US ERA ARCHIVE DOCUMENT

			ughnessy		
	•	EFB	Logout	Date:	1 6 APR 1984
To:	George La Rocca Product Manager #15 Pegistration Division (MG 767)			Init.:	ed for SC
From:	Product Manager #15 Registration Division (TS-767) L.A. Richardson, Chief Environmental Chemistry Review Se Exposure Assessment Branch Hazard Evaluation Division (TS-7	ction #			
Attache	ed please find the EAB review of	•			
Reg./Fi	le No.: 11678-5		-	,	No. of the last of
Chemica	1: Endosulfan	······································		e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e	
Type Pr	oduct:I		·		·
Product	Name:				
Company	Name: Makhteshim-Agan Inc.				
	ion Purpose: Response to RS (Te	rrestri	al Fiel	d Diss	ipa-
	Study)				
	e:		CODE:_		orac propried propried p
Date In	: 2/28/84	EFB #	4210	•	*
Date Co	mpleted: 4/16/84	TAIS (level I	<u>r)</u>	Days
Deferra	ls To:		42		1
·	Ecological Effects Branch				
	Residue Chemistry Branch	<u>Reviewe</u>	Gati	icia 01	t t

Toxicology Branch

Endosulfan Terrestrial Field Dissipation Study

Reference: Submitted by Makhteshim-Agan, Inc. EPA Reg. No. 11678-5, cover memo dated January 12, 1984.

This is not new data, but a summary of four published studies. Three of the four (studies 1, 2, and 3) were reviewed as part of the registration standard. These are summarized from EAB's Task 1. The fourth study (Study 4, Rao and Murty (1980), was reviewed as a new study, since the reviewer was able to obtain the hard copy from an EAB journal.

Study 1. Study of Gorbach et al. (found in Task 1, Study 78)
S. Gorbach, R. Haarring, W. Knauf and H.J. Werner.
Bull. Environ. Contam. Toxicol. 6(3)193-199 (1971).

This study is an aquatic field dissipation study, not a terrestrial field dissipation study and also, this study is for a rice use in rice fields and endosulfan has no rice use, so it is inappropriate for both the terrestrial and aquatic field dissipation studies.

Study 2. Study of van Dyk and van der Linde (found in Task 1, Study 82)
L.P. van Dyk and A. van der Linde. Agrochemophysica 8(2)
31-34 (1976)

This study does not satisfy the terrestrial field dissipation requirement because data was missing for some of the field samples, there was inadequate sampling, and the authors did not determine the concentration of endosulfan applied to the field sampled.

Study 3. Study of El Zorgani (found in Task 1, Study 39)

G.A. Zorgani. Bull. Environ. Contam. Toxicol. 15(3), 378382 (1976)

This study does not meet the terrestrial field dissipation study requirement because residues found immediately post-application were four times higher than the concentration of endosulfan applied to the soil. Also, samples were only analyzed weekly for seven weeks, soil characteristics were not given, soil samples were not analyzed for degradation products and only results from one of the two plots studied were included.

Study 4. Study of Rao and Murty (not in Task 1 of the registration standard)

Reference: Published study (D. Rao and A. Murty, <u>J. Agr. Food Chem.</u> 1980, #28, vol. 6 1099-11101) submitted by American Hoechst Corporation, EPA Reg. No. 8340-13, cover memo dated December 23, 1983.

Conclusions:

It is impossible to assess the validity of this study because critical information is missing, such as size of plots, sampling depth, temperature, controls, pre-application sampling, type of equipment used, and how the pesticide was applied. Also, normal field practice for cotton is 2-3 applications at 5-7 day intervals at 0.75-1.5 lb/A and these workers only applied a maximum of 0.8 lb/A once. This study was conducted in India. The registrant only provided a brief summary of this published study. The reviewer obtained the hard copy but many essential details are missing.

Materials and Methods:

Since endosulfan is not registered for rice, the paddy field (flooded) application is not discussed.

Three test plots were sprayed with a 35% EC formulation at 0.1, 0.2, and 0.8 lb/A on a loamy clay soil. Cotton was growing in two of the plots and eggplant was in the third, sampling depth unknown. Core samples (7"deep) were taken at day 100 in one plot only.

Samples were Soxhlet extracted, cleaned up with a charcoal column and analyzed by TLC and colorimetry. The limit of detection was 0.05 ppm and recovery was 87%.

Reported Results:

The half-life for the three application levels appears to be ≤ 10 days. At day 100, endosulfan and metabolites did not leach beyond the 4 inch depth, sampled to 7 inches.

Discussion:

- 1. Study was done at one-half the highest recommended rate and only with one application.
 - Sampling depth not stated.
- 3. Method of application not given, including equipment used to apply. /
 - 4. Temperature not given.
 - 5. No data for formation and decline of metabolites was given.
 - 6. There was no mention of control samples.

۲.

7														
•	REGISTRATION DIVISION DATA REVIEW RECORD Confidential Business Information – Does Not Contain National Security Information (E.O. 12065)													
1.	1. CHEMICAL NAME ENDOSUL FAN													
	2. IDENTIFYING NUMBER	3. ACTION	3. ACTION CODE		CCESSION N	UMBER	ТОВ	TO BE COMPLETED BY PM						
	11678-5	655	<u> </u>		252184		5. RECORD NUMBER							
			•				6. REFERENCE NUMBER							
							7. DATE RECEIVED (EPA)							
						8. STATUTORY DUE DATE								
	•					9. PRODUCT MANAGER (PM)								
			<i>(</i> *				10. PM TEAM NUMBER							
14	4. CHECK IF APPLICABLE						ТО ВЕ	COMPLETED	BY PCB					
	Public Health/Quarantine			la ·	11. DATE SENT TO HED/TSS									
	☐ Substitute Chemical	□ Pa	art of IPM		\sim	NED .	12. PRIORITY NUMBER							
	☐ Seasonal Concern	s Less Than 4	Hours		13. PROJECTED RETURN DATE									
15	5. INSTRUCTIONS TO REVIEWER		•	F. INSTRUCTIONS										
	A. HED Total Assessment - 3(c))(5) C. [BFSD	Kog. Standard to										
	Incremental Risk Asset 3(c)(7) and/or E.L. Joh memo of May 12, 1977	Terrestrick Field Dissipation												
	B. SPRD (Send Copy of Form to SP													
	Chemical Undergoing A BPAR Review													
	Chemical Undergoing A Registration Standards													
16	S. RELATED ACTIONS			<u> </u>					1 A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A					
	Acc No	02 25	227	7,2	521	85								
17	7. 3(e)(1)(D)	—	•	18. REVIEV	VS SENT TO	\ <u>\</u>		1003-1003	1					
	Use Any or All Available Informati Use Only the Attached Data for Fo Available Information on the Techn	on Li Use Only A	Attached Data or All	Д тв	** · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	EEB			A PL					
T	☐ Available Information on the Techr	nical or Manufacturii	ng Chemical.	RCE		JA EFB		CH	BFSD					
9.	TYPE OF REVIEW	Basisanaisa	Davidia -	5110		OF ACTIONS		I ama i ama						
7	TOXICOLOGY	Registration	Petition	EUP	SLN	Sec. 18	Inert	MNR. USE	Other					
HED														
	ECOLOGICAL EFFECTS				•									
	RESIDUE CHEMISTRY						-							
-	ENVIRONMENTAL DATE													
ss -	CHEMISTRY						: 4 -							
RD/TSS	EFFICACY				-									
	PRECAUTIONARY LABELING													
FSD	ECONOMIC ANALYSIS						· W		•					

Representative
Labels Showing
Accepted Uses
Attached

20. Label Submitted with Application Attached

21. Confidential
Statement of Formula

23. Date Returned to RD (to be completed by HED) #

24. Include an Original and 4 (four)
Copies of This Completed Form
for Each Branch Checked for
Review.