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	EFB Log Out D	ate: <u>-8/5/83</u>	28 JUL 1983
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To: Jacoby/Beaver	(프리아) 영향 중앙 (1985년) 1987년 - 1987년		<mark>클</mark> 시스 (1985년) 1946년 - 1888년 (1987년)
Product Manager # 21 Registration Division (TS-767)			
From: Carolyn K. Offutt * CKO (CO) Head, Environmental Processes as Exposure Assessment Branch, HED	nd Guidelines S (TS-769)	ection	
Attached, please find the estimated energy of:	nvironmental co	ncentration	
Reg./File No.: 677-313			
Chemical: Chlorothalonil			
Type Product: F		užų mikrotis, rimė ir nimeri iklaustikias programa	
Product Name: Bravo 500 ®			•
Company Name: Diamond Shamrock			•
Submission Purposes: EEC request fr	om EEB		
ZBB Code: ?	Action Code:	335	
Date In: 6/8/83	EFB#: 3404		
Date Completed:	TAIS (Level I	I) Days	
JUL 2 8 1983	62	4	
Deferrals To:			
X Ecological Effects Branch		* •	
Residue Chemistry Branch			
Toxicology Branch			
		•	•

#### MEMORABOUM

TO: Benry Jacoby/Diane Beavers Product Hanager Team #21

Registration Division (75-767)

SUBJECT: Estimated Environmental Concentration for Bravo\*500 (EPA Reg. #677-313)

THEU: Carolyn K. Offutt, Chief

Environmental Processes and Guidelines Section

Exposure Assessment Branch

hezard Fvaluation Division (T5-769)

Your request dated June 6, 1983 for the estimation of environmental concentrations (EEC) for the proposed uses of mravo 500 (46.4% chlorothalonil a.i.) on almonds, rice and whost cannot be completed by the Exposure Assessment Branch (EAb) at this time for the following reasons:

#### Chemical and physical environmental fate data gap

we have searched the published literature, registration files, and registration standard files for environmental tate data, such as octanol/water partition, hydrolysis, photolysis, vapor pressure, soil adsorption, soil degradation, and microbiological degradation. Unfortunately, we did not tind the shove fate data to our satisfaction to use as input data to 5x288 (runoff model) and EXAMS 50 Hode-2 Exposure analysis model). We did obtain data on basic bydrolysis (30 cays at pH 9), aerobic soil metabolism (1 to 2 weeks, at room temperature), and field dissipation (1 to 2 months in a sandy loam soil) from Samuel Boward of the Registration Standard Section of EAR. Mr. Howard stated that the evaluation and validity of those above data are pending until the first draft of the Registration Standard on chlorothalonil is received from the contractor (Enviro Control Inc) around the middle of August 1963.

We were aware that the Gulf Preete Laboratory of RPA in Florida under an cooperative agreement with Gulf Coast Research Laboratory, Ocean Springs, Wississippi, has been conducting toxicity/fate tests on several posticides. Therefore, we requested Environmental Research Laboratory of ORD/EFA at Gulf Preeze, Florida to send us fate data on Bravo 500°.

(TS-769) DATTAIDN 7/27/93:80#815:557-7347

Telephone conversations with Dr. Bourquin at the Gulf Breeze Laboratory revealed that there are six environmental data gaps on chlorothalonil (Bravo 500°); however, a aquatic sterile water half-life of 10 days and a abiotic half life of 8-10 days are available. (Correspondence is attached for your information.) These available chemical and physical data are not adequate for running model analyses.

### Use sites, rates and application dates

We obtained information on the sites (croplands), dates and rates of application of Bravo 500° on almonds, rice and wheat from Dr. E. Neil Pelletier, Science Support Branch/BUD (attached for your information). After careful consideration, we concluded that the existing basins covered in our currently routine use of the SWRRB runoff model and the experimental Toxi-Wasp model will not resemble the basins adjacent to croplands where these agricultural commodities (Almonds - California; rice - Louisiana and Arkansas; wheat - Dakotas, Northwest United States) are grown and Bravo 500°, as a fungicide, is used.

### model environmental basins (geology and hydrology) data gap

We understand that almonds (99% of total USA production) are grown in irrigated croplands in the Sacramento and San Joaquin Valleys of California. The geological and hydrological data in the basins (SWRRB model) and in the environmental data bases (EXAMS 50 - Mode 1 and 2 model) are not currently set up for irrigated croplands. We would need to develop model environments simulating the amount of irrigation water added and the return flows (surface or subsurface) in the irrigated fields.

It is known that rice fields are flooded from time to time during the growing season. Telephone conversations with Mr. Mulky and Mr. Carsel of the Environmental Research Laboratory /ORD/EPA in Athens, Georgia, who develops models for our use have revealed that the present modeling systems available to us (SWRRB, Toxi-Wasp, PRZM and EXAMS, etc.), do not account for flooding of a field; thus, runoff or exposure analysis cannot be done on rice-growing fields.

The wheat-growing areas are located in the Northwest region of the United States. At present, the available modeling systems (SWRRB, EXAMS, etc.) do not contain environmental basins or data bases for the northwest region. Therefore, we cannot estimate environmental concentrations (EEC) on any pesticides in the Northwest region of the United States.

In summary, the Environmental Assessment Branch, at present, is unable to provide you with EEC's for Bravo 5000 on almonds, rice and wheat due to the environmental fate data gaps on chlorothalonil (Bravo 5000) and the unavailability of environmental data bases or basins similar to croplands where almonds, rice and wheat are grown in the United States.

We will be glad to provide you with EEC's on Bravo 500° or any other pesticides when we fully develop the environmental data base and basins where these crops are grown and the fate data gaps are completed for the Registration Standard program by the registrant(s) of Bravo 500°.

Please feel free to contact me or Carolyn K. Offutt at 557-7347, if you have any questions.

P.R. Datta Exposure Assessment Branch Hazard Evaluation Division (TS-769)

EAB FILE NO:	TYPE PESTICI	DE: Fungicide	STRUCTURE
COMMON NAME:	Bravor 500®		C <sub>8</sub> C1 <sup>4</sup> N <sub>2</sub>
CHEMICAL NAME:_	<u> Tetrachloroisophthalonit</u>	rile 	a de
TYPICAL USES			celific.
CHEMICAL PROPER	<u>mes</u>	경기를 받는 경기 등 경기 기존 경기를 받는 것이다. 19 등 19 등 1일 등 1일 등 1일 등 1일 등 1일 등 1일 등	
Molecular Wt.	Aqueous Solubility		Partition Coeff.  Kow
265.9	0.6 ppm at 25°C		
Soil Ads	orption Coefficient		
Soil Type	% Soil O. M. K	SOIL TLC Rf	Mobility Class
			<ol> <li>(1) Immobile</li> <li>(2) Low</li> <li>(3) Intermed.</li> <li>(4) Mobile</li> <li>(5) Very Mobile</li> </ol>
D	egradation	_Hydrolysis ( °)	Photolysis
Lab Half-life	Field half-life	<u>рн т 1/2</u>	T 1/2
Soil Aerobic:	Soil		oil:
Anaerobic:		perhaphaningen descriptions, descriptions.	ater:
Aquatic Aerobic: •	Aquatic	artification artisy-markey-co-ye	
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FOUND IN GROUND	WATER? Y N	REENTRY INTERVAL ES	<u> </u>
Site(s)	Level		<del>n Springersplatte - Street and Grand -</del>
ROTATIONAL C	ROP RESTRICTIONS	LEACHING POTE	NTIAL
	y annual de la companya de la compa	Lab: YesN	0

Field: Yes\_\_\_

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# UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY WASHINGTON, D.C. 20460

OFFICE OF
PESTICIDES AND TOXIC SUBSTANCES

JUL 2 0 1983

#### **MEMORANDUM**

TO:

Dr. Padma Datta, EAB

- Hazard Evaluation Division (TS-769-C)

for Almonds, Rice, and Wheat

SUBJECT: Bravo 500 Use Rates, Use Locations and Application Periods

The information given below is submitted in response to your request of July 18.

#### I. Almonds

Use rates - 6 to 8 pints is equivalent to 3.12 to 4.16 pounds ai/acre.

Use locations - Sacramento Valley and San Joaquin Valley of California.

Application periods - two to three applications at seven to ten day intervals between February 10 to March 10,

#### II. Rice

Use rates - 2 to 3 pints is equivalent to 1.04 to 1.56 pounds ai/acre.

#### Rice (continued)

Use locations and approximate application periods - two applications at 14 day intervals during the periods for the locations as given below:

Mississippi - June 15 to August 20 Arkansas - June 10 to August 15 Louisiana - June 1 to August 5 Texas - May 20 to August 25 California - June 1 to August 25

#### III. Wheat

Use rates - 1.5 to 2.0 pints is equivalent to 0.78 to 1.04 pound ai/acre.

Use locations and approximated application periods - two applications at 14 day intervals during the periods for the locations as given below:

Washington - May 20 to July 1
Minnesota - June 20 to August 20
North Dakota - June 20 to August 20
South Dakota - June 10 to July 30
Montana - June 20 to August 10
Idaho - May 20 to August 10
Oregon - April 10 to July 10

E. Neil Pelletier, Ph.D. Plant Pathologist Science Support Branch Benefits and Use Division (TS-768-C)



#### UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY ENVIRONMENTAL RESEARCH LABORATORY

SABINE ISLAND

GULF BREEZE, FLORIDA 32561

July 15, 1983

al Boun

Bravo Fate Data Request SUBJECT:

FROM:

Al W. Bourguin

Chief, Processes and Effects Branch

TO:

Padma R. Datta

EAB/HED/OPP (TS-769C)

THRU:

Henry F. Enos Laboratory Director Huy Enos

The data you requested was generated by Dr. Wm. Walker, Gulf Coast Research Laboratory, Ocean Springs, Mississippi, under a cooperative agreement with this laboratory. The test was done in a Fate Screen using natural estuarine water and sediment (500 mg/l) under sterile and nonsterile (active) conditions. A protocol for the Fate Screen is attached. There does not appear to be any significant increase in the degradation rate of the compound in the active system (no significant microbial degradation) since the abiotic rate is approximately the same.

The half-lives are listed below:

Bravo Fate Screen Test.

Replicate	Half-life (days)
1 2	1.9 1.9
1 2	8.1 8.8
	5.0 10
	1 2 1 2

pH = 7.5Salinity =  $12^{\circ}/00$ 

Apparent abiotic degradation are

in water in sed/H<sub>2</sub>0 8-10 day 1-5 day

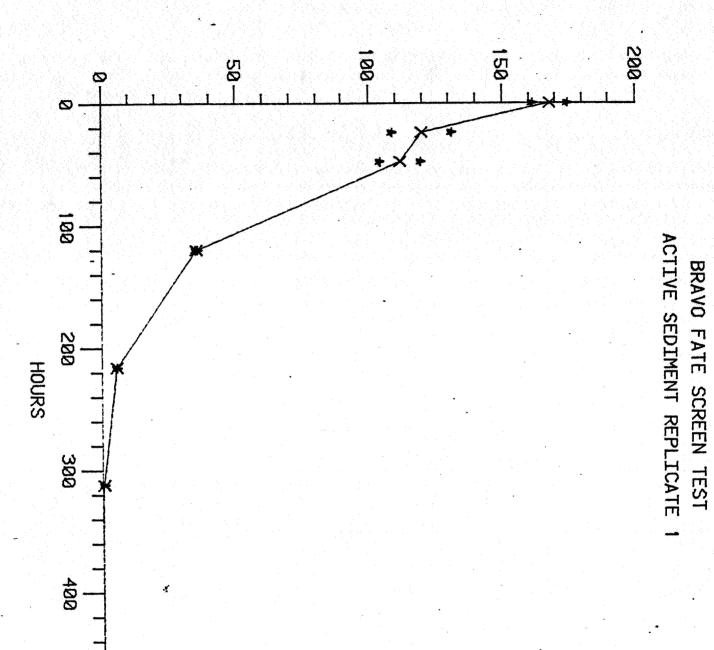
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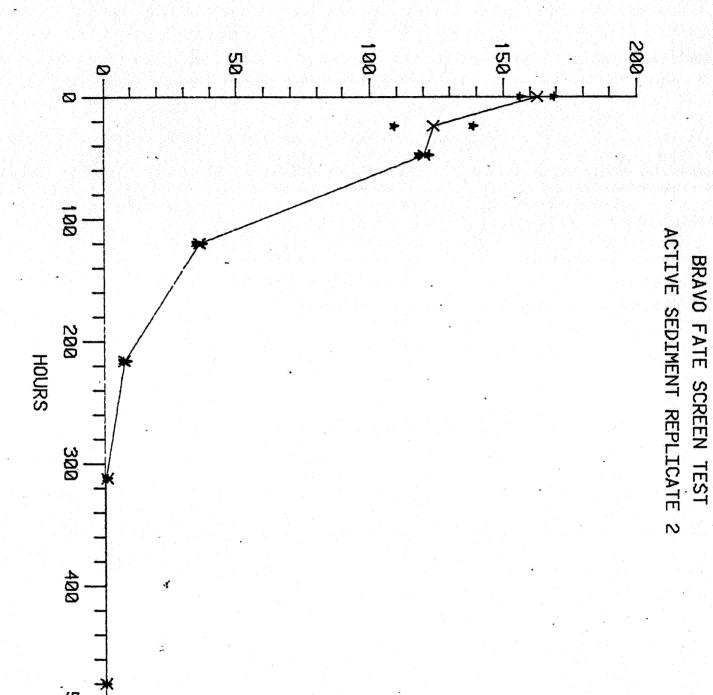
I have included copy of the graphed residue data for all four test systems.

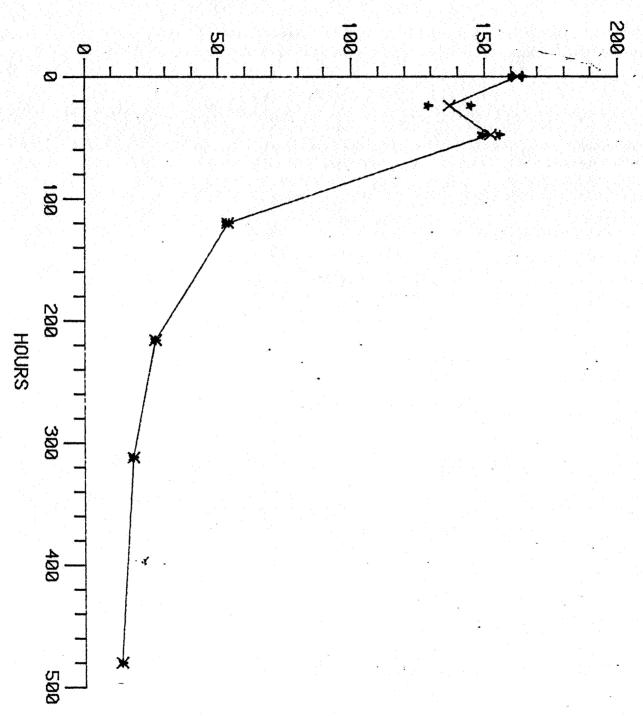
I hope this helps you for your assessment.

Attachments

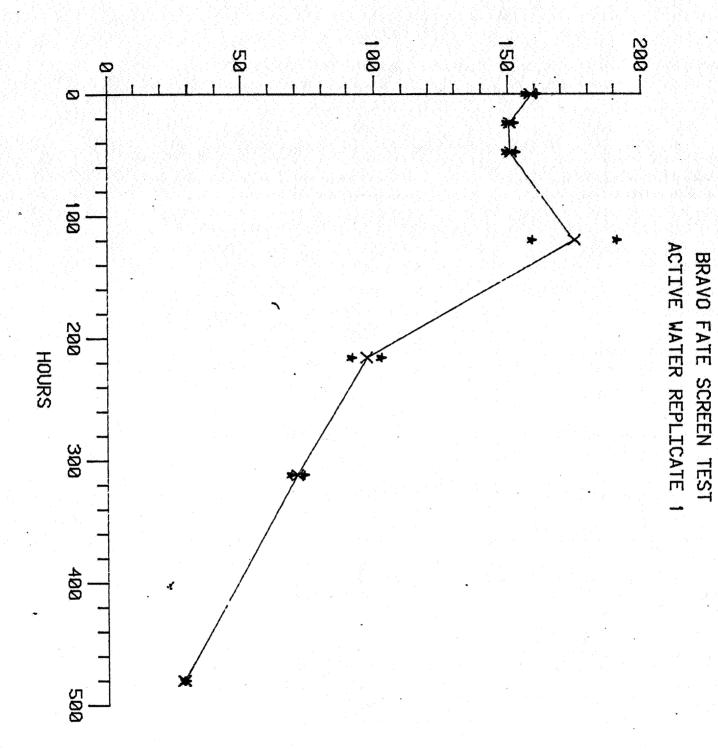


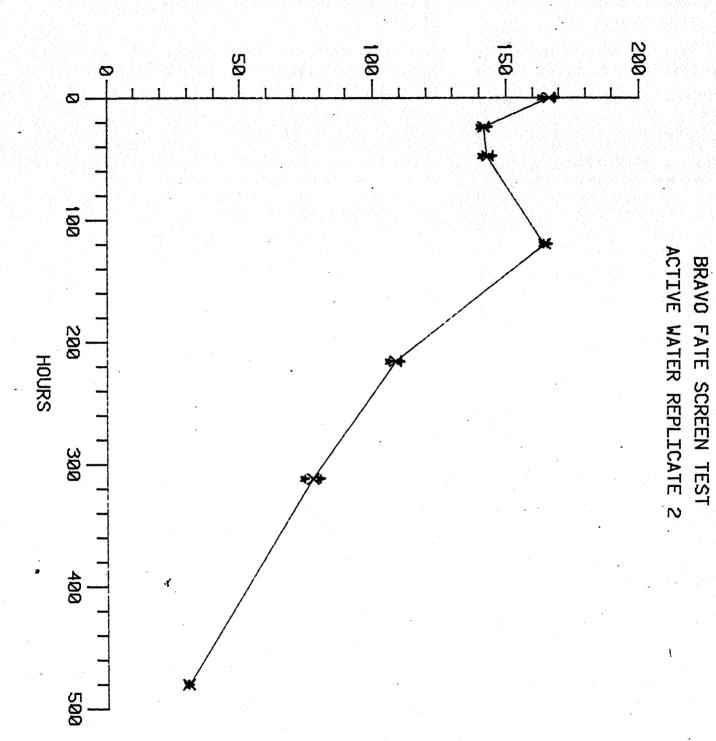




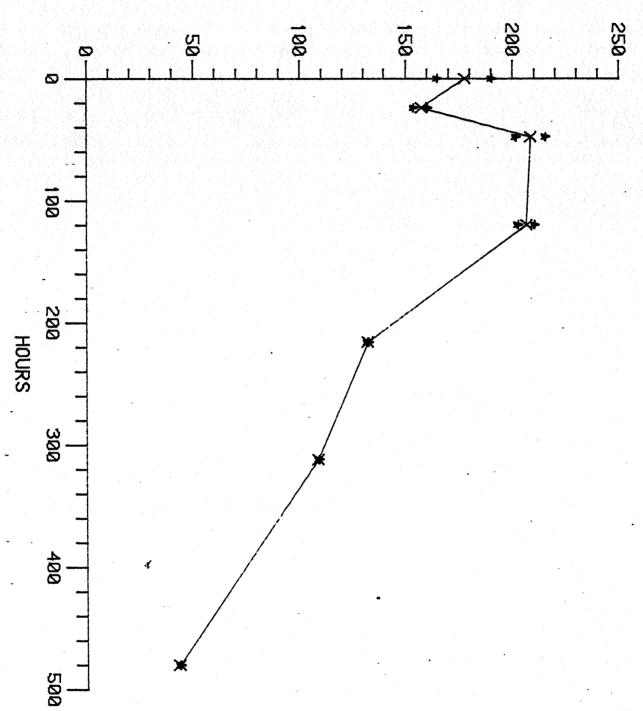


BRAVO FATE SCREEN TEST STERILE SEDIMENT









BRAVO FATE SCREEN TEST STERILE WATER



## UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY WASHINGTON, D.C. 20460

MEMORANDUM: JUN 6 1983

OFFICE OF PESTICIDES AND TOXIC SUBSTANCES

TO:

Henry Jacoby

Product Manager 21

Registration Division (TS-767)

THRU:

Norm Cook, Section Head

Section 1, Ecological Effects Branch

Hazard Evaluation Division

THRU:

Clayton Bushong, Chief

Ecological Effects Branch Hazard Evaluation Division

SUBJECT:

Request for Estimated Environmental

concentration for Bravo 500 (EPA Reg. #

677-313)

The Ecological Effects Branch requires an estimation of environmental concentrations (EEC) from the Exposure Assessment, Branch (EAB) for Bravo 500. Bravo 500 is 40.4%, Chlorothalonil and is proposed for registration on almonds, rice and wheat. The following are needed to complete our risk assessment for non-target fish and aquatic invertebrates.

- 1. EEC's for Bravo 500 on almonds based on the maximum application rate (2 applications at 4 lbs a.i. per acre).
- 2. EEC's for Bravo 500 on rice based on maximum application rate (2 application at 1.5 lbs a.i. per acre) and considering the 7 days holding period mentioned on the label.
- 3. EEC's for Bravo 500 on wheat based on maximum application rate (3 application at 3 lbs a.i. per acre).

The above are needed for both lentic and lotic environments, with the parent compound only.

These EEC's are needed no later than July 22, 1983 to meet existing EEB deadlines. Please send EAB the appropriate proposed labels for almonds, rice and wheat. Your cooperation is greatly appreciated.

Daniel Rieder

Ecological Effects Branch Hazard Evaluation Division

cc: Les Touart

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557-7666.

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#### REGISTRATION DIVISION DATA REVIEW RECORD Confidential Business Information - Does Not Contain National Security Information (E.O. 12065) 615153 1. CHEMICAL NAME Chrotosimil 3. ACTION CODE 2. IDENTIFYING NUMBER 4. ACCESSION NUMBER TO BE COMPLETED BY PM 5. RECORD NUMBER 677-313 335 96384 6. REFERENCE NUMBER 35 7. DATE RECEIVED (EPA) 421133 8. STATUTORY DUE DATE 9. PRODUCT MANAGER (PM) Localin Beaution 10. PM TEAM NUMBER 3 14. CHECK IF APPLICABLE TO BE COMPLETED BY PCB 11. DATE SENT TO HED/TSS ☐ Minor Use Public Health/Quarantine 12. PRIORITY NUMBER ☐ Substitute Chemical Part of IPM 13. PROJECTED BETURN DATE Review Requires Less Than 4 Hours ☐ Seasonal Concern 15. INSTRUCTIONS TO REVIEWER F. INSTRUCTIONS C D RESD A. HED ☐ Total Assessment - 3(c)(5) ☐ Incremental Risk Assessment -D. TSS/RD 3(c)(7) and/or E.L. Johnson memo of May 12, 1977. E. Other B. SPRD (Send Copy of Form to SPRD PM) ☐ Chemical Undergoing Active RPAR Review ☐ Chemical Undergoing Active Registration Standards Review 16. RELATED ACTIONS 352375 17. 3(c)(1)(D) 18. REVIEWS SENT TO Use Any or All Available Information Use Only Attached Data Use Only the Attached Data for Formulation and Any or All Available Information on the Technical or Manufacturing Chemical. □ EF O PL Use Only Attached Data □тв □ EEB □ EFB □ сн ☐ BFSD NUMBER OF ACTIONS TYPE OF REVIEW 19. To Registration Petition EUP Sec. 18 Inert MNR. USE Other TOXICOLOGY **ECOLOGICAL EFFECTS** RESIDUE CHEMISTRY ENVIRONMENTAL DATE CHEMISTRY RD/TSS EFFICACY PRECAUTIONARY LABELING **ECONOMIC ANALYSIS**

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Review

Attached

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