

US EPA ARCHIVE DOCUMENT

PPDC Update - Pesticides Containing Nanoscale Materials

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Nanotechnology

- Research and technology development at dimensions of roughly 1 to 100 nanometers.
- Creation and use of matter that have novel properties due to its small size



Nanoscale Materials and Applications

Nanoscale materials have many applications

Examples include:

- Conductors and semi-conductors
 - Medical devices
 - Coatings
 - Catalytic agents
 - Pharmaceuticals
 - Pesticides
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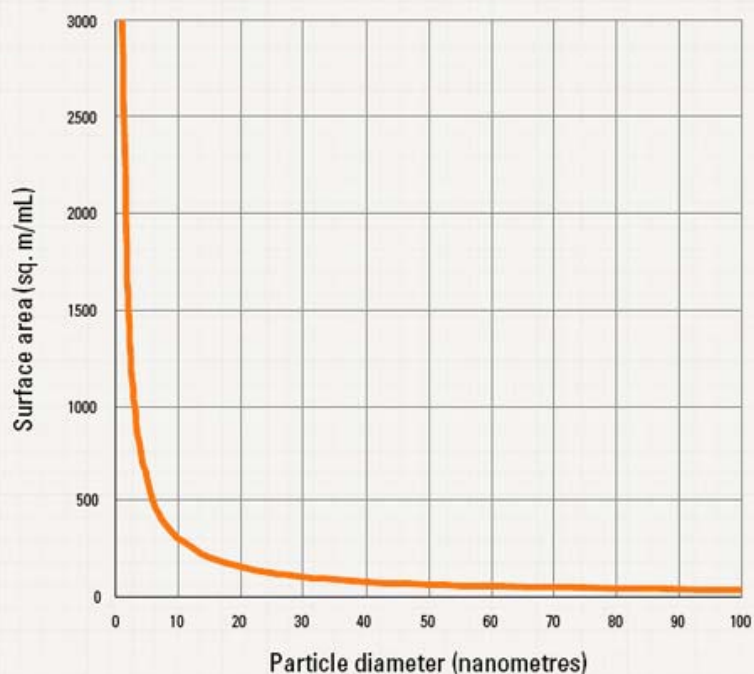
The Scale of Things

Object	Size (nm)
■ Carbon nanotube(eng.)	2
■ Width of DNA	2.5
■ Virus	100
■ Dust	500,000
■ Width of Human Hair	75,000
■ Head of a pin	2 million
■ Shaquille O'Neal	2.1 billion



Size and Surface Area

Nanoparticles have a much larger surface area than the same amount of material in bulk form.



- As size decreases, surface area increases
- Surface area related to reactivity,



Why is OPP Concerned?

- Unusual physical, chemical, and biological properties emerge at the nanoscale
- Properties may differ from those for bulk materials or molecules
- Size and surface area can influence exposure and toxicity



Why is OPP Concerned?

- Potential Human Health Concerns:
 - Dermal absorption (so small they may pass through cell membranes)
 - Inhalation (go to the deep lung and may translocate to the brain i.e, could cross the blood brain barrier)
 - Potential Environmental Concerns:
 - High durability or reactivity of some nanoscale materials raises issues on the fate in environment
 - Uncertainty – many gaps in understanding
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Pesticides & Nanotechnology: Actions

- Pending applications for registration
 - Pre-application meetings
 - Several currently registered pesticides claiming to contain nanoscale materials
 - Unregistered products claiming both to use nanoscale materials and to provide pesticidal effects
 - Petitions
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Scientific Advisory Panel Consultation (11/2009)

- Advice on how to assess risks of products containing nanoscale silver:
 - Nanoscale materials may differ from macroscale

adequate information to assess the risks of nanosilver

- OPP should determine data needs for nanosilver products on a case-by-case basis
 - Life Cycle Analyses (LCA) can be adopted for nanoproducts
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Draft Policy Proposal: Classification

- Presume an active or inert ingredient will be considered “new” if the pesticide contains a nanoscale material
 - Would apply even when a non-nanoscale form of that same active or inert is already in a registered product
 - Example: Nanosilver would be considered new even though silver is a registered pesticide
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Draft Policy Proposal: Reporting Obligation

- Under FIFRA section 6(a)(2) registrants and applicants must report to EPA information on the presence nanoscale material in products
- An **active or inert ingredient** and any component parts thereof **intentionally** produced to have at least one dimension that measures **between 1 and 100 nanometers**.
- Only existing information known to company



Regulatory Activities: Data Call-Ins

- Currently registered pesticides claiming to contain nanoscale materials
 - Registered without EPA's knowledge of the nanomaterials
- EPA anticipates further reporting of nano-products
- EPA will require additional data on all products with nanoscale materials (data call-in)
 - Evaluate data needs on a case-by-case basis according to the composition of the product and its intended use.
 - Plan to issue in 2011



Conditional Registration Proposed Aug 2010

- Product: HeiQ AGS -20
 - Textile preservative
 - Nanosilver-silica composite
 - 1 to 10 nm silver
 - 1,000 nm composite
 - Conditions of registration [FIFRA §3(c)(7)(C)]
 - 4 year time limited registration
 - Tiered data requirements: product chemistry, toxicology, exposure, and environmental data
 - Tier 2 conducted with nanosilver if released during Tier 1
 - Label risk mitigation engineering controls and PPE
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Proposed Conditional Registration Agency Findings [FIFRA §3(c)(7)(C)]

- No unreasonable adverse effects during period of conditional registration
 - Screening level risk assessment – risks to workers, consumers, and environment associated with use
 - Insufficient time to generate data
 - Public Interest
 - Potential environmental benefits: less use of silver
 - Potential consumer benefits: prolonged efficacy
 - Market equity & trade considerations: registered products
 - Promotes innovation
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Summary

- EPA plans to inform existing registrants of their requirement to notify EPA if their products contain nanoscale materials
- EPA will be issuing Data Call-Ins on registered products that contain nanoscale materials
- EPA evaluating new applications and determining data requirements for products containing nanoscale materials on a case-by-case basis

