

United States Office of the EPA-100-F-00-Environmental Protection Administrator September 2000 Agency [Mail Code 1802] (http://www.epa.gov)



Community XL Project: <u>City of Columbus</u>



WHAT IS PROJECT XLC?



Project XL, which stands for "eXcellence and Leadership," is a national initiative created t U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) that tests innovative ways of achieving bet more cost-effective public health and environmental protection. Project XL for Communi encourages public sector and community organizations to come forward with new approa to demonstrate community-designed and directed strategies for achieving improved environmental quality consistent with community economic goals. The information and le learned from Project XL are being used to assist EPA in redesigning its current regulatory policy-setting approaches. Project XL encourages testing of cleaner, cheaper, and smar ways to attain environmental results superior to those achieved under current regulations policies, in conjunction with greater accountability to stakeholders. It is vital that each proj tests new ideas with the potential for wide application and broad environmental benefits. September 2000, over forty pilot experiments are being implemented and several additio projects are in various stages of development.

SUMMARY OF THE COLUMBUS PROJECT

The City of Columbus Division of Water <u>will provide \$300,000 per year for fifteen years</u> to t Columbus Health Department to implement a comprehensive Lead-Safe Columbus Prog (LSCP) designed to identify and reduce lead hazards. This program will serve as an altern to the Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA) Lead and Copper Rule requirements for testing ar replacing Lead Service Line (LSLs). The Program's interventions are targeted to childrer are at most risk for lead poisoning. Flexibility provided to the City Water Division from US I and Ohio EPA (OEPA) drinking water regulations to suspend LSL testing and replacemen up to three years, allows funds to be transferred to the LSCP.

SUPERIOR ENVIRONMENTAL PERFORMANCE

The additional funding provided by the City Water Division will significantly enhance the H Department's Lead Safe Columbus Program. The LSCP will be responsible for the follow activities:

Medical case management will be provided for all lead-poisoned children, includir supplying educational brochures along with free blood lead screening and probe screens within the community, testing of all children under six residing in a home w tap water exceeded the State and Federal lead limit, and conducting lead hazard ri assessments.

Public education/outreach activities will be directed towards identified high-risk ar and include the following components: peer-based parent education; education fc parents of lead-poisoned children; training for local remodelers, renovators, paint do-it-yourselfers and property maintenance staff; training of property owners, real 1st time home buyers, financial institutions, neighborhood groups, and non-profit housing organizations; and a training module targeted at management, monitorin maintenance training for property owners and their maintenance crews which will designed to enable property owners to effectively manage, monitor and maintain t lead-safe housing.

\$100,000 in Lead Hazard Abatement Grants annually for low-cost abatements to l

and moderate-income families.

In addition to providing increased resources to the City's LSCP an alternative drinking wa treatment technique will be implemented. Under Federal and State drinking water regula lead levels in drinking water rise above the limit established by USEPA and OEPA, the Cit must begin testing LSLs immediately and replacing those lines that contribute high levels lead. The alternative to LSL testing and replacement involves closer coordination betwee City, OEPA and US EPA on water treatment changes and guick access to state and natior water treatment experts, and is expected to provide the same long-term benefit of protect citizens of Columbus as would LSL testing and replacement.

FLEXIBILITY

The Columbus Division of Water may need to make changes to the City's drinking water treatment in the future. The City believes that it is unlikely that these changes will cause a temporary rise in drinking water lead levels, but does recognize that the possibility of an increase cannot be ruled out. In the event of an increase in lead levels above the Federal State limit regulatory flexibility will be provided under the SDWA. This flexibility will be conditioned on the City's commitment to provide resources to the Lead Safe Columbus Program and it's additional commitment to tackle water treatment issues aggressively.

STAKEHOLDER INVOLVEMENT

Stakeholder involvement is integral to XL projects. The goal of Project XL stakeholder involvement is a collaborative working relationship between sponsors – the organization has proposed an alternative approach - and stakeholders - those people who believe the or their community will be affected by an XL project. To this end the project sponsors conducted extensive outreach to local and national stakeholders and public meetings of interested stakeholders were held in Columbus on May 16 and June 27, 2000.

Can alternative multi-media approaches to controlling lead, which allow the City to use so its drinking water resources to reduce exposure to household lead paint and dust, be more efficient?

Project Sponsors:	Gary Garver, Columbus Health Departmen(614) 645-6129	
	Lynn Kelly, Columbus Water Division	(614) 645-7100
State:	Kirk Leifheit, Ohio EPA	(614) 644-2752
EPA Region V:	Miguel Del Toral	(312)886-5253
EPA Headquarters:	Kristina Heinemann	(202) 260-5355

More information about Project XL is available on the Internet at www.epa.gov/ProjectXL the Project XL information line at 202-260-5754.

FOR ELECTRONIC **INFORMATION**

CONTACTS