US ERA ARCHIVE DOCUMENT

Registration Review

PPDC: November 9, 2006



- FQPA added FIFRA 3(g) to require periodic review of each pesticide's registration
- > Covers all pesticides
- > Goal is 15-year review cycle
- > Final rule effective October 10
- Oct. 11 FRN announced schedule for opening dockets – 4 years instead of 3

• • • Final rule

> Flexible, transparent, open process

> Includes public participation

Ensures continuity in protecting human health and the environment



- What has changed since the pesticide's last assessment?
- > How significant is this change?
- > Do we need new information?
- Is the regulatory position likely to change as a result of the new information?

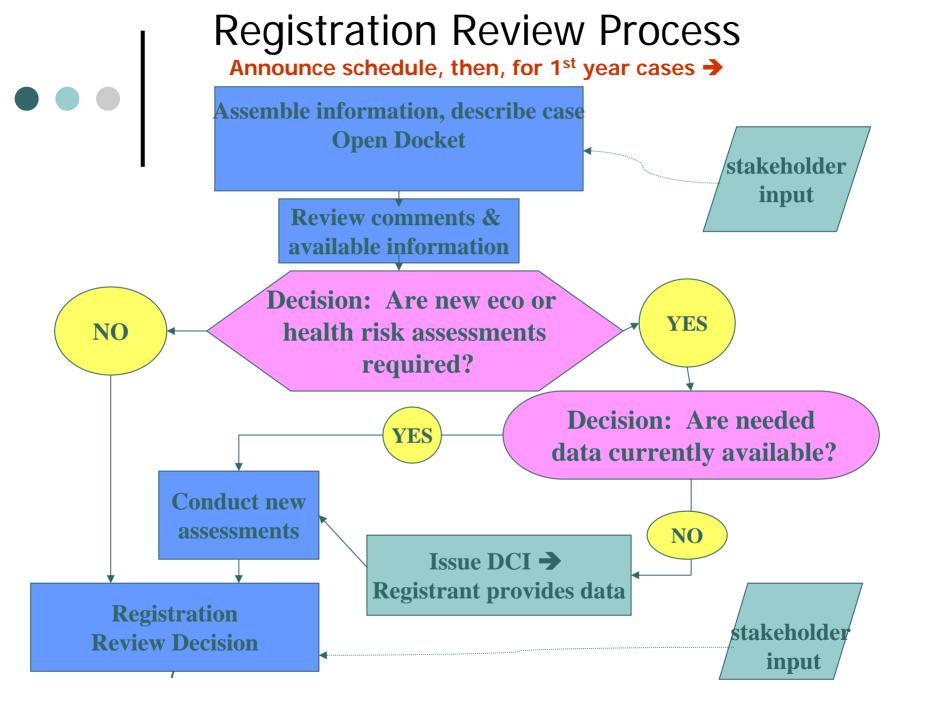
Reregistration vs. Registration Review

- Older pesticides
- > One-time review
- > ca. 20 pesticides yr
- > Process set by law
- Comprehensive reviews
- Start from scratch
- Major data gaps

- All pesticides
- 15-year cycle
- 45+ pesticides yr.
- Process set by rule
- Updated reviews as needed
- Add to what we know
- Fewer data needs



- 1st comment period on opening docket, EPA presents what it knows
- 2nd comment period generally on Preliminary Risk Assessment
- > 3rd comment period on draft decision
- > Other comment periods as needed



• • • Transparency

 Same docket number will be used throughout Reg Review for each case
 showing case development

Website to provide pesticide status and docket information

Ramping up Registration Review

- Non-food REDs done in FY '08
- RED follow up will require a significant investment through FY '08
- Product reregistration continues
- Goal is seamless transition to Reg Review
- Start ramping up Reg Review program beginning in FY '07

FY '07 Goal: Open 25 dockets, including 15 Conventionals

- > Fenarimol
- Cyromazine
- > Paclobutrazol
- Fenoxycarb
- > Sulfosate
- > Clomazone
- Hexythiazox
- > Triflumizole

- > Fenoxaprop
- > Lactofen
- Sodium salt of fomesafen
- > "Urea, sulfate (1:1)"
- > Clofentezine
- > Ethofenprox
- > Pyridate



Antimicrobials

- Benzenemethanaminium
- > Busan 1024
- > 2,4-Imidazolidinedione
- Zinc borate (3ZnO, 2B03, 3.5H2O; mw 434.66)

Biochemicals

- > Linalool
- > Chitin
- Farnesol & Nerolidol
- > Microbials
- > Trichoderma species
- Pseudomonas syringae
- Pseudomonas flourescens



- > Open docket, receive comment
- Review public comments & additional information received
- Determine if new risk assessments are required and if data call-in is needed, develop final work plan for case
- Proceed with review (DCIs, RA, or proposed decision

• • • First Dockets

- > OPP working on several dockets now
- ➤ Initial experience tracking well with 2004 feasibility study
 - > Human health assessment mostly OK
 - Endangered species compliance may require more data from registrant or open literature
- ➤ Goal → open some dockets early in FY '07
- > Serve as model for others



- Explain clearly our current understanding & anticipated path forward
- Give thought process for dietary, residential, occupational, ecological
- Explain rationale for any data or assessment needs
- > Pose questions for public comment

• • Steps in preparing docket

- > Assemble & review background information
- Prepare summary describing what we know & don't know, & significance of any gaps
 - > Consider endangered species effects
 - > Emerging concerns like endocrine disruption
- Include anticipated work plan any data and/or assessment needs
- Describe thought process in reaching these preliminary conclusions
- > Pose questions on which we want comment

Docket example: Current understanding & path forward

Human Health:

Anticipates no additional HH RA necessary

- Dietary risk < LOC (includes Drinking Water)</p>
- No residential uses
- > All worker MOEs < LOC
- Current understanding considers in house data & literature searches
- Considers all policy changes that might affect the risk assessment & safety finding.

Docket Example: Current understanding & path forward

Environmental

- Poses acute risk to terrestrial plants
- > Incident reports describe harm to terrestrial plants
- > Buffer zones were added to most product labels
- Anticipate buffer zone assessment may be necessary for different formulations, potentially using air models
- > Potential chronic risk to mammals
- Poses acute risk to freshwater & estuarine/marine invertebrates

Current understanding & path forward

Environmental (continued)

- Predicted risk to non-target organisms
- Screening level RA indicates use may potentially directly or indirectly impact endangered species
- > A more refined RA will be required that includes
 - > acute risk to terrestrial plants
 - acute risk to freshwater & marine/estuarine invertebrates
 - chronic risk to small & medium-sized mammals,
 & freshwater & estuarine/marine invertebrates
 - indirect effects on all listed species.

• • • PPDC Input on Docket

- OPP benefited from PPDC input in designing Registration Review
- OPP is also interested in getting advice on development of Registration Review work plan for a couple of early case studies
 - Provide input on our docketed presentation of what we know & preliminary work plan
 - Have we emphasized the right issues?
- Short term PPDC subgroup requested

• • • Conclusion

- > Registration Review is here
- > Begin transition from Reregistration
- Make dockets as transparent as possible to maximize comments
- OPP looks forward to feedback on process

Information on EPA Website

- EPA Office of Pesticide Programs www.epa.gov/pesticides/
- Registration Review
 www.epa.gov/oppsrrd1/registration_review/
- Registration review schedule http://www.epa.gov/oppsrrd1/registration_review/schedule.htm