US ERA ARCHIVE DOCUMENT



# Reregistration Eligibility Decision (RED)

Disodium cyanodithioimido-carbonate (DCDIC)



#### UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20460

OFFICE OF PREVENTION, PESTICIDES AND TOXIC SUBSTANCES

# CERTIFIED MAIL

# Dear Registrant:

I am pleased to announce that the Environmental Protection Agency has completed its reregistration eligibility review and decisions on the pesticide chemical case and active ingredient disodium cyanodithioimidocarbonate. The enclosed Reregistration Eligibility Decision (RED) contains the Agency's evaluation of the data base of this chemical, its conclusions of the potential human health and environmental risks of the current product uses, and its decisions and conditions under which these uses and products will be eligible for reregistration. The RED includes the data and labeling requirements for products for reregistration. It may also include requirements for additional data (generic) on the active ingredient to confirm the risk assessments.

To assist you with a proper response, read the enclosed document entitled "Summary of Instructions for Responding to the RED". This summary also refers to other enclosed documents which include further instructions. You must follow all instructions and submit complete and timely responses. The first set of required responses are due 90 days from the date of this letter. The second set of required responses are due 8 months from the date of this letter. Complete and timely responses will avoid the Agency taking the enforcement action of suspension against your products.

If you have questions on the product specific data requirements or wish to meet with the Agency, please contact the Special Review and Reregistration Division representative Franklin Gee at (703) 308-8008. Address any questions on required generic data to the Special Review and Reregistration Division representative Bonnie Adler at 308-8523.

Sincerely yours,

Louis R. True, Acting Director Special Review and Reregistration Division

**Enclosures** 

# SUMMARY OF INSTRUCTIONS FOR RESPONDING TO THE REREGISTRATION ELIGIBILITY DECISION (RED)

- 1. <u>DATA CALL-IN (DCI) OR "90-DAY RESPONSE"</u>—If generic data are required for reregistration, a DCI letter will be enclosed describing such data. If **product specific data** are required, another DCI letter will be enclosed listing such requirements. If **both generic and product specific data** are required, a combined Generic and Product Specific letter will be enclosed describing such data. Complete the two response forms provided with each DCI letter (or four forms for the combined) by following the instructions provided. You must submit the response forms for each product and for each DCI within 90 days of the date of this letter (RED issuance date); otherwise, your product may be suspended.
- 2. TIME EXTENSIONS AND DATA WAIVER REQUESTS—No time extension requests will be granted for the 90-day response. Time extension requests may be submitted only with respect to actual data submissions. Requests for data waivers must be submitted as part of the 90-day response. Requests for time extensions should be submitted in the 90-day response, but certainly no later than the 8-month response date. All data waiver and time extension requests must be accompanied by a full justification. All waivers and time extensions must be granted by EPA in order to go into effect.
- 3. APPLICATION FOR REREGISTRATION OR "8-MONTH RESPONSE"--You must submit the following items for each product within eight months of the date of this letter (RED issuance date).
- a. <u>Application for Reregistration</u> (EPA Form 8570-1). Use only an original application form. Mark it "Application for Reregistration." Send your Application for Reregistration (along with the other forms listed in b-e below) to the address listed in item 5.
- b. **Five copies of draft labeling** which complies with the RED and current regulations and requirements. Only make labeling changes which are required by the RED and current regulations (40 CFR 156.10) and policies. Submit any other amendments (such as formulation changes, or labeling changes not related to reregistration) separately. You may delete uses which the RED says are ineligible for reregistration. For further labeling guidance, refer to the labeling section of the EPA publication "General Information on Applying for Registration in the U.S., Second Edition, August 1992" (available from the National Technical Information Service, publication #PB92-221811; telephone number 703-487-4650).
- c. Generic or Product Specific Data. Submit all data in a format which complies with PR Notice 86-5, and/or submit citations of data already submitted and give the EPA identifier (MRID) numbers. Before citing these studies, you must make sure that they meet the Agency's acceptance criteria (attached to the DCI).
- d. Two copies of the Confidential Statement of Formula (CSF) for each basic and each alternate formulation. The labeling and CSF which you submit for each product must comply with P.R. Notice 91-2 by declaring the active ingredient as the **nominal** concentration. You have two options for submitting a CSF: (1) accept the standard certified limits (see 40 CFR §158.175) or (2) provide certified limits that are supported by the analysis of five batches. If you choose the second option, you must submit or cite the data for the five batches along with a certification statement as described in 40 CFR §158.175(e). A copy of the CSF is enclosed; follow the instructions on its back.

- e. **Certification With Respect to Data Compensation Requirements**. Complete and sign EPA form 8570-31 for each product.
- 4. **COMMENTS IN RESPONSE TO FEDERAL REGISTER NOTICE**--Comments pertaining to the content of the RED may be submitted to the address shown in the <u>Federal</u> Register Notice which announces the availability of this RED.
- 5. WHERE TO SEND PRODUCT SPECIFIC DCI RESPONSES (90-DAY) AND APPLICATIONS FOR REREGISTRATION (8-MONTH RESPONSES)

# By U.S. Mail:

Document Processing Desk (**RED-SRRD-PRB**) Office of Pesticide Programs (7504C) EPA, 401 M St. S.W. Washington, D.C. 20460-0001

# By express:

Document Processing Desk (RED-SRRD-PRB)
Office of Pesticide Programs (7504C)
Room 266A, Crystal Mall 2
1921 Jefferson Davis Hwy.
Arlington, VA 22202

6. **EPA'S REVIEWS**—EPA will screen all submissions for completeness; those which are not complete will be returned with a request for corrections. EPA will try to respond to data waiver and time extension requests within 60 days. EPA will also try to respond to all 8-month submissions with a final reregistration determination within 14 months after the RED has been issued.

# REREGISTRATION ELIGIBILITY DECISION DISODIUM CYANODITHIOIMIDOCARBONATE

LIST C

**CASE 3065** 

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#### GLOSSARY OF TERMS AND ABBREVIATIONS

AE Acid equivalent

a.i. Active Ingredient

ARC Anticipated Residue Contribution

CAS Chemical Abstracts Service

CSF Confidential Statement of Formula

DRES Dietary Risk Evaluation System

DWEL Drinking Water Equivalent Level (DWEL) The DWEL represents a medium

specific (i.e. drinking water) lifetime exposure at which adverse, non

carcinogenic health effects are not anticipated to occur.

EEC Estimated Environmental Concentration. The estimated pesticide concentration

in an environment, such as a terrestrial ecosystem.

**EP End-Use Product** 

EPA U.S. Environmental Protection Agency

FDA Food and Drug Administration

FIFRA Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act

FFDCA Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act

GLC Gas Liquid Chromatography

GRAS Generally Recognized As Safe as designated by FDA

HA Health Advisory (HA) The HA values are used as informal guidance to

municipalities and other organizations when emergency spills or contamination

situations occur.

HDT Highest Dose Tested

LC<sub>50</sub> Median Lethal Concentration. A statistically derived concentration of a

substance that can be expected to cause death in 50% of test animals. It is

#### GLOSSARY OF TERMS AND ABBREVIATIONS

usually expressed as the weight of substance per weight or volume of water, air or feed, e.g., mg/l, mg/kg or ppm.

LD<sub>50</sub> Median Lethal Dose. A statistically derived single dose that can be expected to

cause death in 50% of the test animals when administered by the route indicated (oral, dermal, inhalation). It is expressed as a weight of substance per unit

weight of animal, e.g., mg/kg.

LD<sub>lo</sub> Lethal Dose-low. Lowest Dose at which lethality occurs

LEL Lowest Effect Level

LOC Level of Concern

LOEL Lowest Observed Effect Level

MCLG Maximum Contaminant Level Goal (MCLG) The MCLG is used by the

Agency to regulate contaminants in drinking water under the Safe Drinking

Water Act.

MP Manufacturing-Use Product

MPI Maximum Permissible Intake

MOE Margin Of Exposure

MRID Master Record Identification (number). EPA's system of recording and

tracking studies submitted.

N/A Not Applicable

NPDES National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System

NOEL No Observed Effect Level

OPP Office of Pesticide Programs

PADI Provisional Acceptable Daily Intake

PAM Pesticide Analytical Method

PPE Personal Protective Equipment

### **GLOSSARY OF TERMS AND ABBREVIATIONS**

ppm Parts Per Million

PRN Pesticide Registration Notice

Q<sup>\*</sup><sub>1</sub> The Carcinogenic Potential of a Compound, Quantified by the EPA's Cancer

Risk Model

RED Reregistration Eligibility Decision

REI Restricted Entry Interval

RfD Reference Dose

**RS** Registration Standard

TD Toxic Dose. The dose at which a substance produces a toxic effect.

TC Toxic Concentration. The concentration at which a substance produces a toxic

effect.

TEP Typical End-Use Product

TGAI Technical Grade Active Ingredient

TMRC Theoretical Maximum Residue Contribution

TLC Thin Layer Chromatography

WPS Worker Protection Standard

#### **EXECUTIVE SUMMARY**

The U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (hereafter referred to as the "Agency") has determined that the uses of disodium cyanodithioimidocarbonate (DCDIC) as currently registered will not cause unreasonable risk to humans or the environment and these uses are eligible for reregistration. Although there is some concern about potential effects to aquatic organisms exposed to the effluent resulting from the industrial use of DCDIC, the Agency concludes that the discharge of effluent containing residues of DCDIC will not generally cause unreasonable adverse effects on the environment. The Agency's Office of Pesticide Programs (OPP) and Office of Water (OW) will share information that will improve the regulation of this biocide's use at specific sites across the country and will identify any new, unanticipated adverse effects information that would affect the national registration status of this biocide. The Agency is requiring confirmatory data on chemistry, hydrolysis, and mutagenicity. Additionally, the use of personal protective equipment is required to reduce risks of developmental and acute toxicity for those who handle DCDIC products.

DCDIC is used as an industrial bactericide and slimicide. It is registered for use in food processing water systems, oil-field systems, cooling water systems, sugar mills and paper mills and as a formulating technical material.

Before reregistering the products containing DCDIC, the Agency is requiring that product specific data, revised Confidential Statements of Formula (CSF) and revised labeling be submitted within eight months of the issuance of this document. These data include product chemistry for each registration and acute toxicity testing. After reviewing these data and any revised labels and finding them acceptable in accordance with Section 3(c)(5) of the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act (FIFRA), the Agency will reregister a product. Those products which contain other active ingredients will be eligible for reregistration only when the other active ingredients are determined to be eligible for reregistration.

# I. INTRODUCTION

In 1988, FIFRA was amended to accelerate the reregistration of products with active ingredients registered prior to November 1, 1984. The amended Act provides a schedule for the reregistration process to be completed in nine years. There are five phases to the reregistration process. The first four phases of the process focus on identification of data requirements to support the reregistration of an active ingredient and the generation and submission of data to fulfill the requirements. The fifth phase is a review by the Agency of all data submitted to support reregistration.

FIFRA Section 4(g)(2)(A) states that in Phase 5 "the Administrator shall determine whether pesticides containing such active ingredient are eligible for registration" before calling in data on products and either reregistering products or taking "other appropriate regulatory action." Thus, reregistration involves a thorough review of the scientific data base underlying a pesticide's registration. The purpose of the Agency's review is to reassess the potential hazards arising from the currently registered uses of the pesticide; to determine the need for additional data on health and environmental effects; and to determine whether the pesticide meets the "no unreasonable adverse effects" criterion of FIFRA.

This document presents the Agency's decision regarding the reregistration eligibility of the registered uses of DCDIC. The document consists of six sections. Section I is the introduction. Section II describes DCDIC, its uses, data requirements and regulatory history. Section III discusses the human health and environmental assessment based on the data available to the Agency. Section IV presents the reregistration decision for DCDIC. Section V discusses the reregistration requirements for DCDIC. Finally, Section VI is the Appendices which support this Reregistration Eligibility Decision. Additional details concerning the Agency's review of applicable data are available on request.

#### II. CASE OVERVIEW

#### A. Chemical Overview

The following active ingredient is covered by this Reregistration Eligibility Decision:

- Common Name: DCDIC
- Chemical Name: Disodium cyanodithioimidocarbonate
- CAS Registry Number: 138-93-2
- **OPP Chemical Code:** 63301
- **Empirical Formula:** C<sub>2</sub>N<sub>2</sub>S<sub>2</sub>Na<sub>2</sub>
- Structural Formula: Na.S C=N-C=N
- Trade and Other Names: DCDIC
- **Basic Manufacturer:** Buckman Laboratories

#### B. Use Profile

The following is information on the currently registered uses with an overview of use sites and application methods. A detailed table of these uses of DCDIC is in Appendix A.

# For disodium cyanodithioimidocarbonate:

**Type of Pesticide:** Microbicide/microbistat (slime-forming bacteria, algae and fungi)

#### **Use Sites:**

# **Aquatic non-food industrial:**

Pulp/Paper Mill Water Systems
Air Conditioner/Refrigeration Condensate Water Systems
Air Washer Water Systems
Commercial/Industrial Water Cooling Systems
Evaporative Condenser Water Systems
Secondary Oil Recovery Injection Water
Heat Exchanger Water Systems

#### **Indoor food:**

Food Processing Water Systems (cane and beet sugar mills)

#### **Target Pests:**

# **Aquatic non-food industrial:**

Green and blue green algae, Spore-forming and non-spore-forming fungi, Sulfate-reducing bacteria as *Desulfovibrio sp.*, Iron bacteria, *Oscillatoria sp.*, *Scenedesmus sp.*, *Chlorella sp.*, *Fragilaria sp.*, *Melosira sp.*, *Lepocinclis sp.*, *Ulothrix sp.*, Slime-forming bacteria, fungi and algae.

#### **Indoor food:**

Sucrose-reducing bacteria, Odor-causing bacteria, Slime-forming bacteria, *Leuconostoc mesenteroides* and *Bacillus stearothermophilus*.

# **Formulation Types Registered:**

Type: End use, Manufacturing use Form: Soluble concentrate/liquid

# **Method and Rates of Application:**

# **Types of Treatment -**

Water treatment, Water recirculating system treatment.

# **Equipment** -

Measuring container, Metering pump, Drip-feed device, and not specified.

# Timing -

Shock/slug, Continuous feed (initial), Intermittent (slug) (initial), Intermittent (slug) (subsequent), and not specified.

# Rate of Application -

Aquatic non-food industrial: From less than 1 up to 7 ppm active ingredient by volume.

Indoor food: From 3 to 4 ppm active ingredient by weight.

#### **Use Practices Limitations:**

Higher temperatures (up to about 65° C, or 150° F) and pH values below 5.5 increase effectiveness. Do not discharge effluent containing this pesticide into sewage systems without notifying the sewage plant authority. Do not discharge effluent containing this product into lakes, streams, ponds, estuaries, oceans, or public water (NPDES license restriction).

# C. Regulatory History

Products containing DCDIC as an active ingredient were registered in the United States as early as 1957 for use as an industrial bactericide and slimicide. Currently, fifty-seven products are registered for use in food processing water systems, oil-field systems, cooling water systems, sugar mills and paper mills and as a formulating technical material. The Agency issued one Data Call-In Notice on September 30, 1992, under Phase IV of reregistration. Under this DCI the Agency required data for product chemistry, toxicology, ecological effects, and environmental fate.

# III. SCIENCE ASSESSMENT

# A. Physical Chemistry Assessment

# 1. Product Chemistry

DCDIC is a microbicide produced by a purely synthetic process. A Confidential Statement of Formula and revised label are required as confirmatory data. The Agency considers this information necessary to confirm the reregistration eligibility decision put forth in this document. The physical and chemical properties of the DCDIC technical grade of the active ingredient are summarized below:

63-2 Color	vivid orange/strong orange
63-3 Physical State	transparent liquid @ about 20°C
63-4 Odor	pungent, like ammonia
63-6 Boiling Point	109°C
63-7 Density	1.2719 kg/m3 (requires verification for consistency and be expressed in g/ml)
63-8 Solubility	< 4.2 ppm in acetonitrile < 82 ppm in octanol
63-9 Vapor Pressure	$< 9.16 \times 10^{-6} \text{ torr } @ \sim 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ $< 1.89 \times 10^{-5} \text{ torr } @ \sim 35^{\circ}\text{C}$ $< 1.79 \times 10^{-5} \text{ torr } @ \sim 44^{\circ}\text{C}$
63-10 Dissociation Constant	Not applicable (non-aq. product)
63-11 Octanol/water Partition Coefficient	Not applicable (polar chemical)
63-12 pH	13.2
63-13 Stability	Stable for 14 days under the following conditions: ambient temperature (23°C); broad spectrum light; stainless steel, galvanized steel, copper metals and iron ions. Slight decrease in percent active ingredient

observed when test substance is exposed to zinc ions, with significant decrease after exposure to elevated temperatures, aluminum metal, aluminum and copper ions.

63-14 Oxidizing and	Not applicable (does not contain oxidizing
reducing action	and reducing agents).

63-15 Flammability Not applicable (does not contain a combustible liquid).

63-16 Explodability Not applicable (not potentially explosive).

63-17 Storage Stability The concentration of DCDIC decreased by 10.5% after one year storage at RT as determined by HPLC.

63-18 Viscosity 4.179 cSt (4.179 m m<sub>2</sub>/s)

63-20 Corrosion No corrosion of packing material characteristics detected after one year.

#### B. Human Health Assessment

# 1. Toxicology Assessment

The toxicological data base for DCDIC is adequate and supports reregistration eligibility. Acute toxicity studies were conducted on the 32% active ingredient, the only formulation used for testing.

# a. Acute Toxicity

#### SUMMARY OF ACUTE TOXICOLOGY RESULTS

MRID	GUIDELINE	RESULT	CATEGORY
41592601	81-1 Acute Oral	LD <sub>50</sub> = 268-386 mg/kg	II
41592602	81-2 Acute dermal	LD <sub>50</sub> > 2000 mg/kg	III
42952501	81-3 Acute Inhalation	LC <sub>50</sub> = 3.02 mg/L	III
NONE	81-4 Eye Irritation*	Data waived	I
41592603	81-5 Primary dermal	PII= 1.8	II
41592604	81-6 Skin sensitization	Weak sensitizer	NA**

<sup>\*</sup> Since the registrant acknowledges that the product(s) may be an eye as well as a dermal irritant (Tox. Cat. II), the Agency has waived data requirements for a primary eye irritation study in rabbits (Guideline 81-4).

# b. Subchronic Toxicity

Adequate data from a 90-day dermal study (guideline 82-3) are available (MRID 40974801). The test article was applied for 13 weeks to the shaved backs of Sprague-Dawley rats at doses of 0, 25, 125 or 250 mg/kg/day. Dermal irritation (erythema) was observed at all doses of DCDIC (i.e., dermal NOEL was less than 25 mg/kg/day), but systemic effects (reduced absolute and cumulative body weight gain, and food consumption) were noted only at 125 mg/kg/day and above (i.e. systemic NOEL = 25 mg/kg/day). No gross internal organ effects were observed at any dose.

# c. Developmental Toxicity

Adequate data from two oral gavage studies are available. In the first study (MRID 41009301), rats were dosed with 0, 2, 6 or 18 mg/kg/day. Both maternal (based on decreased body weight gain at 18 mg/kg/day) and developmental (based on increased skeletal variants at the same highest dose tested) NOELs were established at the mid-dose, 6 mg/kg/day. Hence there is no definitive determination as to whether the developmental effects of DCDIC as noted in this study represent a primary (direct fetal) effect, or if the effects are secondary (indirect) to maternal toxicity.

A similar indeterminate interpretation is obtained from the results of the second study (MRID 41009401) in which rabbits were dosed with 0, 3, 10 or 30 mg/kg/day. The NOEL for maternal effects (based upon decreased activity, limb morbidity and deaths at the mid-dose tested, 10 mg/kg/day) and the NOEL for developmental effects (based upon increased resorption and decreased litter size at the same mid-dose) were 3 mg/kg/day, the

<sup>\*\*</sup> NA = Not applicable

lowest dose tested. In addition, the highest dose tested (HDT), 30 mg/kg/day, produced a 50% increase in the number of does without viable fetuses, and more severe embryo toxicity, as manifested by decreased live litter size, with a corresponding increase in resorption and post-implantation loss.

# d. Mutagenicity

The following mutagenicity studies were reported with these results. A Gene Mutation Test (Ames; MRID 40425101) had negative results in <u>Salmonella</u> strains exposed to toxic concentrations of up to 50-100 Fl/ml, with/without activation. The Chromosome Damage <u>in vitro</u> Study (MRIDs 41177901/40425102) tested positive for inducing sister-chromatid exchanges in activated (S9) cultures of Chinese hamster cells at non-toxic doses. The DNA Damage/Repair <u>in vitro</u> Study (MRID 40425103) proved negative for inducing unscheduled DNA synthesis in primary rat hepatocytes at concentrations producing cytotoxicity (compromising cell survival).

Although the Agency does not believe that there is a genetic risk, confirmatory data are required for a mammalian cells in culture forward gene mutation assay, based on the positive result in the Chromosome Damage in vitro Study. The study is one of the three mutagenicity tests required under the new guidelines (March, 1991) for Subdivision F, Series 84 of Part 158. Results of the study will be evaluated to determine whether there is a potential heritable risk.

# 2. Exposure Assessment

# a. Dietary Exposure

The uses of DCDIC in sugar beet and sugar cane mills are food uses regulated by FDA as noted in 21 CFR 173.320. A food additive tolerance has been established. The Agency defers to FDA regarding dietary exposure.

In addition, a food tolerance has been established for DCDIC for food contact with food grade paper, paperboard (21 CFR 176.300), and adhesives (21 CFR 175.105). These uses are no longer active and are not supported for reregistration.

#### b. Occupational and Residential

# Mixer/loader/applicator Exposure

The application techniques for the soluble concentrate/liquid include metering pumps and measuring containers (intermittent and continuous feed and slug treatments). There is potential for mixer/loader/applicator exposure and mixer/loader/applicator exposure monitoring could be required.

Data from the Chemical Manufacturers Association (CMA) Antimicrobial Exposure Study (MRID 41412201) are applicable to the uses of DCDIC. The antimicrobial exposure study and label usage information were used to estimate exposure to mixer/loaders.

# a). The following information was used for the exposure assessments:

<u>Use</u>	<b>Quantity per Treatment</b>
Secondary Oil Recovery Water:	210,000 gallons (1.5 fluid oz.product per 1,000 gallons)
Pulp/Paper Mills or Cane/Beet Sugar Mills:	10,000 tons (1.6 fluid oz. product per 1,000 tons of pulp)
Water Cooling Towers:	5,000 gallons (3.0 fluid oz. product per 1,000 gallons of water)

Sample calculation for water cooling tower use:

For 3.0 fluid ounces of end-use product (NM-35-1, containing 14.7% DCDIC equal to 1.5 lb. per gallon of NM-35-1) applied to 1,000 gallons of water by metering pump or open pouring application methods, into a total final volume of 5000 gallons, the total poundage of a.i. added in each treatment can be expressed as:

$$\frac{3.0 \text{ oz}}{128 \text{ oz/gal}}$$
 X 1.5 lb a.i./gal X 5,000 gal/1,000 gal =  $\frac{0.176 \text{ lb.}}{128 \text{ oz/gal}}$ 

# b). Estimates of exposure by pouring and meter pumping

Data from the CMA exposure study are not chemical specific but provide exposure estimates for certain use scenarios. Exposure values are expressed as "Maximum Credible Sum" which is considered a reasonable worst-case estimate of an exposure dose for a single day. In general, workers may be exposed several times a week over the first several weeks when the water systems are initially charged with the microbicide/microbistat to control the bacteria, fungi or algae population. Following those first treatments, to maintain the system, the antimicrobial treatments are generally on non-consecutive days. Total exposure is estimated at 26 days a year.

# **Assumptions:**

- Exposure estimates assume protective clothing and equipment was consistent with that used during the CMA study.
- Dermal and inhalation exposure is combined.
- An individual weighs 60 kg
- Exposure estimate reflects one actual day of exposure.

Table 1. Pour liquid.

POUR LIQUID				
Setting	MCS* (ug/lb ai)	lb ai/ treatment	BW** (kg)	Daily Exposure*** (ug/kg/day)
Secondary Oil Recovery Water Injection	130	3.69	60	8.00
Pulp/Paper and Sugar Mills	130	0.19	60	0.40
Water Cooling Towers	27130	0.18	60	80.00

- \* MCS = Maximum Credible Sum was derived from CMA Study.
- \*\* BW = Body Weight
- \*\*\* Daily Exposure (ug/kg/day) = (MCS X lb ai/used) / BW

Table 2. Pump liquid.

PUMP LIQUID				
Setting	MCS* (ug/lb ai)	lb ai/ treatment	BW** (kg)	Daily Exposure*** (ug/kg/day)
Secondary Oil Recovery Water Injection	10	3.69	60	0.60
Pulp/Paper and Sugar Mills	10	0.19	60	0.03
Water Cooling Towers	930	0.18	60	2.70

- \* MCS = Maximum Credible Sum was derived from CMA Study.
- \*\* BW = Body Weight
- \*\*\* Daily Exposure (ug/kg/day) = (MCS X lb ai/used) / BW

# Post-application exposure

# **Hydrolysis**

A study, "Hydrolysis of <sup>14</sup>C-DCDIC in Aqueous Solutions Buffered at pH 5, 7, and 9," suggests that at pHs 5 and 7, the only significant degradates are thiocyanate (SCN<sup>-</sup>), with possible amounts of 3-amino-1,2,4-dithiazole-5-thione (thione). At pH 9, SCN<sup>-</sup>, thione, and 3-amino-1,2,4-dithiazole-5-oxone (oxone) are all definitely present as degradates. Although toxic degradates such as hydrogen cyanide (HCN) and cyanide (CN<sup>-</sup>) were not found under these study conditions, it is possible that under some circumstances (i.e., higher temperature or pHs) a different degradation pathway would lead to the formation of HCN and CN<sup>-</sup>.

Based on the hydrolysis study discussed above, post-application worker exposure to HCN and CN<sup>-</sup> at pulp and paper mills, cane or beet sugar mills is possible. However, the Agency believes such exposure via dermal or inhalation routes would be minimal.

#### 3. Risk Assessment

#### a. Dietary

Although DCDIC has food uses (sugar beets and sugar cane), these uses are under FDA purview (21 CFR 173.320). The Agency defers to FDA regarding dietary risk assessment.

# b. Occupational

Acute oral toxicity is moderately high for DCDIC (toxicity category II) and acute dermal toxicity is moderate (toxicity category III). Products may also be eye and dermal irritants (toxicity category II). DCDIC may induce developmental toxicity in humans, based on developmental studies in rats and rabbits. And, there is concern for possible heritable effects. Section IV addresses these concerns.

The Agency calculated exposure and risk estimates for developmental toxicity using data provided by the CMA antimicrobial exposure study. Estimates of the margins of exposure (MOE) for the three use settings and with the "pour liquid" and the "pump liquid" techniques are given in Table 3. MOEs are based on the exposure estimates presented above and a developmental toxicity NOEL of 3 mg/kg/day from the rabbit study, the more sensitive species tested.

Table 3. Margins of exposure.

	Margins of Exposure*		
Setting	Pour Liquid	Pump Liquid	
Secondary Oil Recovery Water Injection	380	4,900	
Pulp, Paper and Sugar Mills	7300	94,000	
Water Cooling Towers	38	1,100	

<sup>\*</sup> Margin of Exposure (MOE) = NOEL/Exposure

All MOE estimates are considered conservative because of the worst-case assumptions e.g., not all workers were wearing protective clothing and equipment, and the exposure is assumed to be 100% absorbed. Actual dermal absorption of DCDIC may be 10% or less according to generally available information on the properties of salts. If a 10% dermal absorption factor were included in the MOE calculations, all of the MOE numbers would increase by a factor of 10. With adjustments for risk mitigation measures (protective clothing and equipment) and the use of a data-derived dermal absorption factor, the MOEs are expected to be higher than the presently calculated values.

The highest risk (the lowest MOE) appears to result from exposure to workers during the "open pour" application of DCDIC to cooling tower water. For this exposure scenario, the MOE is estimated to be 38. Because of the worst-case assumptions described above, the probable MOE is likely to be higher than 38. Applying a 10% dermal absorption factor increases the MOE to 380. The MOE for the same worker in the closed delivery system of "pump liquid" is estimated to be 1100. All other potential worker exposure involving DCDIC resulted in MOEs of well over 100. Therefore, risk of developmental toxicity to workers exposed to DCDIC is expected to be low when appropriate protective equipment and clothing are used.

Mixer/loader/applicator exposure to formulated end-use products for open pouring uses is expected. Label restrictions for appropriate personal protective equipment (protective eyewear, chemical resistant gloves, footwear, socks, long-sleeved shirt, long pants) are required. In addition, because of concern regarding mixer/loader inhalation exposure to DCDIC and potential DCDIC degradates, a respirator with either an organic-vapor-removing cartridge with a prefilter approved for pesticides (MSHA/NIOSH approval number prefix TC-23C), or a canister approved for pesticides (MSHA/NIOSH approval number prefix TC-14G) is required during open pouring.

Because post-application exposure to DCDIC is likely to be minimal, the potential risk for developmental toxicity is believed to be negligible. Residential exposure and potential risk to homeowners are not expected based on the use patterns for DCDIC, however, additional information concerning the quantification of hydrocyanic acid

(hydrogen cyanide, or HCN), cyanide (CN<sup>-</sup>), thiocyanate (SCN<sup>-</sup>), and all other groups with the potential to form CN<sup>-</sup>, at the range of pHs for which the DCDIC compounds are used, is required as confirmatory data.

#### C. Environmental Assessment

#### 1. Environmental Fate

DCDIC is an industrial biocide used for controlling microbial growth in air washer systems, industrial water cooling towers, evaporative condensers, heat exchangers, pulp and paper mills, secondary oil recovery injection water, and sugar mills. For these uses DCDIC has potential for environmental exposure. Other than these aquatic non-food industrial uses, all other uses of the chemical are for indoor food processing water systems, where minimal exposure to the environment is expected.

# a. Environmental Chemistry, Fate and Transport

Based on DCDIC's current use patterns, the Agency required only a hydrolysis study. Results of this study have been discussed above. In summary, DCDIC hydrolyzes to thiocyanate and SCN<sup>-</sup>, thione, and 3-amino-1,2,4-dithiazole-5-oxone. Because of possible HCN and/or CN<sup>-</sup> formation under certain circumstances, the Agency is requiring additional data to confirm this. With the exception of the final report on hydrolysis, there are no further data required to support the indoor uses at this time. The requirement for hydrolysis data has been partially satisfied, although products of hydrolysis have yet to be fully identified. Additionally, the data suggest that the process of hydrolysis is rapid at all pHs, ranging from about 2.5 minutes at pH 5 to 844 minutes at pH 9.

#### b. Environmental Fate Assessment

The Agency would normally require extensive supporting data for the secondary oil recovery use due to concerns for potential groundwater contamination. However, the Agency believes that properly encased and functioning injection wells will preclude contact between materials placed down the well and any aquifer in the vicinity. Therefore, the Agency concludes that DCDIC will not present a hazard to groundwater from this particular use and no further data pertaining to this use are required.

For the other aquatic industrial uses of this chemical, many carry National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) permit restrictions. The Agency has calculated the Tier Ic estimated environmental concentrations (EEC) for all uses except for pulp and paper mills. Appropriate data to assess potential risks posed by pulp and paper mill use will be shared with the Agency's Office of Water (OW) for uses by the permit writer.

A Tier Ic EEC determines the maximum concentration that occurs immediately downstream from an industrial (point source) discharge site. The calculated EECs are those for a high exposure site with a return frequency of one in 10 years. The high exposure site represents a site that would be expected to produce larger EECs than 90% of all sites with the specified use pattern. A one in 10 year EEC has a 10% probability of being equaled or exceeded in any single year at a given site or, would be equalled or exceeded once every ten years at that site on a long term average. This is similar to the site and frequency assumptions that are generally being used for agricultural pesticides. EECs for a 50% (typical) site at mean stream flow were also calculated. EECs for all these uses except pulp and paper mills are listed in Table 4.

Table 4. Tier Ic EECs for Disodium cyanodithioimidocarbonate					
Use Site	High Exposure Case	Typical Exposure Case			
Air Washer Systems	1.6 ppm	.0056 ppm			
Industrial Cooling Towers - Group A	5.0 ppm	.0080 ppm			
Industrial Cooling Towers - Group B	4.0 ppm	.0064 ppm			
Industrial Cooling Towers - Group C	3.0 ppm	.0048 ppm			
Industrial Cooling Towers - Group D	2.0 ppm	.0032 ppm			
Evaporative Condensers	4.0 ppm	.0064 ppm			
Heat Exchangers	3.0 ppm	.0048 ppm			
Secondary Oil Recovery Injection Water	0.8 ppm	.0028 ppm			
Sugar Mills - Group A	1.3 ppm	.0028 ppm			
Sugar Mills - Group B	5.5 ppm	.0183 ppm			
Groups within a use refer to one or more products with a similar application pattern for that use site.					

If an EEC does not exceed the level of concern (LOC), it indicates that it is highly likely that the chemical can be discharged into receiving waters without causing adverse effects. If the EEC does exceed the LOC, it may indicate that the pesticide can have a potential adverse impact on the environment. Because Tier lc EECs make many very conservative assumptions and only screen the environmental fate of the pesticide, they may significantly overestimate the true exposure to the chemical. A higher tier EEC calculation which more accurately reflects the fate and transport properties of DCDIC would likely show that the risk is less than that reported here. Waste water treatment prior to discharge, restriction on discharge during low flow periods and other methods which may be available through the NPDES permitting process and degradation and dilution of the pesticide in the waste stream may reduce concentrations below the level of concern at each site using the pesticide. All DCDIC product labels require that discharge of the pesticide with waste water be in compliance with an NPDES permit.

# 2. Ecological Effects

# a. Ecological Effects Data

Of three avian studies submitted, the Agency has determined that two mallard studies can be used to support reregistration of DCDIC. Six submitted aquatic studies are adequate for risk assessment: three freshwater aquatic studies and, three estuarine studies.

#### (1) Terrestrial Data

Based on two mallard studies, (MRIDs 00025563, 40643201) DCDIC is considered practically nontoxic to birds with acute oral  $LD_{50}$ = 3211 mg ai/kg and dietary  $LC_{50}$ > 10,000 ppm ai.

# (2) Aquatic Data

# **Freshwater Studies**

Based on three freshwater aquatic studies, (MRIDs 41870601, 41913001, 41897001) this chemical is considered no more than slightly toxic to freshwater fish and moderately toxic to freshwater aquatic invertebrates. Acute toxicity values are:  $LC_{50}=74$  mg ai/L for rainbow trout;  $LC_{50}=120$  mg ai/L for bluegill; and,  $EC_{50}=8.3$  mg ai/L for daphnids.

#### Estuarine/Marine Studies

Based on the three estuarine studies, (MRIDs 43151501, 43151502, 43151503) DCDIC is considered to be practically non-toxic to fish and moderately to highly toxic to estuarine invertebrates. Acute toxicity values are:  $LC_{50}\!=\!120$  mg ai/L for sheepshead minnow;  $EC_{50}\!=\!1.6$  mg ai/L for eastern oyster; and,  $LC_{50}\!=\!0.16$  mg ai/L for shrimp.

# (3) Non-Target Insects Data

Nontarget insect testing is not required based on the use patterns of DCDIC.

# (4) Non-Target Plants Data

Nontarget plant testing is not required based on the use patterns of DCDIC.

# b. Ecological Effects Risk Assessment

# Terrestrial

Because of the current use patterns of DCDIC, it is not expected to be found in the terrestrial environment at levels of concern. Therefore, risk to birds is expected to be minimal.

## Aquatic

DCDIC is considered to be no more than slightly toxic to freshwater and estuarine/marine fish, and moderately to highly toxic to aquatic invertebrates. The Agency has calculated (Table 4, above) Tier Ic EECs for aquatic residues occurring immediately downstream from industrial discharge sites except for the pulp and paper mill use. A stream flow screening model was used to determine a "high exposure case" and a "typical exposure case" EEC for each use site.

The Agency considers that the LOC is exceeded when the EEC value equals or exceeds 1/2 the LC<sub>50</sub> or EC<sub>50</sub> for a freshwater aquatic organism. For DCDIC, the freshwater fish LOC is 37 ppm, and the aquatic invertebrate LOC is 4.15 ppm. Typical exposure case EECs do not exceed LOCs for any of the use sites. High exposure case EECs do not exceed the LOC for freshwater fish, but exceed the aquatic invertebrate LOC for some cooling towers and sugar mills. Based on the acute toxicity values and the EECs provided, freshwater aquatic invertebrates may be at risk from effluents at high exposure sites.

Only certain use sites are associated with estuarine exposure. For DCDIC, these would be industrial cooling towers, oil recovery sites, and pulp/paper mills. For estuarine/marine organisms, typical exposure case EECs do not exceed LOCs for any of the use sites. High exposure case EECs do not exceed the LOC for estuarine/marine fish. The LOC for estuarine invertebrates, however, is 0.08 ppm. This level of concern is exceeded only at the high exposure scenario for all industrial cooling towers and for secondary oil recovery sites. Thus, estuarine/marine aquatic invertebrates may be at risk from effluents at high exposure (once in 10 years, average) for industrial cooling tower and oil recovery sites.

# **Endangered Species**

The LOC for aquatic endangered species is 1/20 the LC<sub>50</sub>. The endangered species LOCs are 3.7 ppm for freshwater fish, 0.415 ppm for freshwater invertebrate, 6 ppm for estuarine fish, and 0.008 ppm for estuarine/marine aquatic invertebrates. Typical exposure case EECs do not exceed LOCs for any of the use sites. High exposure case EECs exceed the endangered freshwater fish LOC for certain industrial cooling towers, evaporative condensers, and sugar mills but do not exceed the estuarine fish LOC for any uses. High exposure case EECs exceed the endangered aquatic invertebrate LOC (freshwater and estuarine) for all uses listed. Assessment for pulp/paper mills was not conducted.

DCDIC is expected to be discharged at a number of different sites. Endangered species may be exposed to effluents at these sites. Based on the above discussions, effluents containing DCDIC should not be discharged into aquatic habitats where endangered species are known to live.

# IV. RISK MANAGEMENT AND REREGISTRATION DECISION

# A. Determination of Eligibility

Section 4(g)(2)(A) of FIFRA calls for the Agency to determine, after submission of relevant data concerning an active ingredient, whether products containing the active ingredients are eligible for reregistration. The Agency has previously identified and required the submission of the generic (i.e. active ingredient specific) data required to support reregistration of products containing DCDIC active ingredient. The Agency has completed its review of these generic data, and has determined that the data are sufficient to support reregistration of all products containing DCDIC. Appendix B identifies the generic data requirements that the Agency reviewed as part of its determination of reregistration eligibility of DCDIC and lists the submitted studies that the Agency found acceptable.

The data identified in Appendix B were sufficient to allow the Agency to assess the registered uses of DCDIC and to determine that DCDIC can be used without resulting in unreasonable adverse effects to humans and the environment as discussed below in the Regulatory Position. The Agency therefore finds that all products containing DCDIC as the active ingredient are eligible for reregistration. The reregistration of particular products is addressed in Section V of this document.

The Agency made its reregistration eligibility determination based upon the target data base required for reregistration, the current guidelines for conducting acceptable studies to generate such data, and the data identified in Appendix B. Although the Agency has found that all uses of DCDIC are eligible for reregistration, it should be understood

that the Agency may take appropriate regulatory action, and/or require the submission of additional data to support the registration of products containing DCDIC if new information comes to the Agency's attention or if the data requirements for registration (or the guidelines for generating such data) change.

# 1. Eligibility Decision

Based on the review of the generic data for the active ingredient DCDIC, the Agency has sufficient information on the potential health and environmental effects from the uses of this pesticide. The Agency has determined that DCDIC products, labeled and used as specified in this Reregistration Eligibility Decision, will not pose unreasonable risks to humans or the environment. Therefore, the Agency concludes that products containing DCDIC for all uses are eligible for reregistration.

# 2. Eligible and Ineligible Uses

The Agency has determined that all uses of DCDIC are eligible for reregistration.

# **B.** Regulatory Position

The following is a summary of the regulatory positions and rationales for DCDIC. Where labeling revisions are imposed, specific language is set forth in Section V of this document.

#### 1. Tolerance Reassessment

Food Additive Tolerances for sugar beet and sugar cane mills have been set by FDA under 21 CFR 173.320. The Agency defers to FDA regarding dietary exposure to these uses.

In addition, food additive tolerances have been established for DCDIC for food contact with food grade paper, paperboard, (21 CFR 176.300) and adhesives (21 CFR 175.105). These uses are no longer active and are not supported for reregistration.

# 2. Effluent Discharge/Aquatic Risk Rationale

The Agency has determined that discharge to surface waters of effluent containing DCDIC may result from its use as a pesticide. Its use as a pesticide and its potential release to the environment subjects it to the requirements of both FIFRA and the NPDES program which is administered by the Agency's Office of Water (OW) with the states.

By their nature, industrial biocides are often toxic to aquatic organisms. This is evident from the ecotoxicology data presented in the Science Assessment presented above. The effect to the environment of discharges containing biocides depends heavily upon the volume, concentration, and other constituents of a particular discharge, as well as such features as the size, nature, and flow rate of waters receiving the discharge. The Tier Ic EECs modelling of DCDIC indicated that under typical exposure conditions for uses other than pulp and paper mills this biocide did not meet or exceed the Agency's LOCs for aquatic organisms. However, LOCs were exceeded for aquatic invertebrates under the high exposure scenario.

FIFRA permits EPA to require the generation of data on the effects of biocides and to set general limits and conditions of use of a biocide through statements on its labeling. However, these mechanisms do not readily provide for adaptation to varied and changing local conditions. Consequently, generalized regulation of a pesticide under FIFRA could inadequately restrict pesticide use under some local conditions. The NPDES process is designed to take local conditions into account through the issuance of permits for the discharge of pollutants to bodies of water. However, historically, specific information about the toxicological and environmental properties of biocides in effluent streams was not always readily available or considered in writing permits.

EPA's Office of Pesticide Programs (OPP) and OW intend to cooperate in the oversight of biocide uses to better employ the advantages offered by each program while avoiding unnecessary overlap in regulation. Under FIFRA, OPP will require the generation and submission to the Agency of information that will be used by OPP to identify extraordinary hazards that could affect national registration of biocide products use. Current information and that gathered in the future will be shared with the OW where it can be made available to NPDES permit writers in addressing local aquatic effects of biocide use. In addition, OW will alert OPP to any additional information that becomes available concerning unanticipated aquatic effects of the use of this biocide for OPP's use in national registration decisions for these products. This approach should provide sufficient environmental safeguards while avoiding redundant effort since it allows OPP to control the general approval of the biocide as required by FIFRA, but includes a mechanism for recognizing and dealing with potential local unacceptable effects through the NPDES program. Improved limitations on use under FIFRA and more accurate NPDES permitting decisions and accompanying permit limits for industrial biocides may be developed in the future as the information gathering and exchange program between the Offices progresses.

The Agency believes that the above process, coupled with the Agency's finding that the majority of uses of DCDIC do not raise extraordinary concerns about adverse effects from its potential discharge to surface waters, adequately addresses the test for reregistration of a pesticide under FIFRA -- "when used in accordance with widespread and commonly recognized practice it will not generally cause unreasonable adverse effects on the environment." Therefore, despite some concerns about potential effects to aquatic

organisms exposed to the effluent resulting from its use, the Agency has concluded that unreasonable adverse effects from the uses of DCDIC involving discharge to water are generally unlikely under the condition that an effluent discharge label statement (recognizing that any such discharge is subject to the NPDES process) is required for all products which have a potential for discharge to surface waters.

# 3. Endangered Species Statement

The Agency has concerns about the exposure of threatened and endangered species to DCDIC as discussed above in the science assessment chapter.

Currently, the Agency in conjunction with the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service and other federal and state agencies is developing a program ("The Endangered Species Protection Program") to identify all pesticides whose use may cause adverse impacts on endangered and threatened species and to implement mitigation measures that will eliminate the adverse impacts. The program would require use modifications or a generic product label statement, requiring users to consult county-specific bulletins. These bulletins would provide information about specific use restrictions to protect endangered and threatened species in the county. Consultations with the Fish and Wildlife Service will be necessary to assess risks to newly listed species or from proposed new uses.

# 4. Labeling Rationale

The Agency is imposing protective clothing and equipment for workers involved in the application of DCDIC products. Because (1) DCDIC is an eye and skin irritant and (2) a developmental toxicity concern exists, label restrictions for the use of appropriate personal protective equipment (PPE) are prudent to reduce the potential exposure from open pouring of formulated end-use products. These PPEs include protective eyewear, chemical-resistant gloves, footwear, socks, long-sleeved shirt, and long pants.

In addition, because of concern regarding mixer/loader inhalation exposure to DCDIC and potential DCDIC degradates, a respirator with either an organic-vapor-removing cartridge with a prefilter approved for pesticides (MSHA/NIOSH approval number prefix TC-23C) or a canister approved for pesticides (MSHA/NIOSH approval number TC-14G) is required during open pouring.

In order to remain in compliance with FIFRA, it is the Agency's position that the labeling of all registered pesticide products containing DCDIC must comply with the Agency's pesticide labeling requirements currently in place as well as those required through this document. The Agency has determined that the current end-use label precautions and those required through this document are appropriate and required for product reregistration.

Because all uses could result in discharged effluents which contain residues of DCDIC and these effluents are covered under NPDES permits, it is the Agency's position that label precautions must continue to include the NPDES permit required directive.

# V. ACTIONS REQUIRED BY REGISTRANTS

This section specifies the data requirements and responses necessary for the reregistration of both manufacturing-use and end-use products.

# A. Manufacturing-Use Products

# 1. Additional Generic Data Requirements

The generic data base supporting the reregistration of disodium cyanodithioimidocarbonate for the above eligible uses has been reviewed and determined to be substantially complete. There is a concern for genetic risk based on the positive Chromosome Damage <u>in vitro</u> Study. As confirmatory testing, a mammalian cell in culture forward gene mutation assay is required to maintain the continued registration of DCDIC. Results of the study will be evaluated to determined whether there is a potential heritable risk and if additional testing is appropriate.

Additionally, because of the concerns regarding potential post-application exposure to HCN and CN<sup>-</sup>, the Agency requires the registrant to provide quantification of hydrocyanic acid (hydrogen cyanide or HCN), cyanide (CN<sup>-</sup>), thiocyanate (SCN<sup>-</sup>), and all other groups with the potential to form CN<sup>-</sup>, at the range of pHs for which the DCDIC compounds are used, as confirmatory data.

A revised Confidential Statement of Formula and revised labeling are required as confirmatory data.

# 2. Labeling Requirements for Manufacturing-Use Products

**Effluent Discharge Labeling Statements** 

All manufacturing-use or end-use products that may be contained in an effluent discharged to the waters of the United States or municipal sewer systems must bear the following revised effluent discharge labeling statement:

"Do not discharge effluent containing this product into lakes, streams, ponds, estuaries, oceans or other waters unless in accordance with the requirements of a National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) permit and the permitting authority has been notified in writing

prior to discharge. Do not discharge effluent containing this product to sewer systems without previously notifying the local sewage treatment plant authority. For guidance contact your State Water Board or Regional Office of the EPA."

All affected products distributed or sold by registrants and distributors (supplemental registrants) must bear the above labeling by October 1, 1995. All products distributed or sold by persons other than registrants or supplemental registrants after October 1, 1997 must bear the correct labeling. Refer to PR Notice 93-10 or 40 CFR 152.46(a)(1) for additional information.

### B. End-Use Products

### 1. Additional Product-Specific Data Requirements

Based on the reviews of the generic data for the active ingredient DCDIC, the products containing DCDIC with uses for the control of algae and bacteria in commercial and industrial water systems are eligible for reregistration. Section 4(g)(2)B) of FIFRA calls for the Agency to obtain any needed product-specific data regarding the pesticide after a determination of eligibility has been made. The product specific data requirements are listed in Appendix G, the Product Specific Data Call-In Notice.

Registrants must review previous data submissions to ensure that they meet current EPA acceptance criteria (Appendix F; Attachment E) and if not, commit to conduct new studies. If a registrant believes that previously submitted data meet current testing standards, then study MRID numbers should be cited according to the instructions in the Requirement Status and Registrants Response Form provided for each product.

### 2. Labeling Requirements for End-Use Products

The labels and labeling of all products must comply with EPA's current regulations and requirements as specified in 40 CFR §156.10. Please follow the instructions in the Pesticide Reregistration Handbook with respect to labels and labeling.

### **Effluent Discharge Labeling Statements**

Refer to subsection A. above for labeling requirements for effluent discharge.

### **Personal Protective Equipment**

"For open pouring of this product workers must wear eyewear, chemical-resistant gloves, footwear, socks, long-sleeved shirt, long pants and a respirator with either an organic-vapor-removing cartridge with a prefilter approved for pesticides (MSHA/NIOSH approval number prefix TC-23C)

or a canister approved for pesticides (MSHA/NIOSH approval number prefix TC-14G)."

### C. Existing Stocks

Registrants may generally distribute and sell products bearing old labels/labeling for 26 months from the date of the issuance of this RED. Persons other than the registrant may generally distribute or sell such products for 50 months from the date of the issuance of this RED. However, existing stocks time frames will be established case-by-case, depending on the number of products involved, the number of label changes, and other factors. Refer to "Existing Stocks of Pesticide Products; State of Policy;" Federal Register, Volume 56, No. 123, June 26, 1991.

The Agency has determined that registrants may distribute and sell DCDIC products bearing old labels/labeling for 26 months from the date of issuance of this RED. Persons other than the registrant may distribute or sell such products for 50 months from the date of the issuance of this RED. Registrants and persons other than registrants remain obligated to meet pre-existing Agency imposed label changes and existing stocks requirements applicable to products they sell or distribute.

## VI. APPENDICES

APPENDIX A. Table of Use Patterns Subject to Reregistration

	2227	FD4 14	~ 14.1.4			gl 1 1 000	204 [704	<b>.</b> .		
Application Application Application Surface Type Timing Equipment Type	e 3065, Form	Minimum Application	Maximum Application	Max. # Apps.	Max. # Apps. @	Min. Interval Between Apps.	Restricted Entry	Geo	anodithioir graphic itations	midocarbonate] Use Pattern Limitations
		Rate (ppm a.i.)	Rate (ppm a.i.)		Max. Rate	@ Max. Rate (Days)	Interval	Allowed	Disallowed	
USES ELIGIBLE FOR REREGISTRA	ГІОМ									
FOOD/FEED USES										
Site: Food Processing Water Systems Use Gr	oup: IND	OOR FOOD								
water treatment, continuous feed (initial), measuring container, NA	SC/L	3 W	3 W	NS	NS	NS	NS	NA	NA	NS
water treatment, continuous feed (initial), metering pump, $\operatorname{NA}$	SC/L	3 W	3 W	NS	NS	NS	NS	NA	NA	NS
water treatment, continuous feed (initial), NOL, NA	SC/L	3 W	13 W	NS	NS	NS	NS	NA	NA	Do not discharge effluent containing this pesticide into sewage systems without notifying the sewage plant authority. Do not discharge effluent containing this product into lakes, streams, ponds, estuaries, oceans, or public water (NPDES license restriction)
NON-FOOD/NON-FEED USES										
Site: Air Washer Water Systems	Use G	roup: AQUA	TIC NON-FO	OOD IND	USTRIAL					
water treatment, intermittent (slug) (initial), NOL, NA	SC/L	2 W	4 W	NS	NS	NS	NS	NA	NA	Preclean claim; NPDES license restriction
water treatment, intermittent (slug) (subsequent), NOL, NA	SC/L	1 W	4 W	NS	NS	1	NS	NA	NA	Preclean claim; NPDES license restriction
Site: Commercial/Industrial Water Cooling Systems	Use G	roup: AQUA	TIC NON-FO	OD IND	USTRIAL	_				
water recirculating system treatment, intermittent (slug) (initial), measuring container, NA	SC/L	2 V	3 V	NS	NS	NS	NS	NA	NA	Preclean claim
water recirculating system treatment, intermittent (slug) (subsequent), measuring container, NA	SC/L	1 V	3 V	NS	NS	1	NS	NA	NA	Preclean claim
water recirculating system treatment, intermittent (slug) (initial), metering pump, NA	SC/L	2 V	3 V	NS	NS	NS	NS	NA	NA	Preclean claim
water recirculating system treatment, intermittent (slug) (subsequent), metering pump, NA	SC/L	1 V	3 V	NS	NS	1	NS	NA	NA	Preclean claim
water recirculating system treatment, intermittent (slug) (initial), NOL, NA	SC/L	1 V	5 V	NS	NS	1	NS	NA	NA	Preclean claim; NPDES license restriction; Do not discharge effluent containing this pesticide into sewage systems without notifying the sewage plant authority; Do not discharge effluent containing this product into lakes, streams, ponds, estuaries, oceans, or public water (NPDES license restriction)

Application Application Surface	Form	Minimum	Maximum	Max. #	Max. #	Min. Interval	Restricted	Geographic		Use Pattern Limitations	
Type Timing Equipment Type		Application Rate (ppm a.i.)	Application Rate (ppm a.i.)	Apps.	Apps. @ Max. Rate	Between Apps. @ Max. Rate (Days)	Entry Interval	Allowed	itations Disallowed		
USES ELIGIBLE FOR REREGISTRA	TION			1							
Site: Commercial/Industrial Water Cooling Systems	Use G	roup: AQUA	TIC NON-FO	OOD INDU	JSTRIAL (	Continued from p	orevious pag	e)			
water recirculating system treatment, intermittent (slug) (subsequent), NOL, NA	SC/L	< 1 V	5 V	NS	NS	1 7	NS	NA	NA	Preclean claim; NPDES license restriction; Do n discharge effluent containing this pesticide into sewage systems without notifying the sewage pla authority; Do not discharge effluent containing t product into lakes, streams, ponds, estuaries, oceans, or public water (NPDES license restricti	
water treatment, intermittent (slug) (initial), NOL, NA	SC/L	2 V	4 V	NS	NS	NS	NS	NA	NA	Preclean claim; Do not discharge effluent containing this product into lakes, streams, pond estuaries, oceans, or public water (NPDES licen restriction)	
water treatment, intermittent (slug) (subsequent), NOL, NA	SC/L	1 V	4 V	NS	NS	1	NS	NA	NA	Preclean claim; Do not discharge effluent containing this product into lakes, streams, poncestuaries, oceans, or public water (NPDES licen restriction)	
Site: Evaporative Condenser Water Systems	Use G	roup: AQUA	TIC NON-FO	OOD INDU	JSTRIAL						
water treatment, intermittent (slug) (initial), NOL, NA	SC/L	2 V	4 V	NS	NS	1	NS	NA	NA	Preclean claim; Do not discharge effluent containing this pesticide into sewage systems without notifying the sewage plant authority; Do not discharge effluent containing this product in lakes, streams, ponds, estuaries, oceans, or publisher (NPDES license restriction)	
water treatment, intermittent (slug) (subsequent), NOL, NA	SC/L	1 V	4 V	NS	NS	1 7	NS	NA	NA	Preclean claim; Do not discharge effluent containing this pesticide into sewage systems without notifying the sewage plant authority; Do not discharge effluent containing this product in lakes, streams, ponds, estuaries, oceans, or publisher (NPDES license restriction)	
Site: Heat Exchanger Water Systems	Use G	roup: AQUA	TIC NON-FO	OOD INDU	JSTRIAL						
water treatment, intermittent (slug) (initial), measuring container, NA	SC/L	2 V	3 V	NS	NS	NS	NS	NA	NA	Preclean claim	
water treatment, intermittent (slug) (subsequent), measuring	SC/L	1 V	3 V	NS	NS	1	NS	NA	NA	Preclean claim	

APPENDIX A - Case	e <b>3065</b> ,	[Disodium (	Cyanodithic	oimidoca	rbonate]	Chemical 063	301 [Disoc	lium Cya	anodithioi	midocarbonate]
Application Application Surface Type Timing Equipment Type	Form	Minimum Application	Maximum Application	Max. # Apps.	Max. # Apps. @	Min. Interval Between Apps.	Restricted Entry		graphic itations	Use Pattern Limitations
		Rate (ppm a.i.)	Rate (ppm a.i.)		Max. Rate	@ Max. Rate (Days)	Interval	Allowed	Disallowed	
USES ELIGIBLE FOR REREGISTRAT	TION									
water treatment, intermittent (slug) (initial), metering pump, NA	SC/L	2 V	3 V	NS	NS	NS	NS	NA	NA	Preclean claim
water treatment, intermittent (slug) (subsequent), metering pump, NA	SC/L	1 V	3 V	NS	NS	1	NS	NA	NA	Preclean claim
Site: Pulp/Paper Mill Water Systems	Use G	roup: AQUA	TIC NON-FO	OD IND	USTRIAL					
water treatment, NOL, drip-feed device, NA	SC/L	NC	NC	NS	NS	NS	NS	NA	NA	NS
water treatment, NOL, measuring container, NA	SC/L	NC	NC	NS	NS	NS	NS	NA	NA	NS
water treatment, NOL, metering pump, NA	SC/L	NC	NC	NS	NS	NS	NS	NA	NA	NS
Site: Secondary Oil Recovery Injection Water	Use G	roup: AQUA	TIC NON-FO	OOD IND	USTRIAL					
water treatment, continuous feed (initial), measuring container, NA	SC/L	1 V	2 V	NS	NS	NS	NS	NA	NA	NS
water treatment, continuous feed (initial), metering pump, NA	SC/L	1 V	2 V	NS	NS	NS	NS	NA	NA	NS

#### Abbreviations used

Header: ppm a.i. = parts per million of active ingredient; Max. # Apps. = maximum number of applications

Max. # Apps. @ Max. Rate = maximum number of applications at maximum rate

Min. Interval Between Apps. @ Max. Rate (Days) = minimum interval between applications at maximum rate (in days)

Form: SC/L = Soluble Concentrate/Liquid

Rate: W = calculated by weight; V = calculated by volume; NC = not calculated; < 1 = less than one

In general: NOL = not specified on the label; NA = not applicable; NS = not specified

APPENDIX B. Table of the Generic Data Requirements and Studies Used to Make the Reregistration Decision

### **GUIDE TO APPENDIX B**

Appendix B contains listings of data requirements which support the reregistration for active ingredients within the case Disodium Cyanodithioimidocarbonate covered by this Reregistration Eligibility Decision Document. It contains generic data requirements that apply to Disodium Cyanodithioimidocarbonate in all products, including data requirements for which a "typical formulation" is the test substance.

The data table is organized in the following format:

- 1. <u>Data Requirement</u> (Column 1). The data requirements are listed in the order in which they appear in 40 CFR Part 158. the reference numbers accompanying each test refer to the test protocols set in the Pesticide Assessment Guidelines, which are available from the National Technical Information Service, 5285 Port Royal Road, Springfield, VA 22161 (703) 487-4650.
- 2. <u>Use Pattern</u> (Column 2). This column indicates the use patterns for which the data requirements apply. The following letter designations are used for the given use patterns:
  - A Terrestrial food
  - B Terrestrial feed
  - C Terrestrial non-food
  - D Aquatic food
  - E Aquatic non-food outdoor
  - F Aquatic non-food industrial
  - G Aquatic non-food residential
  - H Greenhouse food
  - I Greenhouse non-food
  - J Forestry
  - K Residential
  - L Indoor food
  - M Indoor non-food
  - N Indoor medical
  - O Indoor residential
- 3. <u>Bibliographic citation</u> (Column 3). If the Agency has acceptable data in its files, this column lists the identifying number of each study. This normally is the Master Record Identification (MRID) number, but may be a "GS" number if no MRID number has been assigned. Refer to the Bibliography appendix for a complete citation of the study.

### **APPENDIX B**

REQUIR	EMENT	USE PATTERN	CITATION(S)
PRODU	JCT CHEMISTRY		
61-1	Chemical Identity	ALL	41683601
61-2A	Start. Mat. & Mnfg. Process	ALL	41683601, 42632501
61-2B	Formation of Impurities	ALL	41683601, 42632501
62-1	Preliminary Analysis	ALL	41683602
62-2	<b>Certification of limits</b>	ALL	41683602
62-3	Analytical Method	ALL	41683602
63-2	Color	ALL	41683603
63-3	Physical State	ALL	41683603
63-4	Odor	ALL	41683603
63-5	<b>Melting Point</b>	N/A	
63-6	<b>Boiling Point</b>	ALL	41683603
63-7	Density	ALL	41683603
63-8	Solubility	ALL	42951601
63-9	Vapor Pressure	ALL	42951601
63-10	<b>Dissociation Constant</b>	N/A	
63-11	Octanol/water Partition Coefficient	N/A	
63-12	рН	ALL	41683603
63-13	Stability	ALL	42951601

REQUIR	EMENT	USE PATTERN	CITATION(S)
63-14	Oxidizing and Reducing Acting	N/A	
63-15	Flammability	N/A	
63-16	Explodability	N/A	
63-17	Storage stability	ALL	42771701
63-18	Viscosity	ALL	41683603
63-19	Miscibility	N/A	
63-20	Corrosion characteristics	ALL	42771701
<b>ECOLO</b>	GICAL EFFECTS		
71-1A	Acute Avian Oral - Quail/Duck	F	25563
71-2A	Avian Dietary - Quail	F	42981301
71-2B	Avian Dietary - Duck	F	40643201
72-1A	Fish Toxicity Bluegill	F	41913001
72-1C	Fish Toxicity Rainbow Trout	F	41870601
72-2A	Invertebrate Toxicity	F	41897001
72-3A	Estuarine/Marine Toxicity - Fish	F	43151503
72-3B	Estuarine/Marine Toxicity - Mollusk	F	43151502
72-3C	Estuarine/Marine Toxicity - Shrimp	F	43151501
122-1A	Seed Germination/Seedling Emergence		WAIVED

REQUIRI	EMENT	USE PATTERN	CITATION(S)
122-1B	Vegetative Vigor		WAIVED
122-2	<b>Aquatic Plant Growth</b>		WAIVED
TOXICO	OLOGY		
81-1	Acute Oral Toxicity - Rat	ALL	41592601
81-2	Acute Dermal Toxicity - Rabbit/Rat	ALL	41592602
81-3	<b>Acute Inhalation Toxicity - Rat</b>	ALL	42952501
81-4	<b>Primary Eye Irritation - Rabbit</b>		WAIVED
81-5	<b>Primary Dermal Irritation - Rabbit</b>	ALL	41592603
81-6	<b>Dermal Sensitization - Guinea Pig</b>	ALL	41592604
<b>82</b> -3	90-Day Dermal - Rodent	ALL	40974801
83-3A	<b>Developmental Toxicity - Rat</b>	ALL	41009301
83-3B	<b>Developmental Toxicity - Rabbit</b>	ALL	41009401
84-2A	<b>Gene Mutation (Ames Test)</b>	ALL	40425101
84-2B	Structural Chromosomal Aberration	ALL	41177901,40425102
84-4	Other Genotoxic Effects	ALL	40425103
OCCUP	ATIONAL/RESIDENTIAL EXPOS	URE	
133-3	<b>Dermal Passive Dosimetry</b>		RESERVED
233	<b>Estimation of Dermal Exposure at Indoor Sites</b>	ALL	41412201

REQUIR	EMENT	USE PATTERN	CITATION(S)
ENVIR	ONMENTAL FATE		
160-5	Chemical Identity	ALL	41683601
161-1	Hydrolysis	ALL	42968001, 42595601*

<sup>\*</sup> PARTIALLY SATISFIED, MORE DATA REQUIRED

APPENDIX C. Citations Considered to be Part of the Data Base Supporting the Reregistration of Disodium Cyanodithioimidocarbonate

### **GUIDE TO APPENDIX C**

- 1. CONTENTS OF BIBLIOGRAPHY. This bibliography contains citations of all studies considered relevant by EPA in arriving at the positions and conclusions stated elsewhere in the Reregistration Eligibility Document. Primary sources for studies in this bibliography have been the body of data submitted to EPA and its predecessor agencies in support of past regulatory decisions. Selections from other sources including the published literature, in those instances where they have been considered, are included.
- 2. UNITS OF ENTRY. The unit of entry in this bibliography is called a "study". In the case of published materials, this corresponds closely to an article. In the case of unpublished materials submitted to the Agency, the Agency has sought to identify documents at a level parallel to the published article from within the typically larger volumes in which they were submitted. The resulting "studies" generally have a distinct title (or at least a single subject), can stand alone for purposes of review and can be described with a conventional bibliographic citation. The Agency has also attempted to unite basic documents and commentaries upon them, treating them as a single study.
- 3. IDENTIFICATION OF ENTRIES. The entries in this bibliography are sorted numerically by Master Record Identifier, or "MRID number". This number is unique to the citation, and should be used whenever a specific reference is required. It is not related to the six-digit "Accession Number" which has been used to identify volumes of submitted studies (see paragraph 4(d)(4) below for further explanation). In a few cases, entries added to the bibliography late in the review may be preceded by a nine character temporary identifier. These entries are listed after all MRID entries. This temporary identifying number is also to be used whenever specific reference is needed.
- 4. FORM OF ENTRY. In addition to the Master Record Identifier (MRID), each entry consists of a citation containing standard elements followed, in the case of material submitted to EPA, by a description of the earliest known submission. Bibliographic conventions used reflect the standard of the American National Standards Institute (ANSI), expanded to provide for certain special needs.
  - Author. Whenever the author could confidently be identified, the Agency has chosen to show a personal author. When no individual was identified, the Agency has shown an identifiable laboratory or testing facility as the author. When no author or laboratory could be identified, the Agency has shown the first submitter as the author.
  - b. Document date. The date of the study is taken directly from the document. When the date is followed by a question mark, the bibliographer has deduced the date from the evidence contained in the document. When the date appears

- as (19??), the Agency was unable to determine or estimate the date of the document.
- c. Title. In some cases, it has been necessary for the Agency bibliographers to create or enhance a document title. Any such editorial insertions are contained between square brackets.
- d. Trailing parentheses. For studies submitted to the Agency in the past, the trailing parentheses include (in addition to any self-explanatory text) the following elements describing the earliest known submission:
  - (1) Submission date. The date of the earliest known submission appears immediately following the word "received."
  - (2) Administrative number. The next element immediately following the word "under" is the registration number, experimental use permit number, petition number, or other administrative number associated with the earliest known submission.
  - (3) Submitter. The third element is the submitter. When authorship is defaulted to the submitter, this element is omitted.
  - (4) Volume Identification (Accession Numbers). The final element in the trailing parentheses identifies the EPA accession number of the volume in which the original submission of the study appears. The six-digit accession number follows the symbol "CDL," which stands for "Company Data Library." This accession number is in turn followed by an alphabetic suffix which shows the relative position of the study within the volume.

MRID	CITATION
00025563	Najarian, G.; Piccirillo, V.J. (1978) Final Report: Acute Oral LDæ50— in Mallard Ducks: Project No. 197-164. (Unpublished study received Oct 11, 1978 under 1448-54; prepared by Hazleton Laboratories America, Inc., submitted by Buckman Laboratories, Inc., Memphis, Tenn.; CDL:241676-B)
40425101	Jagannath, D. (1987) Mutagenicity Test on DCDIC in the Ames Salmonella/Microsome Reverse Mutation Assay: HLA Study No. 9971-0-401. Unpublished study prepared by Hazleton Laboratories America, Inc. 31 p.
40425102	Muril, H. (1987) Mutagenicity Test on DCDIC in an in vitro Cytogenic Assay Measuring Sister Chromatid Exchange Frequencies in Chinese Hamster Ovary (CHO) Cells: HLA Study No. 9971-0-438. Unpublished study prepared by Hazleton Laboratories America, Inc. 20 p.
40425103	Cifone, M. (1987) Mutagenicity Test on DCDIC in the Rat Primary Hepatocyte Unscheduled DNA Synthesis Assay: HLA Study No. 9971-0-447. Unpublished study prepared by Hazleton Laboratories America, Inc. 28 p.
40643201	Carr, S.; Piccirillo, V. (1978) Disodium Cyanodithioimidocarbonate: Subacute Dietary LC50 in Mallard Ducks: Project No. 197-165. Unpublished study prepared by Hazleton Laboratories. 7 p.
40974801	Siglin, J. (1988) 91-day Dermal Toxicity Study in Rats with DCDIC: Final Report: SLS Study No. 3138.21. Unpublished study prepared by Springborn Life Sciences, Inc. 443 p.
41009301	Rodwell, D. (1988) Teratology Study in Rats with DCDIC: Final Rept: SLS Study No. 3138.23. Unpublished study prepared by Springborn Life Sciences, Inc. 328 p.
41009401	Rodwell, D. (1988) Teratology Study in Rabbits with DCDIC: Final Rept: SLS Study No. 3138.25. Unpublished study prepared by Springborn Life Sciences, Inc. 228 p.
41177901	Murli, H. (1989) Mutagenicity Test on DCDIC in an in vitro cytogenetic Assay Measuring Sister Chromatid Exchange Frequencies in Chinese Hamster Ovary (CHO) Cells: Final Report: ProjectID: HLA Study No. 10855-0-438; Project No. 20990. Unpublished study prepared by Hazleton Laboratories America, Inc. 20 p.

MRID	CITATION
41412201	Popendorf, W.; Selim, M.; Kross, B. (1990) Chemical Manufacturers Association Antimicrobial Exposure Assessment Study: Lab Project ID: Q626. Unpublished Study prepared by Univ. of Iowa, Institute of Agricultural Medicine and Occupational Health. 209 p.
41592601	Naas, D. (1990) Acute Oral Toxicity (LD50) Study in Albino Rats with DCDIC: Lab Project Number: WIL-94031. Unpublished study prepared by Wil Research Laboratories, Inc. 92 p.
41592602	Naas, D. (1990) Acute Dermal Toxicity (LD50) Study in Albino Rabbits with DCDIC: Lab Project Number: WIL-94032. Unpublished study prepared by WIL Research Laboratories, Inc. 35 p.
41592603	Naas, D. (1990) Primary Dermal Irritation Study in Rabbits with DCDIC: Lab Project Number: WIL-94033. Unpublished study prepared by WIL Research Laboratories, Inc. 21 p.
41592604	Naas, D. (1990) Skin Sensitization Study in Albino Guinea Pigs with DCDIC: Lab Project Number: WIL-94034. Unpublished study prepared by WIL Research Laboratories, Inc. 47 p.
41683601	McNeel, T. (1990) Product Chemistry for DCDIC: Product Identity, Manufacturing Process, Discussion of Impurities. Unpublished study prepared by Buckman Laboratories International, Inc. 34 p.
41683602	McNeel, T. (1990) Product Chemistry for DCDIC: Preliminary Analysis, Certified Limits and Enforcement Analytical Techniques: Lab Project Number: 107-01. Unpublished study prepared by Buckman Laboratories International, Inc. 27 p.
41683603	McNeel, T. (1990) Product Chemistry for DCDIC: Physical/Chemical Properties. Unpublished study prepared by Buckman Laboratories International, Inc. 27 p.
41870601	Machado, M. (1991) (DCDIC) Acute Toxicity to Rainbow Trout (Oncorhynchus mykiss) under Flow-Through Conditions: Final Report: Project Numbers: 91-3-3712; 995.0390.6126.108. Unpublished study prepared by Springborn Laboratories, Inc. 62 p.

MRID	CITATION
41897001	Putt, A. (1991) DCDICAcute Toxicity to Daphnids (Daphnia magna) Under Flow-through Conditions: Final Report: Lab Project Number: 91-4-3739: 995.0390.6127.115. Unpublished study prepared by Springborn Laboratories, Inc. 64 p.
41913001	Machado, M. (1991) (DCDIC)-Acute Toxicity to Bluegill Sunfish (Lepomis macrochirus) Under Flow-Through Conditions: Lab Project Number: 91-5-3752: 995. 0390. 6125. 105. Unpublished study prepared by Springborn Laboratories, Inc. 64 p.
42632501	McNeel, T.; Conaway, L.; Barbee, D. (1990) Product Chemistry for DCDIC. Unpublished study prepared by Buckman Labs International, Inc. 34 p.
42771701	Whetzel, J. (1993) Determination of Storage Stability and Corrosion Characteristics of DCDIC: Lab Project Number: 82/91-BUC.13. Unpublished study prepared by Twin City Testing Corp. 30 p.
42951601	Siemann, L. (1993) Product Chemistry for DCDIC: Series 63, Physical and Chemical Characteristics: Lab Project Number: 3437-F. Unpublished study prepared by Midwest Research Institute. 48 p.
42952501	Rush, R. (1993) An Acute Whole-Body Inhalation Toxicity Study in Rats with DCDIC: Lab Project Number: 3138.98. Unpublished study prepared by Springborn Laboratories, Inc. (SLS). 124 p.
42968001	Gohdes, M. (1993) Hydrolysis of (carbon 14)-DCDIC in Aqueous Solutions Buffered at pH 5, 7 and 9: Supplement to the Final Report: Lab Project Number: WHI 6176-171. Unpublished study prepared by Hazleton Wisconsin, Inc. 53 p.
42981301	Pedersen, C.; Solatycki, A. (1993) Disodium Cyanodithioimidocarbonate (DCDIC); 8-Day Acute Dietary LD50 in Bobwhite Quail: Lab Project Number: 127-003-01R; 127-003-01. Unpublished study prepared by Bio-Life Associates, Ltd. 76 p.
43151501	Bettencourt, M. (1994) DCDICAcute Toxicity to Mysid Shrimp (Mysidopsis bahia) Under Flow-Through Conditions: Final Report: Lab Project Number: 94-1-5143: 995.0593.6168.515. Unpublished study prepared by Springborn Labs, Inc. 67 p.

MRID	CITATION
43151502	Dionne, E. (1994) DCDICAcute Toxicity to Eastern Oyster (Crassostrea virginica) Under Flow-Through Conditions: Final Report: Lab Project Number: 94-1-5146: 995.0593.6170.504. Unpublished study prepared by Springborn Labs, Inc. 66 p.
43151503	Bettencourt, M. (1994) DCDICAcute Toxicity to Sheepshead Minnow (Cyprinodon variegatus) Under Flow-Through Conditions: Final Report: Lab Project Number: 94-2-5158: 995.0593.6169.505. Unpublished study prepared by Springborn Labs, Inc. 68 p.

## APPENDIX D. List of Available Related Documents

The following is a list of available documents related to Disodium Cyanodithioimidocarbonate. It's purpose is to provide a path to more detailed information if it is needed. These accompanying documents are part of the Administrative Record for Disodium Cyanodithioimidocarbonate and are included in the EPA's Office of Pesticide Programs Public Docket.

- 1. Health and Environmental Effects Science Chapters
- 2. Detailed Label Usage Information System (LUIS) Report
- 3. Disodium Cyanodithioimidocarbonate RED Fact Sheet
- 4. PR Notice 86-5 (included in this appendix)
- 5. PR Notice 91-2 (included in this appendix) pertains to the Label Ingredient Statement

APPENDIX E. PR Notices 86-5 and 91-2

PR Notice 86-5



### UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20460

July 29, 1986

PR NOTICE 86-5

OFFICE OF PREVENTION. PESTICIDES

AND TOXIC SUBSTANCES

NOTICE TO PRODUCERS, FORMULATORS, DISTRIBUTORS AND REGISTRANTS

Attention: Persons responsible for Federal registration of

pesticides.

Standard format for data submitted under the Subject:

Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act (FIFRA) and certain provisions of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (FFDCA).

#### I. <u>Purpose</u>

To require data to be submitted to the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) in a standard format. This Notice also provides additional guidance about, and illustrations of, the required formats.

#### <u>Applicability</u> II.

This PR Notice applies to all data that are submitted to EPA to satisfy data requirements for granting or maintaining pesticide registrations, experimental use permits, tolerances, and related approvals under certain provisions of FIFRA and FFDCA. These data are defined in FIFRA §10(d)(1). This Notice does not apply to commercial, financial, or production information, which are, and must continue to be, submitted differently under separate cover.

### III. Effective Date

This notice is effective on November 1, 1986. Data formatted according to this notice may be submitted prior to the effective date. As of the effective date, submitted data packages that do not conform to these requirements may be returned to the submitter for necessary revision.

#### Background IV.

On September 26, 1984, EPA published proposed regulations in the Federal Register (49 FR 37956) which include Requirements for Data Submission (40 CFR §158.32), and Procedures for Claims of Confidentiality of Data (40 CFR §158.33). These regulations specify the format for data submitted to EPA under Section 3 of FIFRA and Sections 408 and 409 of FFDCA, and procedures which must be followed to make and substantiate claims of confidenmust be followed to make and substantiate claims of confidentiality. No entitlements to data confidentiality are changed, either by the proposed regulation or by this notice.

OPP is making these requirements mandatory through this Notice to gain resource-saving benefits from their use before the entire proposed regulation becomes final. Adequate lead time is being provided for submitters to comply with the new requirements.

#### V. Relationship of this Notice to Other OPP Policy and Guidance

While this Notice contains requirements for organizing and formatting submittals of supporting data, it does not address the substance of test reports themselves. "Data reporting" guidance is now under development in OPP, and will specify how the study objectives, protocol, observations, findings, and conclusions are organized and presented within the study report. The data reporting guidance will be compatible with submittal format requirements described in this Notice.

OPP has also promulgated a policy (PR Notice 86-4 dated April 15, 1986) that provides for early screening of certain applications for registration under FIFRA §3. The objective of the screen is to avoid the additional costs and prolonged delays associated with handling significantly incomplete application packages. As of the effective date of this Notice, the screen will include in its criteria for acceptance of application packages the data formatting requirements described herein.

OPP has also established a public docket which imposes deadlines for inserting into the docket documents submitted in connection with Special Reviews and Registration Standards (see 40 CFR §154.15 and §155.32). To meet these deadlines, OPP is requiring an additional copy of any <u>data</u> submitted to the docket. Please refer to Page 10 for more information about this requirement.

For several years, OPP has required that each application for registration or other action include a list of all applicable data requirements and an indication of how each is satisfied—the statement of the method of support for the application. Typically, many requirements are satisfied by reference to data previously submitted—either by the applicant or by another party. That requirement is not altered by this notice, which applies only to data <u>submitted</u> with an application.

#### VI. Format Requirements

A more detailed discussion of these format requirements follows the index on the next page, and samples of some of the requirements are attached. Except for the language of the two alternative forms of the Statement of Data Confidentiality Claims (shown in Attachment 3) which cannot be altered, these samples are illustrative. As long as the required information is included and clearly identifiable, the form of the samples may be altered to reflect the submitter's preference.

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	D. Z	Statement of Data Confidentiality Claims	
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	D. 3	Confidential Attachment 8 Supplemental Statement of Data Confidentiality	1
		Claims (other than those based on FIFRA $\S10(d)(1)$ ) 8	1
	D. 5	Good Laboratory Practice Compliance Statement 9	1
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#### A. Organization of Submittal Package

A "submittal package" consists of all studies submitted at the same time for review in support of a single regulatory action, along with a transmittal document and other related administrative material (e.g. the method of support statement, EPA Forms 8570-1, 8570-4, 8570-20, etc.) as appropriate.

Data submitters must organize each submittal package as described in this Notice. The transmittal and any other administrative material must be grouped together in the first physical volume. Each study included in the submittal package must then be bound separately.

Submitters sometimes provide additional materials that are intended to clarify, emphasize, or otherwise comment to help Product Managers and reviewers better understand the submittal.

- If such materials relate to <u>one</u> study, they should be included as an appendix to that study.
- If such materials relate to <u>more than one</u> study (as for example a summary of all studies in a discipline) or to the submittal in general, they must be included in the submittal package as a separate study (with title page and statement of confidentiality claims).

#### B. <u>Transmittal Document</u>

The first item in each submittal package must be a transmittal document. This document identifies the submitter or all joint submitters; the regulatory action in support of which the package is being submitted—i.e., a registration application, petition, experimental use permit (EUP), §3(c)(2)(B) data call—in, §6(a)(2) submittal, or a special review; the transmittal date; and a list of all individual studies included in the package in the order of their appearance, showing (usually by Guideline reference number) the data requirement(s) addressed by each one. The EPA—assigned number for the regulatory action (e.g. the registration, EUP, or tolerance petition number) should be included in the transmittal document as well, if it is known to the submitter. See Attachment 1 for an example of an acceptable transmittal document.

The list of included studies in the transmittal of a data submittal package supporting a registration application should be subdivided by discipline, reflecting the order in which data requirements appear in 40 CFR 158.

The list of included studies in the transmittal of a data submittal package supporting a petition for tolerance or an

application for an EUP should be subdivided into sections A, B, C,... of the petition or application, as defined in 40 CFR 180.7 and 158.125, (petitions) or Pesticide Assessment Guidelines, Subdivision I (EUPs) as appropriate.

When a submittal package supports a tolerance petition  $\underline{and}$  an application for a registration or an EUP, list the petition studies first, then the balance of the studies. Within these two groups of studies follow the instructions above.

#### C. Individual Studies

A study is the report of a single scientific investigation, including all supporting analyses required for logical completeness. A study should be identifiable and distinguishable by a conventional bibliographic citation including author, date, and title. Studies generally correspond in scope to a single Guideline requirement for supporting data, with some exceptions discussed in section C.1. Each study included in a submittal package must be bound as a separate entity. (See comments on binding studies on page 9.)

Each study must be consecutively paginated, beginning from the title page as page 1. The total number of pages in the complete study must be shown on the study title page. In addition (to ensure that inadvertently separated pages can be reassociated with the proper study during handling or review) use either of the following:

- Include the total number of pages in the complete study on each page (i.e., 1 of 250, 2 of 250, ...250 of 250).
- Include a company name or mark and study number on each page of the study, e g , Company Name-1986-23. Never reuse a study number for marking the pages of subsequent studies. When a single study is extremely long, binding it in multiple volumes is permissible so long as the entire study is paginated in a single series, and each volume is plainly identified by the study title and its position in the multi-volume sequence.

## C.1 <u>Special Considerations for Identifying Studies</u>

Some studies raise special problems in study identification, because they address Guidelines of broader than normal scope or for other reasons.

a. <u>Safety Studies</u>. Several Guidelines require testing for safety in more than one species. In these cases each species tested should be reported as a separate study, and bound separately.

Extensive supplemental reports of pathology reviews, feed analyses, historical control data, and the like are often associated with safety studies. Whenever possible these should be submitted with primary reports of the study, and bound with the primary study as appendices. When such supplemental reports are submitted independently of the primary report, take care to fully identify the primary report to which they pertain.

Batteries of acute toxicity tests, performed on the same end use product and covered by a single title page, may be bound together and reported as a single study.

b. <u>Product Chemistry Studies</u>. All product chemistry data within a submittal package submitted in support of an end-use product produced from registered manufacturing-use products should be bound as a single study under a single title page.

Product chemistry data submitted in support of a technical product, other manufacturing-use product, an experimental use permit, an import tolerance petition, or an end-use product

produced from unregistered source ingredients, should be bound as a single study for each Guideline <a href="series">series</a> (61, 62, and 63) for conventional pesticides, or for the equivalent subject range for biorational pesticides. The first of the three studies in a complete product chemistry submittal for a biochemical pesticide would cover Guidelines 151-10, 151-11, and 151-12; the second would cover Guidelines 151-13, 151-15, and 151-16; the third would cover Guideline 151-17. The first study for a microbial pesticide would cover Guidelines 151-20, 151-21, and 151-22; the second would cover Guidelines 151-23 and 151-25; the third would cover Guideline 151-26.

Note particularly that product chemistry studies are likely to contain Confidential Business Information as defined in FIFRA  $\S10(d)(1)(A)$ , (B), or (C), and if so must be handled as described in section D.3. of this notice.

c. Residue Chemistry Studies. Guidelines 171-4, 153-3, and 153-4 are extremely broad in scope; studies addressing residue chemistry requirements must thus be defined at a level below that of the Guideline code. The general principle, however, of limiting a study to the report of a single investigation still applies fully. Data should be treated as a single study and bound separately for each analytical method, each report of the nature of the residue in a single crop or animal species, and for each report of the magnitude of residues resulting from treatment of a single crop or from processing a single crop. When more than one commodity is derived from a single crop (such as beet tops and beet roots) residue data on all such commodities should be reported as a single crop, all such trials should be reported as a single crop, all such

#### D. Organization of Each Study Volume

Each complete study must include all applicable elements in the list below, in the order indicated. (Also see Page 17.) Several of these elements are further explained in the following paragraphs. Entries in the column headed "example" cite the page number of this notice where the element is illustrated.

<u>Element</u>	When Required	<u>Example</u>	
Study Title Page	Always	Page 12	
Statement of Data Confidentiality Claims	One of the two alternative forms of this statement is always required	Page 13	
Certification of Good Laboratory Practice	If study reports laboratory work subject to GLP requirements	Page 16	
Flagging statements	For certain toxicology studies (When flagging requirements are finalized.)		
Body of Study	Always - with an English language translation if required.		
Study Appendices	At submitter's option		
Cover Sheet to Confidential Attachment	<pre>If CBI is claimed under FIFRA §10(d)(1)(A), (B), or (C)</pre>		
CBI Attachment	If CBI is claimed under FIFRA §10(d)(1)(A), (B), or (C) Page 1		
Supplemental Statement of Data Confidentiality Claims	Only if confidentiality is claimed on a basis other than FIFRA §10(d)(1)(A), (B), or (		

#### D.1. Title Page

A title page is always required for each submitted study, published or unpublished. The title page must always be freely releasable to requestors; **DO NOT INCLUDE CBI ON THE TITLE PAGE**. An example of an acceptable title page is on page 12 of this notice. The following information must appear on the title page:

- a. <u>Study title</u>. The study title should be as descriptive as possible It must clearly identify the substance(s) tested and correspond to the name of the data requirement as it appears in the Guidelines.
- b. <u>Data requirement addressed</u>. Include on the title page the Guideline number(s) of the specific requirement(s) addressed by the study.
- c. <u>Author(s)</u>. Cite only individuals with primary intellectual responsibility for the content of the study. Identify them plainly as authors, to distinguish them from the performing laboratory, study sponsor, or other names that may also appear on the title page.
- d. <u>Study Date</u>. The title page must include a single date for the study. If parts of the study were performed at different times, use only the date of the latest element in the study.
- e. <u>Performing Laboratory Identification</u>. If the study reports work done by one or more laboratories, include on the title page the name and address of the performing laboratory or laboratories, and the laboratory's internal project number(s) for the work. Clearly distinguish the laboratory's project identifier from any other reference numbers provided by the study sponsor or submitter.
- f. <u>Supplemental Submissions</u>. If the study is a commentary on or supplement to another previously submitted study, or if it responds to EPA questions raised with respect to an earlier study, include on the title page elements a. through d. for the previously submitted study, along with the EPA Master Record Identifier (MRID) or Accession number of the earlier study if you know these numbers. (Supplements submitted in the same submittal package as the primary study should be appended to and bound with the primary study. Do not include supplements to more than one study under a single title page).
- g. <u>Facts of Publication</u>. If the study is a reprint of a published document, identity on the title page all relevant facts of publication, such as the journal title, volume, issue, inclusive page numbers, and publication date.
- D.2. Statements of Data Confidentiality Claims Under FIFRA  $\$10(d)(1)\,.$

Each submitted study must be accompanied by one of the two alternative forms of the statement of Data Confidentiality Claims specified in the proposed regulation in §158.33 (b) and (c) (See Attachment 3). These statements apply only to claims of data confidentiality based on FIFRA  $\S10(d)(1)(A)$ , (B), or (C). Use the appropriate alternative form of the statement either to assert a claim of  $\S10(d)(1)$  data confidentiality ( $\S158.33(b)$ ) or to waive such a claim ( $\S158.33(c)$ ). In either case, the statement must be signed and dated, and must include the typed name and title of the official who signs it. Do not make CBI

claims with respect to analytical methods associated with petitions for tolerances or emergency exemptions (see NOTE Pg 13).

#### D.3. Confidential Attachment

If the claim is made that a study includes confidential business information as defined by the criteria of FIFRA  $\S10(D)(1)(A)$ , (B), or (C) (as described in D.2. above) all such information must be excised from the body of the study and confined to a separate study-specific Confidential Attachment. Each passage of CBI so isolated must be identified by a reference number cited within the body of the study at the point from which the passage was excised (See Attachment 5).

The Confidential Attachment to a study must be identified by a cover sheet fully identifying the parent study, and must be clearly marked "Confidential Attachment." An appropriately annotated photocopy of the parent study title page may be used as this cover sheet. Paginate the Confidential Attachment separately from the body of the study, beginning with page 1 of X on the title page. Each passage confined to the Confidential Attachment must be associated with a specific cross reference to the page(s) in the main body of the study on which it is cited, and with a reference to the applicable passage(s) of FIFRA §10(d)(1) on which the confidentiality claim is based.

D.4. <u>Supplemental</u> Statement of Data Confidentiality Claims (See Attachment 4)

If you wish to make a claim of confidentiality for any portion of a submitted study other than described by FIFRA  $\S10(d)(1)(A)$ , (B), or (C), the following provisions apply:

- The specific information to which the claim applies must be clearly marked in the body of the study as subject to a claim of confidentiality.
- A Supplemental Statement of Data Confidentiality Claims must be submitted, identifying each passage claimed confidential and describing in detail the basis for the claim. A list of the points to address in such a statement is included in Attachment 4 on Pg 14.
- The Supplemental Statement of Data Confidentiality Claims must be signed and dated and must include the typed name and title of the official who signed it.
- D.5. Good Laboratory Practice Compliance Statement

This statement is required if the study contains laboratory work subject to GLP requirements specified in 40 CFR 160. Samples of these statements are shown in Attachment 6.

## E. Reference to Previously Submitted Data

DO NOT RESUBMIT A STUDY THAT HAS PREVIOUSLY BEEN SUBMITTED FOR ANOTHER PURPOSE unless EPA specifically requests it. A copy of the title page plus the MRID number (if known) is sufficient to allow us to retrieve the study immediately for review. This prevents duplicate entries in the Agency files, and saves you the cost of sending more copies of the study. References to previously submitted studies should not be included in the transmittal document, but should be incorporated into the statement of the method of support for the application.

#### F. Physical Format Requirements

All elements in the data submittal package must be on uniform 8 1/2 by 11 inch white paper, printed on one side only in black ink, with high contrast and good resolution. Bindings for individual studies must be secure, but easily removable to permit

disassembly for microfilming. Check with EPA for special instructions before submitting data in any medium other than paper, such as film or magnetic media.

Please be particularly attentive to the following points:

- Do not include frayed or torn pages.
- Do not include carbon copies, or copies in other than black ink.
- Make sure that photocopies are clear, complete, and fully readable.
- Do not include oversize computer printouts or fold-out pages.
- Do not bind any documents with glue or binding tapes.
- Make sure that all pages of each study, including any attachments or appendices, are present and in correct sequence.

Number of Copies Required - All submittal packages except those associated with a Registration Standard or Special Review (See Part G below) must be provided In three complete, identical copies. (The proposed regulations specified two copies; three are now being required to expedite and reduce the cost of processing data into the OPP Pesticide Document Management System and getting it into review.)

#### G. Special Requirements for Submitting Data to the Docket

Data submittal packages associated with a Registration Standard or Special Review must be provided in <u>four</u> copies, from one of which all material claimed as CBI has been excised. This fourth copy will become part of the public docket for the RS or SR case. If no claims of confidentiality are made for the study, the fourth copy should be identical to the other three. When portions of a study submitted in support of an RS or SR are claimed as CBI, the first three copies will include the CBI material as provided in section D of this notice. The following special preparation is required for the fourth copy.

- Remove the "Supplemental Statement of Data Confidentiality Claims".
- Remove the "Confidential Attachment".
- Excise from the body of the study any information you claim as confidential, even if it does not fall within the scope of FIFRA §10(d)(1)(A), (B), or (C). Do not close up or paraphrase text remaining after this excision.
- Mark the fourth copy plainly on both its cover and its title page with the phrase "Public Docket Material contains no information claimed as confidential".

#### For Further Information V.

For further information contact John Carley, Chief, Information Services Branch, Program Management and Support Division, (703) 305-5240.

/S/

James W. Akerman Acting Director, Registration Division

Sample Transmittal Document Sample Title Page for a Newly Submitted Study Statements of Data Confidentiality Claims Supplemental Statement of Data Confidentiality Attachment 1. Attachment 2. Attachment 3. Attachment 4. Claims Attachment 5. Attachment 6.

Samples of Confidential Attachments
Sample Good Laboratory Practice Statements
Format Diagrams for Submittal Packages and Studies Attachment 7.

#### ELEMENTS TO BE INCLUDED IN THE TRANSMITTAL DOCUMENT\*

1. Name and address of submitter (or all joint submitters\*\*)

<sup>†</sup>Smith Chemical Corporation 1234 West Smith Street Cincinnati, OH 98765

-and-

Jones Chemical Company 5678 Wilson Blvd Covington, KY 56789

\*Smith Chemical Corp will act as sole agent for all submitters.

2. Regulatory action in support of which this package is submitted

Use the EPA identification number (e.g. 359-EUP-67) if you know it. Otherwise describe the type of request (e.g. experimental use permit, data call-in - of xx-xx-xx date).

- 3. Transmittal date
- 4. List of submitted studies
  - Vol 1. Administrative materials forms, previous correspondence with Project Managers, and so forth.
  - Vol 2. Title of first study in the submittal (Guideline No.)
  - Vol n Title of nth study in the submittal (Guideline No.)
  - \* Applicants commonly provide this information in a transmittal letter. This remains an acceptable practice so long as all four elements are included.
  - \* Indicate which of the joint submitters is empowered to act on behalf of all joint submitters in any matter concerning data compensation or subsequent use or release of the data.

Company	Official: _	Name	Signature
Company	Name		
Company	Contact:		
		Name	Phone

# SAMPLE STUDY TITLE PAGE FOR A NEWLY SUBMITTED STUDY $\underline{Study\ Title}$

(Chemical name) - Magnitude of Residue on Corn

Data Requirement

Guideline 171-4

<u>Author</u>

John C. Davis

Study Completed On

January 5, 1979

Performing Laboratory

ABC Agricultural Laboratories 940 West Bay Drive Wilmington, CA 39897

Laboratory Project ID

ABC 47-79

Page 1 of X (X is the total number of pages in the study)

#### STATEMENTS OF DATA CONFIDENTIALITY CLAIMS

1. No claim of confidentiality under FIFRA §10(d)(1)(A),(B), or (C).

#### STATEMENT OF NO DATA CONFIDENTIALITY CLAIMS

No claim of confidentiality is made for any information contained in this study on the basis of its falling within the scope of FIFRA $6\$10(d)(1)(A)$ , (B), or (C).					
Company					
Company Agent: Date:					
Title Signature					

2. Claim of confidentiality under FIFRA §10(d)(1)(A), (B), or (C).

Information claimed confidential on the basis of its falling within the scope of FIFRA $\S10(d)(1)(A)$ , (B), or (C) has been removed to a confidential appendix, and is cited by cross-reference number in the body of the study.				
Company:				
Company Agent: _	Typed Name	Date:		
	Title	Signature		

#### STATEMENT OF DATA CONFIDENTIALITY CLAIMS

NOTE: Applicants for permanent or temporary tolerances should note that it is OPP policy that no permanent tolerance, temporary tolerance, or request for an emergency exemption incorporating an analytical method, can be approved unless the applicant waives all claims of confidentiality for the analytical method. These analytical methods are published in the FDA Pesticide Analytical Methods Manual, and therefore cannot be claimed as confidential. OPP implements this policy by returning submitted analytical methods, for which confidentiality claims have been made, to the submitter, to obtain the confidentiality waiver before they can be processed.

#### SUPPLEMENTAL STATEMENT OF DATA CONFIDENTIALITY CLAIMS

For any portion of a submitted study that is not described by FIFRA  $\S10(d)(1)(A)$ , (B), or (C), but for which you claim confidential treatment on another basis, the following information must be included within a Supplemental Statement of Data Confidentiality Claims:

- Identify specifically by page and line number(s) each portion of the study for which you claim confidentiality.
- Cite the reasons why the cited passage qualifies for confidential treatment.
- Indicate the length of time--until a specific date or event, or permanently--for which the information should be treated as confidential.
- Identify the measures taken to guard against undesired disclosure of this information.
- Describe the extent to which the information has been disclosed, and what precautions have been taken in connection with those disclosures.
- Enclose copies of any pertinent determinations of confidentiality made by EPA, other Federal agencies, of courts concerning this information.
- If you assert that disclosure of this information would be likely to result in substantial harmful effects to you, describe those harmful effects and explain why they should be viewed as substantial.
- If you assert that the information in voluntarily submitted, indicate whether you believe disclosure of this information might tend to lessen the availability to EPA of similar information in the future, and if so, how.

#### EXAMPLES OF SEVERAL CONFIDENTIAL ATTACHMENTS

 $\underline{\texttt{Example 1.}}$  (Confidential  $\underline{\texttt{word or phrase}}$  that has been deleted from the study)

CROSS REFERENCE NUMBER 1  This cross reference number is used in the study in place of the following paragraph(s) at the indicated volume and page references.			
DELETED WO	RDS OR	PHRASE: Ethylene Glycol	
PAGE	LINES	REASON FOR THE DELETION	FIFRA
REFERENCE	-		<del></del>
6	14	Identity of Inert Ingredient	§10(d)(C)
28	25	ıı G	n
100	19	II .	"

## Example 2. (Confidential paragraph(s) that have been deleted from the study)

CROSS REFER	ENCE NUMBER 5	This cross reference number is us following paragraph(s) at the indireferences.	
DELETED PA	RAGRAPH(S):		
(			)
(	Reproduce the deleted pa	aragraph(s) here	)
(			)
PAGE 20.		THE DELETION he quality control process	FIFRA REFERENCE §10(d)(1)(C)

## Example 3. (Confidential pages that have been deleted from the study)

CROSS REFERENC		number is used in the study in place of the s) at the indicated volume and page
DELETED PAGES	S(S): are attached immediately behind this page	ge
	EASON FOR THE DELETION escription of product manufacturing process	FIFRA REFERENCE §10(d)(1)(A)

## ATTACHMENT 6.

## SAMPLE GOOD LABORATORY PRACTICE STATEMENTS

## Example 1.

This study meets	the requirements for 40 CFR Part 160
Submitter	
Sponsor	

## Example 2.

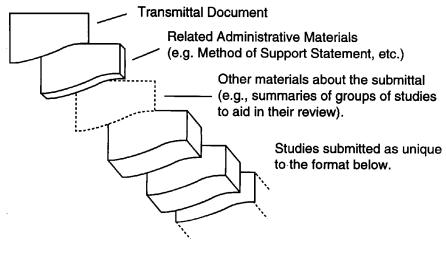
This study does not meet the requirements of 40 CF differs in the following ways:	R Part 160, and
1	-
2	-
3	-
Submitter	_
Sponsor	_
Study Director	_

## Example 3.

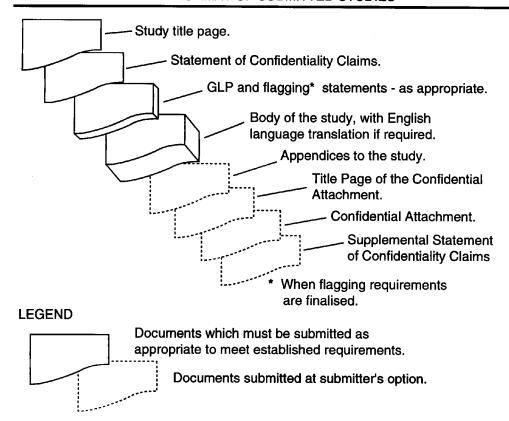
C	The submitter of this study was neither the conducted it, and does not know whether it had cordance with 40 CFR Part 160.	
	Submitter	

#### ATTACHMENT 7.

#### FORMAT OF THE SUBMITTAL PACKAGE



## FORMAT OF SUBMITTED STUDIES



PR Notice 91-2



#### UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20460

OFFICE OF PREVENTION, PESTICIDES AND TOXIC SUBSTANCES

#### **PR NOTICE** 91-2

NOTICE TO MANUFACTURERS, PRODUCERS, FORMULATORS, AND REGISTRANTS OF PESTICIDES

ATTENTION: Persons Responsible for Federal Registration of Pesticide Products.

SUBJECT: Accuracy of Stated Percentages for Ingredients Statement

#### I. PURPOSE:

The purpose of this notice is to clarify the Office of Pesticide Program's policy with respect to the statement of percentages in a pesticide's label's ingredient statement. Specifically, the amount (percent by weight) of ingredient(s) specified in the ingredient statement on the label must be stated as the nominal concentration of such ingredient(s), as that term is defined in 40 CFR 158.153(i). Accordingly, the Agency has established the nominal concentration as the only acceptable label claim for the amount of active ingredient in the product.

#### II. BACKGROUND

For some time the Agency has accepted two different methods of identifying on the label what percentage is claimed for the ingredient(s) contained in a pesticide. Some applicants claimed a percentage which represented a level between the upper and the lower certified limits. This was referred to as the nominal concentration. Other applicants claimed the lower limit as the percentage of the ingredient(s) that would be expected to be present in their product at the end of the product's shelf-life. Unfortunately, this led to a great deal of confusion among the regulated industry, the regulators, and the consumers as to exactly how much of a given ingredient was in a given product. The Agency has established the nominal concentration as the only acceptable label claim for the amount of active ingredient in the product.

Current regulations require that the percentage listed in the active ingredient statement be as precise as possible reflecting good manufacturing practices 40 CFR 156.10(g)(5). The certified limits required for each active ingredient are intended to encompass any such "good manufacturing practice" variations 40 CFR 158.175(c)(3).

The upper and lower certified limits, which must be proposed in connection with a product's registration, represent the amounts of an ingredient that may legally be present 40 CFR 158.175. The lower certified limit is used as the enforceable lower limit for the product composition according to FIFRA section 12(a)(1)(C), while the nominal concentration appearing on the label would be the routinely achieved concentration used for calculation of dosages and dilutions.

The nominal concentration would in fact state the greatest degree of accuracy that is warranted with respect to actual

product composition because the nominal concentration would be the amount of active ingredient typically found in the product.

It is important for registrants to note that certified limits for active ingredients are not considered to be trade secret information under FIFRA section 10(b). In this respect the certified limits will be routinely provided by EPA to States for enforcement purposes, since the nominal concentration appearing on the label may not represent the enforceable composition for purposes of section 12(a)(1)(C).

#### III. REQUIREMENTS

As described below under Unit V. " COMPLIANCE SCHEDULE," all currently registered products as well as all applications for new registration must comply with this Notice by specifying the nominal concentration expressed as a percentage by weight as the label claim in the ingredient(s) statement and equivalence statements if applicable (e.g., elemental arsenic, metallic zinc, salt of an acid). In addition, the requirement for performing sample analyses of five or more representative samples must be fulfilled. Copies of the raw analytical data must be submitted with the nominal ingredient label claim. Further information about the analysis requirement may be found in the 40 CFR 158.170. All products are required to provide certified limits for each active, inert ingredient, impurities of toxicological significance(i.e., upper limit(s) only) and on a case by case basis as specified by EPA. These limits are to be set based on representative sampling and chemical analysis(i.e., quality control) of the product.

The format of the ingredient statement must conform to 40 CFR 156-Labeling Requirements For Pesticides and Devices.

## After July 1, 1997, all pesticide ingredient StatementS must be changed to nominal concentration.

#### IV. PRODUCTS THAT REQUIRE EFFICACY DATA

All pesticides are required to be efficacious. Therefore, the certified lower limits may not be lower then the minimum level to achieve efficacy. This is extremely important for products which are intended to control pests which threaten the public health, e.g., certain antimicrobial and rodenticide products. Refer to 40 CFR 153.640.

In those cases where efficacy limits have been established, the Agency will not accept certified lower limits which are below that level for the shelf life of the product.

#### V. COMPLIANCE SCHEDULE

As described earlier, the purpose of this Notice is to make the registration process more uniform and more manageable for both the agency and the regulated community. It is the Agency's intention to implement the requirements of this notice as smoothly as possible so as not to disrupt or delay the Agency's high priority programs, i.e., reregistration, new chemical, or fast track (FIFRA section 3(c)(3)(B). Therefore, applicants/registrants are expected to comply with the requirements of this Notice as follows:

(1) Beginning July 1, 1991, all new product registrations submitted to the Agency are to comply with the requirements of this Notice.

- (2) Registrants having products subject to reregistration under FIFRA section 4(a) are to comply with the requirements of this Notice when specific products are called in by the Agency under Phase V of the Reregistration Program.
- (3) All other products/applications that are not subject to (1) and (2) above will have until July 1, 1997, to comply with this Notice. Such applications should note "Conversion to Nominal Concentrations on the application form. These types Or amendments will not be handled as "Fast Track" applications but will be handled as routine requests.

#### VI. FOR FURTHER INFORMATION

Contact Tyrone Aiken for information or questions concerning this notice on (703) 308-7031.

/s/ Anne E. Lindsay, Director Registration Division (H-7505C)

## APPENDIX F. Generic Data Call-In

## GENERIC DATA CALL-IN NOTICE

## CERTIFIED MAIL

#### Dear Sir or Madam:

This Notice requires you and other registrants of pesticide products containing the active ingredient(s) identified in Attachment 1 of this Notice, the Data Call-In Chemical Status Sheet, to submit certain data as noted herein to the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA, the Agency). These data are necessary to maintain the continued registration of your product(s) containing this active ingredient(s). Within 90 days after you receive this Notice you must respond as set forth in Section III below. Your response must state:

- 1. how you will comply with the requirements set forth in this Notice and its Attachments 1 through 4; or,
- why you believe you are exempt from the requirements listed in this Notice and in 2. Attachment 3, Requirements Status and Registrant's Response Form, (see section III-B);
- why you believe EPA should not require your submission of data in the manner specified 3. by this Notice (see section III-D).

If you do not respond to this Notice, or if you do not satisfy EPA that you will comply with its requirements or should be exempt or excused from doing so, then the registration of your product(s) subject to this Notice will be subject to suspension. We have provided a list of all of your products subject to this Notice in Attachment 2, Data Call-In Response Form, as well as a list of all registrants who were sent this Notice (Attachment 4).

The authority for this Notice is section 3(c)(2)(B) of the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide and Rodenticide Act as amended (FIFRA), 7 U.S.C. section 136a(c)(2)(B). Collection of this information is authorized under the Paperwork Reduction Act by OMB Approval No. 2070-0107 (expiration date 12-31-92).

This Notice is divided into six sections and five Attachments. The Notice itself contains information and instructions applicable to all Data Call-In Notices. The Attachments contain specific chemical information and instructions. The six sections of the Notice are:

Section I Why You Are Receiving This Notice Section II

**Section III** 

Data Required By This Notice
Compliance With Requirements Of This Notice
Consequences Of Failure To Comply With This Notice
Registrants' Obligation To Report Possible Unreasonable
Adverse Effects Section IV Section V

Section VI **Inquiries And Responses To This Notice** 

#### The Attachments to this Notice are:

Attachment 1 - Data Call-In Chemical Status Sheet

Attachment 2 - Data Call-In Response Form

Attachment 3 - Requirements Status And Registrant's Response Form List Of All Registrants Sent This Data Call-In Notice

## SECTION I. WHY YOU ARE RECEIVING THIS NOTICE

The Agency has reviewed existing data for this active ingredient(s) and reevaluated the data needed to support continued registration of the subject active ingredient(s). This reevaluation identified additional data necessary to assess the health and safety of the continued use of products containing this active ingredient(s). You have been sent this Notice because you have product(s) containing the subject active ingredient(s).

## SECTION II. DATA REQUIRED BY THIS NOTICE

## A. DATA REQUIRED

The data required by this Notice are specified in Attachment 3, Requirements Status and Registrant's Response Form. Depending on the results of the studies required in this Notice, additional testing may be required.

## B. SCHEDULE FOR SUBMISSION OF DATA

You are required to submit the data or otherwise satisfy the data requirements specified in Attachment 3, Requirements Status and Registrant's Response Form, within the time frames provided.

## C. TESTING PROTOCOL

All studies required under this Notice must be conducted in accordance with test standards outlined in the Pesticide Assessment Guidelines for those studies for which guidelines have been established.

These EPA Guidelines are available from the National Technical Information Service (NTIS), Attn: Order Desk, 5285 Port Royal Road, Springfield, Va 22161 (tel: 703-487-4650).

Protocols approved by the Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD) are also acceptable if the OECD-recommended test standards conform to those specified in the Pesticide Data Requirements regulation (40 CFR § 158.70). When using the OECD protocols, they should be modified as appropriate so that the data generated by the study will satisfy the requirements of 40 CFR § 158. Normally, the Agency will not extend deadlines for complying with data requirements when the studies were not conducted in accordance with acceptable standards. The OECD protocols are available from OECD, 1750 Pennsylvania Avenue N.W., Washington, D.C. 20006.

All new studies and proposed protocols submitted in response to this Data Call-In Notice must be in accordance with Good Laboratory Practices [40 CFR Part 160.3(a)(6)].

## D. REGISTRANTS RECEIVING PREVIOUS SECTION 3(c)(2)(B) NOTICES ISSUED BY THE AGENCY

Unless otherwise noted herein, this Data Call-In does not in any way supersede or change the requirements of any previous Data Call-In(s), or any other agreements entered into with the Agency pertaining to such prior Notice. Registrants must comply with the requirements of all Notices to avoid issuance of a Notice of Intent to Suspend their affected products.

## SECTION III. COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS OF THIS NOTICE

## A. SCHEDULE FOR RESPONDING TO THE AGENCY

The appropriate responses initially required by this Notice must be submitted to the Agency within 90 days after your receipt of this Notice. Failure to adequately respond to this Notice within 90 days of your receipt will be a basis for issuing a Notice of Intent to Suspend (NOIS) affecting your products. This and other bases for issuance of NOIS due to failure to comply with this Notice are presented in Section IV-A and IV-B.

## B. OPTIONS FOR RESPONDING TO THE AGENCY

The options for responding to this Notice are: 1) voluntary cancellation, 2) delete use(s), (3) claim generic data exemption, (4) agree to satisfy the data requirements imposed by this Notice or (5) request a data waiver(s).

A discussion of how to respond if you chose the Voluntary Cancellation option, the Delete Use(s) option or the Generic Data Exemption option is presented below. A discussion of the various options available for satisfying the data requirements of this Notice is contained in Section III-C. A discussion of options relating to requests for data waivers is contained in Section III-D.

There are two forms that accompany this Notice of which, depending upon your response, one or both must be used in your response to the Agency. These forms are the Data-Call-In Response Form (Attachment 2) and the Requirements Status and Registrant's Response Form (Attachment 3). The Data Call-In Response Form must be submitted as part of every response to this Notice. Please note that the company's authorized representative is required to sign the first page of the Data Call-In Response Form and Requirements Status and Registrant's Response Form (if this form is required) and initial any subsequent pages. The forms contain separate detailed instructions on the response options. Do not alter the printed material. If you have questions or need assistance in preparing your response, call or write the contact person identified in Attachment 1.

1. Voluntary Cancellation - You may avoid the requirements of this Notice by requesting voluntary cancellation of your product(s) containing the active ingredient(s) that is the subject of this Notice. If you wish to voluntarily cancel your product, you must submit a completed Data Call-In Response Form, indicating your election of this option. Voluntary cancellation is item number 5 on the Data Call-In Response Form. If you choose this option, this is the only form that you are required to complete.

If you choose to voluntarily cancel your product, further sale and distribution of your product after the effective date of cancellation must be in accordance with the Existing Stocks provisions of this Notice which are contained in Section IV-C.

2. Use Deletion - You may avoid the requirements of this Notice by eliminating the uses of your product to which the requirements apply. If you wish to amend your registration to delete uses, you must submit the Requirements Status and Registrant's Response Form, a completed application for amendment, a copy of your proposed amended labeling, and all other information required for processing the application. Use deletion is option number 7 on the Requirements Status and Registrant's Response Form. You must also complete a Data Call-In Response Form by signing the certification, item number 8. Application forms for amending registrations may be obtained from the Registration Support and Emergency Response Branch, Registration Division, (703) 308-8358.

If you choose to delete the use(s) subject to this Notice or uses subject to specific data requirements, further sale, distribution, or use of your product after one year from the due date of your 90 day response, must bear an amended label.

- 3. Generic Data Exemption Under section 3(c)(2)(D) of FIFRA, an applicant for registration of a product is exempt from the requirement to submit or cite generic data concerning an active ingredient(s) if the active ingredient(s) in the product is derived exclusively from purchased, registered pesticide products containing the active ingredient(s). EPA has concluded, as an exercise of its discretion, that it normally will not suspend the registration of a product which would qualify and continue to qualify for the generic data exemption in section 3(c)(2)(D) of FIFRA. To qualify, all of the following requirements must be met:
  - a. The active ingredient(s) in your registered product must be present solely because of incorporation of another registered product which contains the subject active ingredient(s) and is purchased from a source not connected with you; and,
  - b. every registrant who is the ultimate source of the active ingredient(s) in your product subject to this DCI must be in compliance with the requirements of this Notice and must remain in compliance; and
  - c. you must have provided to EPA an accurate and current "Confidential Statement of Formula" for each of your products to which this Notice applies.

To apply for the Generic Data Exemption you must submit a completed Data Call-In Response Form, Attachment 2 and all supporting documentation. The Generic Data Exemption is item number 6a on the Data Call-In Response Form. If you claim a generic data exemption you are not required to complete the Requirements Status and Registrant's Response Form. Generic Data Exemption cannot be selected as an option for product specific data.

If you are granted a Generic Data Exemption, you rely on the efforts of other persons to provide the Agency with the required data. If the registrant(s) who have committed to generate and submit the required data fail to take appropriate steps to meet the requirements or are no longer in compliance with this Data Call-In Notice, the Agency will consider that both they and you are not in compliance and will normally initiate proceedings to suspend the registrations of both your and their product(s), unless you commit to submit and do submit the required data within the specified time. In such cases the Agency generally will not grant a time extension for submitting the data.

4. Satisfying the Data Requirements of this Notice - There are various options available to satisfy the data requirements of this Notice. These options are

discussed in Section III-C of this Notice and comprise options 1 through 6 on the Requirements Status and Registrant's Response Form and option 6b and 7 on the Data Call-In Response Form. If you choose option 6b or 7, you must submit both forms as well as any other information/data pertaining to the option chosen to address the data requirement.

5. Request for Data Waivers. Data waivers are discussed in Section III-D of this Notice and are covered by options 8 and 9 on the Requirements Status and Registrant's Response Form. If you choose one of these options, you must submit both forms as well as any other information/data pertaining to the option chosen to address the data requirement.

## C. SATISFYING THE DATA REQUIREMENTS OF THIS NOTICE

If you acknowledge on the Data Call-In Response Form that you agree to satisfy the data requirements (i.e. you select option 6b and/or 7), then you must select one of the six options on the Requirements Status and Registrant's Response Form related to data production for each data requirement. Your option selection should be entered under item number 9, "Registrant Response." The six options related to data production are the first six options discussed under item 9 in the instructions for completing the Requirements Status and Registrant's Response Form. These six options are listed immediately below with information in parentheses to guide registrants to additional instructions provided in this Section. The options are:

- 1. I will generate and submit data within the specified time frame (Developing Data),
- 2. I have entered into an agreement with one or more registrants to develop data jointly (Cost Sharing),
- 3. I have made offers to cost-share (Offers to Cost Share),
- 4. I am submitting an existing study that has not been submitted previously to the Agency by anyone (Submitting an Existing Study),
- 5. I am submitting or citing data to upgrade a study classified by EPA as partially acceptable and upgradeable (Upgrading a Study),
- 6. I am citing an existing study that EPA has classified as acceptable or an existing study that has been submitted but not reviewed by the Agency (Citing an Existing Study).

## Option 1, Developing Data --

If you choose to develop the required data it must be in conformance with Agency deadlines and with other Agency requirements as referenced herein and in the attachments. All data generated and submitted must comply with the Good Laboratory Practice (GLP) rule (40 CFR Part 160), be conducted according to the Pesticide Assessment Guidelines (PAG), and be in conformance with the requirements of PR Notice 86-5. In addition, certain studies require Agency approval of test protocols in advance of study initiation. Those studies for which a protocol must be submitted have been identified in the Requirements Status and Registrant's Response Form and/or footnotes to the form. If you wish to use a protocol which differs from the options discussed in Section II-C of this Notice, you must submit a detailed description of the proposed protocol and your reason for wishing to use it. The Agency may choose to reject a protocol not specified

in Section II-C. If the Agency rejects your protocol you will be notified in writing, however, you should be aware that rejection of a proposed protocol will not be a basis for extending the deadline for submission of data.

A progress report must be submitted for each study within 90 days from the date you are required to commit to generate or undertake some other means to address that study requirement, such as making an offer to cost-share or agreeing to share in the cost of developing that study. A 90-day progress report must be submitted for all studies. This 90-day progress report must include the date the study was or will be initiated and, for studies to be started within 12 months of commitment, the name and address of the laboratory(ies) or individuals who are or will be conducting the study.

In addition, if the time frame for submission of a final report is more than 1 year, interim reports must be submitted at 12 month intervals from the date you are required to commit to generate or otherwise address the requirement for the study. In addition to the other information specified in the preceding paragraph, at a minimum, a brief description of current activity on and the status of the study must be included as well as a full description of any problems encountered since the last progress report.

The time frames in the Requirements Status and Registrant's Response Form are the time frames that the Agency is allowing for the submission of completed study reports or protocols. The noted deadlines run from the date of the receipt of this Notice by the registrant. If the data are not submitted by the deadline, each registrant is subject to receipt of a Notice of Intent to Suspend the affected registration(s).

If you cannot submit the data/reports to the Agency in the time required by this Notice and intend to seek additional time to meet the requirement(s), you must submit a request to the Agency which includes: (1) a detailed description of the expected difficulty and (2) a proposed schedule including alternative dates for meeting such requirements on a step-by-step basis. You must explain any technical or laboratory difficulties and provide documentation from the laboratory performing the testing. While EPA is considering your request, the original deadline remains. The Agency will respond to your request in writing. If EPA does not grant your request, the original deadline remains. Normally, extensions can be requested only in cases of extraordinary testing problems beyond the expectation or control of the registrant. Extensions will not be given in submitting the 90-day responses. Extensions will not be considered if the request for extension is not made in a timely fashion; in no event shall an extension request be considered if it is submitted at or after the lapse of the subject deadline.

## Option 2, Agreement to Share in Cost to Develop Data --

If you choose to enter into an agreement to share in the cost of producing the required data but will not be submitting the data yourself, you must provide the name of the registrant who will be submitting the data. You must also provide EPA with documentary evidence that an agreement has been formed. Such evidence may be your letter offering to join in an agreement and the other registrant's acceptance of your offer, or a written statement by the parties that an agreement exists. The agreement to produce the data need not specify all of the terms of the final arrangement between the parties or the mechanism to resolve the terms. Section 3(c)(2)(B) provides that if the parties cannot resolve the terms of the agreement they may resolve their differences through binding arbitration.

## Option 3, Offer to Share in the Cost of Data Development --

If you have made an offer to pay in an attempt to enter into an agreement or amend an existing agreement to meet the requirements of this Notice and have been unsuccessful, you may request EPA (by selecting this option) to exercise its discretion not to suspend your registration(s), although you do not comply with the data submission requirements of this Notice. EPA has determined that as a general policy, absent other relevant considerations, it will not suspend the registration of a product of a registrant who has in good faith sought and continues to seek to enter into a joint data development/cost sharing program, but the other registrant(s) developing the data has refused to accept your offer. To qualify for this option, you must submit documentation to the Agency proving that you have made an offer to another registrant (who has an obligation to submit data) to share in the burden of developing that data. You must also submit to the Agency a completed EPA Form 8570-32, Certification of Offer to Cost Share in the Development of Data. In addition, you must demonstrate that the other registrant to whom the offer was made has not accepted your offer to enter into a cost sharing agreement by including a copy of your offer and proof of the other registrant's receipt of that offer (such as a certified mail receipt). Your offer must, in addition to anything else, offer to share in the burden of producing the data upon terms to be agreed or failing agreement to be bound by binding arbitration as provided by FIFRA section 3(c)(2)(B)(iii) and must not qualify this offer. The other registrant must also inform EPA of its election of an option to develop and submit the data required by this Notice by submitting a Data Call-In Response Form and a Requirements Status and Registrant's Response Form committing to develop and submit the data required by this Notice.

In order for you to avoid suspension under this option, you may not withdraw your offer to share in the burdens of developing the data. In addition, the other registrant must fulfill its commitment to develop and submit the data as required by this Notice. If the other registrant fails to develop the data or for some other reason is subject to suspension, your registration as well as that of the other registrant will normally be subject to initiation of suspension proceedings, unless you commit to submit, and do submit the required data in the specified time frame. In such cases, the Agency generally will not grant a time extension for submitting the data.

#### Option 4, Submitting an Existing Study --

If you choose to submit an existing study in response to this Notice, you must determine that the study satisfies the requirements imposed by this Notice. You may only submit a study that has not been previously submitted to the Agency or previously cited by anyone. Existing studies are studies which predate issuance of this Notice. Do not use this option if you are submitting data to upgrade a study. (See Option 5).

You should be aware that if the Agency determines that the study is not acceptable, the Agency will require you to comply with this Notice, normally without an extension of the required date of submission. The Agency may determine at any time that a study is not valid and needs to be repeated.

To meet the requirements of the DCI Notice for submitting an existing study, all of the following three criteria must be clearly met:

- a. You must certify at the time that the existing study is submitted that the raw data and specimens from the study are available for audit and review and you must identify where they are available. This must be done in accordance with the requirements of the Good Laboratory Practice (GLP) regulation, 40 CFR Part 160. As stated in 40 CFR 160.3(7) " raw data means any laboratory worksheets, records, memoranda, notes, or exact copies thereof, that are the result of original observations and activities of a study and are necessary for the reconstruction and evaluation of the report of that study. In the event that exact transcripts of raw data have been prepared (e.g., tapes which have been transcribed verbatim, dated, and verified accurate by signature), the exact copy or exact transcript may be substituted for the original source as raw data. Raw data may include photographs, microfilm or microfiche copies, computer printouts, magnetic media, including dictated observations, and recorded data from automated instruments." The term "specimens", according to 40 CFR 160.3(7), means "any material derived from a test system for examination or analysis."
- b. Health and safety studies completed after May 1984 must also contain all GLP-required quality assurance and quality control information, pursuant to the requirements of 40 CFR Part 160. Registrants must also certify at the time of submitting the existing study that such GLP information is available for post-May 1984 studies by including an appropriate statement on or attached to the study signed by an authorized official or representative of the registrant.
- c. You must certify that each study fulfills the acceptance criteria for the Guideline relevant to the study provided in the FIFRA Accelerated Reregistration Phase 3 Technical Guidance and that the study has been conducted according to the Pesticide Assessment Guidelines (PAG) or meets the purpose of the PAG (both available from NTIS). A study not conducted according to the PAG may be submitted to the Agency for consideration if the registrant believes that the study clearly meets the purpose of the PAG. The registrant is referred to 40 CFR 158.70 which states the Agency's policy regarding acceptable protocols. If you wish to submit the study, you must, in addition to certifying that the purposes of the PAG are met by the study, clearly articulate the rationale why you believe the study meets the purpose of the PAG, including copies of any supporting information or data. It has been the Agency's experience that studies completed prior to January 1970 rarely satisfied the purpose of the PAG and that necessary raw data are usually not available for such studies.

If you submit an existing study, you must certify that the study meets all requirements of the criteria outlined above.

If EPA has previously reviewed a protocol for a study you are submitting, you must identify any action taken by the Agency on the protocol and must indicate, as part of your certification, the manner in which all Agency comments, concerns, or issues were addressed in the final protocol and study.

If you know of a study pertaining to any requirement in this Notice which does not meet the criteria outlined above but does contain factual information regarding unreasonable adverse effects, you must notify the Agency of such a study. If such a study is in the Agency's files, you need only cite it along with the notification. If not in the Agency's files, you must submit a summary and copies as required by PR Notice 86-5.

## Option 5, Upgrading a Study --

If a study has been classified as partially acceptable and upgradeable, you may submit data to upgrade that study. The Agency will review the data submitted and determine if the requirement is satisfied. If the Agency decides the requirement is not satisfied, you may still be required to submit new data normally without any time extension. Deficient, but upgradeable studies will normally be classified as supplemental. However, it is important to note that not all studies classified as supplemental are upgradeable. If you have questions regarding the classification of a study or whether a study may be upgraded, call or write the contact person listed in Attachment 1. If you submit data to upgrade an existing study you must satisfy or supply information to correct all deficiencies in the study identified by EPA. You must provide a clearly articulated rationale of how the deficiencies have been remedied or corrected and why the study should be rated as acceptable to EPA. Your submission must also specify the MRID number(s) of the study which you are attempting to upgrade and must be in conformance with PR Notice 86-5.

Do not submit additional data for the purpose of upgrading a study classified as unacceptable and determined by the Agency as not capable of being upgraded.

This option should also be used to cite data that has been previously submitted to upgrade a study, but has not yet been reviewed by the Agency. You must provide the MRID number of the data submission as well as the MRID number of the study being upgraded.

The criteria for submitting an existing study, as specified in Option 4 above, apply to all data submissions intended to upgrade studies. Additionally your submission of data intended to upgrade studies must be accompanied by a certification that you comply with each of those criteria as well as a certification regarding protocol compliance with Agency requirements.

## Option 6, Citing Existing Studies --

If you choose to cite a study that has been previously submitted to EPA, that study must have been previously classified by EPA as acceptable or it must be a study which has not yet been reviewed by the Agency. Acceptable toxicology studies generally will have been classified as "core-guideline" or "core minimum." For ecological effects studies, the classification generally would be a rating of "core." For all other disciplines the classification would be "acceptable." With respect to any studies for which you wish to select this option you must provide the MRID number of the study you are citing and, if the study has been reviewed by the Agency, you must provide the Agency's classification of the study.

If you are citing a study of which you are not the original data submitter, you must submit a completed copy of EPA Form 8570-31, Certification with Respect to Data Compensation Requirements.

## D. REQUESTS FOR DATA WAIVERS

There are two types of data waiver responses to this Notice. The first is a request for a low volume/minor use waiver and the second is a waiver request based on your belief that the data requirement(s) are inapplicable and do not apply to your product.

1. Low Volume/Minor Use Waiver -- Option 8 on the Requirements Status and Registrant's Response Form. Section 3(c)(2)(A) of FIFRA requires EPA to consider the appropriateness of requiring data for low volume, minor use pesticides. In implementing this provision EPA considers as low volume pesticides only those active ingredient(s) whose total production volume for all pesticide registrants is small. In determining whether to grant a low volume, minor use waiver the Agency will consider the extent, pattern and volume of use, the economic incentive to conduct the testing, the importance of the pesticide, and the exposure and risk from use of the pesticide. If an active ingredient(s) is used for both high volume and low volume uses, a low volume exemption will not be approved. If all uses of an active ingredient(s) are low volume and the combined volumes for all uses are also low, then an exemption may be granted, depending on review of other information outlined below. An exemption will not be granted if any registrant of the active ingredient(s) elects to conduct the testing. Any registrant receiving a low volume minor use waiver must remain within the sales figures in their forecast supporting the waiver request in order to remain qualified for such waiver. If granted a waiver, a registrant will be required, as a condition of the waiver, to submit annual sales reports. The Agency will respond to requests for waivers in writing.

To apply for a low volume, minor use waiver, you must submit the following information, as applicable to your product(s), as part of your 90-day response to this Notice:

- a. Total company sales (pounds and dollars) of all registered product(s) containing the active ingredient(s). If applicable to the active ingredient(s), include foreign sales for those products that are not registered in this country but are applied to sugar (cane or beet), coffee, bananas, cocoa, and other such crops. Present the above information by year for each of the past five years.
- b. Provide an estimate of the sales (pounds and dollars) of the active ingredient(s) for each major use site. Present the above information by year for each of the past five years.
- c. Total direct production cost of product(s) containing the active ingredient(s) by year for the past five years. Include information on raw material cost, direct labor cost, advertising, sales and marketing, and any other significant costs listed separately.
- d. Total indirect production cost (e.g. plant overhead, amortized plant and equipment) charged to product(s) containing the active ingredient(s) by year for the past five years. Exclude all non-recurring costs that were directly related to the active ingredient(s), such as costs of initial registration and any data development.
- e. A list of each data requirement for which you seek a waiver. Indicate the type of waiver sought and the estimated cost to you (listed separately for each data requirement and associated test) of conducting the testing needed to fulfill each of these data requirements.

- f. A list of each data requirement for which you are not seeking any waiver and the estimated cost to you (listed separately for each data requirement and associated test) of conducting the testing needed to fulfill each of these data requirements.
- g. For each of the next ten years, a year-by-year forecast of company sales (pounds and dollars) of the active ingredient(s), direct production costs of product(s) containing the active ingredient(s) (following the parameters in item c above), indirect production costs of product(s) containing the active ingredient(s) (following the parameters in item d above), and costs of data development pertaining to the active ingredient(s).
- h. A description of the importance and unique benefits of the active ingredient(s) to users. Discuss the use patterns and the effectiveness of the active ingredient(s) relative to registered alternative chemicals and non-chemical control strategies. Focus on benefits unique to the active ingredient(s), providing information that is as quantitative as possible. If you do not have quantitative data upon which to base your estimates, then present the reasoning used to derive your estimates. To assist the Agency in determining the degree of importance of the active ingredient(s) in terms of its benefits, you should provide information on any of the following factors, as applicable to your product(s):
- (1) documentation of the usefulness of the active ingredient(s) in Integrated Pest Management, (b) description of the beneficial impacts on the environment of use of the active ingredient(s), as opposed to its registered alternatives, (c) information on the breakdown of the active ingredient(s) after use and on its persistence in the environment, and (d) description of its usefulness against a pest(s) of public health significance.

Failure to submit sufficient information for the Agency to make a determination regarding a request for a low volume minor use waiver will result in denial of the request for a waiver.

2. Request for Waiver of Data --Option 9 on the Requirements Status and Registrant's Response Form. This option may be used if you believe that a particular data requirement should not apply because the corresponding use is no longer registered or the requirement is inappropriate. You must submit a rationale explaining why you believe the data requirements should not apply. You must also submit the current label(s) of your product(s) and, if a current copy of your Confidential Statement of Formula is not already on file you must submit a current copy.

You will be informed of the Agency's decision in writing. If the Agency determines that the data requirements of this Notice do not apply to your product(s), you will not be required to supply the data pursuant to section 3(c)(2)(B). If EPA determines that the data are required for your product(s), you must choose a method of meeting the requirements of this Notice within the time frame provided by this Notice. Within 30 days of your receipt of the Agency's written decision, you must submit a revised Requirements Status and Registrant's Response Form indicating the option chosen.

## IV. CONSEQUENCES OF FAILURE TO COMPLY WITH THIS NOTICE

## A. NOTICE OF INTENT TO SUSPEND

The Agency may issue a Notice of Intent to Suspend products subject to this Notice due to failure by a registrant to comply with the requirements of this Data Call-In Notice, pursuant to FIFRA section 3(c)(2)(B). Events which may be the basis for issuance of a Notice of Intent to Suspend include, but are not limited to, the following:

- 1. Failure to respond as required by this Notice within 90 days of your receipt of this Notice.
- 2. Failure to submit on the required schedule an acceptable proposed or final protocol when such is required to be submitted to the Agency for review.
- 3. Failure to submit on the required schedule an adequate progress report on a study as required by this Notice.
- 4. Failure to submit on the required schedule acceptable data as required by this Notice.
- 5. Failure to take a required action or submit adequate information pertaining to any option chosen to address the data requirements (e.g., any required action or information pertaining to submission or citation of existing studies or offers, arrangements, or arbitration on the sharing of costs or the formation of Task Forces, failure to comply with the terms of an agreement or arbitration concerning joint data development or failure to comply with any terms of a data waiver).
- 6. Failure to submit supportable certifications as to the conditions of submitted studies, as required by Section III-C of this Notice.
- 7. Withdrawal of an offer to share in the cost of developing required data.
- 8. Failure of the registrant to whom you have tendered an offer to share in the cost of developing data and provided proof of the registrant's receipt of such offer, or failure of a registrant on whom you rely for a generic data exemption either to:
  - a. inform EPA of intent to develop and submit the data required by this Notice on a Data Call-In Response Form and a Requirements Status and Registrant's Response Form; or,
  - b. fulfill the commitment to develop and submit the data as required by this Notice; or,
  - c. otherwise take appropriate steps to meet the requirements stated in this Notice, unless you commit to submit and do submit the required data in the specified time frame.
- 9. Failure to take any required or appropriate steps, not mentioned above, at any time following the issuance of this Notice.
- B. BASIS FOR DETERMINATION THAT SUBMITTED STUDY IS UNACCEPTABLE

The Agency may determine that a study (even if submitted within the required time) is unacceptable and constitutes a basis for issuance of a Notice of Intent to Suspend. The grounds for suspension include, but are not limited to, failure to meet any of the following:

- 1. EPA requirements specified in the Data Call-In Notice or other documents incorporated by reference (including, as applicable, EPA Pesticide Assessment Guidelines, Data Reporting Guidelines, and GeneTox Health Effects Test Guidelines) regarding the design, conduct, and reporting of required studies. Such requirements include, but are not limited to, those relating to test material, test procedures, selection of species, number of animals, sex and distribution of animals, dose and effect levels to be tested or attained, duration of test, and, as applicable, Good Laboratory Practices.
- 2. EPA requirements regarding the submission of protocols, including the incorporation of any changes required by the Agency following review.
- 3. EPA requirements regarding the reporting of data, including the manner of reporting, the completeness of results, and the adequacy of any required supporting (or raw) data, including, but not limited to, requirements referenced or included in this Notice or contained in PR 86-5. All studies must be submitted in the form of a final report; a preliminary report will not be considered to fulfill the submission requirement.

#### C. EXISTING STOCKS OF SUSPENDED OR CANCELLED PRODUCTS

EPA has statutory authority to permit continued sale, distribution and use of existing stocks of a pesticide product which has been suspended or cancelled if doing so would be consistent with the purposes of the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act.

The Agency has determined that such disposition by registrants of existing stocks for a suspended registration when a section 3(c)(2)(B) data request is outstanding would generally not be consistent with the Act's purposes. Accordingly, the Agency anticipates granting registrants permission to sell, distribute, or use existing stocks of suspended product(s) only in exceptional circumstances. If you believe such disposition of existing stocks of your product(s) which may be suspended for failure to comply with this Notice should be permitted, you have the burden of clearly demonstrating to EPA that granting such permission would be consistent with the Act. You must also explain why an "existing stocks" provision is necessary, including a statement of the quantity of existing stocks and your estimate of the time required for their sale, distribution, and use. Unless you meet this burden the Agency will not consider any request pertaining to the continued sale, distribution, or use of your existing stocks after suspension.

If you request a voluntary cancellation of your product(s) as a response to this Notice and your product is in full compliance with all Agency requirements, you will have, under most circumstances, one year from the date your 90 day response to this Notice is due, to sell, distribute, or use existing stocks. Normally, the Agency will allow persons other than the registrant such as independent distributors, retailers and end users to sell, distribute or use such existing stocks until the stocks are exhausted. Any sale, distribution or use of stocks of voluntarily cancelled products containing an active ingredient(s) for which the Agency has particular risk concerns will be determined on case-by-case basis.

Requests for voluntary cancellation received after the 90 day response period required by this Notice will not result in the Agency granting any additional time to sell,

distribute, or use existing stocks beyond a year from the date the 90 day response was due unless you demonstrate to the Agency that you are in full compliance with all Agency requirements, including the requirements of this Notice. For example, if you decide to voluntarily cancel your registration six months before a 3 year study is scheduled to be submitted, all progress reports and other information necessary to establish that you have been conducting the study in an acceptable and good faith manner must have been submitted to the Agency, before EPA will consider granting an existing stocks provision.

# SECTION V. REGISTRANTS' OBLIGATION TO REPORT POSSIBLE UNREASONABLE ADVERSE EFFECTS

Registrants are reminded that FIFRA section 6(a)(2) states that if at any time after a pesticide is registered a registrant has additional factual information regarding unreasonable adverse effects on the environment by the pesticide, the registrant shall submit the information to the Agency. Registrants must notify the Agency of any factual information they have, from whatever source, including but not limited to interim or preliminary results of studies, regarding unreasonable adverse effects on man or the environment. This requirement continues as long as the products are registered by the Agency.

# SECTION VI. INQUIRIES AND RESPONSES TO THIS NOTICE

If you have any questions regarding the requirements and procedures established by this Notice, call the contact person listed in Attachment 1, the Data Call-In Chemical Status Sheet.

All responses to this Notice (other than voluntary cancellation requests and generic data exemption claims) must include a completed Data Call-In Response Form (Attachment 2) and a completed Requirements Status and Registrant's Response Form (Attachment 3) and any other documents required by this Notice, and should be submitted to the contact person identified in Attachment 1. If the voluntary cancellation or generic data exemption option is chosen, only the Data Call-In Response Form need be submitted.

The Office of Compliance (OC) of the Office of Enforcement and Compliance Assurance (OECA), EPA, will be monitoring the data being generated in response to this Notice.

Sincerely yours,

Louis P. True, Jr., Acting Director Special Review and Reregistration Division

# **Attachment 1. Chemical Status Sheet**

### Disodium Cyanodithioimidocarbonate DATA CALL-IN CHEMICAL STATUS SHEET

#### INTRODUCTION

You have been sent this Generic Data Call-In Notice because you have product(s) containing Disodium Cyanodithioimidocarbonate.

This Generic Data Call-In Chemical Status Sheet, contains an overview of data required by this notice, and point of contact for inquiries pertaining to the reregistration of Disodium Cyanodithioimidocarbonate. This attachment is to be used in conjunction with (1) the Generic Data Call-In Notice, (2) the Generic Data Call-In Response Form (Attachment 2), (3) the Requirements Status and Registrant's Form (Attachment 2), (4) a list of registrants receiving this DCI (Attachment 4), (5) the EPA Acceptance Criteria (Attachment 5), and (6) the Cost Share and Data Compensation Forms in replying to this Disodium Cyanodithioimidocarbonate Generic Data CallIn (Attachment F). Instructions and guidance accompany each form.

# DATA REQUIRED BY THIS NOTICE

The additional data requirements needed to complete the generic database for Disodium Cyanodithioimidocarbonate are contained in the Requirements Status and Registrant's Response, Attachment C. The Agency has concluded that additional product chemistry data on Disodium Cyanodithioimidocarbonate are needed. These data are needed to fully complete the reregistration of all eligible Disodium Cyanodithioimidocarbonate products.

### INQUIRIES AND RESPONSES TO THIS NOTICE

If you have any questions regarding the generic data requirements and procedures established by this Notice, please contact Bonnie Adler at (703) 308-8523.

All responses to this Notice for the generic data requirements should be submitted to:

Bonnie Adler, Chemical Review Manager Accelerated Reregistration Branch Special Review and Registration Division (7508W) Office of Pesticide Programs U.S. Environmental Protection Agency Washington, D.C. 20460 RE: Disodium Cyanodithioimidocarbonate Attachment 2. Generic DCI Response Forms Inserts (Form A) plus Instructions

#### SPECIFIC INSTRUCTIONS FOR THE GENERIC DATA CALL-IN RESPONSE FORM

This Form is designed to be used to respond to call-ins for generic and product specific data for the purpose of reregistering pesticides under the Federal Insecticide Fungicide and Rodenticide Act. Fill out this form each time you are responding to a data call-in for which EPA has sent you the form entitled "Requirements Status and Registrant's Response."

Items 1-4 will have been preprinted on the form Items 5 through 7 must be completed by the registrant as appropriate Items 8 through 11 must be completed by the registrant before submitting a response to the Agency.

Public reporting burden for this collection of information is estimated to average 15 minutes per response, including time for reviewing instructions, searching existing data sources, gathering and maintaining the data needed, and completing and reviewing the collection of information. Send comments regarding the burden estimate or any other aspect of this collection of information, including suggesting for reducing this burden, to Chief, Information Policy Branch, PM-223, U S Environmental Protection Agency, 401 M St , S W , Washington, D C 20460; and to the Office of Management and Budget, Paperwork Reduction Project 2070-0107, Washington, D C 20503.

### **INSTRUCTIONS**

- Item 1. This item identifies your company name, number and address.
- Item 2. This item identifies the ease number, ease name, EPA chemical number and chemical name.
- Item 3. This item identifies the date and type of data call-in.
- Item 4. This item identifies the EPA product registrations relevant to the data call-in. Please note that you are also responsible for informing the Agency of your response regarding any product that you believe may be covered by this data call-in but that is not listed by the Agency in Item 4. You must bring any such apparent omission to the Agency's attention within the period required for submission of this response form.
- Item 5. Cheek this item for each product registration you wish to cancel voluntarily. If a registration number is listed for a product for which you previously requested voluntary cancellation, indicate in Item 5 the date of that request. You do not need to complete any item on the Requirements Status and Registrant's Response Form for any product that is voluntarily cancelled.
- Check this item if this data call-in is for generic data as indicated in Item 3 and if you are eligible for a Generic Data Exemption for the chemical listed in Item 2 and used in the subject product. By electing this exemption, you agree to the terms and conditions of a Generic Data Exemption as explained in the Data Call-In Notice.

If you are eligible for or claim a Generic Data Exemption, enter the EPA registration Number of each registered source of that active ingredient that you use in your product.

Typically, if you purchase an EPA-registered product from one or more other producers (who, with respect to the incorporated product, are in compliance with this and-any other outstanding Data Call-In Notice), and

incorporate that product into all your products, you may complete this item for all products listed on this form If, however, you produce the active ingredient yourself, or use any unregistered product (regardless of the fact that some of your sources are registered), you may not claim a Generic Data Exemption and you may not select this item.

- Item 6b. Check this Item if the data call-in is a generic data call-in as indicated in Item 3 and if you are agreeing to satisfy the generic data requirements of this data call-in. Attach the Requirements Status and Registrant's Response Form that indicates how you will satisfy those requirements.
- Item 7a. Check this item if this call-in if a data call-in as indicated in Item 3 for a manufacturing use product (MUP), and if your product is a manufacturing use product for which you agree to supply product-specific data. Attach the Requirements Status and Registrants' Response Form that indicates how you will satisfy those requirements.
- Item 7b. Check this item if this call-in is a data call-in for an end use product (EUP) as indicated in Item 3 and if your product is an end use product for which you agree to supply product-specific data. Attach the Requirements Status and Registrant's Response Form that indicates how you will satisfy those requirements.
- Item 8. This certification statement must be signed by an authorized representative of your company and the person signing must include his/her title. Additional pages used in your response must be initialled and dated in the space provided for the certification.
- Item 9. Enter the date of signature.
- Item 10. Enter the name of the person EPA should contact with questions regarding your response.
- Item 11. Enter the phone number of your company contact.

Attachment 3. Requirements Status and Registrants' Response Forms Inserts (Form B) plus Instructions

# SPECIFIC INSTRUCTIONS FOR COMPLETING THE REQUIREMENTS STATUS AND REGISTRANTS RESPONSE FORM

#### Generic Data

This form is designed to be used for registrants to respond to call-in- for generic and product-specific data as part of EPA's reregistration program under the Federal Insecticide Fungicide and Rodenticide Act. Although the form is the same for both product specific and generic data, instructions for completing the forms differ slightly. Specifically, options for satisfying product specific data requirements do not include (1) deletion of uses or (2) request for a low volume/minor use waiver. These instructions are for completion of generic data requirements.

EPA has developed this form individually for each data call-in addressed to each registrant, and has preprinted this form with a number of items. <u>DO NOT</u> use this form for any other active ingredient.

Items 1 through 8 (inclusive) will have been preprinted on the form. You must complete all other items on this form by typing or printing legibly.

Public reporting burden for this collection of information is estimated to average 30 minutes per response, including time for reviewing instructions, searching existing data sources, gathering and maintaining the data needed, and completing and reviewing the collection of information. Send comments regarding the burden estimate or any other aspect of this collection of information, including suggesting for reducing this burden, to Chief, Information Policy Branch, PM-223, U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, 401 M St., S.W., Washington, D.C. 20460; and to the Office of Management and Budget, Paperwork Reduction Project 2070-0107, Washington, D.C. 20503.

### **INSTRUCTIONS**

- Item 1. This item identifies your company name, number, and address.
- Item 2. This item identifies the case number, case name, EPA chemical number and chemical name.
- Item 3. This item identifies the date and type of data call-in.
- Item 4. This item identifies the guideline reference numbers of studies required to support the product(s) being reregistered. These guidelines, in addition to requirements specified in the Data Call-In Notice, govern the conduct of the required studies.
- Item 5. This item identifies the study title associated with the guideline reference number and whether protocols and 1, 2, or 3-year progress reports are required to be

submitted in connection with the study. As noted in Section III of the Data Call-In Notice, 90-day progress reports are required for all studies.

If an asterisk appears in Item 5, EPA has attached information relevant to this guideline reference number to the Requirements Status and Registrant's Response Form.

Item 6. This item identifies the code associated with the use pattern of the pesticide. A brief description of each code follows:

A.	Terrestrial food
В.	Terrestrial feed
C.	Terrestrial non-food
D	Aquatic food

Aquatic non-food outdoor Aquatic non-food industrial Aquatic non-food residential

Greenhouse food

Greenhouse non-food crop

**Forestry** Residential Indoor food M. Indoor non-food N. Indoor medical Indoor residential 0.

Item 7. This item identifies the code assigned to the substance that must be used for testing. A brief description of each code follows.

> EP **End-Use Product**

**MP** 

Manufacturing-Use Product Manufacturing-Use Product and Technical Grade MP/TGAI

Active Ingredient
Pure Active Ingredient and Metabolites PAI PAI/M

Pure Active Ingredient or Pure Active Ingredient Radiolabelled PAI/PAIRA

**PAIRA** 

Pure Active Ingredient Radiolabelled Pure Active Ingredient Radiolabelled and Metabolites PAIRA/M PAIRA/PM Pure Active Ingredient Radiolabelled and Plant

Metabolites

TEP

Typical End-Use Product
Typical End-Use Product, Percent Active Ingredient TEP\_\*

Specified

Typical End-Use Product and Metabolites TEP/MET

TEP/PAI/M Typical End-Use Product or Pure Active Ingredient

and Metabolites

Technical Grade Active Ingredient or Pure Active TGAI/PAIRA

**Ingredient Radiolabelled** 

TGAI Technical Grade Active Ingredient

TGAI/TEP Technical Grade Active Ingredient or Typical

**End-Use Product** 

TGAI/PAI Technical Grade Active Ingredient or Pure Active

Ingredient

**MET Metabolites IMP Impurities** 

\*See: guideline comment

- Item 8. This item identifies the time frame allowed for submission of the study or protocol identified in item 2. The time frame runs from the date **of your** receipt of the Data Call-In Notice.
- Item 9. Enter the appropriate Response Code or Codes to show how you intend to comply with each data requirement. Brief descriptions of each code follow. The Data Call-In Notice contains a fuller description of each of these options.
  - 1. (Developing Data) I will conduct a new study and submit it within the time frames specified in item 8 above. By indicating that I have chosen this option, I certify that I will comply with all the requirements pertaining to the conditions for submittal of this study as outlined in the Data Call-In Notice and that I will provide the protocol and progress reports required in item 5 above.
  - 2. (Agreement to Cost Share) I have entered into an agreement with one or more registrants to develop data jointly. By indicating that I have chosen this option, I certify that I will comply with all the requirements pertaining to sharing in the cost of developing data as outlined in the Data Call-ln Notice.
  - 3. (Offer to Cost Share) I have made an offer to enter into an agreement with one or more registrants to develop data jointly. I am submitting a copy of the form "Certification of Offer to Cost Share in the Development of Data" that describes this offer/agreement. By indicating that I have chosen this option, I certify that I will comply with all the requirements pertaining to making an offer to share in the cost of developing data as outlined in the Data Call-In Notice.
  - 4. (Submitting Existing Data) I am submitting an existing study that has never before been submitted to EPA. By indicating that I have chosen this option, I certify that this study meets all the requirements pertaining to the conditions for submittal of existing data outlined in the Data Call-In Notice and I have attached the needed supporting information along with this response.
  - 5. (Upgrading a Study) I am submitting or citing data to upgrade a study that EPA has classified as partially acceptable and potentially upgradeable. By indicating that I have chosen this option, I certify that I have met all the requirements pertaining to the conditions for submitting or citing existing data to upgrade a study described in the Data Call-In Notice. I am indicating on attached correspondence the Master Record Identification Number (MRID) that EPA has assigned to the data that I am citing as well as the MRID of the study I am attempting to upgrade.
  - 6. (Citing a Study) I am citing an existing study that has been previously classified by EPA as acceptable, core, core minimum, or a study that has not yet been reviewed by the Agency. I am providing the Agency's classification of the study.
  - 7. (Deleting Uses) I am attaching an application for amendment to my registration deleting the uses for which the data are required.

- 8. (Low Volume/Minor Use Waiver Request) I have read the statements concerning low volume-minor use data waivers in the Data Call-In Notice and I request a low-volume minor use waiver of the data requirement. I am attaching a detailed justification to support this waiver request including, among other things, all information required to support the request. I understand that, unless modified by the Agency in writing, the data requirement as stated in the Notice governs.
- 9. (Request for Waiver of Data) I have read the statements concerning data waivers other than low volume minor-use data waivers in the Data Call-In Notice and I request a waiver of the data requirement. I am attaching an identification of the basis for this waiver and a detailed justification to support this waiver request. The justification includes, among other things, all information required to support the request. I understand that, unless modified by the Agency in writing, the data requirement as stated in the Notice governs.
- Item 10. This item must be signed by an authorized representative of your company. The person signing must include his/her title, and must initial and date all other pages of this form.
- Item 11. Enter the date of signature.
- Item 12. Enter the name of the person EPA should contact with questions regarding your response.
- Item 13. Enter the phone number of your company contact.

Attachment 4. List of Registrant(s) sent this DCI (Insert)

APPENDIX G. Product Specific Data Call-In

# DATA CALL-IN NOTICE

### CERTIFIED MAIL

#### Dear Sir or Madam:

This Notice requires you and other registrants of pesticide products containing the active ingredient identified in Attachment 1 of this Notice, the Data Call-In Chemical Status Sheet, to submit certain product specific data as noted herein to the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA, the Agency). These data are necessary to maintain the continued registration of your product(s) containing this active ingredient. Within 90 days after you receive this Notice you must respond as set forth in Section III below. Your response must state:

- 1. How you will comply with the requirements set forth in this Notice and its Attachments A through G; or
- 2. Why you believe you are exempt from the requirements listed in this Notice and in Attachment 3, 'Requirements Status and Registrant's Response Form, (see section III-B); or
- 3. Why you believe EPA should not require your submission of product specific data in the manner specified by this Notice (see section III-D).

If you do not respond to this Notice, or if you do not satisfy EPA that you will comply with its requirements or should be exempt or excused from doing so, then the registration of your product(s) subject to this Notice will be subject to suspension. We have provided a list of all of your products subject to this Notice in Attachment 2, Data Call-In Response Form, as well as a list of all registrants who were sent this Notice (Attachment 6).

The authority for this Notice is section 3(c)(2)(B) of the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide and Rodenticide Act as amended (FIFRA), 7 U.S.C. section 136a(c)(2)(B). Collection of this information is authorized under the Paperwork Reduction Act by OMB Approval No. 2070-0107 (expiration date 12-31-92).

This Notice is divided into six sections and seven Attachments. The Notice itself contains information and instructions applicable to all Data Call-In Notices. The Attachments contain specific chemical information and instructions. The six sections of the Notice are:

Why You Are Receiving This Notice Section I -

Section II -

Data Required By This Notice Compliance With Requirements Of This Notice Section III -

Section IV - Section V -Consequences Of Failure To Comply With This Notice Registrants' Obligation To Report Possible Unreasonable

Adverse Effects

### Section VI - Inquiries And Responses To This Notice

The Attachments to this Notice are:

Data Call-In Chemical Status Sheet

Product-Specific Data Call-In Response Form

Requirements Status and Registrant's Response Form

EPA Grouping of End-Use Products for Meeting Acute Toxicology Data Requirements for Reregistration EPA Acceptance Criteria

5

List of Registrants Receiving This Notice 6

Cost Share and Data Compensation Forms, and Product Specific Data Report Form

# SECTION I. WHY YOU ARE RECEIVING THIS NOTICE

The Agency has reviewed existing data for this active ingredient and reevaluated the data needed to support continued registration of the subject active ingredient. The Agency has concluded that the only additional data necessary are product specific data. No additional generic data requirements are being imposed. You have been sent this Notice because you have product(s) containing the subject active ingredient.

### SECTION II. DATA REQUIRED BY THIS NOTICE

# II-A. DATA REQUIRED

The product specific data required by this Notice are specified in Attachment 3, Requirements Status and Registrant's Response Form. Depending on the results of the studies required in this Notice, additional testing may be required.

#### II-B. SCHEDULE FOR SUBMISSION OF DATA

You are required to submit the data or otherwise satisfy the data requirements specified in Attachment 3, Requirements Status and Registrant's Response Form, within the time frames provided.

### II-C. TESTING PROTOCOL

All studies required under this Notice must be conducted in accordance with test standards outlined in the Pesticide Assessment Guidelines for those studies for which guidelines have been established.

These EPA Guidelines are available from the National Technical Information Service (NTIS), Attn: Order Desk, 5285 Port Royal Road, Springfield, Va 22161 (tel: 703-487-4650).

Protocols approved by the Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD) are also acceptable if the OECD-recommended test standards conform to those specified in the Pesticide Data Requirements regulation (40 CFR § 158.70). When using the OECD protocols, they should be modified as appropriate so that the data generated by the study will satisfy the requirements of 40 CFR § 158. Normally, the Agency will not extend deadlines for complying with data requirements when the studies were not conducted in accordance with acceptable standards. The OECD protocols are available from OECD, 1750 Pennsylvania Avenue N.W., Washington, D.C. 20006.

All new studies and proposed protocols submitted in response to this Data Call-In Notice must be in accordance with Good Laboratory Practices [40 CFR Part 160.3(a)(6)].

# II-D. REGISTRANTS RECEIVING PREVIOUS SECTION 3(c)(2)(B) NOTICES ISSUED BY THE AGENCY

Unless otherwise noted herein, this Data Call-In does not in any way supersede or change the requirements of any previous Data Call-In(s), or any other agreements entered into with the Agency pertaining to such prior Notice. Registrants must comply with the requirements of all Notices to avoid issuance of a Notice of Intent to Suspend their affected products.

### SECTION III. COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS OF THIS NOTICE

### III-A. SCHEDULE FOR RESPONDING TO THE AGENCY

The appropriate responses initially required by this Notice for product specific data must be submitted to the Agency within 90 days after your receipt of this Notice. Failure to adequately respond to this Notice within 90 days of your receipt will be a basis for issuing a Notice of Intent to Suspend (NOIS) affecting your products. This and other bases for issuance of NOIS due to failure to comply with this Notice are presented in Section IV-A and IV-B.

### III-B. OPTIONS FOR RESPONDING TO THE AGENCY

The options for responding to this Notice for product specific data are: (a) voluntary cancellation, (b) agree to satisfy the product specific data requirements imposed by this notice or (c) request a data waiver(s).

A discussion of how to respond if you chose the Voluntary Cancellation option is presented below. A discussion of the various options available for satisfying the product specific data requirements of this Notice is contained in Section III-C. A discussion of options relating to requests for data waivers is contained in Section III-D.

There are two forms that accompany this Notice of which, depending upon your response, one or both must be used in your response to the Agency. These forms are the Data-Call-In Response Form, and the Requirements Status and Registrant's Response Form, Attachment 2 and Attachment 3. The Data Call-In Response Form must be submitted as part of every response to this Notice. In addition, one copy of the Requirements Status and Registrant's Response Form must be submitted for each product listed on the Data Call-In Response Form unless the voluntary cancellation option is selected or unless the product is identical to another (refer to the instructions for completing the Data Call-In Response Form in Attachment 2). Please note that the company's authorized representative is required to sign the first page of the Data Call-In Response Form and Requirements Status and Registrant's Response Form (if this form is required) and initial any subsequent pages. The forms contain separate detailed instructions on the response options. Do not alter the printed material. If you have questions or need assistance in preparing your response, call or write the contact person(s) identified in Attachment 1.

1. Voluntary Cancellation - You may avoid the requirements of this Notice by requesting voluntary cancellation of your product(s) containing the active ingredient that is the subject of this Notice. If you wish to voluntarily cancel your product, you must submit a completed Data Call-In Response Form, indicating your election of this option. Voluntary cancellation is item number 5 on the Data Call-In Response Form. If you choose this option, this is the only form that you are required to complete.

If you chose to voluntarily cancel your product, further sale and distribution of your product after the effective date of cancellation must be in accordance with the Existing Stocks provisions of this Notice which are contained in Section IV-C.

- 2. Satisfying the Product Specific Data Requirements of this Notice There are various options available to satisfy the product specific data requirements of this Notice. These options are discussed in Section III-C of this Notice and comprise options 1 through 6 on the Requirements Status and Registrant's Response Form and item numbers 7a and 7b on the Data Call-In Response Form. Deletion of a use(s) and the low volume/minor use option are not valid options for fulfilling product specific data requirements.
- 3. Request for Product Specific Data Waivers. Waivers for product specific data are discussed in Section III-D of this Notice and are covered by option 7 on the Requirements Status and Registrant's Response Form. If you choose one of these options, you must submit both forms as well as any other information/data pertaining to the option chosen to address the data requirement.

# III-C SATISFYING THE DATA REQUIREMENTS OF THIS NOTICE

If you acknowledge on the Data Call-In Response Form that you agree to satisfy the product specific data requirements (i.e. you select item number 7a or 7b), then you must select one of the six options on the Requirements Status and Registrant's Response Form related to data production for each data requirement. Your option selection should be entered under item number 9, "Registrant Response." The six options related to data production are the first six options discussed under item 9 in the instructions for completing the Requirements Status and Registrant's Response Form. These six options are listed immediately below with information in parentheses to guide registrants to additional instructions provided in this Section. The options are:

(1) (2) I will generate and submit data within the specified time frame (Developing Data)

I have entered into an agreement with one or more registrants to develop data jointly (Cost Sharing)

I have made offers to cost-share (Offers to Cost Share)

(3) (4) I am submitting an existing study that has not been submitted previously to the Agency by anyone (Submitting an Existing Study)
I am submitting or citing data to upgrade a study classified by EPA as partially acceptable and upgradeable (Upgrading a Study)
I am citing an existing study that EPA has classified as acceptable or an existing

(5)

(6)study that has been submitted but not reviewed by the Agency (Citing an Existing Study)

Option 1, Developing Data -- If you choose to develop the required data it must be in conformance with Agency deadlines and with other Agency requirements as referenced herein and in the attachments. All data generated and submitted must comply with the Good Laboratory Practice (GLP) rule (40 CFR Part 160), be conducted according to the Pesticide Assessment Guidelines (PAG), and be in conformance with the requirements of PR Notice 86-5.

The time frames in the Requirements Status and Registrant's Response Form are the time frames that the Agency is allowing for the submission of completed study reports. The noted deadlines run from the date of the receipt of this Notice by the registrant. If the data are not submitted by the deadline, each registrant is subject to receipt of a Notice of Intent to Suspend the affected registration(s).

If you cannot submit the data/reports to the Agency in the time required by this Notice and intend to seek additional time to meet the requirements(s), you must submit a request to the Agency which includes: (1) a detailed description of the expected difficulty and (2) a proposed schedule including alternative dates for meeting such requirements on a step-by-step basis. You must explain any technical or laboratory difficulties and provide documentation from the

laboratory performing the testing. While EPA is considering your request, the original deadline remains. The Agency will respond to your request in writing. If EPA does not grant your request, the original deadline remains. Normally, extensions can be requested only in cases of extraordinary testing problems beyond the expectation or control of the registrant. Extensions will not be given in submitting the 90-day responses. Extensions will not be considered if the request for extension is not made in a timely fashion; in no event shall an extension request be considered if it is submitted at or after the lapse of the subject deadline.

Option 2, Agreement to Share in Cost to Develop Data — Registrants may only choose this option for acute toxicity data and certain efficacy data and only if EPA has indicated in the attached data tables that your product and at least one other product are similar for purposes of depending on the same data. If this is the case, data may be generated for just one of the products in the group. The registration number of the product for which data will be submitted must be noted in the agreement to cost share by the registrant selecting this option. If you choose to enter into an agreement to share in the cost of producing the required data but will not be submitting the data yourself, you must provide the name of the registrant who will be submitting the data. You must also provide EPA with documentary evidence that an agreement has been formed. Such evidence may be your letter offering to join in an agreement and the other registrant's acceptance of your offer, or a written statement by the parties that an agreement exists. The agreement to produce the data need not specify all of the terms of the final arrangement between the parties or the mechanism to resolve the terms. Section 3(c)(2)(B) provides that if the parties cannot resolve the terms of the agreement they may resolve their differences through binding arbitration.

Option 3, Offer to Share in the Cost of Data Development -- This option only applies to acute toxicity and certain efficacy data as described in option 2 above. If you have made an offer to pay in an attempt to enter into an agreement or amend an existing agreement to meet the requirements of this Notice and have been unsuccessful, you may request EPA (by selecting this option) to exercise its discretion not to suspend your registration(s), although you do not comply with the data submission requirements of this Notice. EPA has determined that as a general policy, absent other relevant considerations, it will not suspend the registration of a product of a registrant who has in good faith sought and continues to seek to enter into a joint data development/cost sharing program, but the other registrant(s) developing the data has refused to accept your offer. To qualify for this option, you must submit documentation to the Agency proving that you have made an offer to another registrant (who has an obligation to submit data) to share in the burden of developing that data. You must also submit to the Agency a completed EPA Form 8570-32, Certification of Offer to Cost Share in the Development of Data, Attachment 7. In addition, you must demonstrate that the other registrant to whom the offer was made has not accepted your offer to enter into a cost sharing agreement by including a copy of your offer and proof of the other registrant's receipt of that offer (such as a certified mail receipt). Your offer must, in addition to anything else, offer to share in the burden of producing the data upon terms to be agreed or failing agreement to be bound by binding arbitration as provided by FIFRA section 3(c)(2)(B)(iii) and must not qualify this offer. The other registrant must also inform EPA of its election of an option to develop and submit the data required by this Notice by submitting a Data Call-In Response Form and a Requirements Status and Registrant's Response Form committing to develop and submit the data required by this Notice.

In order for you to avoid suspension under this option, you may not withdraw your offer to share in the burdens of developing the data. In addition, the other registrant must fulfill its commitment to develop and submit the data as required by this Notice. If the other registrant fails to develop the data or for some other reason is subject to suspension, your registration as well as that of the other registrant will normally be subject to initiation of suspension proceedings, unless you commit to submit, and do submit the required data in the specified time frame. In such cases, the Agency generally will not grant a time extension for submitting the data.

Option 4, Submitting an Existing Study -- If you choose to submit an existing study in response to this Notice, you must determine that the study satisfies the requirements imposed by this Notice. You may only submit a study that has not been previously submitted to the Agency or previously cited by anyone. Existing studies are studies which predate issuance of this Notice. Do not use this option if you are submitting data to upgrade a study. (See Option 5).

You should be aware that if the Agency determines that the study is not acceptable, the Agency will require you to comply with this Notice, normally without an extension of the required date of submission. The Agency may determine at any time that a study is not valid and needs to be repeated.

To meet the requirements of the DCI Notice for submitting an existing study, <u>all of the</u> following three criteria must be clearly met:

- a. You must certify at the time that the existing study is submitted that the raw data and specimens from the study are available for audit and review and you must identify where they are available. This must be done in accordance with the requirements of the Good Laboratory Practice (GLP) regulation, 40 CFR Part 160. As stated in 40 CFR 160.3(j) "'raw data' means any laboratory worksheets, records, memoranda, notes, or exact copies thereof, that are the result of original observations and activities of a study and are necessary for the reconstruction and evaluation of the report of that study. In the event that exact transcripts of raw data have been prepared (e.g., tapes which have been transcribed verbatim, dated, and verified accurate by signature), the exact copy or exact transcript may be substituted for the original source as raw data. 'Raw data' may include photographs, microfilm or microfiche copies, computer printouts, magnetic media, including dictated observations, and recorded data from automated instruments." The term "specimens", according to 40 CFR 160.3(k), means "any material derived from a test system for examination or analysis."
- b. Health and safety studies completed after May 1984 must also contain all GLP-required quality assurance and quality control information, pursuant to the requirements of 40 CFR Part 160. Registrants must also certify at the time of submitting the existing study that such GLP information is available for post-May 1984 studies by including an appropriate statement on or attached to the study signed by an authorized official or representative of the registrant.
- c. You must certify that each study fulfills the acceptance criteria for the Guideline relevant to the study provided in the FIFRA Accelerated Reregistration Phase 3 Technical Guidance and that the study has been conducted according to the Pesticide Assessment Guidelines (PAG) or meets the purpose of the PAG (both available from NTIS). A study not conducted according to the PAG may be submitted to the Agency for consideration if the registrant believes that the study clearly meets the purpose of the PAG. The registrant is referred to 40 CFR 158.70 which states the Agency's policy regarding acceptable protocols. If you wish to submit the study, you must, in addition to certifying that the purposes of the PAG are met by the study, clearly articulate the rationale why you believe the study meets the purpose of the PAG, including copies of any supporting information or data. It has been the Agency's experience that studies completed prior to January 1970 rarely satisfied the purpose of the PAG and that necessary raw data are usually not available for such studies.

If you submit an existing study, you must certify that the study meets all requirements of the criteria outlined above.

If you know of a study pertaining to any requirement in this Notice which does not meet the criteria outlined above but does contain factual information regarding unreasonable adverse effects, you must notify the Agency of such a study. If such study is in the Agency's files, you need only cite it along with the notification. If not in the Agency's files, you must submit a summary and copies as required by PR Notice 86-5.

Option 5, Upgrading a Study -- If a study has been classified as partially acceptable and upgradeable, you may submit data to upgrade that study. The Agency will review the data submitted and determine if the requirement is satisfied. If the Agency decides the requirement is not satisfied, you may still be required to submit new data normally without any time extension. Deficient, but upgradeable studies will normally be classified as supplemental. However, it is important to note that not all studies classified as supplemental are upgradeable. If you have questions regarding the classification of a study or whether a study may be upgraded, call or write the contact person listed in Attachment 1. If you submit data to upgrade an existing study you must satisfy or supply information to correct all deficiencies in the study identified by EPA. You must provide a clearly articulated rationale of how the deficiencies have been remedied or corrected and why the study should be rated as acceptable to EPA. Your submission must also specify the MRID number(s) of the study which you are attempting to upgrade and must be in conformance with PR Notice 86-5.

Do not submit additional data for the purpose of upgrading a study classified as unacceptable and determined by the Agency as not capable of being upgraded.

This option should also be used to cite data that has been previously submitted to upgrade a study, but has not yet been reviewed by the Agency. You must provide the MRID number of the data submission as well as the MRID number of the study being upgraded.

The criteria for submitting an existing study, as specified in Option 4 above, apply to all data submissions intended to upgrade studies. Additionally your submission of data intended to upgrade studies must be accompanied by a certification that you comply with each of those criteria as well as a certification regarding protocol compliance with Agency requirements.

Option 6, Citing Existing Studies -- If you choose to cite a study that has been previously submitted to EPA, that study must have been previously classified by EPA as acceptable or it must be a study which has not yet been reviewed by the Agency. Acceptable toxicology studies generally will have been classified as "core-guideline" or "core minimum." For all other disciplines the classification would be "acceptable." With respect to any studies for which you wish to select this option you must provide the MRID number of the study you are citing and, if the study has been reviewed by the Agency, you must provide the Agency's classification of the study.

If you are citing a study of which you are not the original data submitter, you must submit a completed copy of EPA Form 8570-31, <u>Certification with Respect to Data Compensation</u> Requirements.

Registrants who select one of the above 6 options must meet all of the requirements described in the instructions for completing the Data Call-In Response Form and the Requirements Status and Registrant's Response Form, as appropriate.

# III-D REQUESTS FOR DATA WAIVERS

If you request a waiver for product specific data because you believe it is inappropriate, you must attach a complete justification for the request, including technical reasons, data and references to relevant EPA regulations, guidelines or policies. (Note: any supplemental data must be submitted in the format required by PR Notice 86-5). This will be the only opportunity to state the reasons or provide information in support of your request. If the

Agency approves your waiver request, you will not be required to supply the data pursuant to section 3(c)(2)(B) of FIFRA. If the Agency denies your waiver request, you must choose an option for meeting the data requirements of this Notice within 30 days of the receipt of the Agency's decision. You must indicate and submit the option chosen on the Requirements Status and Registrant's Response Form. Product specific data requirements for product chemistry, acute toxicity and efficacy (where appropriate) are required for all products and the Agency would grant a waiver only under extraordinary circumstances. You should also be aware that submitting a waiver request will not automatically extend the due date for the study in question. Waiver requests submitted

without adequate supporting rationale will be denied and the original due date will remain in

force.

### IV. CONSEQUENCES OF FAILURE TO COMPLY WITH THIS NOTICE

### IV-A NOTICE OF INTENT TO SUSPEND

The Agency may issue a Notice of Intent to Suspend products subject to this Notice due to failure by a registrant to comply with the requirements of this Data Call-In Notice, pursuant to FIFRA section 3(c)(2)(B). Events which may be the basis for issuance of a Notice of Intent to Suspend include, but are not limited to, the following:

- 1. Failure to respond as required by this Notice within 90 days of your receipt of this Notice.
- 2. Failure to submit on the required schedule an acceptable proposed or final protocol when such is required to be submitted to the Agency for review.
- 3. Failure to submit on the required schedule an adequate progress report on a study as required by this Notice.
- 4. Failure to submit on the required schedule acceptable data as required by this Notice.
- 5. Failure to take a required action or submit adequate information pertaining to any option chosen to address the data requirements (e.g., any required action or information pertaining to submission or citation of existing studies or offers, arrangements, or arbitration on the sharing of costs or the formation of Task Forces, failure to comply with the terms of an agreement or arbitration concerning joint data development or failure to comply with any terms of a data waiver).
- 6. Failure to submit supportable certifications as to the conditions of submitted studies, as required by Section III-C of this Notice.
- 7. Withdrawal of an offer to share in the cost of developing required data.
- 8. Failure of the registrant to whom you have tendered an offer to share in the cost of developing data and provided proof of the registrant's receipt of such offer or failure of a registrant on whom you rely for a generic data exemption either to:
  - a. inform EPA of intent to develop and submit the data required by this Notice on a Data Call-In Response Form and a Requirements Status and Registrant's Response Form;
  - b. fulfill the commitment to develop and submit the data as required by this Notice; or

- c. otherwise take appropriate steps to meet the requirements stated in this Notice, unless you commit to submit and do submit the required data in the specified time frame.
- 9. Failure to take any required or appropriate steps, not mentioned above, at any time following the issuance of this Notice.

# IV-B. BASIS FOR DETERMINATION THAT SUBMITTED STUDY IS UNACCEPTABLE

The Agency may determine that a study (even if submitted within the required time) is unacceptable and constitutes a basis for issuance of a Notice of Intent to Suspend. The grounds for suspension include, but are not limited to, failure to meet any of the following:

- 1. EPA requirements specified in the Data Call-In Notice or other documents incorporated by reference (including, as applicable, EPA Pesticide Assessment Guidelines, Data Reporting Guidelines, and GeneTox Health Effects Test Guidelines) regarding the design, conduct, and reporting of required studies. Such requirements include, but are not limited to, those relating to test material, test procedures, selection of species, number of animals, sex and distribution of animals, dose and effect levels to be tested or attained, duration of test, and, as applicable, Good Laboratory Practices.
- 2. EPA requirements regarding the submission of protocols, including the incorporation of any changes required by the Agency following review.
- 3. EPA requirements regarding the reporting of data, including the manner of reporting, the completeness of results, and the adequacy of any required supporting (or raw) data, including, but not limited to, requirements referenced or included in this Notice or contained in PR 86-5. All studies must be submitted in the form of a final report; a preliminary report will not be considered to fulfill the submission requirement.

#### IV-C EXISTING STOCKS OF SUSPENDED OR CANCELLED PRODUCTS

EPA has statutory authority to permit continued sale, distribution and use of existing stocks of a pesticide product which has been suspended or cancelled if doing so would be consistent with the purposes of the Act.

The Agency has determined that such disposition by registrants of existing stocks for a suspended registration when a section 3(c)(2)(B) data request is outstanding would generally not be consistent with the Act's purposes. Accordingly, the Agency anticipates granting registrants permission to sell, distribute, or use existing stocks of suspended product(s) only in exceptional circumstances. If you believe such disposition of existing stocks of your product(s) which may be suspended for failure to comply with this Notice should be permitted, you have the burden of clearly demonstrating to EPA that granting such permission would be consistent with the Act. You must also explain why an "existing stocks" provision is necessary, including a statement of the quantity of existing stocks and your estimate of the time required for their sale, distribution, and use. Unless you meet this burden the Agency will not consider any request pertaining to the continued sale, distribution, or use of your existing stocks after suspension.

If you request a voluntary cancellation of your product(s) as a response to this Notice and your product is in full compliance with all Agency requirements, you will have, under most circumstances, one year from the date your 90 day response to this Notice is due, to sell, distribute, or use existing stocks. Normally, the Agency will allow persons other than the registrant such as independent distributors, retailers and end users to sell, distribute or use such existing stocks until the stocks are exhausted. Any sale, distribution or use of stocks of voluntarily cancelled products containing an active ingredient for which the Agency has particular

risk concerns will be determined on case-by-case basis.

Requests for voluntary cancellation received after the 90 day response period required by this Notice will not result in the Agency granting any additional time to sell, distribute, or use existing stocks beyond a year from the date the 90 day response was due unless you demonstrate to the Agency that you are in full compliance with all Agency requirements, including the requirements of this Notice. For example, if you decide to voluntarily cancel your registration six months before a 3 year study is scheduled to be submitted, all progress reports and other information necessary to establish that you have been conducting the study in an acceptable and good faith manner must have been submitted to the Agency, before EPA will consider granting an existing stocks provision.

# SECTION V. REGISTRANTS' OBLIGATION TO REPORT POSSIBLE UNREASONABLE ADVERSE EFFECTS

Registrants are reminded that FIFRA section 6(a)(2) states that if at any time after a pesticide is registered a registrant has additional factual information regarding unreasonable adverse effects on the environment by the pesticide, the registrant shall submit the information to the Agency. Registrants must notify the Agency of any factual information they have, from whatever source, including but not limited to interim or preliminary results of studies, regarding unreasonable adverse effects on man or the environment. This requirement continues as long as the products are registered by the Agency.

# SECTION VI. INQUIRIES AND RESPONSES TO THIS NOTICE

If you have any questions regarding the requirements and procedures established by this Notice, call the contact person(s) listed in Attachment 1, the Data Call-In Chemical Status Sheet.

All responses to this Notice (other than voluntary cancellation requests and generic data exemption claims) must include a completed Data Call-In Response Form and a completed Requirements Status and Registrant's Response Form (Attachment 2 and Attachment 3 for product specific data) and any other documents required by this Notice, and should be submitted to the contact person(s) identified in Attachment 1. If the voluntary cancellation or generic data exemption option is chosen, only the Data Call-In Response Form need be submitted.

The Office of Compliance Monitoring (OCM) of the Office of Pesticides and Toxic Substances (OPTS), EPA, will be monitoring the data being generated in response to this Notice.

Sincerely yours,

Louis P. True, Jr., Acting Director Special Review and **Reregistration Division** 

#### Attachments

**Data Call-In Chemical Status Sheet** 

1 2 3 Product-Specific Data Call-In Response Form

Requirements Status and Registrant's Response Form EPA Grouping of End-Use Products for Meeting Acute Toxicology Data Requirements for Reregistration

EPA Acceptance Criteria
List of Registrants Receiving This Notice
Cost Share and Data Compensation Forms, and Product Specific Data Report
Form 5 -6 -7 -

# **Attachment 1. Chemical Status Sheet**

# DISODIUM CYANODITHIOIMIDOCARBONATE DATA CALL-IN CHEMICAL STATUS SHEET

#### INTRODUCTION

You have been sent this Product Specific Data Call-In Notice because you have product(s) containing Disodium Cyanodithioimidocarbonate.

This Product Specific Data Call-In Chemical Status Sheet, contains an overview of data required by this notice, and point of contact for inquiries pertaining to the reregistration of Disodium Cyanodithioimidocarbonate. This attachment is to be used in conjunction with (1) the Product Specific Data Call-In Notice, (2) the Product Specific Data Call-In Response Form (Attachment 2), (3) the Requirements Status and Registrant's Form (Attachment 3), (4) EPA's Grouping of End-Use Products for Meeting Acute Toxicology Data Requirement (Attachment 4), (5) the EPA Acceptance Criteria (Attachment 5), (6) a list of registrants receiving this DCI (Attachment 6) and (7) the Cost Share and Data Compensation Forms in replying to this Disodium Cyanodithioimidocarbonate Product Specific Data Call-In (Attachment 7). Instructions and guidance accompany each form.

### DATA REQUIRED BY THIS NOTICE

The additional data requirements needed to complete the database for Disodium Cyanodithioimidocarbonate are contained in the Requirements Status and Registrant's Response, Attachment 3. The Agency has concluded that additional data on Disodium Cyanodithioimidocarbonate are needed for specific products. These data are required to be submitted to the Agency within the time frame listed. These data are needed to fully complete the reregistration of all eligible Disodium Cyanodithioimidocarbonate products.

# INQUIRIES AND RESPONSES TO THIS NOTICE

If you have any questions regarding the generic database of Disodium Cyanodithioimidocarbonate, please contact Bonnie Adler at (703) 308-8523.

If you have any questions regarding the product specific data requirements and procedures established by this Notice, please contact Franklin Gee at (703) 308-8008.

All responses to this Notice for the Product Specific data requirements should be submitted to:

Ed Setron
Chemical Review Manager Team 81
Product Reregistration Branch
Special Review and Reregistration Branch 7508W
Office of Pesticide Programs
U.S. Environmental Protection Agency
Washington, D.C. 20460

**RE:** Disodium Cyanodithioimidocarbonate

Attachment 2. Product Specific Data Call-In Response Forms (Form A inserts) Plus Instructions

# INSTRUCTIONS FOR COMPLETING THE **DATA CALL-IN RESPONSE FORM** FOR **PRODUCT SPECIFIC DATA**

- Item 1-4. Already completed by EPA.
- If you wish to **voluntarily cancel** your product, answer "**yes**." If you choose this option, you will not have to provide the data required by the Data Call-In Notice and you will not have to complete any other forms. Further sale and distribution of your product after the effective date of cancellation must be in accordance with the Existing Stocks provision of the Data Call-In Notice (Section IV-C).
- Not applicable since this form calls in product specific data only. However, if your product is **identical** to another product and you qualify for a **data exemption**, you must respond with "**yes**" to Item 7a (MUP) or 7B (EUP) on this form, provide the **EPA registration numbers of your source(s)**; you would **not** complete the "Requirements Status and Registrant's Response" form. Examples of such products include **repackaged** products and **Special Local Needs (Section 24c)** products which are identical to federally registered products.
- Item 7a. For each **manufacturing use product** (MUP) for which you wish to maintain registration, you must agree to satisfy the data requirements by responding "**yes**."
- Item 7b. For each **end use product** (EUP) for which you wish to maintain registration, you must agree to satisfy the data requirements by responding "**yes**." If you are requesting a **data waiver**, answer "**yes**" here; in addition, on the "Requirements Status and Registrant's Response" form under Item 9, you must respond with **Option** 7 (Waiver Request) for each study for which you are requesting a waiver. See Item 6 with regard to identical products and data exemptions.
- Items 8-11. Self-explanatory.
- You may provide **additional information** that does not fit on this form in a signed letter that accompanies this form. For example, you may wish to report that your product has already been transferred to another company or that you have already voluntarily canceled this product. For these cases, please supply all relevant details so that EPA can ensure that its records are correct.

# INSTRUCTIONS FOR COMPLETING THE **REQUIREMENTS STATUS AND REGISTRANT'S RESPONSE FORM** FOR **PRODUCT SPECIFIC DATA**

- Item 1-3 Completed by EPA. Note the **unique identifier number** assigned by EPA in Item 3. This number **must be used in the transmittal document for any data submissions** in response to this Data Call-In Notice.
- Item 4. The guideline reference numbers of studies required to support the product's continued registration are identified. These guidelines, in addition to the requirements specified in the Notice, govern the conduct of the required studies. Note that series 61 and 62 in product chemistry are now listed under 40 CFR 158.155 through 158.180, Subpart C.
- Item 5. The study title associated with the guideline reference number is identified.
- Item 6. The use pattern(s) of the pesticide associated with the product specific requirements is (are) identified. For most product specific data requirements, all use patterns are covered by the data requirements. In the case of efficacy data, the required studies only pertain to products which have the use sites and/or pests indicated.
- Item 7. The substance to be tested is identified by EPA. For product specific data, the product as formulated for sale and distribution is the test substance, except in rare cases.
- Item 8. The due date for submission of each study is identified. It is normally based on 8 months after issuance of the Reregistration Eligibility Document unless EPA determines that a longer time period is necessary.
- Item 9. Enter only one of the following response codes for each data requirement to show how you intend to comply with the data requirements listed in this table. Fuller descriptions of each option are contained in the Data Call-In Notice.
  - 1. I will generate and submit data by the specified due date (**Developing Data**). By indicating that I have chosen this option, I certify that I will comply with all the requirements pertaining to the conditions for submittal of this study as outlined in the Data Call-In Notice. By the specified due date, I will also submit: (1) a completed "**Certification With Respect To Data Compensation Requirements**" form (**EPA Form 8570-29**) and (2) two completed and signed copies of the **Confidential Statement of Formula (EPA Form 8570-4)**.
  - 2. I have entered into an agreement with one or more registrants to develop data jointly (Cost Sharing). I am submitting a copy of this agreement. I understand that this option is available only for acute toxicity or certain efficacy data and only if EPA indicates in an attachment to this Notice that my product is similar enough to another product to qualify for this option. I certify that another party in the agreement is committing to submit or provide the required data; if the required study is not submitted on time, my product may be subject to suspension. By the specified due date, I will also submit: (1) a completed "Certification With Respect To Data Compensation Requirements" form (EPA Form 8570-29) and (2) two completed and signed copies of the Confidential Statement of Formula (EPA Form 8570-4).
  - 3. I have made offers to share in the cost to develop data (**Offers to Cost Share**). I understand that this option is available **only** for acute toxicity or certain efficacy data and **only** if EPA indicates in an attachment to this Data Call-In Notice that my product is similar enough to another product to qualify for this option. I am submitting **evidence that I have made an offer** to another registrant (who has an obligation to submit data) to share in the cost of that data. I am also submitting a completed

"Certification of Offer to Cost Share in the Development Data" form. I am including a copy of my offer and proof of the other registrant's receipt of that offer. I am identifying the party which is committing to submit or provide the required data; if the required study is not submitted on time, my product may be subject to suspension. I understand that other terms under Option 3 in the Data Call-In Notice (Section III-C.1.) apply as well. By the specified due date, I will also submit: (1) a completed "Certification With Respect To Data Compensation Requirements" form (EPA Form 8570-29) and (2) two completed and signed copies of the Confidential Statement of Formula (EPA Form 8570-4).

- 4. By the specified due date, I will submit an existing study that has not been submitted previously to the Agency by anyone (Submitting an Existing Study). I certify that this study will meet all the requirements for submittal of existing data outlined in Option 4 in the Data Call-In Notice (Section III-C.1.) and will meet the attached acceptance criteria (for acute toxicity and product chemistry data). I will attach the needed supporting information along with this response. I also certify that I have determined that this study will fill the data requirement for which I have indicated this choice. By the specified due date, I will also submit a completed "Certification With Respect To Data Compensation Requirements" form (EPA Form 8570-29) to show what data compensation option I have chosen. By the specified due date, I will also submit: (1) a completed "Certification With Respect To Data Compensation Requirements" form (EPA Form 8570-29) and (2) two completed and signed copies of the Confidential Statement of Formula (EPA Form 8570-4).
- 5. By the specified due date, I will submit or cite data to upgrade a study classified by the Agency as partially acceptable and upgradable (**Upgrading a Study**). I will submit **evidence of the Agency's review** indicating that the study may be upgraded and what information is required to do so. I will provide the MRID or Accession number of the study at the due date. I understand that the conditions for this option outlined Option 5 in the Data Call-In Notice (Section III-C.1.) apply. By the specified due date, I will also submit: (1) a completed "**Certification With Respect To Data Compensation Requirements**" form (**EPA Form 8570-29**) and (2) two completed and signed copies of the **Confidential Statement of Formula (EPA Form 8570-4)**.
- 6. By the specified due date, I will cite an existing study that the Agency has classified as acceptable or an existing study that has been submitted but not reviewed by the Agency (Citing an Existing Study). If I am citing another registrant's study, I understand that this option is available only for acute toxicity or certain efficacy data and only if the cited study was conducted on my product, an identical product or a product which EPA has "grouped" with one or more other products for purposes of depending on the same data. I may also choose this option if I am citing my own data. In either case, I will provide the MRID or Accession number(s) for the cited data on a "Product Specific Data Report" form or in a similar format. By the specified due date, I will also submit: (1) a completed "Certification With Respect To Data Compensation Requirements" form (EPA Form 8570-29) and (2) two completed and signed copies of the Confidential Statement of Formula (EPA Form 8570-4).
- 7. I request a waiver for this study because it is inappropriate for my product (**Waiver Request**). I am attaching a complete justification for this request, including technical reasons, data and references to relevant EPA regulations, guidelines or policies. [Note: any supplemental data must be submitted in the format required by P.R. Notice 86-5]. I understand that this is my **only** opportunity to state the reasons or provide information in support of my request. If the Agency approves my waiver request, I will **not** be required to supply the data pursuant to Section 3(c)(2)(B) of FIFRA. If the Agency denies my waiver request, I **must choose** a method of meeting the data

requirements of this Notice by the due date stated by this Notice. In this case, I must, within **30 days** of my receipt of the Agency's written decision, submit a revised "Requirements Status and Registrant's Response" Form indicating the option chosen. I also understand that the deadline for submission of data as specified by the original data call-in notice will not change. By the specified due date, I will also submit: (1) a completed "Certification With Respect To Data Compensation Requirements" form (EPA Form 8570-29) and (2) two completed and signed copies of the Confidential Statement of Formula (EPA Form 8570-4).

#### Items 10-13. Self-explanatory.

NOTE:

You may provide **additional information** that does not fit on this form in a signed letter that accompanies this form. For example, you may wish to report that your product has already been transferred to another company or that you have already voluntarily canceled this product. For these cases, please supply all relevant details so that EPA can ensure that its records are correct.

Attachment 3. Product Specific Requirement Status and Registrant's Response Forms (Form B inserts) and Instructions

# INSTRUCTIONS FOR COMPLETING THE "REQUIREMENTS STATUS AND REGISTRANT'S RESPONSE" FORM FOR PRODUCT SPECIFIC DATA

- Item 1-3. Completed by EPA. Note the unique identifier number assigned by EPA in item 3. This number must be used in the transmittal document for any data submissions in response to this Data Call-In Notice.
- Item 4. The guidelines reference numbers of studies required to support the product's continued registration are identified. These guidelines, in addition to the requirements specified in the Notice, govern the conduct of the required studies. Note that series 61 and 62 in product chemistry are now listed under 40 CFR 158.155 through 158.180, Subpart c.
- Item 5. The study title associated with the guideline reference number is identified.
- Item 6. The use patters (s) of the pesticide associated with the product specific requirements is (are) identified. For most product specific data requirements, all use patterns are covered by the data requirements. In the case of efficacy data, the required studies only pertain to products which have the use sites and/ or pests indicated.
- Item 7. The substance to be tested is identified by EPA. For product specific data, the product as formulated for sale and distribution is the test substance, except in rare cases.
- Item 8. The due date for submission of each study is identified. It is normally based on 8 months after issuance of the Reregistration Eligibility Documents unless EPA determines that a longer time period is necessary.
- Item 9. Enter Only one of the following response codes for each data requirement to show how you intend to comply with the data requirements listed in this table. Fuller descriptions of each option are contained in the Data Call-In Notice.
  - 1. I will generate and submit data by the specified due date (Developing Data). By indicating that I have chosen this option, I certify that I will comply with all the requirements pertaining to the conditions for submittal of this study as outlined in the Data Call-In Notice.
  - 2. I have entered into an agreement with one or more registrants to develop data jointly (Cost Sharing). I am submitting a copy of this agreement. I understand that this option is available on for acute toxicity or certain efficacy data and only if EPA indicates in an attachment to this notice that my product is similar. Enough to another product to qualify for this option. I certify that another party in the agreement is committing to submit or provide the required data; if the required study is not submitted on time, my product my be subject to suspension.
  - 3. I have made offers to share in the cost to develop data (Offers to Cost Share). I understand that this option is available only for acute toxicity or certain efficacy data and only if EPA indicates in an attachment to this Data Call-In Notice that my product is similar enough to another product to qualify for this option. I am submitting evidence that I have made an offer to another registrant (who has an obligation to submit data) to share in the cost of that data. I am also submitting a completed "Certification of offer to Cost Share in the Development Data" form. I am including a copy of my offer and proof of the other registrant's receipt of that offer. I am identifying the party which is committing to submit or provide the require data; if the required study is not submitted on time, my product may be subject to suspension. I understand that other terms under Option 3 in the Data Call-In Notice (Section III-C.1.) apply as well.

- 4. By the specified due date, I will submit an existing study that has not been submitted previously to the Agency by anyone (submitting an Existing Study). I certify that this study will meet all the requirements for submittal of existing data outlined in option 4 in the Data Call-In Notice (Section III-C.1.) and will meet the attached acceptance criteria (for acute toxicity and product chemistry data). I will attach the needed supporting information along with this response. I also certify that I have determined that this study will fill the data requirement for which I have indicated this choice.
- 5. By the specified due date, I will submit or cite data to upgrade a study classified by the Agency as partially acceptable and upgrade (upgrading a study). I will submit evidence of the Agency's review indicating that the study may be upgraded and what information is required to do so. I will provide the MRID or Accession number of the study at the due date. I understand that the conditions for this Option outlined Option 5 in the Data Call-In Notice (Section III-C.1.) apply.
- 6. By the specified due date, I will cite an existing study that the Agency has classified as acceptable or an existing study that has been submitted but not reviewed by the Agency (Citing an Existing Study). If I am citing another registrant's study, I understand that this option is available only for acute toxicity or certain efficacy data and only if the cited study was conducted on my product, an identical product or a product which EPA has "grouped" with one or more other products for purposes of depending on the same data. I may also choose this option if I am citing my own data. In either case, I will provide the MRID or Accession number (s) number (s) for the cited data on a "Product Specific Data Report" form or in a similar format. If I cite another registratrant's data, I will submit a completed "Certification With Respect To Data Compensation Requirements" form.
- 7. I request a waiver for this study because it is inappropriate for my product (Waiver Request). I am attaching a complete justification for this request, including technical reasons, data and references to relevant EPA regulations, guidelines or policies. [Note: any supplemental data must be submitted in the format required by P.R. Notice 86-5]. I understand that this is my only opportunity to state the reasons or provide information in support of my request. If the Agency approves my waiver request, I will not be require to supply the data pursuant to Section 3(c) (2) (B) of FIFRA. If the Agency denies my waiver request, I must choose a method of meeting the data requirements of this Notice by the due date stated by this Notice. In this case, I must, within 30 days of my receipt of the Agency's written decision, submit a revised "Requirements Status chosen. I also understand that the deadline for submission of data as specified by the original data cal-in notice will not change.

#### Items 10-13. Self-explanatory.

 $\frac{NOTE: You \ may \ provide \ additional \ information \ that \ does \ not \ fit \ on \ this \ form \ in \ a \ signed \ letter \ that \ acc<del>ompanies this form. For example, you may wish to report that your product has already been transferred to another company or that you have already voluntarily cancelled this product. For these cases, please supply all relevant details so that EPA can ensure that its records are correct.$ </del>

Attachment 4. EPA Batching of End-Use Products for Meeting Data Requirements for Reregistration

# EPA'S BATCHING OF DISODIUM CYANODITHIOIMIDOCARBONATE (DCDIC) PRODUCTS FOR MEETING ACUTE TOXICITY DATA REQUIREMENTS FOR REREGISTRATION

In an effort to reduce the time, resources and number of animals needed to fulfill the acute toxicity data requirements for reregistration of products containing the active ingredient disodium cyanodithioimidocarbonate (DCDIC), the Agency has batched products which can be considered similar for purposes of acute toxicity. Factors considered in the sorting process include each product's active and inert ingredients (identity, percent composition and biological activity), type of formulation (e.g., emulsifiable concentrate, aerosol, wettable powder, granular, etc.), and labeling (e.g., signal word, use classification, precautionary labeling, etc.). Note that the Agency is not describing batched products as "substantially similar" since some products within a batch may not be considered chemically similar or have identical use patterns.

Batching has been accomplished using the readily available information described above, and frequently acute toxicity data on individual products has been found to be incomplete. Notwithstanding the batching process, the Agency reserves the right to require, at any time, acute toxicity data for an individual product should the need arise.

Registrants of products within a batch may choose to cooperatively generate, submit or cite a single battery of six acute toxicological studies to represent all the products within that batch. It is the registrants' option to participate in the process with all other registrants, only some of the other registrants, or only their own products within a batch, or to generate all the required acute toxicological studies for each of their own products. If a registrant chooses to generate the data for a batch, he/she must use one of the products within the batch as the test material. If a registrant chooses to rely upon previously submitted acute toxicity data, he/she may do so provided that the data base is complete and valid by today's standards (see acceptance criteria attached), the formulation tested is considered by EPA to be similar for acute toxicity, and the formulation has not been significantly altered since submission and acceptance of the acute toxicity data. Regardless of whether new data is generated or existing data is referenced, registrants must clearly identify the test material by EPA Registration Number.

In deciding how to meet the product specific data requirements, registrants must follow the directions given in the Data Call-In Notice and its attachments appended to the RED. The DCI Notice contains two response forms which are to be completed and submitted to the Agency within 90 days of receipt. The first form, "Data Call-In Response," asks whether the registrant will meet the data requirements for each product. The second form, "Requirements Status and Registrant's Response," lists the product specific data required for each product, including the standard six acute toxicity tests. A registrant who wishes to participate in a batch must decide whether he/she will provide the data or depend on someone else to do so. If a registrant supplies the data to support a batch of products, he/she must select one of the following options: Developing Data (Option 1), Submitting an Existing Study (Option 4), Upgrading an Existing Study (Option 5) or Citing an Existing Study (Option 6). If a registrant depends on another's data, he/she must choose among: Cost Sharing (Option 2), Offers to Cost Share (Option 3) or Citing an Existing Study (Option 6). If a registrant does not want to participate in a batch, the choices are Options 1, 4, 5 or 6. However, a registrant should know that choosing not to participate in a batch does not preclude other registrants in the batch from citing his/her studies and offering to cost share (Option 3) those studies.

The tables below show the products which were batched together in batches numbered one through four.

BATCH NO.	EPA REG. NO.	% of Disodium Cyanodithioimidocarbonate & Other Active Ingredients	Formulation Type
1	1448-115	3.68% - Disodium Cyanodithioimidocarbonate 5.07% - Potassium N-methyldithiocarbamate	Liquid
	1760-27	3.68% - Disodium Cyanodithioimidocarbonate 5.07% - Potassium N-methyldithiocarbamate	Liquid
	7053-18	3.68% - Disodium Cyanodithioimidocarbonate 5.07% - Potassium N-methyldithiocarbamate	Liquid
	9403-10	3.68% - Disodium Cyanodithioimidocarbonate 5.07% - Potassium N-methyldithiocarbamate	Liquid
	9619-11	3.68% - Disodium Cyanodithioimidocarbonate 5.07% - Potassium N-methyldithiocarbamate	Liquid
	10807-136	3.68% - Disodium Cyanodithioimidocarbonate 5.07% - Potassium N-methyldithiocarbamate	Liquid
	10827-71	3.68% - Disodium Cyanodithioimidocarbonate 5.07% - Potassium N-methyldithiocarbamate	Liquid
	11743-6	3.68% - Disodium Cyanodithioimidocarbonate 5.07% - Potassium N-methyldithiocarbamate	Liquid
	12480-2	3.68% - Disodium Cyanodithioimidocarbonate 5.07% - Potassium N-methyldithiocarbamate	Liquid
	14804-4	3.68% - Disodium Cyanodithioimidocarbonate 5.07% - Potassium N-methyldithiocarbamate	Liquid
	20375-8	3.68% - Disodium Cyanodithioimidocarbonate 5.07% - Potassium N-methyldithiocarbamate	Liquid
	22558-5	3.68% - Disodium Cyanodithioimidocarbonate 5.07% - Potassium N-methyldithiocarbamate	Liquid
	31964-7	3.68% - Disodium Cyanodithioimidocarbonate 5.07% - Potassium N-methyldithiocarbamate	Liquid

BATC H NO.	EPA REG. NO.	% of Disodium Cyanodithioimidocarbonate & Other Active Ingredients	Formulation Type
(Cont.)	32852-11	3.68% - Disodium Cyanodithioimidocarbonate 5.07% - Potassium N-methyldithiocarbamate	Liquid
	34859-2	3.68% - Disodium Cyanodithioimidocarbonate 5.07% - Potassium N-methyldithiocarbamate	Liquid
	36532-1	3.68% - Disodium Cyanodithioimidocarbonate 5.07% - Potassium N-methyldithiocarbamate	Liquid
	40951-5	4.20% - Disodium Cyanodithioimidocarbonate 5.80% - Potassium N-methyldithiocarbamate	Liquid
	45388-2	3.68% - Disodium Cyanodithioimidocarbonate 5.07% - Potassium N-methyldithiocarbamate	Liquid
	45591-5	3.68% - Disodium Cyanodithioimidocarbonate 5.07% - Potassium N-methyldithiocarbamate	Liquid
	54310-2	3.68% - Disodium Cyanodithioimidocarbonate 5.07% - Potassium N-methyldithiocarbamate	Liquid
	55160-3	3.68% - Disodium Cyanodithioimidocarbonate 5.07% - Potassium N-methyldithiocarbamate	Liquid
	64864-11	3.68% - Disodium Cyanodithioimidocarbonate 5.07% - Potassium N-methyldithiocarbamate	Liquid
2	1685-91	4.90% - Disodium Cyanodithioimidocarbonate 6.76% - Potassium N-methyldithiocarbamate	Liquid
	10088-70	4.90% - Disodium Cyanodithioimidocarbonate 6.76% - Potassium N-methyldithiocarbamate	Liquid
	12479-3	4.90% - Disodium Cyanodithioimidocarbonate 6.76% - Potassium N-methyldithiocarbamate	Liquid
	17866-5	4.90% - Disodium Cyanodithioimidocarbonate 6.76% - Potassium N-methyldithiocarbamate	Liquid
	30942-4	4.90% - Disodium Cyanodithioimidocarbonate 6.76% - Potassium N-methyldithiocarbamate	Liquid
	39529-2	3.80% - Disodium Cyanodithioimidocarbonate 5.20% - Potassium N-methyldithiocarbamate	Liquid
	40840-2	4.90% - Disodium Cyanodithioimidocarbonate 6.76% - Potassium N-methyldithiocarbamate	Liquid
	43553-6	4.90% - Disodium Cyanodithioimidocarbonate 6.76% - Potassium N-methyldithiocarbamate	Liquid

BATCH NO.	EPA REG. NO.	% of Disodium Cyanodithioimidocarbonate & Other Active Ingredients	Formulation Type
(Cont.)	56151-1	4.90% - Disodium Cyanodithioimidocarbonate 6.76% - Potassium N-methyldithiocarbamate	Liquid
	56244-1	4.90% - Disodium Cyanodithioimidocarbonate 6.76% - Potassium N-methyldithiocarbamate	Liquid
	57333-1	4.90% - Disodium Cyanodithioimidocarbonate 6.76% - Potassium N-methyldithiocarbamate	Liquid
3	1448-180	7.35% - Disodium Cyanodithioimidocarbonate 10.15% - Potassium N-methyldithiocarbamate	Liquid
	7053-17	7.35% - Disodium Cyanodithioimidocarbonate 10.15% - Potassium N-methyldithiocarbamate	Liquid
	7547-20	7.35% - Disodium Cyanodithioimidocarbonate 10.15% - Potassium N-methyldithiocarbamate	Liquid
	7547-21	7.35% - Disodium Cyanodithioimidocarbonate 10.15% - Potassium N-methyldithiocarbamate	Liquid
	8540-20	7.35% - Disodium Cyanodithioimidocarbonate 10.15% - Potassium N-methyldithiocarbamate	Liquid
	11712-30	7.35% - Disodium Cyanodithioimidocarbonate 10.15% - Potassium N-methyldithiocarbamate	Liquid
	20375-6	7.35% - Disodium Cyanodithioimidocarbonate 10.15% - Potassium N-methyldithiocarbamate	Liquid
	44392-4	7.35% - Disodium Cyanodithioimidocarbonate 10.15% - Potassium N-methyldithiocarbamate	Liquid
	47158-4	7.35% - Disodium Cyanodithioimidocarbonate 10.15% - Potassium N-methyldithiocarbamate	Liquid
	47251-5	7.35% - Disodium Cyanodithioimidocarbonate 10.15% - Potassium N-methyldithiocarbamate	Liquid
	49271-3	7.35% - Disodium Cyanodithioimidocarbonate 10.15% - Potassium N-methyldithiocarbamate	Liquid
	51661-9	7.35% - Disodium Cyanodithioimidocarbonate 10.15% - Potassium N-methyldithiocarbamate	Liquid
	56567-3	7.35% - Disodium Cyanodithioimidocarbonate 10.15% - Potassium N-methyldithiocarbamate	Liquid
	59907-2	7.35% - Disodium Cyanodithioimidocarbonate 10.15% - Potassium N-methyldithiocarbamate	Liquid

BATCH NO.	EPA REG. NO.	% of Disodium Cyanodithioimidocarbonate & Other Active Ingredients	Formulation Type
4	1448-53	14.70% - Disodium Cyanodithioimidocarbonate 20.30% - Potassium N-methyldithiocarbamate	Liquid
	1448-54	14.70% - Disodium Cyanodithioimidocarbonate 20.30% - Potassium N-methyldithiocarbamate	Liquid
	1448-128	14.70% - Disodium Cyanodithioimidocarbonate 20.30% - Potassium N-methyldithiocarbamate	Liquid
	40308-4	14.70% - Disodium Cyanodithioimidocarbonate 20.30% - Potassium N-methyldithiocarbamate	Liquid
	46773-5	14.70% - Disodium Cyanodithioimidocarbonate 20.30% - Potassium N-methyldithiocarbamate	Liquid

The table below shows the four remaining products which were not batched. These products were not considered similar for purposes of acute toxicity. The registrants of these products are responsible for meeting the acute toxicity data requirements specified in the data matrix.

EPA REG. NO.	% of Disodium Cyanodithioimidocarbonate & Other Active Ingredients	Formulation Type
402-125	1.84% - Disodium Cyanodithioimidocarbonate 2.53% - Potassium N-methyldithiocarbamate	Liquid
1448-75	32.00% - Disodium Cyanodithioimidocarbonate	Liquid
1448-93	14.50% - Disodium Cyanodithioimidocarbonate 18.00% - Sodium N-methyldithiocarbamate	Liquid
46412-2	9.79% - Disodium Cyanodithioimidocarbonate 13.51% - Potassium N-methyldithiocarbamate	Liquid

**Attachment 5. EPA Acceptance Criteria** 

## SUBDIVISION D

Guideline	Study Title
Series 61	Product Identity and Composition
Series 62	Analysis and Certification of Product Ingredients
Series 63	Physical and Chemical Characteristics

#### **61 Product Identity and Composition**

#### ACCEPTANCE CRITERIA

Does your	study meet the following acceptance criteria?
1	Name of technical material tested (include product name and trade name, if appropriate).
2	$Name,\ nominal\ concentration,\ and\ certified\ limits\ (upper\ and\ lower)\ for\ each\ active\ ingredient\ and\ each\ intentionally-added\ inert\ ingredient.$
3	Name and upper certified limit for each impurity or each group of impurities present at $>0.1\%$ by weight and for certain toxicologically significant impurities (e.g., dioxins, nitrosamines) present $\overline{at}<0.1\%$ .
4	Purpose of each active ingredient and each intentionally-added inert.
5	$Chemical\ name\ from\ Chemical\ Abstracts\ index\ of\ Nomenclature\ and\ Chemical\ Abstracts\ Service\ (CAS)$ $Registry\ Number\ for\ each\ active\ ingredient\ and,\ if\ available,\ for\ each\ intentionally-added\ inert.$
6	Molecular, structural, and empirical formulas, molecular weight or weight range, and any company assigned experimental or internal code numbers for each active ingredient.
7	Description of each beginning material in the manufacturing process.  EPA Registration Number if registered; for other beginning materials, the following: Name and address of manufacturer or supplier. Brand name, trade name or commercial designation. Technical specifications or data sheets by which manufacturer or supplier describes composition, properties or toxicity.
	cription of manufacturing process. Statement of whether batch or continuous process. Relative amounts of beginning materials and order in which they are added. Description of equipment. Description of physical conditions (temperature, pressure, humidity) controlled in each step and the parameters that are maintained. Statement of whether process involves intended chemical reactions. Flow chart with chemical equations for each intended chemical reaction. Duration of each step of process. Description of purification procedures. Description of measures taken to assure quality of final product.
9	Discussion of formation of impurities based on established chemical theory addressing (1) each impurity which may be present at $> 0.1\%$ or was found at $> 0.1\%$ by product analyses and (2) certain toxicologically significant impurities (see #3).

#### **62 Analysis and Certification of Product Ingredients**

#### ACCEPTANCE CRITERIA

The following criteria apply to the technical grade of the active ingredient being reregistered. Use a table to present the information in items 6, 7, and 8.

Does your study meet the following acceptance criteria?

1	Five or more representative samples (batches in case of batch process) analyzed for each active ingredient and all impurities present at $> 0.1\%$ .
2	Degree of accountability or closure > ca 98%.
3	Analyses conducted for certain trace toxic impurities at lower than 0.1% (examples, nitrosamines in the case of
	products containing dinitroanilines or containing secondary or tertiary amines/alkanolamines plus nitrites;
	polyhalogenated dibenzodioxins and dibenzofurans). [Note that in the case of nitrosamines both fresh and stored
	samples must be analyzed.].
4	Complete and detailed description of each step in analytical method used to analyze above samples.
$5{}$	Statement of precision and accuracy of analytical method used to analyze above samples.
6.	Identities and quantities (including mean and standard deviation) provided for each analyzed ingredient.
7	Upper and lower certified limits proposed for each active ingredient and intentionally added inert along with
	explanation of how the limits were determined.
8	Upper certified limit proposed for each impurity present at $> 0.1\%$ and for certain toxicologically significant
	impurities at < 0.1% along with explanation of how limit determined.
$9{}$	Analytical methods to verify certified limits of each active ingredient and impurities (latter not required if exempt
	from requirement of tolerance or if generally recognized as safe by FDA) are fully described.
10	Analytical methods (as discussed in #9) to verify certified limits validated as to their precision and accuracy.

#### **63 Physical and Chemical Characteristics**

#### ACCEPTANCE CRITERIA

The following criteria apply to the technical grade of the active ingredient being reregistered.

Does your study meet the following acceptance criteria?
63-2 Color  Verbal description of coloration (or lack of it) Any intentional coloration also reported in terms of Munsell color system
63-3 Physical State  Verbal description of physical state provided using terms such as "solid, granular, volatile liquid"  Based on visual inspection at about 20-25° C
63-4 Odor  Verbal description of odor (or lack of it) using terms such as "garlic-like, characteristic of aromatic compounds"  Observed at room temperature
63-5 Melting Point  Reported in °C Any observed decomposition reported
63-6 Boiling Point  Reported in °C  Pressure under which B.P. measured reported  Any observed decomposition reported
63-7 Density, Bulk Density, Specific Gravity  Measured at about 20-25° C  Density of technical grade active ingredient reported in g/ml or the specific gravity of liquids reported with reference to water at 20° C. [Note: Bulk density of registered products may be reported in lbs/ft³ or lbs/gallon.]
63-8 Solubility  Determined in distilled water and representative polar and non-polar solvents, including those used in formulations and analytical methods for the pesticide  Measured at about 20-25° C  Reported in g/100 ml (other units like ppm acceptable if sparingly soluble)
63-9 Vapor Pressure  Measured at 25° C (or calculated by extrapolation from measurements made at higher temperature if pressure too low to measure at 25° C)  Experimental procedure described Reported in mm Hg (torr) or other conventional units
63-10 Dissociation Constant  Experimental method described Temperature of measurement specified (preferably about 20-25°C)
63-11 Octanol/water Partition Coefficient  Measured at about 20-25° C  Experimentally determined and description of procedure provided (preferred method-45 Fed. Register 77350)  Data supporting reported value provided
63-12 pH  Measured at about 20-25° C  Measured following dilution or dispersion in distilled water
63-13 Stability Sensitivity to metal ions and metal determined Stability at normal and elevated temperatures Sensitivity to sunlight determined

## SUBDIVISION F

Guideline	Study Title
81-1	Acute Oral Toxicity in the Rat
81-2	Acute Dermal Toxicity in the Rat, Rabbit or Guinea Pig
81-3	Acute Inhalation Toxicity in the Rat
81-4	Primary Eye Irritation in the Rabbit
81-5	Primary Dermal Irritation Study
81-6	Dermal Sensitization in the Guinea Pig

#### 81-1 Acute Oral Toxicity in the Rat

#### ACCEPTANCE CRITERIA

Does your study meet the following acceptance criteria?

Identify material tested (technical, end-use product, etc). Identify material tested (technical, end-use product, etc).
At least 5 young adult rats/sex/group.
Dosing, single oral may be administered over 24 hrs.
Vehicle control if other than water.
Doses tested, sufficient to determine a toxicity category or a limit dose (5000 mg/kg).
Individual observations at least once a day.
Observation period to last at least 14 days, or until all test animals appear normal whichever is longer.
Individual daily observations.
Individual body weights.
Gross necropsy on all animals.

#### 81-2 Acute Dermal toxicity in the Rat, Rabbit or Guinea Pig

#### ACCEPTANCE CRITERIA

Does your study meet the following acceptance criteria?

2 At least 5 animals/sex/group. 3.* Rats 200-300 gm, rabbits 2.0-3.0 kg or guinea pigs 350-450 gm.	
3.* Rats 200-300 gm, rabbits 2.0-3.0 kg or guinea pigs 350-450 gm.	
4. Dosing, single dermal.	
5. Dosing duration at least 24 hours.	
6.* Vehicle control, only if toxicity of vehicle is unknown.	
7. Doses tested, sufficient to determine a toxicity category or a limit dose (2000 mg/k	kg).
8. Application site clipped or shaved at least 24 hours before dosing.	0
9. Application site at least 10% of body surface area.	
0 Application site covered with a porous nonirritating cover to retain test material ar	nd to prevent
ingestion.	•
1Individual observations at least once a day.  2Observation period to last at least 14 days.  3Individual body weights.	
2. Observation period to last at least 14 days.	
3 Individual body weights.	
4. Gross necropsý on all animals.	

#### 81-3 Acute Inhalation Toxicity in the Rat

#### ACCEPTANCE CRITERIA

Does your study meet the following acceptance criteria?

1	Identify material tested (technical, end-use product, etc).
2	Product is a gas, a solid which may produce a significant vapor hazard based on toxicity and expected use or
	contains particles of inhalable size for man (aerodynamic diameter 15 µm or less).
3	At least 5 young adult rats/sex/group.
4	Dosing, at least 4 hours by inhalation.
5.	Chamber air flow dynamic, at least 10 air changes/hour, at least 19% oxygen content.
6	Chamber temperature, 22°C (+2°), relative humidity 40-60%.
7.	Monitor rate of air flow.
8	Monitor actual concentrations of test material in breathing zone.
9	Monitor aerodynamic particle size for aerosols.
10	Doses tested, sufficient to determine a toxicity category or a limit dose (5 mg/L actual concentration of respirable
	substance).
11 12	Individual observations at least once a day.
12	Observation period to last at least 14 days.
13	Individual body weights.
14	Gross necropsý on all animals.

#### 81-4 Primary Eye Irritation in the Rabbit

#### ACCEPTANCE CRITERIA

Does your study meet the following acceptance criteria?

Identify material tested (technical, end-use product, etc). Study not required if material is corrosive, causes severe dermal irritation or has a pH of  $\leq 2$  or  $\geq 11.5$ . 6 adult rabbits.

Dosing, instillation into the conjunctival sac of one eye Dosing, instillation into the conjunctival sac of one eye per animal.

Dose, 0.1 ml if a liquid; 0.1 ml or not more than 100 mg if a solid, paste or particulate substance. Solid or granular test material ground to a fine dust.

Eyes not washed for at least 24 hours.

Eyes examined and graded for irritation before dosing and at 1, 24, 48 and 72 hr, then daily until eyes are normal or 21 days (whichever is shorter).

Individual daily observations.

#### 81-5 Primary Dermal Irritation Study

#### ACCEPTANCE CRITERIA

Does your study meet the following acceptance criteria?

1.	Identify material tested (technical, end-use product, etc).
2.	Study not required if material is corrosive or has a pH of $< 2$ or $> 11.5$ .
	6 adult animāls.
4.	Dosing, single dermal.
5	Dosing duration 4 hours.
6	Application site shaved or clipped at least 24 hours prior to dosing.
7	Application site approximately 6 cm <sup>2</sup> .
8.	Application site covered with a gauze patch held in place with nonirritating tape.
9	Material removed, washed with water, without trauma to application site.
10	Application site examined and graded for irritation at 1, 24, 48 and 72 hr, then daily until normal or 14 days
	(whichever is shorter).
11.*	Îndividual daily observations.

#### 81-6 Dermal Sensitization in the Guinea Pig

#### ACCEPTANCE CRITERIA

Dues	your study meet the following acceptance criteria:
1 2	Identify material tested (technical, end-use product, etc). Study not required if material is corrosive or has a
_	pH of < 2 or > 11.5.
3	One of the following methods is utilized:
	Freund's complete adjuvant test
	Guinea pig mâximization test
	Split adjuvant technique
	Buehler test
	Open epicutaneous test
	Mauer optimization test
	Footpad technique in guinea pig.
4.	Complete description of test.
4 5.*	Reference for test.
6.	Test followed essentially as described in reference document.
7	Positive control included (may provide historical data conducted within the last 6 months).

Attachment 6. List of All Registrants Sent This Data Call-In (insert) Notice

Attachment 7. Cost Share Data Compensation Forms, Confidential Statement of Formula Form and Instructions

ØEP4	Washington, DC 20460 Confidential Statement of Form	lula	nulation Page	of	See Instructions on Back	ons on Back
1. Name and Ac	dress of Applicant/Registrant (Include ZIP Code)	2. Name and Address of Producer (Include ZIP Code)	s of Producer <i>(Incl</i>	ude ZIP Code)		
3. Product Name		4. Registration No./File Symbol		5. EPA Product Mgr/Team No.	6. Country Where Formulated	ormulated
		7. Pounds/Gal or Bulk Density	ensity 8. pH	T	9. Flash Point/Flame Extension	e Extension
EPA USE ONLY	10. Components in Formulation (List as actually introduced into the formulation. Give commonly accepted chemical name, trade name, and CAS number.)	11. Supplier Name & Address	12. EPA Reg. No.	13. Each Component 14. Certified Limits in Formulation 8. by Weight a Upper Limit b. Cheer Cheer Limit b. Cheer Ch	14. Certified Limits % by Weight	15. Purpose in Formulation
16. Typed Name	16. Typed Name of Approving Official			17. Total Weight 100%		
18. Signature of	18. Signature of Approving Official	19. Title		20. Phone No. (Include	20. Phone No. (Include Area Code) 21. Date	

### Instructions for Completing the Confidential Statement of Formula

The Confidential Statement of Formula (CSF) Form 8570-4 must be used. Two legible, signed copies of the form are required. Following are basic instructions:

- a. All the blocks on the form must be filled in and answered completely.
- b. If any block is not applicable, mark it N/A.
- c. The CSF must be signed, dated and the telephone number of the responsible party must be provided.
- d. All applicable information which is on the product specific data submission must also be reported on the CSF.
- e. All weights reported under item 7 must be in pounds per gallon for liquids and pounds per cubic feet for solids.
- f. Flashpoint must be in degrees Fahrenheit and flame extension in inches.
- g. For all active ingredients, the EPA Registration Numbers for the currently registered source products must be reported under column 12.
- h. The Chemical Abstracts Service (CAS) Numbers for all actives and inerts and all common names for the trade names must be reported.
- i. For the active ingredients, the percent purity of the source products must be reported under column 10 and must be exactly the same as on the source product's label.
- j. All the weights in columns 13.a. and 13.b. must be in pounds, kilograms, or grams. In no case will volumes be accepted. Do not mix English and metric system units (i.e., pounds and kilograms).
- k. All the items under column 13.b. must total 100 percent.
- 1. All items under columns 14.a. and 14.b. for the active ingredients must represent pure active form.
- m. The upper and lower certified limits for ail active and inert ingredients must follow the 40 CFR 158.175 instructions. An explanation must be provided if the proposed limits are different than standard certified limits.
- n. When new CSFs are submitted and approved, all previously submitted CSFs become obsolete for that specific formulation.



## United States Environmental Protection Agency Washington, DC 20460

## CERTIFICATION OF OFFER TO COST SHARE IN THE DEVELOPMENT OF DATA

Form Approved

OMB No. 2070-0106 2070-0057

Approval Expires 3-31-96

Public reporting burden for this collection of information is estimated to average 15 minutes per response, including time for reviewing instructions, searching existing data sources, gathering and maintaining the data needed, and completing and reviewing the collection of information. Send comments regarding the burden estimate or any other aspect of this collection of information, including suggestions for reducing this burden, to Chief, Information Policy Branch, PM-223, U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, 401 M St., S.W., Washington, DC 20460; and to the Office of Management and Budget, Paperwork Reduction Project (2070-0106), Washington, DC 20503.

Please fill in blanks below.	
Company Name	Company Number
Product Name	EPA Reg. No.
l Certify that:	
My company is willing to develop and submit the data required by EPA under the ansecticide, Fungicide and Rodenticide Act (FIFRA), if necessary. However, my content into an agreement with one or more registrants to develop jointly or share in data.	mpany would prefer to
My firm has offered in writing to enter into such an agreement. That offer was irredefer to be bound by arbitration decision under section 3(c)(2)(B)(iii) of FIFRA it terms could not be reached otherwise. This offer was made to the following firm(state(s):	f final agreement on all
Name of Firm(s)	Date of Offer
Certification:	
I certify that I am duly authorized to represent the company named above, and that the state this form and all attachments therein are true, accurate, and complete. I acknowledge that a misleading statement may be punishable by fine or imprisonment or both under applicable I	ny knowingly false or
Signature of Company's Authorized Representative	Date
Name and Title (Please Type or Print)	

EPA Form 8570-32 (5/91) Replaces EPA Form 8580, which is obsolete



Please fill in blanks below.

## United States Environmental Protection Agency Washington, DC 20460

#### CERTIFICATION WITH RESPECT TO DATA COMPENSATION REQUIREMENTS

Form Approved

OMB No. 2070-0107 2070-0057

Approval Expires 3-31-96

Public reporting burden for this collection of information is estimated to average 15 minutes per response, including time for reviewing instructions, searching existing data sources, gathering and maintaining the data needed, and completing and reviewing the collection of information. Send comments regarding the burden estimate or any other aspect of this collection of information, including suggestions for reducing this burden, to Chief, Information Policy Branch, PM-223, U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, 401 M St., S.W., Washington, DC 20460; and to the Office of Management and Budget, Paperwork Reduction Project (2070-0106), Washington, DC 20503.

Company Name	Company Number
roduct Name	EPA Reg. No.
Certify that:	
For each study cited in support of registration or reregistration under the Rodenticide Act (FIFRA) that is an exclusive use study, I am the original written permission of the original data submitter to cite that study.	the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide and all data submitter, or I have obtained the
That for each study cited in support of registration or reregistration und study, I am the original data submitter, or I have obtained the written perhave notified in writing the company(ies) that submitted data I have cite compensation for those data in accordance with sections 3(c)(1)(D) an negotiation to determine which data are subject to the compensation compensation due, if any. The companies I have notified are: (check	ermission of the original data submitter, or ed and have offered to: (a) Pay d 3(c)(2)(D) of FIFRA; and (b) Commence requirement of FIFRA and the amount of
[] The companies who have submitted the studies listed on the bac sheets, or indicated on the attached "Requirements Status and I	ck of this form or attached Registrants' Response Form,"
That I have previously complied with section 3(c)(1)(D) of FIFRA for the registration or reregistration under FIFRA.	e studies I have cited in support of
gnature	Date
ame and Title (Please Type or Print)	
ENERAL OFFER TO PAY: I hereby offer and agree to pay compensation or reregistration of my products, to the extent required by FIFF	on to other persons, with regard to the RA sections 3(c)(1)(D) and 3(c)(2)(D).
gnature	Date
sme and Title (Please Type or Print)	

EPA Form 8570-31 (4-90)

## APPENDIX H. FACT SHEET



# SEPA R.E.D. FACTS

## Disodium cyanodithioimidocarbonate (DCDIC)

#### **Pesticide** Reregistration

All pesticides sold or distributed in the United States must be registered by EPA, based on scientific studies showing that they can be used without posing unreasonable risks to people or the environment. Because of advances in scientific knowledge, the law requires that pesticides which were first registered years ago be <u>re</u>registered to ensure that they meet today's more stringent standards.

In evaluating pesticides for reregistration, EPA obtains and reviews a complete set of studies from pesticide producers, describing the human health and environmental effects of each pesticide. The Agency imposes any regulatory controls that are needed to effectively manage each pesticide's risks. EPA then reregisters pesticides that can be used without posing unreasonable risks to human health or the environment.

When a pesticide is eligible for reregistration, EPA announces this and explains why in a Reregistration Eligibility Decision (RED) document. This fact sheet summarizes the information in the RED document for reregistration case 3065, disodium cyanodithioimidocarbonate or DCDIC.

#### **Use Profile**

Disodium cyanodithioimidocarbonate or DCDIC is a microbicide/ microbistat used in water treatment systems. Specifically, it is used as an industrial biocide and slimicide to control slime-forming bacteria, algae and fungi in food processing water systems (cane and beet sugar mills), pulp and paper mill water systems, other commercial/industrial water cooling systems, and secondary oil recovery injection water. DCDIC is formulated as a soluble concentrate/liquid, and is applied through use of a measuring container, metering pump or drip-feed device.

Current use practice limitations prohibit discharge of effluent containing DCDIC into sewage systems without notifying the sewage plant authority, and into lakes, streams, ponds, estuaries, oceans or public waters except in accordance with an NPDES permit.

#### Regulatory History

DCDIC was registered in the U.S. as early as 1957 for use as an industrial bactericide and slimicide. EPA issued a reregistration Phase 4 Data Call-In (DCI) in September 1992, requiring product chemistry, toxicology, ecological effects and environmental fate data. Currently, 57 pesticide products are registered which contain the active ingredient DCDIC.

#### Human Health Assessment

#### **Toxicity**

DCDIC generally is of moderate acute toxicity but causes eye irritation and has been placed in Toxicity Category I (indicating the greatest degree of acute toxicity) for this effect. DCDIC is in Toxicity Category II for acute oral and primary dermal effects, and Toxicity Category III for acute dermal and inhalation effects. (Toxicity Category I indicates the greatest degree of acute toxicity and Category IV the least.)

In a subchronic toxicity study using rats, dermal irritation was observed at all doses but systemic effects were noted only at the highest dose levels. No gross internal organ effects were observed at any dose.

In two developmental toxicity studies using rabbits and rats, DCDIC caused both maternal and fetal effects at and above mid-dose. No definitive determination could be made as to whether the fetal effects observed were caused by DCDIC directly or occurred indirectly as a result of maternal toxicity.

DCDIC was not mutagenic in two out of three required studies. Although EPA does not believe that there is a genetic risk, the Agency is requiring that the third study be repeated as confirmatory information.

#### **Dietary Exposure**

Food additive tolerances (maximum limits for residues in processed foods) have been established by the Food and Drug Administration (FDA) for the sugar beet and sugar cane mill uses of DCDIC (please see 21 CFR 173.320). EPA defers to FDA regarding this dietary exposure to DCDIC. Additional food additive tolerances have been set for residues of DCDIC in food grade paper, paperboard (21 CFR 176.300) and adhesives (21 CFR 175.105). However, these uses are neither active nor supported for reregistration.

#### **Occupational and Residential Exposure**

Pesticide handlers--mixers, loaders and applicators--may be exposed to DCDIC when adding it to the metering pumps and measuring containers of food processing or industrial water systems.

EPA's exposure assessment, which considered combined dermal and inhalation exposure, indicates that the highest risk appears to result from the open pour application of this pesticide to cooling tower water. The margin of exposure (MOE) for this use pattern is only 38, significantly less than the 100-fold margin believed to be acceptable. However, due to the worst-case assumptions involved in the analysis, the actual risk to workers is expected to be at least 10% less, making the MOE 380 or more. Risks of developmental

toxicity to workers are expected to be low when appropriate protective equipment and clothing are used.

To mitigate acute as well as chronic toxicity hazards during open pouring of DCDIC, use of personal protective equipment (PPE) is required including protective eyewear, chemical resistant gloves, footwear, socks, a long-sleeved shirt, long pants and a respirator.

Post-application exposure is minimal posing negligible risk to workers. Residential exposure and risk to homeowners are not expected, based on the pesticide's use patterns.

#### **Human Risk Assessment**

Although DCDIC has two food uses (sugar beets and sugar cane), both are under FDA's purview. EPA defers to FDA regarding DCDIC's dietary risk.

The open pouring method of applying DCDIC to cooling tower water appears to pose the greatest risk of developmental toxicity to applicators. However, EPA's worst case exposure assessment probably results in an overestimate of risk; the actual risk to workers is expected to be low when appropriate protective equipment and clothing are used, as required by the RED document. Post-application exposure and risk are likely to be minimal. Residential exposure and risk to homeowners are not anticipated based on DCDIC's use patterns.

#### Environmental Assessment

#### **Environmental Fate**

The secondary oil recovery use of DCDIC normally would require extensive data regarding potential ground water impacts. However, properly encased injection wells preclude contact between materials placed down the well and any aquifer in the area; so EPA believes the chemical is not likely to present a hazard to ground water through this use. Other aquatic industrial uses carry National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) permit restrictions, limiting industrial discharges to acceptable levels for each site.

#### **Ecological Effects**

DCDIC is practically nontoxic to birds, no more than slightly toxic to freshwater and estuarine/marine fish, and moderately to highly toxic to aquatic/estuarine invertebrates.

#### **Ecological Effects Risk Assessment**

Because of its current use patterns, DCDIC is not likely to be found at levels of concern in the terrestrial environment, or to pose risks to birds.

EPA used a Tier Ic Estimated Environmental Concentration (EEC) model to assess residue levels occurring immediately downstream from industrial discharge sites. High exposure and typical exposure scenarios were developed for each use site. Typical exposure case EECs do not exceed levels of concern for any use sites; however, high exposure case EECs exceed levels

of concern for aquatic invertebrates at some industrial cooling towers and sugar mills. Thus, freshwater aquatic invertebrates may be at risk from effluent at high exposure sites. Similarly, estuarine and marine aquatic invertebrates may be at risk from effluent at high exposure industrial cooling tower and oil recovery sites.

While the use of DCDIC as a pesticide is regulated by EPA's Office of Pesticide Programs (OPP) under the federal pesticide law, FIFRA, the discharge of effluent containing DCDIC to surface waters is regulated under the NPDES permit program administered by EPA's Office of Water (OW) with the states. The NPDES process takes local conditions into account in issuing permits for the discharge of pollutants to bodies of water. EPA's OPP and OW will share information and cooperate in overseeing the use of biocides such as DCDIC.

#### **Endangered Species**

The high exposure case scenarios described above exceed the levels of concern for endangered fish at certain industrial sites, and those for endangered aquatic invertebrates at all sites. Effluent containing DCDIC should not be discharged into aquatic habitats where endangered species are known to live.

EPA is working with the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service to develop a program to identify pesticides whose use may cause adverse impacts on threatened and endangered species, and to implement mitigation measures that will eliminate the adverse impacts. This program will require labeling that directs users to county-specific bulletins for information about use restrictions to protect endangered and threatened species in the county.

#### Additional Data Required

The generic data base for DCDIC is substantially complete. However, for confirmatory purposes, EPA is requiring an additional mutagenicity study and data indicating the products of hydrolysis. The Agency also is requiring product-specific data, including product chemistry and acute toxicity studies, as well as revised Confidential Statements of Formula and revised labeling for reregistration.

#### Product Labeling Changes Required

All end-use products containing DCDIC must comply with EPA's current pesticide product labeling requirements. In addition:

**Effluent Discharge Statement** - All end-use (and manufacturing use) products that may be contained in an effluent discharged to the waters of the U.S. must bear the following revised effluent discharge statement:

"Do not discharge effluent containing this product into lakes, streams, ponds, estuaries, oceans or other waters unless in accordance with the requirements of a National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) permit and the permitting authority has been notified in writing prior to discharge. Do not discharge effluent containing this product to sewer systems without previously notifying the local sewage

treatment plant authority. For guidance contact your State Water Board or Regional Office of EPA."

**PPE Requirements** - All end-use product labels must bear the following statement:

"For open pouring of this product, workers must wear eyewear, chemical-resistant gloves, footwear, socks, long-sleeved shirt, long pants and a respirator with either an organic-vapor-removing cartridge with a prefilter approved for pesticides (MSHA/NIOSH approval number prefix TC-23C) or a canister approved for pesticides (MSHA/NIOSH approval number prefix TC-14G)."

## Regulatory Conclusion

The use of currently registered products containing DCDIC in accordance with approved labeling will not pose unreasonable risks or adverse effects to humans or the environment. Therefore, all uses of pesticide products containing DCDIC are eligible for reregistration.

Although there is some concern about potential effects on aquatic organisms exposed to effluent from industrial use of DCDIC, discharge of such effluent generally will not cause unreasonable adverse effects on the environment. EPA's OPP and OW will share information to improve the regulation of DCDIC's use at specific sites across the country.

Products containing DCDIC will be reregistered once the required confirmatory generic data, product-specific data, revised Confidential Statements of Formula and revised labeling are received and accepted by EPA, and after the other active ingredients in these products also are determined to be eligible for reregistration.

#### For More Information

EPA is requesting public comments on the Reregistration Eligibility Decision (RED) document for DCDIC during a 60-day time period, as announced in a Notice of Availability published in the <u>Federal Register</u>. To obtain a copy of the RED document or to submit written comments, please contact the Pesticide Docket, Public Response and Program Resources Branch, Field Operations Division (7506C), Office of Pesticide Programs (OPP), US EPA, Washington, DC 20460, telephone 703-305-5805.

Following the comment period, the DCDIC RED document will be available from the National Technical Information Service (NTIS), 5285 Port Royal Road, Springfield, VA 22161, telephone 703-487-4650.

For more information about EPA's pesticide reregistration program, the DCDIC RED, or reregistration of individual products containing DCDIC, please contact the Special Review and Reregistration Division (7508W), OPP, US EPA, Washington, DC 20460, telephone 703-308-8000.

For information about the health effects of pesticides, or for assistance in recognizing and managing pesticide poisoning symptoms, please contact

the National Pesticides Telecommunications Network (NPTN). Call toll-free 1-800-858-7378, between 8:00 am and 6:00 pm Central Time, Monday through Friday.