US ERA ARCHIVE DOCUMENT

Last Update on September 13, 1993

[S] = Supplemental Study [V] = Validated Study [U] = USDA Data

Common Name: QUINCLORAC

Smiles Code:

PC Code # :128974

CAS #:84087-01-4

Caswell #:

Chem. Name :3,7-DICHLORO-8-QUINOLINECARBOXYLIC ACID

Action Type: Herbicide

Trade Names: FACET

(Formul'tn):50% wettable powder, suspension concentrate, granular

Physical State: SOLID

:FOR SELECTED GRASSES AND BROADLEAF WEEDS IN RICE AND TURF. Use

:RICE-PREPLANT, PREEMERGE, POST EMERGE. ESTABLISHED TURF-Patterns

(% Usage) : PRE- AND POST WEED SEED GERMINATION.

Empirical Form:  $C_{10}H_5Cl_2NO_2$ 

Molecular Wgt.: Vapor Pressure: 0.76E -7 Torr 242.10

°C °C Melting Point: Boiling Point: N/A 237

pKa: 4.34 @ 20.0°C Log Kow

3.78E-10 (calc'd) Atm. M3/Mol (Measured) Henry's  $\mathbf{E}$ 

Comments Solubility in ... SEE COMMENTS PAGE 6 Water 64.00E ppm @20.0 °C

0.20E @20.0 °C Acetone ppm @20.0 °C 0.10E Acetonitrile ppm °C E ppm Benzene E 0 °C Chloroform ppm °C E Ethanol ppm °C E **@** Methanol ppm 0.10E (a °C Toluene ppm °Ċ **a** Xylene E ppm @20.0 °C 0.10E n-OCTANOL ppm °C E ppm 0

Hydrolysis (161-1)

[V] pH 5.0:STABLE FOR 737 HOURS

[V] pH 7.0:STABLE FOR 737 HOURS

[V] pH 9.0:STABLE FOR 737 HOURS

[ ] pH

[ ] pH

Hq [ ]

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Photolysis (161-2, -3, -4) [V] Water:<10% DEGRADED AFTER 30 DAYS UNDER XENON LAMP W/O SENSITIZERS [S] :HALF-LIVES IN RICE PADDY WATER WERE 5.3 & 15.7 DAYS [] : [] :
[V] Soil :HALF-LIFE OF 122-162 DAYS. [ ] Air :
Aerobic Soil Metabolism (162-1)  [V] HALF-LIFE OF QUINCLORAC WAS >1  [ ] YEAR IN TWO SILT LOAM SOILS.  [ ] ONLY TRACE AMOUNTS OF BH-514-1  [ ] WERE FOUND AFTER 1 YEAR.  [ ]  [ ]  [ ]
Anaerobic Soil Metabolism (162-2)
Anaerobic Aquatic Metabolism (162-3) [S] THE HALF-LIFE IS >1 YEAR SINCE LITTLE DEGRADED AFTER 365 DAYS. [V] < 19% DEGRADED DURING 180 DAYS. 82.1-87.6% WAS PARENT AFTER 180 [ ] DAYS. [ ] [ ] [ ] [ ] [ ]
Aerobic Aquatic Metabolism (162-4)  [S] THE HALF-LIVES IN TWO SOILS RANGED FROM 4.7 MONTHS TO >1 YEAR.  [V] THE HALF LIVES IN TWO SOIL WERE 1-4 YEARS. <13% DEGRADED AFTER  [] 30 DAYS. ONLY RESIDUE PRESENT IN SOIL AND WATER WAS PARENT.  []  []  []  []  []

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Soil Partition Coefficient [V] <0.05 to 0.597 QUINCI [V] 1.56 SAND-DEGRADATE (V) 1.97 SANDY LOAM-DEGRADATE [V] 11.4 LOAM-DEGRADATE [V] 13.3 CLAY LOAM-DEGRADATE [V] 30.2 SILTY CL LOAM-DEGRADATE	LORAC (BAS 514-1) ADATE DATE
Soil Rf Factors (163-1) [ ] QUINCLORAC AND MAIN I [ ] HAVE THE POTENTIAL TO [ ] TO GROUNDWATER, PARTI [ ] THROUGH SOILS OF LOW [ ] MATTER AND CLAY CONTI	D LEACH ICULARLY ORGANIC
Laboratory Volatility (163- [ ] WAIVER GRANTED [ ]	-2)
Field Volatility (163-3) [ ] [ ]	
Terrestrial Field Dissipat: [ ] [ ] [ ] [ ] [ ] [ ] [ ] [ ] [ ] [ ]	ion (164-1)
[V] HALF-LIVES OF 19 AND [ ] SOIL AND THEN FLOODE	LOODWATER OF 7-21 DAYS. 27 DAYS, WHEN APPLIED TO FLOOD WATER OR TO D (IN LA). 39 DAYS, WHEN APPLIED TO FLOOD WATER OR TO
Forestry Dissipation (164-	3)

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Long-Term Soil Dissipation (164-5) [ ] [ ]
Accumulation in Rotational Crops, Confined (165-1) [S] WHEAT, TURNIPS, MUSTARD, BARLEY, BEETS AND CHARD CONTAINED AT [] MATURITY BETWEEN <0.001 TO 0.129 PPM PARENT QUINCLORAC.
Accumulation in Rotational Crops, Field (165-2) [ ] [ ]
Accumulation in Irrigated Crops (165-3) [ ] [ ]
Bioaccumulation in Fish (165-4) [V] CHANNEL CATFISH BCF:0.80X FOR WHOLE FISH AND 0.86X FOR [ ] INEDIBLE TISSUES.
Bioaccumulation in Non-Target Organisms (165-5) [ ] [ ]
Ground Water Monitoring, Prospective (166-1) [ ] [ ] [ ] [ ]
Ground Water Monitoring, Small Scale Retrospective (166-2) [ ] [ ] [ ] [ ]
Ground Water Monitoring, Large Scale Retrospective (166-3) [ ] [ ] [ ] [ ]
Ground Water Monitoring, Miscellaneous Data (158.75) [ ] [ ] [ ]

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Field [ ] [ ] [ ]	Runoff	(167-1)	
Surface [ ] [ ] [ ] [ ]	ce Water	Monitoring (167	-2)
Spray [ ] [ ] [ ]	Drift,	Droplet Spectrum	(201-1)
Spray [ ] [ ] [ ]	Drift,	Field Evaluation	(202-1)

Degradation Products

3-CHIORO-8-QUINOLINECARBOXYLIC ACID IS THE ONLY DEGRADATE OF QUINCLORAC DETECTED IN ANY ACCEPTABLE STUDIES TO DATE AND THIS WAS ONLY IN A TRACE AMOUNT. ALTHOUGH QUINCLORAC DID NOT UNDERGO AQUEOUS PHOTOLYSIS UNDER STERILE CONDITIONS, THERE IS EVIDENCE, PRESENTED IN SUPPLEMENTAL STUDIES, THAT IT MAY DEGRADE WITHIN 5 TO 16 DAYS UNDER NON STERILE CONDITIONS IN THE PRESENCE OF MICROBES, SENSITIZERS AND SUNLIGHT.

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#### Comments

THE SOLUBILITY OF QUINCLORAC INCREASES WITH INCREASING PH. FOR EXAMPLE, THE SOLUBILITY, AT INITIAL PH VALUES OF 5, 7, AND 9 IS, RESPECTIVELY, 891, 6493, AND 19930 PPM. EFGWB NOTES THAT THE FINAL PH VALUES IN THE ABOVE SOLUTIONS WERE 4.77, 5.33, AND 5.93 AFTER 79 HOURS.

References:

EFGWB SCIENCE CHAPTER AND ADDITIONAL REVIEWED STUDIES

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