNTRY AS DEFINED IN 18 U.S.C. § 1151(B) AND E VILLAGE OF VENETIE TRIBAL GOVERNMENT, 522 U.S. 520 (1998)		

Craig S. Bartels, being first duly sworn, deposes and states as follows:

1. My name is Craig S. Bartels, and I am the President of Hydro Resources, Inc. ("HRI"). This Affidavit is submitted in support of the Written Comments of HRI, Inc. in Support of the Position that the Section 8 Land in Question [defined below] is Not Indian

Country as Defined in 18 U.S.C. § 1151(b) and *State of Alaska v. Native Village of Venetie Tribal Government*, 522 U.S. 520 (1988). The statements in this Affidavit are true and correct to the best of my knowledge, information and belief. If called upon to testify to these matters, I would be competent to testify thereto.

- 2. HRI is the owner of approximately 160 acres located in the Southeast portion of Section 8, Township 16 N, Range 16 W, N.M.P.M., McKinley County, New Mexico (the "Section 8 land in question"). HRI is the fee title owner of the surface of the Section 8 land in question and the fee title owner of mineral rights for locatable minerals, including uranium, of the section 8 land in question under patent from the United States. The patent from the United States to United Nuclear Corporation dated May 5, 1970 is submitted in the Appendix as **Appendix IV**. HRI acquired the patent from United Nuclear Corporation.
- 3. HRI also acquired and owns unpatented mining claims that cover the remaining locatable mineral rights of Section 8. The surface area of Section 8 not owned by HRI (i.e. the land in Section 8 other than the Section 8 land in question) is owned by the United States Bureau of Land Management.
  - 4. There are no inhabitants on the Section 8 land in question.
- 5. McKinley County, New Mexico assesses property taxes on the Section 8 land in question which taxes are paid annually by HRI.
- 6. There is no evidence that the Section 8 land in question is now or has ever been set-aside or held in trust by the Federal Government for the use and occupancy of Indians.
- 7. There is no evidence that the Section 8 land in question is now or has ever been the subject of a Congressional or Executive act or conveyance setting the Section 8 land in question aside for Indian use.

- 8. The Section 8 land in question is not located within the boundaries of the Navajo reservation and it is not allotted land.
- 9. McKinley County, New Mexico provides the essential services to the Section 8 land in question including road maintenance; fire; police and emergency medical services; and schools and transportation to schools.
- 10. The State of New Mexico is responsible for maintenance of Highway 566, the sole access road to the Section 8 land in question. McKinley County is responsible for the maintenance of other roads in the area.
- 11. Electrical services for HRI's operations on the Section 8 land in question will be provided by Public Service of New Mexico, a private utility corporation.
- 12. The State of New Mexico maintains sole jurisdiction over water use on the Section 8 land in question and in the area surrounding the Section 8 land in question. The New Mexico State Engineer has adjudicated and approved HRI's water rights to conduct its operations on the Property. A copy of the October 22, 1999 New Mexico State Engineer's Findings and Order regarding HRI's water rights in Matter G-11-A is submitted in the Appendix as **Appendix VII.**
- 13. The documents submitted in the Appendix are true and correct copies of the documents.

### FURTHER, AFFIANT SAYETH NOT.

Craig S. Bartels

President, Hydro Resources, Inc.

SUBSCRIBED AND SWORN to before me by Craig S. Bartels, the President of Hydro Resources, Inc. this day of January 2006.

Notary Public

My commission expires:

100409

OFFICIAL REAL
TAMMY Y. LOPEZ
HOTARY PUBLIC-STATE OF HEW MEXICO
My Comm. Expires / DOLOG