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| PMRA Submission # | :{} | EPA MRID #: 45831107 |
|--------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------|
| Data Requirement: | PMRA DATA CODEPA DP Barcode OECD Data Point EPA MRID EPA Guideline | DE { |
| Test material: Common name: Chemical name: | Penoxsulam GF-443 IUPAC: Not reported CAS name: Not reported CAS No.: Not reported Synonyms: Not reported | Purity: 21.9% |
| Primary Reviewer: Staff Scientist, Dynar | | Signature: Rule Ca Bupan Date: 12/29/03 |
| QC Reviewer: Dana Staff Scientist, Dynam | | Signature: 12/29/03 |
| Primary Reviewer: {EPA/OECD/PMRA | J. GOODY EA | AR Date: Moodylan |
| Secondary Reviewer {EPA/OECD/PMRA | r(s):{} A} | Date: {} |
| EPA PC Code 19 | [For PMRA] [For PMRA] 9031 119031 mpleted: {dd-mmm-yyyy} | |

CITATION: Hahne, R. 2002. GF-443: Growth Inhibition Test with the Green Alga, *Selenastrum capricornutum*. Unpublished study performed by ABC Laboratories, Inc., Columbia, Missouri. Laboratory Project Identification No. 47287/Dow Study No. 021048. Study submitted by The Dow Chemical Company, Midland, Michigan for Dow AgroSciences, LLC, Indianapolis, Indiana. Experimental start date April 15, 2002 and experimental termination date April 19, 2002. The final report issued March 7, 2002.



EXECUTIVE SUMMARY:

In a 96-hour acute toxicity study, cultures of *Selenastrum capricornutum* were exposed to GF-443 under static conditions. The nominal concentrations were 5.0, 10, 20, 40, 80, and 160 μ g a.i./L with dilution water control. The mean measured concentrations were <1.77 (control), 8.76, 15.8, 27.9, 41.2, 86.7, and 168 μ g a.i./L. The cell density percent inhibitions were -1, 2, 18, 28, 47, and 60% reduced in the 8.76, 15.8, 27.9, 41.2, 86.7, and 168 μ g a.i./L treatment groups, respectively. The growth rate percent inhibitions were 0, 0, 4, 6, 11, and 17% reduced in the 8.76, 15.8, 27.9, 41.2, 86.7, and 168 μ g a.i./L treatment groups, respectively. The mean area under the growth curve (biomass) percent inhibitions were 4, 11, 20, 33, 51, and 60% reduced in the 8.76, 15.8, 27.9, 41.2, 86.7, and 168 μ g a.i./L treatment groups, respectively. Biomass was the most sensitive endpoint, with an EC₅₀ of 94 μ g a.i./L; the NOAEC for biomass was 8.76 μ g a.i./L.

The study is scientifically sound and satisfies the U.S. EPA Guideline Subdivision J, §123-2 for an aquatic nonvascular plant study with *Selenastrum capricornutum*. This study is classified as Core.

Results Synopsis

Test Organism: Selenastrum capricornutum

Test Type: Static

Cell Density:

NOAEC: 15.8 μg a.i./L

EC₀₅: **8.2** μg a.i./L **95% C.l.**: 4.9-14 μg a.i./L EC₅₀: 100 μg a.i./L **95% C.l.**:85-120 μg a.i./L

Slope: 1.52±0.125

Growth rate:

NOAEC: 168 μg a.i./L

EC₀₅: **30** μ g a.i./L **95% C.l.**: 21-43 μ g a.i./L

EC₅₀: >168 μ g a.i./L 95% C.l.:N/A

Slope: 1.05±0.0954

Area Under the Growth Curve (Biomass):

NOAEC: 8.76 μg a.i./L

EC₀₅: **5.1** μg a.i./L **95% C.l.**: 2.2-12 μg a.i./L EC₅₀: 94 μg a.i./L **95% C.l.**:73-120 μg a.i./L

Slope: 1.30±0.150

Endpoints Affected: Cell density, growth rate and biomass (most sensitive)

I. MATERIALS AND METHODS

GUIDELINE FOLLOWED: U.S. EPA FIFRA Pesticide Assessment Guidelines, Subdivision J (122-2 and 123-2); and method 201 of the OECD Guideline for Testing of Chemicals. The following deviation from U.S. EPA Guideline 123-2 are noted:

1. A detailed description of freshwater algal nutrient medium, FWAM, was not provided.

This deviation did not affect the acceptability or the validity of the study.

COMPLIANCE: Signed and dated GLP, Quality Assurance and <u>No</u> Data Confidentiality statements were provided.

A. MATERIALS:

1. Test Material Penoxsulam, GF-443

Description: Not reported

Lot No.: E-828-59

Purity: 21.9%

Stability of Compound

Under Test Conditions: The measured concentrations of GF-443 were 103-178% of nominal at hour 0 and 102-169% of nominal at hour 96 (Table 3, p. 23).

(OECD requires water solubility, stability in water and light, pKa, Pow, vapor pressure of test compound. OECD requirements were not reported.)

Storage conditions of test chemicals: Stored at room temperature.

2. Test organism:

Name: Selenastrum capricornutum

EPA requires a nonvascular species: For tier I testing, only one species, S. capricornutum, to be tested; for tier II testing, S. costatum, A. flos-aquae, S. capricorntum, and a freshwater diatom is tested

OECD suggests the following species are considered suitable: S. capricornutum, S. subspicatus, and C. vulgaris. If other species are used, the strain should be reported

Strain: Not reported.

Source: Originally from Department of Botany, Culture Collection of Algae, University of Texas at Austin, Austin, Texas. In-house laboratory cultures.

Age of inoculum: 3 days old.

Method of cultivation: Freshwater algal nutrient medium,

FWAM

B. STUDY DESIGN:

a) Range-finding Study: A range-finding study with GF-443 was conducted in order to estimate the nominal test concentrations for the definitive study. The range-finding test concentrations were 0.0 (control), 0.50, 1.0, 10, 50, 100, and 1000 μg a.i./L. The percent inhibitions in cell growth compared to the control ranged from 0% in the 0.5 and 1.0 μg a.i./L treatment groups to 99% in the 1000 μg a.i./L treatment group.

b) Definitive Study

Table 1 . Experimental Parameters

| | | Remarks |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Parameter | Details | Criteria |
| Acclimation period: culturing media and conditions: (same as test or not) health: (any toxicity observed) | 3 days Freshwater algal nutrient medium, FWAM; same as test. Not reported | EPA recommends two week acclimation period. OECD recommends an amount of algae suitable for the inoculation of test cultures and incubated under the conditions of the test and used when still exponentially growing, normally after an incubation period of about 3 days. When the algal cultures contain deformed or abnormal cells, they must be discarded. |
| Test system static/static renewal: | | |

| | | Remarks |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Parameter | Details | Criteria |
| renewal rate for static renewal: | Static | |
| Incubation facility | Environmental chamber. | |
| Duration of the test | 96 hours | |
| | } | EPA requires: 96 - 120 hours |
| | | OECD: 72 hours |
| Test vessel material: (glass/polystyrene) size: fill volume: | Erlenmeyer flasks with foam stoppers. 250 mL 100 mL | OECD recommends 250 ml conical flasks are suitable when the volume of the test solution is 100 ml or use a culturing apparatus. |
| Details of growth medium name: pH at test initiation: pH at test termination: Chelator used: Carbon source: Salinity (for marine algae): | Freshwater algal nutrient medium, FWAM 7.41-7.48 8.10-8.69 Not reported Not reported N/A | OECD recommends the medium pH after equilibration with air is ~8 with less than .001 mmol/l of chelator if used. EPA recommends 20X-AAP medium. |
| If non-standard nutrient medium was used, detailed composition provided (Yes/No) | No | |
| Dilution water source: type: pH: salinity (for marine algae): water pretreatment (if any): Total Organic Carbon: particulate matter: metals: pesticides: chlorine: | Laboratory reagent water Not reported 7.5 ± 0.1 N/A pH adjusted using 0.1 N NaOH and filtered through a 0.45-µm Millipore filter. Not reported Not reported Not detected (Appendix B, p.40) Not detected (Appendix B, p.40) Not reported | EPA pH: Skeletonema costatum= ~8.0 Others = ~7.5 from beginning to end of the test. EPA salinity: 30- 35 ppt. EPA is against the use of dechlorinated water. OECD: pH is measured at beginning of the test and at 72 hours, it should not normally deviate by more than one unit during the test. |

| | | Remarks |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Parameter | Details | Criteria |
| Indicate how the test material is added to the medium (added directly or used stock solution) | Stock solution | |
| Aeration or agitation | Agitation rate of 100 rpm. | EPA recommends agitation only for Selenastrum at 100 cycles per min and Skeletonema at ~60 cycles per min. Aeration is not recommended. |
| Initial cells density | Approximately 10,000 cells/mL | EPA requires an initial number of 3,000 - 10,000 cells/mL. For Selenastrum capricornutum, cell counts on day 2 are not required. OECD recommends that the initial cell concentration be approximately 10,000 cells/ml for S. capricornutum and S. subspicatus. When other species are used the biomass should be comparable. |
| Number of replicates control: solvent control: treated ones: | 3 N/A 3 | EPA requires a negative and/or solvent control with 3 or more replicates per doses. Navicula sp.tests should be conducted with four replicate. OECD preferably three replicates at each test concentration and ideally twice that number of controls. When a vehicle is used to solubilize the test substance, additional controls containing the vehicle at the highest concentration used in the test cultures should be included in the test. |
| Test concentrations nominal: | control, 5.0, 10, 20, 40, 80, and 160 µg a.i./L | EPA requires at least 5 test concentrations, with each at least 60% of the next higher one. |
| measured: | <1.77 (control), 8.76, 15.8, | OECD recommends at least five |

| | | Remarks |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Parameter | Details | Criteria |
| | 27.9, 41.2, 86.7, and 168 μg a.i./L | concentrations arranged in a geometric series, with the lowest concentration tested should have no observed effect on the growth of the algae. The highest concentration tested should inhibit growth by at least 50% relatively to the control and, preferably, stop growth completely. |
| Solvent (type, percentage, if used) | N/A | |
| Method and interval of analytical verification | HPLC; 0 and 96 hours | |
| Test conditions temperature: photoperiod: light intensity and quality: | 23.8-25.7°C Continuous 4650-4699 lux, cool-white fluorescent lighting | EPA temperature: Skeletonema: 20°C, Others: 24-25°C; EPA photoperiod: S. costatum 14 hr light/10 hr dark, Others: Continuous; EPA light: Anabaena: 2.0 Klux (±15%), Others: 4 - 5 Klux (±15%) OECD recommended the temperature in the range of 21 to25°C maintained at ± 2°C and continuous uniform illumination provided at approximately 8000 Lux measured with a spherical collector. |
| Reference chemical {if used} name: concentrations: | N/A | |
| Other parameters, if any | None | |

2. Observations:

Table 2: Observation parameters

| Parameters | Details | Remarks/Criteria |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------|------------------|
| Parameters measured including the growth inhibition/other toxicity | Cell count, growth rate, and area under the growth curve | |

| Parameters | Details | Remarks/Criteria |
|--------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| symptoms | | EPA recommends the growth of the algae expressed as the cell count per mL, biomass per volume, or degree of growth as determined by spectrophotometric means. |
| Measurement technique for cell density and other end points | Hemacytometer and optical microscope | EPA recommends the measurement technique of cell counts or chlorophyll a OECD recommends the electronic particle counter, microscope with counting chamber, fluorimeter, spectrophotometer, and colorimeter. (note: in order to provide useful measurements at low cell concentrations when using a spectrophotometer, it may be necessary to use cuvettes with a light path of at least 4 cm). |
| Observation intervals | Every 24 hours | EPA and OECD: every 24 hours. |
| Other observations, if any | None | |
| Indicate whether there was exponential growth in the control | Yes, dilution water control group cell density at test termination was 186X greater than the dilution water control group cell density at test initiation. | EPA requires control cell count at termination to be ≥2X initial count or by a factor of at least 16 during the test. OECD: cell concentration in control cultures should have increased by a factor of at least 16 within three days. |
| Were raw data included? | Yes | |

II. RESULTS and DISCUSSION:

A. INHIBITORY EFFECTS:

The cell density percent inhibitions were -1, 2, 18, 28, 47, and 60% reduced in the 8.76, 15.8, 27.9, 41.2, 86.7, and 168 μ g a.i./L treatment groups, respectively. The growth rate percent inhibitions were 0, 0, 4, 6, 11, and 17% reduced in the 8.76, 15.8, 27.9, 41.2, 86.7, and 168 μ g a.i./L treatment groups, respectively. The mean area under the growth curve percent inhibitions were 4, 11, 20, 33, 51, and 60% reduced in the 8.76, 15.8, 27.9, 41.2, 86.7, and 168 μ g a.i./L treatment groups, respectively. The percent reductions in cell density, growth rate, and mean area under the growth curve were statistically significant in the 27.9, 41.2, 86.7, and 168 μ g a.i./L treatment groups.

Table 3: Effect of Penoxsulam, GF-443, on freshwater alga (Selenastrum capricornutum)

| Treatment mean | Initial cell | Mean Cell der | sity (cells/mL) at | | |
|--------------------------------------------------|----------------------------|---------------|--------------------|---------------------------|--|
| measured and nominal concentrations ^a | density (cells/mL) 24 hour | | 24 hours 96 hours | | |
| (μg a.i./L) | | | cell count | % inhibition ^b | |
| Dilution water control | ~10,000 | 32,000 | 1,860,000 | | |
| 8.76 (5.0) | ~10,000 | 28,000 | 1,870,000 | -1 | |
| 15.8 (10) | ~10,000 | 29,000 | 1,820,000 | 2 | |
| 27.9 (20) | ~10,000 | 21,000* | 1,530,000* | 18 | |
| 41.2 (40) | ~10,000 | 26,000 | 1,330,000* | 28 | |
| 86.7 (80) | ~10,000 | 28,000 | 990,000* | 47 | |
| 168 (160) | ~10,000 | 28,000 | 740,000* | 60 | |
| Reference chemical (if used) | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | |

^a The nominal test concentrations are presented in parentheses.

Table 4: Effect of Penoxsulam, GF-443, on the freshwater alga Selenastrum capricornutum

| Mean Measured and Nominal Treatment Concentrations ^a (µg a.i./L) | Initial cell density (cells/mL) | Mean Growth Rate (cells/mL/hour) | % inhibition (Mean Growth Rate per day) | Mean Area Under Growth Curve | % inhibition (Mean Area Under Growth Curve) |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|----------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------|
| Dilution water control | ~10,000 | 0.054 | | 4500 | |
| 8.76 (5.0) | ~10,000 | 0.054 | 0 | 4300 | 4 |

^b Percent inhibition based on control (using percent change data, Table 4, p. 24).

^{*}Statistically significant reduction compared to the control (p≤0.05).

| Mean Measured and Nominal Treatment Concentrations ^a (µg a.i./L) | Initial cell density (cells/mL) | Mean Growth Rate (cells/mL/hour) | % inhibition (Mean Growth Rate per day) | Mean Area Under Growth Curve | % inhibition (Mean Area Under Growth Curve) |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|----------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------|
| 15.8 (10) | ~10,000 | 0.054 | 0 | 4000 | 11 |
| 27.9 (20) | ~10,000 | 0.052* | 4 | 3600* | 20 |
| 41.2 (40) | ~10,000 | 0.051* | 6 | 3000* | 33 |
| 86.7 (80) | ~10,000 | 0.048* | 11 | 2200* | 51 |
| 168 (160) | ~10,000 | 0.045* | 17 | 1800* | 60 |
| Reference chemical (if used) | Not reported | Not reported | Not reported | Not reported | Not reported |

^a The nominal test concentrations are presented in parentheses.

Table 5: Statistical endpoint values.

| Statistical Endpoint | Biomass | Growth rate | Cell density |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------|---------|-------------|--------------|
| NOAEC or EC ₀₅ (µg a.i./L) | 15.8 | 15.8 | 15.8 |
| IC ₅₀ or EC ₅₀ (μg a.i./L) (95% C.I.) | 99.1 | >168 | 108 |
| other (IC ₂₅ /EC ₂₅) (µg a.i./L) | 30.4 | >168 | 39.1 |
| Reference chemical, if used NOAEC IC ₅₀ /EC ₅₀ | N/A | N/A | N/A |

N/A = Not applicable.

B. REPORTED STATISTICS:

Statistical Method: The treatment group data were analyzed using Shapiro-Wilk's test for normality and Levene's test for homogeneity of variance. The NOAEC was calculated using the analysis of variance and one-way Dunnett's comparison to the control. The data for all endpoints were analyzed using nonparametric analysis. Percent inhibitions were calculated for every endpoint. The EC_{25} and EC_{50} values were calculated by SAS using nonlinear (weighted) regression. The reported statistics were based on the mean measured test concentrations.

Cell Density:

NOAEC/EC₀₅: 15.8 µg a.i./L

EC₅₀: 108 μg a.i./L 95% C.l.: 98.2-118 μg a.i./L

^b Percent inhibition based on control (using percent change data, Tables 6-7, pp. 26-27).

^{*}Statistically significant reduction compared to the control (p≤0.05).

Growth rate:

NOAEC/EC₀₅: 15.8 μg a.i./L

 EC_{50} : >168 µg a.i./L 95% C.I.: N/A

Area Under the Growth Curve (Biomass):

NOAEC/EC₀₅: 15.8 µg a.i./L

EC₅₀: 99.1 μg a.i./L 95% C.I.: 88.2-110 μg a.i./L

Endpoints Affected: Cell density, growth rates and area under the growth curve.

C. VERIFICATION OF STATISTICAL RESULTS:

Statistical Method: Cell density and biomass data satisfied the assumptions of ANOVA, while growth rate data did not. The NOAEC for cell density and biomass was determined using ANOVA, followed by William's multiple comparison test via TOXSTAT statistical software. The NOAEC for growth rate was determined using the non-parametric Kruskal-Wallis test via TOXSTAT software. The EC_x values were determined using the Probit method via Nuthatch statistical software. The reviewer used the mean measured concentrations to calculate toxicity values.

Cell Density:

NOAEC: 15.8 μg a.i./L

EC₀₅: **8.2** μg a.i./L **95% C.l.**: 4.9-14 μg a.i./L EC₅₀: 100 μg a.i./L **95% C.l.**:85-120 μg a.i./L

Slope: 1.52±0.125

Growth rate:

NOAEC: 168 µg a.i./L

EC₀₅: **30** μ g a.i./L **95% C.l.**: 21-43 μ g a.i./L

EC₅₀: >168 μ g a.i./L 95% C.l.:N/A

Slope: 1.05±0.0954

Area Under the Growth Curve (Biomass):

NOAEC: 8.76 μg a.i./L

EC₀₅: **5.1** μg a.i./L **95% C.l.**: 2.2-12 μg a.i./L EC₅₀: 94 μg a.i./L **95% C.l.**:73-120 μg a.i./L

Slope: 1.30±0.150

Endpoints Affected: Cell density, growth rate and biomass (most sensitive)

D. STUDY DEFICIENCIES:

The deviation (failure to provide details regarding the nutrient medium) was minor, so it did not affect the acceptability or validity of the study.

E. REVIEWER'S COMMENTS:

The reviewer's toxicity values differed slightly from those of the study author, presumably due to the different statistical methods used to estimate these values. While the study author's EC₅₀ estimates for cell density and biomass were associated with slightly narrower 95% confidence intervals, the reviewer's toxicity values are reported

in the Executive Summary and Conclusions sections because the reviewer's analysis provided EC_{05} values and slopes for all endpoints.

F. CONCLUSIONS: The study is scientifically sound and satisfies the guidelines for an aquatic nonvascular plant study with *Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata* [$\S123-2$]. This study is classified as Core. Biomass was the most sensitive endpoint, with an EC₅₀ of 94 µg a.i./L; the NOAEC for biomass was 8.76 µg a.i./L.

Cell Density:

NOAEC: 15.8 μg a.i./L

EC₀₅: **8.2** μg a.i./L **95% C.l.**: 4.9-14 μg a.i./L EC₅₀: 100 μg a.i./L **95% C.l.**:85-120 μg a.i./L

Slope: 1.52±0.125

Growth rate:

NOAEC: 168 µg a.i./L

EC₀₅: **30** μ g a.i./L **95% C.l.**: 21-43 μ g a.i./L

EC₅₀: >168 μ g a.i./L 95% C.l.:N/A

Slope: 1.05±0.0954

Area Under the Growth Curve (Biomass):

NOAEC: **8.76** μg a.i./L

EC₀₅: **5.1** μg a.i./L **95% C.l.**: 2.2-12 μg a.i./L EC₅₀: 94 μg a.i./L **95% C.l.**:73-120 μg a.i./L

Slope: 1.30±0.150

Endpoints Affected: Cell density, growth rate and biomass (most sensitive)

III. REFERENCES:

- U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (U.S. EPA). 1989. Pesticide Programs: Good Laboratory Practice Standards; Final Rule (40 CFR, Part 160). Federal Register, Vol. 54 (158); pp. 34067-34074.
- Organization of Economic Cooperation and Development. 1997. Decision of the Council, Revised Principles of GLP [C(97)186/Final].
- U.S. Environmental Protection Agency. 1996. Ecological Effects Test Guidelines, OPPTS 850.5400, Algal Toxicity, Tiers I and II, EPA 712-C-96-164, 9 pp.
- Organization of Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD). June 7, 1984. OECD Guidelines for Testing of Chemicals. Algae, Growth Inhibition Test. OECD Guideline No. 201.
- American Society for Testing and Materials (ASTM). 1997. Standard Guide for conducting Static 96-hr Toxicity Tests with Microalgae. ASTM Designation E1218-97a.
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- Conover, W.J. 1980. Practical Nonparametric Statistics. 2nd Ed.
- Milliken, G.A. and D.E. Johnson. 1984. Analysis of Messy Data. Vol. 1, p. 22.
- Zar, J.H. 1984. Biostatistical Analysis. 2nd Ed. p. 241.

APPENDIX I. OUTPUT OF REVIEWER'S STATISTICAL VERIFICATION:

cell density

File: 1107cd

Transform: NO TRANSFORMATION

ANOVA TABLE

| SOURCE | DF | SS | MS | F |
|---------------|------|-----------|----------|---------|
| Between | 6 | 36419.810 | 6069.968 | 122.450 |
| Within (Error |) 14 | 694.000 | 49.571 | |
| Total | 20 | 37113.810 | | |

Critical F value = 2.85 (0.05,6,14)

Since F > Critical F REJECT Ho:All groups equal

cell density

File: 1107cd

Transform: NO TRANSFORMATION

*-----

DUNNETTS TEST - TABLE 1 OF 2

Ho:Control<Treatment

| | TR | ANSFORM | ED MEAN CA | ALCULATED IN | |
|-------|------------|---------|------------|----------------|------------|
| GROUP | IDENTIFICA | ATION | MEAN C | ORIGINAL UNITS | T STAT SIG |
| | | | | | |
| 1 | control | 185.667 | 185.667 | ! | |
| 2 | 8.76 | 186.667 | 186.667 | -0.174 | |
| 3 | 15.8 | 182.333 | 182.333 | 0.580 | |
| 4 | 27.9 | 153.000 | 153.000 | 5.682 * | |
| 5 | 41.2 | 132.667 | 132.667 | 9.220 * | |
| 6 | 86.7 | 98.667 | 98.667 | 15.134 * | |
| 7 | 168 | 74.333 | 74.333 | 19.367 * | |
| | | | | | _ |

Dunnett table value = 2.53 (1 Tailed Value, P=0.05, df=14,6)

cell density

File: 1107cd

Transform: NO TRANSFORMATION

DUNNETTS TEST - TABLE 2 OF 2

Ho:Control<Treatment

NUM OF Minimum Sig Diff % of DIFFERENCE
GROUP IDENTIFICATION REPS (IN ORIG. UNITS) CONTROL FROM CONTROL

| 1 | control 3 | | | |
|---|-----------|--------|-----|--------|
| 2 | 8.76 3 | 14.544 | 7.8 | -1.000 |
| 3 | 15.8 3 | 14.544 | 7.8 | 3.333 |
| 4 | 27.9 3 | 14.544 | 7.8 | 32.667 |
| 5 | 41.2 3 | 14.544 | 7.8 | 53.000 |

| 6 | 86.7 | 3 | 14.544 | 7.8 | 87.000 |
|---|------|---|--------|-----|---------|
| 7 | 168 | 3 | 14.544 | 7.8 | 111.333 |

cell density

File: 1107cd Transform: NO TRANSFORMATION

WILLIAMS TEST (Isotonic regression model) TABLE 1 OF 2

| GRO | JP | ORIGINAL | TRANSFO | RMED | ISOTONIZED |
|-----|----------------|----------|---------|--------|------------|
| | IDENTIFICATION | N ME | AN ME | AN | MEAN |
| | | 405.003 | 405.007 | 400 | 407 |
| 1 | control 3 | 185.667 | 185.667 | 186. | 16/ |
| 2 | 8.76 3 | 186.667 | 186.667 | 186.16 | 67 |
| 3 | 15.8 3 | 182.333 | 182.333 | 182.33 | 33 |
| 4 | 27.9 3 | 153.000 | 153.000 | 153.00 | 00 |
| 5 | 41.2 3 | 132.667 | 132.667 | 132.66 | 67 |
| 6 | 86.7 3 | 98.667 | 98.667 | 98.667 | |
| 7 | 168 3 | 74.333 | 74.333 | 74.333 | |
| | * | | | | |

cell density

File: 1107cd Transform: NO TRANSFORMATION

WILLIAMS TEST (Isotonic regression model) TABLE 2 OF 2

| IS | OTONIZE | CALC | SIG | TABLE | DEGREES | OF |
|--------------|----------|--------|---------|---------|------------|---------|
| IDENTIFICATI | ON M | EAN | WILLIAN | 1S P=.0 | 5 WILLIAMS | FREEDOM |
| | | | | | | |
| contro | 1 186.16 | 7 | | | | |
| 8.76 | 186.167 | 0.087 | | 1.76 | k= 1, v=14 | |
| 15.8 | 182,333 | 0.580 | | 1.85 | k= 2, v=14 | |
| 27.9 | 153.000 | 5.682 | * | 1.88 | k= 3, v=14 | |
| 41.2 | 132.667 | 9.219 | * | 1.89 | k= 4, V=14 | |
| 86.7 | 98.667 | 15.134 | * | 1.90 | k= 5, V=14 | |
| 168 | 74.333 | 19.367 | * | 1.91 | k= 6, v=14 | |
| | | | | | | |

s = 7.041

Note: df used for table values are approximate when v > 20.

Estimates of EC%

Parameter Estimate 95% Bounds Std.Err. Lower Bound Lower Upper /Estimate EC5 8.2 4.9 14. 0.11 0.60 EC10 22. 0.087 14. 9.4 0.66 EC25 36. 27. 47. 0.057 0.76 EC50 1.0E+02 85. 1.2E+02 0.032 0.86

Slope = 1.52 Std.Err. = 0.125

!!!Poor fit: p = 0.013 based on DF= 4.0 14.

1107CD : cell density

Observed vs. Predicted Treatment Group Means

Dose #Reps. Obs. Pred. Obs. Pred. %Change Mean Mean -Pred. %Control

0.00 3.00 186. 193. -7.16 100. 0.00

| 5030 | • | | | -Pred. | | rol | |
|------|------|------|------|--------|------|------|--|
| 0.00 | 3.00 | 186. | 193. | -7.16 | 100. | 0.00 | |
| 8.76 | 3.00 | 187. | 182. | 4.33 | 94.6 | 5.44 | |
| 15.8 | 3.00 | 182. | 171. | 11.1 | 88.8 | 11.2 | |
| 27.9 | 3.00 | 153. | 154. | -1.17 | 80.0 | 20.0 | |
| 41.2 | 3.00 | 133. | 139. | -6.17 | 72.0 | 28.0 | |
| 86.7 | 3.00 | 98.7 | 104. | -4.84 | 53.7 | 46.3 | |
| 168. | 3.00 | 74.3 | 70.5 | 3.86 | 36.5 | 63.5 | |
| | | | | | | | |

!!!Warning: EC5 not bracketed by doses evaluated.

area under the growth curve

File: 1107b Transform: NO TRANSFORMATION

ANOVA TABLE

| SOURCE | DF | SS | MS | F | |
|----------------|----|--------------|-------|--------|--------|
| Between | 6 | 19546666.666 | 32577 | 77.778 | 30.817 |
| Within (Error) | 14 | 1480000.000 | 1057 | 14.286 | |
| Total 2 | 0 | 21026666.667 | | | |

Critical F value = 2.85 (0.05,6,14) Since F > Critical F REJECT Ho:All groups equal

The state of the s

area under the growth curve

File: 1107b Transform: NO TRANSFORMATION

DUNNETTS TEST - TABLE 1 OF 2 Ho:Control<Treatment

TRANSFORMED MEAN CALCULATED IN GROUP IDENTIFICATION MEAN ORIGINAL UNITS T STAT SIG

| | | • | | | |
|---|---------|----------|----------|---------|--|
| 1 | control | 4533.333 | 4533.333 | | |
| 2 | 8.76 | 4333.333 | 4333.333 | 0.753 | |
| 3 | 15.8 | 4033.333 | 4033.333 | 1.883 | |
| 4 | 27.9 | 3600.000 | 3600.000 | 3.516 * | |
| 5 | 41.2 | 2966.667 | 2966.667 | 5.901 * | |
| 6 | 86.7 | 2266.667 | 2266.667 | 8.538 * | |

7 168 1833.333 1833.333 10.171 *

Dunnett table value = 2.53 (1 Tailed Value, P=0.05, df=14,6)

area under the growth curve

File: 1107b Transform: NO TRANSFORMATION

DUNNETTS TEST - TABLE 2 OF 2 Ho:Control<Treatment

NUM OF Minimum Sig Diff % of DIFFERENCE
GROUP IDENTIFICATION REPS (IN ORIG. UNITS) CONTROL FROM CONTROL

| 1 | control | 3 | | | | |
|---|---------|---|---------|------|----------|--|
| 2 | 8.76 | 3 | 671.648 | 14.8 | 200.000 | |
| 3 | 15.8 | 3 | 671.648 | 14.8 | 500.000 | |
| 4 | 27.9 | 3 | 671.648 | 14.8 | 933.333 | |
| 5 | 41.2 | 3 | 671.648 | 14.8 | 1566.667 | |
| 6 | 86.7 | 3 | 671.648 | 14.8 | 2266.667 | |
| 7 | 168 | 3 | 671.648 | 14.8 | 2700.000 | |

area under the growth curve

File: 1107b Transform: NO TRANSFORMATION

WILLIAMS TEST (Isotonic regression model) TABLE 1 OF 2

| GROL | IP IDENTIFICATION | V | ORIGINAL N MEA | TRANSFOR N MEA | | ISOTONIZED MEAN |
|------|----------------------|---|-------------------|-------------------|-------|--------------------|
| 1 | control | 3 | 4533.333 | 4533.333 | 453 | 3.333 |
| 2 | 8. 7 6 3 | 5 | 4333.333 | 4333.333 | 4333. | 333 |
| 3 | 15.8 | 5 | 4033.333 | 4033.333 | 4033. | 333 |
| 4 | 27.9 3 | 5 | 3600.000 | 3600.000 | 3600. | 000 |
| 5 | 41.2 | 5 | 2966.667 | 2966.667 | 2966. | 667 |
| 6 | 86.7 | 5 | 2266.667 | 2266.667 | 2266. | 667 |
| 7 | 168 3 | 5 | 1833.333 | 1833.333 | 1833. | 333 |

area under the growth curve

File: 1107b Transform: NO TRANSFORMATION

WILLIAMS TEST (Isotonic regression model) TABLE 2 OF 2

ISOTONIZED CALC. SIG TABLE DEGREES OF IDENTIFICATION MEAN WILLIAMS P=.05 WILLIAMS FREEDOM

control 4533.333

8.76 4333.333 0.753 1.76 k= 1, v=14

Παγε 17 οφ 20

| 15.8 | 4033.333 | 1.883 | * | 1.85 | k= 2, v=14 |
|------|----------|--------|---|------|------------|
| 27.9 | 3600.000 | 3.516 | * | 1.88 | k= 3, v=14 |
| 41.2 | 2966.667 | 5.901 | * | 1.89 | k= 4, v=14 |
| 86.7 | 2266.667 | 8.538 | * | 1.90 | k= 5, v=14 |
| 168 | 1833.333 | 10.171 | * | 1.91 | k= 6, v=14 |
| | | | | | |

 $s \approx 325.137$

Note: df used for table values are approximate when v > 20.

Estimates of EC%

------Parameter Estimate 95% Bounds Std.Err. Lower Bound Lower Upper /Estimate EC5 2.2 12. 0.17 0.43 5.1 19. 0.14 0.50 EC10 9.8 4.9 EC25 18. 45. 0.094 0.64 29. EC50 94. 73. 1.2E+02 0.054 0.77

Slope = 1.30 Std.Err. = 0.150

Goodness of fit: p = 0.38 based on DF= 4.0 14.

1107B: area under the growth curve

Observed vs. Predicted Treatment Group Means

| Dose | #Reps. Obs. Pred. Mean Mean -Pre | Obs. Pred. d. %Control | %Change |
|------|-------------------------------------|---------------------------|---------|
| 0.00 | 3.00 4.53e+03 4.64e+03 | -107. 100. | 0.00 |
| 8.76 | 3.00 4.33e+03 4.23e+03 | 108. 91.1 | 8.95 |
| 15.8 | 3.00 4.03e+03 3.92e+03 | 118. 84.4 | 15.6 |
| 27.9 | 3.00 3.60e+03 3.50e+03 | 99.5 75.4 | 24.6 |
| 41.2 | 3.00 2.97e+03 3.16e+03 | -189. 68.0 | 32.0 |
| 86.7 | 3.00 2.27e+03 2.41e+03 | -139. 51.8 | 48.2 |
| 168. | 3.00 1.83e+03 1.72e+03 | 110. 37.1 | 62.9 |

!!!Warning: EC5 not bracketed by doses evaluated.

growth rate

File: 1107g Transform: NO TRANSFORM

KRUSKAL-WALLIS ANOVA BY RANKS - TABLE 1 OF 2

| GROUP | TR IDENTIFICA | | | ALCULATED IN ORIGINAL UNITS | RANK SUN |
|-------|------------------|--------|--------|--------------------------------|-------------|
| 1 | control | 54.333 | 54.333 | 49.500 | |
| 2 | 8.76 | 54.667 | 54.667 | 54.000 | |
| 3 | 15.8 | 54.333 | 54.333 | 49.500 | |
| 4 | 27.9 | 52.333 | 52.333 | 33.000 | |
| 5 | 41.2 | 51.000 | 51.000 | 24.000 | |
| 6 | 86.7 | 47.667 | 47.667 | 15.000 | |

168 44.667 44.667 6.000

Critical H Value Table = 12.590 Calculated H Value = 18.802 Since Calc H > Crit H REJECT Ho:All groups are equal.

growth rate

File: 1107g Transform: NO TRANSFORM

DUNNS MULTIPLE COMPARISON - KRUSKAL-WALLIS - TABLE 2 OF 2

GROUP

TRANSFORMED ORIGINAL 0000000 GROUP IDENTIFICATION MEAN MEAN 7654132

| | • | | |
|---|---------|--------|-----------------|
| 7 | 168 | 44.667 | 44.667 \ |
| 6 | 86.7 | 47.667 | 47.667 . \ |
| 5 | 41.2 | 51.000 | 51.000\ |
| 4 | 27.9 | 52.333 | 52.333 \ |
| 1 | control | 54.333 | 54.333 \ |
| 3 | 15.8 | 54.333 | 54.333 \ |
| 2 | 8.76 | 54.667 | 54.667 * \ |
| | | | |

^{* =} significant difference (p=0.05)

. = no significant difference

Table q value (0.05,7) = 3.038

SE = 5.005

Estimates of EC%

Parameter Estimate 95% Bounds Std.Err. Lower Bound Lower Upper /Estimate 21. 43. 0.075 0.70 53. 84. 0.047 0.80 EC5 **30**. EC10 67. 2.5E+02 2.2E+02 3.0E+02 0.031 EC25 0.86 EC50 1.1E+03 7.7E+02 1.6E+03 0.078

Slope = 1.05 Std.Err. = 0.0954

!!!Poor fit: p = 0.013 based on DF= 4.0 14.

1107G: growth rate

Observed vs. Predicted Treatment Group Means

| Dose | #Rep | s. Obs | s. Pr | ed. Ob | os. Pre | ed. %C | hange |
|------|------|--------|-------|---------|---------|--------|-------|
| | М | ean M | Mean | -Pred. | %Contr | Ol | |
| | | | | | | | |
| 0.00 | 3.00 | 54.3 | 55.0 | -0.630 | 100. | 0.00 | |
| 8.76 | 3.00 | 54.7 | 54.2 | 0.451 | 98.6 | 1.36 | |
| 15.8 | 3.00 | 54.3 | 53.5 | 0.810 | 97.4 | 2.62 | |
| 27.9 | 3.00 | 52.3 | 52.4 | -0.0807 | 95.4 | 4.64 | |

| 41.2 | 3.00 | 51.0 | 51.3 | -0.317 | 93.4 | 6.64 |
|------|------|------|------|--------|------|------|
| 86.7 | 3.00 | 47.7 | 48.3 | -0.590 | 87.8 | 12.2 |
| 168. | 3.00 | 44.7 | 44.3 | 0.357 | 80.6 | 19.4 |

!!!Warning: EC25 not bracketed by doses evaluated.

!!!Warning: EC50 not bracketed by doses evaluated.