

US EPA ARCHIVE DOCUMENT



UNDATED

UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY  
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20460

OFFICE OF  
PESTICIDES AND TOXIC SUBSTANCES

MEMORANDUM

**SUBJECT:** Eight-Point Toxicology Summary for Use of COMMAND  
In/On Soybeans

**FROM:** Clint Skinner, Ph.D., Section Head  
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Hazard Evaluation Division (TS-769C)

**TO:** Robert J. Taylor, PM 25  
Fungicide-Herbicide Branch  
Registration Division (TS-767C)

Chemical: COMMAND (FMC 57020, Dimethazone)  
2-(2-chlorophenyl) methyl-4,4-dimethyl-3-  
isoxazolidinone

Caswell No.: 463D

Petitioner: FMC Corporation

ID Nos.: PP#4F3128; 279-GNLU/-GNLG/-GNLE; 279-3052/-3053/  
-3054

Accession Nos.: 072818; 072814; 072797 thru 072812; 072824  
thru 072827; 072829; 072815; 072067; 072771;  
072813; 072821 thru 072823; 072830 thru 072832.

Command - 8-Point Toxicology Summary for Permanent  
Tolerances on Soybeans

ID Nos.: PP#4F3128; 279-GNLU/-GNLG/-GNLE; 279-3052/-3053/  
-3054

ACUTE TOXICITY DATA REVIEW

<u>Study Type</u>	<u>Technical</u>	<u>4EC</u>	<u>6EC</u>
Oral LD <sub>50</sub> , rat	2077 mg/kg (M) 1369 mg/kg (F)	2343 mg/kg (M) 1406 mg/kg (F)	2388 mg/kg (M) 2235 mg/kg (F)
Dermal LD <sub>50</sub> , rabbit	Greater than 2000 mg/kg	Greater than 2000 mg/kg	Greater than 2000 mg/kg
Inhalation LC <sub>50</sub> , rat	6.25 mg/L (M) 4.23 mg/L (F)	4.47 mg/L (M) 4.70 mg/L (F)	3.06 mg/L (M) 2.48 mg/L (F)
Eye Irritation, rabbit	Slight	Moderate to severe	SEVERE
Dermal Irrit- ation, rabbit	Slight	Moderate to severe	Moderate to severe
Skin Sensitiza- tion, guinea pigs	Non- sensitizer	Non- sensitizer	Non- sensitizer

COMMAND TECHNICAL (FMC 57020) CHRONIC TOXICITY  
DATA SUMMARY

<u>Study</u>	<u>Results</u>
3-Month Feeding-dog	NOEL not established; insufficient animals sacrificed (2/sex/dose).
3-Month Feeding-mice	NOEL not established; liver cytomegaly seen at lowest dose tested (20 ppm).
3-Month Feeding-rat	NOEL not established; report incomplete.
1-Year Feeding-dog [doses: 0, 100, 500, 2500, 5000 ppm for 1 year]	NOEL = 500 ppm (12.5 mg/kg/day) LEL = 2500 ppm (62.5 mg/kg/day) [Increased liver weights, absolute and relative to body weight in males and females; increase in cholesterol.]

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2-Year Feeding-rat  
[doses: 0, 20, 100,  
500, 1000, 2000 ppm  
for 2 years; 4000  
and 8000 ppm for  
3 months]

NOEL = 100 ppm (4.3 mg/kg/day)  
LEL = 500 ppm (21.5 mg/kg/day)  
[Lower body weight in 1000 and 2000 ppm  
males, 2000 ppm females; cholesterol  
increased in 500, 1000, and 2000 ppm  
females; SGOT decreased in 1000 and  
2000 ppm females; increased liver  
weights, absolute and relative to  
body and liver weights in 500, 1000,  
2000 ppm females; increased incidence  
of liver cytomegaly in 500, 1000,  
2000 ppm males.]

2-Year Feeding-mice  
[doses: 0, 20, 100,  
500, 1000, 2000 ppm  
for 2 years; 4000 and  
8000 ppm for 3 months]

NOEL 100 ppm (14.3 mg/kg/day)  
LEL = 500 ppm (71.4 mg/kg/day)  
[Increase in white blood cells in  
500, 1000, 2000 ppm males; increase  
in SGOT and SGPT in 1000 ppm males  
at 24 months; increase in absolute  
liver weights at 1000 and 2000 ppm  
males; increase in liver cytomegaly  
in 1000 and 2000 ppm males; increase  
in lymphoid hyperplasia in 1000 and  
2000 ppm females.]

Teratology-rabbit  
[doses: 0, 30, 240,  
1000 (reduced to 700  
mg/kg/day from gestation  
days 13 thru 18)  
mg/kg/day]

Negative for teratogenicity at  
Highest Dose Tested, 700 mg/kg/day.

Maternal NOEL = 240 mg/kg/day  
Maternal LEL = 740 mg/kg/day  
[Decreased body weight.]

Fetotoxic NOEL = 240 mg/kg/day  
Fetotoxic LEL = 700 mg/kg/day  
[Increased number of resorptions.]

Teratology-rat  
[doses: 0, 100, 300,  
600 mg/kg/day]

Maternal NOEL = 100 mg/kg/day  
Maternal LEL = 300 mg/kg/day  
[Decreased locomotion, genital  
staining, runny eyes.]

Fetotoxic NOEL = 100 mg/kg/day  
Fetotoxic LEL = 300 mg/kg/day  
[Increased incidence of delayed  
ossification of 4 sternebrae;  
increased incidence of hydronephrosis  
and hydronephrosis.]

Mutagenicity-Reverse  
Mutation (Salmonella)  
[2 studies]

Negative with/without activation.

Mutagenicity-Point  
Mutation (CHO/HGPT)

Positive without activation  
[Positive control: Benzopyrene;  
Command 3X background; "weakly  
positive".]

Mutagenicity-In Vivo  
Cytogenetics (chromosomal  
aberrations)

Negative

Mutagenicity-Unscheduled  
DNA Synthesis

Negative

Acceptable Daily Intake - Soybeans

A printout of the ADI, MPI, and TMRC based on the NOEL for the rat chronic study (4.3 mg/kg/day) is attached.

The TMRC is equal to 1.5 kg of the tolerance of 0.05 ppm = 0.007 mg/kg/day. The ADI is 1/100 of the NOEL or 0.043 mg/kg/day pending an MPI for 60-kg man of 2.58 mg/kg/day so the TMRC 0.007 is 0.03 percent of the ADI.

Conclusion:

The toxicology data package is complete and supports the acceptance of the use of Command in soybeans to .05 ppm.

Attachment