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UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY WASHINGTON, D.C. 20460

SEP 12 1994

MEMORANDUM

OFFICE OF PREVENTION, PESTICIDES AND

Subject:

Endothall Technical Fish Early Life-stage Study and Eastern Oyster 96-Hour Shell Deposition Study

From:

Anthony F. Maciorowski, Chief

WL Ecological Effects Branch

Environmental Fate and Effects Division

To:

Ernestine Dobbins, PM Team 52 Reviewer

Special Review and Reregistration Division (7508C)

The following lists by DP Barcode, 2 actions and their respective Data Evaluation Records (DER's) Conclusions (see attached complete DERs).

> DP Case No. Barcode

1. D194698 818815 S#38901 72-3(b) 428952-01

CONCLUSION

This study fulfills the guideline requirements for an acute toxicity test using the Eastern oyster. Under the conditions of the test, the 96-hour EC_{50} was 43 (39.6-47.8) mg a.i./L which classifies endothall technical as slightly toxic to Eastern oysters.

> DP Case No. S# Barcode

2. D205890 818815 S#38901 72-4(a) 432954-01

CONCLUSION: This study is fulfills the guideline requirements for an early life-stage stuly with freshwater fish. Two parameters were affected: total length and wet weight. Both were reduced at the measured concentration of 2.6 $\overline{\text{mg}}$ a.i./L. Hence, the NOEL is 1.3 mg a.i./L and the LOEL is 2.6 mg a.i./L. This would place endothall in the moderately toxic

category.

Based on these two DERs, the requirements for endothall technical 96 hour EC $_{50}$ for eastern oysters (72-3(b)) and freshwater early life-stage study (72-4(a))have been fulfilled.

Please contact Dennis J. McLane (305-5096) if you have any further questions.