

US EPA ARCHIVE DOCUMENT

224446
Record No.

Review No.
105001
Shaughnessey No.

EEB REVIEW

DATE: IN August 3, 1988 OUT December 15, 1988

FILE OR REG. NO. 241-GRU

PETITION OR EXP. NO. _____

DATE OF SUBMISSION June 10, 1988

DATE RECEIVED BY EFED August 2, 1988

RD REQUESTED COMPLETION DATA August 29, 1988

EEB ESTIMATED COMPLETION DATE August 29, 1988

RD ACTION CODE/TYPE OF REVIEW 165

TYPE PRODUCTS(S): I, D, H, F, N, R, S Insecticide/Nematicide

DATA ACCESSION NO(S). 406607-07

PRODUCT MANAGER NO. J. Tice / M. Mautz

PRODUCT NAME(S) Counter XL

COMPANY NAME American Cyanamid Company

SUBMISSION PURPOSE Proposed new formulation (20G) for use on corn, sorghum and sugar beets. Response to previous EEB review

SHAUGHNESSEY NO.	CHEMICAL AND FORMULATION	% A.I.
_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____

DATA EVALUATION RECORD

1. TEST MATERIAL:

Terbufos

(S-[[(1,1-dimethylthyl)thio]methyl]0,0-diethyl phosphorodithioate)

2. STUDY MATERIAL - Counter 15G

Terbufos	15 W/W %
Inert ingredients	<u>85</u>
	100%

3. STUDY TYPE- Avian Dietary Single-dose Oral LD₅₀.

Species tested-

Bobwhite quail

Colinus virginianus

4. STUDY IDENTIFICATION:

Fletcher, D.W. 1987. 21-day acute oral toxicity study with Counter 15G in Bobwhite quail. Bio-Life Associates, Ltd. Submitted by American Cyanamid Company, Princeton, NJ MRID 406607-07.

5. REVIEW BY:

James J. Goodyear
Biologist
Ecological Effects Branch
Environmental Fate and
Effects Division (TS-796C)

Signature: James J. Goodyear

Date: Sept 30, 1988

6. APPROVED BY:

Raymond W. Matheny
Head, Section 1
Ecological Effects Branch
Environmental Fate and
Effects Division (TS-796C)

Signature: Ray W. Matheny

Date: SEP 30 1988

7. CONCLUSIONS:

The study meets the requirements of the Avian Single-Dose Oral LD₅₀ guidelines. Because the Terbufos formulated product has an LD₅₀ of 305.0 mg/kg it is considered to be moderately toxic to bobwhite quail. It does not, however, meet the requirements for the

registration of Counter 20P since it was done with Counter 15G.

8. RECOMMENDATIONS- N/A.

9. BACKGROUND:

The study was submitted for the registration of Counter 20P.

10. DISCUSSION OF INDIVIDUAL TEST- N/A.

11. MATERIALS AND METHODS:

A. Test animals:

Bobwhite quail (21 weeks old) from Oak Ridge Game Farm, Route 2, Gravette, Arkansas 72736.

B. Dose:

Counter 15G was administered in five dosages (147, 215, 316, 464 and 681 mg/kg).

C. Design:

There were five test groups of five male and five females (one for each for each test level) plus a control group of five males and five females housed in a 53.3 cm x 45.7 cm x 38.1 cm pens in a heated room in which lighting "was provided by fluorescent lights which were left on eight hours per day". The birds were observed and acclimated for 15 days and fasted for 22 hours before the dosing with gelatin capsules.

D. Statistics:

Litchfield, J.T., Jr. and F. Wilcoxon. 1949. A simplified method of evaluating dose-effect experiments. J. Pharmacology and Experimental Therapeutics. Vol. 96.

12. REPORTED RESULTS:

LD₅₀ = 305.0 mg/kg 95% C.I. = 258.5 - 359.9 mg/kg

The NOEL was not given.

13. STUDY AUTHORS' CONCLUSIONS/QA MEASURES:

"The acute oral median LD₅₀ of Counter 15G in Bobwhite quail was determined to be 305.0 mg/kg of body weight with 95% confidence limits of 258.5 to 359.9 mg/kg of body weight", and that,

"In accordance with Bio-Life Associates, Ltd. Laboratories' intent that all toxicity tests conducted by our facility follow good laboratory practices, Bio-Life Associates, Ltd's study director for the above test herein confirms that the study was conducted in compliance with the US EPA Good Laboratory Practice Regulations; Pesticide Programs (40 CFR 160)."

14. REVIEWER'S DISCUSSION AND INTERPRETATION OF THE STUDY:

A. Test Procedures:

The procedures were not in complete accordance with the guidelines for testing avian single-dose oral LD50.

Errors include; the chemical names of the pesticide were not given, it was not specifically stated if the test was done with the end-use product or the technical grade chemical, the per cent of active ingredient in the test substance was not given and it was not stated if the LD₅₀ is in milligrams of ai or end-use product. However, Marilyn Mautz of the Registration Division contacted the Cyanimid Company and found that all dosages and the LD₅₀ are in milligrams of Terbufos end-use product.

Only eight hours of light (rather than ten) were provided. The report only states that lighting was provided for eight hours per day, not that an 8 hour light / 16 hour dark photoperiod was provided. This leaves open the possibility that the room had natural light and, therefore, the ducks had a natural photoperiod. This might be of major importance in an avian dietary study but it is considered to be of minor importance in this acute toxicity study.

B. Statistical Analysis:

The LD₅₀ was calculated from the registrant's data using a computer program from "Stephan, et al. 1978. Computer program for calculating LD₅₀; probit method". The LD₅₀ was found to be 294.6 (215 - 464) mg (EUP)/kg.

C. Discussion/Results:

Counter 15G formulated product can be characterized as being moderately toxic orally to bobwhite quail.

D. Adequacy of the Study:

Classification- Core.

Rational- The study is scientifically sound and meets the requirements of the guidelines. However, there are no current outstanding requirements for the 15% granular formulation. This study may be used to meet requirements of a Second Round Review, should one be initiated.

Repair- N/A.

15. COMPLETION OF ONE-LINER FOR STUDY:

Yes, see the attached sheets.

16. CBI APPENDIX- N/A.