Reviewer: Eugenia McAndrew

Product Manager: 22

STUDY TYPE: Acute Oral Toxicity - S-D Rat; OPPTS 870.1100; OECD 401

TEST MATERIAL: Chlorothalonil Technical (Lot # 218/87; 98.63 % purity; white powder)


SPONSOR: Chlorothalonil Technical (Lot # 218/87; 98.63 % purity; white powder)

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY: In an acute oral toxicity study (MRID 45710203), five/sex CD young adult albino rats (Source: Charles River (UK) Limited, Margate, Kent, England, PA; 99-110 g males and 88-101 g females) were given a single oral dose of Chlorothalonil Technical (Lot # 218/87; 98.63 % purity; white powder) at 5000 mg/kg. The test article was prepared as a suspension in 0.5% w/v methylcellulose in distilled water to make dosing by gavage possible. Animals were then observed for 14 days.

Oral LD₅₀ Males => 5000 mg/kg
Oral LD₅₀ Females => 5000 mg/kg
Oral LD₅₀ Combined => 5000 mg/kg

One male rat was killed in extremis in day 5. Toxic signs noted prior to death included decreased motor activity, piloerection, breathing irregularities, abdominal bloat, hunched posture, hairloss and thin body conformation. The other nine animals survived and gained weight. Clinical signs noted included decreased motor activity and piloerection for the first five hours after dosing. The animals recovered from these symptoms by day 2. Necropsy of the decedent revealed distention of the gastro-intestinal tract and kidney pallor. Necropsy of the rats at study termination on day 15 revealed no significant lesions.

Toxicity based on one death at the limit dose. EPA Toxicity Category IV.

This acute oral study is classified as acceptable. It does satisfy the guideline requirement for an acute oral study (OPPTS 870.1100; OECD 401) in the rat.

COMPLIANCE: Signed and dated G.I.P, Quality Assurance, and Data Confidentiality statements were provided.
RESULTS and DISCUSSION:

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<tr>
<th>Dose (mg/kg bw)</th>
<th>Mortality/Number Tested</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Males</td>
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<td>5000</td>
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A. **Mortality** - One male rat was killed *in extremis* in day 5.

B. **Clinical observations** - One male rat was killed *in extremis* in day 5. Toxic signs noted prior to death included decreased motor activity, piloerecton, breathing irregularities, abdominal bloat, hunched posture, hairloss and thin body conformation. The other nine animals survived and gained weight. Clinical signs noted included decreased motor activity and piloerectomy for the first five hours after dosing. The animals recovered from these symptoms by day 2.

C. **Gross Necropsy** - Necropsy of the decedent revealed distention of the gastro-intestinal tract and kidney pallor. Necropsy of the rats at study termination on day 15 revealed no significant lesions.

D. **Reviewer’s Conclusions**: Agree with the study author