US ERA ARCHIVE DOCUMENT



UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20460

OFFICE OF PREVENTION, PESTICIDES AND **TOXIC SUBSTANCES**

MEMORANDUM

Emergency Exemption for Use Section 18: ID# 94TX0004. SUBJECT: of ADMIRE 2 Flowable (Imidacloprid) on Cucurbits in Texas

> Tox. Chem. No.: 497E PC No.: 129099 Barcode No.: D197593 Submission No.: S453965

TO:

Rebecca Cool, Manager, PM Team 41 Andrea Beard, Reviewer, PM Team 41

Emergency Response and Minor Use Section/Registration

Support Branch

Registration Division (7505C)

FROM:

Sheryl K. Reilly, Ph.D. Sheryl K (Lilly 1/5/94)
Review Section II, Toxicology Branch I
Health Effects Division (2000)

Health Effects Division (7509C)

THRU:

Myron S. Ottley, Ph.D.

Review Section IV, Toxicology Branch I Health Effects Division (7509C)

Joycelyn E. Stewart, Ph.D.

Section Head

Review Section II, Toxicology Branch I

Health Effects Division (H7509C)

CONCLUSIONS I.

The toxicology data requirements are complete for the issuance of a Section 18 emergency exemption by the State of Texas for the temporary use of imidacloprid (ADMIRE 2 Flowable) to control sweet potato whitefly on cucurbits (cucumbers, melons, and squash). The margins of exposure (MOEs) for acute exposure are greater than 100. Imidacloprid is a "Group E" carcinogen, so there is no cancer risk associated with exposure to this chemical.

Toxicology Branch I has no objection to the issuance of this exemption.

II. ACTION REQUESTED

In a letter dated November 24, 1993, the Texas Department of



Agriculture requested an emergency exemption under Section 18 for the use of imidacloprid to control sweet potato whitefly (SPWF), Bemesia tabaci Gennadius) on cucurbits. This is the first request made by Texas for this use. Alternative products for control of the pest include endosulfan and oxamyl at the highest rate, and multiple applications of lindane, however, under very heavy infestations, only endosulfan applied twice weekly at high rates is of any benefit, and its use is limited to only 3 lbs. a.i./acre per year.

ADMIRE 2 Flowable (Miles, Inc.) is the formulation for the active ingredient. The pesticide will be used once per growing season at planting, as an in-furrow spray administered in the root zone. The maximum estimated acreage to be treated in Texas is 38,000. The rate of application will be 16 fl. oz. of ADMIRE 2 Flowable per acre per growing season. This is equivalent to 0.25 lb. a.i./acre). For double cropped land, a maximum of 32 fl. oz. of Admire 2 (0.5 lb. a.i.) may be used per acre per year.

III. TOXICOLOGY BRANCH I COMMENTS

The toxicology data base for imidacloprid is sufficient to support the proposed Section 18 exemption.

IV. RISK/EXPOSURE ASSESSMENT

This action was submitted to OREB (Occupational and Residential Exposure Branch; subordinate data package D197899) for determination of exposure estimates (see attached memo from Charles Lewis to S. Reilly, dated January 5, 1994). Acute MOEs were based on these exposure estimates, and the rabbit maternal and developmental NOEL of 24 mg/kg/d (see Toxicology Profile, below). Calculations were based on a dermal absorption of 100%, because no dermal absorption data is available for imidacloprid. Cancer risk is not quantitated, since imidacloprid is a group E carcinogen, and there is no Q_1* for this chemical.

Formula used in calculations:

Acute MOE = NOEL (24 mg/kg BW/d) ÷ Exposure (mg/kg BW/d)

OPERATION .	EXPOSURE ACUTE MOE (mg/kg/d)		
Mixer/Loaders	0.1514	159	
Applicators	0.0087	2759	

Minimum personal protective clothing are not specified in the application, but assumed to include minimal work clothing, splash-proof goggles and chemically resistant gloves, based on Texas' use of imidacloprid on tomatoes in a previous Sec. 18 request (OREB memo, C. Lewis, December 3, 1993).

V. SPECIAL TOXICOLOGY ISSUES AND PROBLEMS

- 1. <u>Labelling</u>. The labelling precautionary statements for ADMIRE 2 Flowable are governed by toxicity studies on the active ingredient.
- 2. <u>Carcinogenicity</u>. There is no cancer risk associated with exposure to this chemical, because the HED RfD Review Committee has determined that the test compound is a "Group E" carcinogen.
- 3. RfD. The RfD/Quality Assurance Peer Review Committee met on April 22, 1993 to assess the reference dose for this chemical. The Committee recommended that an RfD of 0.057 should be established, based upon a NOEL of 5.7 mg/kg/d in a chronic toxicity study in rats. An uncertainty factor of 100 was used to account for interspecies extrapolation and intraspecies variability.
- 4. Non-carcinogenic risk assessment. In a chronic/oncogenicity study, male rats exhibited increased thyroid lesions at 16.9 mg/kg/d and above, and females at 73 mg/kg/d (see attached Toxicology Profile, study # 100652/101931). In a developmental study in rabbits, 72 mg/kg/d of technical imidacloprid (administered on days 6-19 of gestation) increased the number of resorptions and abortions in the dams, and increased skeletal abnormalities and decreased body weight in the pups.
- 5. <u>Mutagenicity/genetic toxicity comments</u>. Most of the genotoxicity studies for imidacloprid were negative, although an in vitro chromosome aberration study (human lymphocytes) was positive at cytotoxic concentrations (Tox. Doc. #099262), and an in vitro sister chromatid exchange mutagenicity study (CHO cells) was positive at cytotoxic doses (Tox. Doc. 102655).
- 6. <u>Dermal Penetration</u>. There are no available dermal penetration data for imidacloprid.

TOXICOLOGY PROFILE

Technical NTN 33893 Guideline Study; Company; Date; MRID #; Category; Classification 81-1 Acute oral LD50 Species: rat Bayer AG Instit. Fur Tox. Germ Study#: T 2033060 MRID: 420553-31 Date: 12/15/89 CORE - ACCEPTABLE DOC#8: 009375

Study Results

Male Sprague-Dawley rats dosed at: 0, 50, 100, 250, 315, 400, 450, 50 1800 mg/kg. Females dosed: 0, 100, 250, 315, 400, 475, 500, and 1800 LD50 (M) = 424 mg/kg (calculated). F > 450, < 475 mg/kg (estimated).

Foxicity category IL

81-2 Acute Dermal LD50 Species: rat Mobey Chem.

Study#: T 5033063 MRID: 420553-32

Date: 11/15/89 CORE - ACCEPTABLE DOC#s: 009375

Sprague-Dawley rats dosed at 0 and 5000 mg/kg.m LD50 > 5000 mg/kg (limit test). Necropsy Observations: None

Toxicity category IT

81-3 Acute inhalation LC50

Species: rat Bayer AG Instit. Fur Tox. Germ Study#: 16777

MRID: 420553-33

Date: 06/06/88 CORE - - ACCEPTABLE DOC#s: 009375

DER ATTACHIO

Wister rats dosed at 69 mg/m3 serosol, 1220, 2577, and 5323 dust. Contr received conditioned air or 20,000 ut Lutrol vehicle. LC50 > 5323 mg/m3 (Tentative).

upgraded

Toxicity rategory TV

81-4

Primary eye irritation Species: rabbit Seyer AG Instit. Fur Tox. Germ Study#: 7 8025515 MRID: 420553-34

Date: 02/25/89 CORE - ACCEPTABLE DOC#s: 009375

NZW rabbits given 0.1 mL of test substance in one eye. TIS: Primary Irrit. Index * 0. Non-irritating. Minimal redness (1 animal & swelling (1 animal) observed 1 hr. post-dosing; was completely gone

Toxicity category IV

81-5

Primary dermal irritation Species: rabbit Bayer AG Instit. Fur Tox. Cerm Study#: T 8025515

MRID: 420553-35

Date: 02/25/88 CORE - ACCEPTABLE DOC#s: 009375

4 hr dermal exposure to NZWrabbits at 500 mg/kg. PIS = 0.0 (non-

toxicity category II

NTN 33893 Technical

Guideli 82-2	Study Identification	Study Results
	21-day Repeated Dose Dermal Species: Rabbit Bayer AG Dept. of Toxicology Study #: T 7029592 MRID: 422563-29 Date: June 11, 1990	NTN 33893 Technical was administered at 1000 mg/kg to shorn back of 5 male and 5 female New Zealand White rabbits for 6 hours/day, 5 days/week for 3 weeks. NOEL Systemic: 1000 mg/kg/day
	Core: Minimum DOC#s: DER Attached	LOEL Systemic: 1000 mg/kg/day Dermal: > 1000 mg/kg/day > 1000 mg/kg/day
83·1b	Chronic Species: Dog RCC, Research & Consulting Co. Study #: 100015 MRID: 422730-02 Date: Oct. 19,1989 Core: Minimum	NOEL: 1250 ppm (41 mg/kg/d) LOEL: 2500 (72 mg/kg/d) passessed (8 2300)
83-1a, 83-2a	DOC #s: DER Attached Chronic/Onco	LOEL: 2500 (72 mg/kg/d) Increased Cytochrome P-450 levels in males and females. Considered a threshold dose. 5000 ppm caused 50% mortality in rangefinding study.
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Species: Rat Bayer AG Study #: 100652 101931 MRIDs: 422563-31 422563-32 Dates: July 14, 1989, Aug 19, 1991 Core: Minimum DOC #s: DER Attached	NTN 33893 Technical was administered in the diet to 50 male and 50 female Bor WISW (SPF Cpb) rats per group at 0, 100, 300, 900 and 1800 ppm for 104 weeks. The 1800 ppm dose group tested in a separate study with its own concurrent controls. NOEL: Chronic Effects: 100 ppm (5.7 mg/kg/d in males, 7.6 mg/kg/d in females) LOEL: Chronic Effects: 300 ppm Increased thyroid lesions in males at 300 ppm (16.9 mg/kg/d) and above and in females at 900 ppm (73 mg/kg/d) and above; Decr. body wt. gain in females at 300 ppm (24.9 mg/kg/d) and above; weight changes in liver, kidney, lung, heart, spleen, adrenals, brain and gonads in males and/or females at 900 ppm (51.3 mg/kg/d in males, 73.0 mg/kg/d in females) or 1800 ppm. Oncogenicity: No apparent treatment-related effect at any dose.
	Study #: 083518 MRID: 422563-38 Dete: Jan. 8, 1992	NTN 33893 Technical was administered to 16 pregnant Chinchilla abbits per group at 0, 8, 24, and 72 mg/kg/d during gestation days 6 hrough 19. Asternal JOEL 24 mg/kg/d December 19.
i	Core: Minimum DOC #sr DER Attached	OEL 72 mg/kg/d. Decreased food consumption; at 72 mg/kg/d: decreased body weight, increased resorption, increased abortion, and death.
	N	evelopmental OEL 24 mg/kg/d DEL 72 mg/kg/d. Decrease body weight, increased skeletal abnormalities.

NTN 33893 75% Formulation

83-1	line Study Identification	Study Results
81-2	Acute Oral LD50 Species: Rat Mobay Corp. Study #: 91-012-JJ MRiD: 422563-12 Date: August 27, 1991 Core: Minimum DOC #: DER to be submitted with subsequent action	NTN 33893 75% Formulation was administered once by gavage of Sprague-Dawley rats (5/sex/dose) at 0, 1063, 2180, and 3170 mg/kg for males, and 0, 1063, 2180, 2750, and 3170 mg/kg for males. Animals were observed for 14 days. LD50 Male 2591 mg/kg (calculated) Female 1858 mg/kg (calculated) Toxicity Category: III
	Acute Dermal LD50 Species: Rat Mobay Corp. Study #: 91-022-JH MRID: 422563-14 Date: August 21, 1991 Core: Minimum DOC #: DER to be submitted with subsequent action	NTN 33893 75% Formulation was administered once dermally for 24 hr to Sprague-Dawley rats (5/sex/dose) at 0 and 2000 mg/kg. Animals were observed for 14 days. LD50 > 2000 mg/kg Toxicity Category: III
81-3	Acute Inhalation Species: Rat Mobay Corp. Study #: 91-042-JZ MRID: 422563-16 Date: September 25, 1991 Core: Minimum DOC #: DER to be submitted with subsequent action	NTN 33893 75% Formulation was administered as a liquid aerosol by inhalation once for 4 hr to Sprague-Dawley rats (6/sex/dose) at 0 2110, 2810, and 2990 mg/m3. Animals were observed for 14 days. LC50 - Male: 2650 mg/m3 (calculated) Female: 2750 mg/m3 (calculated) NOEL <2110 mg/m3 Toxicity Category: III
81-4	Eye Irritation Species: Rabbit Mobay Corp. Study #: 91-335-JK MRID: 422563-18 Date: June 25, 1992 Core: Minimum DOC #: DER to be submitted with subsequent action	NTN 33893 75% Formulation was introduced into the conjunctival sac of the left eye of 6 male New Zealand White rabbits at 0.1 ml (44-46 mg). The right eye of each animal served as control. Animals were observed for 14 days. TIS: TIME 1hr 24hr 48hr 72hr 7d 14d IRRIT. SCORE 2.5 1.1 1 0.1 0.0
81-5	Primary Dermal Irritation Species: Rabbit Mobay Corp. Study #: 91-335-JG MRID: 422563-20 Date: August 15, 1991 Core: Minimum DOC #: DER to be submitted with subsequent action	Toxicity Category: III NTN 33893 75% Formulation was administered for 4 hr once dermally to shaved backs of six male New Zealand White rabbits at 500 mg/animal, and observed for 7 days. PIS: 1.08 Mild irritation at 72 hr. Toxicity Category: IV
11-6	Dermal Sensitization Species: guinea pig Mobay Corp. Study #: 91-324-JC	NTN 33893 75% Formulation was administered, in 3 6-hr topical induction applications followed by one 24-hr topical challenge 14 days later, to shaved backs of 15 Hartley albino guines pigs. Conclusion: Not a Sensitizer

Guide	Study Identification	Study Results
		, -todaits
81-1	Acute oral LD50 Species: rat Mobay Chem. Study#: 89-012-DY MRID: 420553-24	LD50 > 4820 mg/kg (5000 mg/kg nominal, limit test) Necropsy Observations: None.
e e	Date: 02/26/90 CORE - ACCEPTABLE DOC#s: 009375	Toxicity category IV
	8	
81-2	Acute Dermal LDSO Species: rebbit Mobay Chem. Study#: 89-025-DS MRID: 420553-25	NZW rabbits dose at 0 and 2000 mg/kg. LD50 > 2000 mg/kg. Necropsy: None
	Date: 01/15/90 CORE - ACCEPTABLE DOC#s: 009375	roxicity category III
1-3	Acute inhalation LC50 Species: rat Mobay Chem. Study#: 89-042-DX MRID: 420553-26 Date: 02/26/90 CORE - ACCEPTABLE DOC#s: 009375 DER ATTACK-CO	Sprague-Dawley rats dosed at 0 and 5092 mg/m3. LC50 > 5092 mg/m3 (95% C.L. intervals) Tentative. Necropsy: None Data submission is incomplete. Verification of particle size & Upgraded. **Toxicity Catagory IV**
	Primary eye irritation Species: rabbit Mobay Chem. Study#: 89-335-07 MRID: 420553-27	MZM rabbits received 0.1 mL of pulverized test substance/animal. Reversible irritation by 14 days. IIS Time 1 hr 24 hr 48 hr 72 hr 7 d 14 d Iris Irrit Score 2.3 1.2 1.0 0.5 0.2 0.0
i	CORE - ACCEPTABLE DOCA: 009375	Taxicity Category II

81-5

Primary dermat irritation Species: rabbit Mobay Chem. Study#: 89-325-ED MRID: 420553-28

Date: 12/11/90 CORE - ACCEPTABLE DOC#8: 009375 4 hr dermal exposure to NZW rabbits at 50 mg/animal 2 observed for 72 hrs. PIS = 0.0. Monimitating.

Toxicity Category II

	- 0.02% Granula	
Guideline	e Study Identification	Study Results
81-1	Acute oral LD50 Species: rat Mobay Chem. MRID#: 420553-23	Study waived. Use data from study #89-012-DY (MRID 420553-
	Date: 09/30/91	
• .	DOC#s: 009375	Toxicity Category IV
81-2	Acute Dermet LD50 Species: Mobey Chem. MRID#: 420553-23	Study waived. Use data from study #89-025-DS (MRID 420553-25
	Date: 09/30/91 DOC#s: 009375	Toxicity Category III
D.	Primary eye irritation species: rabbit sobay Chem. RID#: 420553-23 ate: 09/30/91	Study waived. Use data from study #89-335-DT (MRID 420553-27 Toxicity Category II.
Mai MR	imary dermal frritation ecies: bey Chem. 100: 420553-23	Study Haived. Use data from study #89-325-ED (MRID 420553-28) Toxicity Category II
DOC	₩e: 009375	
Spe	mel sensitization cies: By Chem. D#: 420553-23	Study waived. Use data from study #89-324-DN (MRID 420553-29) Not a sensitizer.
Date	: 09/30/91	
DOCA	s: 009375	



UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20460

5 1994 JAN

MEMORANDUM

OFFICE OF PREVENTION, PESTICIDES AND TOXIC SUBSTANCES

SUBJECT:

Exposure Assessment for Section 18 Use of Imidacloprid on

Cucurbits.

FROM:

Charles Lewis

Special Review and Registration Section II

TO:

S. Reilly, Ph.D.

Toxicology Branch I (7509C)

THRU:

Mark I. Dow, Ph.D., Section Head

Special Review and Registration Section II

Larry C. Dorsey, Chief. Jan O' O Occupational and Residential Exposure Branch

Health Effects Division (7509C)

The Occupational and Residential Exposure Branch (OREB) has been requested by Toxicology Branch I (TB I) to provide an exposure assessment for the proposed Section 18 use of imidacloprid on cucurbits in Texas. The assessment is attached.

DP Barcode: D197899

Pesticide Chemical Code: 129099

EPA Req. No.: 94TX0004

PHED: Yes

I. INTRODUCTION:

A. Background:

Imidacloprid is the common name for 1-[(6-chloro-3-pyridinyl)methyl]-N-nitro-2-imidazoli-dinimine. The product to be used is Admire® 2 Flowable containing 2 lbs imidacloprid per gallon (EPA Reg. No. 3125-UEE). Miles, Inc. is the manufacturer. The purpose of the emergency exemption is to control the sweet potato whitefly (Bemisia tabaci) on cucurbits: cucumbers, squash, cantaloupes, honeydew melons and watermelons. Applications are to be made with ground equipment at planting as an in-furrow spray at or below seed level or at time of transplant/seeding as a post-seeding drench, transplant drench, or hill drench. A maximum of 38,000 acres may be treated in Texas at a rate of 0.25 lb ai per acre. Two applications may be used per year on double cropped land.

Tox. Endpoints 1

Maternal NOEL = 24 mg/kg/day from rabbit developmental toxicity study, Tox memo 009960.

No dermal penetration data are available for this chemical.

OREB has previously prepared an exposure assessment for this chemical.

In addition to Admire® 2 Flowable, Capture® 2 EC as a foliar spray will be used in the program. TB I has not requested an exposure assessment for this chemical.

B. Purpose:

OREB has been requested by TB I to provide an exposure assessment for the proposed Section 18 use of Admire® 2 Flowable (imidacloprid) on cucurbits in Texas.

¹ Tox. endpoints provided by S. Reilly, Toxicology Branch I.

II. <u>DETAILED CONSIDERATIONS</u>:

OREB used the following assumptions provided by Dr. Yuen-shaung Ng, Biological and Economic Analysis Division (BEAD) and the Pesticide Handlers Exposure Database, Version 1.01 (PHED) to develop the exposure assessment for cucurbits:

application rate 0.25 lb ai/A (from Texas submission); finish spray 10 gallons/A; application speed of 4 mph; 8 hour work day; 81 acres treated per day; 20.25 lb ai applied per day.

Mixer-loaders

Minimum clothing required by the Worker Protection Standard for Agricultural Pesticides requires long pants, long-sleeved shirt, shoes and socks. The information provided by Texas with this request does not specify the type of work clothing that will be worn or Personal Protection Equipment (PPE) required. In a previous Section 18 review (OREB C.Lewis, December 3, 1993) conducted for a Texas use of imidacloprid on tomatoes, the following PPE was required: splash-proof goggles and chemical resistant gloves.

OREB does not currently have data that would enable it to quantify the degree of protection provided by splash-proof goggles. Consequently, this estimate of exposure has been based on the assumption that minimum work clothing will be worn along with chemical resistant gloves. Therefore, according to the BEAD scenario and PHED, estimated total exposure is 151.4 μ g ai/kg BW/day.²

Applicators

With the same work clothing and PPE as for mixer/loaders, applicator estimated total exposure is 8.7 μ g ai/kg BW/day.³

 $^{^2}$ 448.4848 μ g/lb ai (PHED total exposure value) X 20.25 lb ai/day = 9,081.82 μ g ai/day; 9,0818.82 μ g ai/day ÷ 60 kg BW = 151.36 μ g ai/kg BW/day.

 $^{^3}$ 25.6577 μ g/lb ai (PHED total exposure value) X 20.25 lb ai/day = 519.57 μ g ai/day; 519.57 μ g ai/day ÷ 60 kg BW = 8.66 μ g ai/kg BW/day.

III. CONCLUSIONS:

OREB has estimated the following total exposure for mixer/loaders and applicators using Admire® 2 Flowable to control sweet potato whitefly on cucurbits at a rate of 0.25 lb ai/A.

Mixer/loaders - 151.4 μ g ai/kg BW/day

Applicators - 8.7 µg ai/kg BW/day

Note, the information provided with the Texas submission does not recommend specific PPE. OREB has assumed that minimum work clothing would be worn along with chemical resistant gloves. OREB does not currently have data that would quantify the degree of protection provided by splash-proof goggles. Consequently, the estimates of exposure for mixer/loaders and applicators do not include use of goggles.

In addition, on double cropped land, up to 0.5 lb ai/A may be applied per year.

cc: C. Lewis, OREB
Correspondence File
Chemical File (129099)
Circulation

```
YSNG(BEAD) Estimate of Spray time/day by Various Application Methods
------ 01/03/94
Site: CUCURBITS
                      Chem: IMDACLOPRID
                                              Hrs/Day: 8.0 hr.
Appl. method: GROUND
                                  Speed: 4.0 (increment: 1) mph
                                  Length of run(LR): 2000 ft.
Tank capacity(TC): 350 (Increment: 50) gal
 Swath width(SW): 26 (Increment: 3) ft.
                                   Water station(WS): 200 vd.
Finish spray(FS): 10 (Increment: 3) gal/a. Refill time(RT): 9.0
** Recommand: Ground -- RT = 2-3 mins. per 100 gal TC; LR = 1000 ft; *********
       WS = varies; Ferry speed = speed * 2.0; Turning time = 0.25 min.
       _______________
350 TC 4.0 mph
               5.0 mph 6.0 mph time in mins
10 13 16 19 - 10 13 16 19
                               - 10 13 16 19 <- Finish spray
      81 77 73 70
                   96 91 86 82
                                  111 104 98 92 <- Acre treated
  26
      385 367 351 336
SW 26
                    368 348 330 314
                                  352 331 311 294 <- Spray time
  26
      72 90 106 120
                    87 107 125 141
                                  100 122 141 158 <- Refill time
                                  27 26 26 26 <- Ferry/turn time
  26
      21 21 22 22
                    24 24 24 24
     10 13
              19 - 10 13 16 19
                               - 10 13 16 19 <- Finish spray
           16
  29
      88 84 80 76
                   105 99 93 88
                                  120 112 105 99 <- Acre treated
SW 29
      378 359 342 326
                    360 339 320 303
                                  343 321 301 283 <- Spray time
                    95 116 135 152
                                  108 132 152 170 <- Refill time
  29.
      79 98 115 130
                    24 24 24 24
                                  27 26 26 25 <- Ferry/turn time
      21 21 22 22
(E)diting parameters/(H)ard copy/(Q)UIT : (This is a ground application)
```

APPLICATOR EXTOSURE

1A. Inhalation Exposure:

SUMMARY STATISTICS FOR INHALATION EXPOSURES

DISTRIB. NANOGRAMS PER LB AI SPRAYED TYPE Median Mean Coef of Var Geo. Mean EXPOSURE Lognormal 844.7968 5127.6701 3 184.6024 Obs. 1252.4861 56

95% C.I. on Geo. Mean: [41.171, 38102.5495] Number of Records: 56

Data File: APPLICATOR

Subset Name: GB.OPEN.AIR.APPL

Subset Specifications for GB.OPEN.AIR.APPL With Airborne Grade Equal to "A" "B" "C" Subset originated from GB.OPEN.APPL With Application Method Equal to 2 3 and With Cab Type Equal to 1 Subset originated from APPL.FILE

2A. Dermal Exposure:

SUMMARY STATISTICS FOR CALCULATED DERMAL EXPOSURES

20. 00119	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	FOR CALCULATED	DERMAL EXPOSU	RES	
LOCATION HEAD (ALL) LO NECK.FRONT LO NECK.BACK LO UPPER ARMS OT CHEST OT BACK OT FOREARMS LO THIGHS OT LOWER LEGS OT	DISTRIB. TYPE Median Ognormal 7. Ognormal .7 Ognormal .39 Cher .2 Cher Cher Ognormal .7	MICROGRAMS Mean 02 27.1548 05 3.3384 05 2.4527 91 .291 71 6.6813 13 9.3188 26 4.719 82 1.0641	Coef of Var 188.6086 205.934 199.368 0 205.7953 181.4676 151.5618 165.5202	RAYED Geo. Mean 5.4023 .5523 .3761 .291 1.621 1.9108 .8094 .5749	Obs. 77 75 74 6 39 24 14
FEET		2.023	232.805	.4201	14

TOTAL DERM:

10.8911 .

Number of Records: 77 Data File: APPLICATOR Subset Name: GB.OPEN.DERMA E.APPL

Subset Specifications for GB.OPEN.DERMA E.APPL With Dermal Grade Uncovered Equal to "A" "B" "C" "D" "E" Subset originated from GB.OPEN.APPL With Application Method Equal to 2 3 and With Cab Type Equal to 1 Subset originated from APPL.FILE

3A. Hand Exposure:

(with and without gloves)

SUMMARY STATISTICS FOR CALCULATED DERMAL EXPOSURES

SCENARIO: no gloves

DISTRIB. PATCH

MICROGRAMS PER LB AI SPRAYED

LOCATION

TYPE

Mean

Coef of Var Geo. Mean

Obs.

HANDS Lognormal 6.4599

55.3427

169.62

Number of Records: 30

Data File: APPLICATOR

Median

12.3523

22

Subset Name: GB.OPEN.HANDABC.APPL

Subset Specifications for GB.OPEN.HANDABC.APPL

With Hand Grade Equal to "A" "B" "C"

Subset originated from GB.OPEN.APPL

With Application Method Equal to 2 3 and

With Cab Type Equal to 1

Subset originated from APPL.FILE

SUMMARY STATISTICS FOR CALCULATED DERMAL EXPOSURES

SCENARIO: gloves

PATCH DISTRIB.

MICROGRAMS PER LB AI SPRAYED

LOCATION

TYPE

Median Mean Coef of Var Geo. Mean

Obs.

HANDS Lognormal

9.9266 . 18.1627

78.8363 <u>13.5141</u> 10

Number of Records: 71

Data File: APPLICATOR

Subset Name: GB.OPEN.HANDSA_E.APPL

Subset Specifications for GB. OPEN. HANDSA E. APPL

With Hand Grade Equal to "A" "B" "C" "D" "E"

Subset originated from GB.OPEN.APPL

With Application Method Equal to 2 3 and

With Cab Type Equal to 1

Subset originated from APPL.FILE

Applicator Total Exposure:

Long pants, long sleeves, no gloves: 24.4959 ug/lb ai

Long pants, long sleeves, gloves: 25.6577 ug/lb ai

MIXER/LOADER EXPOSURE

1B. <u>Inhalation Exposure:</u>

SUMMARY STATISTICS FOR INHALATION EXPOSURES

DISTRIB. TYPE

Median

NANOGRAMS PER LB AI MIXED

Mean

Coef of Var Geo. Mean

Obs. 24

EXPOSURE

Lognormal

567.3838

33561.7846

369.5727

871.5879

95% C.I. on Geo. Mean:

[10.8305, 70141.6268]

Number of Records: 24

Data File: MIXER/LOADER

Subset Name: SOLIDS.AIR.MLOD

Subset Specifications for SOLIDS.AIR.MLOD

With Airborne Grade Equal to "A" "B" Subset originated from SOLIDS.MLOD

With Solid Type Equal to 1 2 3

Subset originated from MLOD.FILE

2B. Dermal Exposure:

SUMMARY STATISTICS FOR CALCULATED DERMAL EXPOSURES SCENARIO: Long pants, long sleeves, no gloves DISTRIB. PATCH MICROGRAMS PER LB AI MIXED LOCATION TYPE Median Mean Coef of Var HEAD (ALL) Normal Geo. Mean 37.18 56.7225 0bs 100.7641 NECK. FRONT Normal 21.2457 9.03 11.6133 5 97.4727 NECK. BACK Lognormal 4.3796 2.431 5 4.399 UPPER ARMS 126.5469 Lognormal 105.4875 1.246 5 824.694 195.8269 CHEST Lognormal 211.7187 15.0875 408.9304 299.2262 BACK Lognormal 8.0635 15.0875 1 421.9767 294.5983 FOREARMS Lognormal 6.6877 134.1285 1 192.4505 THIGHS 97.2022 Lognormal 132.4924 16.044 23.684 LOWER LEGS 136.7518 Other 3.9707 .238 1 .8.0444 125.2797 FEET

TOTAL DERM:

432.7528

Number of Records: 57 Data File: MIXER/LOADER

Subset Name: SOLIDS.DERM.MLOD

107.2205

1.3939

14.8604

1

24

Subset Specifications for SOLIDS.DERM.MLOD With Dermal Grade Uncovered Equal to "A" "B" "C" "D" "E" Subset originated from SOLIDS.MLOD With Solid Type Equal to 1 2 3 Subset originated from MLOD.FILE

2C. Hand Exposure:

SUMMARY STATISTICS FOR CALCULATED DERMAL EXPOSURES

SCENARIO: gloves PATCH

DISTRIB. MICROGRAMS PER LB AI MIXED LOCATION TYPE Median Mean Coef of Var Geo. Mean Obs. HANDS Lognormal 13.3336 20.7645

Number of Records: 36

Data File: MIXER/LOADER Subset Name: SOLIDS.HANDSABC.MLOD

Subset Specifications for SOLIDS. HANDSABC. MLOD With Hand Grade Equal to "A" "B" "C" Subset originated from SOLIDS.MLOD With Solid Type Equal to 1 2 3 Subset originated from MLOD.FILE

Mixer/Loader Total Exposure:

Long pants, long sleeves, gloves: 448.4848 ug/lb ai

MClock/OREB 2/24/93