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HED Records Center Series 361 Science Reviews - File R043446 - Page 1 of 55

OPP OFFICIAL RECORD HEALTH EFFECTS DIVISION SCIENTIFIC DATA REVIEWS EPA SERIES 361

880286 035602

PHASE FOUR REVIEW

(NOTE: This only contains additions and changes from the phase 2 response.)

Pesticide: Dazomet and Sodium Salt*

Transmitted to HED on: 12/13/90

<u>Chemical#/Case#:</u> 035602/2135 **Sponsor: Calgon Corp., Buckman Labs; AKZO Chem; Vining Industries Tox. Chem #: 840

CRM: Betty Crompton

Phone#: 703-308-8067

Branch: Reregistrations

Concurrence: Man Sayum 1/18/9/

<u>Completed: 01/09/91</u>

Response, by Guideline

Guideline #: 81-1

MRID 00132468 Study #80/46

Acute oral/rat

Recommendation: Based on the provided purity of the test article, this study satisfies quideline requirements.

Guideline #: 81-2

Acute dermal/rabbit

MRID

Study #

Recommendation: Will submit a new study.

Guideline #: 81-3

Acute inhalation/rat

MRID 415630-03 Study #86/0289

Recommendation: Based on the provided summary, the study is acceptable for review.

Guideline #: 81-4

Primary eye irritation/rabbit

MRID 415630-02 Study #85/0389

Recommendation: Based on the provided summary, the study is acceptable for review.

Guideline #: 81-5

Primary dermal irritation/rabbit

MRID 415630-01 Study #85/0388

Recommendation: Based on the provided summary, the study is acceptable for review.

Guideline #: 81-6

Dermal sensitization/Guinea Piq

MRID 00156694 Study #30H318/85

Recommendation: Based on the provided summary, the study is acceptable for review.

* The Registrant (Calgon Corp.) is relying on existing studies on Dazomet to support reregistration of the sodium salt of Dazomet. The Agency has no objections.

**all listed registrants (members of the Dazomet Task Force) will rely on existing studies through data compensation and/or cost sharing.

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COOPER JAIOTTO TO

Guideline #: 81-7 MRID Study # Recommendation:	Acute delayed neurotoxicity/hen
Guideline #: 82-1a MRID Study # Recommendation:	90-day feeding/rodent
Guideline #: 82-1b MRID Study # Recommendation:	90-day feedubg/nonrodent
Guideline #: <u>82-2</u>	21 Day dermal/rodent/rabbit
MRID 402991-01 Study #HLA 6220 Recommendation: Based on to for review.	0-100 the provided summary, the study is acceptable
Guideline #: 82-3 MRID Study # Recommendation:	90-day dermal/rodent
Guideline #: 82-4 MRID Study # Recommendation:	90-Day inhalation/rat
Guideline #: 82-5 MRID Study # Recommendation:	90-day neurotoxicity
Guideline #: 83-1a MRID Study # Recommendation:	Chronic toxicity/rodent
Guideline #: 83-1b MRID Study # Recommendation:	Chronic toxicity/nonrodent
Guideline #: 83-2a MRID Study # Recommendation:	Oncogenicity/rat
Guideline #: 83-2b MRID Study # Recommendation:	Oncogenicity/mouse
Guideline #: 83-3a	<u>Teratology/rat</u>
MRID 414837-01 Study #34R0318/ Recommendation: Based on to for review.	the provided summary, the study is acceptable
Guideline #: <u>83-3b</u> MRID 402115-01 Study #87/5010	Teratology/rabbit

Recommendation: Based on a preliminary assessment of the reformated study, the study is acceptable for review.

<u>Two-generation reproduction/rat</u>	#	Study	Guideline #: MRID
Mutagenicity/Ames	#	84-2a Study	Recommend Guideline #: MRID Recommend
Mutagenicity/Struct. Chromosomal Aberration	_#	Study	Guideline #: MRID Recommend
Other genotoxic effects	#	Study	Guideline #: MRID Recommend
<u>Metabolis</u>	#	Study	Guideline #: MRID Recommend
<u>Dermal penetration</u>	#	Study	Guideline #: MRID Recommend
<u>Domestic animal safety</u>	#	Study	Guideline #: MRID Recommen

PHASE FOUR REVIEW

(NOTE: This only contains additions and changes from the phase 2 response.)

Pesticide: Dazomet

Transmitted to HED on: 12/13/90 Chemical#/Case#: 035602/2135

Sponsor: BASF* Tox. Chem #: 840

Phone#: 703-308-8067 CRM: Betty Crompton

Branch: Reregistration

Reviewer: Y.M. Ioannou A formun 1/18/9/ Concurrence: Musigment /23/91 <u>Completed: 01/09/91</u>

Response, by Guideline

Guideline #: 81-1

Acute oral/rat

MRID 00132468 Study #80/46 Recommendation: Based on the provided purity of the test article this study satisfies guideline requirements.

Guideline #: 81-2

Acute dermal/rabbit

Study #

Recommendation: Will submit a new study.

Guideline #: 81-3

Aprendy in de Acute inhalation/rat

MRID 415630-03 Study #86/0289 Recommendation: Based on the provided summary, the study is acceptable for review.

Guideline #: 81-4

Primary eye irritation/rabbit

MRID 415630-02 Study #85/0389

Recommendation: Based on the provided summary, the study is acceptable for review.

Guideline #: 81-5

Primary dermal irritation/rabbit

MRID 415630-01 Study #85/0388

Recommendation: Based on the provided summary, the study is acceptable for review.

Guideline #: 81-6

Dermal sensitization/Guinea Pig

MRID 00156694 Study #30H318/85 V

Recommendation: Based on the provided summary, the study is acceptable for review.

*Although BASF is in the process of providing all Toxicology data required to support a "Food use" the Agency can consider reregistration of Dazomet only for "non food use" at this time. the Registrant is directed to apply for a "Section 3" registration if a food use is sought.

Guideline #: 81-7 MRID Study # Recommendation:	Acute delayed neurotoxicity/hen
Guideline #: <u>82-1a</u> MRID Study # Recommendation:	90-day feeding/rodent
Guideline #: <u>82-1b</u> MRID Study # Recommendation:	90-day feeding/nonrodent
Guideline #: <u>82-2</u>	21 Day dermal/rodent/rabbit
MRID 402991-01 Study #HLA6220- Recommendation: Based on to for review.	-100 the provided summary, the study is acceptable
Guideline #: 82-3 MRID Study # Recommendation:	90-day dermal/rodent
Guideline #: 82-4 MRID Study # Recommendation:	90-Day inhalation/rat
Guideline #: 82-5 MRID Study # Recommendation:	90-day neurotoxicity
Guideline #: <u>83-1a</u> MRID Study # Recommendation:	<u>Chronic toxicity/rodent</u>
Guideline #: 83-1b MRID Study # Recommendation:	<u>Chronic toxicity/nonrodent</u>
Guideline #: 83-2a MRID Study # Recommendation:	<u>Oncogenicity/rat</u>
Guideline #: <u>83-2b</u> MRID Study # Recommendation:	Oncogenicity/mouse
Guideline #: 83-3a MRID 414837-01 Study #34R0318 Recommendation: Based on for review.	Teratology/rat/8564 the provided summary, the study is acceptable

Teratology/rabbit

Guideline #: 83-3b

MRID 402115-01 Study #87/5010 Recommendation: Based on study, the study is accept	a preliminary assessment of the reformated able for review.
Guideline #: 83-4 MRID Study # Recommendation:	Two-generation reproduction/rat
Guideline #: 84-2a MRID Study # Recommendation:	Mutagenicity/Ames
Guideline #: 84-2b MRID Study # Recommendation:	Mutagenicity/Struct. Chromosomal Aberration
Guideline #: 84-4 MRID Study # Recommendation:	Other genotoxic effects
Guideline #: <u>85-1</u>	Metabolism
MRID 406410-01 Study # <u>Recommendation:</u> Based on to for review.	the provided summary, the study is acceptable
Guideline #: 85-2 MRID Study # Recommendation:	Dermal penetration
Guideline #: 86-1 MRID Study # Recommendation:	Domestic animal safety

SRRD/GCSB TRANSMITTAL SHEET FOR PART B'S

Pesticide: <u>DA</u>	ZOMET	
Transmitted to Chem. Tox.#: B Sponsor: BASF		Chemical#/Case#: 2135
CRM: Betty Cro	mpton	Phone#: 557- <u>2558</u>
EXTENSION ().	ontains a request for a Label attached: Yes ()/	No ()
Branch: Toxicol Completed: <u>01/0</u>	ogy <u>II</u> , Section <u>I</u> 3/90	Reviewer: M. Ioannou Concurrence: Muanganes
	Response, by Guidel	ine
Discussion:	-1 Description s: 1/ Data Waiver (), , Study # 80/46 Study available - Core S The purity of the test a	upplementary
Recommendation	: Submit the purity of Da before study can be upo	zomet used in this study graded to Core-Guideline.
		_
Guideline #: <u>81</u> Compliance Code MRID <u>N/A</u> Discussion:	s: <u>6/</u> Data Waiver (),	n: <u>Acute Dermal/rat</u> / Time Extension ()
Recommendation	: Submit new study	

Guideline #: <u>81</u> Compliance Code	s: 6/ Data Waiver ()/ Time Extension ()
WRID N/A	. Study #
Discussion:	, Study # Study not available
Rogommondation	: Submit new study
Recommendacion	. Submit new Study
Guideline #: <u>81</u>	_4 Description: Primary Eye Irritation/rabbit
Compliance Code	s: 6/ Data Waiver ()/ Time Extension ()
MRID <u>N/A</u>	
Discussion:	Study not available
•	
Pocommendation	: Submit new study
Recommendacion	. Dubille Hew Beday
Guideline #: <u>81</u> Compliance Code	<u>-5</u> Description: <u>Primary dermal irritation/rabbites: 6/</u> Data Waiver ()/ Time Extension ()
MRTD N/A	, Study #N/A
Discussion:	Study not available
Recommendation	: Submit new study

Guideline #: 81	-6 Description: <u>Dermai Sensitization/quinea piq</u>
WDID 00156694	s: 1/ Data Waiver ()/ Time Extension (), Study #30H318/85
Discussion:	Study #
Discussion.	beday available not raily reviewed
Pecommendation	: Appears to satisfy quideline requirement
Recommendacton	· Appears to sacisfy quidefine requirement
Guideline #: 81	-7 Description: Acute delayed neurotoxicity/hen
Compliance Code	s: / Data Waiver () / Time Extension ()
MRTD N/A	
Discussion:	
D10000010	
Recommendation	: Not required
1.ccommerida e 1011	· Hoc Logarioa
Guideline #: 82	(-1(a) Description: 90-day feeding/rodent
Compliance Code	Description: 90-day feeding/rodent s:/_ Data Waiver ()/ Time Extension ()
MRID N/A	
Discussion:	
DISCUSSION.	,
·	
Dogommondation	: Not required
Recommendacion	· Not required

Compliance Codes	-1(b) Description: 90-day feeding/nonrodent s:/_ Data Waiver ()/ Time Extension (), Study #N/A	
Recommendation	: Not required	
Compliance Code	-2 Description: 21-day dermal/rodent/rabbits: 1/ Data Waiver ()/ Time Extension () , Study # HLA 6220-100 Study available - not fully reviewed	
Recommendation	: Appears to satisfy guideline requirement	
Compliance Code	-3 Description: 90-day dermal/rodent s:_/_ Data Waiver ()/ Time Extension (), Study #N/A	
Recommendation	: Not required	

Guideline #: <u>82</u> Compliance Code	s:/ Description: <u>90-day inhalation/rodent</u> s:/ Data Waiver ()/ Time Extension () , Study # <u>N/A</u>
Recommendation	: Not required
Guideline #: <u>82</u> Compliance Code MRID <u>N/A</u> Discussion:	Description: 90-day neurotoxicity/hen es:/_ Data Waiver ()/ Time Extension (), Study # N/A
Recommendation	: Not required
Guideline #: <u>82</u>	2-5(b) Description: 90-day neurotoxicity/ mammalian
Compliance Code MRID <u>N/A</u> Discussion:	mammalian es:/_ Data Waiver ()/ Time Extension (), Study # <u>N/A</u>
Recommendation	: Not required

Compliance Code	s:_/_ Data Waiver ()/ Time Extension (), Study # N/A
Recommendation	: Not required
Compliance Code	-1(b) Description: Chronic feeding/nonrodent s:/_ Data Waiver ()/ Time Extension ()
MRID <u>N/A</u> Discussion:	, Study # <u>N/A</u>
Recommendation	: Not required
Guideline #: <u>83</u> Compliance Code MRID <u>N/A</u> Discussion:	
Recommendation	: Not required

Compliance Codes	<pre>-2(b) Description: Oncogenicity/mouse s:/_ Data Waiver ()/ Time Extension (), Study #N/A</pre>
Discussion:	
Recommendation	: Not required
Guideline #: <u>83</u> Compliance Code MRID N/A Discussion:	
	: Deferred, pending full review and acceptability of the rabbit teratology study.
Compliance Code MRID 40211501	-3(b). Description: Teratogenicity/rabbit. s: 6/ Data Waiver ()/ Time Extension () Study # 87/5010 Two studies available - Not fully reviewed 1st study (completed 6/1979) appears to be unacceptable. 2nd study (completed 9/1979) appears to be acceptable.
Recommendation	: 2nd study appears to satisfy guideline requirement. Study Should be referented

Compliance Code	-3(c) Description: <u>reratogenicity/mouse</u> s:/_ Data Waiver ()/ Time Extension (), Study # <u>N/A</u>
organi.	
Recommendation	: Not required
Guideline #: <u>83</u> Compliance Code MRID <u>N/A</u> Discussion:	-4 Description: 2-generation reprod./rat es:/_ Data Waiver ()/ Time Extension () , Study # N/A
Recommendation	: Not required.
Guideline #: <u>84</u> Compliance Code MRID Discussion:	Description: Gene mutation/ s:/
Recommendation	: Studies satisfy guideline requirement

Discussion:	, Study #
	There are 2 acceptable studies
	(1) MRID # 00131911 (study # T-6410)
,	(2) MRID # 00131915 (study # T-100-11)
	·
Recommendation	: Studies satisfy quideline requirement
Compliance Code	-2(c) Description: Other genotoxic effects: s:_/_ Data Waiver ()/ Time Extension =
Discussion:	Acceptable Study
Recommendation	: Study satisfies guideline requirement.
Compliance Code MRID 40641001	<pre>b-1 Description: General metabolism/rat es: 1/ Data Waiver () / Time Extension, Study #</pre>
	Study apparently available - not reviewed
	The MRID # cited by the registrant does no
	correspond to this study-this study could be located.
Recommendation	: Deferred, pending submission of the corr MRID # for this study.

Compliance Code	s:_/_ Data Waiver ()/ Time Extension (), Study #N/A
Recommendation	: Not required
Compliance Code	-1 Description: <u>Domestic animal safety</u> s:/_ Data Waiver ()/ Time Extension (), Study # <u>N/A</u>
Recommendation	: Not required

SRRD/GCSB TRANSMITTAL SHEET FOR PART B'S

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Guideline #: 81	Description: <u>Acute Inhalation/rat</u> es: <u>6/</u> Data Waiver ()/ Time Extension ()
MRID N/A	
Discussion:	Study not available
Recommendation	: Submit new study
Guideline #: 81 Compliance Code	4 Description: <u>Primary Eye Irritation/rabbites: 6/</u> Data Waiver ()/ Time Extension ()
MRID N/A	
Discussion:	Study not available
Recommendation	: Submit new study
Guideline #: 81	<u>-5</u> Description: <u>Primary dermal irritation/rabbit</u>
Compliance Code	es: 6/ Data Waiver ()/ Time Extension ()
Discussion:	, Study # N/A
Dogommondotica	a Carlemit man at all
Recommendation	: Submit new study

Guideline #: <u>81</u> Compliance Code	s: 1/ Data Waiver ()/ Time Extension ()
MRID <u>00156694</u> Discussion:	s: 1/ Data Waiver ()/ Time Extension () Study # 30H318/85 Study available - not fully reviewed
Recommendation	: Appears to satisfy guideline requirement
Guideline #: <u>81</u> Compliance Code MRID <u>N/A</u> Discussion:	
Recommendation	: Not required
Compliance Code	-1(a) Description: 90-day feeding/rodent s:_/_ Data Waiver ()/ Time Extension (), Study # N/A
•	·
Recommendation	:_Not required

Guideline #: <u>82</u> Compliance Code MRID <u>N/A</u> Discussion:	s:/ Data Waiver ()/ Time Extension ()
Recommendation	: Not required
Compliance Code MRID <u>40299101</u>	-2 Description: 21-day dermal/rodent/rabbit s: 1/ Data Waiver ()/ Time Extension () Study # HLA6220-100 Study available - not fully reviewed.
Recommendation	:Appears to satisfy quideline requirement
Compliance Code	-3 Description: 90-day dermal/rodent s:/_ Data Waiver ()/ Time Extension (), Study # N/A
Recommendation	: Not required

Guldeline #: <u>82</u> Compliance Code	s:/_ Data Waiver ()/ Time Extension (), Study #N/A
MRID <u>N/A</u>	
Discussion:	
Recommendation	: Not required
	· NOC LOGALLOA
a	
Guldeline #: 82	-5(a) Description: 90-day neurotoxicity/hen s:/_ Data Waiver ()/ Time Extension ()
Compliance Code	s:_/Data walver ()/ Time Extension ()
MRID <u>N/A</u> Discussion:	, Study # <u>N/A</u>
Discussion:	
Recommendation	: Not required
iccommenda cion	· NOC TEQUITED
Guideline #: 82	-5(b) Description: 90-day neurotoxicity/
Compliance Code	mammalian s:/_ Data Waiver ()/ Time Extension ()
MRID N/A	
Discussion:	
Recommendation	: Not required

Compliance Code MRID N/A	
Discussion:	
Recommendation	: Not required
Guideline #: <u>83</u> Compliance Code MRID <u>N/A</u> Discussion:	-1(b) Description: Chronic feeding/nonrodent es: / Data Waiver ()/ Time Extension (), Study # N/A
Recommendation	: Not required
Guideline #: <u>83</u> Compliance Code MRID <u>N/A</u> Discussion:	s:_/_ Data Waiver ()/ Time Extension ()
Recommendation	: Not required

	-2(b) Description: Oncogenicity/mouse
Compliance Code	
MRID N/A	, Study # <u>N/A</u>
Discussion:	
n	. Wet wanted
Recommendation	: Not required
Guideline #: 83	-3(a) Description: Teratogenicity/rat
Compliance Code	
MRID	
Discussion:	
Discussion:	
Recommendation	: Deferred, pending full review and acceptability
	of the rabbit teratology study.
	01 0.10 10220 001001047 001077
	3-3(b). Description: Teratogenicity/rabbit.
Compliance Code	es: 1/1 Data Waiver () / Time Extension ()
MRID 40211501	5 CV , Study # <u>87/5010</u>
Discussion:	Two rabbit studies available - not fully reviewed
	1st Study (completed 6/1979) appears to be week
	unacceptable. 2nd Study (completed 9/1979) to be
	acceptable.
	acceptable.
_	
Recommendation	:2nd Study appears to satisy guideline requirement.
	The study should be retornated
	J

Guideline #: <u>83</u> Compliance Code	<u>-3(c)</u> Description: <u>Teratogenicity/mouse</u> es:/_ Data Waiver ()/ Time Extension ()
MDID N/A	es: _ / Data Waiver () / Time Extension (), Study # N/A
Discussion:	
DISCUSSION.	
Recommendation	: Not required
Guideline #: 83	3-4 Description: 2-generation reprod./rat
Compliance Code	es: / Data Waiver () / Time Extension ()
MDTD N/X	
Discussion:	
Discussion:	
Recommendation	: Not required
Cuidolino #. 04	-2(a) Description: Gene mutation/
Compliance Code	Pote Waisser () (Time Fater ()
Compitance code	es: _/ Data Waiver ()/ Time Extension ()
WKID	, Study # There are 3 acceptable studies
Discussion:	There are 3 acceptable studies
	(1) MRID # 00131910(Study # T-10044)
	(2) MRID # 00131912 (Study # T-10136)
	(3) Accession # 251207 (Study # T-10012
Recommendation	: Studies satisfy quideline requirement
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Guideline #: <u>84</u> Compliance Code	s:_/_ Data Waiver ()/ Time Extension ()
MRID	
MRID Discussion:	There are 2 acceptable studies
	(1) MRID # 00131911 (study # T-6410)
	(2) MRID #\(\sigma\)00131915 (study # T-100-11)
	July 1
Recommendation	: Studies satisfy guideline requirement.
Guideline #: 84	-2(c) Description: Other genotoxic effects
Compliance Code	es: _/ Data Waiver ()/ Time Extension ()
MRID 00131914	^∀7. Study # T-101-37
Discussion:	Acceptable Study
Recommendation	: Study satisfies guideline requirement.
Guideline #· 85	-1 Description: General metabolism/rat
Compliance Code	s: _/_ Data Waiver ()/ Time Extension ()
MRID <u>N/A</u>	
Discussion:	
4	
Recommendation	: Not required

Compliance Code	s:/_ Data Waiver ()/ Time Extension ()
MRID <u>N/A</u> Discussion:	, Study # <u>N/A</u>
Recommendation	: Not required
Compliance Code	<u>5-1</u> Description: <u>Domestic animal safety</u> es:/_ Data Waiver ()/ Time Extension () , Study # <u>N/A</u>
Recommendation	: Not required

DRAFT
Subdivision F
Guideline Ref. No. 81-1
Page 2 of
November 7, 1989

81-1 Acute Oral Toxicity in the Rat

ACCEPTANCE CRITERIA

1.	recunical form of the active ingredient tested. (for reregistration only)
2.•/_	At least 5 young adult rats/sex/group
3	Dosing, single oral.
4.	Vehicle control if other than water.
5. <u>1</u> /	Doses tested, sufficient to determine a toxicity category or a limit dose (5000 mg/kg).
6.	Individual observations for the entire day of dosing.
7 . <u>1</u>	Observation period to last at least 14 days, or until all test animals appear normal whichever
	is longer.
8. <u>~</u>	Individual daily observations.
9.•	Individual body weights.
10.	Gross necropsy on all animals.

DRAFT
Subdivision F
Guideline Ref. No. 81-2
Page 4 of
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81-2 Acute Dermal Toxicity in the Rat, Rabbit or Guinea Pig

ACCEPTANCE CRITERIA

1	Technical form of the active ingredient tested. (for reregistration only)
2.*	At least 5 animals/sex/group
3.*	Rats 200-300 gm, rabbits 2.0-3.0 kg or guinea pigs 350-450 gm.
4	Dosing, single dermal.
5	Dosing duration at least 24 hours.
6.*	Vehicle control, only if toxicity of vehicle is unknown.
7	Doses tested, sufficient to determine a toxicity category or a limit dose (2000 mg/kg).
8	Application site clipped or shaved at least 24 hours before dosing
9	Application site at least 10% of body surface area.
10	Application site covered with a porous nonirritating cover to retain test material and to
	prevent ingestion.
11	Individual observations for the entire day of dosing.
12	Observation period to last at least 14 days, or until all test animals appear normal whichever
	is longer.
13	Individual daily observations.
14.*	Individual body weights.
15.*	Gross necropsy on all animals.
	· ·

DRAFT
Subdivision F
Guideline Ref. No. 81-3
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November 7, 1989

81-3 Acute Inhalation Toxicity in the Rat

ACCEPTANCE CRITERIA

Does your study meet the following acceptance criteria?:

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1	Technical form of the active ingredient tested. (for reregistration only)
2	Product is a gas, a solid which may produce a significant vapor hazard based on toxicity and expected use or contains particles of inhalable size for man (aerodynamic diameter 15 um or less).
3.*	At least 5 young adult rats/sex/group
4.*	Dosing, at least 4 hours by inhalation.
4.* 5.* 6.	Chamber air flow dynamic, at least 10 air changes/hour, at least 19% oxygen content.
6	Chamber temperature, 22° C (±2°), relative humidity 40-60%.
7	Monitor rate of air flow
8	Monitor actual concentrations of test material in breathing zone.
9.	Monitor aerodynamic particle size for aerosols.
10.	Doses tested, sufficient to determine a toxicity catagory or a limit dose (5 mg/L actual concentration of respirable substance).
11	Individual observations for the entire day of dosing.
12.	Observation period to last at least 14 days, or until all test animals appear normal whichever is longer.
13.	Individual daily observations.
4.*	Individual body weights.
5.*	Gross necropsy on all animals.



DRAFT
Subdivision F
Guideline Ref. No. 81-4
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81-4 Primary Eye Irritation in the Rabbit

ACCEPTANCE CRITERIA

Technical form of the active ingredient tested. (for reregistration only)
Study not required if material is corrosive, causes severe dermal irritation or has a pH of <
$2 \text{ or } \geq 11.5.$
6 adult rabbits
Dosing, instillation into the conjunctival sac of one eye per animal.
Dose, 0.1 ml if a liquid; 0.1 ml or not more than 100 mg if a solid, paste or particulate substance.
Solid or granular test material ground to a fine dust.
Eyes not washed for at least 24 hours.
Eyes examined and graded for irritation before dosing and at 1, 24, 48 and 72 hr, then daily until eyes are normal or 21 days (whichever is shorter).
Individual observations for the entire day of dosing.
Individual daily observations.

DRAFT
Subdivision F
Guideline Ref. No. 81-5
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November 7, 1989

81-5 Primary Dermal Irritation Study ACCEPTANCE CRITERIA

ı. —	Technical form of the active ingredient tested. (for reregistration only)
2	Study not required if material is corrosive or has a pH of ≤ 2 or ≥ 11.5 .
3.*	6 adult animals.
4	Dosing, single dermal.
5	Dosing duration 4 hours.
6	Application site shaved or clipped at least 24 hour prior to dosing.
7	Application site approximately 6 cm ² .
8	Application site covered with a gauze patch held in place with nonirritating tape
9	Material removed, washed with water, without trauma to application site
10	Application site examined and graded for irritation at 1, 24, 48 and 72 hr, then daily until
	normal or 14 days (whichever is shorter).
11	Individual observations for the entire day of dosing.
12	Individual daily observations.

DRAFT
Subdivision F
Guideline Ref. No. 81-6
Page 12 of
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81-6 Dermal Sensitization in the Guinea Pig

ACCEPTANCE CRITERIA

1	Technical form of the active ingredient tested. (for reregistration only)
2	Study not required if material is corrosive or has a pH of ≤ 2 or ≥ 11.5 .
3	One of the following methods is utilized;
	Freund's complete adjuvant test
	Guinea pig maximization test
	Split adjuvant technique
	Buehler test
	Open epicutaneous test
	Maur optimization test
	Footpad technique in guinea pig
,	Other test accepted by OECD (specify)
4. 🗸	Complete description of test
5 . \square \qqq	Reference for test.
6.	Test followed essentially as described in reference document.
7. <u> </u>	Positive control included.



Salar Branch Salar

DRAFT
Subdivision F
Guideline Ref. No. 81-7
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81-7 Acute Neurotoxicity in the Hea

ACCEPTANCE CRITERIA

*	oracly better more on an organophosphatic enormeacrase minoriting compound.
2	Technical form of the active ingredient tested.
3.*	Technical form of the active ingredient tested. Positive control utilized. Species utilized, domestic laying hen 8-14 months of age.
4	Species utilized, domestic laying hen 8-14 months of age.
3 .	LIGHING OTHER DV GREARS OF CHINING (GETTING OF IRRUBIATION THAN BE USED)
6	An acute oral LD ₂ is determined.
7	An acute oral LD ₃₀ is determined. Dose tested equal to an acute oral LD ₃₀ or a limit test of 5000 mg/kg. Dosed animals may be protected with atropine and/or 2-PAM. Sufficient test animals so that at least 6 survive.
8.*	Dosed animals may be protected with atropine and/or 2-PAM.
999	Sufficient test animals so that at least 6 survive.
IU.	Negative (venicle) control group of at least 6 nens
11.*	Positive control of at least 4 hens. (if used)
12	Positive control of at least 4 hens. (if used) Test dose repeated if no signs of delayed neurotoxicity observed by 21 days after dosing. Observation period 21 days after each dose
13	Observation period 21 days after each dose.
	Individual daily observations.
	Individual body weights.
16.*	Individual necropsy not required.
	Histopathology performed on all animals. Tissue to be fixed in situ using whole animal
_	perfusion techniques. At least three sections of each of the following tissues:
	brain, including medulla oblongata
	spinal cord; upper cervical, mid-thoracic and lumbro-sacral regions
	tibial nerve; proximal regions and branches
	sciatic nerve

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82-1 Subchronic Feeding in the Rodent and Nonrodent

ACCEPTANCE CRITERIA

Does your study meet the following acceptance criteria?:

1	Technical form of the active ingredient tested.
2	At least 10 rodents or 4 nonrodents/sex/group (3 test groups and control group).
3	Dosing duration daily for 90-days or 5 days/week for 13 weeks.
	Doses tested include signs of toxicity at high dose but no lethality in nonrodents or a limit
	dose if nontoxic (1000 mg/kg).
5	Doses tested include a NOEL.
6.*	Analysis for test material stability, homogeneity and concentration in dosing medium
	Individual daily observations.
	Individual body weights.
9	Individual or cage food consumption.
10.*	Opthalmoscopic examination (at least pretest and at term) control and high dose.
11	Clinical pathology data of 12 & 13 at termination for rodents, before, monthly or midway
	and at termination for nonrodents.
12	Hematology.
	Erythrocyte count Leucocyte count
	Erythrocyte count Hemoglobin Leucocyte count Differential count
	Hematocrit Platelet count (or clotting measure)
13	Clinical chemistry.
	Alkaline phosphatase Total Protein
	Aspartate aminotransferase Albumin
	• Creatinine kinase Urea
	Lactic dehydrogenase Inorganic phosphate
	Glucose Calcium
	Bilirubin • Potassium
	Cholesterol Sodium
	• Creatinine • Chloride
14.*	Urinalysis, only when indicated by expected or observed activity. As scheduled in 11.
	BloodTotal bilirubin
	Protein • Urobilirubin
	Ketone bodies Sediment
	Appearance Specific gravity (osmolality)
	Glucose * Volume
15	Individual necropsy of all animals.

Histopathology of the following tissues performed on all nonrodents and rodents, all control and high dose animals, all animals that died or were killed on study, all gross lesions on all animals, target organs on all animals and lungs, liver and kidneys on all other animals.

Criteria marked with a * are supplemental and may not be required for every study.



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aorta	jejunum	peripheral nerve
eyes	bone marrow	kidneys†
caecum	liver†	esophagus
colon	lung†	ovaries†
duodenum	lymph nodes	oviduct
brain†	stomach	pancreas
skin	mammary gland	rectum
heart	spicen†	spinal cord (3x)
testes†	musculature	thyroid / parathyroids
pituitary	epididymis	salivary glands
ileum	adrenals†	thymus
traches	uterus	urinary bladder

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82-2 Repeated Dose Dermal Toxicity (21-day) in the Rat, Rabbit or Guinea Pig ACCEPTANCE CRITERIA

Does your study meet the following acceptance criteria?:

1	Technical form of the active ingredi				
2 🔟	At least 5 animals/sex/group (3 test				
3	Dosing duration at least 6 hour/day for 21 days or 5 days/week for 3 weeks.				
♣ →	4 5				
3	lethality or a limit dose (1000mg/kg	y at high dose, no or minimal dermal irritation, minimal) if nontoxic.			
6.*	Doses tested include a NOEL.				
7.	Individual daily observations.	•			
8	Individual body weights.				
9	Individual or cage food consumption	n.			
10	Clinical pathology data of 11 & 12	at termination.			
11. 1	Hematology.				
	Erythrocyte count	Leucocyte count			
	Hemoglobin	Differential count			
/	Hematocrit	Platelet count (or clotting measure)			
12	Clinical chemistry.				
	Aikaline phosphatase	Total Protein			
	Aspartate aminotransferase	Albumin			
	* Creatinine kinase	1/ Urea			
	Lactic dehydrogenase	Inorganic phosphate			
	/ Glucose	Calcium			
	Bilirubin	Potassium			
	Cholesterol	Sodium			
	• Creatinine	•/Chloride			
13.*	Urinalysis, only when indicated by	expected or observed activity. As scheduled in 10.			
	Blood	Total bilirubin			
	Protein	• Urobilirubin			
	Ketone bodies	Sediment			
	Appearance	Specific gravity (osmolality)			
/	Glucose	• Volume			
14.	Individual necropsy of all animals.				
15.		ntrol and high dose animals, all animals that died or were			
		ss lesions on all animals, target organs on all animals (to			
		mal and treated) lungs, liver and kidneys.			

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82-3 Repeated Dose Dermal Toxicity (90-day) in the Rat, Rabbit or Guinea Pig

ACCEPTANCE CRITERIA

Does you	r study meet the following acceptance	criteria?:		
1	Technical form of the active ingred	ient tested.		
	At least 10 animals/sex/group (3 to			
3	Dosing duration at least 6 hour/day	daily for 90 days or 5 days/week for 13 weeks.		
4	Application site at least 10% of body surface area.			
5		ty at high dose, no or minimal dermal irritation, minimal		
	lethality or a limit dose (1000mg/kg	g) if nontoxic.		
6.*	Doses tested include a NOEL.			
7	Individual daily observations.			
8	Individual body weights.			
9	Individual or cage food consumption			
		ast pretest and at term) control and high dose.		
11		in all animals at termination.		
12		_		
	Erythrocyte count	Leucocyte count		
	Hemoglobin	• Differential count		
	Hematocrit	Platelet count (or clotting measure)		
13	Clinical chemistry.	— • • • •		
	Alkaline phosphatase	Total Protein		
	Aspartate aminotransferase	Albumin		
	• Creatinine kinase	Urea		
	Lactic dehydrogenase	inorganic phosphate		
	Glucose	Calcium		
	Bilirubin	- Potassium		
	Cholesterol	Sodium		
	• Creatinine	• Chloride		
14.*		expected or observed activity. As scheduled in 11.		
	Blood	Total bilirubin		
	Protein	• Urobilirubin		
	Ketone bodies	Sediment		
	Appearance	Specific gravity (osmolality)		
	Glucose	• Volume		
15	Individual necropsy of all animals.			
16		sues performed on all nonrodents and rodents, all control		
	_	that died or were killed on study, all gross lesions on all		
		ils and lungs, liver and kidneys on all other animals.		
	sorta jejunur			
	eves bone n	narrow kidnevs‡		

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caecum	liver†	esophagus
∞lon	lung†	ovaries†
duodenum	lymph nodes	oviduct
brain†	stomach	pancreas
skin	mammary gland	rectum
heart	spleen†	spinal cord (3x)
testes†	musculature	thyroid / parathyroids
pituitary	epididymis	salivary glands
ileum	adrenals†	thymus
trachea	uterus	urinary bladder

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82-4 Subchronic Inhalation Toxicity (90-day) in the Rat

ACCEPTANCE CRITERIA

Does your study meet the following acceptance criter	187:
--	------

1	Technical form of the active ingredient tested. (for reregistration only)					
2	Product is a gas, a solid which may produce a significant vapor hazard based on toxicity and					
	expected use or contains particles of inhalable size for man (aerodynamic diameter 15 um or					
	less).					
3	At least 10 young adult rats/sex/group					
	Dosing, 6 hours per day, 5 days per week for 13 weeks.					
5.	Food and water should be withheld during dosing.					
6.•	Chamber air flow dynamic, at least 10 air changes/hour, at least 19% oxygen content.					
8.*	Chamber temperature, 22° C (+2°), relative humidity 40-60%. Alternatively, oro-nasal or head only exposures may be used.					
9.	Monitor rate of air flow,					
10.	Monitor actual concentrations of test material in breathing zone.					
	Monitor aerodynamic particle size for aerosols.					
12.						
13.						
	Individual or cage food consumption.					
	Opthalmoscopic examination (at least pretest and at term) control and high dose.					
	Clinical pathology data of 17 & 18 in all animals at termination.					
17						
	Erythrocyte count Leucocyte count					
	Hemoglobin • Differential count					
	Hematocrit Platelet count (or clotting measure)					
18						
	Alkaline phosphatase Total Protein					
	Aspartate aminotransferase Albumin					
	Creatinine kinase Urea					
	Lactic dehydrogenase Inorganic phosphate					
	Giscose Calcium					
	Bilirubin Potassium					
	Cholesterol Sodium					
	• Creatinine • Chloride					
19.*	Urinalysis, only when indicated by expected or observed activity. As scheduled in 16.					
	Blood Total bilirubin					
	Protein • Urobilirubin					
	Ketone bodies Sediment					
	Appearance Specific gravity (osmolality)					
	Glucose • Volume					
	- Viento					



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20	and high dose anima	e following tissues perfo	rmed on all nonrodents and rodents, all control or were killed on study, all gross lesions on all
	animals, target organ aorta eyes caecum colon duodenum brain† skin heart† testes† pituitary ileum trachea	is on all animals and lum jejunum bone marrow liver† lung† lymph nodes stomach mammary gland spleen† musculature epididymis adrenals† uterus	gs, liver and kidneys on all other animals. peripheral nerve kidneys† esophagus ovaries† oviduct pancreas rectum spinal cord (3x) thyroid / parathyroids salivary glands thymus urinary bladder
	t organs to be weig	hed	

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82-5 Subchronic Neurotoxicity (90-day) in the Hen

ACCEPTANCE CRITERIA

Does :	your stu	dy moct	the	following	g acce	ptaace	criteria?
--------	----------	---------	-----	-----------	--------	--------	-----------

ı	Study performed on an organophosphate chountesterase minorally compound.
2.	Technical form of the active ingredient tested.
3	Positive control utilized. (recommended but optional)
2.*	Species utilized, domestic laying hen 8-14 months of age.
5	At least 10 animals/sex/group [3 test groups, a positive control (optional) and a negative
	(vehicle) control group].
6	Dosing duration at least daily for 90 days or 5 days/week for 13 weeks.
7.	Dose route oral gavage or capsule. (dermal or inhalation may be appropriate)
8	Doses tested include signs of toxicity at high dose, no or minimal lethality
9.*	Doses tested include a NOEL.
10	Doses tested include a NOEL. Individual daily observations.
11.	Individual body weights.
12	
13.*	Individual necropsy not required.
14	
	perfusion techniques. At least three sections of each of the following tissues:
	brain, including medulla oblongata
	spinal cord; upper cervical, mid-thoracic and lumbro-sacral regions
	tibial nerve; proximal regions and branches
	sciatic nerve

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83-1 Chronic Feeding in the Rodent and Nonrodent

ACCEPTANCE CRITERIA

DOB	your	REGY	LBC	TOTTOMERE	scepance	criteria?:

· · ·	recurrent form of the active militari					
2	At least 20 rodents or 4 nonrodents/sex/group (3 test groups and control group).					
3	Dosing duration in rodents minimum 12 month nonfood use, 24 months food use; in					
	nonrodents minimum 12 months ¹ .					
4	Doses tested include signs of toxicit	y at high dose but no lethality in nonrodents or a limit				
	dose if nontoxic (1,000 mg/kg).	•				
5.*	Doses tested include a NOEL					
6.•	Analysis for test material stability, h	comogeneity and concentration in dosing medium				
7	Individual daily observations.					
8	Individual body weights.					
9	Individual or cage food consumption.					
10.*	Opthalmoscopic examination (at lea	st pertest and at term) control and high dose.				
11	Clinical pathology data for all nonre	odents and at least 10 rodents/group consisting of 12, 13				
	& 14.					
13	Hematology at 6 month intervals co	ensisting of at least;				
	Erythrocyte count	Leucocyte count				
	Hemoglobin	• Differential count				
	Hematocrit	Platelet count (or clotting measure)				
14	Clinical chemistry at 6 month interv					
	Alkaline phosphatase	Total Protein				
	Aspartate aminotransferase	Albumin				
	* Creatinine kinase	Urea				
	Lactic dehydrogenase	Inorganic phosphate				
	Glucose	Calcium				
	Bilirubin	• Potassium				
	Cholesterol	Sodium				
	• Creatinine	• Chloride				
15	Urinalysis at 6 month intervals cons					
	Blood	Total bilirubin				
	Protein	• Urobilirubin				
	Ketone bodies	Sediment				
	Appearance	Specific gravity (osmolality)				
	Glucose	• Volume				
16.	Individual necropsy of all animals.					
17.		ues performed on all nonrodents and rodents, all control				
	and high dose animals, all animals	that died or were killed on study, all gross lesions on all				
		is and lungs, liver and kidneys on all other animals.				

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_ eyes	bone marrow	kidneys†
caecum	liver†	esophagus
_ colon	lung†	ovaries†
_ duodenum	lymph nodes	oviduct
brain†	stomach	pancreas
_ skin	mammary gland	rectum
_ heart†	spleen†	spinal cord (3x)
_ testes†	musculature	thyroid / parathyroids
_ pituitary	epididymis	salivary glands
_ ileum	adrenals†	thymus
_ trachea	uterus	urinary bladder

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83-2 Occogenicity in Rats or Mice

ACCEPTANCE CRITERIA

1	Technical form of the active ingredient tested.
2_	At least 50 animals/sex/group (3 test groups and control group).
3	
4.	Number of survivors in any group does not fall below 50% at 15 months for mice, 18 months
	for rats or 25% at 18 months for mice, 24 months for rats.
5. ± _	·
6.*	Doses tested include a NOEL for systematic effects.
7.•	Analysis for test material stability, homogeneity and concentration in dosing medium
8.	Individual daily observations.
-	Individual body weights.
10.	
11.	
12	Blood smear from 10 animals/sex/dose at 12 and 18 months and termination. Differential
_	count high dose and controls, all other doses if high dose shows pathology.
_	
13	Histopathology of the following tissues performed on all interim sacrifice animals, all control and high dose animals, all animals that died or were killed on study, all gross lesions on all animals, target organs on all animals and lungs, liver and kidneys on all other animals.
13	Histopathology of the following tissues performed on all interim sacrifice animals, all control and high dose animals, all animals that died or were killed on study, all gross lesions on all animals, target organs on all animals and lungs, liver and kidneys on all other animals.
13	Histopathology of the following tissues performed on all interim sacrifice animals, all control and high dose animals, all animals that died or were killed on study, all gross lesions on all animals, target organs on all animals and lungs, liver and kidneys on all other animals.
13	Histopathology of the following tissues performed on all interim sacrifice animals, all control and high dose animals, all animals that died or were killed on study, all gross lesions on all animals, target organs on all animals and lungs, liver and kidneys on all other animals.
13	Histopathology of the following tissues performed on all interim sacrifice animals, all control and high dose animals, all animals that died or were killed on study, all gross lesions on all animals, target organs on all animals and lungs, liver and kidneys on all other animals.
13	Histopathology of the following tissues performed on all interim sacrifice animals, all control and high dose animals, all animals that died or were killed on study, all gross lesions on all animals, target organs on all animals and lungs, liver and kidneys on all other animals.
13	Histopathology of the following tissues performed on all interim sacrifice animals, all control and high dose animals, all animals that died or were killed on study, all gross lesions on all animals, target organs on all animals and lungs, liver and kidneys on all other animals.
13	Histopathology of the following tissues performed on all interim sacrifice animals, all control and high dose animals, all animals that died or were killed on study, all gross lesions on all animals, target organs on all animals and lungs, liver and kidneys on all other animals.
13	Histopathology of the following tissues performed on all interim sacrifice animals, all control and high dose animals, all animals that died or were killed on study, all gross lesions on all animals, target organs on all animals and lungs, liver and kidneys on all other animals.
13	Histopathology of the following tissues performed on all interim sacrifice animals, all control and high dose animals, all animals that died or were killed on study, all gross lesions on all animals, target organs on all animals and lungs, liver and kidneys on all other animals.
13	Histopathology of the following tissues performed on all interim sacrifice animals, all control and high dose animals, all animals that died or were killed on study, all gross lesions on all animals, target organs on all animals and lungs, liver and kidneys on all other animals. aorta jejunum peripheral nerve eyes bone marrow kidneys† caecum liver† esophagus colon lung† ovaries† duodenum hymph nodes oviduct brain† stomach pancreas skin mammary gland rectum heart† spleen† spinal cord (3x) testes† musculature thyroid / parathyroids
13	Histopathology of the following tissues performed on all interim sacrifice animals, all control and high dose animals, all animals that died or were killed on study, all gross lesions on all animals, target organs on all animals and lungs, liver and kidneys on all other animals.

‡ The position document entitled "Selection of a Maximum Tolerated Dose (MTD) in Oncogenicity Studies (EPA No. 540/09-88-003) stated EPA's criteria for determining if an oncongenicity study has been adequately performed in terms of doses tested. However OPP is also aware that older oncogenicity studies, upon initial review or re-review. may have been tested at doses lower than the predicted MTD. In the event that such testing appears to be at doses less than the predicted MTD, the Office of Pesticides Program has been reviewing and



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considering the entire weight of the evidence to determine if retesting is necessary. Certain factors which affect the agency's decision to retest include but are not limited to the following: demonstrated oncogenicity in another species, nearness to the apparent MTD, genotoxic effects, structure-activity factors, absolute value of the highest dose tested and metabolic considerations.

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83-3 Teratology Studies

ACCEPTANCE CRITERIA

Does your study meet the following acceptance criteria?:

Technical form of the active ingredient tested. At least 20 litters/dose group for mice, rats or hamsters are available. At least 12 litters Mose group for rabbits are available (three test groups and control group). At the high dose, maternal effects are reported as significant (or a limit dose is given, 1,000 mg/kg). At the low dose, no developmental toxicity is reported. Dosing duration is at least during the period of major organogenesis, but may extend up to one day prior to term. Analysis for test material stability, homogeneity and concentration in dosing medium Individual daily observations. Individual body weights. Individual food consumption. 10. ___ Necropsy on all animals 11. Individual uterine examination including number of fetal deaths, early and late resorptions and numbers of viable fetuses per sex. All ovaries examined to determine number of corpora lutes. Individual litter weights and/or individual fetal weights per sex/litter. Individual fetus external examination. 15: レ Individual fetus skeletal examination for 1/3 to 1/2 of each litter for rodents and all for all rabbits. Individual fetus soft tissue examination.



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83-3 Teratology Studies

ACCEPTANCE CRITERIA

Does your study meet the following acceptance criteria?:

1. 🗸	Technical form of the active ingredient tested.
2 =	At least 20 litters/dose group for mice, rats or hamsters are available. At least 12 litters
	/dose group for rabbits are available (three test groups and control group).
3. 📈	At the high dose, maternal effects are reported as significant (or a limit dose is given, 1,000
	mg/kg).
4.•	At the low dose, no developmental toxicity is reported.
5	Dosing duration is at least during the period of major organogenesis, but may extend up to
	one day prior to term.
6.•	Analysis for test material stability, homogeneity and concentration in dosing medium
7.	Individual daily observations.
8/	Individual body weights.
9.	Individual body weights. Individual food consumption. Necropsy on all animals
10.	Necropsy on all animals
11. 🔽	Individual uterine examination including number of fetal deaths, early and late resorptions
	and numbers of viable fetuses per sex.
12. 🟒	All ovaries examined to determine number of corpora lutea.
13.	Individual litter weights and/or individual fetal weights per sex/litter.
14.	Individual fetus external examination.
15	Individual fetus skeletal examination for 1/3 to 1/2 of each litter for rodents and all for all
	rabbits.
16. 🔽	Individual fetus soft tissue examination.

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83-4 Reproduction

ACCEPTANCE CRITERIA

Does your study meet the following acceptance criteria?:

J	recipiest form of the scure ingredient tested.
2	At least 20 males and sufficient females to yield 20 pregnant /dose group
3	At least 3 dose groups and a control.
4	At the high dose, parental toxicity is observed (or a limit dose is given, 1,000 mg/kg/day).
5.*	At the low dose, no reproductive effects are observed.
6.•	At least 20 males and sufficient females to yield 20 pregnant /dose group At least 3 dose groups and a control. At the high dose, parental toxicity is observed (or a limit dose is given, 1,000 mg/kg/day). At the low dose, no reproductive effects are observed. Analysis for test material stability, homogeneity and concentration in dosing medium
7	P, animals 8 weeks old at the start of the study.
8	Dosing is continuous starting with the P ₁ animals until an individual animal is sacrificed.
8. 9.	Mating is I male to I female.
10.	The mating period is not more than 3 weeks.
11.	At least two generations are bred.
12	Individual daily observations.
13	Individual daily observations. Individual body weights. Individual food consumption. Individual litter observations. Individual litter weights (pup weights) at birth and on days 4, 7 (optional), 14 and 21.
14	Individual food consumption.
15	Individual litter observations.
16	Individual litter weights (pup weights) at birth and on days 4, 7 (optional), 14 and 21.
17.*	Sacrifice schedule, all mating males immediately after last mating, all breeding females
	immediately after weaning last litter, all animals not used for breeding immediately after
	weaning.
18.*	Necropsy on all animals
19.•	Histopathology of reproductive organs from all animals on the high dose and control P ₁ and
	F, animals selected for mating. Animals from all other dosing groups if histological effects
	are observed at the high dose.
20.*	Histopathology of all organs with gross lesions.

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83-5 Chronic Feeding/Oncogenicity in the Rat

ACCEPTANCE CRITERIA

Does Jos	ir study meet the following acceptance	criteris?:	
1.	Technical form of the active ingredi	ent tested.	
2			
3	Dosing duration is at least 24 mont	hs.	
4	Number of survivors in any group of months.	oes not fall below 50% at 18 months or 25% at 24	
5.‡	Doses tested include an MTD or lin	nit dose if nontoxic (1000 mg/kg).	
6.*	Doses tested include a NOEL.	, , ,	
7.*	Analysis for test material stability, h	comogeneity and concentration in dosing medium	
8	Individual daily observations.	•	
9	Individual body weights.		
10.	Individual or cage food consumption	n.	
11.*	Opthalmoscopic examination (at lea	n. st pertest and at term) control and high dose.	
12	Clinical pathology data for at least	10 rats/group consisting of 13, 14 & 15	
12 Clinical pathology data for at least 10 rats/group consisting of 13, 14 & 1 13 Hematology at 6 month intervals consisting of at least;		nsisting of at least;	
	Erythrocyte count	Leucocyte count	
	Hemoglobin	Differential count	
	Hematocrit	Platelet count (or clotting measure)	
14	Clinical chemistry at 6 month inter-		
	Alkaline phosphatase		
	Aspartate aminotransferase	Albumin	
	• Creatinine kinase	Urea	
	Creatinine kinase Lactic dehydrogenase	Inorganic phosphate	
	Glucose	Calcium	
	Bilirubin	Calcium Potassium	
	Cholesterol	Sodium	
	• Creatinine	• Chloride	
15	Urinalysis at 6 month intervals cons		
	_ Blood	Total bilirubin	
	Protein	• Urobilirubin	
	Ketone bodies	Sediment	
	Appearance	Specific gravity (osmolality)	
	Glucose	• Volume	
16	Individual necropsy of all animals.	- Volume	
17.	History of the following ties	nes performed on all nonrodents and rodents, all contro	
··· —		that died or were killed on study, all gross lesions on all	
		s and lungs, liver and kidneys on all other animals.	
	animas, urget organs on an anima		
	jejunun	peripheral nerve	

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cycs	bone marrow	kidneys†
caecum	liver†	esophagus
colon	lung†	ovaries†
duodenum	lymph nodes	oviduct
brain†	stomach	pancreas
skin	mammary gland	rectum
heart†	spicen†	spinal cord (3x)
testes†	musculature	thyroid / parathyroids
pituitary	epididymis	salivary glands
ileum	adrenals†	thymus
trachea	uterus	urinary bladder

† organs to be weighed.

‡ The position document entitled "Selection of a Maximum Tolerated Dose (MTD) in Oncogenicity Studies (EPA No. 540/09-88-003) stated EPA's criteria for determining if an oncongenicity study has been adequately performed in terms of doses tested. However OPP is also aware that older oncogenicity studies, upon initial review or re-review. may have been tested at doses lower than the predicted MTD. In the event that such testing appears to be at doses less than the predicted MTD, the Office of Pesticides Program has been reviewing and considering the entire weight of the evidence to determine if retesting is necessary. Certain factors which affect the agency's decision to retest include but are not limited to the following: demonstrated oncogenicity in another species, nearness to the apparent MTD, genotoxic effects, structure-activity factors, absolute value of the highest dose tested and metabolic considerations.



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84-2 Mutagenicity Studies

ACCEPTANCE CRITERIA

Does your study meet the following acceptance criteria?:

1 Technical form of the active ingredient tested.	
Negative enhant and/or embide control(s) for the test graces	
2 Negative, solvent and/or vehicle control(s) for the test system.	
3. V Positive control(s) for the test system.	
4 Fully identified test system, species, strain, source etc.	
5 Fully described method for maintaining test system.	
3. Positive control(s) for the test system. 4. Very Fully identified test system, species, strain, source etc. 5. Very Fully described method for maintaining test system. 6. Very Fully described method for preparing test environment and administering test compond. 7. Very Fully described metabolic activation system, if required. 8. Very Fully described metabolic activation system, if required. 9. Second for described metabolic activation system, if required.	
7. V Fully described metabolic activation system, if required.	,
8. Determination of maximum and range of concentrations/doses used under test conditions.	
9.* Criteria for determination of a positive effect.	
Test Specific Requirements	
/ Salmonella reverse mutation assay	
1. Minimum of four strains, TA98, TA100, TA1535 and TA1536. (alternatives need rational	:)
2. V Strain specific positive controls.	
3. Highest concentration limited by toxicity, solubility or 5000 ug/plate.	
4.* At least 5 different concentrations of test material at adequate intervals.	
5.* A single positive response confirmed by testing over a narrow range of concentrations.	
Salmonella reverse mutation assay Minimum of four strains, TA98, TA100, TA1535 and TA1536. (alternatives need rationale Strain specific positive controls. Highest concentration limited by toxicity, solubility or 5000 ug/plate. At least 5 different concentrations of test material at adequate intervals. A single positive response confirmed by testing over a narrow range of concentrations. At least three plates experimental point.	
Crise mulater in expette cert in culture	
1. Highest concentration limited by toxicity (10-20% relative survival), solubility or 5000 ug. At least 4 different concentrations of test material to yield a concentration related toxic	ml.
2.* At least 4 different concentrations of test material to yield a concentration related toxic	
3. Determination of the number of cell cultures used.	
/ In vitro mammalian cytogenetics	
1. In vitro mammalian cytogenetics Highest concentration limited by toxicity (e.g. reduced mitotic activity; alteration of cell of	vcle;
cytotomicity), solubility or 5000 us/ml.	•
cytotonishy), solubility or 5000 ug/ml. 2.* Multiplit concentrations used to define the response. At least two independent cultures for each experimental point. Determination of culture harvest time.	
3. At least two independent cultures for each experimental point.	
4. Determination of culture harvest time.	
In vivo mammalian cytogenetics - bone marrow	
1. At least 5 male and 5 female animals per experimental group.	
2. Highest dose limited by toxicity or 5000 mg/kg.	
1. At least 5 male and 5 female animals per experimental group. 2. Highest dose limited by toxicity or 5000 mg/kg. Determination of sampling times.	
Aberrations; a) one treatment - 3 times in range of 6-48 hours after treatment adequate	V
spaced with central sample at 24 hour (may be altered based on cell cycle time).	
repeated treatments - samples taken 6 and 24 hours after last treatment (may be	

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altered based on cell cycle time).

Micronucleus; Samples taken 3 times, starting not earlier than 12 hours after the last treatment and at appropriate intervals following the first sample, but not beyond 72 hours.

Micronucleus assay, at least 1000 polychromatic erythrocytes/animal scored. Ratio of poly to normochromatic determined by counting 200-1000 erythrocytes (1000 OECD).

Rodent dominant lethal assay

Sufficient number of dosed males to provide a minimum of 30 pregnant females per mating interval.

Concurrent positive control or results from positive control conducted within 12 months in same laboratory with same strain.

Highest dose produced toxicity or 5000 mg/kg.

Sampling or exposure over entire spermatogenesis cycle of dosed males (8 weeks mice, 10 weeks rats)

Any mutagenicity test with suggestive or greater positive results/activity shall be submitted reqardless of missing essential items.

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85-1 Metabolism Studies

ACCEPTANCE CRITERIA

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·· —	ready pero grade or the s	oute militarient	
2	Isotopically labeled in the core	of the molecule and/or significant portions thereofOR-	
3	Analytical procedures sufficiently	y specific and sensitive to identify the test substance.	
4. 5.			
6		ut effect and the high to produce toric or pharmacological	
	signs but not severe effects or mortality. Dosing group A, single low dose by intravenous route (not required if insoluble in water or		
7.•			
	normal saline).		
<u>&</u>	Dosing group B, single low dose		
3 . —	Dosing group C, 14 consecutive daily low dose of the unlabeled test material by oral route followed by a single low dose of the labeled test material.		
10			
11.		ses and expired air for 7 days after labeled dose or until 90+	
11.		(whichever occurs first). Expired air not required if a pilot	
	study shows no excretion in 24		
12		quantity of label in the following tissues and organs;	
	For dosing groupe B, C and D,	quantity of label in the following tastes and organs;	
	bone	liver	
	brain fat	lung	
	fat	blood	
	testes	muscle	
	heart	spleen	
	kidney	residual carcass	
	tissues showing pathology in this or prior studies		
For all de	osing groups:		
		s and expired air (if detected in preliminary study) at	
1	annongiste intervals (e.g. 4. 2. 1	12 and 24 hours 15 2 2 4 5 6 and 7 does	
	appropriate intervals (e.g. 4, 8, 12 and 24 hours, 1.5, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6 and 7 days. Qualitative analysis of urine and feces to detect metabolism and identify metabolites (pooled		
14. —			
	urine and feces by dosing group	may oc useu).	
NOTE T	The metabolism data requirement	may be filled in part. For example performing the analysis on	
a single 4	lose group can satisfy the requirement	may be there in part for example performing the analysis of	
- smile o	wer though cern secrets one technites	Bell Ivi wat vest.	