US ERA ARCHIVE DOCUMENT

Antimicrobial Exposure Assessment Task Force II (AEATF II)

VOLUME 4

Secondary Documentation:

Wiping Application Scenarios and Study Protocol

February 25, 2008

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³ This Volume "Part" (i.e., IIRB Correspondence) is identical in Volumes 2 and 4, given that it applies the mopping and wiping application protocols / documentation.	es to both
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⁶ The response letter, <i>with</i> the English and Spanish translated versions of the Consent Forms, is provided in Volume 3, Part 5. The re-submitted / approved protocol referenced in this "Response Letter" is in Volume 3, Part 4, and is identical to that presented in Part 6 of this Volume (i.e., Volume 2).	
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⁷ This Volume "Part" (i.e., IIRB Correspondence) is identical in Volumes 2 and 4, given that it applies to both the mopping and wiping application protocols / documentation.	
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⁸This Volume "Part" (i.e., IIRB Correspondence) is identical in Volumes 2 and 4, given that it applies to both the mopping and wiping application protocols / documentation.

Part 1 Transmittal (Selim, 1/16/08, 6:48am) of Initial Submission of Protocol (AEATF_II_Wipe_Protocol_14Jan08f[1].doc) for Wipe Study

AEATF II VOL 4 Secondary Documentation: Wiping App Scenarios & Study Protocol 25Feb08

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Sami Selim

From:

"Sami Selim" <sselim@worldnet.att.net>

To: Sent: "Robert Roogow" <rroogow@iirb.com> Wednesday, January 16, 2008 6:48 AM

Attach:

AEATF_II_Wipe_Protocol_14Jan08f[1].doc

Subject:

Protocol for Wipe study

Robert,

Attached, please find a copy of the wipe protocol for your review and submission to your IRB. Please note that the overall study design is similar to the protocol that was reviewed before, but we have increased the number of subjects as well as the scenario for recruitment etc. I will be also sending you in a separate E-Mail the rational for the study design.

Please let me know if you feel that the package is complete, or if you need any additional information.

Thanks,

Sami.

Sami Selim, Ph.D. Phone: 559-275-9021 Fax:559-275-1810 sselim@gplabs.com

PROTOCOL

This Protocol is the Property of the American Chemistry Council Antimicrobial Exposure Assessment Task Force II (AEATF II)

Sponsor

American Chemistry Council
Antimicrobial Exposure Assessment Task Force II (AEATF II)

Study Title

A Study for Measurement of Potential Dermal and Inhalation Exposure During Application of a Liquid Antimicrobial Pesticide Product Using Trigger Spray and Wipe or Ready to Use Wipes for Cleaning Indoor Surfaces

Proposed Experimental Start Date

TBA

Analytical Phase Location

Golden Pacific Laboratories (GPL) 4720 West Jennifer Avenue, Suite 105 Fresno, California 93722

Field Phase Locations

Three Field Sites in Fresno County, CA

Sponsor Study Identification

AEA02

GPL Study Number

070264

Total Number of Pages: 140

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1.0 GENERAL INFORMATION

Study Title

A Study for Measurement of Potential Dermal and Inhalation Exposure During Application of a Liquid Antimicrobial Pesticide Product Using Trigger Spray and Wipe or Ready to Use Wipes for Cleaning Indoor Surfaces

Sponsor Study No: AEA02 GPL Study No: 070264

Objective

This study is being conducted to determine potential dermal and inhalation exposures associated with wiping indoor surfaces with an antimicrobial pesticide product.

Proposed Experimental Start Date: TBA

Proposed Experimental Termination Date: TBA

Proposed Final Report Issue Date: TBA

Good Laboratory Practice

This study will be conducted in compliance with the US EPA FIFRA Good Laboratory Practice (GLP) Standards (40 CFR 160). The study will adhere to applicable SOPs of the Antimicrobial Exposure Assessment Task Force II (AEATF II) and cooperating contractors.

Applicable Guidelines

This study is based upon the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency's (EPA) guidance documents for dermal and inhalation exposure measurements under Series 875: Occupational and Residential Exposure Test Guidelines and the OECD guidelines (OECD, 1997). Data development methods will follow the recommendations defined in these guidelines.

Applicable Ethical Standards

This is a protocol for third-party research involving what EPA has interpreted to be intentional exposure of human subjects to a pesticide. The study is being conducted with the intention of submitting the resulting data to EPA under the Federal Insecticide Fungicide and Rodenticide Act

(FIFRA). Thus the primary ethical standards applicable to this proposal are 40CFR 26, Subparts K and L. In addition, the requirements of FIFRA §12(a)(2)(P) for fully informed, fully voluntary consent of subjects apply, and since the study will be conducted in California, the provisions of the California Code of Regulations, Title 3, §6710 would apply. The protocol will be reviewed by an Institutional Review Board (IRB).

Sponsor: American Chemistry Council

Antimicrobial Exposure Assessment Task Force II

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Field

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Grayson Research, LLC 211 N. Main Street Creedmoor, NC 27522 Phone: (919) 528-5508

E-mail: tbelcher@graysonresearch.com

Field Location: 3 Field Sites in Fresno County, CA

Reviewing IRB: Independent Investigational Review Board, Inc.

6738 West Sunrise Blvd. - Suite 102

Plantation, FL 33313 Phone: (877) 888-4472 Website: www.iirb.com

2.0 INTRODUCTION AND STUDY OBJECTIVE

The Antimicrobial Exposure Assessment Task Force II (AEATF II) was formed to generate generic exposure data on a broad range of use patterns and associated application methods, as well as post application exposures to support registration and re-registration by its member companies of such uses for antimicrobial ingredients. The data will be representative of subject activities and methods used in the handling of antimicrobial products. Determining exposure of professional janitorial workers who customarily handle antimicrobial pesticides using methods described in this research study will produce reliable data about the dermal and inhalation exposure of professional workers as well as the general population performing this task. The data generated from these studies will be used by the EPA in assessing potential exposure and risks to users of antimicrobial products and will be used in developing exposure assessments and human health risk analyses.

The primary objective of this study is to monitor exposure to subjects who wipe horizontal and vertical surfaces with a liquid antimicrobial pesticide product. Each monitored applicator will apply product using either a trigger-spray-and-wipe or ready-to-use (RTU) wipes and will generally involve work periods of 30 to 120 minutes.

All study participants will be adult subjects capable of and experienced in performing the functions described in the protocol. All study subjects will be required to provide their signed Informed Consent using a form approved by an Institutional Review Board (IRB) prior to participation in the study. The planned number of subjects monitored will be 36, although it could be as large as 48 if many subjects cannot complete the longer task duration times. Potential dermal and inhalation exposure of each individual study participant will be measured during wiping activities for a time duration that is representative of the use of professional antimicrobial products. The test material, Sani-Care Lemon Quat, an EPA approved product, containing didecyl dimethyl ammonium chloride (DDAC), CAS No. 7173-51-5, and n-alkyl dimethyl benzyl ammonium chloride (ADBAC), CAS No. 68424-85-1 will be applied at a target rate not to exceed the maximum label-recommended rate. All participants will be independently monitored while wiping horizontal and vertical surfaces utilizing representative wiping equipment. This will include 18-24 subjects using a trigger sprayer and wipes and 18-24 subjects using ready-to-use wipes impregnated with Sani-Care Lemon Quat. The EPA-approved label for the commercially available product to be used in this study is provided in Appendix A. The test material will be used in this study in accordance with the product label.

The study will be conducted in three vacant commercial buildings. Each building will be of a different type and will be used to monitor exposure on

different dates. The duration of study participant wiping activities will vary from approximately 30 to 120 minutes. This represents the range of estimated time spent wiping surfaces per day by cleaning professionals in the health care or hotel industries and consumers. This duration is estimated to achieve detectable levels of the most abundant active ingredient on dosimetry matrices.

Potential dermal exposure to the test substance will be measured externally using whole body inner (cotton long underwear) and outer (work clothing) dosimeters, hand washes, and face/neck wipes. All monitored subjects will wear one layer of clothing (normal outer work garments which will be provided, plus their own shoes and socks) over inner whole body cotton dosimeters. The outer work garments will be representative of normal work clothing and consist of cotton long pants and cotton longsleeved shirts. The potential inhalation exposure for each subject will be measured by means of a personal air sampling pump set at a typical sampling rate (2 L/minute) and an OSHA Versatile Sampler (SKC, OVS, XAD2) tube with a glass fiber filter. Hand exposure will be measured by washing the hands with a solution of 50% water/50% isopropyl alcohol. Face exposure will be measured by wiping the face with gauze moistened with 50% water/50% isopropyl alcohol. Following exposure, the inner and outer dosimeters, the OVS tubes, the hand washes, and face and neck wipes will be analyzed for residues of DDAC. The dosimetry garments will be provided by the AEATF. Subjects will be given and required to wear any Personal Protection Equipment (PPE) specified by the product label. Sani-Care Lemon Quat is a professional use product, and the product label specifies the PPE requirements as protective eyewear.

3.0 RATIONALE AND OBJECTIVE OF THE STUDY

The need for the data to be generated via the proposed study has been previously considered (AEATF, 2008a). Currently, US EPA relies upon the results of the CMA study conducted more than 15 years ago to characterize exposure from wiping using an antimicrobial (Popendorf et al., 1992). That study has a total of 6 measurements of whole body exposure at levels above the Limit of Quantitation (LOQ). Analytical methods, exposure dosimetry methods and regulatory needs have changed significantly since that time. EPA has requested confirmatory exposure monitoring data for a number of antimicrobial use scenarios in Registration Eligibility Decision (RED) documents issued over the last 2 years. There appears to be no publicly available data with which to make a credible estimate of exposure for persons using either a trigger spray and wipe or ready-to-use wipes. Thus, the rationale for conducting this study is to measure dermal and inhalation exposure in a large enough group of typical users to adequately estimate central tendency and variability for this use of antimicrobial pesticides. Based upon the existing data, it appears that an

outer dosimeter consisting of normal work clothing is necessary to capture measurable exposure over the entire body even using an extremely sensitive analytical method, although dosimeters under the outer clothing will also be used. However, the primary interest is estimating dermal exposure (the amount of antimicrobial that gets through or around the work clothing), since that represents actual dermal exposure for most workers and typically is the route of primary exposure.

Detailed justification for the various components of the study and study design is described in (AEATF, 2008b). The AEATF will be using passive dosimetry methods for measuring dermal and inhalation exposures. A recent summary of available passive dosimetry and biomonitoring studies conducted in the same individuals indicates that the passive dosimetry methods proposed by AEATF will neither over- nor under-estimate actual dosage (Ross et al., 2007). However, under certain circumstances (see Section 10.2.3), it is possible that there will be some over-estimation bias in the study design proposed in this protocol. Generally, from a regulatory perspective a slight overestimation bias in estimating human exposure is preferable to underestimation.

4.0 RATIONALE FOR USE OF HUMAN SUBJECTS

Human subjects are required in this study because they will normally be exposed to the test material when performing their daily activities. There are no acceptable methods or models that could be used to extrapolate subjects' exposure. One subject is needed for each synthetic monitoring event. A minimum of 36 monitoring events are required in order to capture variation within the population using the product and application devices. Sufficient data is not available from other studies. The low toxicity of the diluted test material and very low expected exposure of subjects wearing extra dosimetry clothing should mean that there is little incremental risk associated with performing this task, compared to their daily duties.

5.0 OVERSIGHT OF ETHICAL CONDUCT

To comply with regulations regarding studies involving human subjects, written approval from the Independent Investigational Review Board (IIRB) located in Plantation, Florida [phone number: (877) 888-4472] will be obtained prior to study initiation.

The submission package to the IIRB includes a supplemental document regarding the study design justification for duration of task and area treated (AEATF, 2008b), the Informed Consent Form (Appendix B), the Experimental Subject's Bill of Right (Appendix C), the Subject Self-Reporting Demographic Form (Appendix D), a copy of the product label (Appendix A) and test substance MSDS (Appendix E), as well as all

recruiting materials, such as flyers (Appendix F), interview scripts (Appendix G), and an executive summary of EPA's REDs for ADBAC and DDAC summarizing their risk assessment conclusions (Appendix J). The documents utilized with subjects (Appendices A, C, D, E, F, G and H) will be available in English and Spanish. Following approval by the IRB, the Study Protocol, approved ICF and supporting information will be submitted to the EPA, California DPR and HSRB for approval. Recruitment of subjects into the study will not be initiated until all approvals (EPA, HSRB, and California DPR) have been granted.

All protocol changes (amendments and deviations) shall be reported to the IIRB in writing by letter, fax or email. Proposed changes (amendments) deemed necessary to eliminate apparent immediate hazards to the human subjects may be implemented without prior IIRB approval. All other amendments must be reviewed and approved by the IIRB prior to implementation, or as specifically instructed by IIRB policy in this regard. Approval will be granted in accordance with IIRB policy and procedures, and may be granted by telephone provided it is documented in writing in the study raw data. The IIRB may provide expedited review of minor changes as defined by 40 CFR Part 26.1110 at its discretion.

Unplanned changes (deviations) which occur during conduct of the study cannot, by definition, be reviewed and approved by the IIRB prior to implementation. Deviations will be reported in writing by letter, fax or email as soon as possible following the change.

The Principal Investigator shall follow written instructions provided by the IIRB for prompt reporting to the IIRB, appropriate institutional officials, and the EPA of unanticipated problems involving risks to human subjects or others.

The Principal Investigator shall also follow the protocol change notification and approval policies, if any, of all other agencies or boards whose notification and prior approval of the study was required.

6.0 BALANCE OF RISKS AND BENEFITS

6.1 Risks to the Subjects

Risks to the subjects including those resulting from both chemical and physical hazards are discussed in this section.

The antimicrobial active ingredients DDAC and ADBAC in Sani-Care Lemon Quat have been extensively tested in animals. They were shown to have a low acute toxicity at label dilution rates and low chronic hazard profile. The toxicity profile of DDAC and ADBAC has been reviewed in the US by the EPA and California DPR. Based on its safety profile, DDAC and ADBAC have been approved for use in many formulations, and are extensively used in many janitorial products. The test material, Sani-Care Lemon Quat has also been tested for acute effects and has been approved by the EPA. The EPA has recently re-registered both DDAC and ADBAC and issued REDs for both (EPA, 2006 a,b). Additionally, the safety of the test material has been established through long term professional use of the product. The product will be used according to its label. The Sani-Care Lemon Quat concentrated formulation will be handled only by researchers and the diluted material (1:64) in a ready-to-use form will be provided to the subjects. The subjects selected to participate in the study will be experienced in the use of janitorial products. Any subject with known allergic reaction to quaternary ammonium compounds will be excluded from participating. At high concentration quats can produce dermal irritation, but this is not commonly seen at use dilution. Significant risks associated with either inhalation or ingestion by experienced subjects is very unlikely and would require gross intentional mishandling by subjects. Actual chemical risk during the study would likely be lower than during their normal workday, due to wearing of inner dosimeter clothing. Risk from irritation due to rubbing alcohol used on the hands and face/neck can occur if the subjects have existing abrasions or skin conditions that reduce barrier properties of the skin, e.g., eczema or psoriasis. Subjects' time of exposure will be limited to 30-120 minutes, and the time involved in performing the described activity will not exceed the maximum normal daily activity. Subjects will be provided regular breaks at 30 minute intervals (or less if they request) to minimize overheating and fatigue, and each subject will be closely observed by a study staff member. The protocol and Informed Consent will be reviewed by an IRB prior to enrolling subjects.

There could be some discomfort and possibly the risk of heat-related illness associated with wearing two layers of clothing, although the duration, close observation, and controlled temperature in the facility should mitigate against that possibility. The 120 minute work duration will be broken up into 15 minute intervals starting at 30. Any subject working more than 30 minutes will be given breaks at a minimum of 30 minute intervals; however, this represents a significant cardiovascular workout and there is a small possibility for a cardiovascular accident. There is a small risk from discomfort or inconvenience of wearing the air sampling device. There could also be some risk of embarrassment from disrobing to the subject's underwear in the presence of a same-sex researcher. Females of child-bearing age may be surprised by the outcome of the required pregnancy test.

The toxicity of the active antimicrobial ingredients in the registered product is low. The likelihood of exposure to low levels of the DDAC and ADBAC quats in this study is very high. The test material will be used by experienced subjects at concentrations approved by the EPA, resulting in low exposure during this limited time of use which is further reduced by the extra layer of clothing worn by the subjects. Embarrassment risk from disrobing is low because the researchers are same-sex, and experienced. Exposure to rubbing alcohol is uniformly high, but the low toxicity coupled with warnings to subjects about the consequences of prior abrasions reduces risk to low levels. The risk of discomfort from wearing the air sampling pump is equivalent to that from wearing a portable radio, and most would consider this negligible. The potential damage caused by release of positive pregnancy findings is very high, but the likelihood of this happening is guite low. Beginning with healthy subjects, the intensive individual observation of each subject and controlled temperature environment reduce the possibility of excessive heat or Combined these factors indicate that cardiovascular stress. subjects will not be at any significant health or safety risk during study conduct or after the study is completed.

6.2 Benefits and to Whom Benefits Accrue

While there are no direct benefits to the subjects participating in this research study, there are indirect benefits to both the volunteers and society. Products containing antimicrobial chemicals are used extensively in hospitals, schools, homes, etc. to control pathogenic bacteria and viruses known to produce increased morbidity and mortality in humans, domestic animals and pets. Measuring exposure of workers in this research study will produce reliable data

about the dermal and inhalation exposure of workers and the general population performing these tasks. The resulting data will improve the completeness and accuracy of the database used by the EPA to assess exposure to these chemicals. The ability to accurately predict risk may allow other chemical classes of antimicrobials to also be registered based on exposure estimates generated from the data to be produced by this study. If individual workers request their results, they may find that their work practice produces more or less exposure than average, and this could be a useful learning tool.

6.3 Balance of Risk and Benefit

The benefit of maintaining and potentially adding new antimicrobials that protect both the subjects involved in this research as well as society (including subjects' families) in general from microbial diseases far outweighs any incremental risks to subjects. Mortality and morbidity from microbial pathogens is well-documented. The very slight risks from participation in this study are far lower than the risk of not being able to use effective antimicrobials for lack of information on the exposure to users.

6.4 Community Involvement

Community involvement in the context of scientific research has been recently discussed by the U.S. Environmental Program Agency (http://www.epa.gov/nerl/sots/SEAOES-review-draft.pdf). While the wipe exposure study is not a community-based participatory research program, there are multiple communities that may be affected by conduct of the study as well as by the data generated from the wipe exposure study. The community of individuals that use wipes to clean/disinfect surfaces is enormous and includes millions of workers and at least 100 million residents in Government agencies such as the U.S. the U.S. alone. Environmental Protection Agency's Office of Pesticide Programs (OPP), Health Canada's Pesticide Management Regulatory Agency (PMRA), and the California Department of Pesticide Regulation (DPR), are involved in the review and approval of this study and effectively serve to represent, indirectly, involvement of the broad community of persons that use wiping equipment. The regulatory agency role includes hosting meetings that are open to the public regarding the proposed studies and the study results (e.g., EPAsponsored meetings involving the Humans Studies Review Board (HSRB); http://www.epa.gov/OSA/hsrb/). Review of the study protocol by an independent investigational review board also

represents an opportunity for community involvement in the context that members of the board are likely to also be consumers who are familiar with cleaning procedures and equipment used for wiping.

In contrast, there is a specific group of individuals who could be more directly impacted by the conduct of this study. These are the individuals in the local community that conduct business in the building or office adjacent to the study locations. In the event the proprietor or their customers observe people dressed in laboratory research garments, or just an unusual amount of activity in a nearby location that has been vacant, it may cause concern. Thus, a flyer will be generated and distributed to the proprietors or their employees in businesses adjacent to the study site explaining the purpose of the study and providing individuals with phone numbers of the principals to contact if they have any questions or want additional information. That flyer is presented in Appendix H.

7.0 **TEST SUBSTANCE**

The test substance for these studies is the formulated product, LEMON QUAT, containing didecyl dimethyl ammonium chloride (DDAC) and n-Alkyl dimethyl benzyl ammonium chlorides (ADBAC). The quaternary ammonium antimicrobials are commonly known as "quats". DDAC is the active ingredient selected for measurement, based on its stability, abundance in the formulation, and sensitivity of its analytical method.

7.1 **Test Substance Identification**

Product Name:

SANI-CARE LEMON QUAT

Manufacturer:

Buckeye International, Inc.

EPA Registration No.:

47371-131-559

Lot Number:

to be recorded in the raw data.

Active Ingredients and CAS Numbers:

Didecyl dimethyl ammonium chloride

7173-51-5

n-Alkyl dimethyl benzyl ammonium chloride

68424-85-1

Composition:

2.54% DDAC, 1.69% ADBAC

Appearance:

to be recorded in the raw data

Formulation Description: Yellow, lemon scented liquid

Stability: The stability of the active ingredient(s) in the test substance under recommended storage conditions will be documented before the start of the study. Generally, AEATF II will rely on data supplied by the product registrant that were submitted to support the EPA registration of the test substance. An expiration

date and recommended storage conditions will be based on the stability data to ensure the test substance strength does not change appreciably prior to use in the study.

GLP purity analysis (content of active ingredient in the test substance) will be performed by the Sponsor, and a Certificate of Analysis will be kept in the raw data file.

Retained samples from the lot of test substance used in the study will be archived with GPL.

7.2 Justification for Use of Test Substance

LEMON QUAT is an end use product registered with the EPA for use on smooth surfaces in indoor environments. LEMON QUAT contains didecyl dimethyl ammonium chloride (DDAC) and n-Alkyl dimethyl benzyl ammonium chlorides (ADBAC). DDAC was selected as the analyte based primarily upon its abundance (3x the largest ADBAC homologue), and on its stability, and the sensitivity of its analytical method. The quats ADBAC and DDAC have complete toxicology databases with low mammalian toxicity. Virtually all quat antimicrobial products contain more than a single quat, i.e., a readily available product containing only DDAC was not apparent.

The analytical method for DDAC on the proposed monitoring matrices at very low concentrations has been validated (GPL, 2004). Additionally, DDAC is a single quat (as opposed to ADBAC, the other active ingredient in LEMON QUAT which is an homologous series of quats) and has the requisite degree of stability under field, storage and transit conditions. The freezer storage stability of DDAC on the different matrices to be used in this study has been completed showing that DDAC is stable on the different matrices when stored in a freezer for 6 months (GPL, 2005).

The very sensitive and selective analytical method developed for the analysis of DDAC on different study matrices will allow for the detection and quantitation of extremely low levels of active ingredient in the collected samples. This will allow for shorter exposure time, thus minimizing the risk to research study subjects. Additionally, Sani-Care Lemon Quat has been deemed suitable by the Sponsor and EPA as a surrogate compound for generating exposure data for other antimicrobial pesticides.

7.3 Safety Precautions

A copy of the Material Safety Data Sheet and the product label will be provided to the study team (professional observers and researchers) and each of the subjects and included in the study file. Label safety requirements will be explained to the subjects involved in the study. All label-specified PPE will be provided and use directions will be followed by the subjects and ensured by the study research personnel.

Heat stress signs and symptoms will be explained to the subjects. A copy of the poster entitled "Controlling Heat Stress Made Simple" in English and Spanish will be posted at the field site at the dressing and wiping areas.

Subjects will be provided and will wear protective eyewear throughout the monitoring period. At 30 minute intervals through termination of the study, the subjects will have their hands washed by study personnel using 50% isopropyl alcohol/water. At the end of the study, subjects will proceed to wash their hands thoroughly with soap and water. The Principal Investigator will examine their hands and note any irritation to the skin at termination of each participant's monitoring.

7.4 Dilution of Concentrate and Calibration of Application Equipment

The preparation of diluted solution to be loaded into the trigger sprayer as well as ready to use wipes will be performed by research personnel using graduated cylinders and/or calibrated containers appropriate for the materials handled. The concentrate will be diluted to the final concentration per label direction, i.e., 1:64 with tap water. Exposures resulting from mixing and loading activities will be measured in separate studies where more test material can be handled since it is not likely that the analytical method will detect residues from pouring a few ounces of the concentrate. A separate study will measure exposure for open pouring, and results from the two studies combined to estimate total exposure to a person doing all functions. This method is discussed in the Governing Document (AEATF, 2008a). The basic rationale for this "discretizing" of tasks is that EPA has asked for exposure estimates of hundreds of tasks that combine exposure functions. It is not possible to generate all of the permutations and combinations of data from combined task studies.

Research personnel will wear protective eyewear and waterproof gloves while preparing all diluted solutions of Sani-Care Lemon Quat. All information necessary to reconstruct the preparation of each batch of diluted solution, including the amount of test substance and amount of water used, and the beginning and ending amounts of test substance will be documented in the raw data.

7.4.1 Trigger Sprayer

The All Purpose Cleaner (APC) trigger sprayer to be used in this study is supplied by Buckeye International. It is used as standard janitorial and home consumer equipment in the US (see picture in Appendix I). The size of the spray bottle is 32 ounces, which is the most common size in use. adjustable nozzle will be set to a fine spray that would normally be used to apply antimicrobials to surfaces prior to wiping. APC sprayers are the most-used surface disinfectant method in many commercial and home settings. Each trigger sprayer will be identified with a unique identification number. The single pull output of each trigger sprayer used in the study will be determined by a calibration run (using tap water and 10 pulls) and the results will be documented in the raw data. The specific trigger sprayer used by each volunteer will be recorded. Study personnel intend to standardize amounts dispensed in the study by utilizing identical brand and model trigger sprayer that provide for a similar output per trigger pull. The diluted solution (1:64) will be prepared at GPL the day before use and an aliquot will be analyzed prior to use.

The amount of diluted material applied by each volunteer using the trigger sprayer (weight of trigger sprayer before and after use) and the surface area covered by each volunteer will be documented in the raw data. Field personnel will calculate and document the equivalent amount of concentrated test substance applied.

Aliquots (~5 mL) of each batch of diluted solution will be collected prior to and after completion of each monitoring day. Aliquots of each batch of the diluted test material collected prior to wiping procedures will be submitted for analysis. However, post-monitoring batch samples, will be held in frozen storage until analyzed or discard as directed by the Principal Investigator. Remaining diluted material will be disposed of by research personnel in accordance with Federal and State regulations.

7.4.2 Ready-to-Use (RTU) Wipes

Pre-saturated wipes are becoming increasingly common in both commercial and home settings. Ready to use wipes will be prepared at GPL by research personnel using the diluted (1:64) Sani-Care Lemon Quat about one week prior to use. Blank rolls of wipes in their plastic housings (see pictures in Appendix J) will be used to prepare the ready to use wipes. The lid of the plastic container will be opened exposing the roll of wipes and 500 mL of the diluted Sani-Care Lemon Quat will be slowly added to the wipes. Once the total volume of Sani-Care Lemon Quat is added, the lid of the plastic container is closed, and the container is placed on a shaker for 30 minutes. The plastic containers will be stored in the laboratory at room temperature until used. Ten wipes will be collected from each roll and analyzed prior to study initiation to determine the concentration of DDAC in each roll of wipes. The number of wipes used by each subject will be documented. The amount of diluted material applied by each volunteer using the ready to use wipes will be calculated based on number of wipes infused with dilute test solution, and the surface covered by each volunteer will be documented in the raw data.

7.5 Application Parameters

Application Equipment: Trigger Spray and Hand Towel Wipe

and Ready to Use Wipes

Carrier: Water Dilution Factor: 1:64

Target Application Rate: 135 mg ai/m²

Target Application Volume: 1.5mL/ft² = 16 mL/m²

Target Surface Area: $1,000 \text{ ft}^2 \text{ to } 4,000 \text{ ft}^2 = 93\text{m}^2 \text{ to } 370\text{m}^2$ Method of Application: Trigger Spray and Wipe or

Impregnated Wipe of Horizontal and

Vertical Surfaces

Duration: 30-120 minutes in ~15 minute

intervals

Technique: Wiping will be conducted by each participant as they would normally work. Each subject will not re-wipe any surface during a given monitoring event (ME). Past observation indicates a wide variety of application methods (oval, side to side, back and forth motion).

7.6 Rationale for the Method and Procedure of Application

The procedures described represent typical consumer and professional worker methods of applying the test substance to indoor horizontal and vertical surfaces above floor level.

7.7 Test Material Storage

The concentrated test material (Sani-Care Lemon Quat) will be stored indoors, at room temperature. Storage will be at Golden Pacific Laboratories. Storage conditions will be recorded.

8.0 STUDY DESIGN

8.1 Purposive Diversity Selection

A purposive diversity selection (PDS) design is used for both scenarios in the wiping application study. Synthetic antimicrobial handler-days, called monitoring events (MEs), are designed to capture diversity of the future wiping-conditions expected when professional workers apply an arbitrary antimicrobial by wiping. Diversity is achieved by purposively and, to some extent, randomly varying three meta-characteristics that are known to directly or indirectly influence exposure: (1) facility/date, (2) amount of active ingredient handled, and (3) worker. Three different sites (i.e., a facility and a date of monitoring) are first selected. Within each site a cluster of 6-8 monitoring events per scenario are obtained. MEs the two wiping application scenarios are conducted independently at each site. The MEs within each site and scenario have different amounts of Al handled. Every ME will utilize different workers. AEATF's supporting document regarding the study design of the wiping application scenarios (AEATF, 2008b) provides a detailed discussion of the rationale for each component of the PDS design.

8.2 Site Selection

Three experimental sites will be selected randomly from among acceptable experimental sites in Fresno County, CA. First, a real estate broker will be recruited to provide the Field Coordinator with a list of properties that meet the following criteria:

- 1) the property is within Fresno County;
- 2) the property is listed and vacant;
- 3) the building type is an office, retail space, or a meeting facility

(e.g., school, church, dance hall). vThese three types provide the desired architectural diversity.

Next, the properties that meet the above criteria will be placed on one of three lists, depending on the building type. The properties on each building-type list are then randomly ordered. The Field Coordinator or designee will then start with the first (randomly ordered) property on each building-type list and determine its acceptability using additional functional or site-specific qualifying characteristics including:

- A minimal surface area of 10,000 square feet. This amount of available surface area is adequate for conducting MEs for wipe application as well as mopping application (i.e, it provides the opportunity for AEATF II to also conduct a similar "mopping application" study using the same buildings as the wipe application study).
- Acceptable diversity in available surfaces (e.g., unobstructed hallways, bathrooms, stairs, empty rooms, countertops);
- A functional HVAC system;
- The electric service is operating; and,
- The property does not require maintenance prior to use.

The first acceptable property in each of the three building-type categories will be "reserved" with the necessary deposit and paper work. Secondary choices of acceptable properties in each category will also be identified (in random order) but not reserved. If for some reason, one of the selected properties becomes unavailable, unacceptable, or otherwise lost an alternate property in that same category can then be readily selected.

Each site is a single vacant building (or, possibly, a group of adjacent buildings) and a particular range of monitoring dates. Two wiping scenarios (one for trigger spray and wipe, and one for RTU wipe) of six MEs each are planned at each site (although as many as eight MEs/scenario per cluster are possible.) Monitoring activities for different clusters should be conducted on different days, e.g., separated by several days to one week, as practical, given cluster/site availability constraints and cost considerations.

For purposes of the wipe application study, buildings or facilities must be large enough to accommodate as many as 16 MEs and have indoor rooms/areas that provide relevant and adequate surface areas for wiping such that subjects will not be in each other's way and no area will be cleaned more than once per day by

any subject. The buildings should have sufficient area to accommodate 2 MEs simultaneously working in different areas without cross-contamination. Further, buildings are preferred if they provide diverse indoor room sizes and area configurations, e.g., individual offices, bathrooms, kitchen areas, hallways, dining areas.

8.3 Amount of Active Ingredient Handled

In this study all MEs will use the same substance, i.e., Sani-Care Lemon Quat. All subjects, regardless of scenario, will use a wipe and will use the same 1:64 dilution from concentrate. This is the minimum dilution (i.e., maximum concentration) allowed by label. Based on prior experience, any greater dilution will very likely produce a high frequency of non-detects, especially at the shortest interval.

Because the concentration of active ingredient is the same for all MEs, the amount of active ingredient handled (AaiH) is varied separately for each scenario by using MEs with different wiping durations. Wiping duration will range between 30 and 120 minutes. This interval is partitioned into six wiping duration strata as follows:

- A. 30 minutes to less than 45 minutes
- B. 45 minutes to less than 60 minutes
- C. 60 minutes to less than 75 minutes
- D. 75 minutes to less than 90 minutes
- E. 90 minutes to less than 105 minutes
- F. 105 minutes to 120 minutes

At each site and for each scenario cluster, a single ME is planned for each stratum (see possible exceptions in 8.4 below). As long as the subject is within the correct stratum, it is unnecessary to control the duration more precisely. However, the subject's actual wiping duration will be recorded to the nearest minute.

8.4 Assignment of Surrogate Workers to Sites and MEs

As described in AEATF's rationale for the study design of the wiping application scenarios (AEATF, 2008b), the necessary sample size for each scenario is N_M =6 monitoring events in each of N_C =3 clusters (sites). As described in Section 9 below, 48 subjects are recruited randomly from the pool of qualifying volunteers. These 48 subjects are randomly divided into six groups of eight subjects each. Two groups of subjects are then allocated to each of the three sites. At each site one group of eight subjects is used for the spray-and-wipe scenario and the other group of eight is used for the ready-to-

use scenario. This allocation provides an additional two subjects per cluster beyond the six MEs needed if all workers are able to complete their assigned wiping tasks.

The assignment of workers to task duration strata is done independently for each scenario. The eight subjects in each group are ordered randomly. The first subject is then assigned to the ME in the longest wiping duration stratum (i.e., stratum F, 105-120 minutes). No other assignments of subjects to MEs are made until the subject completes the monitoring task in this stratum. When the ME is complete, the next subject in order is assigned to the next longest stratum (E, 90-105 minutes). As long as each subject achieves the target wiping duration, the process is continued down to the shortest duration stratum (A, 30-45 minutes) and six MEs have been obtained, one for each of the six strata. If this process proceeds as expected, the last two subjects are never used for MEs.

It is conceivable that, due to fatigue or other difficulty, a subject might be unable to complete the wiping task for the assigned duration. If this should occur the ME can still be used provided the completed duration falls within one of the other (shorter) duration strata. If the subject's duration was less than 30 minutes, however, then this ME is terminated, and the monitoring media will not be analyzed. Regardless, the next subject in (random) sequence will be assigned to an ME for the uncompleted (longer) wiping duration stratum. This process will be continued until there is at least one ME in all six monitoring duration strata or until all eight subjects have been assigned, whichever occurs first. If such difficulties do occur, then it is possible that some longer-duration strata will not be monitored and that some shorter-duration strata will have more than a single ME. A consistent failure to complete longer-duration wiping would be an indication that such durations are inappropriate and/or unlikely to occur in practice.

8.5 Selection of Within-Site Environmental Conditions

As noted previously test facilities are selected that provide diverse indoor room sizes, surfaces, and area configurations. Conditions of the surfaces to be wiped will also depend on a number of factors including when they were last cleaned, type of HVAC system in the building, and degree of human traffic in the area. This permits each cluster of MEs to span a wide range of wiping conditions. Every attempt is made to insure that different MEs have covered different within-facility environmental conditions and that no two MEs utilize the same areas of the facility on the same day.

Exposure monitoring will be conducted under typical indoor lighting, temperature, humidity and air exchange. Light levels, air temperature, and humidity throughout the study will be documented at each location in the raw data. Measurements will be made at a minimum of 10 minute intervals throughout the course of data collection. All reasonable efforts will be made to characterize and document the airflow and exchange rate during the study period. The location, architecture, surface composition, dirtiness, and type of HVAC system will be recorded.

9.0 SUBJECTS USED IN MONITORING EVENTS

Forty-eight subjects are required for this study. This includes the planned 36 surrogate workers needed for the design (i.e., three sites, two scenario groups/site, and six workers per group). The additional 12 subjects (2 per group) are included as insurance against subject withdrawal or other failure to complete the assigned wiping tasks.

9.1 Subject Recruitment

9.1.1 Population Base

Adult subjects will be recruited from the janitorial/cleaning service population of Fresno County, CA. The most-recent US Census indicates that 40% of the population in the Fresno, CA metropolitan area is Hispanic, and surrounding farm areas likely have even greater Hispanic enrichment. The proportion of Hispanics in service industries, e.g., janitorial services, may be even higher than the general population. Therefore, to adequately represent the ethnic diversity in the Fresno area, recruitment materials and all interactions with potential subjects will be conducted in both English and Spanish.

9.1.2 Recruitment of Surrogate Workers

Since the qualifications for both scenarios are identical, subjects are first recruited for the 'wiping application' study and then randomly assigned to either the spray-and-wipe or the ready-to-use scenario. Janitorial services located in Fresno County and providing professional cleaning services for commercial buildings in Fresno County will be contacted and asked to post flyers soliciting study subjects independently from the janitorial service. The list of janitorial service providers will be compiled from telephone directories,

Chamber of Commerce, and additional information supplied by service providers themselves. The initial contact with service providers will determine language preference (English and/or Spanish) for the flyers. The employer script shown in Appendix G will be used to call janitorial services to see if they would be willing to post a flyer (Appendix F).

Those janitorial service managers expressing a willingness to post the flyers will be invited to a meeting (one in the Northern portion of Fresno County and another in the Southern portion of the County). At this meeting, the managers will be provided with the flyer and the informed consent form. One purpose of these meetings will be to determine if the Spanish translations seems intelligible to the particular dialects that may be represented in the county. Additionally, the managers will be shown the monitoring equipment (long johns, air monitors and wash/wipes) to educate them about the monitoring process. purpose will be to impress upon the managers the need to remain neutral (un-coercive) in their interactions with employees regarding study participation. Also, the meeting may provide an opportunity to hear from organized labor, if any of the shops represented are unionized. Finally, this meeting may present the opportunity with a show of hands to estimate the approximate number of employees (1-5, 6-20, 20+) that a particular employer represents.

To avoid the potential for coercion, subjects will not be recruited directly through contract janitorial service companies. Flyers will direct interested workers to contact the study Field Coordinator or Spanish-speaking coordinator directly. Individuals contacting the study representative and expressing an interest in participating in the study will be placed on a primary call-in list. Individuals will be added to this list for a period of four weeks. After this period of time, the primary call-in list will be closed to new volunteers. However, any subsequent call-ins will be added to a secondary list that is kept in case an insufficient number of participants cannot be obtained from the primary list.

All names on the primary call-in list will be randomized and individuals will be contacted in random order to schedule individual meetings with the Principal Investigator. Interested potential subjects will be asked to come to the laboratory facility and to bring a driver license or State photo identification following the script in Appendix G.

Interested volunteers will be screened and enrolled into the study based on one-on-one conversation held at the office of the Principal Investigator. The recruitment process will terminate when 48 subjects have been recruited for the study. If the entire primary call-in list has been exhausted and fewer than 48 subjects have been recruited, the secondary call-in list can be randomized and these individuals contacted for screening and possible recruitment.

A Spanish translator will be available at recruitment meetings to ensure communication with anyone preferring Spanish over English. The Principal Investigator will share information on the study design with interested participants, and provide them with copies of the IRB approved Informed Consent Form (Appendix B) and answer their questions. The Principal Investigator will describe the study to the individual in great detail and encourage each potential subject to ask questions and request clarification at any time during this process as well as in all activities that follow. The Principal Investigator will provide each potential subject with a copy of the product label (Appendix A) and MSDS (Appendix E) and answer any questions regarding the product to be tested. The Principal Investigator will go over the Inclusion and Exclusion Criteria (see 9.1.3 below) for the study and answer any questions that the potential subjects have. They will be provided with copies of the Informed Consent Form (Appendix B), the Subject Self-Reporting Demographic Form (Appendix D) and the State of California Department of Pesticide Regulation "Experimental Subject's Bill of Rights" (Appendix C) and encouraged to take them home with them to discuss with family and friends. The Principal Investigator will explain to potential subjects wishing to remain in consideration that they may withdraw from the research study at any time without penalty to their compensation. The Principal Investigator will then read the "Experimental Subject's Bill of Rights" to the potential subjects. The amount and form of compensation, the potential and discomforts risks and treatment compensation for injury will be more fully explained and potential subjects encouraged to ask questions. potential subjects do not have any questions and interested in participating in this research study, they will then be asked to sign the Informed Consent Form and then fill out the Subject Self-Reporting Demographic Form.

The Principal Investigator will check the potential subject's driver license or state-issued identification card to verify identity as required by California DPR, and review the package of information provided for completeness against the protocol's inclusion/exclusion criteria.

The Principal Investigator will retain the final right to refuse participation to any potential subject; however, following signing the informed consent form, any subject not actually monitored will be given the minimum compensation.

For female potential subjects, final eligibility for participation in the study will be determined on each study day following a pregnancy test.

9.1.3 Inclusion/Exclusion Criteria

Not all volunteers are eligible for participation in this study. The subjects will be asked to fill out a demographic questionnaire the results of which will be used to determine eligibility. In addition, the actual participation of female subjects will be conditional on the results of a pregnancy test taken on the day of scheduled monitoring.

Inclusion Criteria

- Males or females, 18 to 65 years of age
- In good health
- Willingness to sign the Informed Consent Form and Subject Self Reporting Demographic Form
- Speak and read English or Spanish
- Reside within Fresno County, California

Exclusion Criteria

- Skin conditions on the surface of the hands or face/neck (e.g., psoriasis, eczema, cuts or abrasions)
- Pregnancy, as shown by a urine pregnancy test
- Lactation
- Allergies to household chemical-based products, soaps or isopropyl alcohol
- Declines to sign the Informed Consent Form or the

Subject Self Reporting Demographic Form

- Does not read and understand English or Spanish
- Is less than 18 or more than 65 years old
- Is not in good health
- Severe respiratory disorders (e.g., moderate or severe asthma, emphysema)
- Cardiovascular disease (e.g., history of myocardial infarcts, stroke, congestive heart failure or uncontrolled high blood pressure)
- Is an employee of Golden Pacific Laboratories or Grayson Research, or is related by blood or marriage to personnel in either company.

9.2 Subject Identification Sequence Number (SISN)

Subjects enrolled into this study will be initially identified by the first and last name printed on the Informed Consent Form. Because the recruitment order was randomized, the final list of 48 enrolled subjects remains in random order. Each subject will then be assigned a unique study identification sequence number (SISN). The first sequential set of 16 SISNs will be assigned to the first monitoring site, the second sequential set of 16 will be assigned the second site, and the third sequential set of 16 will be assigned to the third site. Within each site, the first sequential group of eight subjects will be assigned to one of the two wiping application scenarios and the remaining eight subjects will be used for the other scenario.

Individual data, excluding the subject's name and address, will be entered in Golden Pacific Laboratories' computer data base by SISN. All subjects' names and personal identifiers provided will be kept confidential to ensure their privacy.

Records relating individual names to their SISN will be retained separately from the study file in an area clearly marked "CONFIDENTIAL". Golden Pacific Laboratories will retain subject's records indefinitely. Subjects may obtain copies of their own records from the Principal Investigator on request.

9.3 Compensation

Individuals that are not tested including anyone signing the informed consent form but not subsequently being monitored will be

compensated for their time and inconvenience at the rate of \$50 per day. This does not include those that meet with the Principal Investigator to discuss the study but do not volunteer. Subjects participating in a monitoring event (ME) will be compensated at \$100 for the single day that they are monitored. The values for compensation are based roughly on a day's wage of \$100 and represents potential lost time from secondary sources of employment, travel time and incidental expenses incurred in study participation. Compensation will be in the form of cash (U.S. currency) at the completion of participation.

9.4 Stop Criteria and Medical Management

It is not expected that test subjects will experience any adverse effects from participation in this study. In the unlikely event adverse effects are experienced, they will likely be related to skin reactions during or following the study, or heat stress during the study. The Principal Investigator will discuss the symptoms of heat stress and skin reactions with the subjects prior to participation in the study. Subjects will be instructed to inform the Principal Investigator or research staff immediately if they feel ill, suffer a skin reaction or experience any other unanticipated adverse effects they feel may be related to the study during or following conduct of the study.

If a subject reports an adverse skin reaction during the work period, they will be asked to immediately stop working. Research staff will then assist the subject in gently washing exposed skin with clean water and mild soap. After drying the area with a clean towel, the Principal Investigator will be contacted for further instructions.

The extra layer of clothing worn by subjects may increase the risk of heat-related illness. To minimize the possibility of heat stress, the study will be conducted indoors in an environment where the heat index (HI) is expected to be less than 85. Research personnel shall monitor the heat index, and stop subjects' work if the heat index exceeds 95. The SOP AEATF 11.B describes the procedure for identification and control of heat stress. The poster "Controlling Heat Stress Made Simple" will be posted at the field site.

In brief, researchers will observe subjects for possible signs of early heat illness such as fatigue, dizziness, irritability, or decreased concentration, especially if the worker has been working for a while. If these symptoms are observed, the subjects will be asked whether they would like to rest for a moment. If they answer affirmatively, they will stop working, be given their choice of water or a sports drink, and the Principal Investigator will be immediately contacted

for further medical management instructions. If they answer negatively, they will be permitted to continue working, and frequently thereafter asked whether they would like to rest for a moment. Any affirmative answer will be handled as described above.

If subjects develop visible signs or report symptoms of distress such as pronounced fatigue, headache, cramps, feeling faint, increased pulse, muscle spasms, heavy sweating (or dry skin if previously sweating), extreme thirst, or rapid breathing, the subjects will be asked to stop working immediately, and given their choice of water or a sports drink. The Principal Investigator will immediately be contacted for further medical management instructions. If the worker's condition appears to be serious, a member of the study team will call 911 and allow emergency medical personnel to respond and treat the subject.

Study personnel will be instructed to inform the Principal Investigator immediately of any skin reactions, heat stress, or other unanticipated adverse effects observed or reported during conduct of the study. The medical management procedures set forth in AEATF SOP # AEATF 11.C will be implemented for any instance where the subject's work is halted for medical reasons (other than solely because of a heat stress index above 95), and for any poststudy reports of illness, skin reactions or other unanticipated adverse effects. If two or more subjects withdraw or are withdrawn from the study for the same medical reasons, the study will be suspended until the cause of the withdrawal is fully investigated and If two or more subjects develop an adverse skin reaction after they leave the study site, all subjects will be contacted by the Principal Investigator to determine whether further medical management is appropriate.

The Principal Investigator will maintain a record of adverse health observations and reports, and follow Sponsor, IIRB, EPA and California DPR policies for medical event reporting. Sufficient personnel will be present at the study site to maintain an appropriate level of technical support, scientific supervision and observations relevant to the safety of test subjects.

10.0 STUDY PROCEDURES

Participation in the study will take about 4 to 6 hours on one day per person. During that time subjects will change into inner and outer dosimetry clothing for the test and get fitted with an air sampling pump and sampling train, then subjects will be asked to wipe a mixture of vertical and horizontal surfaces with a dilute solution of SANI-CARE LEMON QUAT for

30 to 120 minutes. Finally subjects will remove the dosimetry clothing with aid of the research team and change back into subjects' own clothes. Following is the sequence of events.

- 1. On the day of the study, subjects will go to the study location at the time subjects have been told, and meet the researchers.
- 2. If a subject is female and less than 50 years old, she will be taken to a private area and asked to take a urine pregnancy test using an over-the-counter pregnancy test kit. After the subject has taken the pregnancy test she will be asked if she still wants to participate in the study. If she declines, she will be paid for her inconvenience and will be free to go. If she wants to continue, a female member of the research team familiar with interpretation of the test will confirm the results of the pregnancy test. All results of the pregnancy test will be kept in confidence, they will not be recorded, and they will be discussed only with subjects.
- 3. The principal investigator and the research team will review with the subjects their role in the study, and subjects will have a chance to ask additional questions. Subjects will be reminded that they may withdraw at any time before or after the study begins, and that there will be no penalty of any kind to subjects if they decide to withdraw from the study.
- 4. When the subjects are ready, the subject will be directed to a mobile field unit containing the dressing area, field equipment and supplies. The mobile field unit is a 36 foot enclosed trailer containing one 8 ft x 10 ft room at the rear of the trailer, and one 26 x 8 ft room at the front of the trailer. Each room is accessed from a separate exterior door. The subject and one same sex researcher will enter the rear compartment where the subject will be assisted in removing his/her street clothing and donning the study dosimeters and air sampling pump. Subjects will remove their street clothes down to their underwear, and then put on cotton long underwear (long johns), followed by a long sleeved cotton shirt and long cotton pants. All clothing articles will be new and provided to subjects by the research team. Care will be taken to provide clothing of adequate fit. The inner dosimeter arm and pant cuffs should not extend beyond the outer dosimeter cuffs (wrists and ankles). Cut the large excess off the inner dosimeter pant legs and arms at the wrists so the inner dosimeter will not come out from underneath the outer dosimeter during the performance of the wiping activity. The outer dosimeter pant cuffs may be cut for proper fit. If cutting is necessary, cut the pants at a length so the cuffs do not drag on the floor nor will the worker's socks or inner dosimeter leg be exposed due to a short length. The outer dosimeter pants will not be tucked into the boots/shoes. The outer dosimeter shirt will be tucked

into the pants during the wiping activity. A secured locker or similar storage area will be provided for the subjects personal belongings during study participation. Study supplies, including dosimeters of various sizes will be available in the rear compartment to expedite the process and maintain the subject's privacy. The rear compartment is an air conditioned and heated space, with lighting, seating and work surfaces appropriate for the study activities. In the event the mobile field unit is unexpectedly not available, a separate dressing area which provides the same functionality, security and privacy will be provided.

- 5. Subjects will be given safety glasses, and must wear them while wiping the surfaces.
- 6. Before the test begins, subjects will wash their hands and face with lvory soap and water, and dry them thoroughly using paper towels.
- 7. An air sampling pump will be attached on a belt around subjects waist, and a flexible tubing with an air sampling tube will be connected from the air pump to subjects shirt collar. Full body front and back photographs will be taken at this time.
- 8. The air pump will be turned on, and subjects will put on their safety glasses. Subjects will be provided a trigger sprayer and wipes or ready to use wipes containing the already diluted SANI-CARE LEMON QUAT solution, and asked to start wiping the surfaces the way they normally do on the job. A researcher will observe each subject as they work, recording how long subjects work and how much surface area they wipe, and a designated photographer will take pictures or video.
- 9. Subjects will be provided either a trigger sprayer with fresh cleaning solution and wipes approximately every 10 minutes, or ready to use wipes approximately every 5 minutes, or more often if they ask for it. Used equipment will be saved and counted for each subject.
- 10. After subjects have been wiping for 30 minutes, the researcher will rinse subjects' hands with a solution of 50% IPA and water, and save the rinse solution for analysis only if the subject plans to eat during the break. Subjects will then have a 10-minute rest period. Subjects will not be permitted to smoke during this rest period, but may eat (but must wash their hands with Ivory soap and water before resuming work) and are encouraged to drink lots of fluids. A face wipe will not be collected before eating or drinking. Subject can rest more frequently upon request. Depending on which group subjects are assigned to they may be asked to continue wiping for up to 3 more 30 minute periods of wiping for a total of 120 minutes, each followed by a 10 minute break.

11. At conclusion of the monitoring period, the subject will return to the rear compartment of the trailer with a same sex researcher. Research personnel will wear disposable gloves when handling personal protective equipment (PPE) and exposure samples. Gloves will be changed after handling PPE and between collection of each sample type. Plastic sheeting will be used on seating surfaces, and paper sheeting used on counter and floor surfaces at conclusion of each monitoring period to minimize transfer of any residues to clean surfaces. The compartment will be cleaned with cleaning agents appropriate for the study between subjects.

Samples will be collected in this order as described in SOP AEATF II-10E to minimize cross contamination:

- a. The air sampling pump and the sampling tube will be removed and saved for analysis.
- b. The researcher will rinse subjects' hands with a solution of 50% IPA and water for the last time, and save the rinse solution.
- c. The researcher will wipe subjects face and neck with 50% IPA/water
 moistened pads, and save the pads for analysis.
- d. The researcher will help subjects take off the outer shirt and pants, and will save each garment for analysis.
- e. The researchers will help the subject remove shoes.
- f. The researcher will help subjects take off the long underwear, and will save it for analysis.
- g. When all samples have been collected, subjects will dress again in their street clothes.
- h. The principal investigator will check subjects' hands and face before they leave for redness or other signs of irritation. They will be paid for their time and inconvenience in cash, and will be free to go.

10.1 Preparation of Study Subjects for Exposure Monitoring

SOP's of the AEATF II and cooperating contractors will be used to prepare subjects for exposure monitoring. A brief explanation of the activities follows.

10.1.1 Inner and Outer Dosimeters

Subjects will be taken to a clean private room by same sex study personnel and given the proper size inner and outer dosimeters. If fit is not adequate, other size dosimetry clothing will be available to afford best fit.

The subjects will be asked to remove their street clothes down to their underwear and wear the outer dosimeter on top of the inner dosimeter. The inner dosimeter will consist of 100% cotton long underwear (long johns) provided by AEATF. The outer garments (long pants and long-sleeved shirts) will be cotton provided by the AEATF II and will be analyzed for DDAC. The inner dosimeter is designed to capture test substance that would normally contact the subject's skin and will act as a collection medium that will also be analyzed. The inner dosimeter will be kept slightly shorter than the outer dosimeter on the arms and legs, either by fit or by trimming to fit to avoid contamination. Both dosimeters will be worn throughout the period of monitoring and removed at the end of the work period, with the assistance of a same-sex member of the monitoring team.

10.1.2 Air Sampling Tubes

Suitable low-volume personal air-sampling pumps and an OVS tube with glass filter and XAD2 sorbent will be used. The air flow of the pump will be calibrated to a nominal sample flow rate of approximately 2L/min. This information will be recorded in the raw data records.

Before the work commences, the sampling pump will be attached to a belt around the waist of the subject to be monitored. Tygon® tubing (or equivalent) attached to the inlet valve of the pump will be placed over the shoulder of the subject and attached to the air-sampling tube. A clip will be used to attach the tube to the collar of the subject, thus positioning it in the breathing zone of the subject. The inlet of the air-sampling tube will be facing downward, similar to the nasal passage of a subject.

10.1.3 Hand/Face Wash

The subjects will be asked to wash their hands and face with Ivory soap and water followed by drying with a paper towel

just prior to the exposure-monitoring period.

10.1.4 Eye Wear

Subjects will be given and asked to wear product labelspecified protective eye wear.

10.2 Study Conduct

SOP's of the AEATF II and cooperating contractors will be used to document study conduct. A brief explanation of these activities follows.

The subjects will enter the area to be wiped. The air pump will be turned on immediately prior to the start of the monitoring period and will operate continuously until the end of the period. The subjects will be given either a trigger sprayer containing the diluted formulation and wipes or ready-to-use wipes.

Subjects will each wipe approximately 1,000 up to 4,000 ft² of horizontal and vertical surfaces according to label directions using either the trigger sprayer and wipes or the ready-to-use wipes. A new diluted solution-filled trigger sprayer and wipe will be provided to the volunteers approximately every 10 minutes or as necessary, or requested by the participant), whichever is shorter. Subjects will be provided with a ready-to-use wipe approximately every 5 minutes or as necessary, or requested by the participant, whichever is shorter. The use frequency of ready-to-use wipes is consistent with Antimicrobial Exposure Joint Venture data. This use information will be documented in the raw data. The time spent wiping will be documented for each volunteer. The amount of solution applied using the trigger sprayer and the number of wipes used with the trigger sprayer will be documented and verified by a second counting of the wipes and bottles saved from each subject. Following the count, the wipes will be discarded. Similarly, the number of ready-to-use wipes used by each volunteer will be documented. The surface area available for wiping will be marked in such a way as to provide an estimate of the surface area wiped by each volunteer at various time points during the monitoring period and the total area wiped at the end of the monitoring period.

10.2.1 Inhalation Exposure Sampling

Per SOP AEATF II-10G, prior to study start, each pump will be calibrated to a nominal sample flow rate of approximately 2 L/min and will operate for the duration of the exposure monitoring period. Flow rates will be measured before and after each exposure monitoring period and detailed records of flow rates and sampling durations will be maintained in the raw data records. Air pumps will not be turned off during breaks, and will remain on until the subjects' work duration is complete.

Detailed time logs will be maintained to allow the exposure period to be calculated as either the total time or the time actually spent in the work area (e.g., excluding time for breaks).

Periodically throughout the monitoring period, the pumps will be checked to ensure they are still running and the tubing checked to ensure that there are no kinks in it. Subjects will be instructed to inform a study team member if the pump fails to operate or the tubing becomes kinked.

Pumps and/or pump batteries which fail during the work activity will be replaced with another calibrated pump or a replacement battery, as appropriate. The sample train (OVS tube and connective tubing) will be retained and moved to the second pump if a replacement pump is necessary. At the conclusion of each exposure monitoring period, the final flow rate will be measured and recorded.

10.2.2 Calibration of Air Sampling Pumps

Air flow for air sampling pumps will be determined prior to sample collection and at the end of sampling per SOP AEATF II-10F and -10G.

10.2.3 Air Sampling for Ambient Pre-existing DDAC

Air samples will be collected from the facility for one hour prior to initiating wiping to determine background levels in air each day. Samples will be collected at a height of five feet in the subject dosimetry assembly room, and in the main area where the wiping will be conducted in duplicate.

10.2.4 Hand Wash Sampling During Study Conduct

A hand wash sample will be collected at the end of each 30 minutes of exposure using the method specified in SOP AEATF II-8B if the subject wants to eat. However, hand wash samples will not be collected if a subject interrupts his/her task for using the toilet or taking a break due to fatigue.

Interim hand wash samples will be numbered sequentially. All samples will be analyzed separately and the results will be added to generate one hand wash number. Face wipes will not be taken until the end of the monitoring interval. To prevent sample contamination, subjects will wash their hands with Ivory soap and water after eating.

Due to the need to provide rest breaks at a minimum of 30 minute intervals, the longer duration monitoring intervals (60, but especially 120 minutes) will unquestionably overestimate the contribution of hand exposure to total exposure if hand washes were collected every 30 minutes or more often if additional breaks are taken. The amount transferred to the hands with a continuing source of saturating exposure (e.g., a ready to use wipe) will come to equilibrium with the hand, but hand washes will be summed to indicate a cumulative increase in exposure with time. More discussion of this overestimation bias is presented in the Governing Document (AEATF, 2008a). In this study to avoid this bias, we are asking participants not to wash their hands prior to drinking a beverage or using the bathroom, but we are recommending that they wash their hands prior to eating.

10.2.5 Observations

Volunteers will be observed throughout the exposure monitoring period in accordance with SOP AEATF II-10C. All activities during the monitoring period, especially specific occurrences that may affect exposure will be documented. Work activities described in this protocol will be appropriately documented in the Observation Notes and a detailed time log maintained for all activities. A photographic record (digital photography and videography) will be taken of representative study-related activities during exposure. The study subjects will not be photographed at any time while changing into or out of the dosimetry clothing.

The amount of test substance used by applicators to wipe the surfaces for the trigger sprayer will be determined by weighing each test substance container prior to and after being used, and calculation and summing the difference. For the ready-to-use wipes, the total number of wipes will be documented.

10.2.6 Environmental Monitoring

Light level, air temperature, and relative humidity of the work area for the duration of exposure monitoring will be documented with automated instrumentation logging and recording at intervals appropriate for the duration of the work period. Monitoring equipment will be calibrated or standardized according to the cooperating contractors' SOPs. HVAC will be described in detail and the air turnover rate will be measured or estimated.

10.2.7 Field Study Personnel

The study team will be comprised of a sufficient number of people to conduct the following activities:

- 1. Assist with the donning and collection of all dosimeters in a time-efficient manner to minimize the time from completion of the work cycle to sampling.
- Calibrate air-sampling pumps and record ending flow rates.
- 3. Prepare trigger sprayer containing diluted formulation.
- 4. Observe and record all work practices and record site and treatment details.
- 5. Take a photographic record of representative study-related activities.
- 6. Observe and document operation and representative ouptput of application equipment.
- 7. Prepare field fortification samples.

10.3 Sample Collection

At the completion of the monitoring period, the subjects will be directed to a clean private area by a same sex researcher for removal and collection of exposure samples. Time elapsed between completion of wiping and start of sample collection will be noted and should not exceed the time allotted for breaks.

Sample collection, identification, storage, and transport will be performed in accordance with SOPs AEATF II-10E and -10B. A list of SOPs used in the study will be included in the raw data, and procedures not fully explained in SOPs will be documented in the raw data.

Exposure samples will be taken in the following order to minimize

cross contamination: inhalation samples, hand washes, face/neck wipes, and finally outer and inner dosimeters as described below. The samples will be collected by study personnel. New examination gloves will be used for each sample type. For all samples collected in glass jars, the jars will be placed into a re-sealable bag to protect the sample in case of jar breakage.

10.3.1 Inhalation Exposure Sampling

The OVS tube will be disconnected from the tubing leading to the pump per SOP AEATF II-8D. The OVS tube will be sealed at both ends, placed in a pre-labeled re-sealable bag, and placed in temporary frozen storage as soon as possible for transport to the analytical facility. Samples will then be maintained in frozen storage until analyzed.

10.3.2 Hand Wash

Hand exposure will be assessed by washing the subjects' hands with a 50% isopropyl alcohol / water solution according to a standardized washing procedure described in SOP AEATF II-8B. The high solubility of DDAC in both IPA and water indicates that this combination of solvents will provide excellent recovery of hand residues.

Hands will be washed with Ivory soap and water just prior to the exposure-monitoring period. If interim hand wash samples are collected (e.g., preceding a break for food consumption), the interim hand wash samples will be numbered sequentially. After the specified task is completed, one final hand wash will be collected from each subject. Following the final hand wash, the Principal Investigator will examine each subject's hands for irritation or redness. The post-activity hand wash sample for each monitoring event will be the final hand wash sample for the monitoring period and receive the final sequence number for the monitoring event. This sample will be clearly marked as the post-activity hand wash. All hand washes collected during and at the end of the work period will be treated as separate samples. Additional sample numbers will be generated for additional interim hand wash samples. All hand wash samples will be placed in prelabeled containers and placed in temporary frozen storage as soon as possible for transport to the analytical facility. Samples will then be maintained in frozen storage until analyzed.

10.3.3 Face/Neck Wipe

Face/neck exposure will be measured by wiping the exposed areas with two gauze pads that have each been wetted with a 50% isopropyl alcohol/water solution as described in the SOP AEATF II-8C.

After the wiping task is completed, a dermal face/neck wipe sample will be collected from each subject after the hand wash sample is collected and before removal of the whole body dosimeters. Face/neck wipe samples will be placed directly into pre-labeled glass jars. All glass jars will be placed in temporary frozen storage as soon as possible for transport to the analytical facility. Samples will then be maintained in frozen storage until analyzed.

10.3.4 Outer and Inner Dosimeter

The outer and inner layer of clothing (outer and inner dosimeter) will be removed with the assistance of a same sex member of the study team and sectioned into upper and lower arms, front and back torso, and upper and lower legs per SOP AEATF II-8G and -8A. The sections will be individually placed in pre-labeled glass jars and placed into temporary frozen storage as soon as possible for transport to the analytical facility. Samples will then be maintained in frozen storage until analyzed.

10.4 Field Recovery Evaluation

Full details regarding field recovery evaluation procedures for all sampling media are given in the most recent version of the SOPs of the AEATF II (8E). The SOP instructions for "spiking using vialed spikes" will be followed.

Sample matrix fortifications designed to assess the stability of the active ingredient under field, storage and transit conditions in or on the sampling materials (inner and outer dosimeters, hand wash solutions, face/neck wipes, and air sampling matrices) will take place on each day of the study. Field fortification solutions of the test substance diluted in water, or solutions of active ingredient in an appropriate solvent will be prepared and pre-measured into vials by the analytical laboratory and taken to the field site and to the study team for field recovery evaluation on all matrices except OVS tubes. The OVS tubes will be pre-spiked with the formulation at the analytical laboratory and kept frozen until their use in the field.

Storage conditions of the individual vials used for fortifications, and of the fortified OVS tubes, will be specified by the analytical laboratory and the actual storage details will be recorded in the study file. Any unused vials or unused fortified OVS tubes will be returned to the analytical laboratory.

With the exception of OVS tubes, the entire contents of the fortification suspension vials will be applied to the sampling media. Field fortifications will be conducted at the following levels during the study.

Matrix	Fortification Level
Air Sampling Tubes	40 ng/sample and 2.0 μg/sample
Hand Washes	8.0 and 400 ng/mL
Face/Neck Wipes	200 ng/sample and 10 μg/sample
Inner Dosimeter Section	12.0 μg/sample and 1.0 mg/sample
Outer Dosimeter Section	12.0 μg/sample and 1.0 mg/sample

On each study day when field fortifications are conducted, samples of each matrix will be fortified at the two levels shown above. The levels are based on expected exposure levels for the wiping tasks being monitored on that day.

For each matrix/level combination used during the study, three samples (i.e., triplicates) of that matrix will be fortified and analyzed.

After fortification, the inner and outer dosimeters and OVS tubes will be exposed to ambient conditions (i.e., weathered) for the longest expected exposure monitoring period (2 hrs) in a location away from possible contamination. Outer and inner dosimeters will be left uncovered per EPA suggestion. An air sampling system will be set up in the same manner as that of the workers, attached to the fortified OVS tubes in the field, and the pumps will be run during weathering.

Hand wash and face/neck wipe samples will be fortified and immediately placed in frozen storage without exposure to ambient conditions.

In addition, duplicate samples of the inner and outer dosimeters fortified in the field at the highest level, and duplicate OVS tubes fortified in the laboratory at the highest fortification level, will be processed for immediate frozen storage and used as travel spikes. Segments of inner dosimeter representing any body area may be used for fortification samples. These travel spikes will be analyzed only if deemed necessary by the Principal Investigator, for example to help determine the cause of unusually low field fortification recovery results.

Finally, two untreated control samples of each matrix will be processed similarly to the field fortification samples (i.e., some are weathered).

Packaging, storage and shipment of the field fortification samples will be the same as for the experimental exposure samples.

11.0 SAMPLE IDENTIFICATION, SHIPPING AND STORAGE

11.1 Sample Identification

Samples will be identified and tracked by unique sample numbers assigned by GPL consistent with SOP AEATF II-8F. For example for the identification number AEA02-WS-01-ID-LA:

AEA02 = Task Force Study Number

WS = Wipe Worker Sample

01 = Subject 1

ID = Inner Dosimeter

LA = Lower Arm

Additional designations are as follows:

OD = Outer Dosimeter

AR = Air Sampling Tube

FW = Face and Neck Wipe

HW = Hand Wash

DM = Diluted Material

RW = Ready to Use Wipe

Sample identification numbers are appended to this protocol (Appendix K). During the analytical phase of the study, the laboratory may assign its own sample numbers as long as the initially-assigned number is cross-referenced and included in the documentation of the sample.

11.2 Shipping

Samples will be transported from the exposure site to the analytical laboratory on dry ice by study personnel on the day of collection. A chain-of-custody record will be available for each sample.

11.3 Storage

All samples will be placed into frozen storage as soon as they are collected, until transported to the analytical laboratory. As soon as the samples arrive at the analytical laboratory, the samples will be stored in a freezer maintained at \leq -15°C until analyzed.

12.0 ANALYTICAL PROCEDURES

Experimental exposure and laboratory recovery samples will be analyzed according to the analytical methods specified in Section 12.2 of this protocol. The methodology has been validated for use in the relevant matrices.

12.1 Reference Substance and Internal Standard

12.1.1 Reference Substance

The reference substance for this study is the analytical standard used by the analytical laboratory to prepare analytical standard solutions.

Common Name: DDAC 7173-51-5 Purity: 80.9% Lonza Lot No.: D4223025

The Principal Investigator or an authorized representative will obtain analytical standard from the AEATF II. Receipt of the standard will be documented, including label identification, date of receipt, person receiving the standard, and the amount received. Preparation of all stock and serially diluted solutions will be documented.

The stability of the analytical standard(s) (reference substance) will be documented before the start of the study. Generally, AEATF II will rely on data supplied by the product registrant that were submitted to support the EPA registration of the technical grade active ingredient. An expiration date and recommended storage conditions will be based on the stability data to ensure the analytical standard strength does not change appreciably during conduct of the study.

GLP purity analysis (content of active ingredient in the reference substance) will be performed for each lot of

reference substance used in the study by the Sponsor prior to the start of sample analysis. Documentation of such analysis will be retained in the study raw data file.

Analytical standards are to be stored under the recommended conditions.

12.1.2 Internal Standard

The Internal Standard (IS), deuterated Didecyl Dimethyl Ammonium Iodide was prepared and supplied by Chemalong Laboratories, LLC (Lemont, IL).

Name: Deuterated (²H₃)-Didecyl Dimethyl Ammonium

lodide

CAS Number: Not Applicable
Lot Number: CA075901
Purity: >95%
Date Received: 06/02/05

Expiration Date: Will be documented in study data

The above substance will be used for the preparation of the internal standard solution. A copy of the Certificate of Analysis of the internal standard will be kept in the archives at GPL. The internal standard will be stored at room temperature.

12.2 Analytical Method

The analysis of DDAC in all matrices will be conducted at Golden Pacific Laboratories using HPLC/MS/MS. The HPLC/MS/MS methods have been validated by GPL and are extremely sensitive and selective, thus minimizing subjects' exposure with very low detection limits. The limit of quantitation (LOQ) for air sampling tubes, hand washes, and face and neck wipes are 10 ng, 2.0 ng/mL and 50 ng respectively. The LOQ for inner and outer dosimetry are 3.0 µg/sample. The method (GPL-MTH-052) includes the use of deuterated DDAC internal standard to increase accuracy and minimize suppression problems. The validated methods will be followed as rigidly as possible. No changes are permitted without prior approval of the Principal Investigator. All data will be measured against a standard curve (five point minimum, one of which will be at 50-70% of the LOQ concentration) that brackets the levels of the matrix spikes. A solvent blank of the standard solution will be injected prior to the standard solution for each run.

Each analytical set will include two laboratory fortified samples, a solvent blank and a control. The fortification levels will bracket the expected levels in the field sample.

The following GPL validated analytical method will be used:

GPL Analytical Method GPL-MTH-052 entitled, "Analytical Method for the Determination of Didecyl Dimethyl Ammonium Chloride (DDAC) in Dressing Sponges, Hand Washes, Cotton Inner and Outer Dosimeters, and Air-Sampling Tubes" (GPL, 2004).

All samples, except hand washes, will be extracted using 70% acetonitrile/30%water/0.016% formic acid, and an aliquot will be transferred to a chromatography vial and analyzed using HPLC/MS/MS. An aliquot of the hand wash sample will be transferred to a chromatography vial and analyzed using HPLC/MS/MS. Samples may require dilution using 70% acetonitrile/30% water/0.016% formic acid, to quantitate.

The filter, plus front and rear sorbent sections of the OVS tubes, (along with the retainer ring and sorbent section separators) will be analyzed together as one unit.

The inner dosimeters will be analyzed in accordance with SOP AEATFII-8A, which states that when the outer dosimeter is below the limit of quantification (<LOQ) the corresponding inner dosimeter will not be analyzed.

Equivalent instrumentation, apparatus, and reagents may be substituted for those specified in the method. All substitutions must be clearly documented in the raw data.

12.3 Storage Stability

A storage stability study to determine the stability of DDAC on the various matrices under freezer storage conditions has been conducted (GPL, 2005). DDAC was shown to be stable for 6 months on all matrices under freezer storage.

12.4 Sample Quantification

Chromatographic quantification (using HPLC/MS/MS) will be achieved using an internal standard and a standard curve obtained from peak areas of injections of several concentrations of standards. The standard curve will be a least squares fit unless otherwise approved by the AEATF II. Means and standard deviations

(arithmetic or geometric), and coefficients of variation may be calculated on the data generated.

12.5 Data Analysis

The AEATF II will not statistically analyze the monitoring data from either wiping application scenario in order to characterize exposure or investigate the relationship between exposure and other factors (e.g., room size, level of residual organic matter, environmental conditions including temperature, humidity, air turnover rate, etc.) However, regulators and other users of the constructed database (BHED) may choose to conduct such analyses. The extent of AEATF II's data analyses will be limited to the statistical characterization of data adequacy for inclusion in BHED scenario monographs. Two specific types of analyses will be performed (these analyses are discussed in more detail in the AEATF II's Governing Document (AEATF, 2008a):

- 1. Evaluation of benchmark adequacy. A confidence interval based approach will be used to determine the realized relative accuracy for the arithmetic mean and 95th percentile of exposure normalized by amount of ai handled.
- Cluster effects. The intraclass correlation for clusters (ICC) and its confidence interval will be estimated using a variance components model. In addition, the effects, if any, of ignoring clusters in the estimation of means and percentiles will be determined by comparing the estimates of a no-cluster model to those of the random effects model.

We note that the analysis in (1) above may suggest that the realized accuracy bounds differ from the benchmark targets to some extent. This does not invalidate the study since small deviations would be expected and are of little practical concern. However large deviations from the benchmark goals may affect the regulatory usefulness of the data. If large deviations from benchmark goals are observed the AEATF II will, in consultation with regulatory agencies, determine the best course of action to take. This may mean the development of guidance for the use of these data that takes the increased imprecision of the estimates into account. It is possible that collection of additional clusters might be considered.

13.0 STUDY RECORDS

13.1 Field Records

Raw data will be obtained to cover all aspects of the study, including but not limited to the following:

- 1. Test and reference substance lot numbers, receipt and storage location(s), use records;
- 2. Application equipment details;
- 3. Environmental conditions for the entire monitoring period;
- 4. Subjects' demographic information and consent forms;
- 5. Trial location maps, including description, dimensions, and locations of diluting concentrate;
- 6. Measurement of active ingredient handled, time exposed and/or volume of liquid applied;
- 7. Dermal exposure sampling information;
- 8. Inhalation exposure sampling information, including pump identification, calibration, flow rates and times of sampling;
- 9. Test and reference substance, and sample storage temperature records;
- 10. Observations on work practices; including photographs and videography;
- 11. Sample information (including inventory, chain of custody);

Field raw data will be recorded directly into a raw data file customized for use in the study. Following the field phase, all data generated during this study will be kept at GPL in files bearing the study number until transferred to a permanent location selected by the Sponsor. Study subject personal information will be kept in a separate location and will be marked confidential.

13.2 Analytical Records

All study-specific original documents and data generated in the course of this study, including but not limited to the following, will be maintained and turned over to the AEATF II when requested, or at the completion of the study.

- 1. Analytical worksheets, chromatograms, methods, residue calculation sheets and other pertinent analytical data.
- 2. Laboratory notebooks or bench sheets used to record details of the analyses.

- 3. Chromatograms and/or machine-generated analysis reports and data
- 4. Spreadsheets and other calculated data.
- 5. Chain of custody records.

In addition to the above study-specific raw data, the following records must also be kept, and true copies submitted with the raw data:

- a. Storage conditions for reference substances and samples;
- b. Reference substance use log;
- c. Communications logs or records.

13.3 Communication with IRB

Prior to conducting studies involving human subjects, written approval from an IRB will be obtained. The package of information that will be submitted to the IRB includes a supplemental document regarding the study design and justification for duration of task and area treated (AEATF, 2008b), the Informed Consent Form (Appendix B), the Experimental Subject's Bill of Right (Appendix C), the Subject Self-Reporting Demographic Form (Appendix D), a copy of the product label (Appendix A) and test substance MSDS (Appendix E), as well as all recruiting materials, such as flyers (Appendix F), interview scripts (Appendix G), and an executive summary of EPA's REDs for ADBAC and DDAC summarizing their risk assessment conclusions (Appendix K). Following submission of the package of information to the IRB for review, all correspondence with the IRB, including any requests for changes in the protocol, informed consent and recruitment materials will be documented and saved. All correspondence with the IRB, all intermediate drafts as well as the final approved ICF will accompany the study protocol when it is submitted to the EPA for review, before initiation of the study. Following approval of the protocol by the EPA, any additional communication with the IRB will be submitted to the EPA with the final report.

Since this study will be conducted in the state of California, changes requested by California DPR will be implemented and will also be documented. The study will not be initiated prior to receiving approval from the EPA and California DPR.

All study-specific documents, including correspondence and changes in the protocol, and Informed Consent Form generated in the course of this study will be maintained in the raw data.

14.0 STUDY LOCATIONS

The field study locations will be in Fresno County, CA. Full details of the location will be recorded in the study files. Given the transient nature of availability of vacant commercial real estate, the study location will not be known until a few weeks before study initiation. Criteria for identifying commercial buildings are discussed in the rationale for study design document (AEATF, 2008b) and in Section 8.2 above.

The analytical location is at 4720 W. Jennifer Ave., Suite 105, Fresno, CA. The analytical location will be within 30 miles from the field location.

15.0 DATA HANDLING

15.1 Communication of Results

Results will be communicated from the Principal Investigator to the Sponsor's representative or designated AEATF II Study Monitors on a regular and timely schedule.

15.2 Statistical Methods

Proposed calculations are limited to the calculations specified in Section 12.4 and 12.5.

16.0 QUALITY ASSURANCE

This study will be conducted according to FIFRA GLP Standards (40 CFR 160). The field site as well as the analytical facility will be inspected by the QAU. The QAU will report to the company Vice President (Robert Testman). The QAU will review the protocol prior to study initiation. Different phases of the field study and the exposure matrix analyses will be inspected. Field and analytical data generated will be audited as the study progresses. The final report will be audited for completeness and accuracy. A QAU statement will address non-compliance issues, if any. The QA Statement lists dates of inspections, what was inspected and when inspection reports were communicated. A Statement of GLP Compliance will certify the study was/was not conducted in compliance with GLP and, if not, how it differed (i.e., the GLP deviations). Results of the audit will be transmitted to both the Principal Investigator and the Sponsor's Representative. QAU organization and responsibilities are summarized in SOPs AEATF II-5A-5K, inclusive.

17.0 SAMPLE RETENTION

All sample extracts, extracted sample matrices, and analytical standards will be retained until the Principal Investigator and Sponsor's Representative determine they are no longer useful. These materials are the property of the AEATF II and will be stored or disposed of in a safe and lawful manner by the appropriate authorized personnel with the approval of AEATF II.

18.0 FINAL STUDY REPORT

One report will be written summarizing the entire study. A final report will be prepared by the Principal Investigator. The original signed copy of the final study report will be maintained at Golden Pacific Laboratories, LLC until the Sponsor requests that the report be transferred to another facility.

The report must contain, but is not limited to containing the following:

- 1. Identification of the location of the study, and the general environmental conditions during the exposure monitoring period(s).
- 2. A record of the mixing/loading of concentrate by research staff, and application, including a description of the subjects and their activities.
- 3. A summary of subject observations identifying any specific occurrences that may contribute to unusual subject exposure.
- 4. A detailed summary of the amount of test substance applied for each subject.
- 5. A detailed summary of the length of time each subject was monitored.
- 6. A complete description of collection, handling and storage of field samples.
- 7. Results of analysis.
- 8. A detailed description of the methods.
- 9. Example calculations.
- 10. A summary of the recovery data.
- 11. Representative chromatograms of control, treated, fortified samples and calibration standards.
- 12. A typical standard curve.
- 13. Statistical analysis plan for the data generated.
- 14. The signed protocol, including all amendments and deviations.
- 15. The signed study report in 86-5 format.
- 16. All correspondence between the IRB and Principal Investigator, including information sent to the IRB to support the protocol.
- 17. A copy of the IRB approval letter and a copy of the approved Informed Consent Form.

- 18. Minutes of IRB meetings, showing attendance and vote.
- 19. Any adverse findings and the nature and magnitude of every event.
- 20. All correspondence with Cal DPR regarding Section 6710.

19.0 PROTOCOL CHANGES

<u>All</u> protocol changes (amendments and deviations) shall be reported to the IIRB in writing by letter, fax or email. The Principal Investigator shall follow written instructions provided by the IIRB for prompt reporting to the IIRB, appropriate institutional officials, and the EPA of unanticipated problems involving risks to human subjects or others. The Principal Investigator shall also follow the protocol change notification and approval policies, if any, of all other agencies or boards whose notification and prior approval of the study was required.

19.1 Amendments

Proposed changes (amendments) deemed necessary to eliminate apparent immediate hazards to the human subjects may be implemented without prior IIRB approval. All other amendments must be reviewed and approved by the IIRB prior to implementation or as specifically instructed by IIRB policy in this regard. Approval will be granted in accordance with IIRB policy and procedures, and may be granted by telephone provided it is documented in writing in the study raw data. The IIRB may provide expedited review of minor changes as defined by 40 CFR Part 26.1110 at its discretion.

19.2 Deviations

Unplanned changes (deviations) which occur during conduct of the study cannot, by definition, be reviewed and approved by the IIRB prior to implementation. Deviations will be reported in writing by letter, fax or email as soon as possible following the change.

20.0 PERSONNEL

20.1 Study Director (Principal Investigator)

Sami Selim, Ph.D. Golden Pacific Laboratories, L.L.C. 4720 W. Jennifer Avenue, Suite 105 Fresno, California 93722 Telephone: (559) 275-9091 Fax: (559) 275-1810

E-mail: sselim@gplabs.com

20.2 Study Sponsor Representative

William McCormick Clorox Product Services Co. 7200 Johnson Dr. Pleasanton, CA 94588 Phone: (925) 425-4338

20.3 Quality Assurance Unit

Anantdeep K. Kang Golden Pacific Laboratories, L.L.C. 4720 W. Jennifer Avenue, Suite 105 Fresno, California 93722 Telephone: (559) 275 -9091 Fax: (559) 275-1810

20.4 Field Coordinator

Tami I. Belcher Grayson Research 211 N. Main Street Creedmoor, NC 27522 Phone: (919) 528-5508

20.5 Analytical Coordinator

Megan Boatwright Golden Pacific Laboratories, L.L.C. 4720 W. Jennifer Avenue, Suite 105 Fresno, California 93722 Telephone: (559) 275-9091

21.0 PROTOCOL APPROVAL

William McCormick Sponsor's Representative	Date
Sami Selim, Ph.D. Study Director/ Principal Investigator Golden Pacific Laboratories, LLC	Date
Megan T. Boatwright Analytical Coordinator Golden Pacific Laboratories, LLC	Date
Tami I. Belcher Field Coordinator Grayson Research, LLC.	Date
Anantdeep K. Kang Quality Assurance Golden Pacific Laboratories, LLC	Date

REFERENCES

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AEATF II (Antimicrobial Exposure Assessment Task Force II). Wiping Application Scenarios: Rationale for Study Design. 2008b. American Chemistry Council, Arlington, VA.

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EPA 2006b. Didecyl Dimethyl Ammonium Chloride (DDAC): Occupational and Residential Exposure Assessment for the Re-registration Eligibility Decision Document. (DP Barcode 323309), April 18, 2006, US EPA, Office of Pesticide Programs.

GPL (Golden Pacific Laboratories) 2004. Validation of Method GPL-MTH-052: Analytical Method for the Determination of Didecyl Dimethyl Ammonium Chloride (DDAC) in Dressing Sponges, Hand Washes, Cotton Inner and Outer Dosimeters, and Air Sampling Tubes

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APPENDIX A LABEL FOR PRODUCT TO BE USED IN STUDY

AEATF II Project ID: AEA02

Label for Product to be used in Study

PELIGRO: SI NO SABE LEEK INGLÉS, PREGUNTE A SU SUPERVISON SOBRE LAS NSTRUCCIONES SOBRE EL USO APROPADO ANTES DE TRABAJAR CON ESTE PRODUCTO.

DILUTION 1:84 2 OUNCES PER GALLON OF WATER (680 ppm quat)

Recommended for use in hospitals, nursing homes, schools, coleges, commercial and inclusivation intrinsical modes buildings, wherefirst prices, animal lise seaves electronicas, and shops, past stops, suiports, kennels, hotels, modes, breading establishments and grooming establishments. Districts, cleans, and goodordzes the following hard, nonprorus, inanimatic surfaces: floors, walk, (non-medical) matta surfaces, (non-medical) statises steels surfaces, glazod provisiting listities steels surfaces.

It is a violation of Fodoral law to use this product in a namon' inconsident with its labeling. This product is not to be used as a familiant stellandshipf—her distributed than year states on inschromora than 17 is innectional dismay from the human brok, wither into or in contact with the beds and product and to the season of contacts the blood barrier or observable with the brokers and contact with the product or opportunity of the body of 15 contacts intent mouse becards the brokers and on what does not outcome that a blood barrier or observable enter incomely stella areas but what does not outcomely prevented the blood barrier or observable enter incomely stella areas but what does not outcought were surface with a use-solution on the body 20 counces of the concentration of the body. This product in make a bruse substance of the body of 20 counces of the concentration of the body of 15 counces in the brown of where I'm use scalledor. We such a second to the body of the surface with a bruse scalledor can be applicated by the second or where the surface in but in brought were suffered with a bruse scalledor can be applicated by the such as a progression of the body of the antinum of the surface in but the such as a progression of the body of the antinum of the such as a progression of the body of the antinum of the surface in but the surface of the surface of the surface in but the body of the surface in but the surface of the surface of the surface in the surface i

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In Alkyl (c., 50%, C., 10%)
Grinethyl barzyl ammonium chlorido.
INGREDIENTS:
TOTAL.

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN DANGER (See side pand for Precaulionary Statements and First Alg) EPA Rog. No. 47371-131-558 EPA Fat. No. 559-MO-1 NET CONTENTS Buckeye International, Inc. 2700 Wagner Place • Maryland Heights • MO 63043 • USA • (314) 291-1900

during docontamination procedures.

Cleaning Procedures: Bloodbody fluids must be throughly cleaned from sun-increduces before application of distributed.

Contact Time: Vivo. (AIDS) vivus is machanism and even of a minutes at 25°U (7°F) (room temperature). Hely and HCV are inscribened after a 10 minute contact time. Use a 10-minute contact time for other viruses, fungi, and bacteria listed.

Disposal of infectious Materials: Bloodbody fluids should be suthchaved and disposed of according to federal, siste and local regulations for infectious vestel disposed.

PRECALITIONARY STATEMENTS

HAZARDS TO KUMANSAND DOMESTICANIMALS

DANGER. CORDING. CONTROL ON DOMESTICANIMALS

GOTHIG. Wear protective operator (recipile) cay of during. We are protective operator (recipile) one during. Control with supervised to the protective operator with the skin, llemitul if inhaled. Avoid breathing spray mist. Weart thoroughly with supe and water after handling. Remove contaminated clothing and wash clothing before reuse. FIRST AID

irraing eye. If ON SKIN ON CLOTHING: Take off conteminated clothing. Rinse skin immediately skin henry of water for 15-20 minutes, asiely with peny of water for 15-20 minutes. If porzon is not breathing, call 911 or an umbulance, then give artificial respiration, proforably mouth to mouth if possible. IF IN EYES: Hold eye open and rinee slowly and gently with water for at least 15-20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, If present, aftor the first 5 minutes, then continue

Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice. Have the product control center or doctor or going for treatment or doctor or going for treatment.

NOTE TO PHYSICIAN:
Probable mucosal damago may contraindicate the use of gestric lavage.

Solution only, call 800-903-0441. Outside Nenth America call 651 632-803-804.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

Do not discharge effluent commitment in the lakes, streams, ponds, eatuaries, oceans, or other waters unitess in accordance with the requirements of a
National Poliulant Discharge Elimination System (NPCES) permit and the permitting
sulfning has been notified in writing prior to discharge. Do not discharge effluent
containing this product to serve epstems wilbout unevbualty notifying the local seeage treatment plant authority. For guidance contact your State Water Board or
Regional Office of the I-Pa.

Do not contaminate water, food, or food by stronge or disposal.

PESTICIDE STORAGE
Keep product under locked atorage, inaccessible to children. Opon dumping it
prohibited. Do not rouso omg/ contained to the pestilicity or pestilicity of the prohibited.

Pesticide wastes are acutely hazardous. Improper disposal of excess pesticide spray mixture or finished is a Volation of feederal, Lew. If these wastes cannot by aspray mixture or finished is a Volation of feederal, Lew. If these wastes exceeding to label instruction, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency or the Hazardous Waste representative at line mean est FPA Regional Office for guidance. Control Reports of pulsance.

PLASTIC CONTAINERS

Tiple Infrast (or equivalent), than offer for recycling or reconditioning, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or incinenta, or if allowed by state and local author-filled bruns. If burned, stay out of smoke.
Filled DRUNS WITH LARGE of stay out of smoke.
Complement empty linco by shaking and tapping sides and bottom to loosen clinging particles. Finity resident into application ediploment, there dispose of liner in a sanitary landfill or by inchineration if allowed by state and local authorities. If drum is conflaminated and cannot be reused, dispose of in the same manner.

APPENDIX B

INFORMED CONSENT FORM

INFORMED CONSENT FORM

(5/21/07)

Title:

A Study For Measurement of Potential Dermal and Inhalation Exposure During Application of a Liquid Antimicrobial Pesticide Product Using Trigger Spray or Ready to Use Wipes Cleaning Indoor Surfaces. Study Number (05-0204).

Principal Investigator:

Sami Selim, Ph.D.

Golden Pacific Laboratories, LLC.

4720 W. Jennifer Suite 105

Fresno, CA 93722 Phone: 559-275-9091

Field Coordinator:

Tami I. Belcher

Grayson Research, LLC.

211 N Main Street Creedmoor, NC 27522 Phone: 919-528-5508

Field Locations:

3 Sites in Fresno County, CA

Sponsor:

Antimicrobial Exposure Assessment

Task Force II (AEATF II).

24-Hour Phone Number:

559-447-5364 (Sami Selim)

You are being asked to participate in a research study. Your participation is voluntary. This Informed Consent Form explains the study.

You may take a copy of this form home to think about and discuss with friends or family before you decide whether you want to participate. If you have any questions, or if you do not understand anything in this form, please ask Dr. Selim, the Principal Investigator, to explain. If you would prefer to discuss participation in either English or Spanish, please ask. This form is available in either English or Spanish, and we can explain the study to you in either language. A translator who can help you understand the research is available as well.

Purpose of this Study

Golden Pacific Laboratories is doing this research to find out how much wipe solution may reach your skin when you wipe indoor surfaces. We will measure how much of the wipe solution gets on the clothing you wear during the study, on your hands, face and neck, and how much is in the air you breathe while you wipe indoor surfaces.

The study is being paid for by the Antimicrobial Exposure Assessment Task Force II (AEATF II), a group of companies that make antimicrobial cleaning products. These products kill germs on indoor surfaces, and are currently approved by the US Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) as pesticides.

Sami Selim, Ph.D., of Golden Pacific Laboratories is the Principal Investigator in charge of the study. Tami I. Belcher of Grayson Research is the Field Coordinator.

Test Product

The material being tested in this study is a pesticide called SANI-CARE LEMON QUAT, a commercial cleaning product used to clean hard surfaces like floors, walls, and stainless steel. This product is recommended for use in offices and commercial and institutional buildings, such as hospitals, schools, and hotels.

SANI-CARE LEMON QUAT contains two active chemicals: didecyl dimethyl- and n-alkyl dimethyl benzyl- ammonium chlorides, which kill germs. SANI-CARE LEMON QUAT is a strong concentrate, and in this study it will be mixed with water to make the wiping solution before you use it.

Subject Selection

People who take part in this research must be healthy adults, between the ages of 18 and 65, who read and speak English or Spanish. They must have experience doing janitorial work; and must be interested in participating in this study and willing to sign a consent form, a form with your personal information and follow the directions of the investigators.

You will not be able to participate in this research; if you are related by blood or marriage to employees of Golden Pacific Laboratories or Grayson Research; if you are pregnant or breast-feeding; if you aren't able to wipe walls and table tops for 30 minutes at a time between breaks; if you've had allergic reactions to soap, rubbing alcohol, or other cleaning products; if you have sores on your skin; if you are taking medicines that might react with the test product; or if you have heart or breathing problems.

Forty eight (48) people will participate in this study. A few more people will be enrolled than are needed, in case anyone is unexpectedly unable to participate on the day of the test.

The research will be conducted at three different vacant commercial buildings on different days. Twelve people and four alternates will be asked to participate at each building. You can participate only once, but if you are the alternate and are not selected, you may be able to participate fully on another day.

Study Enrollment

Before you can be enrolled in this study, you will come to the offices of Golden Pacific Laboratories at 4720 W. Jennifer Ave., Suite 105, in Fresno, to meet with the Principal Investigator, Dr. Selim. He will answer all your questions regarding the study, and will tell you more about what to expect while participating and what is expected of you. This first visit will take about one hour.

If you meet all eligibility requirements and decide you want to participate in the study, we will ask you to sign this Informed Consent Form and provide some information about your work experience and your general health. We'll ask you for your name and age, about your experience wiping surfaces to clean them, and about your previous use of antimicrobial or pesticide products. We will measure your height and weight, and we will ask you for your clothing sizes.

If you are accepted as a participant we will ask you to report to one of the three field study locations at a certain day and time, and we'll give you a map with directions to the study location.

We will call you the day before your scheduled test day to confirm your availability. We'll also ask you to be sure to take a shower or a bath before coming to the study location.

Study Procedures

The study itself will take about 4 to 6 hours on one day. During that time you will change into special clothing for the test and get fitted with a device to sample the air you breathe, then you'll be asked to wipe a mixture of walls and table tops with a dilute solution of SANI-CARE LEMON QUAT for 30 to 120 minutes, and finally you'll give the special clothing to the research team and change back into your own clothes. Here's exactly what will happen on the study day.

- 1. On the day of the study you will go to the study location at the time you've been told, and meet the researchers.
- If you are female and less than 50 years old, you will be taken to a private area and asked to take a urine pregnancy test using an over-the-counter

pregnancy test kit. After you've taken the pregnancy test you will be asked if you still want to participate in the test. If you say no, you will be paid for your inconvenience and will be free to go. If you say yes, a female member of the research team will double-check the results of the pregnancy test. All results of the pregnancy test will be kept in confidence, they will not be recorded, and they will be discussed only with you.

- 3. Dr. Selim and the research team will review with you and the other participants what will happen, and you will have a chance to ask additional questions. We will remind you that you may change your mind about participating at any time—before or after the study begins. All you need to do is tell us that you want to withdraw from the study. There will be no penalty of any kind to you if you decide to withdraw from the study.
- 4. A same-sex member of the research team will show you to a clean, private changing area and help you get ready for the study. We will ask you to take off your street clothes down to your underwear, and then to put on cotton long underwear (long johns), and a long sleeved cotton shirt and long cotton pants. All these clothes will be provided to you. The technician may have to trim the sleeves and trousers of the long underwear so it doesn't stick out. Your street clothes and valuables will be placed in a locked storage area, and you will be given the key to keep with you.
- 5. You will be given safety glasses, and you must wear them while you are wiping the surfaces.
- 6. Before the test begins, you will wash your hands and face with Ivory soap and water, and dry them thoroughly using paper towels.
- 7. We will attach a small air sampling pump on a belt around your waist, and attach a small tube connected to the air pump to your shirt collar. This will sample the air you breathe while you're wiping. The pump is small and light—about the size of a portable radio.
- 8. We will turn on the air pump, and you will put on your safety glasses. We will give you a trigger sprayer and wipes or ready to use wipes containing the already diluted SANI-CARE LEMON QUAT solution, and ask you to start wiping the surfaces the way you normally do on your job. A researcher will watch you as you work, keeping track of how long you work and how much surfaces you wipe, and will take pictures or video.
- We will give you either a trigger sprayer with fresh cleaning solution and wipes every 10 minutes, or ready to use wipes every 5 minutes, or more often if you ask for it.

- 10. After you've been wiping for 30 minutes, the researcher will rinse your hands with a solution of rubbing alcohol and water, and save the rinse solution for analysis only if you plan to eat during the break. You will then have a 10-minute rest period. You will not be permitted to smoke during this rest period, but you may eat (if you wash your hands with Ivory soap and water following eating) and are encouraged to drink lots of fluids. You can rest more often if you need. Depending on which group you are assigned to, you may be asked to continue wiping for up to 3 more 30 minute periods of wiping, for a total of 120 minutes, each followed by a 10 minute break.
- 11. When you finish wiping, a researcher of your own sex will take you back to the changing area to collect additional samples and remove the special underwear and other clothing. Samples will be collected in this order:
 - a. The air sampling pump and the sampling tube will be removed and saved for analysis.
 - b. The researcher will rinse your hands with a solution of rubbing alcohol and water for the last time, and save the rinse solution.
 - c. The researcher will wipe your face and neck with rubbing alcohol with water moistened pads, to collect any of the wipe solution that might be on your skin, and save the pads for analysis.
 - d. The researcher will help you take off the outer shirt and pants, and will save each garment for analysis.
 - e. The researcher will help you take off the long underwear, and will save it for analysis.
 - f. When all samples have been collected, you will dress again in your street clothes.
 - g. Dr. Selim will check your hands and face before you leave for redness or other signs of irritation. You will be paid for you time and trouble in cash, and will be free to go.

Risks

Potential risks to you in this study are of several different kinds:

 Risk of a reaction to the test material. EPA requires that the label for the <u>concentrated</u> SANI-CARE LEMON QUAT product bear the signal word "Danger." Direct contact with the concentrated product could damage your

eyes permanently, could irritate your skin, and could harm you if you breathe it in. But in this research you will never handle the concentrated product, since it will already be mixed with water in the sprayer or wipes that are provided to you. You will also be wearing safety glasses to keep the wiping solution out of your eyes, and long sleeves and pants to keep it off your skin. It isn't expected, but you might possibly have an allergic reaction to the wiping solution, or it might interact with medicines you are taking. If you have had an allergic reaction to a cleaning product before, or if you are taking medicine, be sure to tell the researchers before you sign this form. The risk of a reaction to the test material is low, but if you do notice any redness or itching or other discomfort, or if you think you may have gotten some of the wiping solution in your eye, stop wiping immediately and tell a researcher. A copy of the product label and the Material Safety Data Sheet (MSDS) for SANI-CARE LEMON QUAT will be given to you for reference. A person will be available to help explain these documents to you (in either English or Spanish) and to answer any questions you may have.

- Risk of over-exertion and stroke or heart attack. Wiping continually for 30 minutes is hard physical labor. If you are not in good physical condition, this much work may be dangerous to your health.
- Risk of discomfort. The air pump you will be wearing on your belt and the air hose used to sample the air you breathe may be awkward or uncomfortable for you. Wearing two layers of clothing may also be uncomfortable.
- Risk of stinging from alcohol wash and wipes. The diluted rubbing alcohol
 used to rinse your hands and wipe your face and neck may sting, if you
 have any cuts or abrasions on your hands or face.
- Because you'll be wearing two complete layers of clothing there is a small
 possibility that you might experience heat stress. The researchers will
 monitor the temperature and humidity at the test location, and will stop the
 study if it gets too hot to be safe. If you feel at all faint or overheated, or
 are sweating heavily, stop wiping and tell a member of the research team
 immediately.
- Risk of embarrassment. You may find it embarrassing to have a
 researcher present with you while you change clothes. This is necessary
 to make sure the special underwear fits properly, and that it and the outer
 clothing doesn't get dirty when the test is over. The researcher who helps
 you will be of your own sex, and will be the only other person with you.
 You will be wearing your own underwear all the time.

 If you are a female, you might be surprised to learn the results of the required pregnancy test on the day of the research. No-one but you and one female researcher will know those results, and they will not be recorded.

Pregnancy Risks

We don't know the risks to the unborn from exposure to SANI-CARE LEMON QUAT, so it is important that you do NOT participate in this study if you are pregnant. That's why on the day of the test all female volunteers under 50 will be given a pregnancy test kit like ones you can buy at the drug store. A female researcher will be able to explain how to use it and answer questions. After you give yourself the test, we'll ask you if you want to continue in the study or withdraw; if you decide to withdraw, you won't be asked why. You'll be paid for the inconvenience of coming to the test location, and then you'll be free to go. If you want to continue in the study, a female researcher trained to understand the results of this pregnancy test will check the results with you privately. No-one but you and she will see the results, and they will not be recorded.

Unknown/Unforeseeable Risks

In addition to the risks listed above, there may be some other unknown or unforeseen risks associated with the use of this pesticide, including the possibility of an allergic reaction or interaction with a medication.

Research-Related Injuries

If you are injured as a result of being in this study, medical treatment will be available from a near-by health care facility that knows about this study. The people who are paying for this study will pay any costs of your medical treatment that are not covered by your own insurance or by a third party. If necessary, Golden Pacific Laboratories will transport you to receive medical attention and pay costs associated with reasonable and appropriate treatment for any injuries you get as a result of participating in this study. For more information, or if you think you may have been injured during the research, call Dr. Selim at Golden Pacific Laboratories (559 275-9091).

Alternatives to Participation

If you decide to participate in this study it will be because you want to. There will be no direct benefit to you if you do decide to participate, and no harm to you if you decide not to. The choice is up to you.

Benefits

There are no direct benefits to you from your participation. Because what we learn from this study will be used to make sure cleaning products like SANI-CARE LEMON QUAT can be used safely, you and other people who do janitorial work may benefit indirectly from the research. You may benefit if you request results from this study that let you know how your exposure compared to other workers doing your job. The people who are paying for the study will also benefit, since they need to do this study to be able to keep their cleaning products on the market.

Questions about this Study

If you have questions, you can ask them at any time—before, during, or after the study. If you have any questions or problems during the study, ask Dr. Selim or any other member of the research team.

As a research volunteer, you have rights. They are spelled out in the attached "Research Subject's Bill of Rights." If you have any questions about your rights as a research volunteer, call Kim Lerner, Chairman of the Independent Investigational Review Board, Inc. toll free at (877-888-4472) during regular working hours. The Independent Investigational Review Board is a committee established to protect the rights of research volunteers. The Independent Investigational Review Board has reviewed and approved the plans for this study and this informed consent document.

Costs and Reimbursement

There will be no cost to you to participate in this study. If you are selected to participate in the study, you will receive \$100 in cash at the end of the day of the study, or whenever you withdraw. If you are designated as an alternate subject, you will receive a payment of \$50 in cash for your inconvenience in coming to the study location.

Confidentiality

Each volunteer will be assigned an identification number, and all research data will be recorded under that number. All analysis and reporting will be done using data identified only by the identification number. Your name will appear only in the field raw data, and there only once. The document linking your name to the identification number will be stored separately, in a locked cabinet, away from all other study data. You will not be identified by name or any other personal identifier in any reports of this study.

Golden Pacific Laboratories will retain the records of this study indefinitely. You may obtain a copy of your own records by asking Dr. Selim for it. Representatives

from the Sponsor (AEATF II), the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA), the California Department of Pesticide Regulation, and the Independent Investigational Review Board, Inc., may have access to all non-personal information collected in this study. Because information from this study may be released to these parties, absolute confidentiality cannot be quaranteed.

Right to Withdraw

You are free to withdraw from this study at any time, for any reason. Simply tell Dr. Selim or another member of the research team if you wish to withdraw. Your decision not to participate in this study or to withdraw from this study will not affect your future medical care and will involve no penalty or loss of benefits to which you are otherwise entitled.

Removal from Study

Dr. Selim, the Principal Investigator in charge of this study, can remove you from this study without your consent. He might do this if, for example:

- He thinks staying in the study could put you at risk,
- You fail to follow the instructions of the researchers.
- The temperature and humidity at the test site get so high it would be dangerous to continue the test, or
- The study is stopped for other reasons.

If you are removed from the study, or if the entire study is stopped, you are still entitled to compensation for your time and inconvenience.

Consent and Signature

I have read this Informed Consent Form in [English/Spanish]. I have received satisfactory answers to all of my questions. I voluntarily consent to take part in this study as a research subject. I do not waive any legal rights by signing this Informed Consent Form. I shall receive a copy of this form with all signatures.

Date/Time:	
	Subject's Signature
	Subject's Name (Print)
This Informed Consent Formy presence. I have faith the answers provided by	ersion of the IC document only, but in English] orm has been explained to the volunteer named above in fully translated all questions from the volunteer and all the researchers. I believe the volunteer understands the y and voluntarily agreed to participate in the research.
Date/Time:	
	Translator's Signature
•	Translator's Name (Print)
and answered all his/he volunteer understands th happen on the day of the any reason. I have don	ormed Consent Form with the volunteer named above, or questions. I have made every effort to ensure the e purpose, risks and benefits of the research, what will test, and his/her freedom to withdraw at any time and for e this in circumstances that minimize the possibility of noce, and I believe the volunteer has made an informed pate.
Date/Time:	
	Sami Selim, Ph.D.
	Principal Investigator, Golden Pacific Laboratories 11 C

APPENDIX C

EXPERIMENTAL SUBJECT'S BILL OF RIGHTS

The rights below are the rights of every person who is asked to be in a research study. As an experimental subject, I have the following rights:

- 1. To be told the purpose of the study;
- To be told what will happen to me and whether any of the procedures, pesticides, or devices is different from what would be used in standard practice;
- To be told about the frequent and/or important risks, side effects, or discomforts of the things that will happen to me during the study;
- 4. To be told if I can expect any benefit from participating, and, if so, what the benefit might be;
- 5. To be told the alternatives to participating in the study;
- 6. To be allowed to ask any questions concerning the study both before agreeing to be involved and during the course of the study;
- 7. To be told what sort of medical treatment is available if any complications arise;
- 8. To refuse to participate at all or to change my mind about participation after the study is started. This decision will not affect my status with my employer;
- 9. To receive a copy of the signed and dated consent form; and
- 10. To be free of pressure when considering whether I wish to participate in the study.

You may contact the *Independent Investigational Review Board, toll free at (877) 888-IIRB (4472)*, if you have a question about your rights as a research subject.

If I have other questions, I should ask the Principal Investigator or Field Coordinator.

Phone contacts:

Field Coordinator, Tami Belcher: 974-5982 Principal Investigator, Sami Selim: 275-9091

APPENDIX D

SUBJECT SELF-REPORTING DEMOGRAPHIC FORM

Volunteer Name								
Street Address_								
City, State, Zip C	ode			_				
Telephone numb	er(s)							
Current age		yrs			Sex	□ M	ale	□ Female
Weight		lbs			Height		ft	inches
Shirt size: Pant size:	□ Small □ Small	□ Medium □ Medium		□X Large □X Large				
Years experience	e wiping in	door surface	s such as	walls, table	s and co	unter	tops .	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
How often do you	ı wipe indo	or surfaces	to clean? _		per □ we	ek □	month	
		be your gene						
Check here highest and	-		get your r	esults from		dy co ∃Yes	•	o the lowest
My signature	e below ind	dicates the in	formation	provided al	bove is co	orrect	:	
Volunteer's	Signature	<u> </u>		_		Da	ate	

APPENDIX E

MSDS FOR SANI-CARE LEMON QUAT

AEATF II VOL 4 Secondary Documentation: Wiping App Scenarios & Study Protocol 25Feb08



Buckeye International, Inc. 2700 Wagner Place Maryland Heights, MO 63043 314/291-1900

N. F. P. A. 4 = Extreme 3 = High 2 = Moderate 1 = Slight

0 = Insignificant

€	HEALTH	3
125	FIRE	0
King R	EACTIVITY	0

Material Safety Data Sheet

24 Hour Medical Emergency Telephone Number: 1-800-303-0441. Outside North America call: 651-632-8956. 24 Hour Transportation Emergency Telephone Number: 1-800-535-5053. Outside North America call: 352-323-3500.

SECTIO	N I - IDEN	TIFICATION					
PRODUCT						DATE PREPARED	
BUCKEYE SANICARE LEMON QUAT					April 1, 2005		
CHEMICAL PAMILY					CODE		
		Cleaner Disinf	ectant, Water B	ased		5076	
PROPER D	O.T.					•	
SHIPPING	NAME	Disinfectant, I	iquid, NOIBN.				
D.O.T. HAZ	ARD						
CLASSIFIC	ATION	None					
SECTIO	N II - ING	REDIENTS A	ND IDENTITY	INFORMA	TION		
% By WGT		MATERIAL		PEL	T.L.V.	C.A.S. NO.	
4.23	Blend of Dide	cyl Dimethyl and		NE	NE	7173-51-5	
	Dimethyl	Benzyl Ammonius	1 Chlorides			8001-54-5	
>90.77	Soft Water			NE	NE	7732-18-5	
<4.0	Octyl Dimethy			NE	NE	2605-78-9	
<1.0	Perfume, color	ing and additives	less than 1%	NA	NA _	NA NA	
						 	
						 	
					 	 	
				4		<u> </u>	
		<u></u>					
			EPORTABLES, ALL I	NGREDIENTS AR	E ON TSCA INVE	NTORY.	
SECTIO	NMI - PHY	SICAL DATA				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
BOILING P	OINT °F		212°F	pH (CONC.)		7.6 ± 0.2	
SOLUBILIT	Y IN WATER		Infinite	pH (USE DILUTION) 1:64		7.0 ± 0.2	
% VOLATII	E BY WEIGHT		93.0	EVAPORATION		1.0	
SPECIFIC C		1.00		PRODUCT FORM		Liquid	
APPEARAN	CE AND ODOR		Clear Yellow Solut	ion		<u> </u>	
SECTIO	N IV - FIR		OSION DATA				
FLASH POL	LASH POINT(Test Method) Tag Closed Cup: None!		sed Cup: None!	FLAMMABI			
			NA	UPPER LIMIT	: NA	LOWER LIMIT: NA	
SPECIAL FIR	E FIGHTING PROC	EDURES	N	one			
					 -	<u> </u>	
UNUSUAL F	RE AND EXPLOSI	ON HAZARDS		roducts of comb		<u> </u>	
				xides of carbon	and nitrogen.		
SECTIO	N V - REA	CTIVITY DA'	Γ A				
STABILITY		Stable			<u></u>		
CONDITION	IS TO AVOID	None known.					
INCOMPAT			nix with chlorine bl		detergents.		
	DECOMPOSITION			one known.			
	IS POLYMERIZA	TION	V	/ill not occur.			

SECTION VI - III ROUTE(S) OF ENTRY:			**************************************
ROUTE(S) OF ENTRY:	ALTH HAZARD DATA	4	
	INHALATION? Yes	s SKIN? Yes	INGESTION? No
HEALTH HAZARDS (Acut	and Chronic)		
Corrosive - causes irreve	rsible eye damage. Causes skir	n irritation. Harmfu	if inhaled.
CARCINOGENICITY:	NTP? No IARC N	MONOGRAPHS? N	O OSHA REGULATED? No
	- ALTEROVOANDE		
SIGNS AND SYMPTOMS C		 .	<u> </u>
For Eyes: Redness or bu	n or a warming sensation.		
MEDICAL CONDITIONS	ii oi a waining scrisation.		
GENERALLY AGGRAVAT	ED BY EXPOSURE		
GENERALLI AGGRAVAI	ED BT CALOSONE		
None known.			
EMERGENCY AND FIRST			
Call a poison control cent	ter or doctor immediately for tr	eatment advice. For	Eyes and Skin: In case of
contact, immediately flus	h eyes or skin with plenty of w	ater for 15 - 20 minu	ites. For Inhalation: Move person
to fresh air. If person is r	ot breathing, call 911 or an am	ibulance and then giv	ve artificial respiration. For Ingestion:
Give two large glasses of	water. DO NOT induce vemit	ling. Never give any	thing by mouth to an unconscious person.
Note to Physician: Proba	ble mucosal damage may contr	raindicate the use of	gastne lavage.
SECTION VII - SP	ILL OR LEAK PROCE	DURES	
Pick up with mop, wet/dr, before allowing traffic.	y vac or absorbent material. Ri	inse area with clear v	vater and allow floor to dry
WASTE DISPOSAL			
WASTE DISPOSAL METHOD Flush to sanital	ry sewer or send to sanitary lan		
WASTE DISPOSAL METHOD Flush to sanital	ry sewer or send to sanitary lan	INFORMATIO	ON
WASTE DISPOSAL METHOD Flush to sanital SECTION VIII - SI EYE PROTECTION	PECIAL PROTECTION		ON TION
WASTE DISPOSAL METHOD Flush to sanital SECTION VIII - SI	PECIAL PROTECTION emical splash goggles.	INFORMATIO VENTILAT	TION Normal room ventilation.
WASTE DISPOSAL METHOD Flush to sanital SECTION VIII - SI EYE PROTECTION Wear safety glasses or ch	PECIAL PROTECTION memical splash goggles. Rubber gloves or other	INFORMATIO VENTILAT	ON Normal room ventitation. ORY PROTECTION
WASTE DISPOSAL METHOD Flush to sanital SECTION VIII - SI EYE PROTECTION Wear safety glasses or ch SKIN	PECIAL PROTECTION emical splash goggles.	INFORMATIO VENTILAT	TION Normal room ventilation.
WASTE DISPOSAL METHOD Flush to sanital SECTION VIII - SI EYE PROTECTION Wear safety glasses or ch SKIN PROTECTION OTHER	PECIAL PROTECTION memical splash goggles. Rubber gloves or other	VINFORMATIC VENTILAT RESPIRAT	ON TION Normal room ventilation. ORY PROTECTION Avoid breathing spray mist.
WASTE DISPOSAL METHOD Flush to sanital SECTION VIII - SI EYE PROTECTION Wear safety glasses or ch SKIN PROTECTION OTHER PROTECTION	perical splash goggles. Rubber gloves or other impervious gloves. Wash thoroughly with soap at Remove contaminated clothin	VENTILATE RESPIRATE Individual water after handling and wash clothing	ON TION Normal room ventitation. ORY PROTECTION Avoid breathing spray mist.
WASTE DISPOSAL METHOD Flush to sanital SECTION VIII - SI EYE PROTECTION Wear safety glasses or ch SKIN PROTECTION OTHER PROTECTION	perical splash goggles. Rubber gloves or other impervious gloves. Wash thoroughly with soap at Remove contaminated clothin	VENTILATE RESPIRATE Individual water after handling and wash clothing	ON TION Normal room ventitation. ORY PROTECTION Avoid breathing spray mist.
WASTE DISPOSAL METHOD Flush to sanital SECTION VIII - SI EYE PROTECTION Wear safety glasses or ch SKIN PROTECTION OTHER PROTECTION SECTION IX - SPE	PECIAL PROTECTION emical splash goggles. Rubber gloves or other impervious gloves. Wash thoroughly with soap as	RESPIRAT nd water after handling and wash clothing	ON TION Normal room ventilation. ORY PROTECTION Avoid breathing spray mist. ng. before reuse.
WASTE DISPOSAL METHOD Flush to sanital SECTION VIII - SI EYE PROTECTION Wear safety glasses or cheskin PROTECTION OTHER PROTECTION SECTION IX - SPE PRECAUTIONS IN	perical splash goggles. Rubber gloves or other impervious gloves. Wash thoroughly with soap at Remove contaminated clothin CIAL PRECAUTIONS KEEP OUT OF RE	RESPIRAT nd water after handling and wash clothing	ON TION Normal room ventilation. ORY PROTECTION Avoid breathing spray mist. ng. before reuse.
WASTE DISPOSAL METHOD Flush to sanital SECTION VIII - SI EYE PROTECTION Wear safety glasses or che SKIN PROTECTION OTHER PROTECTION SECTION IX - SPE PRECAUTIONS IN	perical splash goggles. Rubber gloves or other impervious gloves. Wash thoroughly with soap at Remove contaminated clothin CIAL PRECAUTIONS KEEP OUT OF RE	NESPIRAT RESPIRAT Ind water after handling and wash clothing EACH OF CHILDE The discarding.	ON TION Normal room ventilation. ORY PROTECTION Avoid breathing spray mist. ng. before reuse.
WASTE DISPOSAL METHOD Flush to sanital SECTION VIII - SI EYE PROTECTION Wear safety glasses or che SKIN PROTECTION OTHER PROTECTION SECTION IX - SPE PRECAUTIONS IN	perical protection memical splash goggles. Rubber gloves or other impervious gloves. Wash thoroughly with soap as Remove contaminated clothin CIAL PRECAUTIONS KEEP OUT OF RE	RESPIRAT Ind water after handling and wash clothing EACH OF CHILDE The discarding. Ed when not in use.	ON TION Normal room ventilation. ORY PROTECTION Avoid breathing spray mist. ng. before reuse.
WASTE DISPOSAL METHOD Flush to sanital SECTION VIII - SI EYE PROTECTION Wear safety glasses or cheskin PROTECTION OTHER PROTECTION SECTION IX - SPE PRECAUTIONS IN HANDLING AND STORAGE	pecial protection emical splash goggles. Rubber gloves or other impervious gloves. Wash thoroughly with soap as Remove contaminated clothin CIAL PRECAUTIONS KEEP OUT OF RE Rinse container before Keep container close Store at room tempe This product is not re	RESPIRAT Mater after handling and wash clothing EACH OF CHILDS The discarding.	ON TION Normal room ventilation. ORY PROTECTION Avoid breathing spray mist. ng. before reuse. EEN! CLA or RCRA.
WASTE DISPOSAL METHOD Flush to sanital SECTION VIII - SI EYE PROTECTION Wear safety glasses or che SKIN PROTECTION OTHER PROTECTION SECTION IX - SPE PRECAUTIONS IN HANDLING AND STORAGE	pecial protection emical splash goggles. Rubber gloves or other impervious gloves. Wash thoroughly with soap at Remove contaminated clothin CIAL PRECAUTIONS KEEP OUT OF RE Rinse container before Keep container close Store at room tempe This product is not re If more than 10,000	RESPIRAT RESPIRAT Ind water after handling and wash clothing EACH OF CHILDE THE discarding. THE discarding. THE discarding. THE discarding. THE discarding. THE discarding when not in use. THE discarding when not in use. THE discarding when not in use. THE discarding was a stored in a second in	ON TION Normal room ventitation. ORY PROTECTION Avoid breathing spray mist. ng. before reuse. RENI CLA or RCRA. ingle day, product may require
WASTE DISPOSAL METHOD Flush to sanital SECTION VIII - SI EYE PROTECTION Wear safety glasses or ch SKIN PROTECTION OTHER PROTECTION SECTION IX - SPE PRECAUTIONS IN HANDLING AND STORAGE OTHER PRECAUTIONS	pecial protection emical splash goggles. Rubber gloves or other impervious gloves. Wash thoroughly with soap at Remove contaminated clothin CIAL PRECAUTIONS KEEP OUT OF RE Rinse container before Keep container close Store at room tempe This product is not re If more than 10,000	RESPIRAT RESPIRAT Ind water after handling and wash clothing EACH OF CHILDE THE discarding. THE discarding. THE discarding. THE discarding. THE discarding. THE discarding when not in use. THE discarding when not in use. THE discarding when not in use. THE discarding was a stored in a second in	ON TION Normal room ventilation. ORY PROTECTION Avoid breathing spray mist. ng. before reuse. EEN! CLA or RCRA.
WASTE DISPOSAL METHOD Flush to sanital SECTION VIII - SI EYE PROTECTION Wear safety glasses or ch SKIN PROTECTION OTHER PROTECTION SECTION IX - SPE PRECAUTIONS IN HANDLING AND STORAGE OTHER PRECAUTIONS NA = Not Applicable	pecial protection emical splash goggles. Rubber gloves or other impervious gloves. Wash thoroughly with soap at Remove contaminated clothin CIAL PRECAUTIONS KEEP OUT OF RE Rinse container before Keep container close Store at room tempe This product is not re If more than 10,000	RESPIRAT RESPIRAT Ind water after handling and wash clothing EACH OF CHILDE THE discarding. THE discarding. THE discarding. THE discarding. THE discarding. THE discarding when not in use. THE discarding when not in use. THE discarding when not in use. THE discarding was a stored in a second in	ON TION Normal room ventitation. ORY PROTECTION Avoid breathing spray mist. ng. before reuse. RENI CLA or RCRA. ingle day, product may require
WASTE DISPOSAL METHOD Flush to sanital SECTION VIII - SI EYE PROTECTION Wear safety glasses or ch SKIN PROTECTION OTHER PROTECTION	pecial protection emical splash goggles. Rubber gloves or other impervious gloves. Wash thoroughly with soap at Remove contaminated clothin CIAL PRECAUTIONS KEEP OUT OF RE Rinse container before Keep container close Store at room tempe This product is not re If more than 10,000	RESPIRAT RESPIRAT Ind water after handling and wash clothing EACH OF CHILDE The discarding. The discarding as a second in a secon	ON TION Normal room ventitation. ORY PROTECTION Avoid breathing spray mist. ng. before reuse. RENI CLA or RCRA. ingle day, product may require

As the conditions or methods of use are beyond our control, we do not assume any responsibility and expressly disclaim any liability for any use of the material.

Information contained herein it believed to be true and accurate but all statements or suggestions are made without any warranty, expressed or implied, regarding
accuracy of the information, the lazards connected with the use of the namerial or the results to be obtained from the use thereof. Conforms to OSHA 174, Sept 1985.

APPENDIX F

FLYER SOLICITING RESEARCH SUBJECTS

Research Study Volunteers

The Antimicrobial Exposure Assessment Task Force II (AEATF II) is a group of companies that make antimicrobial cleaning products, doing research to measure how much chemical gets on workers when they use antimicrobial products. We are looking for experienced janitorial workers to do their usual work and let us collect exposure data.

To volunteer you must be: You

- At least 18 years old, but less than 65
- Able to read and speak English or Spanish
- In good health
- Male or non pregnant, non or nursing female
- Experienced and trained in using antimicrobial cleaning products
- Live in Fresno County

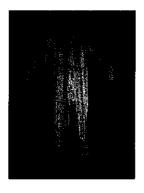
You are not qualified if you:

- Are less than 18 years of age
- Do not have a government-issued photo identification card
- Understand neither English nor Spanish
- Are not in good health
- Work for a cleaning product manufacturer
- Are a pregnant or nursing female
- Do not live in Fresno County

You will be asked to do the following:

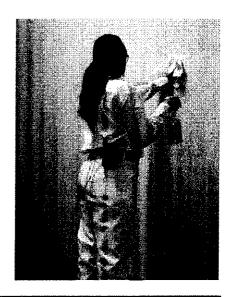
- Let us monitor you as you do your work wiping surfaces for a day using ready to use wipes or a trigger sprayer and wipes
- Sign a consent form before participating (in English or Spanish)
- Wear long underwear under cotton pants and shirt, which will be supplied to you (see pictures)
- Let us have the supplied clothes at the end of the day
- Let us wash your hands and wipe your face periodically with rubbing alcohol (see picture)
- Wear a small air sampler on your belt (see picture)





You should also know that:

- Participation is completely voluntary
- You can withdraw from the study whenever you want
- Information from the study will be used by EPA in reducing risks to janitorial workers.



If you are interested, please contact the Field Coordinator

for English:

Tami Belcher

974-5982

or for Spanish:

275-9091

They can answer any of your questions

APPENDIX G

JANITORIAL SERVICE CONTACT SCRIPT

and

SUBJECT INVITATION TO PARTICIPATE SCRIPT

For English speaking employers -

Introduction

My name is [and I work with Grayson Research. I found your name and number in the phone book -or- I was given your name and number by or- I saw your sign on your vehicle -or- however the janitorial business came to our attention..

My company has been hired by a group of companies who manufacture and market professional cleaning products to conduct research on a typical cleaning worker's exposure to commercially available cleaning products.

We would like to talk with professional cleaners to see if they would be interested in participating in a study which involves measuring how much product gets on their clothes and skin when cleaning surfaces using a cloth and trigger sprayer or with ready-to-use wipes.

This study would be conducted outside normal working hours and does not involve your company in any way. I am calling to ask if it would be possible to post a flyer in your place of business which mentions the study and asks anyone interested to contact us directly after working hours.

[If yes, appointment made to drop off and post the flyer]

[If no]

I understand. I can provide you with the name and number of the Principal Investigator if you have any questions you'd like to have answered before deciding.

[If still no]

I understand. Can you suggest other cleaning firms I might contact, or suggest a place I might post a flyer that would be seen by professional cleaners? [Document their response for decision if/how to follow-up by Principal Investigator Thank you for your time.

[If express interest in further discussion/answering of questions, provide the name and telephone number of Dr. Sami Selim.]

For English speaking potential subjects – Spanish speaking potential subjects will request the person identified in the flyer as the Spanish-speaker contact

Are you calling about the cleaning study?

If yes, ask if they found out about the study by flyer or word of mouth and document response.

Ask the potential subject if he/she would like to receive information on the project.

(If yes, follow with introduction)

Introduction

My name is [] and I work with Grayson Research. We are conducting research to find out how much cleaning solution may reach your skin when you clean counters or tables and walls using a trigger sprayer and wipe or ready-to-use wipes that have the cleaning solution already in them. We will measure how much of the cleaning solution gets on the clothing you wear during the study, on your hands, face and neck, and how much is in the air you breathe while you clean the counters and walls.

The material being tested in this study is a product called SANI-CARE LEMON QUAT, a product used to clean hard surfaces like counters, floors, walls, and stainless steel.

The project itself will take about 4 to 6 hours on one day. During that time you will change into special clothing for the test and get fitted with a device to sample the air you breathe, then you'll be asked to wipe surfaces, including counters and walls, with a trigger sprayer or ready-to-use wipes for a period of time between 30 minutes and 2 hours. You will then give the special clothing to the research team and change back into your own clothes.

If you are selected to participate in the study, you will receive \$100 in cash at the end of

the day of the study. To be qualified for participation, you must show your picture identification to prove your age. You must be over 18 and under age 65 and able to read either English or Spanish.

Would you like to receive additional information on the project? (If no, thank them for their time.)

(If yes, instruct them to do the following)

If you would like to participate in the project, you will come to the offices of Golden Pacific Laboratories at 4720 W. Jennifer Ave., Suite 105, in Fresno, to meet with the Principal Investigator, Dr. Sami Selim, between the hours of 1 and 5 pm, Monday through Friday. We can make arrangements to meet with you on the weekend as well. The office is just off of Shaw Avenue behind Costco. Dr. Selim will go over the study in great detail and will answer all your questions regarding the study, and will tell you more about what to expect while participating and what is expected of you. This first visit will take about one hour. If you are interested, we can arrange a meeting time now. Would you prefer a weekday or weekend visit? What time would work best for your schedule?

Time and date of appointment will be documented.

(Note: if the potential subjects ask questions not addressed in this telephone script, inform them additional questions can be answered by Dr. Sami Selim.)

APPENDIX H

Community Involvement Flyer

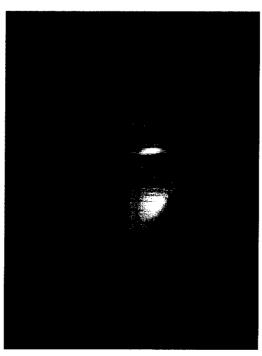
NOTICE

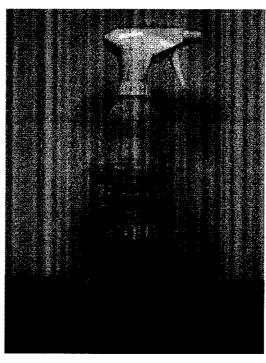
Over the next few weeks you may observe some unusual activity in the vacant building/shop next door. The American Chemistry Council will be conducting a worker exposure monitoring study. This study is being conducted with janitors from the area. While these janitors are working, they will be wearing work clothes consisting of white long-sleeved shirts and long pants, and they may be wearing what looks like MP3 players on their belts. You may also see study staff wearing white lab coats. The people involved in this study are measuring the amount of chemical exposure that janitors get when using cleaning products very similar to the ones you may use in your home or business. This project will last about one month. If you would like more information, or are concerned in any way with this project, please contact one of these individuals:

Dr. Sami Selim at Golden Pacific Laboratories (275-9100)
Or
Dr. Has Shah at the American Chemistry Council (703 741-5637)

APPENDIX I

LEMON QUAT CONCENTRATE AND TRIGGER SPRAYER

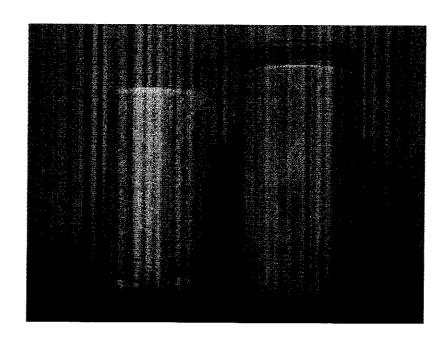




APPENDIX J

READY TO USE WIPES – PLASTIC HOUSING AND WIPES





APPENDIX K

EPA EXECUTIVE SUMMARIES from ADBAC and DDAC REDs

Alkyl Dimethyl Benzyl Ammonium Chloride (ADBAC)

Occupational and Residential Exposure Assessment

Office of Pesticide Programs
Antimicrobials Division
U.S. Environmental Protection Agency
1801 South Bell St.
Arlington, VA 22202

Date: August 1, 2006

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

This document is the Occupational and Residential Exposure Chapter of the Reregistration Eligibility Decision (RED) document for the Group II Quat Cluster. It addresses the potential risks to humans that result from the use of chemicals in this group in occupational and residential settings. The Group II Quat Cluster group consists of structurally similar quaternary ammonium compounds ("quats") that are characterized by having positively charged nitrogen covalently bonded to three alkyl group substituents and a benzyl substituent. In finished form, these quats are salts with the positively charged nitrogen (cation) balanced by a negatively charged molecule (anion). The most common anion for the quats in this cluster is chloride. However, other anions, such as saccharinate and bromide are also used. The group will be referred to as ADBAC (alkyl dimethyl benzyl ammonium chloride) in this document.

ADBAC is the active ingredient in numerous types of products. The products are mainly disinfectants and deodorants that are used in agricultural, food handling, commercial/ institutional/industrial, residential and public access, and medical settings (Use Site Categories I, II, III, IV, and V respectively). Examples of registered uses for ADBAC in these settings include application to indoor and outdoor hard surfaces (e.g., walls, floors, tables, toilets, and fixtures), eating utensils, laundry, carpets, agricultural tools and vehicles, egg shells, hands and gloves, shoes, milking equipment and udders, humidifiers, RV tanks, medical instruments, human remains, ultrasonic tanks, reverse osmosis units, and water storage tanks. There are also ADBAC-containing products that are used in residential and commercial swimming pools (Use Site Category XI), in aquatic areas (Use Site Category XII) such as decorative ponds, decorative fountains, and agricultural watering lines, and in industrial process and water systems (Use Site Category VIII) such as once-through and re-circulating cooling waters systems, cooling towers, evaporative condensers, pasteurizers, drilling muds and packer fluids, oil well injection and wastewater systems, and in pulp and paper products, water, and chemicals. Additionally, ADBAC-containing products are used for wood preservation (Use Site Category X) through non-pressure and pressure-treatment method. There are registered uses for fogging and/or air deodorization in both occupational and residential settings. Products containing ADBAC are formulated as liquid ready-to-use, soluble concentrate, pressurized liquid, and water soluble packaging. The percentage of ADBAC in the various end-use products ranges from 0.06% to 80%. Residential products such as EPA Reg. No. 10324-45 range up to 50% ADBAC for swimming pools and spas.

The durations and routes of exposure evaluated in this assessment include short-term (ST), intermediate-term (IT), and in some instances long-term (LT) inhalation exposures, ST dermal exposures, and ST oral exposures. The inhalation endpoint (all durations) is based on an oral NOAEL of 3 mg/kg/day from a developmental toxicity study in rats. The adverse effect for this endpoint is based on clinical signs of toxicity in maternal rabbits. For the oral exposure scenarios, the ST endpoint (10 mg/kg/day) is based on adverse effects of decreased bodyweight and food consumption in a developmental toxicity study in rats. No short-term dermal endpoint for systemic effects was selected for ADBAC, since no systemic effects were identified. However, short- and intermediate-

term dermal irritation endpoints were identified. The short-term endpoint was determined from a 21-day dermal toxicity in guinea pigs where a denuded non-vascularized epidermal layer was observed at 80 mg ai/kg/day. The NOAEL from this study is 20 mg ai/kg/day which is equivalent to 333 µg ai/cm². The intermediate-term dermal was determined from 90-day dermal toxicity in rats. The NOAEL from this study is 20 mg ai/kg/day which is equivalent to 80 µg ai/cm². The endpoint is the highest dose tested before irritation became significant (effect first observed at day 43). Because the effect is to the skin, a skin concentration (µg/cm²), rather then a dose (mg/kg/day) was used to assess the dermal risk concerns. No body weight is needed for the dermal irritation endpoint, since no systemic dose is calculated. Note: Although the dose of 20 mg/kg/day is the same for both dermal studies, the concentration of the skin of the animal was different in each study because of the difference in the size of the skin area dosed and the total amount of chemical applied (i.e., body weights differed). Because the toxicological endpoint for inhalation is female-specific, a body weight of 60 kilograms is used in the assessment. Antimicrobial Division's (AD) level of concern (LOC) for occupational and residential ADBAC inhalation and oral exposures is 100 (i.e., a margin of exposure (MOE) less than 100 exceeds the level of concern). The level of concern is based on 10x for interspecies extrapolation and 10x for intraspecies variation. The level of concern for the dermal route of exposure is a target MOE of 10 (i.e., 3x for interspecies extrapolation and 3x for intraspecies variation).

This occupational and residential assessment was based on examination of product labels describing uses for the product. There are many end-use products that contain ADBAC; therefore, only labels on the Master Label developed by AD and the registrants were reviewed. It has been determined that exposure to handlers can occur in a variety of occupational and residential environments. Additionally, post-application exposures are likely to occur in these settings. The representative scenarios selected by the Antimicrobials Division (AD) for assessment were evaluated using maximum application rates as stated on the product labels. The representative scenarios are believed to represent high-end uses resulting in dermal, inhalation, and incidental oral exposure.

To assess most handler risks, AD used surrogate unit exposure data from the Chemical Manufacturers Association (CMA) antimicrobial exposure study and the Pesticide Handlers Exposure Database (PHED). Post application/bystander exposures were assessed using EPA's Health Effects Division's (HED) Standard Operating Procedures (SOPs) for Residential Exposure Assessment, MCCEM (Multi-Chamber Concentration and Exposure Model), and Swim Model. Additionally, handler and post-application exposures resulting from wood preservation activities were assessed using surrogate data from the studies Measurement and Assessment of Dermal and Inhalation Exposures to Didecyl Dimethyl Ammonium Chloride (DDAC) Used in the Protection of Cut Lumber (Phase III) (Bestari et al., 1999, MRID 455243-04) and "Assessment of Potential Inhalation and Dermal Exposure Associated with Pressure Treatment of Wood with Arsenical Wood Products" (ACC, 2002a).

Residential Handler Risk Summary

Dermal

For the residential handler dermal exposure and risk assessment, dermal risks were calculated by comparing residues on the surface of the skin to the short-term dermal irritation endpoint. Residues on the surface of the skin (dermal irritation exposure) were determined using hand unit exposures from CMA/PHED adjusted for the surface area of the hand (mg/lb ai/cm²), application rates, and use amounts. The dermal MOEs were above the target MOE of 10 for all scenarios. Therefore, the risks do not exceed EPA's level of concern.

Inhalation

For the residential handler inhalation assessment, the inhalation risks were calculated by comparing the daily doses to the short-term inhalation endpoint. The inhalation MOEs were above the target MOE of 100 for all scenarios, and therefore, are not of concern.

Residential Post Application/Bystander Risk Summary

Dermal

The residential post-application dermal risks were assessed by comparing the surface residue on the skin (dermal irritation exposure) to the short-term dermal endpoint. It was assumed that during the exposure period the skin repeatedly contacts the treated surface until a steady-state concentration of residues is achieved on the skin. The shortterm endpoint was used because it was assumed that exposure to the residues is not a daily occurrence. For all of the residential scenarios, the post-application dermal MOEs were above the target MOE of 10; therefore, the risks do not exceed the level of concern.

Inhalation

For the residential post-application exposure and risk assessment, the MOEs were below the target MOE of 100 for the following scenario:

Humidifier: ST/IT 8-hr MOE = 71 for adults and 11 for children; ST/IT 24-hr MOE = 10 for adults and 4 for children

Incidental Oral

For the residential post-application incidental oral assessment, the MOEs were above the target MOE of 100 for all scenarios; therefore, the risks do not exceed AD's level of concern.

Occupational Handler Risk Summary

Dermal

ADBAC dermal irritation exposures and risks were not estimated for occupational handler exposures. Instead, dermal irritation exposures and risks will be mitigated using default personal protective equipment requirements based on the toxicity of the end-use product.

To minimize dermal exposures, the minimum PPE required for mixers, loaders, and others exposed to end-use products containing concentrations of ADBAC that result in classification of category I, II, or III for skin irritation potential will be long-sleeve shirt, long pants, shoes, socks, chemical-resistant gloves, and chemical-resistant apron. Once diluted, if the concentration of ADBAC in the diluted solution would result in classification of toxicity category IV for skin irritation potential, then the chemical-resistant gloves and chemical-resistant apron can be eliminated for applicators and others exposed to the dilute. Note that chemical-resistant eyewear will be required if the end-use product is classified as category I or II for eye irritation potential.

Inhalation

For the occupational handler inhalation exposure and risk assessment, the MOEs were above the target MOE of 100 for all scenarios except for the following scenarios listed below.

Agricultural fogging (mixing and loading): ST/IT Inhalation MOE = 26

Medical premises, mopping: ST/IT Inhalation MOE = 95

Pulp and paper, liquid pump: ST/IT Inhalation MOE = 33

Once-through cooling water, metering pump: Using the average flow rate for high flow streams (153 MGD) the ST Inhalation MOE = 50 for initial applications and the IT MOE = 95 for maintenance applications; however, using the average flow rate for low flow streams (5.9 MGD) the ST Inhalation MOE = 1,300 for initial applications and the IT MOE = 2,500 for maintenance applications.

Small process water systems, liquid pour: ST/IT Inhalation MOE = 6

Wood Preservation (non-pressure treatment), blender/sprayer operator: ST/IT/LT Inhalation MOE = 84

Wood Preservation (existing homes), airless sprayer: ST/IT/LT Inhalation MOE = 17

A confirmatory inhalation toxicity study may be warranted because inhalation MOEs were below 1,000 (additional 10x uncertainty factor is considered because of the lack of an inhalation route-specific toxicological endpoint) for the following scenarios:

Agricultural - hard surfaces, wiping: ST/IT Inhalation MOE = 590, and for low pressure hand wand MOE = 380.

Food handling - hard surfaces, wiping: ST/IT Inhalation MOE = 580

Commercial/Institutional premises – hard surfaces, wiping: ST/IT Inhalation MOE = 360

Occupational Post Application/Bystander Risk Summary

Dermal

Dermal irritation exposures are assumed to be negligible for all post-application occupational scenarios, except those associated with wood preservation. As with occupational handlers, dermal irritation exposures and risks from post-application activities in a wood preservation treatment facility will be mitigated using default personal protective equipment requirements based on the toxicity of the end-use product.

Inhalation

For the inhalation post-application exposure and risk assessment, the MOEs were above the target MOE of 100 for all scenarios except for the following scenarios listed below.

Fogging in a hatchery: The 8-hr MOE from 0 to 8 hours (immediately after fogging) = 0.5; however, the 8-hr MOE from 2 to 10 hours (2 hour re-entry interval) = 1,500.

Fogging in a food processing plant: The 8-hr MOE from 2 to 10 hours (2 hour re-entry interval) = 1. The difference in the MOEs for hatcheries versus food processing plants is the assumed ventilation rate (hatcheries assigned a higher ventilation rate; refinements are warranted to the food processing plants if additional ventilation rates were available).

A confirmatory inhalation toxicity study may be warranted because the inhalation MOE was below 1,000 (additional 10x uncertainty factor is considered because of the lack of an inhalation route-specific toxicological endpoint) for the following scenario:

Non-pressure treatment wood preservation, clean-up worker: ST/IT/LT Inhalation MOE = 480

Data Limitations and Uncertainties:

There are a number of uncertainties associated with this assessment and these have been reiterated from Sections 4.2.3 (residential) and 6.4 (occupational). The data limitations and uncertainties associated with the residential handler and post-application exposure assessments include the following:

- Surrogate dermal and inhalation unit exposure values were taken from the proprietary Chemical Manufacturers Association (CMA) antimicrobial exposure study (USEPA, 1999: DP Barcode D247642) or from the Pesticide Handler Exposure Database (USEPA, 1998) (See Appendix B for summaries of these data sources). Most of the CMA data are of poor quality therefore, AD requests that confirmatory monitoring data be generated to support the values used in these assessments.
- The quantities handled/treated were estimated based on information from various sources, including HED's Standard Operating Procedures (SOPs) for Residential Exposure Assessments (USEPA 2000, and 2001). In certain cases, no standard values were available for some scenarios. Assumptions for these scenarios were based on AD estimates and could be further refined from input from registrants.
- Some labels for products which can be used by homeowners in residential settings, as
 well as by workers in occupational settings, indicate that low pressure sprayers can be
 used for application of the disinfectant to hard, non-porous surfaces such as floors and
 walls. A low pressure spray scenario was not assessed for the residential scenario
 because it is not a typical cleaning method for homeowners.
- At this time, the Agency does not have exposure data to assess oral exposures to children and adults from using treated mouthpieces and reeds; therefore, the Agency is

requesting residue data from treated mouthpieces and reeds.

- In this assessment, incidental ingestion and dermal exposures to treated wood were estimated for ADBAC using surrogate DDAC data. The degree of uncertainty (under-or overestimation) associated with using the surrogate DDAC hand residue data for ADBAC dermal and oral exposure from contacting treated lumber are unknown. The amount of residue measured on the test subjects hands is variable and are influenced by the duration of exposure, how often wood is contacted, and the degree of contact (i.e., do the hand residues from the DDAC study mimic a child's play activity on decks and play sets?). A confirmatory wipe study with ADBAC and/or DDAC treated wood will need to be determined during the risk mitigation phase of the RED process.
- Available data to assess the levels of ADBAC in soil contaminated with ADBAC-treated wood do not exist at this time. In addition, leaching data were also not available. Because of this data gap, EPA was not able to accurately predict dermal and incidental ingestion residential post-application exposures to soil contaminated with ADBAC-treated wood.

The data limitations and uncertainties associated with the occupational handler and post-application exposure assessments include:

- Surrogate dermal and inhalation unit exposure values were taken from the proprietary Chemical Manufacturers Association (CMA) antimicrobial exposure study (USEPA, 1999: DP Barcode D247642) or from the Pesticide Handler Exposure Database (USEPA, 1998) (See Appendix B for summaries of these data sources). Since the CMA data are of poor quality, the Agency requests that confirmatory data be submitted to support the occupational scenarios assessed in this document.
- Unit exposures are not available for some of the specific scenarios that are prescribed for ADBAC. These scenarios include the following: open loading into oil-well/field environments and metering into once-through cooling water systems at power plants.
 - The CMA data used for oil-well uses are based on open pouring of a material preservative. Although these data are only represented by 2 replicates each, the exposure values are similar to open loading of pesticides in PHED. Furthermore, there are no representative unit exposure data for chemical metering into secondary recovery oil operations. Since the volume of water being treated in secondary recovery operations is so large, the available CMA data can not be reliably extrapolated because they are based on activities that handle much lower volumes and possibly different techniques. Therefore, it was assumed that if the open pour handling activities for the other oil well operations resulted in MOEs that are not of concern, then the MOEs for the closed system chemical metering into secondary recovery operations would also be not of concern. AD requests that confirmatory data be conducted to show that this is accurate.
 - The CMA data used for once-through cooling water systems at power plants are based on closed metering for pulp and paper. The pulp and paper unit exposures were deemed more appropriate than the cooling water tower data because of the large volume of water treated in once-through cooling water systems at power

plants. However, the CMA data for pulp and paper does not reliably represent the volume of water treated and the possibly different techniques used to treat the water.

- For the wood preservative pressure treatment scenarios, CCA exposure data were used for lack of ADBAC-specific exposure data and for the wood preservative non-pressure treatment scenarios, DDAC exposure data were used for the lack of ADBAC-specific exposure data. The assumption was made that exposure patterns for workers at treatment facilities using CCA and DDAC would be similar to exposure patterns for workers at treatment facilities using ADBAC, and therefore the exposures could be used as surrogate data for workers that treat wood with ADBAC.
- The quantities handled/treated were estimated based on information from various sources, including HED's Standard Operating Procedures (SOPs) for Residential Exposure Assessments (USEPA 2000, and 2001) and personal communication with experts. In particular, the use information for the pulp and paper processing, oil-well uses, and small process water system uses are based on personal communication with biocide manufacturers for these types of uses. The individuals contacted have experience in these operations and their estimates are believed to be the best available without undertaking a statistical survey of the uses. In certain cases, no standard values were available for some scenarios. Assumptions for these scenarios were based on AD estimates and could be further refined from input from registrants. For example, the quantities handled/treated for the application of ADBAC to the surface of metal/wood cooling towers could be refined.
- The type of spray equipment to be used was not specifically mentioned on the labels for some scenarios, such as for surface sprays to metal and wood cooling water towers. Therefore, these scenarios were assessed using the PHED airless spray unit exposures, which represents high-end exposure. In these cases, the appropriate application equipment could be further refined.
- The percent active ingredient in solution for the pressure treatment of lumber needs to be refined by the registrants. The labels only provided a retention rate. For this assessment, the application rate on the master label was used, which is the same as the application rate for non-pressure treatment of lumber.

DRAFT

Didecyl Dimethyl Ammonium Chloride (DDAC)

Occupational and Residential Exposure Assessment

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Date: August 1, 2006

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

This document is the Occupational and Residential Exposure Chapter of the Reregistration Eligibility Decision (RED) document for the Group I Quat Cluster. It addresses the potential risks to humans that result from the use of chemicals in this group in occupational and residential settings. Group I Quat Cluster is a group of structurally similar quaternary ammonium compounds ("quats") that are characterized by having a positively charged nitrogen covalently bonded to two alkyl group substituents (at least one C₈ or longer) and two methyl substituents. In finished form, these quats are salts with the positively charged nitrogen (cation) balanced by a negatively charged molecule (anion). The anion for the quats in this cluster is chloride or bromide. In this document, the Group I Quat Cluster will be referred to as DDAC (didecyl dimethyl ammonium chloride).

DDAC is the active ingredient in numerous types of products. The products are mainly disinfectants and deodorants that are used in agricultural, food handling, commercial/ institutional/industrial, residential and public access, and medical settings (Use Site Categories I, II, III, IV, and V respectively). Examples of registered uses for DDAC in these settings include application to indoor and outdoor hard surfaces (e.g., walls, floors, tables, toilets, and fixtures), eating utensils, laundry, carpets, agricultural tools and vehicles, egg shells, shoes, milking equipment and udders, humidifiers, medical instruments, human remains, ultrasonic tanks, reverse osmosis units, and water storage tanks. There are also DDAC-containing products that are used in residential and commercial swimming pools (Use Site Category XI), in aquatic areas (Use Site Category XII) such as decorative ponds and decorative fountains, and in industrial process and water systems (Use Site Category VIII) such as re-circulating cooling water systems, drilling muds and packer fluids, oil well injection and wastewater systems. Additionally, DDAC-containing products are used for wood preservation (Use Site Category X) through non-pressure and pressure-treatment methods. There are registered uses for fogging in occupational settings. Products containing DDAC are formulated as liquid ready-to-use, soluble concentrate, pressurized liquid, and water soluble packaging. The percentage of DDAC in the various end-use products ranges from 0.08% to 80% as reported in the Master Label spreadsheet (Appendix A). Residential products such as EPA Reg. No. 10324-69 range up to 50% DDAC for swimming pools and spas.

The durations and routes of exposure evaluated in this assessment include short-term (ST), intermediate-term (IT), and in some instances long-term (LT) inhalation exposures, ST dermal exposures, and ST oral exposures. The ST inhalation endpoint and the ST oral endpoint are based on a NOAEL of 10 mg/kg/day from a prenatal developmental toxicity study in rats. The LOAEL (20 mg/kg/day) was based largely on increased incidence of skeletal variations in females. The developmental study does not indicate increased susceptibility from *in utero* and postnatal exposure to DDAC. The IT/LT inhalation endpoint is also based on a 10 mg/kg/day but from a chronic toxicity study in dogs. No short-term dermal endpoint for systemic effects was selected for DDAC, since no systemic effects were identified. However, a short-term dermal irritation endpoint was identified. The short-term dermal endpoint for DDAC (i.e., NOAEL of 2 mg/kg/day which is equivalent in this particular study to 8 μg/cm²) was determined from a

LOAEL of 6 mg/kg/day based on increased clinical and gross findings (erythema, edema, exfoliation, excoriation, and ulceration). A 21-day dermal toxicity study was also conducted using a 0.13% ai formulation. No short-term dermal endpoint was identified for this formulation because no irritation or systemic effects were identified up to and including the limit dose of 1,000 mg/kg/day. Intermediate- or long-term dermal irritation endpoints were not identified for DDAC. Because the effect to the skin is a localized skin irritation, a skin concentration (µg/cm²) of exposure, rather then a dose (mg/kg/day) was used to assess the dermal risk concerns. No body weight is needed for the dermal irritation endpoint, since no systemic dose is calculated. Since the toxicological endpoint for inhalation is female-specific, a body weight of 60 kilograms is used in the assessment. This represents the body weight of an adult female. They Agency's level of concern (LOC) for occupational and residential DDAC inhalation and oral exposures is 100 (i.e., a margin of exposure (MOE) less than 100 exceeds the level of concern). The level of concern is based on 10x for interspecies extrapolation and 10x for intraspecies variation. The level of concern for the dermal route of exposure using dermal irritation as an endpoint is a target MOE of 10 (i.e., 3x for interspecies extrapolation and 3x for intraspecies variation).

The dermal and inhalation margins of exposure were not combined for the DDAC risk assessment because the toxicity endpoints for the dermal and inhalation routes of exposure are based on different toxicological effects. No cancer endpoint was identified; therefore, cancer risks are not assessed.

This occupational and residential assessment was based on examination of product labels describing uses for the product. There are many end-use products that contain DDAC; therefore, only labels on the Master Label developed by AD and the registrants were reviewed. It has been determined that exposure to handlers can occur in a variety of occupational and residential environments. Additionally, post-application exposures are likely to occur in these settings. The representative scenarios selected by the Antimicrobials Division (AD) for assessment were evaluated using maximum application rates as stated on the product labels. The representative scenarios are believed to represent high-end uses resulting in dermal, inhalation, and incidental oral exposures.

To assess most handler risks, AD used surrogate unit exposure data from the Chemical Manufacturers Association (CMA) antimicrobial exposure study and the Pesticide Handlers Exposure Database (PHED). Postapplication/bystander exposures were assessed using EPA's Health Effects Division's (HED) Standard Operating Procedures (SOPs) for Residential Exposure Assessment, MCCEM (Multi-Chamber Concentration and Exposure Model), and Swim Model. Additionally, handler and postapplication exposures resulting from wood preservation activities were assessed using surrogate data from the studies Measurement and Assessment of Dermal and Inhalation Exposures to Didecyl Dimethyl Ammonium Chloride (DDAC) Used in the Protection of Cut Lumber (Phase III) (Bestari et al., 1999, MRID 455243-04) and "Assessment of Potential Inhalation and Dermal Exposure Associated with Pressure Treatment of Wood with Arsenical Wood Products" (ACC, 2002a).

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Residential Handler Risk Summary

Dermal

For the residential handler dermal exposure and risk assessment, dermal risks were calculated by comparing residues on the surface of the skin to the short-term dermal irritation endpoints. Residues on the surface of the skin (dermal irritation exposure) were determined using hand unit exposures from CMA and/or PHED adjusted for the surface area of the hand (mg/lb ai/cm²), application rates, and use amounts. The dermal MOEs were below the target MOE of 10 only for the carpet spray application and at the maximum application rate for the mopping and wiping.

Inhalation

For the residential handler inhalation assessment, the inhalation risks were calculated by comparing the daily doses to the short-term inhalation endpoint. The inhalation MOEs were above the target MOE of 100 for all scenarios.

Residential Post-Application/Bystander Risk Summary

Dermal

The residential post-application dermal risks were assessed by comparing the surface residue on the skin (dermal skin irritation exposure) to the short-term dermal endpoint. It was assumed that during the exposure period the skin repeatedly contacts the treated surface until a steady-state concentration of residues is achieved on the skin. For residential scenarios, the post-application dermal MOEs were above the target MOE of 10 for the laundered clothing (assuming 1% residue transfer) and hard surface and carpet dermal contact but below the target MOE for the following:

- Wearing clothes treated with a <u>fabric spray</u>: ST dermal MOE = less than or equal to 1 using a 100% clothing to skin transfer factor and the MOE is 8 using a 5% clothing to skin transfer factor.
- There are no wipe data available to assess the children's dermal contact to treated decks and/or play sets. Based on hand measurements of workers at the treatment plants, dermal MOEs range from 3 to 13 with considerable uncertainties, and therefore, a wipe study is warranted.

Inhalation

For the residential post-application inhalation exposure and risk assessment, the MOEs were below the target MOE of 100 for the following scenario:

Humidifier: ST/IT 8-hr Inhalation MOE = 27 for adults and 8 for children; ST/IT
 24-hr Inhalation MOE = 11 for adults and 5 for children

Incidental Oral

For the residential post-application incidental oral assessment, the MOEs were above the target MOE of 100 for all scenarios.

Occupational Handler Risk Summary

Dermal

DDAC dermal irritation exposures and risks were not estimated for occupational handler exposures. Instead, dermal irritation exposures and risks will be mitigated using default personal protective equipment requirements based on the toxicity of the end-use product. To minimize dermal exposures, the minimum PPE required for mixers, loaders, and others exposed to end-use products containing concentrations of DDAC that result in classification of category I, II, or III for skin irritation potential will be long-sleeve shirt, long pants, shoes, socks, chemical-resistant gloves, and chemical-resistant apron. Once diluted, if the concentration of DDAC in the diluted solution would result in classification of toxicity category IV for skin irritation potential, then the chemical-resistant gloves and chemical-resistant apron can be eliminated for applicators and others exposed to the dilute. Note that chemical-resistant eyewear will be required if the end-use product is classified as category I or II for eye irritation potential.

Inhalation

For the occupational handler inhalation exposure and risk assessment, the MOEs were above the target MOE of 100 for all scenarios.

A confirmatory inhalation toxicity study may be warranted because inhalation MOEs were below 1,000 for the following scenarios:

- Small process water systems, liquid pour: ST/IT Inhalation MOE = 130
- Agricultural fogging, mixing and loading: ST/IT Inhalation MOE = 110
- Medical premises, mopping: ST/IT Inhalation MOE = 280
- Wood Preservation (non-pressure treatment), blender/sprayer: ST/IT/LT Inhalation MOE = 280

Occupational Post-Application/Bystander Risk Summary

Dermal

Dermal irritation exposures are assumed to be negligible for all post-application occupational scenarios, except those associated with wood preservation. As with occupational handlers, dermal irritation exposures and risks from post-application activities in a wood preservation treatment facility will be mitigated using default personal protective equipment requirements based on the toxicity of the end-use product. For construction workers handling treated wood the MOEs range from 3 to 13 shortly after application.

Inhalation

For the occupational inhalation post-application exposure and risk assessment, the MOEs were above the target MOE of 100 for all scenarios except for the following scenarios listed below.

Fogging in a food processing plant: The 8-hr MOE from 2 to 10 hours (2 hour reentry interval) = 8.

A confirmatory inhalation toxicity study may be warranted because the inhalation MOE was below 1,000 (additional 10x uncertainty factor is considered because of the lack of an inhalation route-specific toxicological endpoint) for the following scenarios:

- Fogging in a hatchery: The 8-hr MOE from 0 to 8 hours (entering immediately after fogging) = 120.
- Non-pressure treatment wood preservation, clean-up worker: ST/IT/LT Inhalation MOE = 990

Data Limitations and Uncertainties:

There are a number of uncertainties associated with this assessment and these have been reiterated from Sections 4.2.3 (residential) and 6.4 (occupational) respectively.

The data limitations and uncertainties associated with the residential handler and post-application exposure assessments include the following:

- Surrogate dermal and inhalation unit exposure values were taken from the proprietary Chemical Manufacturers Association (CMA) antimicrobial exposure study (USEPA, 1999: DP Barcode D247642) or from the Pesticide Handler Exposure Database (USEPA, 1998) (See Appendix B for summaries of these data sources). Most of the CMA data are of poor quality therefore, AD requests that confirmatory monitoring data be generated to support the values used in these assessments.
- The quantities handled/treated were estimated based on information from various sources, including HED's Standard Operating Procedures (SOPs) for Residential Exposure Assessments (USEPA 2000 and 2001). In certain cases, no standard values were available for some scenarios. Assumptions for these scenarios were based on AD estimates and could be further refined from input from registrants.
- Some labels for products which can be used by homeowners in residential settings, as well as by workers in occupational settings, indicate that low pressure sprayers can be used for application of the disinfectant to hard, non-porous surfaces such as floors and walls. A low pressure spray scenario was not assessed for the residential scenario because it is not a typical cleaning method for homeowners.
- In this assessment, incidental ingestion and dermal exposures to treated wood were estimated using DDAC data from an occupational exposure study. The degree of uncertainty (under- or overestimation) associated with using the DDAC hand residue data for dermal and oral exposure from contacting treated lumber are unknown. The amount of residue measured on the test subjects hands is variable and are influenced by the duration of exposure, how often wood is contacted, and the degree of contact (i.e., do the hand residues from the DDAC study mimic a child's play activity on decks and playsets?). A wipe study on treated wood is needed to refine these estimates.

Available data to assess the levels of DDAC in soil contaminated with DDAC-treated wood do not exist at this time. In addition, leaching data were also not available. Because of this data gap, EPA was not able to accurately predict dermal and incidental ingestion residential post-application exposures to soil contaminated with DDACtreated wood.

The data limitations and uncertainties associated with the occupational handler and postapplication exposure assessments include:

- Surrogate dermal and inhalation unit exposure values were taken from the proprietary Chemical Manufacturers Association (CMA) antimicrobial exposure study (USEPA, 1999: DP Barcode D247642) or from the Pesticide Handler Exposure Database (USEPA, 1998) (See Appendix B for summaries of these data sources). CMA data are of poor quality, the Agency requests that confirmatory data be submitted to support the occupational scenarios assessed in this document.
- Unit exposures are not available for some of the specific scenarios that are prescribed for DDAC, including open loading into oil-well/field environments
 - The CMA data used for oil-well uses are based on open pouring of a material preservative. Although these data are only represented by 2 replicates each, the exposure values are similar to open loading of pesticides in PHED. Furthermore, there are no representative unit exposure data for chemical metering into secondary recovery oil operations. Since the volume of water being treated in secondary recovery operations is so large, the available CMA data can not be reliably extrapolated because they are based on activities that handle much lower volumes and possibly different techniques. Therefore, it was assumed that if the open pour handling activities for the other oil well operations resulted in MOEs that are not of concern, then the MOEs for the closed system chemical metering into secondary recovery operations would also be not of concern. AD requests that confirmatory data be conducted to show that this is accurate.
- For the wood preservative pressure treatment scenarios, CCA exposure data were used for lack of DDAC-specific exposure data. Limitations and uncertainties associated with the use of these data include:
 - The assumption was made that exposure patterns for workers at treatment facilities using CCA would be similar to exposure patterns for workers at treatment facilities using DDAC, and therefore the exposures could be used as surrogate data for workers that treat wood with DDAC.
 - For environmental modeling, it was assumed that the leaching process from the DDAC treated wood would be similar to that of CCA. However, due to the lack of real data for DDAC -treated wood, it is not possible to verify this assumption.
- The quantities handled/treated were estimated based on information from various sources, including HED's Standard Operating Procedures (SOPs) for Residential Exposure Assessments (USEPA 2000 and 2001) and personal communication with experts. In particular, the use information for oil-well uses and cooling water tower uses are based on personal communication with biocide manufacturers for these types of uses. The individuals contacted have experience in these operations and their

estimates are believed to be the best available without undertaking a statistical survey of the uses. In certain cases, no standard values were available for some scenarios. Assumptions for these scenarios were based on AD estimates and could be further refined from input from registrants.

The percent active ingredient in solution for the pressure treatment of lumber needs to be refined by the registrant. The labels only provided a retention rate. For this assessment, the application rate on the master label was used, which is the same as the application rate for non-pressure treatment of lumber.

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APPENDIX L

FIELD SAMPLE IDENTIFICATION CODES

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Field Sample Identification Codes

Sample ID Number	Description
AEA02-WS-01-ID-LA	Wipe worker sample, rep 01, inner dosimeter, lower arms
AEA02-WS-01-ID-UA	Wipe worker sample, rep 01, inner dosimeter, upper arms
AEA02-WS-01-ID-FT	Wipe worker sample, rep 01, inner dosimeter, front torso
AEA02-WS-01-ID-RT	Wipe worker sample, rep 01, inner dosimeter, rear torso
AEA02-WS-01-ID-LL	Wipe worker sample, rep 01, inner dosimeter, real torso Wipe worker sample, rep 01, inner dosimeter, lower legs
AEA02-WS-01-ID-UL	Wipe worker sample, rep 01, inner dosimeter, upper legs
AEA02-WS-01-OD-LA	Wipe worker sample, rep 01, outer dosimeter, lower arms
AEA02-WS-01-OD-UA	Wipe worker sample, rep 01, outer dosimeter, upper arms
AEA02-WS-01-OD-FT	Wipe worker sample, rep 01, outer dosimeter, front torso
AEA02-WS-01-OD-RT	Wipe worker sample, rep 01, outer dosimeter, rear torso
AEA02-WS-01-OD-LL	Wipe worker sample, rep 01, outer dosimeter, lower legs
AEA02-WS-01-OD-UL	Wipe worker sample, rep 01, outer dosimeter, upper legs
ALA02-993-01-OD-0L	vilpe worker sample, rep o1, outer dosimeter, upper legs
AEA02-WS-01-AR-01	Wipe worker sample, rep 01, air sampling tube
AEA02-WS-01-FW-01	Wipe worker sample, rep 01, face/neck wipes
AEA02-WS-01-HW-01	Wipe worker sample, rep 01, 1st interim hand wash
AEA02-WS-01-HW-02	Wipe worker sample, rep 01, 2 nd interim hand wash
AEA02-WS-01-HW-03	Wipe worker sample, rep 01, 3 rd interim hand wash
AEA02-WS-01-HW-04	Wipe worker sample, rep 01, 4 th interim hand wash
AEA02-WS-01-HW-FR	Wipe worker sample, rep 01, final hand wash
ALA02-440-01-1144-114	
AEA02-WS-01-DM-01	Wipe worker sample, rep 01, 1 st diluted material aliquot
AEA02-WS-01-DM-02	Wipe worker sample, rep 01, 2 nd diluted material aliquot
AEA02-WS-01-DM-03	Wipe worker sample, rep 01, 3 rd diluted material aliquot
AEA02-WS-01-DM-04	Wipe worker sample, rep 01, 4th diluted material aliquot
AEA02-WS-01-DM-05	Wipe worker sample, rep 01, 5 th diluted material aliquot
AEA02-WS-01-DM-06	Wipe worker sample, rep 01, 6th diluted material aliquot
AEA02-WS-01-RW-01	Ready to use wipe sample, rep 01, 1st sample
AEA02-WS-01-RW-02	Ready to use wipe sample, rep 01, 2 nd sample
AEA02-WS-02-ID-LA	Wipe worker sample, rep 02, inner dosimeter, lower arms
AEA02-WS-02-ID-UA	
AEA02-WS-02-ID-0A AEA02-WS-02-ID-FT	Wipe worker sample, rep 02, inner dosimeter, upper arms
	Wipe worker sample, rep 02, inner dosimeter, front torso
AEA02-WS-02-ID-RT	Wipe worker sample, rep 02, inner dosimeter, rear torso
AEA02-WS-02-ID-LL	Wipe worker sample, rep 02, inner dosimeter, lower legs
AEA02-WS-02-ID-UL	Wipe worker sample, rep 02, inner dosimeter, upper legs
AEA02-WS-02-OD-LA	Wipe worker sample, rep 02, outer dosimeter, lower arms
AEA02-WS-02-OD-UA	Wipe worker sample, rep 02, outer dosimeter, upper arms
AEA02-WS-02-OD-FT	Wipe worker sample, rep 02, outer dosimeter, front torso
AEA02-WS-02-OD-RT	Wipe worker sample, rep 02, outer dosimeter, rear torso
AEA02-WS-02-OD-LL	Wipe worker sample, rep 02, outer dosimeter, lower legs
AEA02-WS-02-OD-UL	Wipe worker sample, rep 02, outer dosimeter, upper legs
AEA02-WS-02-AR-01	Wipe worker sample, rep 02, air sampling tube

Sample ID Number	Description
AEA02-WS-02-FW-01	Wipe worker sample, rep 02, face/neck wipes
AEA02-WS-02-HW-01	Wipe worker sample, rep 02, 1 st interim hand wash
AEA02-WS-02-HW-02	Wipe worker sample, rep 02, 2 nd interim hand wash
AEA02-WS-02-HW-03	Wipe worker sample, rep 02, 3 rd interim hand wash
AEA02-WS-02-HW-04	Wipe worker sample, rep 02, 4th interim hand wash
AEA02-WS-02-HW-FR	Wipe worker sample, rep 02, final hand wash
AEA02-WS-02-DM-01	Wipe worker sample, rep 02, 1 st diluted material aliquot
AEA02-WS-02-DM-02	Wipe worker sample, rep 02, 2 nd diluted material aliquot
AEA02-WS-02-DM-03	Wipe worker sample, rep 02, 3 rd diluted material aliquot
AEA02-WS-02-DM-04	Wipe worker sample, rep 02, 4th diluted material aliquot
AEA02-WS-02-DM-05	Wipe worker sample, rep 02, 5 th diluted material aliquot
AEA02-WS-02-DM-06	Wipe worker sample, rep 02, 6th diluted material aliquot
AEA02-WS-02-RW-01	Ready to use wipe sample, rep 02, 1st sample
AEA02-WS-02-RW-02	Ready to use wipe sample, rep 02, 2 nd sample
AEA02-WS-03-ID-LA	Wipe worker sample, rep 03, inner dosimeter, lower arms
AEA02-WS-03-ID-UA	Wipe worker sample, rep 03, inner dosimeter, upper arms
AEA02-WS-03-ID-FT	Wipe worker sample, rep 03, inner dosimeter, front torso
AEA02-WS-03-ID-RT	Wipe worker sample, rep 03, inner dosimeter, rear torso
AEA02-WS-03-ID-LL	Wipe worker sample, rep 03, inner dosimeter, lower legs
AEA02-WS-03-ID-UL	Wipe worker sample, rep 03, inner dosimeter, upper legs
AEA02-WS-03-OD-LA	Wipe worker sample, rep 03, outer dosimeter, lower arms
AEA02-WS-03-OD-UA	Wipe worker sample, rep 03, outer dosimeter, upper arms
AEA02-WS-03-OD-FT	Wipe worker sample, rep 03, outer dosimeter, front torso
AEA02-WS-03-OD-RT	Wipe worker sample, rep 03, outer dosimeter, rear torso
AEA02-WS-03-OD-LL	Wipe worker sample, rep 03, outer dosimeter, lower legs
AEA02-WS-03-OD-UL	Wipe worker sample, rep 03, outer dosimeter, upper legs
AEA02-WS-03-AR-01	Wipe worker sample, rep 03 air sampling tube
AEA02-WS-03-FW-01	Wipe worker sample, rep 03, face/neck wipes
AEA02-WS-03-HW-01	Wipe worker sample, rep 03, 1st interim hand wash
AEA02-WS-03-HW-02	Wipe worker sample, rep 03, 2 nd interim hand wash
AEA02-WS-03-HW-03	Wipe worker sample, rep 03, 3 rd interim hand wash
AEA02-WS-03-HW-04	Wipe worker sample, rep 03, 4 th interim hand wash
AEA02-WS-03-HW-FR	Wipe worker sample, rep 03, final hand wash
AEA02-WS-03-DM-01	Wipe worker sample, rep 03, 1st diluted material aliquot
AEA02-WS-03-DM-02	Wipe worker sample, rep 03, 2 nd diluted material aliquot
AEA02-WS-03-DM-03	Wipe worker sample, rep 03, 3 rd diluted material aliquot
AEA02-WS-03-DM-04	Wipe worker sample, rep 03, 4 th diluted material aliquot
AEA02-WS-03-DM-05	Wipe worker sample, rep 03, 5 th diluted material aliquot
AEA02-WS-03-DM-06	Wipe worker sample, rep 03, 6 th diluted material aliquot
AEA02-WS-03-RW-01	Ready to use wipe sample, rep 03, 1 st sample
AEA02-WS-03-RW-02	Ready to use wipe sample, rep 03, 2 nd sample

Sample ID Number	<u>Description</u>
AEA02-WS-04-ID-LA	Wipe worker sample, rep 04, inner dosimeter, lower arms
AEA02-WS-04-ID-UA	Wipe worker sample, rep 04, inner dosimeter, upper arms
AEA02-WS-04-ID-FT	Wipe worker sample, rep 04, inner dosimeter, front torso
AEA02-WS-04-ID-RT	Wipe worker sample, rep 04, inner dosimeter, rear torso
AEA02-WS-04-ID-LL	Wipe worker sample, rep 04, inner dosimeter, lower legs
AEA02-WS-04-ID-UL	Wipe worker sample, rep 04, inner dosimeter, upper legs
AEA02-WS-04-AR-01	Wipe worker sample, rep 04, air sampling tube
AEA02-WS-04-FW-01	Wipe worker sample, rep 04, face/neck wipes
AEA02-WS-04-HW-01	Wipe worker sample, rep 04, 1 st interim hand wash
AEA02-WS-04-HW-02	Wipe worker sample, rep 04, 2 nd interim hand wash
AEA02-WS-04-HW-03	Wipe worker sample, rep 04, 3 rd interim hand wash
AEA02-WS-04-HW-04	Wipe worker sample, rep 04, 4 th interim hand wash
AEA02-WS-04-HW-FR	Wipe worker sample, rep 04, final hand wash
AEA02-WS-04-DM-01	Wipe worker sample, rep 04, 1 st diluted material aliquot
AEA02-WS-04-DM-02	Wipe worker sample, rep 04, 2 nd diluted material aliquot
AEA02-WS-04-DM-03	Wipe worker sample, rep 04, 3 rd diluted material aliquot
AEA02-WS-04-DM-04	Wipe worker sample, rep 04, 4th diluted material aliquot
AEA02-WS-04-DM-05	Wipe worker sample, rep 04, 5 th diluted material aliquot
AEA02-WS-04-DM-06	Wipe worker sample, rep 04, 6 th diluted material aliquot
AEA02-WS-04-RW-01	Ready to use wipe sample, rep 04, 1st sample
AEA02-WS-04-RW-02	Ready to use wipe sample, rep 04, 2 nd sample
AEA02-WS-05-ID-LA	Wipe worker sample, rep 05, inner dosimeter, lower arms
AEA02-WS-05-ID-UA	Wipe worker sample, rep 05, inner dosimeter, upper arms
AEA02-WS-05-ID-FT	Wipe worker sample, rep 05, inner dosimeter, front torso
AEA02-WS-05-ID-RT	Wipe worker sample, rep 05, inner dosimeter, rear torso
AEA02-WS-05-ID-LL	Wipe worker sample, rep 05, inner dosimeter, lower legs
AEA02-WS-05-ID-UL	Wipe worker sample, rep 05, inner dosimeter, upper legs
AEA02-WS-05-OD-LA	Wipe worker sample, rep 05, outer dosimeter, lower arms
AEA02-WS-05-OD-UA	Wipe worker sample, rep 05, outer dosimeter, upper arms
AEA02-WS-05-OD-FT	Wipe worker sample, rep 05, outer dosimeter, front torso
AEA02-WS-05-OD-RT	Wipe worker sample, rep 05, outer dosimeter, rear torso
AEA02-WS-05-OD-LL	Wipe worker sample, rep 05, outer dosimeter, lower legs
AEA02-WS-05-OD-UL	Wipe worker sample, rep 05, outer dosimeter, upper legs
AEA02-WS-05-AR-01	Wipe worker sample, rep 05, air sampling tube
AEA02-WS-05-FW-01	Wipe worker sample, rep 05, face/neck wipes
AEA02-WS-05-HW-01	Wipe worker sample, rep 05, 1st interim hand wash
AEA02-WS-05-HW-02	Wipe worker sample, rep 05, 2 nd interim hand wash
AEA02-WS-05-HW-03	Wipe worker sample, rep 05, 3 rd interim hand wash
AEA02-WS-05-HW-04	Wipe worker sample, rep 05, 4th interim hand wash
AEA02-WS-05-HW-FR	Wipe worker sample, rep 05, final hand wash

Sample ID Number	<u>Description</u>
AEA02-WS-05-DM-01 AEA02-WS-05-DM-02 AEA02-WS-05-DM-03 AEA02-WS-05-DM-04 AEA02-WS-05-DM-05 AEA02-WS-05-DM-06 AEA02-WS-05-RW-01 AEA02-WS-05-RW-02	Wipe worker sample, rep 05, 1 st diluted material aliquot Wipe worker sample, rep 05, 2 nd diluted material aliquot Wipe worker sample, rep 05, 3 rd diluted material aliquot Wipe worker sample, rep 05, 4 th diluted material aliquot Wipe worker sample, rep 05, 5 th diluted material aliquot Wipe worker sample, rep 05, 6 th diluted material aliquot Ready to use wipe sample, rep 05, 1 st sample Ready to use wipe sample, rep 05, 2 nd sample
AEA02-WS-06-ID-LA AEA02-WS-06-ID-UA AEA02-WS-06-ID-FT AEA02-WS-06-ID-RT AEA02-WS-06-ID-LL AEA02-WS-06-ID-UL	Wipe worker sample, rep 06, inner dosimeter, lower arms Wipe worker sample, rep 06, inner dosimeter, upper arms Wipe worker sample, rep 06, inner dosimeter, front torso Wipe worker sample, rep 06, inner dosimeter, rear torso Wipe worker sample, rep 06, inner dosimeter, lower legs Wipe worker sample, rep 06, inner dosimeter, upper legs
AEA02-WS-06-OD-LA AEA02-WS-06-OD-UA AEA02-WS-06-OD-FT AEA02-WS-06-OD-RT AEA02-WS-06-OD-LL AEA02-WS-06-OD-UL	Wipe worker sample, rep 06, outer dosimeter, lower arms Wipe worker sample, rep 06, outer dosimeter, upper arms Wipe worker sample, rep 06, outer dosimeter, front torso Wipe worker sample, rep 06, outer dosimeter, rear torso Wipe worker sample, rep 06, outer dosimeter, lower legs Wipe worker sample, rep 06, outer dosimeter, upper legs
AEA02-WS-06-AR-01 AEA02-WS-06-FW-01 AEA02-WS-06-HW-01 AEA02-WS-06-HW-02 AEA02-WS-06-HW-03 AEA02-WS-06-HW-04 AEA02-WS-06-HW-FR	Wipe worker sample, rep 06, air sampling tube Wipe worker sample, rep 06, face/neck wipes Wipe worker sample, rep 06, 1 st interim hand wash Wipe worker sample, rep 06, 2 nd interim hand wash Wipe worker sample, rep 06, 3 rd interim hand wash Wipe worker sample, rep 06, 4 th interim hand wash Wipe worker sample, rep 06, final hand wash
AEA02-WS-06-DM-01 AEA02-WS-06-DM-02 AEA02-WS-06-DM-03 AEA02-WS-06-DM-04 AEA02-WS-06-DM-05 AEA02-WS-06-DM-06 AEA02-WS-06-RW-01 AEA02-WS-06-RW-02	Wipe worker sample, rep 06, 1 st diluted material aliquot Wipe worker sample, rep 06, 2 nd diluted material aliquot Wipe worker sample, rep 06, 3 rd diluted material aliquot Wipe worker sample, rep 06, 4 th diluted material aliquot Wipe worker sample, rep 06, 5 th diluted material aliquot Wipe worker sample, rep 06, 6 th diluted material aliquot Ready to use wipe sample, rep 06, 1 st sample Ready to use wipe sample, rep 06, 2 nd sample
AEA02-WS-07-ID-LA AEA02-WS-07-ID-UA AEA02-WS-07-ID-FT AEA02-WS-07-ID-RT AEA02-WS-07-ID-LL AEA02-WS-07-ID-UL	Wipe worker sample, rep 07, inner dosimeter, lower arms Wipe worker sample, rep 07, inner dosimeter, upper arms Wipe worker sample, rep 07, inner dosimeter, front torso Wipe worker sample, rep 07, inner dosimeter, rear torso Wipe worker sample, rep 07, inner dosimeter, lower legs Wipe worker sample, rep 07, inner dosimeter, upper legs

Sample ID Number	<u>Description</u>
AEA02-WS-07-OD-LA	Wipe worker sample, rep 07, outer dosimeter, lower arms
AEA02-WS-07-OD-UA	Wipe worker sample, rep 07, outer dosimeter, upper arms
AEA02-WS-07-OD-FT	Wipe worker sample, rep 07, outer dosimeter, front torso
AEA02-WS-07-OD-RT	Wipe worker sample, rep 07, outer dosimeter, rear torso
AEA02-WS-07-OD-LL	Wipe worker sample, rep 07, outer dosimeter, lower legs
AEA02-WS-07-OD-UL	Wipe worker sample, rep 07, outer dosimeter, upper legs
AEA02-WS-07-AR-01	Wipe worker sample, rep 07, air sampling tube
AEA02-WS-07-FW-01	Wipe worker sample, rep 07, face/neck wipes
AEA02-WS-07-HW-01	Wipe worker sample, rep 07, 1st interim hand wash
AEA02-WS-07-HW-02	Wipe worker sample, rep 07, 2 nd interim hand wash
AEA02-WS-07-HW-03	Wipe worker sample, rep 07, 3 rd interim hand wash
AEA02-WS-07-HW-04	Wipe worker sample, rep 07, 4th interim hand wash
AEA02-WS-07-HW-FR	Wipe worker sample, rep 07, final hand wash
AEA02-WS-07-DM-01	Wipe worker sample, rep 07, 1 st diluted material aliquot
AEA02-WS-07-DM-02	Wipe worker sample, rep 07, 2 nd diluted material aliquot
AEA02-WS-07-DM-03	Wipe worker sample, rep 07, 3 rd diluted material aliquot
AEA02-WS-07-DM-04	Wipe worker sample, rep 07, 4 th diluted material aliquot
AEA02-WS-07-DM-05	Wipe worker sample, rep 07, 5 th diluted material aliquot
AEA02-WS-07-DM-06	Wipe worker sample, rep 07, 6 th diluted material aliquot
AEA02-WS-07-RW-01	Ready to use wipe sample, rep 07, 1st sample
AEA02-WS-07-RW-02	Ready to use wipe sample, rep 07, 2 nd sample
AEA02-WS-08-ID-LA	Wipe worker sample, rep 08, inner dosimeter, lower arms
AEA02-WS-08-ID-UA	Wipe worker sample, rep 08, inner dosimeter, upper arms
AEA02-WS-08-ID-FT	Wipe worker sample, rep 08, inner dosimeter, front torso
AEA02-WS-08-ID-RT	Wipe worker sample, rep 08, inner dosimeter, rear torso
AEA02-WS08-ID-LL	Wipe worker sample, rep 08, inner dosimeter, lower legs
AEA02-WS-08-ID-UL	Wipe worker sample, rep 08, inner dosimeter, upper legs
AEA02-WS-08-OD-LA	Wipe worker sample, rep 08, outer dosimeter, lower arms
AEA02-WS-08-OD-UA	Wipe worker sample, rep 08, outer dosimeter, upper arms
AEA02-WS-08-OD-FT	Wipe worker sample, rep 08, outer dosimeter, front torso
AEA02-WS-08-OD-RT	Wipe worker sample, rep 08, outer dosimeter, rear torso
AEA02-WS-08-OD-LL	Wipe worker sample, rep 08, outer dosimeter, lower legs
AEA02-WS-08-OD-UL	Wipe worker sample, rep 08, outer dosimeter, upper legs
AEA02-WS-08-AR-01	Wipe worker sample, rep 08, air sampling tube
AEA02-WS-08-FW-01	Wipe worker sample, rep 08, face/neck wipes
AEA02-WS-08-HW-01	Wipe worker sample, rep 08, 1st interim hand wash
AEA02-WS-08-HW-02	Wipe worker sample, rep 08, 2 nd interim hand wash
AEA02-WS-08-HW-03	Wipe worker sample, rep 08, 3 rd interim hand wash
AEA02-WS-08-HW-04	Wipe worker sample, rep 08, 4th interim hand wash
AEA02-WS-08-HW-FR	Wipe worker sample, rep 08, final hand wash

Sample ID Number	<u>Description</u>
AEA02-WS-08-DM-01 AEA02-WS-08-DM-02 AEA02-WS-08-DM-03 AEA02-WS-08-DM-04 AEA02-WS-08-DM-05 AEA02-WS-08-DM-06 AEA02-WS-08-RW-01 AEA02-WS-08-RW-02	Wipe worker sample, rep 08, 1 st diluted material aliquot Wipe worker sample, rep 08, 2 nd diluted material aliquot Wipe worker sample, rep 08, 3 rd diluted material aliquot Wipe worker sample, rep 08, 4 th diluted material aliquot Wipe worker sample, rep 08, 5 th diluted material aliquot Wipe worker sample, rep 08, 6 th diluted material aliquot Ready to use wipe sample, rep 08, 1 st sample Ready to use wipe sample, rep 08, 2 nd sample
AEA02-WS-09-ID-LA AEA02-WS-09-ID-UA AEA02-WS-09-ID-FT AEA02-WS-09-ID-RT AEA02-WS-09-ID-LL AEA02-WS-09-ID-UL	Wipe worker sample, rep 09, inner dosimeter, lower arms Wipe worker sample, rep 09, inner dosimeter, upper arms Wipe worker sample, rep 09, inner dosimeter, front torso Wipe worker sample, rep 09, inner dosimeter, rear torso Wipe worker sample, rep 09, inner dosimeter, lower legs Wipe worker sample, rep 09, inner dosimeter, upper legs
AEA02-WS-09-OD-LA AEA02-WS-09-OD-UA AEA02-WS-09-OD-FT AEA02-WS-09-OD-RT AEA02-WS-09-OD-LL AEA02-WS-09-OD-UL	Wipe worker sample, rep 09, outer dosimeter, lower arms Wipe worker sample, rep 09, outer dosimeter, upper arms Wipe worker sample, rep 09, outer dosimeter, front torso Wipe worker sample, rep 09, outer dosimeter, rear torso Wipe worker sample, rep 09, outer dosimeter, lower legs Wipe worker sample, rep 09, outer dosimeter, upper legs
AEA02-WS-09-AR-01 AEA02-WS-09-FW-01 AEA02-WS-09-HW-01 AEA02-WS-09-HW-02 AEA02-WS-09-HW-03 AEA02-WS-09-HW-04 AEA02-WS-09-HW-FR	Wipe worker sample, rep 09, air sampling tube Wipe worker sample, rep 09, face/neck wipes Wipe worker sample, rep 09, 1 st interim hand wash Wipe worker sample, rep 09, 2 nd interim hand wash Wipe worker sample, rep 09, 3 rd interim hand wash Wipe worker sample, rep 09, 4 th interim hand wash Wipe worker sample, rep 09, final hand wash
AEA02-WS-09-DM-01 AEA02-WS-09-DM-02 AEA02-WS-09-DM-03 AEA02-WS-09-DM-04 AEA02-WS-09-DM-05 AEA02-WS-09-DM-06 AEA02-WS-09-RW-01 AEA02-WS-09-RW-02	Wipe worker sample, rep 09, 1 st diluted material aliquot Wipe worker sample, rep 09, 2 nd diluted material aliquot Wipe worker sample, rep 09, 3 rd diluted material aliquot Wipe worker sample, rep 09, 4 th diluted material aliquot Wipe worker sample, rep 09, 5 th diluted material aliquot Wipe worker sample, rep 09, 6 th diluted material aliquot Ready to use wipe sample, rep 09, 1 st sample aliquot Ready to use wipe sample, rep 09, 2 nd sample aliquot
AEA02-WS-10-ID-LA AEA02-WS-10-ID-UA AEA02-WS-10-ID-FT AEA02-WS-10-ID-RT AEA02-WS-10-ID-LL AEA02-WS-10-ID-UL	Wipe worker sample, rep 10, inner dosimeter, lower arms Wipe worker sample, rep 10, inner dosimeter, upper arms Wipe worker sample, rep 10, inner dosimeter, front torso Wipe worker sample, rep 10, inner dosimeter, rear torso Wipe worker sample, rep 10, inner dosimeter, lower legs Wipe worker sample, rep 10, inner dosimeter, upper legs

Sample ID Number	<u>Description</u>
AEA02-WS-10-OD-LA	Wipe worker sample, rep 10, outer dosimeter, lower arms
AEA02-WS-10-QD-UA	Wipe worker sample, rep 10, outer dosimeter, upper arms
AEA02-WS-10-OD-FT	Wipe worker sample, rep 10, outer dosimeter, front torso
AEA02-WS-10-OD-RT	Wipe worker sample, rep 10, outer dosimeter, rear torso
AEA02-WS-10-OD-LL	Wipe worker sample, rep 10, outer dosimeter, lower legs
AEA02-WS-10-OD-UL	Wipe worker sample, rep 10, outer dosimeter, upper legs
AEA02-WS-10-AR-01	Wipe worker sample, rep 10, air sampling tube
AEA02-WS-10-FW-01	Wipe worker sample, rep 10, face/neck wipes
AEA02-WS-10-HW-01	Wipe worker sample, rep 10, 1 st interim hand wash
AEA02-WS-10-HW-02	Wipe worker sample, rep 10, 2 nd interim hand wash
AEA02-WS-10-HW-03	Wipe worker sample, rep 10, 3 rd interim hand wash
AEA02-WS-10-HW-04	Wipe worker sample, rep 10, 4th interim hand wash
AEA02-WS-10-HW-FR	Wipe worker sample, rep 10, final hand wash
AEA02-WS-10-DM-01	Wipe worker sample, rep 10, 1st diluted material aliquot
AEA02-WS-10-DM-02	Wipe worker sample, rep 10, 2 nd diluted material aliquot
AEA02-WS-10-DM-03	Wipe worker sample, rep 10, 3 rd diluted material aliquot
AEA02-WS-10-DM-04	Wipe worker sample, rep 10, 4th diluted material aliquot
AEA02-WS-10-DM-05	Wipe worker sample, rep 10, 5 th diluted material aliquot
AEA02-WS-10-DM-06	Wipe worker sample, rep 10, 6 th diluted material aliquot
AEA02-WS-10-RW-01	Ready to use wipe sample, rep 10, 1st sample
AEA02-WS-10-RW-02	Ready to use wipe sample, rep 10, 2 nd sample
AEA02-WS-11-ID-LA	Wipe worker sample, rep 11, inner dosimeter, lower arms
AEA02-WS-11-ID-UA	Wipe worker sample, rep 11, inner dosimeter, upper arms
AEA02-WS-11-ID-FT	Wipe worker sample, rep 11, inner dosimeter, front torso
AEA02-WS-11-ID-RT	Wipe worker sample, rep 11, inner dosimeter, rear torso
AEA02-WS-11-ID-LL	Wipe worker sample, rep 11, inner dosimeter, lower legs
AEA02-WS-11-ID-UL	Wipe worker sample, rep 11, inner dosimeter, upper legs
AEA02-WS-11-OD-LA	Wipe worker sample, rep 11, outer dosimeter, lower arms
AEA02-WS-11-OD-UA	Wipe worker sample, rep 11, outer dosimeter, upper arms
AEA02-WS-11-OD-FT	Wipe worker sample, rep 11, outer dosimeter, front torso
AEA02-WS-11-OD-RT	Wipe worker sample, rep 11, outer dosimeter, rear torso
AEA02-WS-11-OD-LL	Wipe worker sample, rep 11, outer dosimeter, lower legs
AEA02-WS-11-OD-UL	Wipe worker sample, rep 11, outer dosimeter, upper legs
AEA02-WS-11-AR-01	Wipe worker sample, rep 11, air sampling tube
AEA02-WS-11-FW-01	Wipe worker sample, rep 11, face/neck wipes
AEA02-WS-11-HW-01	Wipe worker sample, rep 11, 1st interim hand wash
AEA02-WS-11-HW-02	Wipe worker sample, rep 11, 2 nd interim hand wash
AEA02-WS-11-HW-03	Wipe worker sample, rep 11, 3 rd interim hand wash
AEA02-WS-11-HW-04	Wipe worker sample, rep 11, 4th interim hand wash
AEA02-WS-11-HW-FR	Wipe worker sample, rep 11, final hand wash

Sample ID Number	<u>Description</u>
AEA02-WS-11-DM-01 AEA02-WS-11-DM-02 AEA02-WS-11-DM-03 AEA02-WS-11-DM-04 AEA02-WS-11-DM-05 AEA02-WS-11-DM-06 AEA02-WS-11-RW-01 AEA02-WS-11-RW-02	Wipe worker sample, rep 11, 1 st diluted material aliquot Wipe worker sample, rep 11, 2 nd diluted material aliquot Wipe worker sample, rep 11, 3 rd diluted material aliquot Wipe worker sample, rep 11, 4 th diluted material aliquot Wipe worker sample, rep 11, 5 th diluted material aliquot Wipe worker sample, rep 11, 6 th diluted material aliquot Ready to use wipe sample, rep 11, 1 st sample Ready to use wipe sample, rep 11, 2 nd sample
AEA02-WS-12-ID-LA AEA02-WS-12-ID-UA AEA02-WS-12-ID-FT AEA02-WS-12-ID-RT AEA02-WS-12-ID-LL AEA02-WS-12-ID-UL	Wipe worker sample, rep 12, inner dosimeter, lower arms Wipe worker sample, rep 12, inner dosimeter, upper arms Wipe worker sample, rep 12, inner dosimeter, front torso Wipe worker sample, rep 12, inner dosimeter, rear torso Wipe worker sample, rep 12, inner dosimeter, lower legs Wipe worker sample, rep 12, inner dosimeter, upper legs
AEA02-WS-12-OD-LA AEA02-WS-12-OD-UA AEA02-WS-12-OD-FT AEA02-WS-12-OD-RT AEA02-WS-12-OD-LL AEA02-WS-12-OD-UL	Wipe worker sample, rep 12, outer dosimeter, lower arms Wipe worker sample, rep 12, outer dosimeter, upper arms Wipe worker sample, rep 12, outer dosimeter, front torso Wipe worker sample, rep 12, outer dosimeter, rear torso Wipe worker sample, rep 12, outer dosimeter, lower legs Wipe worker sample, rep 12, outer dosimeter, upper legs
AEA02-WS-12-AR-01 AEA02-WS-12-FW-01 AEA02-WS-12-HW-01 AEA02-WS-12-HW-02 AEA02-WS-12-HW-03 AEA02-WS-12-HW-04 AEA02-WS-12-HW-FR	Wipe worker sample, rep 12, air sampling tube Wipe worker sample, rep 12, face/neck wipes Wipe worker sample, rep 12, 1st interim hand wash Wipe worker sample, rep 12, 2nd interim hand wash Wipe worker sample, rep 12, 3nd interim hand wash Wipe worker sample, rep 12, 4th interim hand wash Wipe worker sample, rep 12, final hand wash
AEA02-WS-12-DM-01 AEA02-WS-12-DM-02 AEA02-WS-12-DM-03 AEA02-WS-12-DM-04 AEA02-WS-12-DM-05 AEA02-WS-12-DM-06 AEA02-WS-12-RW-01 AEA02-WS-12-RW-02	Wipe worker sample, rep 12, 1 st diluted material aliquot Wipe worker sample, rep 12, 2 nd diluted material aliquot Wipe worker sample, rep 12, 3 rd diluted material aliquot Wipe worker sample, rep 12, 4 th diluted material aliquot Wipe worker sample, rep 12, 5 th diluted material aliquot Wipe worker sample, rep 12, 6 th diluted material aliquot Ready to use wipe sample, rep 12, 1 st sample Ready to use wipe sample, rep 12, 2 nd sample
AEA02-WS-13-ID-LA AEA02-WS-13-ID-UA AEA02-WS-13-ID-FT AEA02-WS-13-ID-RT AEA02-WS-13-ID-LL AEA02-WS-13-ID-UL	Wipe worker sample, rep 13, inner dosimeter, lower arms Wipe worker sample, rep 13, inner dosimeter, upper arms Wipe worker sample, rep 13, inner dosimeter, front torso Wipe worker sample, rep 13, inner dosimeter, rear torso Wipe worker sample, rep 13, inner dosimeter, lower legs Wipe worker sample, rep 13, inner dosimeter, upper legs

AEA02-WS-13-OD-LA AEA02-WS-13-OD-RT AEA02-WS-13-OD-RT AEA02-WS-13-OD-LL AEA02-WS-13-OD-LL AEA02-WS-13-OD-LL AEA02-WS-13-OD-LL AEA02-WS-13-OD-LL AEA02-WS-13-OD-LL AEA02-WS-13-DD-LI AEA02-WS-13-AR-01 AEA02-WS-13-HW-01 AEA02-WS-13-HW-02 AEA02-WS-13-HW-03 AEA02-WS-13-HW-04 AEA02-WS-13-DM-01 AEA02-WS-13-DM-01 AEA02-WS-13-DM-01 AEA02-WS-13-DM-03 AEA02-WS-13-DM-04 AEA02-WS-13-DM-05 AEA02-WS-13-DM-05 AEA02-WS-13-DM-05 AEA02-WS-13-DM-06 AEA02-WS-13-DM-07 AEA02-WS-13-DM-07 AEA02-WS-13-DM-07 AEA02-WS-13-DM-08 AEA02-WS-13-DM-09 AEA02-WS-13-DM-09 AEA02-WS-13-DM-09 AEA02-WS-13-DM-01 AEA02-WS-13-DM-01 AEA02-WS-13-DM-01 AEA02-WS-13-DM-05 AEA02-WS-13-DM-06 AEA02-WS-13-DM-07 AEA02-WS-13-DM-07 AEA02-WS-13-DM-07 AEA02-WS-13-DM-08 AEA02-WS-13-DM-09 AEA02-WS-13-DM-09 AEA02-WS-13-DM-09 AEA02-WS-13-DM-09 AEA02-WS-13-DM-09 AEA02-WS-13-DM-01 AEA02-WS-13-DM-03 AEA02-WS-13-	Sample ID Number	<u>Description</u>
AEA02-WS-13-OD-FT AEA02-WS-13-OD-LL AEA02-WS-13-OD-LL AEA02-WS-13-AR-O1 Mipe worker sample, rep 13, outer dosimeter, rear torso Wipe worker sample, rep 13, outer dosimeter, lower legs Wipe worker sample, rep 13, outer dosimeter, lower legs Wipe worker sample, rep 13, outer dosimeter, lower legs Wipe worker sample, rep 13, outer dosimeter, lower legs Wipe worker sample, rep 13, outer dosimeter, lower legs Wipe worker sample, rep 13, outer dosimeter, front torso Wipe worker sample, rep 13, outer dosimeter, front torso Wipe worker sample, rep 13, outer dosimeter, lower legs Wipe worker sample, rep 13, outer dosimeter, front torso Wipe worker sample, rep 13, outer dosimeter, front torso Wipe worker sample, rep 13, outer dosimeter, lower legs Wipe worker sample, rep 13, outer dosimeter, lower legs Wipe worker sample, rep 13, outer dosimeter, rear torso Wipe worker sample, rep 13, outer dosimeter, lower legs Wipe worker sample, rep 13, outer dosimeter, lower legs Wipe worker sample, rep 13, outer dosimeter, rear torso Wipe worker sample, rep 13, outer dosimeter, rear torso Wipe worker sample, rep 13, outer dosimeter, lower legs Wipe worker sample, rep 13, outer dosimeter, lower legs Wipe worker sample, rep 13, outer dosimeter, lower legs Wipe worker sample, rep 13, outer dosimeter, upper legs Wipe worker sample, rep 13, outer dosimeter, upper legs wipe worker sample, rep 13, outer dosimeter, lower legs Wipe worker sample, rep 13, outer dosimeter, lower legs Wipe worker sample, rep 13, outer dosimeter, lower legs Wipe worker sample, rep 13, outer dosimeter, lower legs wipe worker sample, rep 13, outer dosimeter, front torso wipe worker sample, rep 13, outer dosimeter, lower legs wipe worker sample, rep 14, outer dosimeter, front torso wipe worker sample, rep 14, outer dosimeter, front torso wipe worker sample, rep 14, outer dosimeter, front torso wipe worker sample, rep 14, outer dosimeter, front torso wipe worker sample, rep 14, outer dosimeter, lower legs wipe worker sample, rep 14, outer dosimeter, front torso wipe		
AEA02-WS-13-OD-LL AEA02-WS-13-OD-LL AEA02-WS-13-AR-01 AEA02-WS-13-FW-01 AEA02-WS-13-FW-01 AEA02-WS-13-HW-01 AEA02-WS-13-HW-02 AEA02-WS-13-HW-03 AEA02-WS-13-HW-04 AEA02-WS-13-HW-04 AEA02-WS-13-HW-05 AEA02-WS-13-HW-07 AEA02-WS-13-DM-05 AEA02-WS-13-DM-05 AEA02-WS-13-DM-05 AEA02-WS-13-DM-05 AEA02-WS-13-DM-05 AEA02-WS-13-DM-05 AEA02-WS-13-DM-05 AEA02-WS-13-DM-05 AEA02-WS-13-DM-06 AEA02-WS-13-DM-07 AEA02-WS-13-DM-06 AEA02-WS-13-DM-07 AEA02-WS-13-DM-07 AEA02-WS-13-DM-08 AEA02-WS-13-DM-08 AEA02-WS-13-DM-09 AEA02-WS-14-D-LD AEA02-WS-14-OD-LA AEA02-WS-14-OD-LA AEA02-WS-14-OD-LA AEA02-WS-14-OD-LA AEA02-WS-14-OD-LA AEA02-WS-14-D-RT AEA02-WS-14-OD-LL AEA02-WS-14-D-RT AEA02-WS-14-D-RT AEA02-WS-14-D-RT AEA02-WS-14-D-RT AEA02-WS-14-DD-LL AEA02-WS-14-DD-LL AEA02-WS-14-OD-LL AEA02-WS-14-OD-LA AEA02-WS-14-OD-LA AEA02-WS-14-OD-LA AEA02-WS-14-OD-LA AEA02-WS-14-OD-LA		
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AEA02-WS-13-AR-01 AEA02-WS-13-HW-01 AEA02-WS-13-HW-01 AEA02-WS-13-HW-02 AEA02-WS-13-HW-03 AEA02-WS-13-HW-04 AEA02-WS-13-HW-04 AEA02-WS-13-HW-04 AEA02-WS-13-HW-04 AEA02-WS-13-DM-05 AEA02-WS-13-DM-00 AEA02-WS-13-DM-05 AEA02-WS-13-DM-05 AEA02-WS-13-DM-06 AEA02-WS-13-DM-06 AEA02-WS-13-DM-06 AEA02-WS-13-DM-07 AEA02-WS-13-DM-08 AEA02-WS-13-DM-09 AEA02-WS-13-DM-09 AEA02-WS-13-DM-09 AEA02-WS-13-DM-09 AEA02-WS-13-DM-09 AEA02-WS-13-DM-09 AEA02-WS-13-DM-09 AEA02-WS-13-DM-09 AEA02-WS-13-DM-00 AEA02-WS-14-D-LA AEA02-WS-14-D-LA AEA02-WS-14-D-LA AEA02-WS-14-D-LA AEA02-WS-14-D-LL AEA02-WS-14-D-LL AEA02-WS-14-D-LL AEA02-WS-14-OD-LL AEA02-WS-14-OD-LL AEA02-WS-14-OD-LL AEA02-WS-14-OD-LL AEA02-WS-14-OD-LL AEA02-WS-14-OD-LL AEA02-WS-14-PO-UL AEA02-WS-14-PW-01 AEA02-WS-14-RW-01 AEA02-WS-14-RW-01 AEA02-WS-14-RW-01 AEA02-WS-14-RW-01 AEA02-WS-14-RW-01 AEA02-WS-14-RW-01 AEA02-WS-14-RW-01 AEA02-WS-14-RW-01		
AEA02-WS-13-AR-01 AEA02-WS-13-HW-01 AEA02-WS-13-HW-02 AEA02-WS-13-HW-04 AEA02-WS-13-HW-04 AEA02-WS-13-HW-04 AEA02-WS-13-HW-05 AEA02-WS-13-HW-07 AEA02-WS-13-HW-07 AEA02-WS-13-HW-07 AEA02-WS-13-HW-08 AEA02-WS-13-HW-08 AEA02-WS-13-HW-08 AEA02-WS-13-DM-01 AEA02-WS-13-DM-01 AEA02-WS-13-DM-02 AEA02-WS-13-DM-03 AEA02-WS-13-DM-04 AEA02-WS-13-DM-05 AEA02-WS-13-DM-05 AEA02-WS-13-DM-06 AEA02-WS-13-DM-06 AEA02-WS-13-DM-07 AEA02-WS-13-DM-07 AEA02-WS-13-DM-08 AEA02-WS-13-DM-09 AEA02-WS-13-DM-09 AEA02-WS-13-DM-09 AEA02-WS-13-DM-09 AEA02-WS-13-DM-01 AEA02-WS-13-DM-01 AEA02-WS-13-DM-01 AEA02-WS-13-DM-02 AEA02-WS-13-DM-05 AEA02-WS-13-DM-06 AEA02-WS-13-DM-06 AEA02-WS-13-DM-06 AEA02-WS-13-DM-06 AEA02-WS-13-DM-06 AEA02-WS-13-DM-07 AEA02-WS-13-DM-08 AEA02-WS-13-DM-09 AEA02-WS-14-DL-LA AEA02-WS-14-DL-T AEA02-WS-14-D-T AEA02-WS-14-D-T AEA02-WS-14-D-LA AEA02-WS-14-OD-LA AEA02-WS-14-OD-LA AEA02-WS-14-OD-LA AEA02-WS-14-OD-LA AEA02-WS-14-OD-LL AEA02-WS-14-OD-LL AEA02-WS-14-OD-LL AEA02-WS-14-OD-LL AEA02-WS-14-OD-LL AEA02-WS-14-OD-LL AEA02-WS-14-OD-LL AEA02-WS-14-OD-LL AEA02-WS-14-OD-LL AEA02-WS-14-AR-01 Wipe worker sample, rep 14, outer dosimeter, tower arms Wipe worker sample, rep 14, outer dosimeter, tower arms Wipe worker sample, rep 14, outer dosimeter, tower arms Wipe worker sample, rep 14, outer dosimeter, tower arms Wipe worker sample, rep 14, outer dosimeter, tower arms Wipe worker sample, rep 14, outer dosimeter, tower arms Wipe worker sample, rep 14, outer dosimeter, tower legs Wipe worker sample, rep 14, outer dosimeter, tower legs Wipe worker sample, rep 14, outer dosimeter, tower legs Wipe worker sample, rep 14, outer dosimeter, tower legs Wipe worker sample, rep 14, outer dosimeter, upper legs Wipe worker sample, rep 14, inner dosimeter, lower legs Wipe worker		
AEA02-WS-13-HW-01 AEA02-WS-13-HW-02 AEA02-WS-13-HW-03 AEA02-WS-13-HW-04 AEA02-WS-13-HW-04 AEA02-WS-13-DM-04 AEA02-WS-13-DM-05 AEA02-WS-13-DM-00 AEA02-WS-14-ID-LA AEA02-WS-14-ID-LA AEA02-WS-14-ID-UL AEA02-WS-14-ID-UL AEA02-WS-14-ID-UL AEA02-WS-14-ID-UL AEA02-WS-14-OD-LA AEA02-WS-14-OD-LA AEA02-WS-14-OD-LA AEA02-WS-14-OD-LA AEA02-WS-14-OD-LL AEA02-WS-14-OD-LL AEA02-WS-14-OD-LL AEA02-WS-14-OD-LL AEA02-WS-14-OD-LL AEA02-WS-14-OD-LL AEA02-WS-14-OD-LL AEA02-WS-14-OD-LL AEA02-WS-14-OD-UL AEA02-WS-14-OD-UL AEA02-WS-14-AR-01 AEA02-WS-14-AR-01 AEA02-WS-14-AR-01 AEA02-WS-14-AR-01 AEA02-WS-14-AR-01 AEA02-WS-14-AR-01 AEA02-WS-14-AR-01 AEA02-WS-14-HW-01 AEA02-WS-14-HW-01 AEA02-WS-14-HW-01 AEA02-WS-14-AR-01 AEA02-WS-14-	AEA02-WS-13-OD-UL	Wipe worker sample, rep 13, outer dosimeter, upper legs
AEA02-WS-13-HW-01 AEA02-WS-13-HW-02 AEA02-WS-13-HW-03 AEA02-WS-13-HW-04 AEA02-WS-13-HW-FR AEA02-WS-13-DM-04 AEA02-WS-13-DM-02 AEA02-WS-13-DM-05 AEA02-WS-13-DM-05 AEA02-WS-13-DM-06 AEA02-WS-13-DM-06 AEA02-WS-13-DM-07 AEA02-WS-13-DM-07 AEA02-WS-13-DM-08 AEA02-WS-13-DM-09 AEA02-WS-14-DD-LA AEA02-WS-14-DD-LA AEA02-WS-14-DD-LA AEA02-WS-14-DD-LA AEA02-WS-14-OD-BT AEA02-WS-14	AEA02-WS-13-AR-01	
AEA02-WS-13-HW-02 AEA02-WS-13-HW-04 AEA02-WS-13-HW-FR AEA02-WS-13-HW-FR AEA02-WS-13-HW-FR AEA02-WS-13-DM-01 AEA02-WS-13-DM-01 AEA02-WS-13-DM-02 AEA02-WS-13-DM-03 AEA02-WS-13-DM-03 AEA02-WS-13-DM-04 AEA02-WS-13-DM-05 AEA02-WS-13-DM-05 AEA02-WS-13-DM-05 AEA02-WS-13-RW-01 AEA02-WS-13-RW-01 AEA02-WS-14-ID-LA AEA02-WS-14-ID-LA AEA02-WS-14-ID-LA AEA02-WS-14-ID-LA AEA02-WS-14-ID-LA AEA02-WS-14-ID-LL AEA02-WS-14-ID-UL AEA02-WS-14-ID-UL AEA02-WS-14-OD-LL AEA02-WS-14-OD-RT AEA02-W	AEA02-WS-13-FW-01	
AEA02-WS-13-HW-04 AEA02-WS-13-HW-FR AEA02-WS-13-DM-01 AEA02-WS-13-DM-02 AEA02-WS-13-DM-03 AEA02-WS-13-DM-03 AEA02-WS-13-DM-04 AEA02-WS-13-DM-05 AEA02-WS-13-DM-05 AEA02-WS-13-DM-05 AEA02-WS-13-DM-06 AEA02-WS-13-DM-06 AEA02-WS-13-DM-06 AEA02-WS-13-DM-07 AEA02-WS-13-DM-07 AEA02-WS-13-DM-08 AEA02-WS-13-DM-09 AEA02-WS-13-DM-09 AEA02-WS-13-DM-09 AEA02-WS-13-DM-09 AEA02-WS-13-DM-09 AEA02-WS-13-DM-09 AEA02-WS-14-ID-LA AEA02-WS-14-ID-LA AEA02-WS-14-ID-LA AEA02-WS-14-ID-TT AEA02-WS-14-ID-LL AEA02-WS-14		Wipe worker sample, rep 13, 1st interim hand wash
AEA02-WS-13-HW-04 AEA02-WS-13-DM-01 AEA02-WS-13-DM-02 AEA02-WS-13-DM-03 AEA02-WS-13-DM-03 AEA02-WS-13-DM-04 AEA02-WS-13-DM-05 AEA02-WS-13-DM-05 AEA02-WS-13-DM-05 AEA02-WS-13-DM-06 AEA02-WS-14-ID-LA AEA02-WS-14-ID-LA AEA02-WS-14-ID-RT AEA02-WS-14-ID-RT AEA02-WS-14-ID-LL AEA02-WS-14-OD-LA AEA02-WS-14-OD-RT AEA02-WS-14-OD-RT AEA02-WS-14-OD-LL AEA02-WS-14-OD-LL AEA02-WS-14-OD-LL AEA02-WS-14-OD-UL Wipe worker sample, rep 14, outer dosimeter, lower arms Wipe worker sample, rep 14, outer dosimeter, upper arms Wipe worker sample, rep 14, outer dosimeter, front torso Wipe worker sample, rep 14, outer dosimeter, rear torso Wipe worker sample, rep 14, outer dosimeter, rear torso Wipe worker sample, rep 14, outer dosimeter, rear torso Wipe worker sample, rep 14, outer dosimeter, lower arms Wipe worker sample, rep 14, outer dosimeter, front torso Wipe worker sample, rep 14, outer dosimeter, lower legs Wipe worker sample, rep 14, outer dosimeter, rear torso Wipe worker sample, rep 14, outer dosimeter, rear torso Wipe worker sample, rep 14, outer dosimeter, pront torso Wipe worker sample, rep 14, outer dosimeter, upper legs Wipe worker sample, rep 14, outer dosimeter, pront torso Wipe worker sample, rep 14, outer dosimeter, pront torso Wipe worker sample, rep 14, outer dosimeter, pront torso Wipe worker sample, rep 14, outer dosimeter, pront torso Wipe worker sample, rep 14, outer dosimeter, pront torso Wipe worker sample, rep 14, outer dosimeter, pront torso Wipe worker sample, rep 14, outer dosimeter, pront torso	AEA02-WS-13-HW-02	Wipe worker sample, rep 13, 2 nd interim hand wash
AEA02-WS-13-HW-04 AEA02-WS-13-DM-01 AEA02-WS-13-DM-02 AEA02-WS-13-DM-03 AEA02-WS-13-DM-03 AEA02-WS-13-DM-04 AEA02-WS-13-DM-05 AEA02-WS-13-DM-05 AEA02-WS-13-DM-05 AEA02-WS-13-DM-06 AEA02-WS-14-ID-LA AEA02-WS-14-ID-LA AEA02-WS-14-ID-RT AEA02-WS-14-ID-RT AEA02-WS-14-ID-LL AEA02-WS-14-OD-LA AEA02-WS-14-OD-RT AEA02-WS-14-OD-RT AEA02-WS-14-OD-LL AEA02-WS-14-OD-LL AEA02-WS-14-OD-LL AEA02-WS-14-OD-UL Wipe worker sample, rep 14, outer dosimeter, lower arms Wipe worker sample, rep 14, outer dosimeter, upper arms Wipe worker sample, rep 14, outer dosimeter, front torso Wipe worker sample, rep 14, outer dosimeter, rear torso Wipe worker sample, rep 14, outer dosimeter, rear torso Wipe worker sample, rep 14, outer dosimeter, rear torso Wipe worker sample, rep 14, outer dosimeter, lower arms Wipe worker sample, rep 14, outer dosimeter, front torso Wipe worker sample, rep 14, outer dosimeter, lower legs Wipe worker sample, rep 14, outer dosimeter, rear torso Wipe worker sample, rep 14, outer dosimeter, rear torso Wipe worker sample, rep 14, outer dosimeter, pront torso Wipe worker sample, rep 14, outer dosimeter, upper legs Wipe worker sample, rep 14, outer dosimeter, pront torso Wipe worker sample, rep 14, outer dosimeter, pront torso Wipe worker sample, rep 14, outer dosimeter, pront torso Wipe worker sample, rep 14, outer dosimeter, pront torso Wipe worker sample, rep 14, outer dosimeter, pront torso Wipe worker sample, rep 14, outer dosimeter, pront torso Wipe worker sample, rep 14, outer dosimeter, pront torso	AEA02-WS-13-HW-03	Wipe worker sample, rep 13, 3 rd interim hand wash
AEA02-WS-13-DM-01 AEA02-WS-13-DM-02 AEA02-WS-3-DM-02 AEA02-WS-3-DM-03 AEA02-WS-3-DM-04 AEA02-WS-13-DM-05 AEA02-WS-13-DM-05 AEA02-WS-13-DM-05 AEA02-WS-13-DM-06 AEA02-WS-13-DM-06 AEA02-WS-13-DM-06 AEA02-WS-13-DM-06 AEA02-WS-13-DM-06 AEA02-WS-13-RW-01 AEA02-WS-13-RW-01 AEA02-WS-14-ID-LA AEA02-WS-14-ID-LA AEA02-WS-14-ID-LA AEA02-WS-14-ID-LL AEA02-WS-14-ID-LL AEA02-WS-14-ID-LL AEA02-WS-14-ID-LL AEA02-WS-14-ID-LL AEA02-WS-14-OD-LA AEA02-WS-14-OD-	AEA02-WS-13-HW-04	Wipe worker sample, rep 13, 4th interim hand wash
AEA02-WS-13-DM-03 AEA02-WS-13-DM-04 AEA02-WS-13-DM-05 AEA02-WS-13-DM-05 AEA02-WS-13-DM-06 AEA02-WS-13-DM-06 AEA02-WS-13-DM-06 AEA02-WS-13-RW-01 AEA02-WS-13-RW-01 AEA02-WS-14-ID-LA AEA02-WS-14-ID-LA AEA02-WS-14-ID-LA AEA02-WS-14-ID-LL AEA02-WS-14-ID-LL AEA02-WS-14-ID-LL AEA02-WS-14-ID-LL AEA02-WS-14-ID-LL AEA02-WS-14-ID-UL AEA02-WS-14-ID-UL AEA02-WS-14-ID-LL AEA02-WS-14-ID-LL AEA02-WS-14-ID-LL AEA02-WS-14-ID-LL AEA02-WS-14-ID-LL AEA02-WS-14-ID-LL AEA02-WS-14-ID-LL AEA02-WS-14-OD-LA AEA02-WS-14-OD-LA AEA02-WS-14-OD-LA AEA02-WS-14-OD-LA AEA02-WS-14-OD-LA AEA02-WS-14-OD-LL AEA02-WS-14-OD-UL AEA02-WS-14-AR-01 AEA02-WS-14-AR-01 AEA02-WS-14-RR-01 AEA02-WS-14-	AEA02-WS-13-HW-FR	
AEA02-WS-13-DM-03 AEA02-WS-13-DM-04 AEA02-WS-13-DM-05 AEA02-WS-13-DM-05 AEA02-WS-13-DM-06 AEA02-WS-13-DM-06 AEA02-WS-13-DM-06 AEA02-WS-13-RW-01 AEA02-WS-13-RW-01 AEA02-WS-14-ID-LA AEA02-WS-14-ID-LA AEA02-WS-14-ID-LA AEA02-WS-14-ID-LL AEA02-WS-14-OD-LA AEA02-WS-14-OD-LA AEA02-WS-14-OD-LA AEA02-WS-14-OD-LA AEA02-WS-14-OD-LA AEA02-WS-14-OD-LL AEA02-WS-14-OD-LL AEA02-WS-14-OD-LL AEA02-WS-14-OD-LL AEA02-WS-14-OD-UL AEA02-WS-14-OD-UL AEA02-WS-14-OD-UL AEA02-WS-14-OD-UL AEA02-WS-14-OD-UL AEA02-WS-14-AR-01 AEA02-WS-14-AR-01 AEA02-WS-14-AR-01 AEA02-WS-14-R-01 AEA02-WS-14-R-01 AEA02-WS-14-HW-01 AEA02-WS-14-HW-01 Wipe worker sample, rep 14, diluted material aliquot Wipe worker sample, rep 13, 5 th diluted material aliquot Wipe worker sample, rep 13, 5 th diluted material aliquot Wipe worker sample, rep 13, 5 th diluted material aliquot Wipe worker sample, rep 13, 5 th diluted material aliquot Wipe worker sample, rep 13, 5 th diluted material aliquot Wipe worker sample, rep 14, illuted material aliquot Wipe worker sample, rep 14, illuted material aliquot Wipe worker sample, rep 13, 5 th diluted material aliquot Wipe worker sample, rep 14, illuted material aliquot AEA02-WS-13-PW-01 AEA02-WS-14-ID-LA Wipe worker sample, rep 14, inner dosimeter, lower legs Wipe worker sample, rep 14, outer dosimeter, lower legs Wipe worker sample, rep 14, outer dosimeter, lower legs Wipe worker sample, rep 14, outer dosimeter, lower legs Wipe	AEA02-WS-13-DM-01	Wipe worker sample, rep 13, 1st diluted material aliquot
AEA02-WS-13-DM-04 AEA02-WS-13-DM-05 AEA02-WS-13-DM-06 AEA02-WS-13-DM-06 AEA02-WS-13-DM-06 AEA02-WS-13-DM-06 AEA02-WS-13-RW-01 AEA02-WS-13-RW-02 AEA02-WS-14-ID-LA AEA02-WS-14-ID-LA AEA02-WS-14-ID-TT AEA02-WS-14-ID-LL AEA02-WS-14-ID-UL AEA02-WS-14-ID-UL AEA02-WS-14-ID-LL AEA02-WS-14-ID-LL AEA02-WS-14-ID-LL AEA02-WS-14-ID-UL AEA02-WS-14-ID-UL AEA02-WS-14-ID-UL AEA02-WS-14-ID-UL AEA02-WS-14-ID-UL AEA02-WS-14-ID-UL AEA02-WS-14-ID-UL AEA02-WS-14-DD-LA AEA02-WS-14-DD-LA AEA02-WS-14-OD-LA AEA02-WS-14-OD-LA AEA02-WS-14-OD-TT AEA02-WS-14-OD-UA AEA02-WS-14-ID-UA AEA02-WS-14-ID-UA AEA02-WS-14-ID-UA AEA02-WS-14-ID-UA AEA02-WS-14-ID-UA AEA02-WS-14-ID-UA AEA02-WS-14-	AEA02-W\$-13-DM-02	Wipe worker sample, rep 13, 2 nd diluted material aliquot
AEA02-WS-13-DM-05 AEA02-WS-13-DM-06 AEA02-WS-13-RW-01 AEA02-WS-13-RW-02 AEA02-WS-14-ID-LA AEA02-WS-14-ID-LA AEA02-WS-14-ID-LA AEA02-WS-14-ID-LL AEA02-WS-14-OD-LA AEA02-WS-14-OD-LA AEA02-WS-14-OD-LA AEA02-WS-14-OD-LA AEA02-WS-14-OD-LA AEA02-WS-14-OD-LA AEA02-WS-14-OD-LL AEA02-WS-14-OD-UL AEA02-WS-14-OD-UL AEA02-WS-14-OD-UL AEA02-WS-14-OD-UL AEA02-WS-14-OD-UL AEA02-WS-14-OD-UL AEA02-WS-14-OD-UL AEA02-WS-14-AR-01 AEA02-WS-14-AR-01 AEA02-WS-14-AR-01 AEA02-WS-14-HW-01		
AEA02-WS-13-DM-05 AEA02-WS-13-RW-01 AEA02-WS-13-RW-02 AEA02-WS-14-ID-LA AEA02-WS-14-ID-LA AEA02-WS-14-ID-T AEA02-WS-14-ID-LL AEA02-WS-14-OD-LA AEA02-WS-14-OD-LA AEA02-WS-14-OD-LA AEA02-WS-14-OD-LA AEA02-WS-14-OD-LA AEA02-WS-14-OD-LA AEA02-WS-14-OD-LA AEA02-WS-14-OD-LL AEA02-WS-14-OD-UL AEA02-WS-14-	AEA02-WS-13-DM-04	Wipe worker sample, rep 13, 4th diluted material aliquot
AEA02-WS-13-DM-06 AEA02-WS-13-RW-01 AEA02-WS-13-RW-02 AEA02-WS-14-ID-LA AEA02-WS-14-ID-LA AEA02-WS-14-ID-LA AEA02-WS-14-ID-LA AEA02-WS-14-ID-UA AEA02-WS-14-ID-LL AEA02-WS-14-ID-LL AEA02-WS-14-ID-LL AEA02-WS-14-ID-LL AEA02-WS-14-ID-LL AEA02-WS-14-ID-LL AEA02-WS-14-ID-LL AEA02-WS-14-OD-LA AEA02-WS-14-OD-LA AEA02-WS-14-OD-LA AEA02-WS-14-OD-LA AEA02-WS-14-OD-LA AEA02-WS-14-OD-LL AEA02-WS-14-OD-LA AEA02-WS-14-OD-LA AEA02-WS-14-OD-LA AEA02-WS-14-OD-LA AEA02-WS-14		Wipe worker sample, rep 13, 5 th diluted material aliquot
AEA02-WS-13-RW-01 AEA02-WS-14-ID-LA AEA02-WS-14-ID-UA AEA02-WS-14-ID-UA AEA02-WS-14-ID-UA AEA02-WS-14-ID-UA AEA02-WS-14-ID-BT AEA02-WS-14-ID-LL AEA02-WS-14-ID-UL AEA02-WS-14-ID-UL AEA02-WS-14-ID-UL AEA02-WS-14-ID-UL AEA02-WS-14-ID-UL AEA02-WS-14-OD-LA AEA02-WS-14-OD-LA AEA02-WS-14-OD-LA AEA02-WS-14-OD-LA AEA02-WS-14-OD-LA AEA02-WS-14-OD-LL AEA02-WS-14-OD-LL AEA02-WS-14-OD-LL AEA02-WS-14-OD-LL AEA02-WS-14-OD-UL AEA02-WS-14-OD-UL AEA02-WS-14-OD-UL AEA02-WS-14-OD-UL AEA02-WS-14-OD-UL AEA02-WS-14-OD-UL AEA02-WS-14-AR-01 AEA02-WS-14-AR-01 AEA02-WS-14-FW-01 AEA02-WS-14-HW-01		Wipe worker sample, rep 13, 6th diluted material aliquot
AEA02-WS-14-ID-LA AEA02-WS-14-ID-UA AEA02-WS-14-ID-T AEA02-WS-14-ID-RT AEA02-WS-14-ID-LL AEA02-WS-14-ID-LL AEA02-WS-14-ID-LL AEA02-WS-14-ID-LL AEA02-WS-14-ID-LL AEA02-WS-14-OD-LA AEA02-WS-14-OD-LA AEA02-WS-14-OD-LA AEA02-WS-14-OD-LA AEA02-WS-14-OD-LA AEA02-WS-14-OD-LA AEA02-WS-14-OD-LA AEA02-WS-14-OD-LA AEA02-WS-14-OD-LC AEA02-WS-14-OD-LC AEA02-WS-14-OD-LL AEA02-WS-14-AR-01 AEA02-WS-14-R-01 AEA02-WS-14-R-01 AEA02-WS-14-R-01 AEA02-WS-14-HW-01		
AEA02-WS-14-ID-UA AEA02-WS-14-ID-RT AEA02-WS-14-ID-RT AEA02-WS-14-ID-LL AEA02-WS-14-ID-LL AEA02-WS-14-OD-LA AEA02-WS-14-OD-LA AEA02-WS-14-OD-LA AEA02-WS-14-OD-LA AEA02-WS-14-OD-LA AEA02-WS-14-OD-LA AEA02-WS-14-OD-LA AEA02-WS-14-OD-LL AEA02-WS-14-AR-01 AEA02-WS-14-FW-01 AEA02-WS-14-HW-01 Wipe worker sample, rep 14, inner dosimeter, front torso Wipe worker sample, rep 14, inner dosimeter, rear torso Wipe worker sample, rep 14, inner dosimeter, lower legs Wipe worker sample, rep 14, outer dosimeter, upper arms Wipe worker sample, rep 14, outer dosimeter, lower arms Wipe worker sample, rep 14, outer dosimeter, rear torso Wipe worker sample, rep 14, outer dosimeter, lower arms Wipe worker sample, rep 14, outer dosimeter, upper arms Wipe worker sample, rep 14, inner dosimeter, front torso Wipe worker sample, rep 14, outer dosimeter, lower arms Wipe worker sample, rep 14, outer dosimeter, upper arms Wipe worker sample, rep 14, outer dosimeter, upper arms Wipe worker sample, rep 14, outer dosimeter, upper arms Wipe worker sample, rep 14, outer dosimeter, upper arms Wipe worker sample, rep 14, outer dosimeter, upper arms Wipe worker sample, rep 14, outer dosimeter, upper arms Wipe worker sample, rep 14, outer dosimeter, upper arms Wipe worker sample, rep 14, outer dosimeter, upper arms Wipe worker sample, rep 14, outer dosimeter, upper arms Wipe worker sample, rep 14, outer dosimeter, upper arms Wipe worker sample, rep 14, outer dosimeter, upper arms Wipe worker sample, rep 14, outer dosimeter, upper arms Wipe worker sample, rep 14, outer dosimeter, upper arms Wipe worker sample, rep 14, outer dosimeter, upper arms Wipe worker sample, rep 14, outer dosimeter, upper arms Wipe worker sample, rep 14, outer dosimeter, upper arms Wipe worker sample, rep 14, outer dosimeter, upp		
AEA02-WS-14-ID-UA AEA02-WS-14-ID-RT AEA02-WS-14-ID-RT AEA02-WS-14-ID-LL AEA02-WS-14-ID-LL AEA02-WS-14-ID-LL AEA02-WS-14-OD-LA AEA02-WS-14-OD-LA AEA02-WS-14-OD-LA AEA02-WS-14-OD-LA AEA02-WS-14-OD-LA AEA02-WS-14-OD-LA AEA02-WS-14-OD-LL AEA02-WS-14-AR-01 AEA02-WS-14-FW-01 AEA02-WS-14-HW-01 Wipe worker sample, rep 14, inner dosimeter, front torso Wipe worker sample, rep 14, inner dosimeter, lower legs Wipe worker sample, rep 14, outer dosimeter, upper arms Wipe worker sample, rep 14, outer dosimeter, lower arms Wipe worker sample, rep 14, outer dosimeter, rear torso Wipe worker sample, rep 14, outer dosimeter, lower legs Wipe worker sample, rep 14, outer dosimeter, upper legs Wipe worker sample, rep 14, inner dosimeter, front torso Wipe worker sample, rep 14, outer dosimeter, upper arms Wipe worker sample, rep 14, outer dosimeter, upper arms Wipe worker sample, rep 14, outer dosimeter, upper arms Wipe worker sample, rep 14, outer dosimeter, upper arms Wipe worker sample, rep 14, outer dosimeter, upper arms Wipe worker sample, rep 14, outer dosimeter, upper arms Wipe worker sample, rep 14, outer dosimeter, upper arms Wipe worker sample, rep 14, outer dosimeter, upper arms Wipe worker sample, rep 14, outer dosimeter, upper arms Wipe worker sample, rep 14, outer dosimeter, upper arms Wipe worker sample, rep 14, outer dosimeter, upper arms Wipe worker sample, rep 14, outer dosimeter, upper arms Wipe worker sample, rep 14, outer dosimeter, upper arms Wipe worker sample, rep 14, outer dosimeter, upper arms Wipe worker sample, rep 14, outer dosimeter, upper arms Wipe worker sample, rep 14, outer dosimeter, upper arms Wipe worker sample, rep 14, outer dosimeter, upper arms Wipe worker sample, rep 14, outer dosimeter, upper arms Wipe worker sample, rep 14, outer dosimeter, upper arms Wipe worke	AEA02-WS-14-ID-LA	Wipe worker sample, rep 14, inner dosimeter, lower arms
AEA02-WS-14-ID-FT AEA02-WS-14-ID-LL AEA02-WS-14-ID-LL AEA02-WS-14-ID-LL AEA02-WS-14-ID-UL AEA02-WS-14-ID-UL AEA02-WS-14-ID-UL AEA02-WS-14-OD-LA AEA02-WS-14-OD-LA AEA02-WS-14-OD-FT AEA02-WS-14-OD-LL AEA02-WS-14-OD-LL AEA02-WS-14-OD-LL AEA02-WS-14-OD-LL AEA02-WS-14-OD-LL AEA02-WS-14-OD-LL AEA02-WS-14-OD-UL AEA02-WS-14-OD-UL AEA02-WS-14-OD-UL AEA02-WS-14-AR-01 AEA02-WS-14-R-01 AEA02-WS-14-R-01 AEA02-WS-14-HW-01 AEA02-WS-14-HW-01 Wipe worker sample, rep 14, inner dosimeter, rear torso Wipe worker sample, rep 14, outer dosimeter, upper legs Wipe worker sample, rep 14, outer dosimeter, rear torso Wipe worker sample, rep 14, outer dosimeter, lower legs Wipe worker sample, rep 14, outer dosimeter, upper legs Wipe worker sample, rep 14, air sampling tube Wipe worker sample, rep 14, face/neck wipes Wipe worker sample, rep 14, face/neck wipes Wipe worker sample, rep 14, inner dosimeter, front torso Wipe worker sample, rep 14, outer dosimeter, upper legs Wipe worker sample, rep 14, outer dosimeter, upper legs Wipe worker sample, rep 14, outer dosimeter, upper legs Wipe worker sample, rep 14, outer dosimeter, lower arms Wipe worker sample, rep 14, outer dosimeter, upper legs Wipe worker sample, rep 14, inner dosimeter, lower legs Wipe worker sample, rep 14, outer dosimeter, upper legs Wipe worker sample, rep 14, outer dosimeter, upper legs Wipe worker sample, rep 14, inner dosimeter, lower legs	AEA02-WS-14-ID-UA	
AEA02-WS-14-ID-LL AEA02-WS-14-ID-LL AEA02-WS-14-ID-UL Wipe worker sample, rep 14, inner dosimeter, lower legs Wipe worker sample, rep 14, inner dosimeter, lower legs Wipe worker sample, rep 14, outer dosimeter, upper legs Wipe worker sample, rep 14, outer dosimeter, upper arms Wipe worker sample, rep 14, outer dosimeter, upper arms Wipe worker sample, rep 14, outer dosimeter, front torso Wipe worker sample, rep 14, outer dosimeter, rear torso Wipe worker sample, rep 14, outer dosimeter, rear torso Wipe worker sample, rep 14, outer dosimeter, lower legs Wipe worker sample, rep 14, outer dosimeter, lower legs Wipe worker sample, rep 14, outer dosimeter, upper legs Wipe worker sample, rep 14, air sampling tube Wipe worker sample, rep 14, face/neck wipes Wipe worker sample, rep 14, face/neck wipes Wipe worker sample, rep 14, 1st interim hand wash		
AEA02-WS-14-ID-UL Wipe worker sample, rep 14, inner dosimeter, lower legs Wipe worker sample, rep 14, inner dosimeter, upper legs AEA02-WS-14-OD-LA AEA02-WS-14-OD-UA AEA02-WS-14-OD-FT AEA02-WS-14-OD-RT AEA02-WS-14-OD-LL AEA02-WS-14-OD-LL AEA02-WS-14-OD-UL Wipe worker sample, rep 14, outer dosimeter, upper arms Wipe worker sample, rep 14, outer dosimeter, front torso Wipe worker sample, rep 14, outer dosimeter, lower legs Wipe worker sample, rep 14, outer dosimeter, lower legs Wipe worker sample, rep 14, outer dosimeter, lower legs Wipe worker sample, rep 14, outer dosimeter, upper legs Wipe worker sample, rep 14, outer dosimeter, lower arms Wipe worker sample, rep 14, outer dosimeter, upper legs Wipe worker sample, rep 14, outer dosimeter, lower arms Wipe worker sample, rep 14, outer dosimeter, lower arms Wipe worker sample, rep 14, outer dosimeter, lower legs	AEA02-WS-14-ID-RT	
AEA02-WS-14-D-UL Wipe worker sample, rep 14, inner dosimeter, upper legs Wipe worker sample, rep 14, outer dosimeter, lower arms Wipe worker sample, rep 14, outer dosimeter, upper arms Wipe worker sample, rep 14, outer dosimeter, upper arms Wipe worker sample, rep 14, outer dosimeter, front torso Wipe worker sample, rep 14, outer dosimeter, rear torso Wipe worker sample, rep 14, outer dosimeter, lower legs Wipe worker sample, rep 14, outer dosimeter, lower legs Wipe worker sample, rep 14, outer dosimeter, upper legs Wipe worker sample, rep 14, air sampling tube Wipe worker sample, rep 14, face/neck wipes Wipe worker sample, rep 14, face/neck wipes Wipe worker sample, rep 14, 1st interim hand wash		
AEA02-WS-14-OD-UA AEA02-WS-14-OD-FT AEA02-WS-14-OD-RT AEA02-WS-14-OD-LL AEA02-WS-14-OD-LL AEA02-WS-14-OD-UL AEA02-WS-14-AR-01 AEA02-WS-14-FW-01 AEA02-WS-14-HW-01 Wipe worker sample, rep 14, outer dosimeter, upper arms Wipe worker sample, rep 14, outer dosimeter, lower legs Wipe worker sample, rep 14, outer dosimeter, upper legs Wipe worker sample, rep 14, air sampling tube Wipe worker sample, rep 14, face/neck wipes Wipe worker sample, rep 14, face/neck wipes Wipe worker sample, rep 14, 1st interim hand wash		
AEA02-WS-14-OD-UA AEA02-WS-14-OD-FT AEA02-WS-14-OD-RT AEA02-WS-14-OD-LL AEA02-WS-14-OD-LL AEA02-WS-14-OD-UL AEA02-WS-14-AR-01 AEA02-WS-14-FW-01 AEA02-WS-14-HW-01 Wipe worker sample, rep 14, outer dosimeter, upper arms Wipe worker sample, rep 14, outer dosimeter, lower legs Wipe worker sample, rep 14, outer dosimeter, upper legs Wipe worker sample, rep 14, air sampling tube Wipe worker sample, rep 14, face/neck wipes Wipe worker sample, rep 14, face/neck wipes Wipe worker sample, rep 14, 1st interim hand wash	AEA02-WS-14-OD-LA	Wipe worker sample, rep 14, outer dosimeter, lower arms
AEA02-WS-14-OD-RT AEA02-WS-14-OD-LL AEA02-WS-14-OD-LL AEA02-WS-14-OD-UL AEA02-WS-14-AR-01 AEA02-WS-14-AR-01 AEA02-WS-14-FW-01 AEA02-WS-14-HW-01 Wipe worker sample, rep 14, outer dosimeter, rear torso Wipe worker sample, rep 14, outer dosimeter, lower legs Wipe worker sample, rep 14, air sampling tube Wipe worker sample, rep 14, face/neck wipes Wipe worker sample, rep 14, 1st interim hand wash	AEA02-WS-14-OD-UA	
AEA02-WS-14-OD-RT AEA02-WS-14-OD-LL AEA02-WS-14-OD-UL AEA02-WS-14-AR-01 AEA02-WS-14-FW-01 AEA02-WS-14-HW-01 Wipe worker sample, rep 14, outer dosimeter, rear torso Wipe worker sample, rep 14, outer dosimeter, upper legs Wipe worker sample, rep 14, air sampling tube Wipe worker sample, rep 14, face/neck wipes Wipe worker sample, rep 14, 1st interim hand wash	AEA02-WS-14-OD-FT	
AEA02-WS-14-OD-LL AEA02-WS-14-OD-UL Wipe worker sample, rep 14, outer dosimeter, lower legs Wipe worker sample, rep 14, outer dosimeter, upper legs AEA02-WS-14-AR-01 AEA02-WS-14-FW-01 Wipe worker sample, rep 14, air sampling tube Wipe worker sample, rep 14, face/neck wipes Wipe worker sample, rep 14, 1st interim hand wash	AEA02-WS-14-OD-RT	
AEA02-WS-14-OD-UL Wipe worker sample, rep 14, outer dosimeter, upper legs AEA02-WS-14-AR-01 Wipe worker sample, rep 14, air sampling tube AEA02-WS-14-FW-01 Wipe worker sample, rep 14, face/neck wipes AEA02-WS-14-HW-01 Wipe worker sample, rep 14, 1st interim hand wash		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
AEA02-WS-14-FW-01 Wipe worker sample, rep 14, face/neck wipes AEA02-WS-14-HW-01 Wipe worker sample, rep 14, 1st interim hand wash		
AEA02-WS-14-FW-01 Wipe worker sample, rep 14, face/neck wipes AEA02-WS-14-HW-01 Wipe worker sample, rep 14, 1st interim hand wash	AEA02-WS-14-AR-01	Wipe worker sample, rep 14. air sampling tube
AEA02-WS-14-HW-01 Wipe worker sample, rep 14, 1st interim hand wash		
ΔΕΔΩ2-WS-14-HW-Ω2 Wine worker sample, rep 14, 2 nd interim hand week		Wipe worker sample, rep 14, 1 st interim hand wash
ALAUZTYYUT PTITYYTUZ YYIDE YYUING BOITIDIE. IED 14. Z JITREIIII JIBIRU WASII	AEA02-WS-14-HW-02	Wipe worker sample, rep 14, 2 nd interim hand wash
AEA02-WS-14-HW-03 Wipe worker sample, rep 14, 3 rd interim hand wash		
AEA02-WS-14-HW-04 Wipe worker sample, rep 14, 4 th interim hand wash		
AEA02-WS-14-HW-FR Wipe worker sample, rep 14, final hand wash		

Sample ID Number	<u>Description</u>
AEA02-WS-14-DM-01 AEA02-WS-14-DM-02 AEA02-WS-14-DM-03 AEA02-WS-14-DM-04 AEA02-WS-14-DM-05 AEA02-WS-14-DM-06 AEA02-WS-14-RW-01 AEA02-WS-14-RW-02	Wipe worker sample, rep 14, 1 st diluted material aliquot Wipe worker sample, rep 14, 2 nd diluted material aliquot Wipe worker sample, rep 14, 3 rd diluted material aliquot Wipe worker sample, rep 14, 4 th diluted material aliquot Wipe worker sample, rep 14, 5 th diluted material aliquot Wipe worker sample, rep 14, 6 th diluted material aliquot Ready to use wipe sample, rep 14, 1 st sample Ready to use wipe sample, rep 14, 2 nd sample
AEA02-WS-15-ID-LA AEA02-WS-15-ID-UA AEA02-WS-15-ID-FT AEA02-WS-15-ID-RT AEA02-WS-15-ID-LL AEA02-WS-15-ID-UL	Wipe worker sample, rep 15, inner dosimeter, lower arms Wipe worker sample, rep 15, inner dosimeter, upper arms Wipe worker sample, rep 15, inner dosimeter, front torso Wipe worker sample, rep 15, inner dosimeter, rear torso Wipe worker sample, rep 15, inner dosimeter, lower legs Wipe worker sample, rep 15, inner dosimeter, upper legs
AEA02-WS-15-OD-LA AEA02-WS-15-OD-UA AEA02-WS-15-OD-FT AEA02-WS-15-OD-RT AEA02-WS-15-OD-LL AEA02-WS-15-OD-UL	Wipe worker sample, rep 15, outer dosimeter, lower arms Wipe worker sample, rep 15, outer dosimeter, upper arms Wipe worker sample, rep 15, outer dosimeter, front torso Wipe worker sample, rep 15, outer dosimeter, rear torso Wipe worker sample, rep 15, outer dosimeter, lower legs Wipe worker sample, rep 15, outer dosimeter, upper legs
AEA02-WS-15-AR-01 AEA02-WS-15-FW-01 AEA02-WS-15-HW-01 AEA02-WS-15-HW-02 AEA02-WS-15-HW-03 AEA02-WS-15-HW-04 AEA02-WS-15-HW-FR	Wipe worker sample, rep 15, air sampling tube Wipe worker sample, rep 15, face/neck wipes Wipe worker sample, rep 15, 1 st interim hand wash Wipe worker sample, rep 15, 2 nd interim hand wash Wipe worker sample, rep 15, 3 rd interim hand wash Wipe worker sample, rep 15, 4 th interim hand wash Wipe worker sample, rep 15, final hand wash
AEA02-WS-15-DM-01 AEA02-WS-15-DM-02 AEA02-WS-15-DM-03 AEA02-WS-15-DM-04 AEA02-WS-15-DM-05 AEA02-WS-15-DM-06 AEA02-WS-15-RW-06 AEA02-WS-15-RW-06	Wipe worker sample, rep 15, 1 st diluted material aliquot Wipe worker sample, rep 15, 2 nd diluted material aliquot Wipe worker sample, rep 15, 3 rd diluted material aliquot Wipe worker sample, rep 15, 4 th diluted material aliquot Wipe worker sample, rep 15, 5 th diluted material aliquot Wipe worker sample, rep 15, 6 th diluted material aliquot Ready to use wipe sample, rep 15, 1st sample Ready to use wipe sample, rep 15, 2 nd sample
AEA02-WS-16-ID-LA AEA02-WS-16-ID-UA AEA02-WS-16-ID-FT AEA02-WS-16-ID-RT AEA02-WS-16-ID-LL AEA02-WS-15-ID-UL	Wipe worker sample, rep 16, inner dosimeter, lower arms Wipe worker sample, rep 16, inner dosimeter, upper arms Wipe worker sample, rep 16, inner dosimeter, front torso Wipe worker sample, rep 16, inner dosimeter, rear torso Wipe worker sample, rep 16, inner dosimeter, lower legs Wipe worker sample, rep 16, inner dosimeter, upper legs

Sample ID Number	<u>Description</u>
AEA02-WS-16-OD-LA AEA02-WS-16-OD-UA AEA02-WS-16-OD-FT AEA02-WS-16-OD-RT AEA02-WS-16-OD-LL AEA02-WS-16-OD-UL	Wipe worker sample, rep 16, outer dosimeter, lower arms Wipe worker sample, rep 16, outer dosimeter, upper arms Wipe worker sample, rep 16, outer dosimeter, front torso Wipe worker sample, rep 16, outer dosimeter, rear torso Wipe worker sample, rep 16, outer dosimeter, lower legs Wipe worker sample, rep 16, outer dosimeter, upper legs
AEA02-WS-16-AR-01 AEA02-WS-16-FW-01 AEA02-WS-16-HW-01 AEA02-WS-16-HW-02 AEA02-WS-16-HW-03 AEA02-WS-16-HW-04 AEA02-WS-16-HW-FR	Wipe worker sample, rep 16, air sampling tube Wipe worker sample, rep 16, face/neck wipes Wipe worker sample, rep 16, 1st interim hand wash Wipe worker sample, rep 16, 2nd interim hand wash Wipe worker sample, rep 16, 3nd interim hand wash Ready to use wipe sample, rep 16, 1st sample Ready to use wipe sample, rep 16, 2nd sample
AEA02-WS-16-DM-01 AEA02-WS-16-DM-02 AEA02-WS-16-DM-03 AEA02-WS-16-DM-04 AEA02-WS-16-DM-05 AEA02-WS-16-DM-06	Wipe worker sample, rep 16, 1 st diluted material aliquot Wipe worker sample, rep 16, 2 nd diluted material aliquot Wipe worker sample, rep 16, 3 rd diluted material aliquot Wipe worker sample, rep 16, 4 th diluted material aliquot Wipe worker sample, rep 16, 5 th diluted material aliquot Wipe worker sample, rep 16, 6 th diluted material aliquot
AEA02-WS-17-ID-LA AEA02-WS-17-ID-UA AEA02-WS-17-ID-FT AEA02-WS-17-ID-RT AEA02-WS-17-ID-LL AEA02-WS-17-ID-UL	Wipe worker sample, rep 17, inner dosimeter, lower arms Wipe worker sample, rep 17, inner dosimeter, upper arms Wipe worker sample, rep 17, inner dosimeter, front torso Wipe worker sample, rep 17, inner dosimeter, rear torso Wipe worker sample, rep 17, inner dosimeter, lower legs Wipe worker sample, rep 17, inner dosimeter, upper legs
AEA02-WS-17-OD-LA AEA02-WS-17-OD-UA AEA02-WS-17-OD-FT AEA02-WS-17-OD-RT AEA02-WS-17-OD-LL AEA02-WS-17-OD-UL	Wipe worker sample, rep 17, outer dosimeter, lower arms Wipe worker sample, rep 17, outer dosimeter, upper arms Wipe worker sample, rep 17, outer dosimeter, front torso Wipe worker sample, rep 17, outer dosimeter, rear torso Wipe worker sample, rep 17, outer dosimeter, lower legs Wipe worker sample, rep 17, outer dosimeter, upper legs
AEA02-WS-17-AR-01 AEA02-WS-17-FW-01 AEA02-WS-17-HW-01 AEA02-WS-17-HW-02 AEA02-WS-17-HW-03 AEA02-WS-17-HW-04 AEA02-WS-17-HW-FR	Wipe worker sample, rep 17, air sampling tube Wipe worker sample, rep 17, face/neck wipes Wipe worker sample, rep 17, 1 st interim hand wash Wipe worker sample, rep 17, 2 nd interim hand wash Wipe worker sample, rep 17, 3 rd interim hand wash Wipe worker sample, rep 17, 4 th interim hand wash Wipe worker sample, rep 17, final hand wash
AEA02-WS-17-DM-01 AEA02-WS-17-DM-02	Wipe worker sample, rep 17, 1 st diluted material aliquot Wipe worker sample, rep 17, 2 nd diluted material aliquot

Sample ID Number	<u>Description</u>
AEA02-WS-17-DM-03 AEA02-WS-17-DM-04 AEA02-WS-17-DM-05 AEA02-WS-17-DM-06 AEA02-WS-17-RW-01 AEA02-WS-17-RW-02	Wipe worker sample, rep 17, 3 rd diluted material aliquot Wipe worker sample, rep 17, 4 th diluted material aliquot Wipe worker sample, rep 17, 5 th diluted material aliquot Wipe worker sample, rep 17, 6 th diluted material aliquot Ready to use wipe sample, rep 17, 1 st sample Ready to use wipe sample, rep 17, 2 nd sample
AEA02-WS-18-ID-LA AEA02-WS-18-ID-UA AEA02-WS-18-ID-FT AEA02-WS-18-ID-RT AEA02-WS-18-ID-LL AEA02-WS-18-ID-UL	Wipe worker sample, rep 18, inner dosimeter, lower arms Wipe worker sample, rep 18, inner dosimeter, upper arms Wipe worker sample, rep 18, inner dosimeter, front torso Wipe worker sample, rep 18, inner dosimeter, rear torso Wipe worker sample, rep 18, inner dosimeter, lower legs Wipe worker sample, rep 18, inner dosimeter, upper legs
AEA02-WS-18-OD-LA AEA02-WS-18-OD-UA AEA02-WS-18-OD-FT AEA02-WS-18-OD-RT AEA02-WS-18-OD-LL AEA02-WS-18-OD-UL	Wipe worker sample, rep 18, outer dosimeter, lower arms Wipe worker sample, rep 18, outer dosimeter, upper arms Wipe worker sample, rep 18, outer dosimeter, front torso Wipe worker sample, rep 18, outer dosimeter, rear torso Wipe worker sample, rep 18, outer dosimeter, lower legs Wipe worker sample, rep 18, outer dosimeter, upper legs
AEA02-WS-18-AR-01 AEA02-WS-18-FW-01 AEA02-WS-18-HW-01 AEA02-WS-18-HW-02 AEA02-WS-18-HW-03 AEA02-WS-18-HW-04 AEA02-WS-18-HW-FR	Wipe worker sample, rep 18, air sampling tube Wipe worker sample, rep 18, face/neck wipes Wipe worker sample, rep 18, 1 st interim hand wash Wipe worker sample, rep 18, 2 nd interim hand wash Wipe worker sample, rep 18, 3 rd interim hand wash Wipe worker sample, rep 18, 4 th interim hand wash Wipe worker sample, rep 18, final hand wash
AEA02-WS-18-DM-01 AEA02-WS-18-DM-02 AEA02-WS-18-DM-03 AEA02-WS-18-DM-04 AEA02-WS-18-DM-05 AEA02-WS-18-DM-06 AEA02-WS-18-RW-01 AEA02-WS-18-RW-02	Wipe worker sample, rep 18, 1 st diluted material aliquot Wipe worker sample, rep 18, 2 nd diluted material aliquot Wipe worker sample, rep 18, 3 rd diluted material aliquot Wipe worker sample, rep 18, 4 th diluted material aliquot Wipe worker sample, rep 18, 5 th diluted material aliquot Wipe worker sample, rep 18, 6 th diluted material aliquot Ready to use wipe sample, rep 18, 1 st sample Ready to use wipe sample, rep 18, 2 nd sample
AEA02-WS-19-ID-LA AEA02-WS-19-ID-UA AEA02-WS-19-ID-FT AEA02-WS-19-ID-RT AEA02-WS-19-ID-LL AEA02-WS-19-ID-UL	Wipe worker sample, rep 19, inner dosimeter, lower arms Wipe worker sample, rep 19, inner dosimeter, upper arms Wipe worker sample, rep 19, inner dosimeter, front torso Wipe worker sample, rep 19, inner dosimeter, rear torso Wipe worker sample, rep 19, inner dosimeter, lower legs Wipe worker sample, rep 19, inner dosimeter, upper legs Wipe worker sample, rep 19, outer dosimeter, lower arms
MEMUZ-VVO-19-UD-EM	wipe worker sample, lep 13, outer dosimeter, lower arms

Sample ID Number	<u>Description</u>
AEA02-WS-19-OD-UA AEA02-WS-19-OD-FT	Wipe worker sample, rep 19, outer dosimeter, upper arms Wipe worker sample, rep 19, outer dosimeter, front torso
AEA02-WS-19-OD-RT	Wipe worker sample, rep 19, outer dosimeter, from torso
AEA02-WS-19-OD-LL	Wipe worker sample, rep 19, outer dosimeter, lower legs
AEA02-WS-19-OD-UL	Wipe worker sample, rep 19, outer dosimeter, upper legs
AEA02-WS-19-AR-01	Wipe worker sample, rep 19, air sampling tube
AEA02-WS-19-FW-01	Wipe worker sample, rep 19, face/neck wipes
AEA02-WS-19-HW-01	Wipe worker sample, rep 19, 1st interim hand wash
AEA02-WS-19-HW-02	Wipe worker sample, rep 19, 2 nd interim hand wash
AEA02-WS-19-HW-03	Wipe worker sample, rep 19, 3 rd interim hand wash
AEA02-WS-19-HW-04	Wipe worker sample, rep 19, 4th interim hand wash
AEA02-WS-19-HW-FR	Wipe worker sample, rep 19, final hand wash
AEA02-WS-19-DM-01	Wipe worker sample, rep 19, 1 st diluted material aliquot
AEA02-WS-19-DM-02	Wipe worker sample, rep 19, 2 nd diluted material aliquot
AEA02-WS-19-DM-03	Wipe worker sample, rep 19, 3 rd diluted material aliquot
AEA02-WS-19-DM-04	Wipe worker sample, rep 19, 4 th diluted material aliquot
AEA02-WS-19-DM-05	Wipe worker sample, rep 19, 5 th diluted material aliquot
AEA02-WS-19-DM-06	Wipe worker sample, rep 19, 6th diluted material aliquot
AEA02-WS-19-RW-01	Ready to use wipe sample, rep 19, 1 st sample
AEA02-WS-19-RW-02	Ready to use wipe sample, rep 19, 2 nd sample
AEA02-WS-20-ID-LA	Wipe worker sample, rep 20, inner dosimeter, lower arms
AEA02-WS-20-ID-UA	Wipe worker sample, rep 20, inner dosimeter, upper arms
AEA02-WS-20-ID-FT	Wipe worker sample, rep 20, inner dosimeter, front torso
AEA02-WS-20-ID-RT	Wipe worker sample, rep 20, inner dosimeter, rear torso
AEA02-WS-20-ID-LL	Wipe worker sample, rep 20, inner dosimeter, lower legs
AEA02-WS-20-ID-UL	Wipe worker sample, rep 20, inner dosimeter, upper legs
AEA02-WS-20-OD-LA	Wipe worker sample, rep 20, outer dosimeter, lower arms
AEA02-WS-20-OD-UA	Wipe worker sample, rep 20, outer dosimeter, upper arms
AEA02-WS-20-OD-FT	Wipe worker sample, rep 20, outer dosimeter, front torso
AEA02-WS-20-OD-RT	Wipe worker sample, rep 20, outer dosimeter, rear torso
AEA02-WS-20-OD-LL	Wipe worker sample, rep 20, outer dosimeter, lower legs
AEA02-WS-20-OD-UL	Wipe worker sample, rep 20, outer dosimeter, upper legs
AEA02-WS-20-AR-01	Wipe worker sample, rep 20, air sampling tube
AEA02-WS-20-FW-01	Wipe worker sample, rep 20, face/neck wipes
AEA02-WS-20-HW-01	Wipe worker sample, rep 20, 1st interim hand wash
AEA02-WS-20-HW-02	Wipe worker sample, rep 20, 2 nd interim hand wash
AEA02-WS-20-HW-03	Wipe worker sample, rep 20, 3 rd interim hand wash
AEA02-WS-20-HW-04	Wipe worker sample, rep 20, 4 th interim hand wash
AEA02-WS-20-HW-FR	Wipe worker sample, rep 20, final hand wash
AEA02-WS-20-DM-01	Wipe worker sample, rep 20, 1st diluted material aliquot

Sample ID Number	<u>Description</u>
AEA02-WS-20-DM-02	Wipe worker sample, rep 20, 2 nd diluted material aliquot
AEA02-WS-20-DM-03	Wipe worker sample, rep 20, 3 rd diluted material aliquot
AEA02-WS-20-D M -04	Wipe worker sample, rep 20, 4 th diluted material aliquot
AEA02-WS-20-DM-05	Wipe worker sample, rep 20, 5 th diluted material aliquot
AEA02-WS-20-DM-06	Wipe worker sample, rep 20, 6 th diluted material aliquot
AEA02-WS-20-RW-01	Ready to use wipe sample, rep 20, 1st sample
AEA02-WS-20-RW-02	Ready to use wipe sample, rep 20, 2 nd sample
AEA02-WS-21-ID-LA	Wipe worker sample, rep 21, inner dosimeter, lower arms
AEA02-WS-21-ID-UA	Wipe worker sample, rep 21, inner dosimeter, upper arms
AEA02-WS-21-ID-FT	Wipe worker sample, rep 21, inner dosimeter, front torso
AEA02-WS-21-ID-RT	Wipe worker sample, rep 21, inner dosimeter, rear torso
AEA02-WS-21-ID-LL	Wipe worker sample, rep 21, inner dosimeter, lower legs
AEA02-WS-21-ID-UL	Wipe worker sample, rep 21, inner dosimeter, upper legs
AEA02-WS-21-OD-LA	Wipe worker sample, rep 21, outer dosimeter, lower arms
AEA02-WS-21-OD-UA	Wipe worker sample, rep 21, outer dosimeter, upper arms
AEA02-WS-21-OD-FT	Wipe worker sample, rep 21, outer dosimeter, front torso
AEA02-WS-21-OD-RT	Wipe worker sample, rep 21, outer dosimeter, rear torso
AEA02-WS-21-OD-LL	Wipe worker sample, rep 21, outer dosimeter, lower legs
AEA02-WS-21-OD-UL	Wipe worker sample, rep 21, outer dosimeter, upper legs
AEA02-WS-21-AR-01	Wipe worker sample, rep 21, air sampling tube
AEA02-WS-21-FW-01	Wipe worker sample, rep 21, face/neck wipes
AEA02-WS-21-HW-01	Wipe worker sample, rep 21, 1 st interim hand wash
AEA02-WS-21-HW-02	Wipe worker sample, rep 21, 2 nd interim hand wash
AEA02-WS-21-HW-03	Wipe worker sample, rep 21, 3 rd interim hand wash
AEA02-WS-21-HW-04	Wipe worker sample, rep 21, 4 th interim hand wash
AEA02-WS-21-HW-FR	Wipe worker sample, rep 21, final hand wash
AEA02-WS-21-DM-01	Wipe worker sample, rep 21, 1 st diluted material aliquot
AEA02-WS-21-DM-02	Wipe worker sample, rep 21, 2 nd diluted material aliquot
AEA02-WS-21-DM-03	Wipe worker sample, rep 21, 3 rd diluted material aliquot
AEA02-WS-21-DM-04	Wipe worker sample, rep 21, 4 th diluted material aliquot
AEA02-WS-21-DM-05	Wipe worker sample, rep 21, 5 th diluted material aliquot
AEA02-WS-21-DM-06	Wipe worker sample, rep 21, 6 th diluted material aliquot
AEA02-WS-21-RW-01	Ready to use wipe sample, rep 21, 1st sample
AEA02-WS-21-RW-02	Ready to use wipe sample, rep 21, 2 nd sample
AEA02-WS-22-ID-LA	Wipe worker sample, rep 22, inner dosimeter, lower arms
AEA02-WS-22-ID-UA	Wipe worker sample, rep 22, inner dosimeter, upper arms
AEA02-WS-22-ID-FT	Wipe worker sample, rep 22, inner dosimeter, front torso
AEA02-WS-22-ID-RT	Wipe worker sample, rep 22, inner dosimeter, rear torso
AEA02-WS-22-ID-LL	Wipe worker sample, rep 22, inner dosimeter, lower legs
AEA02-WS-22-ID-UL	Wipe worker sample, rep 22, inner dosimeter, upper legs

Sample ID Number	<u>Description</u>
AEA02-WS-22-OD-LA	Wipe worker sample, rep 22, outer dosimeter, lower arms
AEA02-WS-22-OD-UA	Wipe worker sample, rep 22, outer dosimeter, upper arms
AEA02-WS-22-OD-FT	Wipe worker sample, rep 22, outer dosimeter, front torso
AEA02-WS-22-OD-RT	Wipe worker sample, rep 22, outer dosimeter, rear torso
AEA02-WS-22-OD-LL	Wipe worker sample, rep 22, outer dosimeter, lower legs
AEA02-WS-22-OD-UL	Wipe worker sample, rep 22, outer dosimeter, upper legs
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AEA02-WS-22-AR-01	Wipe worker sample, rep 22, air sampling tube
AEA02-WS-22-FW-01	Wipe worker sample, rep 22, face/neck wipes
AEA02-WS-22-HW-01	Wipe worker sample, rep 22, 1 st interim hand wash
AEA02-WS-22-HW-02	Wipe worker sample, rep 22, 2 nd interim hand wash
AEA02-WS-22-HW-03	Wipe worker sample, rep 22, 3 rd interim hand wash
AEA02-WS-22-HW-04	Wipe worker sample, rep 22, 4 th interim hand wash
AEA02-WS-22-HW-FR	Wipe worker sample, rep 22, final hand wash
ALA02-440-22-1144-11	wipe worker sample, rep 22, illiar hand wash
AEA02-WS-22-DM-01	Wipe worker sample, rep 22, 1 st diluted material aliquot
AEA02-WS-22-DM-02	Wipe worker sample, rep 22, 2 nd diluted material aliquot
AEA02-WS-22-DM-03	Wipe worker sample, rep 22, 3 rd diluted material aliquot
AEA02-WS-22-DM-04	Wipe worker sample, rep 22, 4 th diluted material aliquot
AEA02-WS-22-DM-05	Wipe worker sample, rep 22, 5 th diluted material aliquot
AEA02-WS-22-DM-06	Wipe worker sample, rep 22, 6 th diluted material aliquot
AEA02-WS-22-RW-01	Ready to use wipe sample, rep 22, 1 st sample
AEA02-WS-22-RW-02	Ready to use wipe sample, rep 22, 1 sample
ALA02-140-22-1144-02	Ready to use wipe sample, rep 22, 2 sample
AEA02-WS-23-ID-LA	Wipe worker sample, rep 23, inner dosimeter, lower arms
AEA02-WS-23-ID-UA	Wipe worker sample, rep 23, inner dosimeter, upper arms
AEA02-WS-23-ID-FT	Wipe worker sample, rep 23, inner dosimeter, front torso
AEA02-WS-23-ID-RT	Wipe worker sample, rep 23, inner dosimeter, rear torso
AEA02-WS-23-ID-LL	Wipe worker sample, rep 23, inner dosimeter, lower legs
AEA02-WS-23-ID-UL	Wipe worker sample, rep 23, inner dosimeter, upper legs
ALA02-VVO-20-10-0L	wipe worker sample, rep 25, little dosimeter, upper legs
AEA02-WS-23-OD-LA	Wipe worker sample, rep 23, outer dosimeter, lower arms
AEA02-WS-23-OD-UA	Wipe worker sample, rep 23, outer dosimeter, upper arms
AEA02-WS-23-OD-FT	Wipe worker sample, rep 23, outer dosimeter, front torso
AEA02-WS-23-OD-RT	Wipe worker sample, rep 23, outer dosimeter, rear torso
AEA02-WS-23-OD-LL	Wipe worker sample, rep 23, outer dosimeter, lower legs
AEA02-WS-23-OD-UL	Wipe worker sample, rep 23, outer dosimeter, upper legs
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AEA02-WS-23-AR-01	Wipe worker sample, rep 23, air sampling tube
AEA02-WS-23-FW-01	Wipe worker sample, rep 23, face/neck wipes
AEA02-WS-23-HW-01	Wipe worker sample, rep 23, 1 st interim hand wash
AEA02-WS-23-HW-02	Wipe worker sample, rep 23, 2 nd interim hand wash
AEA02-WS-23-HW-03	Wipe worker sample, rep 23, 3 rd interim hand wash
AEA02-WS-23-HW-04	Wipe worker sample, rep 23, 4 th interim hand wash
AEA02-WS-23-HW-FR	Wipe worker sample, rep 23, final hand wash
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Sample ID Number	Description
AEA02-WS-23-DM-01 AEA02-WS-23-DM-02 AEA02-WS-23-DM-03 AEA02-WS-23-DM-04 AEA02-WS-23-DM-05 AEA02-WS-23-DM-06 AEA02-WS-23-RW-01 AEA02-WS-23-RW-02	Wipe worker sample, rep 23, 1 st diluted material aliquot Wipe worker sample, rep 23, 2 nd diluted material aliquot Wipe worker sample, rep 23, 3 rd diluted material aliquot Wipe worker sample, rep 23, 4 th diluted material aliquot Wipe worker sample, rep 23, 5 th diluted material aliquot Wipe worker sample, rep 23, 6 th diluted material aliquot Ready to use wipe sample, rep 23, 1 st sample Ready to use wipe sample, rep 23, 2 nd sample
AEA02-WS-24-ID-LA AEA02-WS-24-ID-UA AEA02-WS-24-ID-FT AEA02-WS-24-ID-RT AEA02-WS-24-ID-LL AEA02-WS-24-ID-UL	Wipe worker sample, rep 24, inner dosimeter, lower arms Wipe worker sample, rep 24, inner dosimeter, upper arms Wipe worker sample, rep 24, inner dosimeter, front torso Wipe worker sample, rep 24, inner dosimeter, rear torso Wipe worker sample, rep 24, inner dosimeter, lower legs Wipe worker sample, rep 24, inner dosimeter, upper legs
AEA02-WS-24-OD-LA AEA02-WS-24-OD-UA AEA02-WS-24-OD-FT AEA02-WS-24-OD-RT AEA02-WS-24-OD-LL AEA02-WS-24-OD-UL	Wipe worker sample, rep 24, outer dosimeter, lower arms Wipe worker sample, rep 24, outer dosimeter, upper arms Wipe worker sample, rep 24, outer dosimeter, front torso Wipe worker sample, rep 24, outer dosimeter, rear torso Wipe worker sample, rep 24, outer dosimeter, lower legs Wipe worker sample, rep 24, outer dosimeter, upper legs
AEA02-WS-24-AR-01 AEA02-WS-24-FW-01 AEA02-WS-24-HW-01 AEA02-WS-24-HW-02 AEA02-WS-24-HW-03 AEA02-WS-24-HW-04 AEA02-WS-24-HW-FR	Wipe worker sample, rep 24, air sampling tube Wipe worker sample, rep 24, face/neck wipes Wipe worker sample, rep 24, 1 st interim hand wash Wipe worker sample, rep 24, 2 nd interim hand wash Wipe worker sample, rep 24, 3 rd interim hand wash Wipe worker sample, rep 24, 4 th interim hand wash Wipe worker sample, rep 24, final hand wash
AEA02-WS-24-DM-01 AEA02-WS-24-DM-02 AEA02-WS-24-DM-03 AEA02-WS-24-DM-04 AEA02-WS-24-DM-05 AEA02-WS-24-DM-06 AEA02-WS-24-RW-01 AEA02-WS-24-RW-02	Wipe worker sample, rep 24, 1 st diluted material aliquot Wipe worker sample, rep 24, 2 nd diluted material aliquot Wipe worker sample, rep 24, 3 rd diluted material aliquot Wipe worker sample, rep 24, 4 th diluted material aliquot Wipe worker sample, rep 24, 5 th diluted material aliquot Wipe worker sample, rep 24, 6 th diluted material aliquot Ready to use wipe sample, rep 24, 1 st sample Ready to use wipe sample, rep 24, 2 nd sample
AEA02-WS-25-ID-LA AEA02-WS-25-ID-UA AEA02-WS-25-ID-FT AEA02-WS-25-ID-RT AEA02-WS-25-ID-LL AEA02-WS-25-ID-UL	Wipe worker sample, rep 25, inner dosimeter, lower arms Wipe worker sample, rep 25, inner dosimeter, upper arms Wipe worker sample, rep 25, inner dosimeter, front torso Wipe worker sample, rep 25, inner dosimeter, rear torso Wipe worker sample, rep 25, inner dosimeter, lower legs Wipe worker sample, rep 25, inner dosimeter, upper legs

Sample ID Number	Description
AEA02-WS-25-OD-LA	Wipe worker sample, rep 25, outer dosimeter, lower arms
AEA02-WS-25-OD-UA	Wipe worker sample, rep 25, outer dosimeter, upper arms
AEA02-WS-25-OD-FT	Wipe worker sample, rep 25, outer dosimeter, front torso
AEA02-WS-25-OD-RT	Wipe worker sample, rep 25, outer dosimeter, rear torso
AEA02-WS-25-OD-LL	Wipe worker sample, rep 25, outer dosimeter, lower legs
AEA02-WS-25-OD-UL	Wipe worker sample, rep 25, outer dosimeter, upper legs
AEA02-WS-25-AR-01	Wipe worker sample, rep 25, air sampling tube
AEA02-WS-25-FW-01	Wipe worker sample, rep 25, face/neck wipes
AEA02-WS-25-HW-01	Wipe worker sample, rep 25, 1 st interim hand wash
AEA02-WS-25-HW-02	Wipe worker sample, rep 25, 2 nd interim hand wash
AEA02-WS-25-HW-03	Wipe worker sample, rep 25, 3 rd interim hand wash
AEA02-WS-25-HW-04	Wipe worker sample, rep 25, 4 th interim hand wash
AEA02-WS-25-HW-FR	Wipe worker sample, rep 25, final hand wash
AEA02-WS-25-DM-01	Wipe worker sample, rep 25, 1 st diluted material aliquot
AEA02-WS-25-DM-02	Wipe worker sample, rep 25, 2 nd diluted material aliquot
AEA02-WS-25-DM-03	Wipe worker sample, rep 25, 3 rd diluted material aliquot
AEA02-WS-25-DM-04	Wipe worker sample, rep 25, 4th diluted material aliquot
AEA02-WS-25-DM-05	Wipe worker sample, rep 25, 5th diluted material aliquot
AEA02-WS-25-DM-06	Wipe worker sample, rep 25, 6th diluted material aliquot
AEA02-WS-25-RW-01	Ready to use wipe sample, rep 25, 1 st sample
AEA02-WS-25-RW-02	Ready to use wipe sample, rep 25, 2 nd sample
AEA02-WS-26-ID-LA	Wipe worker sample, rep 26, inner dosimeter, lower arms
AEA02-WS-26-ID-UA	Wipe worker sample, rep 26, inner dosimeter, upper arms
AEA02-WS-26-ID-FT	Wipe worker sample, rep 26, inner dosimeter, front torso
AEA02-WS-26-ID-RT	Wipe worker sample, rep 26, inner dosimeter, rear torso
AEA02-WS-26-ID-LL	Wipe worker sample, rep 26, inner dosimeter, lower legs
AEA02-WS-26-ID-UL	Wipe worker sample, rep 26, inner dosimeter, upper legs
AEA02-WS-26-OD-LA	Wipe worker sample, rep 26, outer dosimeter, lower arms
AEA02-WS-26-OD-UA	Wipe worker sample, rep 26, outer dosimeter, upper arms
AEA02-WS-26-OD-FT	Wipe worker sample, rep 26, outer dosimeter, front torso
AEA02-WS-26-OD-RT	Wipe worker sample, rep 26, outer dosimeter, rear torso
AEA02-WS-26-OD-LL	Wipe worker sample, rep 26, outer dosimeter, lower legs
AEA02-WS-26-OD-LL AEA02-WS-26-OD-UL	Wipe worker sample, rep 26, outer dosimeter, lower legs
AEAU2-995-20-UD-UL	wipe worker sample, rep 26, outer dosimeter, upper legs
AEA02-WS-26-AR-01	Wipe worker sample, rep 26, air sampling tube
AEA02-WS-26-FW-01	Wipe worker sample, rep 26, face/neck wipes
AEA02-WS-26-HW-01	Wipe worker sample, rep 26, 1st interim hand wash
AEA02-WS-26-HW-02	Wipe worker sample, rep 26, 2 nd interim hand wash
AEA02-WS-26-HW-03	Wipe worker sample, rep 26, 3 rd interim hand wash
AEA02-WS-26-HW-04	Wipe worker sample, rep 26, 4th interim hand wash
AEA02-WS-26-HW-FR	Wipe worker sample, rep 26, final hand wash

Sample ID Number	<u>Description</u>
AEA02-WS-26-DM-01 AEA02-WS-26-DM-02 AEA02-WS-26-DM-03 AEA02-WS-26-DM-04 AEA02-WS-26-DM-05 AEA02-WS-26-DM-06 AEA02-WS-26-RW-01 AEA02-WS-26-RW-02	Wipe worker sample, rep 26, 1 st diluted material aliquot Wipe worker sample, rep 26, 2 nd diluted material aliquot Wipe worker sample, rep 26, 3 rd diluted material aliquot Wipe worker sample, rep 26, 4 th diluted material aliquot Wipe worker sample, rep 26, 5 th diluted material aliquot Wipe worker sample, rep 26, 6 th diluted material aliquot Ready to use wipe sample, rep 26, 1 st sample Ready to use wipe sample, rep 26, 2 nd sample
AEA02-WS-27-ID-LA AEA02-WS-27-ID-UA AEA02-WS-27-ID-FT AEA02-WS-27-ID-RT AEA02-WS-27-ID-LL AEA02-WS-27-ID-UL	Wipe worker sample, rep 27, inner dosimeter, lower arms Wipe worker sample, rep 27, inner dosimeter, upper arms Wipe worker sample, rep 27, inner dosimeter, front torso Wipe worker sample, rep 27, inner dosimeter, rear torso Wipe worker sample, rep 27, inner dosimeter, lower legs Wipe worker sample, rep 27, inner dosimeter, upper legs
AEA02-WS-27-OD-LA AEA02-WS-27-OD-UA AEA02-WS-27-OD-FT AEA02-WS-27-OD-RT AEA02-WS-27-OD-LL AEA02-WS-27-OD-UL	Wipe worker sample, rep 27, outer dosimeter, lower arms Wipe worker sample, rep 27, outer dosimeter, upper arms Wipe worker sample, rep 27, outer dosimeter, front torso Wipe worker sample, rep 27, outer dosimeter, rear torso Wipe worker sample, rep 27, outer dosimeter, lower legs Wipe worker sample, rep 27, outer dosimeter, upper legs
AEA02-WS-27-AR-01 AEA02-WS-27-FW-01 AEA02-WS-27-HW-01 AEA02-WS-27-HW-02 AEA02-WS-27-HW-03 AEA02-WS-27-HW-04 AEA02-WS-27-HW-FR	Wipe worker sample, rep 27, air sampling tube Wipe worker sample, rep 27, face/neck wipes Wipe worker sample, rep 27, 1 st interim hand wash Wipe worker sample, rep 27, 2 nd interim hand wash Wipe worker sample, rep 27, 3 rd interim hand wash Wipe worker sample, rep 27, 4 th interim hand wash Wipe worker sample, rep 27, final hand wash
AEA02-WS-27-DM-01 AEA02-WS-27-DM-02 AEA02-WS-27-DM-03 AEA02-WS-27-DM-04 AEA02-WS-27-DM-05 AEA02-WS-27-DM-06 AEA02-WS-27-RW-01 AEA02-WS-27-RW-02	Wipe worker sample, rep 27, 1st diluted material aliquot Wipe worker sample, rep 27, 2 nd diluted material aliquot Wipe worker sample, rep 27, 3 rd diluted material aliquot Wipe worker sample, rep 27, 4 th diluted material aliquot Wipe worker sample, rep 27, 5 th diluted material aliquot Wipe worker sample, rep 27, 6 th diluted material aliquot Ready to use wipe sample, rep 27, 1 st sample Ready to use wipe sample, rep 27, 2 nd sample
AEA02-WS-28-ID-LA AEA02-WS-28-ID-UA AEA02-WS-28-ID-FT AEA02-WS-28-ID-RT AEA02-WS-28-ID-LL AEA02-WS-28-ID-UL	Wipe worker sample, rep 28, inner dosimeter, lower arms Wipe worker sample, rep 28, inner dosimeter, upper arms Wipe worker sample, rep 28, inner dosimeter, front torso Wipe worker sample, rep 28, inner dosimeter, rear torso Wipe worker sample, rep 28, inner dosimeter, lower legs Wipe worker sample, rep 28, inner dosimeter, upper legs

Sample ID Number	Description
AEA02-WS-28-OD-LA	Wipe worker sample, rep 28, outer dosimeter, lower arms
AEA02-WS-28-OD-UA	Wipe worker sample, rep 28, outer dosimeter, upper arms
AEA02-WS-28-OD-FT	Wipe worker sample, rep 28, outer dosimeter, front torso
AEA02-WS-28-OD-RT	Wipe worker sample, rep 28, outer dosimeter, rear torso
AEA02-WS-28-OD-LL	Wipe worker sample, rep 28, outer dosimeter, lower legs
AEA02-WS-28-OD-UL	Wipe worker sample, rep 28, outer dosimeter, upper legs
AEA02-WS-28-AR-01	Wipe worker sample, rep 28, air sampling tube
AEA02-WS-28-FW-01	Wipe worker sample, rep 28, face/neck wipes
AEA02-WS-28-HW-01	Wipe worker sample, rep 28, 1 st interim hand wash
AEA02-WS-28-HW-02	Wipe worker sample, rep 28, 2 nd interim hand wash
AEA02-WS-28-HW-03	Wipe worker sample, rep 28, 3 rd interim hand wash
AEA02-WS-28-HW-04	Wipe worker sample, rep 28, 4 th interim hand wash
AEA02-WS-28-HW-FR	Wipe worker sample, rep 28, final hand wash
AEA02-WS-28-DM-01	Wipe worker sample, rep 28, 1 st diluted material aliquot
AEA02-WS-28-DM-02	Wipe worker sample, rep 28, 2 nd diluted material aliquot
AEA02-WS-28-DM-03	Wipe worker sample, rep 28, 3 rd diluted material aliquot
AEA02-WS-28-DM-04	Wipe worker sample, rep 28, 4 th diluted material aliquot
AEA02-WS-28-DM-05	Wipe worker sample, rep 28, 5 th diluted material aliquot
AEA02-WS-28-DM-06	Wipe worker sample, rep 28, 6 th diluted material aliquot
AEA02-WS-28-RW-01	Ready to use wipe sample, rep 28, 1st sample
AEA02-WS-28-RW-02	Ready to use wipe sample, rep 28, 2 nd sample
AEA02-WS-29-ID-LA	Wipe worker sample, rep 29, inner dosimeter, lower arms
AEA02-WS-29-ID-UA	Wipe worker sample, rep 29, inner dosimeter, upper arms
AEA02-WS-29-ID-FT	Wipe worker sample, rep 29, inner dosimeter, front torso
AEA02-WS-29-ID-RT	Wipe worker sample, rep 29, inner dosimeter, rear torso
AEA02-WS-29-ID-LL	Wipe worker sample, rep 29, inner dosimeter, lower legs
AEA02-WS-29-ID-UL	Wipe worker sample, rep 29, inner dosimeter, upper legs
AEA02-WS-29-OD-LA	Wipe worker sample, rep 29, outer dosimeter, lower arms
AEA02-WS-29-OD-UA	Wipe worker sample, rep 29, outer dosimeter, upper arms
AEA02-WS-29-OD-FT	Wipe worker sample, rep 29, outer dosimeter, front torso
AEA02-WS-29-OD-RT	Wipe worker sample, rep 29, outer dosimeter, rear torso
AEA02-WS-29-OD-LL	Wipe worker sample, rep 29, outer dosimeter, lower legs
AEA02-WS-29-OD-UL	Wipe worker sample, rep 29, outer dosimeter, upper legs
AEA02-WS-29-AR-01	Wipe worker sample, rep 29, air sampling tube
AEA02-WS-29-FW-01	Wipe worker sample, rep 29, face/neck wipes
AEA02-WS-29-HW-01	Wipe worker sample, rep 29, 1 st interim hand wash
AEA02-WS-29-HW-02	Wipe worker sample, rep 29, 2 nd interim hand wash
AEA02-WS-29-HW-03	Wipe worker sample, rep 29, 3 rd interim hand wash
AEA02-WS-29-HW-04	Wipe worker sample, rep 29, 4 th interim hand wash
AEA02-WS-29-HW-FR	Wipe worker sample, rep 29, final hand wash

Sample ID Number	<u>Description</u>
AEA02-WS-29-DM-01	Wipe worker sample, rep 29, 1 st diluted material aliquot
AEA02-WS-29-DM-02	Wipe worker sample, rep 29, 2 nd diluted material aliquot
AEA02-WS-29-DM-03	Wipe worker sample, rep 29, 3 rd diluted material aliquot
AEA02-WS-29-DM-04	Wipe worker sample, rep 29, 4 th diluted material aliquot
AEA02-WS-29-DM-05	Wipe worker sample, rep 29, 5 th diluted material aliquot
AEA02-WS-29-DM-06	Wipe worker sample, rep 29, 6 th diluted material aliquot
AEA02-WS-29-RW-01	Ready to use wipe sample, rep 29, 1 st sample
AEA02-WS-29-RW-02	Ready to use wipe sample, rep 28, 2 nd sample
AEA02-WS-30-ID-LA	Wipe worker sample, rep 30, inner dosimeter, lower arms
AEA02-WS-30-ID-UA	Wipe worker sample, rep 30, inner dosimeter, upper arms
AEA02-WS-30-ID-FT	Wipe worker sample, rep 30, inner dosimeter, front torso
AEA02-WS-30-ID-RT	Wipe worker sample, rep 30, inner dosimeter, rear torso
AEA02-WS-30-ID-LL	Wipe worker sample, rep 30, inner dosimeter, lower legs
AEA02-WS-30-ID-UL	Wipe worker sample, rep 30, inner dosimeter, upper legs
AEA02-WS-30-OD-LA	Wipe worker sample, rep 30, outer dosimeter, lower arms
AEA02-WS-30-OD-UA	Wipe worker sample, rep 30, outer dosimeter, upper arms
AEA02-WS-30-OD-FT	Wipe worker sample, rep 30, outer dosimeter, front torso
AEA02-WS-30-OD-RT	Wipe worker sample, rep 30, outer dosimeter, rear torso
AEA02-WS-30-OD-LL	Wipe worker sample, rep 30, outer dosimeter, lower legs
AEA02-WS-30-OD-UL	Wipe worker sample, rep 30, outer dosimeter, upper legs
AEA02-WS-30-AR-01	Wipe worker sample, rep 30, air sampling tube
AEA02-WS-30-FW-01	Wipe worker sample, rep 30, face/neck wipes
AEA02-WS-30-HW-01	Wipe worker sample, rep 30, 1st interim hand wash
AEA02-WS-30-HW-02	Wipe worker sample, rep 30, 2 nd interim hand wash
AEA02-WS-30-HW-03	Wipe worker sample, rep 30, 3 rd interim hand wash
AEA02-WS-30-HW-04	Wipe worker sample, rep 30, 4 th interim hand wash
AEA02-WS-30-HW-FR	Wipe worker sample, rep 30, final hand wash
AEA02-WS-30-DM-01	Wipe worker sample, rep 30, 1 st diluted material aliquot
AEA02-WS-30-DM-02	Wipe worker sample, rep 30, 2 nd diluted material aliquot
AEA02-WS-30-DM-03	Wipe worker sample, rep 30, 3 rd diluted material aliquot
AEA02-WS-30-DM-04	Wipe worker sample, rep 30, 4 th diluted material aliquot
AEA02-WS-30-DM-05	Wipe worker sample, rep 30, 5 th diluted material aliquot
AEA02-WS-30-DM-06	Wipe worker sample, rep 30, 6 th diluted material aliquot
AEA02-WS-30-RW-01	Ready to use wipe sample, rep 30, 1 st sample
AEA02-WS-30-RW-02	Ready to use wipe sample, rep 30, 2 nd sample
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AEA02-WS-31-ID-LA	Wipe worker sample, rep 31, inner dosimeter, lower arms
AEA02-WS-31-ID-UA	Wipe worker sample, rep 31, inner dosimeter, upper arms
AEA02-WS-31-ID-FT	Wipe worker sample, rep 31, inner dosimeter, front torso
AEA02-WS-31-ID-RT	Wipe worker sample, rep 31, inner dosimeter, rear torso
AEA02-WS-31-ID-LL	Wipe worker sample, rep 31, inner dosimeter, lower legs
AEA02-WS-31-ID-UL	Wipe worker sample, rep 31, inner dosimeter, upper legs

AEA02-WS-31-OD-LA AEA02-WS-31-OD-UA AEA02-WS-31-OD-FT AEA02-WS-31-OD-RT AEA02-WS-31-OD-LL AEA02-WS-31-OD-LL AEA02-WS-31-OD-LL AEA02-WS-31-OD-UL AEA02-WS-31-OD-UL AEA02-WS-31-AR-01 AEA02-WS-31-FW-01 Wipe worker sample, rep 31, outer dosimeter, rear torso Wipe worker sample, rep 31, outer dosimeter, lower legs Wipe worker sample, rep 31, outer dosimeter, upper legs Wipe worker sample, rep 31, outer dosimeter, upper legs Wipe worker sample, rep 31, outer dosimeter, lower arms Wipe worker sample, rep 31, outer dosimeter, upper legs Wipe worker sample, rep 31, outer dosimeter, upper arms Wipe worker sample, rep 31, outer dosimeter, lower arms Wipe worker sample, rep 31, outer dosimeter, upper arms Wipe worker sample, rep 31, outer dosimeter, rear torso Wipe worker sample, rep 31, outer dosimeter, lower arms Wipe worker sample, rep 31, outer dosimeter, rear torso Wipe worker sample, rep 31, outer dosimeter, lower legs Wipe worker sample, rep 31, outer dosimeter, lower legs Wipe worker sample, rep 31, outer dosimeter, lower legs Wipe worker sample, rep 31, outer dosimeter, lower legs Wipe worker sample, rep 31, outer dosimeter, lower legs Wipe worker sample, rep 31, outer dosimeter, lower legs Wipe worker sample, rep 31, outer dosimeter, lower legs Wipe worker sample, rep 31, outer dosimeter, lower legs Wipe worker sample, rep 31, outer dosimeter, lower legs Wipe worker sample, rep 31, outer dosimeter, lower legs
AEA02-WS-31-OD-FT AEA02-WS-31-OD-RT AEA02-WS-31-OD-LL AEA02-WS-31-OD-UL AEA02-WS-31-OD-UL AEA02-WS-31-AR-01 AEA02-WS-31-FW-01 Wipe worker sample, rep 31, outer dosimeter, rear torso Wipe worker sample, rep 31, outer dosimeter, lower legs Wipe worker sample, rep 31, outer dosimeter, upper legs Wipe worker sample, rep 31, air sampling tube Wipe worker sample, rep 31, face/neck wipes
AEA02-WS-31-OD-LL AEA02-WS-31-OD-LL AEA02-WS-31-OD-UL Wipe worker sample, rep 31, outer dosimeter, rear torso Wipe worker sample, rep 31, outer dosimeter, lower legs Wipe worker sample, rep 31, outer dosimeter, upper legs AEA02-WS-31-AR-01 AEA02-WS-31-FW-01 Wipe worker sample, rep 31, air sampling tube Wipe worker sample, rep 31, face/neck wipes
AEA02-WS-31-OD-LL AEA02-WS-31-OD-UL Wipe worker sample, rep 31, outer dosimeter, lower legs Wipe worker sample, rep 31, outer dosimeter, upper legs AEA02-WS-31-AR-01 AEA02-WS-31-FW-01 Wipe worker sample, rep 31, air sampling tube Wipe worker sample, rep 31, face/neck wipes
AEA02-WS-31-OD-UL Wipe worker sample, rep 31, outer dosimeter, upper legs AEA02-WS-31-AR-01 Wipe worker sample, rep 31, air sampling tube AEA02-WS-31-FW-01 Wipe worker sample, rep 31, face/neck wipes
AEA02-WS-31-AR-01 Wipe worker sample, rep 31, air sampling tube AEA02-WS-31-FW-01 Wipe worker sample, rep 31, face/neck wipes
AEA02-WS-31-FW-01 Wipe worker sample, rep 31, face/neck wipes
AEA02-WS-31-HW-01 Wipe worker sample, rep 31, 1st interim hand wash
AEA02-WS-31-HW-02 Wipe worker sample, rep 31, 2 nd interim hand wash
AEA02-WS-31-HW-03 Wipe worker sample, rep 31, 3 rd interim hand wash
AEA02-WS-31-HW-04 Wipe worker sample, rep 31, 4 th interim hand wash
AEA02-WS-31-HW-FR Wipe worker sample, rep 31, final hand wash
AEA02-WS-31-DM-01 Wipe worker sample, rep 31, 1 st diluted material aliquot
AEA02-WS-31-DM-02 Wipe worker sample, rep 31, 2 nd diluted material aliquot
AEA02-WS-31-DM-03 Wipe worker sample, rep 31, 3 rd diluted material aliquot
AEA02-WS-31-DM-04 Wipe worker sample, rep 31, 4 th diluted material aliquot
AEA02-WS-31-DM-05 Wipe worker sample, rep 31, 5 th diluted material aliquot
AEA02-WS-31-DM-06 Wipe worker sample, rep 31, 6th diluted material aliquot
AEA02-WS-31-RW-01 Ready to use wipe sample, rep 31, 1 st sample
AEA02-WS-31-RW-02 Ready to use wipe sample, rep 31, 2 nd sample
AEA02-WS-32-ID-LA Wipe worker sample, rep 32, inner dosimeter, lower arms
AEA02-WS-32-ID-UA Wipe worker sample, rep 32, inner dosimeter, upper arms
AEA02-WS-32-ID-FT Wipe worker sample, rep 32, inner dosimeter, front torso
AEA02-WS-32-ID-RT Wipe worker sample, rep 32, inner dosimeter, rear torso
AEA02-WS-32-ID-LL Wipe worker sample, rep 32, inner dosimeter, lower legs
AEA02-WS-32-ID-UL Wipe worker sample, rep 32, inner dosimeter, upper legs
AEA02-WS-32-OD-LA Wipe worker sample, rep 32, outer dosimeter, lower arms
AEA02-WS-32-OD-UA Wipe worker sample, rep 32, outer dosimeter, upper arms
AEA02-WS-32-OD-FT Wipe worker sample, rep 32, outer dosimeter, front torso
AEA02-WS-32-OD-RT Wipe worker sample, rep 32, outer dosimeter, rear torso
AEA02-WS-32-OD-LL Wipe worker sample, rep 32, outer dosimeter, lower legs
AEA02-WS-32-OD-UL Wipe worker sample, rep 32, outer dosimeter, upper legs
AEA02-WS-32-AR-01 Wipe worker sample, rep 32, air sampling tube
AEA02-WS-32-FW-01 Wipe worker sample, rep 32, face/neck wipes
AEA02-WS-32-HW-01 Wipe worker sample, rep 32, 1st interim hand wash
AEA02-WS-32-HW-02 Wipe worker sample, rep 32, 2 nd interim hand wash
AEA02-WS-32-HW-03 Wipe worker sample, rep 32, 3 rd interim hand wash
AEA02-WS-32-HW-04 Wipe worker sample, rep 32, 4 th interim hand wash
AEA02-WS-32-HW-FR Wipe worker sample, rep 32, final hand wash

Sample ID Number	<u>Description</u>
AEA02-WS-32-DM-01	Wipe worker sample, rep 32, 1 st diluted material aliquot
AEA02-WS-32-DM-02	Wipe worker sample, rep 32, 2 nd diluted material aliquot
AEA02-WS-32-DM-03	Wipe worker sample, rep 32, 3 rd diluted material aliquot
AEA02-WS-32-DM-04	Wipe worker sample, rep 32, 4 th diluted material aliquot
AEA02-WS-32-DM-05	Wipe worker sample, rep 32, 5 th diluted material aliquot
AEA02-WS-32-DM-06	Wipe worker sample, rep 32, 6 th diluted material aliquot
AEA02-WS-32-RW-01	Ready to use wipe sample, rep 32, 1st sample
AEA02-WS-32-RW-02	Ready to use wipe sample, rep 32, 2 nd sample
AEA02-WS-33-ID-LA	Wipe worker sample, rep 33, inner dosimeter, lower arms
AEA02-WS-33-ID-UA	Wipe worker sample, rep 33, inner dosimeter, upper arms
AEA02-WS-33-ID-FT	Wipe worker sample, rep 33, inner dosimeter, front torso
AEA02-WS-33-ID-RT	Wipe worker sample, rep 33, inner dosimeter, rear torso
AEA02-WS-33-ID-LL	Wipe worker sample, rep 33, inner dosimeter, lower legs
AEA02-WS-33-ID-UL	Wipe worker sample, rep 33, inner dosimeter, upper legs
AEA02-WS-33-OD-LA	Wipe worker sample, rep 33, outer dosimeter, lower arms
AEA02-WS-33-OD-UA	Wipe worker sample, rep 33, outer dosimeter, upper arms
AEA02-WS-33-OD-FT	Wipe worker sample, rep 33, outer dosimeter, front torso
AEA02-WS-33-OD-RT	Wipe worker sample, rep 33, outer dosimeter, rear torso
AEA02-WS-33-OD-LL	Wipe worker sample, rep 33, outer dosimeter, lower legs
AEA02-WS-33-OD-UL	Wipe worker sample, rep 33, outer dosimeter, upper legs
AEA02-WS-33-AR-01	Wipe worker sample, rep 33, air sampling tube
AEA02-WS-33-FW-01	Wipe worker sample, rep 33, face/neck wipes
AEA02-WS-33-HW-01	Wipe worker sample, rep 33, 1 st interim hand wash
AEA02-WS-33-HW-02	Wipe worker sample, rep 33, 2 nd interim hand wash
AEA02-WS-33-HW-03	Wipe worker sample, rep 33, 3 rd interim hand wash
AEA02-WS-33-HW-04	Wipe worker sample, rep 33, 4th interim hand wash
AEA02-WS-33-HW-FR	Wipe worker sample, rep 33, final hand wash
AEA02-WS-33-DM-01	Wipe worker sample, rep 33, 1 st diluted material aliquot
AEA02-WS-33-DM-02	Wipe worker sample, rep 33, 2 nd diluted material aliquot
AEA02-WS-33-DM-03	Wipe worker sample rep 33 3 rd diluted material aliquot
AEA02-WS-33-DM-04	Wipe worker sample, rep 33, 4th diluted material aliquot
AEA02-WS-33-DM-05	Wipe worker sample, rep 33, 5th diluted material aliquot
AEA02-WS-33-DM-06	Wipe worker sample, rep 33, 6 th diluted material aliquot
AEA02-WS-33-RW-01	Ready to use wipe sample, rep 33, 1st sample
AEA02-WS-33-RW-02	Ready to use wipe sample, rep 33, 2 nd sample
AEA02-WS-34-ID-LA	Wipe worker sample, rep 34, inner dosimeter, lower arms
AEA02-WS-34-ID-UA	Wipe worker sample, rep 34, inner dosimeter, upper arms
AEA02-WS-34-ID-FT	Wipe worker sample, rep 34, inner dosimeter, front torso
AEA02-WS-34-ID-RT	Wipe worker sample, rep 34, inner dosimeter, rear torso
AEA02-WS-34-ID-LL	Wipe worker sample, rep 34, inner dosimeter, lower legs
AEA02-WS-34-ID-UL	Wipe worker sample, rep 34, inner dosimeter, upper legs

Sample ID Number	<u>Description</u>
AEA02-WS-34-OD-LA	Wipe worker sample, rep 34, outer dosimeter, lower arms
AEA02-WS-34-OD-UA	Wipe worker sample, rep 34, outer dosimeter, upper arms
AEA02-WS-34-OD-FT	Wipe worker sample, rep 34, outer dosimeter, front torso
AEA02-WS-34-OD-RT	Wipe worker sample, rep 34, outer dosimeter, rear torso
AEA02-WS-34-OD-LL	Wipe worker sample, rep 34, outer dosimeter, lower legs
AEA02-WS-34-OD-UL	Wipe worker sample, rep 34, outer dosimeter, upper legs
AEA02-WS-34-AR-01	Wipe worker sample, rep 34, air sampling tube
AEA02-WS-34-FW-01	Wipe worker sample, rep 34, face/neck wipes
AEA02-WS-34-HW-01	Wipe worker sample, rep 34, 1st interim hand wash
AEA02-WS-34-HW-02	Wipe worker sample, rep 34, 2 nd interim hand wash
AEA02-WS-34-HW-03	Wipe worker sample, rep 34, 3 rd interim hand wash
AEA02-WS-34-HW-04	Wipe worker sample, rep 34, 4 th interim hand wash
AEA02-WS-34-HW-FR	Wipe worker sample, rep 34, final hand wash
AEA02-WS-34-DM-01	Wipe worker sample, rep 34, 1 st diluted material aliquot
AEA02-WS-34-DM-02	Wipe worker sample, rep 34, 2 nd diluted material aliquot
AEA02-WS-34-DM-03	Wipe worker sample, rep 34, 3 rd diluted material aliquot
AEA02-WS-34-DM-04	Wipe worker sample, rep 34, 4th diluted material aliquot
AEA02-WS-34-DM-05	Wipe worker sample, rep 34, 5 th diluted material aliquot
AEA02-WS-34-DM-06	Wipe worker sample, rep 34, 6 th diluted material aliquot
AEA02-WS-34-RW-01	Ready to use wipe sample, rep 34, 1st sample
AEA02-WS-34-RW-02	Ready to use wipe sample, rep 34, 2 nd sample
AEA02-WS-35-ID-LA	Wipe worker sample, rep 35, inner dosimeter, lower arms
AEA02-WS-35-ID-UA	Wipe worker sample, rep 35, inner dosimeter, upper arms
AEA02-WS-35-ID-FT	Wipe worker sample, rep 35, inner dosimeter, front torso
AEA02-WS-35-ID-RT	Wipe worker sample, rep 35, inner dosimeter, rear torso
AEA02-WS-35-ID-LL	Wipe worker sample, rep 35, inner dosimeter, lower legs
AEA02-WS-35-ID-UL	Wipe worker sample, rep 35, inner dosimeter, upper legs
AEA02-WS-35-OD-LA	Wipe worker sample, rep 35, outer dosimeter, lower arms
AEA02-WS-35-OD-UA	Wipe worker sample, rep 35, outer dosimeter, upper arms
AEA02-WS-35-OD-FT	Wipe worker sample, rep 35, outer dosimeter, front torso
AEA02-WS-35-OD-RT	Wipe worker sample, rep 35, outer dosimeter, rear torso
AEA02-WS-35-OD-LL	Wipe worker sample, rep 35, outer dosimeter, lower legs
AEA02-WS-35-OD-UL	Wipe worker sample, rep 35, outer dosimeter, upper legs
AEA02-WS-35-AR-01	Wipe worker sample, rep 35, air sampling tube
AEA02-WS-35-FW-01	Wipe worker sample, rep 35, face/neck wipes
AEA02-WS-35-HW-01	Wipe worker sample, rep 35, 1 st interim hand wash
AEA02-WS-35-HW-02	Wipe worker sample, rep 35, 2 nd interim hand wash
AEA02-WS-35-HW-03	Wipe worker sample, rep 35, 3 rd interim hand wash
AEA02-WS-35-HW-04	Wipe worker sample, rep 35, 4th interim hand wash
AEA02-WS-35-HW-FR	Wipe worker sample, rep 35, final hand wash

Sample ID Number	Description
AEA02-WS-35-DM-01	Wipe worker sample, rep 35, 1 st diluted material aliquot
AEA02-WS-35-DM-02	Wipe worker sample, rep 35, 2 nd diluted material aliquot
AEA02-WS-35-DM-03	Wipe worker sample, rep 35, 3 rd diluted material aliquot
AEA02-WS-35-DM-04	Wipe worker sample, rep 35, 4 th diluted material aliquot
AEA02-WS-35-DM-05	Wipe worker sample, rep 35, 5 th diluted material aliquot
AEA02-WS-35-DM-06	Wipe worker sample, rep 35, 6 th diluted material aliquot
AEA02-WS-35-RW-01	Ready to use wipe sample, rep 35, 1 st sample
AEA02-WS-35-RW-02	Ready to use wipe sample, rep 35, 2 nd sample
AEA02-WS-36-ID-LA	Wipe worker sample, rep 36, inner dosimeter, lower arms
AEA02-WS-36-ID-UA	Wipe worker sample, rep 36, inner dosimeter, upper arms
AEA02-WS-36-ID-FT	Wipe worker sample, rep 36, inner dosimeter, front torso
AEA02-WS-36-ID-RT	Wipe worker sample, rep 36, inner dosimeter, rear torso
AEA02-WS-36-ID-LL	Wipe worker sample, rep 36, inner dosimeter, lower legs
AEA02-WS-36-ID-UL	Wipe worker sample, rep 36, inner dosimeter, upper legs
AEA02-WS-36-OD-LA	Wipe worker sample, rep 36, outer dosimeter, lower arms
AEA02-WS-36-OD-UA	Wipe worker sample, rep 36, outer dosimeter, upper arms
AEA02-WS-36-OD-FT	Wipe worker sample, rep 36, outer dosimeter, front torso
AEA02-WS-36-OD-RT	Wipe worker sample, rep 36, outer dosimeter, rear torso
AEA02-WS-36-OD-LL	Wipe worker sample, rep 36, outer dosimeter, lower legs
AEA02-WS-36-OD-UL	Wipe worker sample, rep 36, outer dosimeter, upper legs
AEA02-WS-36-AR-01	Wipe worker sample, rep 36, air sampling tube
AEA02-WS-36-FW-01	Wipe worker sample, rep 36, face/neck wipes
AEA02-WS-36-HW-01	Wipe worker sample, rep 36, 1st interim hand wash
AEA02-WS-36-HW-02	Wipe worker sample, rep 36, 2 nd interim hand wash
AEA02-WS-36-HW-03	Wipe worker sample, rep 36, 3 rd interim hand wash
AEA02-WS-36-HW-04	Wipe worker sample, rep 36, 4 th interim hand wash
AEA02-WS-36-HW-FR	Wipe worker sample, rep 36, final hand wash
AEA02-WS-36-DM-01	Wipe worker sample, rep 36, 1 st diluted material aliquot
AEA02-WS-36-DM-02	Wipe worker sample, rep 36, 2 nd diluted material aliquot
AEA02-WS-36-DM-03	Wipe worker sample, rep 36, 3 rd dijuted material aliquot
AEA02-WS-36-DM-04	Wipe worker sample, rep 36, 4 th diluted material aliquot
AEA02-WS-36-DM-05	Wipe worker sample, rep 36, 5 th diluted material aliquot
AEA02-WS-36-DM-06	Wipe worker sample, rep 36, 6 th diluted material aliquot
AEA02-WS-36-RW-05	Ready to use wipe sample, rep 36, 1 st sample
AEA02-WS-36-RW-06	Ready to use wipe sample, rep 36, 2 nd sample
AEA02-FF-01-AR-L1	Fortification sample, Day 01, air sampling tube, 1 st low level
AEA02-FF-01-AR-L2	Fortification sample, Day 01, air sampling tube, 2 nd low level
AEA02-FF-01-AR-L3	Fortification sample, Day 01, air sampling tube, 3 rd low level
AEA02-FF-01-AR-H1	Fortification sample, Day 01, air sampling tube, 1st high level
AEA02-FF-01-AR-H2	Fortification sample, Day 01, air sampling tube, 2 nd high level
AEA02-FF-01-AR-H3	Fortification sample, Day 01, air sampling tube, 3 rd high level

Sample ID Number	<u>Description</u>
AEA02-FF-01-HW-L1	Fortification sample, Day 01, hand wash, 1st low level
AEA02-FF-01-HW-L2	Fortification sample, Day 01, hand wash, 2 nd low level
AEA02-FF-01-HW-L3	Fortification sample, Day 01, hand wash, 3 rd low level
AEA02-FF-01-HW-H1	Fortification sample, Day 01, hand wash, 1 st high level
AEA02-FF-01-HW-H2	Fortification sample, Day 01, hand wash, 2 nd high level
	Fortification sample, Day 01, hand wash, 2 rd high level
AEA02-FF-01-HW-H3	Fortification sample, Day or, fland wash, 5 might level
AEA02-FF-01-FW-L1	Fortification sample, Day 01, face/neck wipe, 1st low level
AEA02-FF-01-FW-L2	Fortification sample, Day 01, face/neck wipe, 2 nd low level
AEA02-FF-01-FW-L3	Fortification sample, Day 01, face/neck wipe, 3 rd low level
AEA02-FF-01-FW-H1	Fortification sample, Day 01, face/neck wipe, 1st high level
AEA02-FF-01-FW-H2	Fortification sample, Day 01, face/neck wipe, 2 nd high level
AEA02-FF-01-FW-H3	Fortification sample, Day 01, face/neck wipe, 3 rd high level
ALA02-11-01-1 VV-113	1 of fineation sample, Day of, face/fleck wipe, of high level
AEA02-FF-01-ID-L1	Fortification sample, Day 01, inner dosimeter, 1 st low level
AEA02-FF-01-ID-L2	Fortification sample, Day 01, inner dosimeter, 2 nd low level
AEA02-FF-01-ID-L3	Fortification sample, Day 01, inner dosimeter, 3 rd low level
AEA02-FF-01-ID-H1	Fortification sample, Day 01, inner dosimeter, 1st high level
AEA02-FF-01-ID-H2	Fortification sample, Day 01, inner dosimeter, 2 nd high level
AEA02-FF-01-ID-H3	Fortification sample, Day 01, inner dosimeter, 3 rd high level
ALA02-11-01-10-110	Totalication sample, bay or, inner assimotor, or high level
AEA02-FF-01-OD-L1	Fortification sample, Day 01, outer dosimeter, 1st low level
AEA02-FF-01-OD-L2	Fortification sample, Day 01, outer dosimeter, 2 nd low level
AEA02-FF-01-OD-L3	Fortification sample, Day 01, outer dosimeter, 3 rd low level
AEA02-FF-01-OD-H1	Fortification sample, Day 01, outer dosimeter, 1 st high level
AEA02-FF-01-OD-H2	Fortification sample, Day 01, outer dosimeter, 2 nd high level
AEA02-FF-01-OD-H3	Fortification sample, Day 01, outer dosimeter, 2 rd high level
AEAUZ-FF-01-OD-FI3	Portification sample, day or, outer dosimeter, or high level
AEA02-FF-01-AR-C1	Fortification sample, Day 01, air sampling tube, 1st control
AEA02-FF-01-AR-C2	Fortification sample, Day 01, air sampling tube, 2 nd control
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AEA02-FF-01-HW-C1	Fortification sample, Day 01, hand wash, 1 st control
AEA02-FF-01-HW-C2	Fortification sample, Day 01, hand wash, 2 nd control
AEA00 EE 04 EW 04	Fortification sample, Day 01, face/neck wipe, 1st control
AEA02-FF-01-FW-C1	Fortification sample, Day 01, lace/neck wipe, 1 control
AEA02-FF-01-FW-C2	Fortification sample, Day 01, face/neck wipe, 2 nd control
AEA02-FF-01-ID-C1	Fortification sample, Day 01, inner dosimeter, 1st control
AEA02-FF-01-ID-C2	Fortification sample, Day 01, inner dosimeter, 2 nd control
AEA02-FF-01-OD-C1	Fortification sample, Day 01, outer dosimeter, 1st control
AEA02-FF-01-OD-C2	Fortification sample, Day 01, outer dosimeter, 2 nd control
AEA02-FF-01-AR-T1	Fortification sample, Day 01, air sampling tube, 1 st travel spike
AEA02-FF-01-AR-T2	Fortification sample, Day 01, air sampling tube, 2 nd travel spike
NERVETT OFFICE	Totalication sample, buy or, an sampling table, 2 - travel spine

Sample ID Number	Description
AEA02-FF-01-HW-T1 AEA02-FF-01-HW-T2	Fortification sample, Day 01, hand wash, 1 st travel spike Fortification sample, Day 01, hand wash, 2 nd travel spike
AEA02-FF-01-FW-T1 AEA02-FF-01-FW-T2	Fortification sample, Day 01, face/neck wipe, 1 st travel spike Fortification sample, Day 01, face/neck wipe, 2 nd travel spike
AEA02-FF-01-ID-T1 AEA02-FF-01-ID-T2	Fortification sample, Day 01, inner dosimeter, 1 st travel spike Fortification sample, Day 01, inner dosimeter, 2 nd travel spike
AEA02-FF-01-OD-T1 AEA02-FF-01-OD-T2	Fortification sample, Day 01, outer dosimeter, 1 st travel spike Fortification sample, Day 01, outer dosimeter, 2 nd travel spike
AEA02-FF-02-AR-L1 AEA02-FF-02-AR-L2 AEA02-FF-02-AR-L3 AEA02-FF-02-AR-H1 AEA02-FF-02-AR-H2 AEA02-FF-02-AR-H3	Fortification sample, Day 02, air sampling tube, 1 st low level Fortification sample, Day 02, air sampling tube, 2 nd low level Fortification sample, Day 02, air sampling tube, 3 rd low level Fortification sample, Day 02, air sampling tube, 1 st high level Fortification sample, Day 02, air sampling tube, 2 nd high level Fortification sample, Day 02, air sampling tube, 3 rd high level
AEA02-FF-02-HW-L1 AEA02-FF-02-HW-L2 AEA02-FF-02-HW-L3 AEA02-FF-02-HW-H1 AEA02-FF-02-HW-H2 AEA02-FF-02-HW-H3	Fortification sample, Day 02, hand wash, 1 st low level Fortification sample, Day 02, hand wash, 2 nd low level Fortification sample, Day 02, hand wash, 3 rd low level Fortification sample, Day 02, hand wash, 1 st high level Fortification sample, Day 02, hand wash, 2 nd high level Fortification sample, Day 02, hand wash, 3 rd high level
AEA02-FF-02-FW-L1 AEA02-FF-02-FW-L2 AEA02-FF-02-FW-L3 AEA02-FF-02-FW-H1 AEA02-FF-02-FW-H2 AEA02-FF-02-FW-H3	Fortification sample, Day 02, face/neck wipe, 1 st low level Fortification sample, Day 02, face/neck wipe, 2 nd low level Fortification sample, Day 02, face/neck wipe, 3 rd low level Fortification sample, Day 02, face/neck wipe, 1 st high level Fortification sample, Day 02, face/neck wipe, 2 nd high level Fortification sample, Day 02, face/neck wipe, 3 rd high level
AEA02-FF-02-ID-L1 AEA02-FF-02-ID-L2 AEA02-FF-02-ID-L3 AEA02-FF-02-ID-H1 AEA02-FF-02-ID-H2 AEA02-FF-02-ID-H3	Fortification sample, Day 02, inner dosimeter, 1 st low level Fortification sample, Day 02, inner dosimeter, 2 nd low level Fortification sample, Day 02, inner dosimeter, 3 rd low level Fortification sample, Day 02, inner dosimeter, 1 st high level Fortification sample, Day 02, inner dosimeter, 2 nd high level Fortification sample, Day 02, inner dosimeter, 3 rd high level
AEA02-FF-02-OD-L1 AEA02-FF-02-OD-L2 AEA02-FF-02-OD-L3 AEA02-FF-02-OD-H1 AEA02-FF-02-OD-H2 AEA02-FF-02-OD-H3	Fortification sample, Day 02, outer dosimeter, 1 st low level Fortification sample, Day 02, outer dosimeter, 2 nd low level Fortification sample, Day 02, outer dosimeter, 3 rd low level Fortification sample, Day 02, outer dosimeter, 1 st high level Fortification sample, Day 02, outer dosimeter, 2 nd high level Fortification sample, Day 02, outer dosimeter, 3 rd high level

Sample ID Number	<u>Description</u>
AEA02-FF-02-AR-C1 AEA02-FF-02-AR-C2	Fortification sample, Day 02, air sampling tube, 1 st control Fortification sample, Day 02, air sampling tube, 2 nd control
AEA02-FF-02-HW-C1 AEA02-FF-02-HW-C2	Fortification sample, Day 02, hand wash, 1 st control Fortification sample, Day 02, hand wash, 2 nd control
AEA02-FF-02-FW-C1 AEA02-FF-02-FW-C2	Fortification sample, Day 02, face/neck wipe, 1 st control Fortification sample, Day 02, face/neck wipe, 2 nd control
AEA02-FF-02-ID-C1 AEA02-FF-02-ID-C2	Fortification sample, Day 02, inner dosimeter, 1 st control Fortification sample, Day 02, inner dosimeter, 2 nd control
AEA02-FF-02-OD-C1 AEA02-FF-02-OD-C2	Fortification sample, Day 02, outer dosimeter, 1 st control Fortification sample, Day 02, outer dosimeter, 2 nd control
AEA02-FF-02-AR-T1 AEA02-FF-02-AR-T2	Fortification sample, Day 02, air sampling tube, 1 st travel spike Fortification sample, Day 02, air sampling tube, 2 nd travel spike
AEA02-FF-02-HW-T1 AEA02-FF-02-HW-T2	Fortification sample, Day 02, hand wash, 1 st travel spike Fortification sample, Day 02, hand wash, 2 nd travel spike
AEA02-FF-02-FW-T1 AEA02-FF-02-FW-T2	Fortification sample, Day 02, face/neck wipe, 1 st travel spike Fortification sample, Day 02, face/neck wipe, 2 nd travel spike
AEA02-FF-02-ID-T1 AEA02-FF-02-ID-T2	Fortification sample, Day 02, inner dosimeter, 1 st travel spike Fortification sample, Day 02, inner dosimeter, 2 nd travel spike
AEA02-FF-02-OD-T1 AEA02-FF-02-OD-T2	Fortification sample, Day 02, outer dosimeter, 1 st travel spike Fortification sample, Day 02, outer dosimeter, 2 nd travel spike
AEA02-FF-03-AR-L1 AEA02-FF-03-AR-L2 AEA02-FF-03-AR-L3 AEA02-FF-03-AR-H1 AEA02-FF-03-AR-H2 AEA02-FF-03-AR-H3	Fortification sample, Day 03, air sampling tube, 1 st low level Fortification sample, Day 03, air sampling tube, 2 nd low level Fortification sample, Day 03, air sampling tube, 3 rd low level Fortification sample, Day 03, air sampling tube, 1 st high level Fortification sample, Day 03, air sampling tube, 2 nd high level Fortification sample, Day 03, air sampling tube, 3 rd high level
AEA02-FF-03-HW-L1 AEA02-FF-03-HW-L2 AEA02-FF-03-HW-L3 AEA02-FF-03-HW-H1 AEA02-FF-03-HW-H2 AEA02-FF-03-HW-H3	Fortification sample, Day 03, hand wash, 1 st low level Fortification sample, Day 03, hand wash, 2 nd low level Fortification sample, Day 03, hand wash, 3 rd low level Fortification sample, Day 03, hand wash, 1 st high level Fortification sample, Day 03, hand wash, 2 nd high level Fortification sample, Day 03, hand wash, 3 rd high level
AEA02-FF-03-FW-L1 AEA02-FF-03-FW-L2	Fortification sample, Day 03, face/neck wipe, 1 st low level Fortification sample, Day 03, face/neck wipe, 2 nd low level

Sample ID Number	Description
AEA02-FF-03-FW-L3 AEA02-FF-03-FW-H1 AEA02-FF-03-FW-H2 AEA02-FF-03-FW-H3	Fortification sample, Day 03, face/neck wipe, 3 rd low level Fortification sample, Day 03, face/neck wipe, 1 st high level Fortification sample, Day 03, face/neck wipe, 2 rd high level Fortification sample, Day 03, face/neck wipe, 3 rd high level
AEA02-FF-03-ID-L1 AEA02-FF-03-ID-L2 AEA02-FF-03-ID-L3 AEA02-FF-03-ID-H1 AEA02-FF-03-ID-H2 AEA02-FF-03-ID-H3	Fortification sample, Day 03, inner dosimeter, 1 st low level Fortification sample, Day 03, inner dosimeter, 2 nd low level Fortification sample, Day 03, inner dosimeter, 3 rd low level Fortification sample, Day 03, inner dosimeter, 1 st high level Fortification sample, Day 03, inner dosimeter, 2 nd high level Fortification sample, Day 03, inner dosimeter, 3 rd high level
AEA02-FF-03-OD-L1 AEA02-FF-03-OD-L2 AEA02-FF-03-OD-L3 AEA02-FF-03-OD-H1 AEA02-FF-03-OD-H2 AEA02-FF-03-OD-H3	Fortification sample, Day 03, outer dosimeter, 1 st low level Fortification sample, Day 03, outer dosimeter, 2 nd low level Fortification sample, Day 03, outer dosimeter, 3 rd low level Fortification sample, Day 03, outer dosimeter, 1 st high level Fortification sample, Day 03, outer dosimeter, 2 nd high level Fortification sample, Day 03, outer dosimeter, 3 rd high level
AEA02-FF-03-AR-C1 AEA02-FF-03-AR-C2	Fortification sample, Day 03, air sampling tube, 1 st control Fortification sample, Day 03, air sampling tube, 2 nd control
AEA02-FF-03-HW-C1 AEA02-FF-03-HW-C2	Fortification sample, Day 03, hand wash, 1 st control Fortification sample, Day 03, hand wash, 2 nd control
AEA02-FF-03-FW-C1 AEA02-FF-03-FW-C2	Fortification sample, Day 03, face/neck wipe, 1 st control Fortification sample, Day 03, face/neck wipe, 2 nd control
AEA02-FF-03-ID-C1 AEA02-FF-03-ID-C2	Fortification sample, Day 03, inner dosimeter, 1 st control Fortification sample, Day 03, inner dosimeter, 2 nd control
AEA02-FF-03-OD-C1 AEA02-FF-03-OD-C2	Fortification sample, Day 03, outer dosimeter, 1 st control Fortification sample, Day 03, outer dosimeter, 2 nd control
AEA02-FF-03-AR-T1 AEA02-FF-03-AR-T2	Fortification sample, Day 03, air sampling tube, 1 st travel spike Fortification sample, Day 03, air sampling tube, 2 nd travel spike
AEA02-FF-03-HW-T1 AEA02-FF-03-HW-T2	Fortification sample, Day 03, hand wash, 1 st travel spike Fortification sample, Day 03, hand wash, 2 nd travel spike
AEA02-FF-03-FW-T1 AEA02-FF-03-FW-T2	Fortification sample, Day 03, face/neck wipe, 1 st travel spike Fortification sample, Day 03, face/neck wipe, 2 nd travel spike
AEA02-FF-03-ID-T1 AEA02-FF-03-ID-T2	Fortification sample, Day 03, inner dosimeter, 1 st travel spike Fortification sample, Day 03, inner dosimeter, 2 nd travel spike

Sample ID Number	<u>Description</u>
AEA02-FF-03-OD-T1 AEA02-FF-03-OD-T2	Fortification sample, Day 03, outer dosimeter, 1 st travel spike Fortification sample, Day 03, outer dosimeter, 2 nd travel spike
AEA02-FF-04-AR-L1 AEA02-FF-04-AR-L2 AEA02-FF-04-AR-L3 AEA02-FF-04-AR-H1 AEA02-FF-04-AR-H2 AEA02-FF-04-AR-H3	Fortification sample, Day 04, air sampling tube, 1 st low level Fortification sample, Day 04, air sampling tube, 2 nd low level Fortification sample, Day 04, air sampling tube, 3 rd low level Fortification sample, Day 04, air sampling tube, 1 st high level Fortification sample, Day 04, air sampling tube, 2 nd high level Fortification sample, Day 04, air sampling tube, 3 rd high level
AEA02-FF-04-HW-L1 AEA02-FF-04-HW-L2 AEA02-FF-04-HW-L3 AEA02-FF-04-HW-H1 AEA02-FF-04-HW-H2 AEA02-FF-04-HW-H3	Fortification sample, Day 04, hand wash, 1 st low level Fortification sample, Day 04, hand wash, 2 nd low level Fortification sample, Day 04, hand wash, 3 rd low level Fortification sample, Day 04, hand wash, 1 st high level Fortification sample, Day 04, hand wash, 2 nd high level Fortification sample, Day 04, hand wash, 3 rd high level
AEA02-FF-04-FW-L1 AEA02-FF-04-FW-L2 AEA02-FF-04-FW-L3 AEA02-FF-04-FW-H1 AEA02-FF-04-FW-H2 AEA02-FF-04-FW-H3	Fortification sample, Day 04, face/neck wipe, 1 st low level Fortification sample, Day 04, face/neck wipe, 2 nd low level Fortification sample, Day 04, face/neck wipe, 3 rd low level Fortification sample, Day 04, face/neck wipe, 1 st high level Fortification sample, Day 04, face/neck wipe, 2 nd high level Fortification sample, Day 04, face/neck wipe, 3 rd high level
AEA02-FF-04-ID-L1 AEA02-FF-04-ID-L2 AEA02-FF-04-ID-L3 AEA02-FF-04-ID-H1 AEA02-FF-04-ID-H2 AEA02-FF-04-ID-H3	Fortification sample, Day 04, inner dosimeter, 1 st low level Fortification sample, Day 04, inner dosimeter, 2 nd low level Fortification sample, Day 04, inner dosimeter, 3 rd low level Fortification sample, Day 04, inner dosimeter, 1 st high level Fortification sample, Day 04, inner dosimeter, 2 nd high level Fortification sample, Day 04, inner dosimeter, 3 rd high level
AEA02-FF-04-OD-L1 AEA02-FF-04-OD-L2 AEA02-FF-04-OD-L3 AEA02-FF-04-OD-H1 AEA02-FF-04-OD-H2 AEA02-FF-04-OD-H3	Fortification sample, Day 04, outer dosimeter, 1 st low level Fortification sample, Day 04, outer dosimeter, 2 nd low level Fortification sample, Day 04, outer dosimeter, 3 rd low level Fortification sample, Day 04, outer dosimeter, 1 st high level Fortification sample, Day 04, outer dosimeter, 2 nd high level Fortification sample, Day 04, outer dosimeter, 3 rd high level
AEA02-FF-04-AR-C1 AEA02-FF-04-AR-C2	Fortification sample, Day 04, air sampling tube, 1 st control Fortification sample, Day 04, air sampling tube, 2 nd control
AEA02-FF-04-HW-C1 AEA02-FF-04-HW-C2	Fortification sample, Day 04, hand wash, 1 st control Fortification sample, Day 04, hand wash, 2 nd control
AEA02-FF-04-FW-C1 AEA02-FF-04-FW-C2	Fortification sample, Day 04, face/neck wipe, 1 st control Fortification sample, Day 04, face/neck wipe, 2 nd control

Sample ID Number	<u>Description</u>
AEA02-FF-04-ID-C1 AEA02-FF-04-ID-C2	Fortification sample, Day 04, inner dosimeter, 1 st control Fortification sample, Day 04, inner dosimeter, 2 nd control
AEA02-FF-04-OD-C1 AEA02-FF-04-OD-C2	Fortification sample, Day 04, outer dosimeter, 1 st control Fortification sample, Day 04, outer dosimeter, 2 nd control
AEA02-FF-04-AR-T1 AEA02-FF-04-AR-T2	Fortification sample, Day 04, air sampling tube, 1 st travel spike Fortification sample, Day 04, air sampling tube, 2 nd travel spike
AEA02-FF-04-HW-T1 AEA02-FF-04-HW-T2	Fortification sample, Day 04, hand wash, 1 st travel spike Fortification sample, Day 04, hand wash, 2 nd travel spike
AEA02-FF-04-FW-T1 AEA02-FF-04-FW-T2	Fortification sample, Day 04, face/neck wipe, 1 st travel spike Fortification sample, Day 04, face/neck wipe, 2 nd travel spike
AEA02-FF-04-ID-T1 AEA02-FF-04-ID-T2	Fortification sample, Day 04, inner dosimeter, 1 st travel spike Fortification sample, Day 04, inner dosimeter, 2 nd travel spike
AEA02-FF-04-OD-T1 AEA02-FF-04-OD-T2	Fortification sample, Day 04, outer dosimeter, 1 st travel spike Fortification sample, Day 04, outer dosimeter, 2 nd travel spike
AEA02-FF-05-AR-L1 AEA02-FF-05-AR-L2 AEA02-FF-05-AR-L3 AEA02-FF-05-AR-H1 AEA02-FF-05-AR-H2 AEA02-FF-05-AR-H3	Fortification sample, Day 05, air sampling tube, 1 st low level Fortification sample, Day 05, air sampling tube, 2 nd low level Fortification sample, Day 05, air sampling tube, 3 rd low level Fortification sample, Day 05, air sampling tube, 1 st high level Fortification sample, Day 05, air sampling tube, 2 nd high level Fortification sample, Day 05, air sampling tube, 3 rd high level
AEA02-FF-05-HW-L1 AEA02-FF-05-HW-L2 AEA02-FF-05-HW-L3 AEA02-FF-05-HW-H1 AEA02-FF-05-HW-H2 AEA02-FF-05-HW-H3	Fortification sample, Day 05, hand wash, 1 st low level Fortification sample, Day 05, hand wash, 2 nd low level Fortification sample, Day 05, hand wash, 3 rd low level Fortification sample, Day 05, hand wash, 1 st high level Fortification sample, Day 05, hand wash, 2 nd high level Fortification sample, Day 05, hand wash, 3 rd high level
AEA02-FF-05-FW-L1 AEA02-FF-05-FW-L2 AEA02-FF-05-FW-L3 AEA02-FF-05-FW-H1 AEA02-FF-05-FW-H2	Fortification sample, Day 05, face/neck wipe, 1 st low level Fortification sample, Day 05, face/neck wipe, 2 nd low level Fortification sample, Day 05, face/neck wipe, 3 rd low level Fortification sample, Day 05, face/neck wipe, 1 st high level Fortification sample, Day 05, face/neck wipe, 2 nd high level

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Sample ID Number	Description
AEA02-FF-05-FW-H3	Fortification sample, Day 05, face/neck wipe, 3 rd high level
AEA02-FF-05-ID-L1 AEA02-FF-05-ID-L2 AEA02-FF-05-ID-L3 AEA02-FF-05-ID-H1 AEA02-FF-05-ID-H2 AEA02-FF-05-ID-H3	Fortification sample, Day 05, inner dosimeter, 1 st low level Fortification sample, Day 05, inner dosimeter, 2 nd low level Fortification sample, Day 05, inner dosimeter, 3 rd low level Fortification sample, Day 05, inner dosimeter, 1 st high level Fortification sample, Day 05, inner dosimeter, 2 nd high level Fortification sample, Day 05, inner dosimeter, 3 rd high level
AEA02-FF-05-OD-L1 AEA02-FF-05-OD-L2 AEA02-FF-05-OD-L3 AEA02-FF-05-OD-H1 AEA02-FF-05-OD-H2 AEA02-FF-05-OD-H3	Fortification sample, Day 05, outer dosimeter, 1 st low level Fortification sample, Day 05, outer dosimeter, 2 nd low level Fortification sample, Day 05, outer dosimeter, 3 rd low level Fortification sample, Day 05, outer dosimeter, 1 st high level Fortification sample, Day 05, outer dosimeter, 2 nd high level Fortification sample, Day 05, outer dosimeter, 3 rd high level
AEA02-FF-05-AR-C1 AEA02-FF-05-AR-C2	Fortification sample, Day 05, air sampling tube, 1 st control Fortification sample, Day 05, air sampling tube, 2 nd control
AEA02-FF-05-HW-C1 AEA02-FF-05-HW-C2	Fortification sample, Day 05, hand wash, 1 st control Fortification sample, Day 05, hand wash, 2 nd control
AEA02-FF-05-FW-C1 AEA02-FF-05-FW-C2	Fortification sample, Day 05, face/neck wipe, 1 st control Fortification sample, Day 05, face/neck wipe, 2 nd control
AEA02-FF-05-ID-C1 AEA02-FF-05-ID-C2	Fortification sample, Day 05, inner dosimeter, 1 st control Fortification sample, Day 05, inner dosimeter, 2 nd control
AEA02-FF-05-OD-C1 AEA02-FF-05-OD-C2	Fortification sample, Day 05, outer dosimeter, 1 st control Fortification sample, Day 05, outer dosimeter, 2 nd control
AEA02-FF-05-AR-T1 AEA02-FF-05-AR-T2	Fortification sample, Day 05, air sampling tube, 1 st travel spike Fortification sample, Day 05, air sampling tube, 2 nd travel spike
AEA02-FF-05-HW-T1 AEA02-FF-05-HW-T2	Fortification sample, Day 05, hand wash, 1 st travel spike Fortification sample, Day 05, hand wash, 2 nd travel spike
AEA02-FF-05-FW-T1 AEA02-FF-05-FW-T2	Fortification sample, Day 05, face/neck wipe, 1 st travel spike Fortification sample, Day 05, face/neck wipe, 2 nd travel spike
AEA02-FF-05-ID-T1 AEA02-FF-05-ID-T2	Fortification sample, Day 05, inner dosimeter, 1 st travel spike Fortification sample, Day 05, inner dosimeter, 2 nd travel spike
AEA02-FF-05-OD-T1 AEA02-FF-05-OD-T2	Fortification sample, Day 05, outer dosimeter, 1 st travel spike Fortification sample, Day 05, outer dosimeter, 2 nd travel spike

Sample ID Number	Description
AEA02-FF-06-AR-L1 AEA02-FF-06-AR-L2 AEA02-FF-06-AR-L3 AEA02-FF-06-AR-H1	Fortification sample, Day 06, air sampling tube, 1 st low level Fortification sample, Day 06, air sampling tube, 2 nd low level Fortification sample, Day 06, air sampling tube, 3 rd low level Fortification sample, Day 06, air sampling tube, 1 st high level Fortification sample, Day 06, air sampling tube, 2 nd high level
AEA02-FF-06-AR-H2 AEA02-FF-06-AR-H3	Fortification sample, Day 06, air sampling tube, 3 rd high level
AEA02-FF-06-HW-L1 AEA02-FF-06-HW-L2	Fortification sample, Day 06, hand wash, 1 st low level Fortification sample, Day 06, hand wash, 2 nd low level
AEA02-FF-06-HW-L3 AEA02-FF-06-HW-H1	Fortification sample, Day 06, hand wash, 3 rd low level Fortification sample, Day 06, hand wash, 1 st high level
AEA02-FF-06-HW-H2 AEA02-FF-06-HW-H3	Fortification sample, Day 06, hand wash, 2 nd high level Fortification sample, Day 06, hand wash, 3 rd high level
AEA02-FF-06-FW-L1 AEA02-FF-06-FW-L2	Fortification sample, Day 06, face/neck wipe, 1 st low level Fortification sample, Day 06, face/neck wipe, 2 nd low level
AEA02-FF-06-FW-L3 AEA02-FF-06-FW-H1	Fortification sample, Day 06, face/neck wipe, 3 rd low level Fortification sample, Day 06, face/neck wipe, 1 st high level
AEA02-FF-06-FW-H2 AEA02-FF-06-FW-H3	Fortification sample, Day 06, face/neck wipe, 2 nd high level Fortification sample, Day 06, face/neck wipe, 3 rd high level
AEA02-FF-06-ID-L1 AEA02-FF-06-ID-L2	Fortification sample, Day 06, inner dosimeter, 1 st low level Fortification sample, Day 06, inner dosimeter, 2 nd low level
AEA02-FF-06-ID-L3 AEA02-FF-06-ID-H1	Fortification sample, Day 06, inner dosimeter, 3 rd low level Fortification sample, Day 06, inner dosimeter, 1 st high level
AEA02-FF-06-ID-H2 AEA02-FF-06-ID-H3	Fortification sample, Day 06, inner dosimeter, 2 nd high level Fortification sample, Day 06, inner dosimeter, 3 rd high level
AEA02-FF-06-OD-L1 AEA02-FF-06-OD-L2	Fortification sample, Day 06, outer dosimeter, 1 st low level Fortification sample, Day 06, outer dosimeter, 2 nd low level
AEA02-FF-06-OD-L3 AEA02-FF-06-OD-H1	Fortification sample, Day 06, outer dosimeter, 3 rd low level Fortification sample, Day 06, outer dosimeter, 1 st high level
AEA02-FF-06-OD-H2 AEA02-FF-06-OD-H3	Fortification sample, Day 06, outer dosimeter, 2 nd high level Fortification sample, Day 06, outer dosimeter, 3 rd high level
AEA02-FF-06-AR-C1 AEA02-FF-06-AR-C2	Fortification sample, Day 06, air sampling tube, 1 st control Fortification sample, Day 06, air sampling tube, 2 nd control
AEA02-FF-06-HW-C1 AEA02-FF-06-HW-C2	Fortification sample, Day 06, hand wash, 1 st control Fortification sample, Day 06, hand wash, 2 nd control
AEA02-FF-06-FW-C1	Fortification sample, Day 06, face/neck wipe, 1st control
AEA02-FF-06-FW-C2	Fortification sample, Day 06, face/neck wipe, 2 nd control
AEA02-FF-06-ID-C1	Fortification sample, Day 06, inner dosimeter, 1 st control

Sample ID Number	<u>Description</u>
AEA02-FF-06-ID-C2	Fortification sample, Day 06, inner dosimeter, 2 nd control
AEA02-FF-06-OD-C1 AEA02-FF-06-OD-C2	Fortification sample, Day 06, outer dosimeter, 1 st control Fortification sample, Day 06, outer dosimeter, 2 nd control
AEA02-FF-06-AR-T1 AEA02-FF-06-AR-T2	Fortification sample, Day 06, air sampling tube, 1 st travel spike Fortification sample, Day 06, air sampling tube, 2 nd travel spike
AEA02-FF-06-HW-T1 AEA02-FF-06-HW-T2	Fortification sample, Day 06, hand wash, 1 st travel spike Fortification sample, Day 06, hand wash, 2 nd travel spike
AEA02-FF-06-FW-T1 AEA02-FF-06-FW-T2	Fortification sample, Day 06, face/neck wipe, 1 st travel spike Fortification sample, Day 06, face/neck wipe, 2 nd travel spike
AEA02-FF-06-ID-T1 AEA02-FF-06-ID-T2	Fortification sample, Day 06, inner dosimeter, 1 st travel spike Fortification sample, Day 06, inner dosimeter, 2 nd travel spike
AEA02-FF-06-OD-T1 AEA02-FF-06-OD-T2	Fortification sample, Day 06, outer dosimeter, 1 st travel spike Fortification sample, Day 06, outer dosimeter, 2 nd travel spike
AEA02-FF-07-AR-L1 AEA02-FF-07-AR-L2 AEA02-FF-07-AR-L3 AEA02-FF-07-AR-H1 AEA02-FF-07-AR-H2 AEA02-FF-07-AR-H3	Fortification sample, Day 07, air sampling tube, 1 st low level Fortification sample, Day 07, air sampling tube, 2 nd low level Fortification sample, Day 07, air sampling tube, 3 rd low level Fortification sample, Day 07, air sampling tube, 1 st high level Fortification sample, Day 07, air sampling tube, 2 nd high level Fortification sample, Day 07, air sampling tube, 3 rd high level
AEA02-FF-07-HW-L1 AEA02-FF-07-HW-L2 AEA02-FF-07-HW-L3 AEA02-FF-07-HW-H1 AEA02-FF-07-HW-H2 AEA02-FF-07-HW-H3	Fortification sample, Day 07, hand wash, 1 st low level Fortification sample, Day 07, hand wash, 2 nd low level Fortification sample, Day 07, hand wash, 3 rd low level Fortification sample, Day 07, hand wash, 1 st high level Fortification sample, Day 07, hand wash, 2 nd high level Fortification sample, Day 07, hand wash, 3 rd high level
AEA02-FF-07-FW-L1 AEA02-FF-07-FW-L2 AEA02-FF-07-FW-L3 AEA02-FF-07-FW-H1 AEA02-FF-07-FW-H2 AEA02-FF-07-FW-H3	Fortification sample, Day 07, face/neck wipe, 1 st low level Fortification sample, Day 07, face/neck wipe, 2 nd low level Fortification sample, Day 07, face/neck wipe, 3 rd low level Fortification sample, Day 07, face/neck wipe, 1 st high level Fortification sample, Day 07, face/neck wipe, 2 nd high level Fortification sample, Day 07, face/neck wipe, 3 rd high level
AEA02-FF-07-ID-L1 AEA02-FF-07-ID-L2 AEA02-FF-07-ID-L3 AEA02-FF-07-ID-H1 AEA02-FF-07-ID-H2	Fortification sample, Day 07, inner dosimeter, 1 st low level Fortification sample, Day 07, inner dosimeter, 2 nd low level Fortification sample, Day 07, inner dosimeter, 3 rd low level Fortification sample, Day 07, inner dosimeter, 1 st high level Fortification sample, Day 07, inner dosimeter, 2 nd high level

Sample ID Number	Description
AEA02-FF-07-ID-H3	Fortification sample, Day 07, inner dosimeter, 3 rd high level
AEA02-FF-07-OD-L1 AEA02-FF-07-OD-L2 AEA02-FF-07-OD-L3 AEA02-FF-07-OD-H1 AEA02-FF-07-OD-H2 AEA02-FF-07-OD-H3	Fortification sample, Day 07, outer dosimeter, 1 st low level Fortification sample, Day 07, outer dosimeter, 2 nd low level Fortification sample, Day 07, outer dosimeter, 3 rd low level Fortification sample, Day 07, outer dosimeter, 1 st high level Fortification sample, Day 07, outer dosimeter, 2 nd high level Fortification sample, Day 07, outer dosimeter, 3 rd high level
AEA02-FF-07-AR-C1 AEA02-FF-07-AR-C2	Fortification sample, Day 07, air sampling tube, 1 st control Fortification sample, Day 07, air sampling tube, 2 nd control
AEA02-FF-07-HW-C1 AEA02-FF-07-HW-C2	Fortification sample, Day 07, hand wash, 1 st control Fortification sample, Day 07, hand wash, 2 nd control
AEA02-FF-07-FW-C1 AEA02-FF-07-FW-C2	Fortification sample, Day 07, face/neck wipe, 1 st control Fortification sample, Day 07, face/neck wipe, 2 nd control
AEA02-FF-07-ID-C1 AEA02-FF-07-ID-C2	Fortification sample, Day 07, inner dosimeter, 1 st control Fortification sample, Day 07, inner dosimeter, 2 nd control
AEA02-FF-07-OD-C1 AEA02-FF-07-OD-C2	Fortification sample, Day 07, outer dosimeter, 1 st control Fortification sample, Day 07, outer dosimeter, 2 nd control
AEA02-FF-07-AR-T1 AEA02-FF-07-AR-T2	Fortification sample, Day 07, air sampling tube, 1 st travel spike Fortification sample, Day 07, air sampling tube, 2 nd travel spike
AEA02-FF-07-HW-T1 AEA02-FF-07-HW-T2	Fortification sample, Day 07, hand wash, 1 st travel spike Fortification sample, Day 07, hand wash, 2 nd travel spike
AEA02-FF-07-FW-T1 AEA02-FF-07-FW-T2	Fortification sample, Day 07, face/neck wipe, 1 st travel spike Fortification sample, Day 07, face/neck wipe, 2 nd travel spike
AEA02-FF-07-ID-T1 AEA02-FF-07-ID-T2	Fortification sample, Day 07, inner dosimeter, 1 st travel spike Fortification sample, Day 07, inner dosimeter, 2 nd travel spike
AEA02-FF-07-OD-T1 AEA02-FF-07-OD-T2	Fortification sample, Day 07, outer dosimeter, 1 st travel spike Fortification sample, Day 07, outer dosimeter, 2 nd travel spike
AEA02-FF-08-AR-L1 AEA02-FF-08-AR-L2 AEA02-FF-08-AR-L3 AEA02-FF-08-AR-H1 AEA02-FF-08-AR-H2 AEA02-FF-08-AR-H3	Fortification sample, Day 08, air sampling tube, 1 st low level Fortification sample, Day 08, air sampling tube, 2 nd low level Fortification sample, Day 08, air sampling tube, 3 rd low level Fortification sample, Day 08, air sampling tube, 1 st high level Fortification sample, Day 08, air sampling tube, 2 nd high level Fortification sample, Day 08, air sampling tube, 3 rd high level

AEA02-FF-08-HW-L1 AEA02-FF-08-HW-L2 AEA02-FF-08-HW-L3 AEA02-FF-08-HW-H1 AEA02-FF-08-HW-H1 AEA02-FF-08-HW-H1 AEA02-FF-08-HW-H2 AEA02-FF-08-HW-H3 AEA02-FF-08-HW-H3 AEA02-FF-08-HW-H3 AEA02-FF-08-HW-H3 AEA02-FF-08-HW-H3 AEA02-FF-08-HW-H3 AEA02-FF-08-HW-H3 AEA02-FF-08-B-W-L1 AEA02-FF-08-FW-L1 AEA02-FF-08-FW-L2 AEA02-FF-08-FW-L3 AEA02-FF-08-FW-L3 AEA02-FF-08-FW-H3 AEA02-FF-08-FW-H3 AEA02-FF-08-FW-H3 AEA02-FF-08-FW-H3 AEA02-FF-08-FW-H3 AEA02-FF-08-BP-H3 AEA02-FF-08-B-H3 AEA02-FF-08-D-L1 AEA02-FF-08-D-L1 AEA02-FF-08-D-L1 AEA02-FF-08-D-L1 AEA02-FF-08-D-L2 AEA02-FF-08-D-L3 AEA02-FF-08-D-L1 AEA02-FF-08-B-M-R-C1 AEA02-FF	Sample ID Number	<u>Description</u>
AEA02-FF-08-HW-H2 AEA02-FF-08-HW-H3 AEA02-FF-08-HW-H3 AEA02-FF-08-HW-H3 AEA02-FF-08-HW-H3 AEA02-FF-08-FW-L1 AEA02-FF-08-FW-L2 AEA02-FF-08-FW-L2 AEA02-FF-08-FW-L2 AEA02-FF-08-FW-H3 AEA02-FF-08-ID-L1 AEA02-FF-08-ID-L2 AEA02-FF-08-ID-L2 AEA02-FF-08-ID-L3 AEA02-FF-08-ID-H3 AEA02-FF-08-	AEA02-FF-08-HW-L1	Fortification sample, Day 08, hand wash, 1st low level
AEA02-FF-08-HW-H2 AEA02-FF-08-HW-H3 AEA02-FF-08-HW-H3 AEA02-FF-08-HW-H3 AEA02-FF-08-HW-H3 AEA02-FF-08-FW-L1 AEA02-FF-08-FW-L2 AEA02-FF-08-FW-L2 AEA02-FF-08-FW-L2 AEA02-FF-08-FW-H3 AEA02-FF-08-ID-L1 AEA02-FF-08-ID-L2 AEA02-FF-08-ID-L2 AEA02-FF-08-ID-L3 AEA02-FF-08-ID-H3 AEA02-FF-08-	AEA02-FF-08-HW-L2	Fortification sample, Day 08, hand wash, 2 nd low level
AEA02-FF-08-HW-H1 AEA02-FF-08-HW-H2 AEA02-FF-08-HW-H3 AEA02-FF-08-HW-H3 AEA02-FF-08-HW-H3 AEA02-FF-08-FW-L1 AEA02-FF-08-FW-L2 AEA02-FF-08-FW-L3 AEA02-FF-08-FW-H3 AEA02-FF-08-ID-L1 AEA02-FF-08-ID-L2 AEA02-FF-08-ID-L3 AEA02-FF-08-ID-H3 AEA02-FF-08-		
AEA02-FF-08-HW-H3 AEA02-FF-08-FW-L1 AEA02-FF-08-FW-L2 AEA02-FF-08-FW-L3 AEA02-FF-08-FW-L3 AEA02-FF-08-FW-L3 AEA02-FF-08-FW-L3 AEA02-FF-08-FW-H3 AEA02-FF-08-ID-L1 AEA02-FF-08-ID-L2 AEA02-FF-08-ID-L3 AEA02-FF-08-ID-H3 AEA02-FF-08-ID-H3 AEA02-FF-08-ID-H3 AEA02-FF-08-ID-H3 AEA02-FF-08-ID-H3 AEA02-FF-08-ID-H3 AEA02-FF-08-ID-H3 AEA02-FF-08-OD-L3 AEA02-FF-08-OD-L3 AEA02-FF-08-OD-L3 AEA02-FF-08-OD-L3 AEA02-FF-08-OD-H3 AEA02-FF-08-OD-H3 AEA02-FF-08-D-H3 AEA02-FF-08-B-W-C1 AEA02-FF-08-B-W-C2 AEA02-FF-08-B-W-C1 AEA02-FF-08-B-W-C2 AEA02-FF-08-B-W-C2 AEA02-FF-08-B-W-C2 AEA02-FF-08-B-W-C2 AEA02-FF-08-B-W-C2 AEA02-FF-08-D-C1 AEA02		
AEA02-FF-08-HW-H3 AEA02-FF-08-FW-L2 AEA02-FF-08-FW-L3 AEA02-FF-08-FW-L3 AEA02-FF-08-FW-H3 AEA02-FF-08-FW-H3 AEA02-FF-08-FW-H3 AEA02-FF-08-FW-H3 AEA02-FF-08-FW-H3 AEA02-FF-08-FW-H3 AEA02-FF-08-FW-H3 AEA02-FF-08-FW-H3 AEA02-FF-08-BID-L1 AEA02-FF-08-ID-L2 AEA02-FF-08-ID-L2 AEA02-FF-08-ID-H3 AEA02-FF-0		
AEA02-FF-08-FW-L1 AEA02-FF-08-FW-L2 AEA02-FF-08-FW-L3 AEA02-FF-08-FW-L3 AEA02-FF-08-FW-H3 AEA02-FF-08-FW-H3 AEA02-FF-08-FW-H2 AEA02-FF-08-FW-H2 AEA02-FF-08-FW-H2 AEA02-FF-08-FW-H3 AEA02-FF-08-FW-H3 AEA02-FF-08-FW-H3 AEA02-FF-08-B-D-L1 AEA02-FF-08-B-D-L2 AEA02-FF-08-B-D-L3 AEA02-FF-08-B-D-H3 AEA02-FF-08-D-L3 AEA02-FF-08-D-L3 AEA02-FF-08-D-L3 AEA02-FF-08-D-L3 AEA02-FF-08-D-H3 AEA02-FF-08-B-W-C1 AEA02-FF-08-B-W-C2 AEA02-FF-08-B-W-C1 AEA02-FF-08-B-W-C1 AEA02-FF-08-B-W-C1 AEA02-FF-08-B-W-C1 AEA02-FF-08-B-W-C1 AEA02-FF-08-B-W-C1 AEA02-FF-08-D-C1 AEA02-FF-08-B-W-C1 AEA02-FF-08-B-W-C1 AEA02-FF-08-B-W-C1 AEA02-FF-08-B-W-C1 AEA02-FF-08-B-W-C1 AEA02-FF-08-B-W-C1 AEA02-FF-0		
AEA02-FF-08-FW-L2 AEA02-FF-08-FW-H3 AEA02-FF-08-FW-H3 AEA02-FF-08-FW-H3 AEA02-FF-08-FW-H3 AEA02-FF-08-FW-H3 AEA02-FF-08-FW-H3 AEA02-FF-08-FW-H3 AEA02-FF-08-FW-H3 AEA02-FF-08-FW-H3 AEA02-FF-08-BID-L1 AEA02-FF-08-BID-L2 AEA02-FF-08-BID-L2 AEA02-FF-08-BID-L3 AEA02-FF-08-BID-H3 AEA0	7(L/(02-11 -00-11VV-110	Tortification sample, Day 66, fland wash, 5 mg/flever
AEA02-FF-08-FW-L3 AEA02-FF-08-FW-H1 AEA02-FF-08-FW-H2 AEA02-FF-08-FW-H3 AEA02-FF-08-FW-H3 AEA02-FF-08-FW-H3 AEA02-FF-08-ID-L1 AEA02-FF-08-ID-L2 AEA02-FF-08-ID-L3 AEA02-FF-08-ID-L3 AEA02-FF-08-ID-H3 AEA02-FF-08-OD-L2 AEA02-FF-08-OD-L3 AEA02-FF-08-OD-L3 AEA02-FF-08-OD-H3 AEA02-FF-08-DD-H3 AEA02-FF-08-B-W-C1 AEA02-FF-08-B-W-C2 AEA02-FF-08-B-W-C1 AEA02-FF-08-B-W-C2 AEA02-FF-08-B-W-C2 AEA02-FF-08-B-W-C2 AEA02-FF-08-B-W-C2 AEA02-FF-08-B-W-C2 AEA02-FF-08-B-W-C2 AEA02-FF-08-B-W-C2 AEA02-FF-08-B-W-C2 AEA02-FF-08-B-W-C2 AEA02-FF-08-B-W-C3 AEA02-FF-08-B-W-C3 AEA02-FF-08-B-W-C4 AEA02-FF-08-B-W-C5 AEA02-FF-08-DC-C4 AEA02-FF-08-DC-C5 AEA02-FF-08-DC-C5 AEA02-FF-08-DC-C5 AEA02-FF-08-DC-C6 AEA02-FF-08-DC-C6 AEA02-FF-08-DC-C7 AEA02-FF-08-DC	AEA02-FF-08-FW-L1	Fortification sample, Day 08, face/neck wipe, 1st low level
AEA02-FF-08-FW-L3 AEA02-FF-08-FW-H1 AEA02-FF-08-FW-H2 AEA02-FF-08-FW-H3 AEA02-FF-08-FW-H3 AEA02-FF-08-FW-H3 AEA02-FF-08-ID-L1 AEA02-FF-08-ID-L2 AEA02-FF-08-ID-L3 AEA02-FF-08-ID-L3 AEA02-FF-08-ID-H3 AEA02-FF-08-OD-L2 AEA02-FF-08-OD-L3 AEA02-FF-08-OD-L3 AEA02-FF-08-OD-H3 AEA02-FF-08-DD-H3 AEA02-FF-08-B-W-C1 AEA02-FF-08-B-W-C2 AEA02-FF-08-B-W-C1 AEA02-FF-08-B-W-C2 AEA02-FF-08-B-W-C2 AEA02-FF-08-B-W-C2 AEA02-FF-08-B-W-C2 AEA02-FF-08-B-W-C2 AEA02-FF-08-B-W-C2 AEA02-FF-08-B-W-C2 AEA02-FF-08-B-W-C2 AEA02-FF-08-B-W-C2 AEA02-FF-08-B-W-C3 AEA02-FF-08-B-W-C3 AEA02-FF-08-B-W-C4 AEA02-FF-08-B-W-C5 AEA02-FF-08-DC-C4 AEA02-FF-08-DC-C5 AEA02-FF-08-DC-C5 AEA02-FF-08-DC-C5 AEA02-FF-08-DC-C6 AEA02-FF-08-DC-C6 AEA02-FF-08-DC-C7 AEA02-FF-08-DC	AEA02-FF-08-FW-L2	
AEA02-FF-08-FW-H1 AEA02-FF-08-FW-H3 AEA02-FF-08-FW-H3 AEA02-FF-08-ID-L1 AEA02-FF-08-ID-L1 AEA02-FF-08-ID-L2 AEA02-FF-08-ID-L3 AEA02-FF-08-ID-H1 AEA02-FF-08-ID-H1 AEA02-FF-08-ID-H1 AEA02-FF-08-ID-H1 AEA02-FF-08-ID-H1 AEA02-FF-08-ID-H2 AEA02-FF-08-ID-H3 AEA02-FF-08-ID-H3 AEA02-FF-08-ID-H3 AEA02-FF-08-ID-H3 AEA02-FF-08-ID-H3 AEA02-FF-08-OD-L2 AEA02-FF-08-OD-L2 AEA02-FF-08-OD-L3 AEA02-FF-08-OD-L3 AEA02-FF-08-OD-H3 AEA02-FF-08-AR-C1 AEA02-FF-08-AR-C1 AEA02-FF-08-AR-C1 AEA02-FF-08-AR-C1 AEA02-FF-08-B-W-C2 AEA02-FF-08-HW-C2 AEA02-FF-08-B-W-C2 AEA02-FF-08-B-W-C1 AEA02-FF-08-B-W-C2 AEA02-FF-08-B-W-C2 AEA02-FF-08-B-W-C2 AEA02-FF-08-B-W-C2 AEA02-FF-08-B-W-C2 AEA02-FF-08-B-W-C2 AEA02-FF-08-B-W-C2 AEA02-FF-08-B-W-C3 AEA02-FF-08-B-W-C3 AEA02-FF-08-B-W-C4 AEA02-FF-08-B-W-C5 AEA02-FF-08-B-W-C5 AEA02-FF-08-D-C1 AEA02-FF-08-D-C1 AEA02-FF-08-D-C1 AEA02-FF-08-D-C1 AEA02-FF-08-D-C2 AEA02-FF-08-D-C1 AEA02-FF-08-D-C1 AEA02-FF-08-D-C1 AEA02-FF-08-D-C2 AEA02-FF-08-D-C1 AEA02-FF-08-D-C1 AEA02-FF-08-D-C2 AEA02-FF-08-D-C1 AEA02-FF-08-D-C1 AEA02-FF-08-D-C2 AEA02-FF-08-D-C1 AEA02-FF-08-D-C2 AEA02-FF-08-D-C1 AEA02-FF-08-D-C1 AEA02-FF-08-D-C2 AEA02-FF-08-D-C2 AEA02-FF-08-D-C1 AEA02-FF-08-D-C2 AEA02-FF-08-D	AEA02-FF-08-FW-L3	
AEA02-FF-08-ID-L1 AEA02-FF-08-ID-H2 AEA02-FF-08-ID-H2 AEA02-FF-08-ID-H3 AEA02-FF-08-ID-H3 AEA02-FF-08-ID-H3 AEA02-FF-08-ID-H4 AEA02-FF-08-ID-H5 AEA02-FF-08-ID-H5 AEA02-FF-08-ID-H5 AEA02-FF-08-ID-H6 AEA02-FF-08-ID-H7 AEA02-FF-08-ID-H7 AEA02-FF-08-ID-H8 AEA02-FF-08-ID-H8 AEA02-FF-08-ID-H9 AEA02-FF-08-ID-H9 AEA02-FF-08-ID-H1 AEA02-FF-08-ID-H2 AEA02-FF-08-ID-H3 AEA02-FF-08-ID-H3 AEA02-FF-08-ID-H3 AEA02-FF-08-ID-H3 AEA02-FF-08-ID-H3 AEA02-FF-08-ID-H3 AEA02-FF-08-OD-L2 AEA02-FF-08-OD-L2 AEA02-FF-08-OD-L3 AEA02-FF-08-OD-L3 AEA02-FF-08-OD-H3 AEA02-FF-08-OD-H3 AEA02-FF-08-OD-H3 AEA02-FF-08-OD-H3 AEA02-FF-08-OD-H3 AEA02-FF-08-OD-H3 AEA02-FF-08-OD-H3 AEA02-FF-08-OD-H3 AEA02-FF-08-OD-H3 AEA02-FF-08-ID-C1 AEA02-FF-08-AR-C1 AEA02-FF-08-AR-C1 AEA02-FF-08-AR-C2 AEA02-FF-08-ID-C1 AEA02-FF-08-ID-C1 AEA02-FF-08-ID-C1 AEA02-FF-08-ID-C2 AEA02-FF-08-ID-C3 AEA02-FF-08-		
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AEA02-FF-08-FW-C2 AEA02-FF-08-FW-C2 AEA02-FF-08-ID-C1 AEA02-FF-08-ID-C2 AEA02-FF-08-ID-C2 AEA02-FF-08-OD-C1 AEA02-FF-08-OD-C1 AEA02-FF-08-OD-C2	AEA02-FF-08-HW-C1	
AEA02-FF-08-FW-C2 AEA02-FF-08-FW-C2 AEA02-FF-08-ID-C1 AEA02-FF-08-ID-C2 AEA02-FF-08-ID-C2 AEA02-FF-08-OD-C1 AEA02-FF-08-OD-C1 AEA02-FF-08-OD-C2	AEA02-FF-08-HW-C2	Fortification sample, Day 08, hand wash, 2 nd control
AEA02-FF-08-ID-C1 AEA02-FF-08-ID-C2 Fortification sample, Day 08, face/neck wipe, 2 nd control Fortification sample, Day 08, inner dosimeter, 1 st control Fortification sample, Day 08, inner dosimeter, 2 nd control AEA02-FF-08-OD-C1 AEA02-FF-08-OD-C2 Fortification sample, Day 08, outer dosimeter, 1 st control Fortification sample, Day 08, outer dosimeter, 2 nd control Fortification sample, Day 08, air sampling tube, 1 st travel spike		
AEA02-FF-08-ID-C1 Fortification sample, Day 08, inner dosimeter, 1 st control Fortification sample, Day 08, inner dosimeter, 2 nd control AEA02-FF-08-OD-C1 Fortification sample, Day 08, outer dosimeter, 1 st control Fortification sample, Day 08, outer dosimeter, 2 nd control AEA02-FF-08-OD-C2 Fortification sample, Day 08, air sampling tube, 1 st travel spike	AEA02-FF-08-FW-C1	
AEA02-FF-08-ID-C2 Fortification sample, Day 08, inner dosimeter, 2 nd control AEA02-FF-08-OD-C1 Fortification sample, Day 08, outer dosimeter, 1 st control AEA02-FF-08-OD-C2 Fortification sample, Day 08, outer dosimeter, 2 nd control AEA02-FF-08-AR-T1 Fortification sample, Day 08, air sampling tube, 1 st travel spike	AEA02-FF-08-FW-C2	Fortification sample, Day 08, face/neck wipe, 2 nd control
AEA02-FF-08-ID-C2 Fortification sample, Day 08, inner dosimeter, 2 nd control AEA02-FF-08-OD-C1 Fortification sample, Day 08, outer dosimeter, 1 st control AEA02-FF-08-OD-C2 Fortification sample, Day 08, outer dosimeter, 2 nd control AEA02-FF-08-AR-T1 Fortification sample, Day 08, air sampling tube, 1 st travel spike		
AEA02-FF-08-OD-C1 Fortification sample, Day 08, outer dosimeter, 1 st control Fortification sample, Day 08, outer dosimeter, 2 nd control AEA02-FF-08-AR-T1 Fortification sample, Day 08, air sampling tube, 1 st travel spike		
AEA02-FF-08-OD-C2 Fortification sample, Day 08, outer dosimeter, 2 nd control AEA02-FF-08-AR-T1 Fortification sample, Day 08, air sampling tube, 1 st travel spike	AEA02-FF-08-ID-C2	Fortification sample, Day 08, inner dosimeter, 2 nd control
AEA02-FF-08-OD-C2 Fortification sample, Day 08, outer dosimeter, 2 nd control AEA02-FF-08-AR-T1 Fortification sample, Day 08, air sampling tube, 1 st travel spike	4E402 FF 09 OD 04	Fortification comple Day 09 autor designator 4 st control
AEA02-FF-08-AR-T1 Fortification sample, Day 08, air sampling tube, 1 st travel spike		Fortification complete, Day up, outer dosimeter, 1" control
	AEA02-FF-08-OD-02	Fortification sample, Day 08, outer dosimeter, 2" control
	AEA02-FF-08-AR-T1	Fortification sample, Day 08, air sampling tube, 1st travel spike
- ALAUZTI TOUTANTIZ TO I UNUNQUUN SAMPIC, DAY VO, AII SAMPINING UNC, Z TIAVEI SPIKE	AEA02-FF-08-AR-T2	Fortification sample, Day 08, air sampling tube, 2 nd travel spike

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Sample ID Number	<u>Description</u>
AEA02-FF-08-HW-T1 AEA02-FF-08-HW-T2	Fortification sample, Day 08, hand wash, 1 st travel spike Fortification sample, Day 08, hand wash, 2 nd travel spike
AEA02-FF-08-FW-T1 AEA02-FF-08-FW-T2	Fortification sample, Day 08, face/neck wipe, 1 st travel spike Fortification sample, Day 08, face/neck wipe, 2 nd travel spike
AEA02-FF-08-ID-T1 AEA02-FF-08-ID-T2	Fortification sample, Day 08, inner dosimeter, 1 st travel spike Fortification sample, Day 08, inner dosimeter, 2 nd travel spike
AEA02-FF-08-OD-T1 AEA02-FF-08-OD-T2	Fortification sample, Day 08, outer dosimeter, 1st travel spike Fortification sample, Day 08, outer dosimeter, 2nd travel spike
AEA02-FF-09-AR-L1 AEA02-FF-09-AR-L2 AEA02-FF-09-AR-L3 AEA02-FF-09-AR-H1 AEA02-FF-09-AR-H2 AEA02-FF-09-AR-H3	Fortification sample, Day 09, air sampling tube, 1 st low level Fortification sample, Day 09, air sampling tube, 2 nd low level Fortification sample, Day 09, air sampling tube, 3 rd low level Fortification sample, Day 09, air sampling tube, 1 st high level Fortification sample, Day 09, air sampling tube, 2 nd high level Fortification sample, Day 09, air sampling tube, 3 rd high level
AEA02-FF-09-HW-L1 AEA02-FF-09-HW-L2 AEA02-FF-09-HW-L3 AEA02-FF-09-HW-H1 AEA02-FF-09-HW-H2 AEA02-FF-09-HW-H3	Fortification sample, Day 09, hand wash, 1 st low level Fortification sample, Day 09, hand wash, 2 nd low level Fortification sample, Day 09, hand wash, 3 rd low level Fortification sample, Day 09, hand wash, 1 st high level Fortification sample, Day 09, hand wash, 2 nd high level Fortification sample, Day 09, hand wash, 3 rd high level
AEA02-FF-09-FW-L1 AEA02-FF-09-FW-L3 AEA02-FF-09-FW-H1 AEA02-FF-09-FW-H2 AEA02-FF-09-FW-H3	Fortification sample, Day 09, face/neck wipe, 1 st low level Fortification sample, Day 09, face/neck wipe, 2 nd low level Fortification sample, Day 09, face/neck wipe, 3 rd low level Fortification sample, Day 09, face/neck wipe, 1 st high level Fortification sample, Day 09, face/neck wipe, 2 nd high level Fortification sample, Day 09, face/neck wipe, 3 rd high level
AEA02-FF-09-ID-L1 AEA02-FF-09-ID-L2 AEA02-FF-09-ID-L3 AEA02-FF-09-ID-H1 AEA02-FF-09-ID-H2 AEA02-FF-09-ID-H3	Fortification sample, Day 09, inner dosimeter, 1 st low level Fortification sample, Day 09, inner dosimeter, 2 nd low level Fortification sample, Day 09, inner dosimeter, 3 rd low level Fortification sample, Day 09, inner dosimeter, 1 st high level Fortification sample, Day 09, inner dosimeter, 2 nd high level Fortification sample, Day 09, inner dosimeter, 3 rd high level
AEA02-FF-09-OD-L1 AEA02-FF-09-OD-L2 AEA02-FF-09-OD-L3 AEA02-FF-09-OD-H1 AEA02-FF-09-OD-H2 AEA02-FF-09-OD-H3	Fortification sample, Day 09, outer dosimeter, 1 st low level Fortification sample, Day 09, outer dosimeter, 2 nd low level Fortification sample, Day 09, outer dosimeter, 3 rd low level Fortification sample, Day 09, outer dosimeter, 1 st high level Fortification sample, Day 09, outer dosimeter, 2 nd high level Fortification sample, Day 09, outer dosimeter, 3 rd high level

Sample ID Number	<u>Description</u>
AEA02-FF-09-AR-C1 AEA02-FF-09-AR-C2	Fortification sample, Day 09, air sampling tube, 1 st control Fortification sample, Day 09, air sampling tube, 2 nd control
AEA02-FF-09-HW-C1 AEA02-FF-09-HW-C2	Fortification sample, Day 09, hand wash, 1 st control Fortification sample, Day 09, hand wash, 2 nd control
AEA02-FF-09-FW-C1 AEA02-FF-09-FW-C2	Fortification sample, Day 09, face/neck wipe, 1 st control Fortification sample, Day 09, face/neck wipe, 2 nd control
AEA02-FF-09-ID-C1 AEA02-FF-09-ID-C2	Fortification sample, Day 09, inner dosimeter, 1 st control Fortification sample, Day 09, inner dosimeter, 2 nd control
AEA02-FF-09-OD-C1 AEA02-FF-09-OD-C2	Fortification sample, Day 09, outer dosimeter, 1 st control Fortification sample, Day 09, outer dosimeter, 2 nd control
AEA02-FF-09-AR-T1 AEA02-FF-09-AR-T2	Fortification sample, Day 09, air sampling tube, 1 st travel spike Fortification sample, Day 09, air sampling tube, 2 nd travel spike
AEA02-FF-09-HW-T1 AEA02-FF-09-HW-T2	Fortification sample, Day 09, hand wash, 1 st travel spike Fortification sample, Day 09, hand wash, 2 nd travel spike
AEA02-FF-09-FW-T1 AEA02-FF-09-FW-T2	Fortification sample, Day 09, face/neck wipe, 1 st travel spike Fortification sample, Day 09, face/neck wipe, 2 nd travel spike
AEA02-FF-09-ID-T1 AEA02-FF-09-ID-T2	Fortification sample, Day 09, inner dosimeter, 1 st travel spike Fortification sample, Day 09, inner dosimeter, 2 nd travel spike
AEA02-FF-09-OD-T1 AEA02-FF-09-OD-T2	Fortification sample, Day 09, outer dosimeter, 1 st travel spike Fortification sample, Day 09, outer dosimeter, 2 nd travel spike
AEA02-FC-01-AR-01 AEA02-FC-01-AR-02 AEA02-FC-01-AR-03 AEA02-FC-01-AR-04	Field control, Day 1, air sampling tube, 1 st control Field control, Day 1, air sampling tube, 2 nd control Field control, Day 1, air sampling tube, 3 rd control Field control, Day 1, air sampling tube, 4 th control
AEA02-FC-02-AR-01 AEA02-FC-02-AR-02 AEA02-FC-02-AR-03 AEA02-FC-02-AR-04	Field control, Day 2, air sampling tube, 1 st control Field control, Day 2, air sampling tube, 2 nd control Field control, Day 2, air sampling tube, 3 rd control Field control, Day 2, air sampling tube, 4 th control
AEA02-FC-03-AR-01 AEA02-FC-03-AR-02 AEA02-FC-03-AR-03 AEA02-FC-03-AR-04	Field control, Day 3, air sampling tube, 1 st control Field control, Day 3, air sampling tube, 2 nd control Field control, Day 3, air sampling tube, 3 rd control Field control, Day 3, air sampling tube, 4 th control

Exposure Samples (continued)

Sample ID Number	<u>Description</u>
AEA02-FC-04-AR-01	Field control, Day 4, air sampling tube, 1 st control
AEA02-FC-04-AR-02	Field control, Day 4, air sampling tube, 2 nd control
AEA02-FC-04-AR-03	Field control, Day 4, air sampling tube, 3 rd control
AEA02-FC-04-AR-04	Field control, Day 4, air sampling tube, 4 th control
AEA02-FC-05-AR-01	Field control, Day 5, air sampling tube, 1 st control
AEA02-FC-05-AR-02	Field control, Day 5, air sampling tube, 2 nd control
AEA02-FC-05-AR-03	Field control, Day 5, air sampling tube, 3 rd control
AEA02-FC-05-AR-04	Field control, Day 5, air sampling tube, 4 th control
AEA02-FC-06-AR-01	Field control, Day 6, air sampling tube, 1 st control
AEA02-FC-06-AR-02	Field control, Day 6, air sampling tube, 2 nd control
AEA02-FC-06-AR-03	Field control, Day 6, air sampling tube, 3 rd control
AEA02-FC-06-AR-04	Field control, Day 6, air sampling tube, 4 th control
AEA02-FC-07-AR-01 AEA02-FC-07-AR-02 AEA02-FC-07-AR-03 AEA02-FC-07-AR-04	Field control, Day 7, air sampling tube, 1 st control Field control, Day 7, air sampling tube, 2 nd control Field control, Day 7, air sampling tube, 3 rd control Field control, Day 7, air sampling tube, 4 th control
AEA02-FC-08-AR-01	Field control, Day 8, air sampling tube, 1 st control
AEA02-FC-08-AR-02	Field control, Day 8, air sampling tube, 2 nd control
AEA02-FC-08-AR-03	Field control, Day 8, air sampling tube, 3 rd control
AEA02-FC-08-AR-04	Field control, Day 8, air sampling tube, 4 th control
AEA02-FC-09-AR-01	Field control, Day 9, air sampling tube, 1 st control
AEA02-FC-09-AR-02	Field control, Day 9, air sampling tube, 2 nd control
AEA02-FC-09-AR-03	Field control, Day 9, air sampling tube, 3 rd control
AEA02-FC-09-AR-04	Field control, Day 9, air sampling tube, 4 th control
AEA02-FC-10-AR-01	Field control, Day 10, air sampling tube, 1 st control
AEA02-FC-10-AR-02	Field control, Day 10, air sampling tube, 2 nd control
AEA02-FC-10-AR-03	Field control, Day 10, air sampling tube, 3 rd control
AEA02-FC-10-AR-04	Field control, Day 10, air sampling tube, 4 th control
AEA02-FC-11-AR-01	Field control, Day 11, air sampling tube, 1 st control
AEA02-FC-11-AR-02	Field control, Day 11, air sampling tube, 2 nd control
AEA02-FC-11-AR-03	Field control, Day 11, air sampling tube, 3 rd control
AEA02-FC-11-AR-04	Field control, Day 11, air sampling tube, 4 th control

Exposure Samples (continued)

Description Sample ID Number

AEA02-FC-12-AR-01	Field control, Day 12, air sampling tube, 1 st control
AEA02-FC-12-AR-02	Field control, Day 12, air sampling tube, 2 rd control
AEA02-FC-12-AR-03	Field control, Day 12, air sampling tube, 3 rd control
AEA02-FC-12-AR-04	Field control, Day 12, air sampling tube, 4 th control
AEA02-FC-13-AR-01	Field control, Day 13, air sampling tube, 1st control
AEA02-FC-13-AR-02	Field control, Day 13, air sampling tube, 2 nd control
AEA02-FC-13-AR-03	Field control, Day 13, air sampling tube, 3 rd control
AEA02-FC-13-AR-04	Field control, Day 13, air sampling tube, 4 th control
AEA02-FC-14-AR-01	Field control, Day 14, air sampling tube, 1st control
AEA02-FC-14-AR-02	Field control, Day 14, air sampling tube, 2 nd control
AEA02-FC-14-AR-03	Field control, Day 14, air sampling tube, 3 rd control
AEA02-FC-14-AR-04	Field control, Day 14, air sampling tube, 4 th control
AEA02-FC-15-AR-01	Field control, Day 15, air sampling tube, 1st control
AEA02-FC-15-AR-02	Field control, Day 15, air sampling tube, 2 nd control
AEA02-FC-15-AR-03	Field control, Day 15, air sampling tube, 3 rd control
AEA02-FC-15-AR-04	Field control, Day 15, air sampling tube, 4 th control
AEA02-FC-16-AR-01	Field control, Day 16, air sampling tube, 1 st control
AEA02-FC-16-AR-02	Field control, Day 16, air sampling tube, 2 nd control
AEA02-FC-16-AR-01	Field control, Day 16, air sampling tube, 3 rd control
AEA02-FC-16-AR-04	Field control, Day 16, air sampling tube, 4 th control
AEA02-FC-17-AR-02	Field control, Day 17, air sampling tube, 1st control
AEA02-FC-17-AR-03	Field control, Day 17, air sampling tube, 2 nd control
AEA02-FC-17-AR-03	Field control, Day 17, air sampling tube, 3 rd control
AEA02-FC-17-AR-04	Field control, Day 17, air sampling tube, 4 th control
AEA02-FC-18-AR-01	Field control, Day 18, air sampling tube, 1st control
AEA02-FC-18-AR-02	Field control, Day 18, air sampling tube, 2 nd control
AEA02-FC-18-AR-03	Field control, Day 18, air sampling tube, 3 rd control
AEA02-FC-18-AR-04	Field control, Day 18, air sampling tube, 4 th control

Part 2 Transmittal (Selim, 1/16/08, 6:50am) of Rationale for Study Design (Wiping Application Scenarios) and IIRB Submission Forms

AEATF II VOL 4 Secondary Documentation: Wiping App Scenarios & Study Protocol 25Feb08

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Sami Selim

From: To:

"Sami Selim" <sselim@worldnet.att.net>
"Robert Roogow" <rroogow@iirb.com>
Wednesday, January 16, 2008 6:50 AM
AEATF_Scenario_Design_WIPE_14Jan08[1].doc

Sent:

Attach:

Subject:

Justification for Wipe study

Robert,

Attached, please find a copy of the justification of the study design for the Wipe study.

Regards,

Sami.

Sami Selim, Ph.D. Phone: 559-275-9021 Fax:559-275-1810 sselim@gplabs.com

Antimicrobial Exposure Assessment Task Force II (AEATF II)

WIPING APPLICATION SCENARIOS: RATIONALE FOR STUDY DESIGN

January 14, 2008

Page 1 of 23

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WIPING APPLICATION SCENARIOS: RATIONALE FOR STUDY DESIGN

1. Introduction

This document summarizes the rationale for critical elements of the design of the AEATF II wiping application monitoring study. This AEATF II study addresses two separate wiping application scenarios.

2. Scenario Definition

A scenario is defined as a set of related tasks, pesticide formulations, equipment, engineering controls, and worker and/or consumer practices. For the purposes of the AEATF II Monitoring Program, a **wiping application scenario** is defined as the wipe-based application of a label-specified end-use formulation containing an antimicrobial chemical. The AEATF II **wiping application study** will address two distinct wiping application scenarios:

- 1. Wiping Application using a Spray-and-Wipe Method
- 2. Wiping Application using a Ready-to-Use Product

These two wiping scenarios will address two predominant application methods. When only wiping is involved, the applicator's exposure during a single workday would arise only from the task of application. The distribution of daily exposures under either wiping scenario would then adequately describe the handler's daily exposure to the antimicrobial.

In some circumstances, however, a spray-and-wipe applicator could also be manually mixing and loading the wipe solution, i.e., preparing the end-use dilution by adding a concentrate to water in a spray bottle. In these cases, the daily exposure for an antimicrobial handler would arise from two discrete tasks, i.e., mixing/loading of the wipe solution and the actual wipe-based application. These mixing and loading tasks are not included as part of the AEATF II spray-and-wipe application scenario. (To provide data for regulatory agencies to address the possible addition of this task the AEATF II will conduct separate studies of mixing and loading via open pouring of liquids.)

The AEATF II study restricts both wiping application scenarios to professional applicators only. This focus on professional applicators is a practical necessity, given that consumer handlers are involved in much shorter task durations where very low exposures are anticipated. Such low exposures would likely be at or below the limits of quantitation/detection of the analytical method. As a result, because of the higher range of daily amount of product used (i.e., pounds of active ingredient handled) and longer application task durations, professional

wipe applicator exposure is expected to be greater, on the average, than that of consumers. Thus, the AEATF II exposure data for wiping application of antimicrobial pesticides would be 'conservative' (i.e. would over-predict) if used to describe consumer application exposure. However, it would be reasonable for regulatory agencies using the data to assume that exposure levels for consumer applicators, when normalized for the amount of active ingredient handled, are not greater than those for professional applicators.

Although considered separate scenarios, the AEATF II will address both of these more efficiently in a single wiping application study. The monitoring designs, objectives, and ethical considerations are identical for both scenarios. Consequently, for simplicity in the remainder of this appendix, the term "wiping application scenario" can refer to equally to the spray-and-wipe scenario or the ready-to-use wipe scenario.

3. Existing Wipe Application Exposure Data

Since 1992 the EPA has conducted professional and consumer mixer/loader and applicator exposure and risk assessments relying primarily on the exposure data in PHED. PHED version 1.01 was initially released in February 1992, followed by PHED version 1.1 in February 1995. PHED version 1.1 was described by the Agency as an incremental improvement over the 1.01 version (Pesticides Handlers Exposure Database, User's Guide Version 1.1, Health Canada, U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, American Crop Protection Association, February 1995). However, PHED does not include any data directly relevant to wiping application methods.

In addition to PHED, another source of existing data being used by regulatory agencies in the case of antimicrobials is that represented by an exposure monitoring program (Popendorf et al. 1992) conducted by the Chemical Manufacturers Association (CMA). On 4 March 1987, a Data Call-In Notice was issued for submission of data for antimicrobial pesticide active ingredients. In response, the CMA developed a generic biocide exposure assessment protocol and conducted a study, Chemical Manufacturers Association Antimicrobial Exposure Assessment Study (conducted by Dr. William Popendorf at the University of Iowa; Popendorf et al. 1992) based on the protocol. The CMA effort originally considered a list of 10 pesticide active ingredients. This list was reduced to nine, considering several criteria. Exposures to seven of these nine chemicals were assessed, as well as exposure to zinc chloride, which was used as a surrogate tracer for a process and chemical which could not otherwise be assessed. In total, 88 separate monitoring events (MEs) were obtained for nine different application methods (pour liquid, pump, pour solid, place solid, aerosol spray, high pressure spray, low pressure spray, mop and wipe) to assess both dermal and inhalation exposures.

The CMA study measured aerosol (pressurized canisters), mopping, and wiping application exposure for the active ingredients for the active ingredients ortho

phenyl phenol (OPP) and ortho benzyl p-chlorophenol (OBPCP). The CMA study represents the only existing data in the case of the antimicrobial-related wiping scenario.

Wiping application in the CMA study was observed in restrooms of hospitals, university buildings, an office building, and in a dental setting. Professional janitorial staff and dental students were the applicators. Plumbing fixtures such as sinks and toilets, telephone receivers, drinking fountains, dental chairs, counters and overhead lights were disinfected using the wipe method of application. The concentrated product was either added to a bucket of water or a concentrate was diluted and finger-pump sprayers were filled with the product. In the latter case, the surface to be disinfected was sprayed and then wiped with a rag. Toilets were also wiped with "Johnny mops" that had been saturated with the product in a five gallon bucket. Some surfaces were wiped with a rag that had been saturated with the product in a bucket. Wiping application task duration ranged from 7 to 160 minutes.

In the wipe applications hand exposure was likely when rubber gloves were not worn. As the rag became saturated, the applicator's ungloved hand came into direct contact with the formulation. If the rag was carried in a pocket, other body parts were exposed as well. Splashing was also observed if the applicator was "sloppy" while wringing out the rag. Individual variation in wiping technique appeared to be a key determinant of exposure potential.

Based on EPA's review (Mostaghimi 1995), CMA's study data met some regulatory agency requirements, but was lacking in other areas. Specific areas in which the study complied with the procedures specified by the EPA's dermal and inhalation exposure guidelines included the following:

- 1) Most of the dermal samples had detection limits low enough to allow accurate reporting of the sample, according to EPA guidelines.
- 2) Some of the field recovery data were acceptable; five chemicals had acceptable recoveries from gloves, and two chemicals had acceptable recoveries from air, and the results were corrected for losses in the field using correction factors determined from the recovery data.
- 3) The materials used in the analyses were acceptable in most cases and were adequate for further analysis. To assess dermal exposure, gauze pads were used for dry residues, cotton gloves were used for assessing exposure to hands, and placement of dermal pads was found to be acceptable. For inhalation exposure, standard flow rates were used for air impingers and personal sampling pumps, standard NIOSH factors were applied to respirators to estimate reduction of exposure inside the respirators; and
- 4) Documentation of data collected during laboratory and field operations was adequate based on both CMA's description of their data gathering

efforts and presentation of data provided in Appendix C of CMA's Amended Report. In addition, replicate-specific notes were provided for any unusual problems that may have contributed to error.

However, the following areas of the CMA study were found to be lacking:

- 1) Good laboratory practices, especially in the area of providing quality assurance, should be followed more closely;
- 2) A majority of extraction efficiencies were below the minimum level suggested in the guidelines. Perhaps more importantly, the percent field recoveries (which represent the amount recovered after actual conditions encountered in the study) of many of the chemicals were lower than the minimum needed to assess exposure. Therefore, either new active ingredients would need to be used in future studies, or methods to increase recoveries should be employed.
- 3) Calibration of the air equipment resulted in most of the data being less than detection; and
- 4) None of the application method/end use settings had the minimum number of replicates (i.e., 15) recommended in EPA's guidelines. The limited number of replicates combined with poor recovery data severely limits the conclusions that can be made from CMA's study. Therefore, the EPA and other regulatory agency reviews indicated that additional data for all application method/use setting combinations should be obtained to make more solid conclusions about exposures in a variety of settings.

Limitations identified by EPA in the CMA's study data were also corroborated by other reviewers. First, the California Environmental Protection Agency (CA EPA) notes that the exposure data cannot be used as generic data for all antimicrobials because recoveries were low, precision of the measurements were not established, and CMA did not establish the validity of generalizing the information among applications and end-use settings (Powell et al., 1995). Canada also reviewed the study and made similar conclusions (Worgan and Rozario, 1993). In summary, in order to assess potential risks from exposure to antimicrobials, EPA has extremely limited data on which to rely. In fact, EPA has repeatedly identified those data are inadequate.

In each of the following Re-registration Eligibility Decisions (REDs) issued during 2005 and 2006, EPA has stated that "the risk assessment noted deficiencies in the surrogate dermal and inhalation exposure data available from the Chemical Manufacturers Association (CMA) database. Therefore, the Agency is requiring confirmatory data to support the uses assessed with the CMA exposure data within this risk assessment."

- PHMB. September 2005. EPA739-R-05-003
- Benzisothiazoline-3-one. September 2005. EPA739-R-05-007
- Para-Tertiary-Amylphenol, Potassium Sodium Salt. January 2005. EPA738-R-05-001
- Azadioxabicyclooctane. September 2005. EPA739-R-05-010
- Chlorine Dioxide and Sodium Chlorite. August 2006. EPA738-R-06-007
- Pine Oil. October 2, 2006. (publication number unavailable)
- Aliphatic Alkyl Quaternaries (DDAC). August 2006. EPA739-R-06-008
- Alkyl Dimethyl Benzyl Ammonium Chloride (ADBAC). August 2006. EPA7389-R-06-009

The above list is not exhaustive but is intended to point out that the Agency has clearly and repeatedly required additional exposure data for assessing risks from occupational and residential uses of antimicrobial pesticides.

4. Goal of the AEATF II Wiping Application Monitoring Study

The AEATF II program, as described in the Governing Document (2007), intends to develop a database of exposure monitoring data that can be used to support practical regulatory decisions about future exposures for different (including currently nonexistent) active ingredients and their associated products. The database needs to address a variety of exposure scenarios for which no or limited data currently exist. The wiping application scenario is an important component of the AEATF II program and the focus of this protocol. As noted in the previous section, existing monitoring data for this scenario are inadequate.

The primary purpose of the wiping application monitoring study is to develop more accurate information on worker exposures to antimicrobials. These data will consist of dermal and inhalation exposure estimates derived from monitoring subjects under conditions constructed to broadly represent those expected for the future application of arbitrary antimicrobial pesticides. AEATF II anticipates the resulting database will contain sufficient data to support exposure assessments for wiping application.

For the wiping application scenario (as is true for all AEATF II scenarios) only a small number of expensive experimentally-obtained monitoring events (MEs) are possible. Each ME represents the exposure possible for a single future handler-day. Although it is only a single task, wiping application still encompasses more handling conditions than any small number of MEs can practically include in a single study. For example, there are many possible active ingredients (ai), multiple amounts of active ingredient used, multiple concentrations of active ingredient used, different volumes of product used, different workers and their

associated behaviors, and multiple environmental and other handling conditions. All of these are expected to affect exposure to varying degrees.

In view of this limitation, a practical goal for this study is that the small sample of wiping application MEs be biased towards increased diversity of handling conditions. As a result, the diverse sample of MEs is expected to at least cover the middle portion of the future exposure distribution, cover the upper portion of the future exposure distribution, and capture the range of exposure variation that is expected to exist. The successful use of a small sample of MEs to represent the diversity in the target population of future 'wiping-days' is aided by the following:

- 1. Dermal and inhalation exposure to the chemicals are considered generic (i.e., independent of the particular active ingredient used). This *generic* principle permits use of a small set of surrogate active ingredients to predict exposure from other active ingredients;
- 2. The *principle of proportionality* of exposure to the true amount of active ingredient contact. If a diverse amount of active ingredient handled (AaiH) is used across MEs, then exposures measured for one level of AaiH can be used to predict different levels of AaiH; and
- 3. Expert knowledge of possible handler conditions expected throughout the scenario permits re-construction (and/or selection) of synthetic MEs that represent a diverse set of future wiping application conditions.

5. Diversity Selection of Monitoring Events

A diversity selection approach is being used by the AEATF II to implement the wiping application study. In the AEATF II approach, instances of possible handler-day conditions under the scenario are synthetically constructed and handler-day exposures measured using surrogate workers. These conditions (including workers) are either purposively or randomly chosen in such a manner that the synthetic handler-days (i.e., monitoring events, or "MEs") span the diversity of conditions in the scenario. The ME construction approach used by the AEATF II achieves diversity by:

- 1. Using multiple sites (i.e. facilities/dates) within the study area (Fresno Co, CA) rather than conducting all monitoring at a single site
- 2. Varying the levels of potential Al contact; and
- 3. Using different workers for each ME rather than repeated use of the same worker.

Diversifying these three 'meta-characteristics' indirectly varies many known and unknown handling-conditions Purposively varying other minor handling-conditions, such as wiping surface, can further reduce homogeneity of MEs within the same site.

The AEATF II has determined, in consultation with the U.S. EPA, Health Canada, and California EPA, that a purposive diversity selection (PDS) approach is appropriate considering the regulatory purpose of the data and feasibility. A PDS approach is one that is primarily purposive but can be coupled with random choice elements when feasible to reduce intentional selection bias. The AEATF II Governing Document (2007) describes diversity and purposive diversity selection more generally in the context of the AEATF II Monitoring Program.

5.1. Varying 'Sites' and 'Clusters'

The wiping application monitoring study will be conducted inside vacant buildings in Fresno County, CA. This particular geographic area was selected given its proximity to the analytical laboratory. Fresno County also contains a moderately large metropolitan area and offers a population of over 1,000,000 persons. Consequently, there is a substantial janitorial population and a large number of vacant commercial buildings that are potentially acceptable for monitoring activities.

The use of a single geographic area is based on the premise that indoor janitorial wiping tasks being performed throughout one geographical area will not differ substantially from a similar array of tasks being performed at sites in another geographical area. That is, the variation in exposure associated with wiping inside of buildings throughout Fresno County, CA would not be expected to differ substantially if we used another metropolitan area or spanned multiple cities over the country. This premise is supported by the Popendorf et al. (1992) antimicrobial exposure monitoring study which concluded that variability in dermal and inhalation exposures across workers was most primarily influenced by the application method and by implication, each individual worker's implementation of that application method (i.e., their work practices and behavior), rather than the location or setting in which the application method is performed. This implies that monitoring multiple subjects and capturing diversity in indoor wiping conditions that might influence behavior is more important than geographic diversity.

Geographic differences in exposure that have been observed in some agricultural cohorts are not expected for wipe applications. For example, in harvesters, climatic conditions that influence the degree of dustiness, the rate of dissipation of foliar pesticide residues, or the amount of perspiration may influence exposure. Those differences cannot really be considered regional, but rather environmental. In the case of janitorial services conducted indoors, the environmental conditions are constrained by heating, ventilating and air conditioning systems that control dustiness, temperature, humidity and airflow. Therefore, these conditions are expected to be similar throughout the country.

Limited standardization of janitorial practices is another factor that is expected to lessen the importance of geographic area. The janitorial business is supported by organizations (e.g., International Sanitary Supply Association; www.issa.com) and companies (e.g., Johnson Diversey; www.johnsondiversey.com; Johnson Diversey offers a "Power Tools" training series) that supply training and guidance on issues such as duration of a particular job function, the types of supplies that are required and how to use equipment and supplies most efficiently. This helps to insure that janitorial work tasks are conducted somewhat uniformly across the country. By examining the documentation supporting training and use of janitorial supplies, the AEATF II found no evidence of regional work differences.

Lastly, there is increased efficiency, convenience, and cost savings associated with the use of a single location near the analytical laboratory. The use of buildings located over multiple geographical locations would be especially costly. The cost of selecting both buildings and subjects would increase at least in proportion to the number of geographic locations due to field team logistics and resources required. For the reasons outlines above, there would appear to be little benefit from such an increase in cost.

Monitoring will always be conducted within vacant commercial buildings. The purpose in conducting these studies in vacant buildings is to be free from personal interferences with non-subjects and the potential contamination from other sources of a commonly-used active ingredient (DDAC). It also allows the focus to be on wiping only as opposed to the broad range of janitorial activities a subject might engage in that could also involve the active ingredient. Using vacant buildings also offers more potential variability in study timing, architectural, and surface composition differences.

Each combination of facility (building or building complex) and monitoring period (i.e. dates) is termed a 'site'. Diversity is induced by requiring that monitoring events occur at multiple sites over the Fresno metropolitan area. Environmental conditions (e.g., temperature, humidity, air exchange rates) may be similar between facilities and at different times. On the other hand, buildings and dates might still be surrogates for other confounding factors that could cause systematic differences in exposure. Conceivable confounding factors might be architectural differences in room size, construction materials and configuration, and dirtiness or organic loading levels on surfaces to be cleaned. Temporal separation of sites reduces subtle 'study effect' correlations that can result when the same research personnel, equipment, and area-wide environmental conditions are involved.

Obviously, between-site diversity is maximized if every ME for a scenario occurs at a different site. However, there are practical efficiencies to be gained by conducting multiple MEs at the same site. Consequently the wiping study achieves a balance by using multiple sites with multiple MEs per site. Any

correlation resulting from having multiple MEs/site can be overcome, at least partially, by also increasing within-site diversity. Thus, facilities are preferred if they provide diverse indoor room and area configurations, e.g., individual offices, bathrooms, kitchen areas, hallways, dining areas, stairs.

Since the spray-and-wipe scenario and the ready-to-use scenario will always be considered separately, it is cost-effective to conduct MEs for both scenarios at the same site. The term cluster is defined as the set of MEs for a scenario associated with the same building (or building complex) and span of days during which monitoring occurs. In contrast, the term site refers to the physical facility and temporal monitoring period. Thus, two clusters of MEs occur within each site: One cluster of spray-and-wipe MEs and one cluster of ready-to-use MEs.

As discussed in section 6 below, a total of three sites are required for both wipe scenarios. Each site will be used for one cluster of Spray-and-Wipe MEs and one cluster of Ready-to-Use MEs. The set of different sites should posses the following general characteristics:

- 1. Each site must be a different building (or a group of adjacent buildings). The buildings in different sites should be of different types. For example, an office building would be a different type than a church.
- 2. Monitoring activities for different sites should be schedule at least one week apart.
- 3. For purposes of the wiping application study, the buildings or facilities must be large enough and have indoor rooms/areas that provide relevant and adequate surface areas for wiping.

A stratified random sampling approach will be used to locate acceptable facilities. First, a list of all properties that meet the following criteria will be obtained:

- · The property is listed and vacant
- The property is within Fresno County California
- The building falls into one of three categories:
 - a. Office buildings
 - b. Retail space
 - c. Meeting facilities (e.g. school, church, dance hall)

These three building categories provide diversity in architecture and floor plan. The properties within each of these three categories will be investigated independently and in random order until a single acceptable facility is found for each category. Facility acceptance criteria will include:

- Available for rental for only a short duration (e.g. one month) rather than only on a long-term (e.g. year) basis.
- Functional HVAC sytem

- Operating electrical service
- Minimal surface area requirement with acceptable diversity in available surfaces (e.g. unobstructed hallways, bathrooms, stairs, empty rooms, countertops)
- Property does not require cleaning or maintenance prior to use

This procedure results in a random sample of one facility from the population of all acceptable facilities (of each type) in Fresno County, California. Monitoring activities are then scheduled purposively for each facility, but no closer than a week apart.

5.2. Varying Task Duration

The second key diversity meta-parameter controlled by PDS for the wiping application study is task duration. Because all MEs in the study use a single Al at the same concentration, task duration is a surrogate for the amount of a.i. handled. This, in turn, is a surrogate for the potential amount of a.i. contacted.

Task duration was selected given its likely relationship to the magnitude of exposure (dermal and inhalation routes) and availability of existing data that inform typical ranges of time duration for wiping tasks. Two key data sources were identified in this regard:

1. Time and motion data (cleaning task durations) collected by the International Sanitary Supply Association (ISSA; <u>www.issa.com</u>).

Table B-1 presents estimated cleaning times for health care industry cleaning professionals performing wiping operations (213 minutes/day). This estimated wiping time is supported by the upper-bound time observed in previous monitoring conducted by the Chemical Manufacturer's Association (CMA) (Popendorf et al. 1992) at 7 to 160 minutes.

2. AEJV national consumer product use survey (Jacobs et al. 2006)

Wiping duration information is provided, in the case of consumer applicators, by a proprietary national product use survey conducted by the Antimicrobial Exposure Joint Venture. The AEJV survey represents national-scale prospective diary instrument. Eligible and willing participants (from a "phase 1" screener (who provided an EPA registration number for at least one antimicrobial product used at least once a month) were mailed a dairy and asked to record their antimicrobial home care product application over a 4-week recording period. Information collected included the date of usage occasions, product used, product type, application site, surface area/item cleaned, whether product was diluted, whether surface was rinsed off/wiped down, who applied the product, and who was present during application. The completed survey return rate

was 27%, a value typical for a 4-week diary fielded via the TNS Consumer Mail Access Panel (http://www.tns-us.com/panels/).

The AEJV survey results indicate that wiping-related tasks, using either ready-to-use wipe or other equipment such as a cotton cloth, ranges from 5 minutes or less to an upper-bound of 60 minutes. The majority of consumer wipe-related cleaning tasks (e.g., wiping following use of an all-purpose cleaner trigger spray, or wiping with a ready-to-use wipe) involved cleaning task durations of 5 minutes or less. The average duration of trigger-spray (which are typically followed by wiping) and ready-to-use wipe cleaning events was 6.7 and 4.0 minutes, respectively.

For the AEATF II wipe study, practical lower and upper limits to monitoring durations are dictated by two opposing factors. On one end is the analytical method LOQ, and the desire to obtain actual measurements (rather than non-detects) beneath normal work clothing. Based on information gained from methods development and knowledge of exposure measured by Popendorf et al. (1992), the lower limit of exposure monitoring duration consistent with detectability is estimated to be 30 minutes.

At the other extreme is the maximum duration dictated by human endurance and the estimated maximum time a person typically spends wiping. Both of these factors point toward a maximum duration of approximately 120 minutes of near-continuous activity. This appears to be a reasonable value with respect to ergonomic considerations, i.e., human endurance, based upon personal observation.

Consequently, the diversity of duration of study participant wiping activities will range from approximately 30 to 120 minutes. This represents the range of estimated time spent wiping indoor surfaces per day by cleaning professionals in the health care or hotel industries and consumers. This duration is estimated to achieve detectable levels of active ingredients on dosimetry matrices.

Task duration will be varied among the N_M MEs in each cluster. This is accomplished by partitioning the 30-120 minute range into N_M intervals of equal size. Each of the N_M task-duration intervals will be $D=90/N_M$ minutes in length. Each ME will be randomly assigned to a different task duration interval. The task duration will only be controlled to within D minutes. (However, the exact task duration will be recorded.) This task duration stratification process will be repeated independently for every cluster of MEs.

Table B-1: Justification for Duration of Task and Area Treated Estimated Cleaning Times for Healthcare- Mop/Wipe Operations¹

ISSA Operation	ISSA Operation	Cleaning Time
<u>Number</u>		
117	Trash/Clean Disinfect Surfaces and Bath/Replace Supplies/Wet	16.2
	Mop Floor	
	Wiping Operations	
69	Bathroom Shower Fixtures Damp Wipe	0.67
70	Bathroom Shower Stall, Damp Wipe	1.5
71	Bathroom Soap Dispenser, Damp Wipe	0.17
72	Bathroom Call Switch, Damp Wipe	0.05
75	Bed Frame, Damp Wipe	2.8
76	Bed Footboard, Damp Wipe Sprayer	0.25
80	Bedside Commode, Clean	0.5
81	Bedside Stand, Damp Wipe	0.92
93	Grab Rail, Damp Wipe	0.1
109	Sinks, Scrub, Damp Wipe	0.67
111	Table, Over Bed: Damp Woe [sic] (Wipe?)	0.75
102	Light, Over Bed: Damp Wipe	0.13
	Total Wiping	8.51 min
	Mopping Operations	
259	12 min/1000 ft ² (24 oz head)	3.31 minutes
	Room Size	
	$(12 \text{ ft } X 20 \text{ ft} = 240 \text{ ft}^2)$ - Main Room, 2 bed ²	•
	$(6 ft \times 6 ft = 36 ft^2) - bathroom$	
	Total- 276 ft ²	
	Mopping Time Calculation	
	$\frac{12 \min/1000 \text{ft}^2}{(276 \text{ft}^2)} = 3.31 \text{minutes}$	
		11.00
Total Time in Room		11.82
Mopping/Wiping		
Calculations		
Total minutes per	8 hours (60 minutes)= 480 minutes	
workday		
Rooms Cleaned per	(480 minutes)/(16.2 minutes/room)= 29.6 or 30 rooms/day.	
day	20-25 rooms per day is the likely maximum based on typical work	c patterns (breaks
· 	trips to the cleaning closet for fresh chemicals, etc.)	
Total minutes spent	25(8.51 minutes)= 212.75 minutes/day	
wiping		
Total minutes spent	25(3.31)= 82.75 minutes/day	
mopping		

Note that the estimated time to clean a room does not include changing linens, making or disposing of mop solutions/wipes, transit time between rooms, etc. so resulting estimates are quite conservative.

¹ Times obtained from ISSA; the International Sanitary Supply Association (ISSA; www.issa.com) is a trade association of more than 4,700 member companies from over 83 countries that manufacture, market and distribute cleaning and maintenance products, equipment and related services to hospitals and other healthcare facilities, schools, factories, foodservice establishments, corporate complexes, commercial businesses, and a vast array of other industrial and institutional facilities worldwide.

5.3. Varying Surrogate Workers

The final meta-characteristic that is formally varied is the surrogate worker. These are professional workers with experience in performing wipe applications, who are available and consent to perform these tasks at/in appropriate facilities on the specified dates. These are referred to as surrogate workers because they are not viewed as any sample from an existing population of workers. Rather they are viewed simply as another component of the synthetic ME that is being constructed to predict a single instance of a future day's exposure to an arbitrary antimicrobial pesticide. Each surrogate worker provides his/her unique set of behaviors to the wiping task. Use of the same worker for all monitoring events would over-represent a single type of behavior. As a result, greater diversification of worker behavior among MEs is accomplished by simply requiring that each ME be based on a different surrogate worker.

Surrogate workers will all be professional workers in the Fresno CA metropolitan area. Flyers soliciting subjects are posted at all cooperating janitorial service providers in the area. Individuals who express a desire to participate in the study within a fixed period of time will be contacted and screened in random order. Individuals who meet the study requirements will be recruited until the required number of surrogate workers is obtained. Surrogate workers are randomly assigned to MEs. As a precaution, more participants are recruited than expect to be needed.

This process results in a simple random sample of qualifying subjects from the volunteer pool. Note, however, that this is not the same as a random sample from the existing population of professional janitorial workers. By definition, volunteers are self-selected and could have different characteristics than nonvolunteers. Such distinctions have no relevance in this case, however. There is no particular need to obtain a random sample from the Fresno janitorial population. This existing population is not the target population for the study. The MEs are synthetic constructs that attempt to predict aspects of a future handler-day population. It is purposive by definition. Thus, a random sample of just one ME component (e.g. subject) from a subpopulation (e.g. Fresno County) provides no statistical advantage. In fact, a random sample of subjects from the volunteer pool is not the only possibility. For example, a more diverse sample of surrogate workers from this pool could also be acceptable if a clear diversifying characteristic were available for all workers. Lacking this, the wiping application study uses the reasonable default option of a random sample from the volunteer pool.

6. Sample Size Determination

Sample sizes can only be determined using statistical theory alone when either

- 1. There is assumed <u>random sampling</u> from a population and the goal is to estimate some characteristic of that population; or
- 2. There is assumed <u>randomization</u> of experimental units to treatments and the goal is only to compare or to contrast treatments in some manner.

Only in these two situations can statistical theory predict how increasing sample size decreases estimation error. In other experimental situations, sample size must be determined using one of the two 'random' situations above as a reference model. The random reference model is constructed so that it reflects the actual (non-random) situation as closely as possible. The sample size that is appropriate for the reference model is then used for the actual study design. The use of a random reference model is not, however, a claim that random sampling or randomization occurs.

The wiping application study constructs synthetic MEs that predict elements of the target population of future daily exposures. The goal is to use these data to characterize some 'population' aspect of the future exposure to arbitrary antimicrobial pesticides. Hence, this study is more closely aligned with the random sampling situation (1) above.

6.1. Reference Sampling Model

For each scenario in the wiping application study, random nested (or cluster) sampling is used as the reference model for the combination of purposive and random diversity selection actually used. This reference model assumes that:

- 1. Exposure normalized by the amount of active ingredient handled is lognormally distributed with geometric standard deviation GSD. Equivalently, the logarithm of normalized exposure is normally distributed with standard deviation Log(GSD).
- 2. There are N_C clusters (i.e. sites) and N_M MEs per cluster. The total number of MEs in a scenario is, therefore, N_C×N_M.
- 3. The within cluster (i.e., within-site) correlation of log normalized exposure is equal to ICC.

6.2. Benchmark Objective

Benchmark objectives specify accuracy goals that must be achieved within the reference sampling model when sample size is adequate. In this study, the 'sample size' of a scenario means the number of clusters (N_C) and the number of MEs per cluster (N_M).

For both wiping application scenarios in this study, the benchmark objective is that sample estimates of the arithmetic mean and 95th percentile of normalized exposure are accurate to within 3-fold 95% of the time. Both the AEATF II and EPA feel this benchmark is sufficient for regulatory purposes.

6.3. Expected Variation in Normalized Exposure

Some idea of the variability of normalized exposure is necessary in order to determine the sample size that meets the benchmark objective. In terms of the reference nested-random sampling model, the variation structure is determined by the geometric standard deviation (GSD) and the intra-cluster correlation (ICC). GSD measures the total relative variation between future handler-days of normalized exposure. The ICC describes how similar within-site exposures are with respect to the total variation (in normalized exposure). An ICC of zero means that MEs within the same cluster are no more similar than are MEs in different clusters. At the other extreme, ICC=1 means that all MEs in the same cluster have identical exposure.

As noted previously, the CMA study (Popendorf et al. 1992) provides the only directly relevant existing data for the wiping application task. This study, however, provides just six wipe applicator monitoring events spread over four different facilities. These data do provide a crude estimate of total relative variation (GSD), but no reliable estimate of ICC.

An improved estimate of total relative variation can be obtained by incorporating information from other sources. The CMA study also provided data for exposure due to mopping applications (6 MEs) and for hand-held aerosol applications (5 MEs). In addition, PHED provides high quality normalized exposure data for 15 hand-held aerosol monitoring events collected from 15 different residential houses. As is the case for wiping, both mopping and hand-held aerosol application are repetitive tasks. The relative variation in normalized exposure for repetitive activities might be expected to be driven primarily by variation in subject behavior. If so, then these four sets of data might be expected to have similar geometric standard deviations.

The feasibility of using the normalized dermal exposure results from these four data sets (Table B-2) together to estimate relative total variation for the wipe study scenarios was evaluated. Only dermal exposure was considered given that

it was associated with higher exposures, i.e., was found to be the primary route of exposure in these studies. Levene's test for equal variability (Glazer 1983) among groups was applied to the \log_{e} -transformed, normalized dermal exposure values. These results are summarized in Table B-3. Although the \log_{e} -scale standard deviations (SD) ranged from 0.62 to 1.61 there was no significant difference (p > 0.05) in relative variability among the four data sets. A commonvariance ANOVA model gave a pooled \log_{e} -scale SD of 1.05. The resulting estimate of geometric standard deviation (GSD = $\exp\{SD\}$) is 2.86 and used in the determination of sample size.

Table B-2: Source (Study)-Specific Normalized Dermal Exposure Values for Each Monitoring Event (Unit).

Source (Study)	Monitoring Event ID	Normalized Dermal Exposure (µg / lbs ai handled)
CMA (Mop) ¹	1 5 7 9 10 11	20,855 22,186 503,250 16,656 34,394 37,088
CMA (Wipe) ²	2 6 8 61 62 73	4,313,916 1,747,115 1,058,688 49,252 471,758 2,570,922
CMA (Aerosol, Hands) ³	47 79 80 87 90	126,263 48,913 666,667 413,043 340,909
PHED (Aerosol, Study 521)⁴	521-A-1 521-A-2 521-A-3 521-B-4 521-B-5 521-B-6 521-C-7 521-C-8 521-C-9 521-D-10 521-D-11 521-D-12 521-E-13 521-E-14 521-E-15	2,180,000 657,000 365,000 488,000 459,000 199,000 815,000 1,140,000 1,720,000 1,020,000 521,000 384,000 683,000 617,000 410,000

¹ Monitoring events corresponded to separate individuals treating a different room (over a variety of locations).

² Monitoring events corresponded to individuals treating a different room. Rooms were spread over multiple buildings. Two monitoring events that yielded non-detectable residues for all body parts were excluded.

³ Monitoring events corresponded to separate individuals treating a different room.

³ Monitoring events corresponded to separate individuals treating a different room. Rooms were spread over multiple buildings. Three monitoring events that yielded non-detectable residues for all body parts were excluded.

⁴ Monitoring events corresponded to three separate evaluations of 5 individuals. Each of the 15 monitoring events occurred in a different house.

There are no reliable data on the magnitude of the within-cluster correlation (ICC) in normalized exposure resulting from wiping. Much of the variation resulting from such a repetitive task is expected to track the variation in worker behaviors and within-facility diversity. In contrast, small variation in indoor environmental conditions (surface types and configurations, temperature, humidity, air exchange rate) is expected across indoor locations (e.g., hospitals, hotels, residences) in which the monitoring events take place. This would suggest an intra-cluster correlation (ICC) near zero. A central tendency ICC value across many outdoor agricultural exposure scenarios, where high within-site correlation is expected, is 0.3 (AHETF, 2007, Appendix C). This represents a likely upper-bound for most indoor antimicrobial exposure scenarios.

Table B-3: Estimates of the Variation in Total Normalized Dermal Exposure from Existing Studies.

Study	N	Standard Deviation of Log _e Normalized Exposure
CMA (Wipe) CMA (Mop) CMA (Aerosol-Hands)	6 6 5	1.61 1.26 1.05
PHED (Aerosol, Study 521) Common Variation I	15	0.62
	viodei:	
Common SD of Log _e Exposure		1.05
Common GSD of Exposure ² Common CV of Exposure ³		2.86 1.42

¹Assuming a separate mean for each study, but a common standard deviation on the log scale.

6.4. Determination of Sample Size

A Monte Carlo simulation approach was used to determine the impact of number of clusters (N_C) and number of MEs per cluster (N_M) on accuracy of the arithmetic mean and 95^{th} percentile. For each simulation 10,000 random data sets are generated using the reference nested-random sampling model and assumed values of the total GSD and the intracluster correlation (ICC). From each simulated set, estimates of the arithmetic mean and 95^{th} percentile are calculated. If θ is the parameter of interest and T is the calculated estimate, then the fold relative accuracy (fRA) is defined as:

²Geometric standard deviation = exp(SD)

³Coefficient of variation derived from the log-scale SD assuming a lognormal distribution

(1)
$$fRA = Max (T/\theta, \theta/T)$$

Fold relative accuracy simply expresses how far T is from θ in a relative sense. The result is 10,000 random values of fRA. The empirical 95th percentile of these 10,000 fRA values, fRA_{95} , is the quantity of interest. By definition, T is within (fRA_{95}) -fold of θ , 95% of the time. Thus, if 3-fold accuracy is desired, fRA_{95} should be (approximately) equal to 3. (Note that for simplicity, the EPA sometimes refers to fRA_{95} as the 'K-factor'.) The simulation methods are the same as those used for the AHETF monitoring program (AHETF, 2007, Appendix C). This simulation method and its theoretical basis is described in greater detail in the AHETF documentation.

For a configuration of NC=3 clusters (or sites) and NM=6 MEs per cluster, Table B-4 lists the 95% bounds on relative accuracy ('K-factors') obtained with GSD=2.86 and possible intra-cluster correlations (ICC) ranging between 0 and 0.3. We note that the desired relative accuracy bound of 3 is achieved even with an ICC as large as 0.3. Smaller, and more likely, ICCs yield better accuracy. Additional simulations indicate that these conclusions are insensitive to moderate changes in the assumed GSD.

Thus, a design of 3 sites and 6 MEs per site appears acceptable for both scenarios in the wiping application study.

Table B-4: 95% Bound on Relative Accuracy ("K-Factor") at Specified ICC Values for 3 Clusters (Locations) and 6 Monitoring Events per Cluster.

ICC	Normalized De	d Relative Accuracy for ermal Exposure GSD = 2.86)
	Arithmetic Mean	95th Percentile
0	1.9	2.1
0.1	2.1	2.4
0.2	2.3	2.6
0.3	2.5	3.0

7. References

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Part 3 Transmittal (Selim, 1/16/08, 8:24am) of IIRB Submission Forms

AEATF II VOL 4 Secondary Documentation: Wiping App Scenarios & Study Protocol 25Feb08

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Sami Selim

From:

To:

"Sami Selim" <sselim@worldnet.att.net>
"Robert Roogow" <rroogow@iirb.com>
Wednesday, January 16, 2008 8:24 AM
DOC080116.pdf

Sent: Attach:

Subject:

Wipe protocol submission forms

Robert,

Attached, please find a copy of the submission forms for the wipe study.

Regards,

Sami.

Sami Selim, Ph.D. Phone: 559-275-9021 Fax:559-275-1810 sselim@gplabs.com



Submission Letter

DAT	E:	1/16/08			
TO:	Kim Lerner, Chairman Independent Investigational Review Board, Inc.				
FRO	ROM: SAMI SELIM				
SUB	JECT:	Please forward for IRB approv	al		
M		Study for IRB Approval - (Incl ional Site for an Approved Pr			
Princ	ipal Inv	vestigator: SAMI SELIM	Sponsor: AEATF I		
Proto	col Nui	mber: <u>070264</u> P	rotocol Title: A study for Measurement		
of Po	etential "	Dermal and Inhalation Es	cposure During Application of a liquid etc		
		tigator's Brochure/ e Brochure	X Not Applicable		
(W)	Inform	ned Consent Form	(e-mail or include disc)		
	CV's a	and License	(for all investigator's listed on 1572)		
2	Site Q	uestionnaire	□ Not Applicable: Already on File		
	Facili	ty License/Certification	(if research is conducted in a hospital/outpatient center)		
	IRB W	aiver	(if research is conducted in a hospital/outpatient center or federal or state funded clinic)		
	FDA F	orm 1572	🗶 Not Applicable		

Please call if you have any questions. Thank you.

Note: Meetings are held weekly, usually on Tuesdays (all correspondence for review should be submitted no later than the Friday before the scheduled Tuesday meeting. If all material is not available please call the IIRB to discuss. (Emergency meetings can be scheduled if necessary.)

		using Trigger Spray and Wipe restigator: SAMI SELIN	n Real	dy to	Use Wijes for Charing Indoor Scur
		pator(s): <u>TAMI BELCHER</u>			
more	se indica e than on Address	te the location where study activities will be performed to a control of the cont	il pages.		nts will be seen excluding Diagnostics) If ss: 4720 W Tennifu A number Suite 105 FRESNO, CA 93722
		s being conducted at more than one locatio de separate information for each location.	n and inf	ormation	requested differs for each location,
Regi	ulatory/S	Study Coordinator: SAMI SELIM	Phon	e:(55 9)	2 75-969 Fax Number: (559)275-1810
		e: 539 - 225 - 90 91 24 Hour Phone:		_	
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		aplete the following: You may attach copies of			
l. <u>2</u> .		s study federally funded requiring review un will Study Participants be recruited? Principal Investigator's Clinical Practice Data base of potential Volunteers Other (please specify):	□ Ø	Referra Adverti	ds? ▼No □ Yes als from other clinical Practices sing in the community* tisements <u>Must</u> be approved by the IIRB)
		ou recruit volunteers from vulnerable study	population	ons? 🖈	No ☐ Yes (please specify below) Members of the Armed Forces

	Page 2 of 3
4.	Do the subjects that you intend to enroll in this study come from any type of ethnic background or cultural remvironisticate hat object and interesting impactants the industrial participation will not have any adverse impact on the care that they will receive? We will provide documents in Spanish.
	and have a spanish translation involved in the study
5.	Indicate the approximate demographics of your site's anticipated subject population:
6.	Will you be enrolling only subjects who speak English in this study? ☐ Yes ※No If No, Is a "local dialect" or translation needed? Translation needed: ※ Spanish ☐ Other
7.	Who will discuss the research study with the volunteer and obtain informed consent (signed informed consent)? (Check all that apply)
	Principal Investigator Sub Investigator Explain consenting procedures: I musting alon will go over Informed Convent Forms with the relunting and ask if they have any question. Translator will be quailable for Spannish Speaking Subjects Describe the setting (s) where the study will be conducted (in private office clinic bespital environment)
8.	Describe the setting(s) where the study will be conducted (ie, private office, clinic, hospital environment) and if the Investigator is required to seek any type of administrative or Corporate approval in order to implement the study:
•	*If being done in a Hospital or Outpatient Surgery Center, please provide a copy of that facility's License/accreditation and/or Hospital IRB Waiver Form.
9. 10.	Distance between the nearest hospital and research site: <u>VIOMILO</u> Describe the on-site emergency equipment available for the subjects: <u>NONE</u>
11.	How long has the PI been conducting clinical research? 24 years months
12.	Within the past 3 years has the FDA/OHRP audited your site/Principal Investigator? ▼No ☐ Yes* *If yes, please provide a copy of all 483's and any applicable correspondence.
13.	Has the FDA/OHRP or any State Medical Board ever sanctioned the Principal Investigator? X No □Yes* *If yes, please provide a summary of the action and applicable correspondence.
14.	Are subject files adequately stored and protected to ensure subject confidentiality, i.e. HIPAA, HIV, etc.? No* XYes *If no, please explain:
15.	Does the Principal Investigator, Sub Investigator(s) or any immediate family member have a conflict of interest with the study sponsor, sponsor representatives or other study related entities? XNo DYes* *If yes, please provide explanation:

Subject Compensation:

Will subject be paid for participation in this study?

No Yes*

*If yes, please specify the total amount, the amount for each visit and the timing of payment (i.e. at each visit, at the last visit, within 2 weeks of the last visit) in the draft Informed Consent Form.

Site Specific Mediamed Consent: Form Information Protocol 25	5Feb08 Page 176 of 346
Is there any additional wording needed in the Informed Consent Form? Note 1 with the section and additional wording below.	o □ Yes*
Investigator Acknowledgment	
On behalf of all of the investigators listed on page1, I agree that the responsare true and accurate and I agree to notify the Independent Investigational the research activities and to report any unanticipated problems involving addition, I agree not to make any changes in the research without IRB appare familiar with the study and that either an Investigator or a study coording explain the Informed Consent Form to all prospective subjects before obted Furthermore, by signing this form I confirm that I agree to conduct the study of the protocol, for which I am seeking approval.	Review Board, Inc. of any change ng risk to the research subjects. proval. I confirm that study person nator acting as my designee will or aining their signed informed consi
SAMI SELIM Print name of individual completing Site Questionnaire	
Signature of individual completing Site Questionnaire Da	<u> 6 0 8</u> ate
SAMI SELIM Print Name of Principal Investigator	
Signature Principal Investigator Da	1 / 16 / 0 8

Please contact the Independent IRB, if you have any questions regarding this questionnaire 954.327.0778



Study Specific Instructions

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CRO:			
Contact Info:			
Contact/Title	Phone/Fax		<u>email</u>
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Sami Selvin			
SPANISH LANGUAGE F	REQUIRMENTS:	:_(If it is determined that a	a Spanish language ICF is
necessary).			
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1/16/08

Today's Date:

Part 4 IIRB Response (Roogow, 1/18/08, 9:11am) to Initial Submission, Providing Corrected Site Questionnaire Form, and Requesting Addition of a Protocol Version Date and a Provision for Reporting Adverse Events¹

¹This Volume "Part" (i.e., IIRB Correspondence) is identical in Volumes 2 and 4, given that it applies to both the mopping and wiping application protocols / documentation.

Page 179 of 346

Sami Selim

From: To: "Robert Roogow" <rroogow@iirb.com>
"'Sami Selim" <sselim@worldnet.att.net>

Sent: Subject:

Friday, January 18, 2008 9:11 AM RE: Wipe protocol submission forms

Sami,

In addition to the issues I left on your voice mail, there is an issue with the Site Questionnaire. I apologize because we sent you the wrong Site Questionnaire to complete. They look very similar except the one that I have attached here ask questions about EPA audits. Please fill out this new Site Questionnaire for both the wipe (070264) protocol and the mop (070265) protocol. Sorry for the inconvienence.

To recap the issues I left on your voice mail:

- 1) The protocols do not have a protocol version date.
- 2) The protocols do not have a section that addresses the collection of adverse events.

Please let me know if you have any questions or concerns since these issues may or may not have been addressed in the past.

Robert Roogow, MS, CIM
Director of Operations
Independent Investigational Review Board, Inc.
Ph: 954-327-0778

Fax: 954-327-5778 rroogow@iirb.com

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From: Sami Selim [mailto:sselim@worldnet.att.net]
Sent: Wednesday, January 16, 2008 11:25 AM

To: Robert Roogow

Subject: Wipe protocol submission forms

Robert,

Attached, please find a copy of the submission forms for the wipe study.

Regards,

Sami.

Sami Selim, Ph.D. Phone: 559-275-9021 Fax:559-275-1810 sselim@gplabs.com AEATF II VOL 4 Secondary Documentation: Wiping App Scenarios & Study Protocol 25Feb08

Page 180 of 346

Sami Selim

From:

"Robert Roogow" <rroogow@iirb.com>
"Sami Selim" <sselim@worldnet.att.net>
Friday, January 18, 2008 9:16 AM
EPA Site Questionnaire.1-06.pdf

To:

Sent:

Attach:

Subject: new Site Questionnaire

Sami,

Sorry I forgot to attach the new Site Questionnaire here it is

Regards,

Robert



SITE QUESTIONNAIRE

NON-LOCAL REVIEW

Please indicate the more than one lossite Address: If the study is be please provide: Regulatory/Stud Office Phone: Please completed.	the location where study activities will be performed (where patients will be seen excluding Diagnostics) If ocation is being used you may attach additional pages. Pl's Mailing Address: (If different) Deeing conducted at more than one location and information requested differs for each location, separate information for each location. Idy Coordinator: Phone: Phone: 24 Hour Phone: 24 Hour Phone: ete the following: You may attach copies of relevant procedures. Study federally funded requiring review under HHS standards?
Please indicate the more than one local Site Address:	the location where study activities will be performed (where patients will be seen excluding Diagnostics) If ocation is being used you may attach additional pages. Pl's Mailing Address: (If different) Desire conducted at more than one location and information requested differs for each location, separate information for each location. Industrial desired by the performed (where patients will be seen excluding Diagnostics) If the performed (where patients will be seen excluding Diagnostics) If the performed (where patients will be seen excluding Diagnostics) If the performed (where patients will be seen excluding Diagnostics) If the performed (where patients will be seen excluding Diagnostics) If the performed (where patients will be seen excluding Diagnostics) If the performed (where patients will be seen excluding Diagnostics) If the performed (where patients will be seen excluding Diagnostics) If the performed (where patients will be seen excluding Diagnostics) If the performed (where patients will be seen excluding Diagnostics) If the performed (where patients will be seen excluding Diagnostics) If the performed (where patients will be seen excluding Diagnostics) If the performed (where patients will be seen excluding Diagnostics) If the performed (where patients will be seen excluding Diagnostics) If the performed (where patients will be seen excluding Diagnostics) If the performed (where patients) If th
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Office Phone: _ Please comple 1. Is this st	ete the following: You may attach copies of relevant procedures.
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	Data base of potential Volunteers Advertising in the community*
a c	(*advertisements <u>Must</u> be approved by the IIRB) Other (please specify):
3. Will you	recruit volunteers from vulnerable study populations? □ No □ Yes (please specify below)
	Persons kept in detention Members of the Armed Forces
	Nursing Home Resident/Elderly
	Patients in emergency situations Unemployed/on Public Assistance
_	Persons of limited capacity Homeless Employees (Site or Sponsor, etc)
	Minors □ Employees (Site or Sponsor, etc) Pregnant women □ Disabled
	Illiterate
	Other:

4.	Page 2 of 3 DE-MTE ISVDJects-thatry/our interaction to Viein collaboration cultural environment that might have an impact on their ability to understand that participation in the study is voluntary and refusal to participate or discontinuing their participation will not have any adverse impact on the care that they will receive?
5.	Indicate the approximate demographics of your site's anticipated subject population:% African American% Caucasian% Hispanics% Asian% Other
6.	Will you be enrolling only subjects who speak English in this study? ☐ Yes ☐ No If No, Is a "local dialect" or translation needed? Translation needed: ☐ Spanish ☐ Other
7.	Who will discuss the research study with the volunteer and obtain informed consent (signed informed consent)? (Check all that apply)
	☐ Principal Investigator ☐ Sub Investigator ☐ Study Coordinator Explain consenting procedures:
8.	Describe the circumstances and methods for presenting information to potential human subjects in order to obtain informed consent.
9.	Describe the setting(s) where the study will be conducted (ie, private office, clinic, hospital environment) and if the Investigator is required to seek any type of administrative or Corporate approval in order to implement the study:
	*If being done in a Hospital or Outpatient Surgery Center, please provide a copy of that facility's License/accreditation and/or Hospital IRB Waiver Form.
10.	Distance between the nearest hospital and research site:
11.	Describe the on-site emergency equipment available for the subjects:
12.	How long has the PI been conducting clinical research?months
13.	Within the past 3 years has the FDA/OHRP audited your site/Principal Investigator? ☐ No ☐ Yes* *If yes, please provide a copy of all 483's and any applicable correspondence.
14.	Has the FDA/OHRP/EPA or any State Medical Board ever sanctioned the Principal Investigator? □No
	□Yes* *If yes, please provide a summary of the action and applicable correspondence.
15.	Are subject files adequately stored and protected to ensure subject confidentiality, i.e. HIPAA, HIV, etc.? No* Yes *If no, please explain:
16.	Does the Principal Investigator, Sub Investigator(s) or any immediate family member have a conflict of interest with the study sponsor, sponsor representatives or other study related entities? No Yes* *If yes, please provide explanation:

Subject Compensation:	
Will subject be paid for participation in this study? *If yes, please specify the total amount, the amount for each visit arvisit, within 2 weeks of the last visit) in the draft Informed Consent F	No □ Yes* nd the timing of payment (i.e. at each visit, at the last Form.
Site Specific Informed Consent Form Informa	ation
Is there any additional wording needed in the Informed Conse *If yes, please specify the section and additional wording below.	ent Form? □ No □ Yes*
Investigator Ackno	wlodament
Investigator Ackno	wiedgment
On behalf of all of the investigators listed on page1, I agree the are true and accurate and I agree to notify the Independent the research activities and to report any unanticipated proaddition, I agree not to make any changes in the research ware familiar with the study and that either an Investigator or explain the Informed Consent Form to all prospective subjective Furthermore, by signing this form I confirm that I agree to confirm the protocol, for which I am seeking approval.	Investigational Review Board, Inc. of any changes in oblems involving risk to the research subjects. I without IRB approval. I confirm that study personner a study coordinator acting as my designee will orall ects before obtaining their signed informed consen
Print name of individual completing Site Questionnaire	
Signature of individual completing Site Questionnaire	Date
Print Name of Principal Investigator	
Signature Principal Investigator	Date

Please contact the Independent IRB, if you have any questions regarding this questionnaire 954.327.0778

Revised: 1/10/06

Part 5 Transmittal (Roogow, 2/20/08, 11:23am) Confirming a Phone Voice Mail to Dr. Sami Selim (on 1/18/08 from Mr. Robert Roogow)^{2,3}

² This transmittal clarifies the IIRB's request (see Part 3 above) for 1) inclusion of a protocol revision date and 2) a provision for reporting adverse events. The inclusion of a protocol revision date and the addition of a subject inclusion criterion (i.e., "Have experience working in janitorial services") are requested; however, the previously requested provision for reporting adverse events was found to be adequately addressed in the submitted protocol.

³This Volume "Part" (i.e., IIRB Correspondence) is identical in Volumes 2 and 4, given that it applies to both the mopping and wiping application protocols / documentation.

From: Robert Roogow

To: 'Sami Selim'

Sent: Wednesday, February 20, 2008 11:23 AM **Subject:** RE: Wipe protocol submission forms

Sami,

The attached email does match with my recollection and/or records of the events for the wipe (070264) protocol and the mop (070265) protocol. Please do not hesitate to contact me if you should need any further confirmation.

Regards,

Robert Roogow, MS, CIM
Director of Operations
Independent Investigational Review Board, Inc.

Ph: 954-327-0778 Fax: 954-327-5778 rroogow@iirb.com

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From: Sami Selim [mailto:sselim@worldnet.att.net] Sent: Wednesday, February 20, 2008 1:35 PM

To: rroogow@iirb.com

Subject: Re: Wipe protocol submission forms

Robert.

I was reviewing the E-Mail exchanges we had during the preparation of the Mop and Wipe protocols, and came up with the attached E-Mail.

According to my recollection, following your initial voice mail, you left me a second voice mail, in which you mention that you found the sections in the protocols that addressed the collection of adverse events. You also indicated that since the subjects would be experienced in janitorial work, that you would like to see that in the inclusion criteria.

Please let me know if this match with your recollection or records of what happened.

Thanks,

Sami.

Sami Selim, Ph.D. Phone: 559-275-9021 Fax:559-275-1810 sselim@gplabs.com ---- Original Message -----

From: Robert Roogow
To: 'Sami Selim'

Sent: Friday, January 18, 2008 9:11 AM **Subject:** RE: Wipe protocol submission forms

Sami,

In addition to the issues I left on your voice mail, there is an issue with the Site Questionnaire. I apologize because we sent you the wrong Site Questionnaire to complete. They look very similar except the one that I have attached here ask questions about EPA audits. Please fill out this new Site Questionnaire for both the wipe (070264) protocol and the mop (070265) protocol. Sorry for the inconvienence.

To recap the issues I left on your voice mail:

- 1) The protocols do not have a protocol version date.
- 2) The protocols do not have a section that addresses the collection of adverse events.

Please let me know if you have any questions or concerns since these issues may or may not have been addressed in the past.

Robert Roogow, MS, CIM
Director of Operations
Independent Investigational Review Board, Inc.

Ph: 954-327-0778 Fax: 954-327-5778 rroogow@iirb.com

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From: Sami Selim [mailto:sselim@worldnet.att.net] Sent: Wednesday, January 16, 2008 11:25 AM

To: Robert Roogow

Subject: Wipe protocol submission forms

Robert,

Attached, please find a copy of the submission forms for the wipe study.

Regards, Sami.

Sami Selim, Ph.D. Phone: 559-275-9021 Fax:559-275-1810 sselim@gplabs.com

Part 6 Transmittal (Selim, 1/18/08, 1:39pm) of Corrected Site Questionnaire for the Wipe Study 4

⁴This Volume "Part" (i.e., IIRB Correspondence) is identical in Volumes 2 and 4, given that it applies to both the mopping and wiping application protocols / documentation.

Page 188 of 346

Sami Selim

"Sami Selim" <sselim@worldnet.att.net> From: "Robert Roogow" <rroogow@iirb.com> To: Friday, January 18, 2008 1:39 PM Sent:

DOC080118.pdf Attach:

Site questionaire for Mop and Wipe studies Subject:

Robewrt,

Attached, please find the correct site questionaire for the Mop and Wipe studies. I will be sendind you later the revized protocols.

Sami.

Sami Selim, Ph.D. Phone: 559-275-9021 Fax:559-275-1810 sselim@gplabs.com



SITE QUESTIONNAIRE

NON-LOCAL REVIEW

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				589-275	-9091 Fax Number: 579-275-1810
Regu	latory/St	tudy Coordinator: SAMI SELIM			
Office	a Phone	: 559-275-9091 24 Hour Phone	559-824	-11-35	
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	Page 2 of 3 AEATF II VOL 4 Secondary Documentation: Wiping App Scenarios & Study Proterior 55 and 8 type of ethnic apackground or Do the subjects that you intend to enroll in this study come ability to understand that participation in the cultural environment that might have an impact on their ability to understand that participation in the study is voluntary and refusal to participate or discontinuing their participation will not have any adverse study is voluntary and refusal to participate or discontinuing their participation will not have any adverse impact on the care that they will receive? We will remark subject to the subject of the
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6.	Will you be enrolling only subjects who speak English in this study? ☐ Yes X No If No, Is a "local dialect" or translation needed? Translation needed: X Spanish ☐ Other
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	*If being done in a Hospital or Outpatient Surgery Center, please provide a copy of that facility's License/accreditation and/or Hospital IRB Waiver Form.
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11.	Describe the on-site emergency equipment available for the subjects: NONE
12.	How long has the PI been conducting clinical research? 24 yearsmonths
13.	Within the past 3 years has the FDA/OHRP audited your site/Principal Investigator? ▼No □ Yes* *If yes, please provide a copy of all 483's and any applicable correspondence.
14.	Has the FDA/OHRP/EPA or any State Medical Board ever sanctioned the Principal Investigator? MNo □Yes*
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15.	Are subject files adequately stored and protected to ensure subject confidentiality, i.e. HiPAA, HIV, etc.? No* Yes *If no, please explain:
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Site Specific Informed Consent Form Information Is there any additional wording needed in the Informed Consent Form? ★ No □ Yes* *If yes, please specify the section and additional wording below.	

Investigator Acknowledgment

On behalf of all of the investigators listed on page1, I agree that the responses provided on the Site Questionnaire are true and accurate and I agree to notify the Independent Investigational Review Board, Inc. of any changes in the research activities and to report any unanticipated problems involving risk to the research subjects. In addition, I agree not to make any changes in the research without IRB approval. I confirm that study personnel are familiar with the study and that either an Investigator or a study coordinator acting as my designee will orally explain the Informed Consent Form to all prospective subjects before obtaining their signed informed consent. Furthermore, by signing this form I confirm that I agree to conduct the study in accordance with the requirements of the protocol, for which I am seeking approval.

SAMI SELIM Print name of individual completing Site Questionnaire	
Signature of individual completing Site Questionnaire	1/11 / 0 8 Date
SAMI SELIM Print Name of Principal Investigator	
Signature Principal Investigator	1/18/08 Date

Please contact the Independent IRB, if you have any questions regarding this questionnaire 954.327.0778

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SITE QUESTIONNAIRE

NON-LOCAL REVIEW

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Sub Ir	nvestidat	or(s): TAMI BELCHER			
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					FRESNO, CA 93722
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	Page 2 of 3
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6.	Will you be enrolling only subjects who speak English in this study? ☐ Yes 承No If No, Is a "local dialect" or translation needed? Translation needed: 承 Spanish ☐ Other
7.	Who will discuss the research study with the volunteer and obtain informed consent (signed informed consent)? (Check all that apply)
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	*If being done in a Hospital or Outpatient Surgery Center, please provide a copy of that facility's License/accreditation and/or Hospital IRB Waiver Form.
10.	Distance between the nearest hospital and research site:
11.	Describe the on-site emergency equipment available for the subjects:
12.	How long has the PI been conducting clinical research? QY yearsmonths
13.	Within the past 3 years has the FDA/OHRP audited your site/Principal Investigator? No Yes* Yes, please provide a copy of all 483's and any applicable correspondence.
14.	Has the FDA/OHRP/EPA or any State Medical Board ever sanctioned the Principal Investigator? □No □Yes*
	*If yes, please provide a summary of the action and applicable correspondence.
15.	Are subject files adequately stored and protected to ensure subject confidentiality, i.e. HtPAA, HIV, etc.? No* XYes *If no, please explain:
16.	Does the Principal Investigator, Sub Investigator(s) or any immediate family member have a conflict of interest with the study sponsor, sponsor representatives or other study related entities? **Mo \(\text{No } \text{DYes*} \) *If yes, please provide explanation:

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Print name of individual completing Site Questionnaire	
Signature of individual completing Site Questionnaire	1/18/08 Date
Print Name of Principal Investigator	
Signature Principal Investigator	1/18/08 Date

Please contact the Independent IRB, if you have any questions regarding this questionnaire 954.327.0778

Part 7 Transmittal (Selim, 1/18/08, 1:55pm) of Re-Submission of Protocol ("Revision Date 1/16/08") for Wipe Study⁵

⁵The Re-submitted protocol ("Revision Date 1/16/08") is identical to the initially submitted version (AEATF_II_Wipe_Protocol_14Jan08f[1].doc), with the following specific exceptions that address IIRB-requested edits:

- 1) inclusion of a protocol version date, i.e., "Revision Date 1/16/08," which appears at the top of page 1 of the re-submitted protocol; and
- 2) addition of an inclusion criterion, i.e., "Have experience working in janitorial service", which appears in Section 9.1.3 on page 26 of in the re-submitted protocol.

AEATF II VOL 4 Secondary Documentation: Wiping App Scenarios & Study Protocol 25Feb08

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Sami Selim

From:

"Sami Selim" <sselim@worldnet.att.net>

To:

"Robert Roogow" <rroogow@iirb.com> Friday, January 18, 2008 1:55 PM

Sent: Attach:

AEATF_II_Wipe_Protocol_14Jan08f[1].doc

Subject:

Revized wipe protocol

Robert,

Attached, please find the revized wipe protocol.

Sami.

Sami Selim, Ph.D. Phone: 559-275-9021 Fax:559-275-1810 sselim@gplabs.com

PROTOCOL (Revision Date: 1/16/08)

This Protocol is the Property of the American Chemistry Council Antimicrobial Exposure Assessment Task Force II (AEATF II)

Sponsor

American Chemistry Council
Antimicrobial Exposure Assessment Task Force II (AEATF II)

Study Title

A Study for Measurement of Potential Dermal and Inhalation Exposure During Application of a Liquid Antimicrobial Pesticide Product Using Trigger Spray and Wipe or Ready to Use Wipes for Cleaning Indoor Surfaces

Proposed Experimental Start Date

TBA

Analytical Phase Location

Golden Pacific Laboratories (GPL) 4720 West Jennifer Avenue, Suite 105 Fresno, California 93722

Field Phase Locations

Three Field Sites in Fresno County, CA

Sponsor Study Identification

AEA02

GPL Study Number

070264

Total Number of Pages: 140

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AEATF II Project ID: AEA02 GPL Study 070264 Property of AEA AEATF II VOL 4 Secondary Documentation: Wiping App Scenarios & Study Protocol 25Feb08

1.0 GENERAL INFORMATION

Study Title

A Study for Measurement of Potential Dermal and Inhalation Exposure During Application of a Liquid Antimicrobial Pesticide Product Using Trigger Spray and Wipe or Ready to Use Wipes for Cleaning Indoor Surfaces

Sponsor Study No: AEA02 **GPL Study No:** 070264

Objective

This study is being conducted to determine potential dermal and inhalation exposures associated with wiping indoor surfaces with an antimicrobial pesticide product.

TBA Proposed Experimental Start Date:

TBA **Proposed Experimental Termination Date:**

TBA Proposed Final Report Issue Date:

Good Laboratory Practice

This study will be conducted in compliance with the US EPA FIFRA Good Laboratory Practice (GLP) Standards (40 CFR 160). The study will adhere to applicable SOPs of the Antimicrobial Exposure Assessment Task Force II (AEATF II) and cooperating contractors.

Applicable Guidelines

This study is based upon the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency's (EPA) guidance documents for dermal and inhalation exposure measurements under Series 875: Occupational and Residential Exposure Test Guidelines and the OECD guidelines (OECD, 1997). Data development methods will follow the recommendations defined in these guidelines.

Applicable Ethical Standards

This is a protocol for third-party research involving what EPA has interpreted to be intentional exposure of human subjects to a pesticide. The study is being conducted with the intention of submitting the resulting data to EPA under the Federal Insecticide Fungicide and Rodenticide Act (FIFRA). Thus the primary ethical standards applicable to this proposal are 40CFR 26, Subparts K and L. In addition, the requirements of FIFRA §12(a)(2)(P) for fully informed, fully voluntary consent of subjects apply, and since the study will be conducted in California, the provisions of the California Code of Regulations, Title 3, §6710 would apply. The protocol will be reviewed by an Institutional Review Board (IRB).

Sponsor: American Chemistry Council

Antimicrobial Exposure Assessment Task Force II

c/o Has Shah, Ph.D. 1300 Wilson Blvd Arlington, VA 22209 Phone: (703) 741-5637

E-Mail: has_shah@americanchemistry.com

Study Director and

Principal Investigator: Sami Selim, Ph.D.

> Golden Pacific Laboratories, LLC 4720 W. Jennifer Ave. Suite 105

Fresno, CA 93722 Phone: (559) 275-9091 E-Mail: sselim@gplabs.com

Analytical

Coordinator: Megan T. Boatwright

Phone: (559) 275-9091

E-mail: mboatwright@gplabs.com

Field

Coordinator: Tami I. Belcher

> Grayson Research, LLC 211 N. Main Street Creedmoor, NC 27522 Phone: (919) 528-5508

E-mail: tbelcher@graysonresearch.com

Field Location: 3 Field Sites in Fresno County, CA

Reviewing IRB: Independent Investigational Review Board, Inc.

6738 West Sunrise Blvd. – Suite 102

Plantation, FL 33313 Phone: (877) 888-4472 Website: www.iirb.com

2.0 INTRODUCTION AND STUDY OBJECTIVE

The Antimicrobial Exposure Assessment Task Force II (AEATF II) was formed to generate generic exposure data on a broad range of use patterns and associated application methods, as well as post application exposures to support registration and re-registration by its member companies of such uses for antimicrobial ingredients. The data will be representative of subject activities and methods used in the handling of antimicrobial products. Determining exposure of professional janitorial workers who customarily handle antimicrobial pesticides using methods described in this research study will produce reliable data about the dermal and inhalation exposure of professional workers as well as the general population performing this task. The data generated from these studies will be used by the EPA in assessing potential exposure and risks to users of antimicrobial products and will be used in developing exposure assessments and human health risk analyses.

The primary objective of this study is to monitor exposure to subjects who wipe horizontal and vertical surfaces with a liquid antimicrobial pesticide product. Each monitored applicator will apply product using either a trigger-spray-and-wipe or ready-to-use (RTU) wipes and will generally involve work periods of 30 to 120 minutes.

All study participants will be adult subjects capable of and experienced in performing the functions described in the protocol. All study subjects will be required to provide their signed Informed Consent using a form approved by an Institutional Review Board (IRB) prior to participation in the study. The planned number of subjects monitored will be 36, although it could be as large as 48 if many subjects cannot complete the longer task duration times. Potential dermal and inhalation exposure of each individual study participant will be measured during wiping activities for a time duration that is representative of the use of professional antimicrobial products. The test material, Sani-Care Lemon Quat, an EPA approved product, containing didecyl dimethyl ammonium chloride (DDAC), CAS No. 7173-51-5, and n-alkyl dimethyl benzyl ammonium chloride (ADBAC), CAS No. 68424-85-1 will be applied at a target rate not to exceed the maximum label-recommended rate. All participants will be independently monitored while wiping horizontal and vertical surfaces utilizing representative wiping equipment. This will include 18-24 subjects using a trigger sprayer and wipes and 18-24 subjects using ready-to-use wipes impregnated with Sani-Care Lemon Quat. The EPA-approved label for the commercially available product to be used in this study is provided in Appendix A. The test material will be used in this study in accordance with the product label.

The study will be conducted in three vacant commercial buildings. Each building will be of a different type and will be used to monitor exposure on

different dates. The duration of study participant wiping activities will vary from approximately 30 to 120 minutes. This represents the range of estimated time spent wiping surfaces per day by cleaning professionals in the health care or hotel industries and consumers. This duration is estimated to achieve detectable levels of the most abundant active ingredient on dosimetry matrices.

Potential dermal exposure to the test substance will be measured externally using whole body inner (cotton long underwear) and outer (work clothing) dosimeters, hand washes, and face/neck wipes. All monitored subjects will wear one layer of clothing (normal outer work garments which will be provided, plus their own shoes and socks) over inner whole body cotton dosimeters. The outer work garments will be representative of normal work clothing and consist of cotton long pants and cotton longsleeved shirts. The potential inhalation exposure for each subject will be measured by means of a personal air sampling pump set at a typical sampling rate (2 L/minute) and an OSHA Versatile Sampler (SKC, OVS, XAD2) tube with a glass fiber filter. Hand exposure will be measured by washing the hands with a solution of 50% water/50% isopropyl alcohol. Face exposure will be measured by wiping the face with gauze moistened with 50% water/50% isopropyl alcohol. Following exposure, the inner and outer dosimeters, the OVS tubes, the hand washes, and face and neck wipes will be analyzed for residues of DDAC. The dosimetry garments will be provided by the AEATF. Subjects will be given and required to wear any Personal Protection Equipment (PPE) specified by the product label. Sani-Care Lemon Quat is a professional use product, and the product label specifies the PPE requirements as protective eyewear.

3.0 RATIONALE AND OBJECTIVE OF THE STUDY

The need for the data to be generated via the proposed study has been previously considered (AEATF, 2008a). Currently, US EPA relies upon the results of the CMA study conducted more than 15 years ago to characterize exposure from wiping using an antimicrobial (Popendorf et al., 1992). That study has a total of 6 measurements of whole body exposure at levels above the Limit of Quantitation (LOQ). Analytical methods, exposure dosimetry methods and regulatory needs have changed significantly since that time. EPA has requested confirmatory exposure monitoring data for a number of antimicrobial use scenarios in Registration Eligibility Decision (RED) documents issued over the last 2 years. There appears to be no publicly available data with which to make a credible estimate of exposure for persons using either a trigger spray and wipe or ready-to-use wipes. Thus, the rationale for conducting this study is to measure dermal and inhalation exposure in a large enough group of typical users to adequately estimate central tendency and variability for this use of antimicrobial pesticides. Based upon the existing data, it appears that an

outer dosimeter consisting of normal work clothing is necessary to capture measurable exposure over the entire body even using an extremely sensitive analytical method, although dosimeters under the outer clothing will also be used. However, the primary interest is estimating dermal exposure (the amount of antimicrobial that gets through or around the work clothing), since that represents actual dermal exposure for most workers and typically is the route of primary exposure.

Detailed justification for the various components of the study and study design is described in (AEATF, 2008b). The AEATF will be using passive dosimetry methods for measuring dermal and inhalation exposures. A recent summary of available passive dosimetry and biomonitoring studies conducted in the same individuals indicates that the passive dosimetry methods proposed by AEATF will neither over- nor under-estimate actual dosage (Ross et al., 2007). However, under certain circumstances (see Section 10.2.3), it is possible that there will be some over-estimation bias in the study design proposed in this protocol. Generally, from a regulatory perspective a slight overestimation bias in estimating human exposure is preferable to underestimation.

4.0 RATIONALE FOR USE OF HUMAN SUBJECTS

Human subjects are required in this study because they will normally be exposed to the test material when performing their daily activities. There are no acceptable methods or models that could be used to extrapolate subjects' exposure. One subject is needed for each synthetic monitoring event. A minimum of 36 monitoring events are required in order to capture variation within the population using the product and application devices. Sufficient data is not available from other studies. The low toxicity of the diluted test material and very low expected exposure of subjects wearing extra dosimetry clothing should mean that there is little incremental risk associated with performing this task, compared to their daily duties.

5.0 OVERSIGHT OF ETHICAL CONDUCT

To comply with regulations regarding studies involving human subjects, written approval from the Independent Investigational Review Board (IIRB) located in Plantation, Florida [phone number: (877) 888-4472] will be obtained prior to study initiation.

The submission package to the IIRB includes a supplemental document regarding the study design justification for duration of task and area treated (AEATF, 2008b), the Informed Consent Form (Appendix B), the Experimental Subject's Bill of Right (Appendix C), the Subject Self-Reporting Demographic Form (Appendix D), a copy of the product label (Appendix A) and test substance MSDS (Appendix E), as well as all

recruiting materials, such as flyers (Appendix F), interview scripts (Appendix G), and an executive summary of EPA's REDs for ADBAC and DDAC summarizing their risk assessment conclusions (Appendix J). The documents utilized with subjects (Appendices A, C, D, E, F, G and H) will be available in English and Spanish. Following approval by the IRB, the Study Protocol, approved ICF and supporting information will be submitted to the EPA, California DPR and HSRB for approval. Recruitment of subjects into the study will not be initiated until all approvals (EPA, HSRB, and California DPR) have been granted.

All protocol changes (amendments and deviations) shall be reported to the IIRB in writing by letter, fax or email. Proposed changes (amendments) deemed necessary to eliminate apparent immediate hazards to the human subjects may be implemented without prior IIRB approval. All other amendments must be reviewed and approved by the IIRB prior to implementation, or as specifically instructed by IIRB policy in this regard. Approval will be granted in accordance with IIRB policy and procedures, and may be granted by telephone provided it is documented in writing in the study raw data. The IIRB may provide expedited review of minor changes as defined by 40 CFR Part 26.1110 at its discretion.

Unplanned changes (deviations) which occur during conduct of the study cannot, by definition, be reviewed and approved by the IIRB prior to implementation. Deviations will be reported in writing by letter, fax or email as soon as possible following the change.

The Principal Investigator shall follow written instructions provided by the IIRB for prompt reporting to the IIRB, appropriate institutional officials, and the EPA of unanticipated problems involving risks to human subjects or others.

The Principal Investigator shall also follow the protocol change notification and approval policies, if any, of all other agencies or boards whose notification and prior approval of the study was required.

6.0 BALANCE OF RISKS AND BENEFITS

6.1 Risks to the Subjects

Risks to the subjects including those resulting from both chemical and physical hazards are discussed in this section.

The antimicrobial active ingredients DDAC and ADBAC in Sani-Care Lemon Quat have been extensively tested in animals. They were shown to have a low acute toxicity at label dilution rates and low chronic hazard profile. The toxicity profile of DDAC and ADBAC has been reviewed in the US by the EPA and California DPR. Based on its safety profile, DDAC and ADBAC have been approved for use in many formulations, and are extensively used in many janitorial products. The test material, Sani-Care Lemon Quat has also been tested for acute effects and has been approved by the EPA. The EPA has recently re-registered both DDAC and ADBAC and issued REDs for both (EPA, 2006 a,b). Additionally, the safety of the test material has been established through long term professional use of the product. The product will be used according to its label. The Sani-Care Lemon Quat concentrated formulation will be handled only by researchers and the diluted material (1:64) in a ready-to-use form will be provided to the subjects. The subjects selected to participate in the study will be experienced in the use of janitorial products. Any subject with known allergic reaction to quaternary ammonium compounds will be excluded from participating. At high concentration quats can produce dermal irritation, but this is not commonly seen at use dilution. Significant risks associated with either inhalation or ingestion by experienced subjects is very unlikely and would require gross intentional mishandling by subjects. Actual chemical risk during the study would likely be lower than during their normal workday, due to wearing of inner dosimeter clothing. Risk from irritation due to rubbing alcohol used on the hands and face/neck can occur if the subjects have existing abrasions or skin conditions that reduce barrier properties of the skin, e.g., eczema or psoriasis. Subjects' time of exposure will be limited to 30-120 minutes, and the time involved in performing the described activity will not exceed the maximum normal daily activity. Subjects will be provided regular breaks at 30 minute intervals (or less if they request) to minimize overheating and fatigue, and each subject will be closely observed by a study staff member. The protocol and Informed Consent will be reviewed by an IRB prior to enrolling subjects.

There could be some discomfort and possibly the risk of heat-related illness associated with wearing two layers of clothing, although the duration, close observation, and controlled temperature in the facility should mitigate against that possibility. The 120 minute work duration will be broken up into 15 minute intervals starting at 30. Any subject working more than 30 minutes will be given breaks at a minimum of 30 minute intervals; however, this represents a significant cardiovascular workout and there is a small possibility for a cardiovascular accident. There is a small risk from discomfort or inconvenience of wearing the air sampling device. There could also be some risk of embarrassment from disrobing to the subject's underwear in the presence of a same-sex researcher. Females of child-bearing age may be surprised by the outcome of the required pregnancy test.

The toxicity of the active antimicrobial ingredients in the registered product is low. The likelihood of exposure to low levels of the DDAC and ADBAC quats in this study is very high. The test material will be used by experienced subjects at concentrations approved by the EPA, resulting in low exposure during this limited time of use which is further reduced by the extra layer of clothing worn by the subjects. Embarrassment risk from disrobing is low because the researchers are same-sex, and experienced. Exposure to rubbing alcohol is uniformly high, but the low toxicity coupled with warnings to subjects about the consequences of prior abrasions reduces risk to low levels. The risk of discomfort from wearing the air sampling pump is equivalent to that from wearing a portable radio, and most would consider this negligible. The potential damage caused by release of positive pregnancy findings is very high, but the likelihood of this Beginning with healthy subjects, the happening is quite low. intensive individual observation of each subject and controlled temperature environment reduce the possibility of excessive heat or Combined these factors indicate that cardiovascular stress. subjects will not be at any significant health or safety risk during study conduct or after the study is completed.

6.2 Benefits and to Whom Benefits Accrue

While there are no direct benefits to the subjects participating in this research study, there are indirect benefits to both the volunteers and society. Products containing antimicrobial chemicals are used extensively in hospitals, schools, homes, etc. to control pathogenic bacteria and viruses known to produce increased morbidity and mortality in humans, domestic animals and pets. Measuring exposure of workers in this research study will produce reliable data

about the dermal and inhalation exposure of workers and the general population performing these tasks. The resulting data will improve the completeness and accuracy of the database used by the EPA to assess exposure to these chemicals. The ability to accurately predict risk may allow other chemical classes of antimicrobials to also be registered based on exposure estimates generated from the data to be produced by this study. If individual workers request their results, they may find that their work practice produces more or less exposure than average, and this could be a useful learning tool.

6.3 Balance of Risk and Benefit

The benefit of maintaining and potentially adding new antimicrobials that protect both the subjects involved in this research as well as society (including subjects' families) in general from microbial diseases far outweighs any incremental risks to subjects. Mortality and morbidity from microbial pathogens is well-documented. The very slight risks from participation in this study are far lower than the risk of not being able to use effective antimicrobials for lack of information on the exposure to users.

6.4 Community Involvement

Community involvement in the context of scientific research has been recently discussed by the U.S. Environmental Program (http://www.epa.gov/nerl/sots/SEAOES-review-draft.pdf). While the wipe exposure study is not a community-based participatory research program, there are multiple communities that may be affected by conduct of the study as well as by the data The community of generated from the wipe exposure study. individuals that use wipes to clean/disinfect surfaces is enormous and includes millions of workers and at least 100 million residents in Government agencies such as the U.S. the U.S. alone. Environmental Protection Agency's Office of Pesticide Programs (OPP), Health Canada's Pesticide Management Regulatory Agency (PMRA), and the California Department of Pesticide Regulation (DPR), are involved in the review and approval of this study and effectively serve to represent, indirectly, involvement of the broad community of persons that use wiping equipment. The regulatory agency role includes hosting meetings that are open to the public regarding the proposed studies and the study results (e.g., EPAsponsored meetings involving the Humans Studies Review Board (HSRB); http://www.epa.gov/OSA/hsrb/). Review of the study protocol by an independent investigational review board also

represents an opportunity for community involvement in the context that members of the board are likely to also be consumers who are familiar with cleaning procedures and equipment used for wiping.

In contrast, there is a specific group of individuals who could be more directly impacted by the conduct of this study. These are the individuals in the local community that conduct business in the building or office adjacent to the study locations. In the event the proprietor or their customers observe people dressed in laboratory research garments, or just an unusual amount of activity in a nearby location that has been vacant, it may cause concern. Thus, a flyer will be generated and distributed to the proprietors or their employees in businesses adjacent to the study site explaining the purpose of the study and providing individuals with phone numbers of the principals to contact if they have any questions or want additional information. That flyer is presented in Appendix H.

7.0 TEST SUBSTANCE

The test substance for these studies is the formulated product, LEMON QUAT, containing didecyl dimethyl ammonium chloride (DDAC) and n-Alkyl dimethyl benzyl ammonium chlorides (ADBAC). The quaternary ammonium antimicrobials are commonly known as "quats". DDAC is the active ingredient selected for measurement, based on its stability, abundance in the formulation, and sensitivity of its analytical method.

7.1 Test Substance Identification

Product Name: SANI-CARE LEMON QUAT Manufacturer: Buckeye International, Inc.

EPA Registration No.: 47371-131-559

Lot Number: to be recorded in the raw data.

Active Ingredients and CAS Numbers:

Didecyl dimethyl ammonium chloride 7173-51-5 n-Alkyl dimethyl benzyl ammonium chloride 68424-85-1

Composition: 2.54% DDAC, 1.69% ADBAC Appearance: to be recorded in the raw data Yellow, lemon scented liquid

Stability: The stability of the active ingredient(s) in the test substance under recommended storage conditions will be documented before the start of the study. Generally, AEATF II will rely on data supplied by the product registrant that were submitted to support the EPA registration of the test substance. An expiration

date and recommended storage conditions will be based on the stability data to ensure the test substance strength does not change appreciably prior to use in the study.

GLP purity analysis (content of active ingredient in the test substance) will be performed by the Sponsor, and a Certificate of Analysis will be kept in the raw data file.

Retained samples from the lot of test substance used in the study will be archived with GPL.

7.2 Justification for Use of Test Substance

LEMON QUAT is an end use product registered with the EPA for use on smooth surfaces in indoor environments. LEMON QUAT contains didecyl dimethyl ammonium chloride (DDAC) and n-Alkyl dimethyl benzyl ammonium chlorides (ADBAC). DDAC was selected as the analyte based primarily upon its abundance (3x the largest ADBAC homologue), and on its stability, and the sensitivity of its analytical method. The quats ADBAC and DDAC have complete toxicology databases with low mammalian toxicity. Virtually all quat antimicrobial products contain more than a single quat, i.e., a readily available product containing only DDAC was not apparent.

The analytical method for DDAC on the proposed monitoring matrices at very low concentrations has been validated (GPL, 2004). Additionally, DDAC is a single quat (as opposed to ADBAC, the other active ingredient in LEMON QUAT which is an homologous series of quats) and has the requisite degree of stability under field, storage and transit conditions. The freezer storage stability of DDAC on the different matrices to be used in this study has been completed showing that DDAC is stable on the different matrices when stored in a freezer for 6 months (GPL, 2005).

The very sensitive and selective analytical method developed for the analysis of DDAC on different study matrices will allow for the detection and quantitation of extremely low levels of active ingredient in the collected samples. This will allow for shorter exposure time, thus minimizing the risk to research study subjects. Additionally, Sani-Care Lemon Quat has been deemed suitable by the Sponsor and EPA as a surrogate compound for generating exposure data for other antimicrobial pesticides.

Safety Precautions

7.3

A copy of the Material Safety Data Sheet and the product label will be provided to the study team (professional observers and researchers) and each of the subjects and included in the study file. Label safety requirements will be explained to the subjects involved in the study. All label-specified PPE will be provided and use directions will be followed by the subjects and ensured by the study research personnel.

Heat stress signs and symptoms will be explained to the subjects. A copy of the poster entitled "Controlling Heat Stress Made Simple" in English and Spanish will be posted at the field site at the dressing and wiping areas.

Subjects will be provided and will wear protective eyewear throughout the monitoring period. At 30 minute intervals through termination of the study, the subjects will have their hands washed by study personnel using 50% isopropyl alcohol/water. At the end of the study, subjects will proceed to wash their hands thoroughly with soap and water. The Principal Investigator will examine their hands and note any irritation to the skin at termination of each participant's monitoring.

7.4 Dilution of Concentrate and Calibration of Application Equipment

The preparation of diluted solution to be loaded into the trigger sprayer as well as ready to use wipes will be performed by research personnel using graduated cylinders and/or calibrated containers appropriate for the materials handled. The concentrate will be diluted to the final concentration per label direction, i.e., 1:64 with tap water. Exposures resulting from mixing and loading activities will be measured in separate studies where more test material can be handled since it is not likely that the analytical method will detect residues from pouring a few ounces of the concentrate. A separate study will measure exposure for open pouring, and results from the two studies combined to estimate total exposure to a person doing all functions. This method is discussed in the Governing Document (AEATF, 2008a). The basic rationale for this "discretizing" of tasks is that EPA has asked for exposure estimates of hundreds of tasks that combine exposure functions. It is not possible to generate all of the permutations and combinations of data from combined task studies.

Research personnel will wear protective eyewear and waterproof gloves while preparing all diluted solutions of Sani-Care Lemon Quat. All information necessary to reconstruct the preparation of each batch of diluted solution, including the amount of test substance and amount of water used, and the beginning and ending amounts of test substance will be documented in the raw data.

7.4.1 Trigger Sprayer

The All Purpose Cleaner (APC) trigger sprayer to be used in this study is supplied by Buckeye International. It is used as standard janitorial and home consumer equipment in the US (see picture in Appendix I). The size of the spray bottle is 32 ounces, which is the most common size in use. adjustable nozzle will be set to a fine spray that would normally be used to apply antimicrobials to surfaces prior to wiping. APC sprayers are the most-used surface disinfectant method in many commercial and home settings. Each trigger sprayer will be identified with a unique identification number. The single pull output of each trigger sprayer used in the study will be determined by a calibration run (using tap water and 10 pulls) and the results will be documented in the raw data. The specific trigger sprayer used by each volunteer will be recorded. Study personnel intend to standardize amounts dispensed in the study by utilizing identical brand and model trigger sprayer that provide for a similar output per trigger pull. The diluted solution (1:64) will be prepared at GPL the day before use and an aliquot will be analyzed prior to use.

The amount of diluted material applied by each volunteer using the trigger sprayer (weight of trigger sprayer before and after use) and the surface area covered by each volunteer will be documented in the raw data. Field personnel will calculate and document the equivalent amount of concentrated test substance applied.

Aliquots (~5 mL) of each batch of diluted solution will be collected prior to and after completion of each monitoring day. Aliquots of each batch of the diluted test material collected prior to wiping procedures will be submitted for analysis. However, post-monitoring batch samples, will be held in frozen storage until analyzed or discard as directed by the Principal Investigator. Remaining diluted material will be disposed of by research personnel in accordance with Federal and State regulations.

7.4.2 Ready-to-Use (RTU) Wipes

Pre-saturated wipes are becoming increasingly common in both commercial and home settings. Ready to use wipes will be prepared at GPL by research personnel using the diluted (1:64) Sani-Care Lemon Quat about one week prior to use. Blank rolls of wipes in their plastic housings (see pictures in Appendix J) will be used to prepare the ready to use wipes. The lid of the plastic container will be opened exposing the roll of wipes and 500 mL of the diluted Sani-Care Lemon Quat will be slowly added to the wipes. Once the total volume of Sani-Care Lemon Quat is added, the lid of the plastic container is closed, and the container is placed on a shaker for 30 minutes. The plastic containers will be stored in the laboratory at room temperature until used. Ten wipes will be collected from each roll and analyzed prior to study initiation to determine the concentration of DDAC in each roll of wipes. The number of wipes used by each subject will be documented. The amount of diluted material applied by each volunteer using the ready to use wipes will be calculated based on number of wipes infused with dilute test solution, and the surface covered by each volunteer will be documented in the raw data.

7.5 Application Parameters

Application Equipment: Trigger Spray and Hand Towel Wipe

and Ready to Use Wipes

Carrier: Water Dilution Factor: 1:64

Target Application Rate: 135 mg ai/m²

Target Application Volume: 1.5mL/ft² = 16 mL/m²

Target Surface Area: 1,000 ft² to 4,000 ft² = 93m² to 370m²

Method of Application: Trigger Spray and Wipe or

Impregnated Wipe of Horizontal and Vertical Surfaces

Duration: 30-120 minutes in ~15 minute

intervals

Technique: Wiping will be conducted by each participant as they would normally work. Each subject will not re-wipe any surface during a given monitoring event (ME). Past observation indicates a wide variety of application methods (oval, side to side, back and forth motion).

7.6 Rationale for the Method and Procedure of Application

The procedures described represent typical consumer and professional worker methods of applying the test substance to indoor horizontal and vertical surfaces above floor level.

7.7 Test Material Storage

The concentrated test material (Sani-Care Lemon Quat) will be stored indoors, at room temperature. Storage will be at Golden Pacific Laboratories. Storage conditions will be recorded.

8.0 STUDY DESIGN

8.1 Purposive Diversity Selection

A purposive diversity selection (PDS) design is used for both scenarios in the wiping application study. Synthetic antimicrobial handler-days, called monitoring events (MEs), are designed to capture diversity of the future wiping-conditions expected when professional workers apply an arbitrary antimicrobial by wiping. Diversity is achieved by purposively and, to some extent, randomly varying three meta-characteristics that are known to directly or indirectly influence exposure: (1) facility/date, (2) amount of active ingredient handled, and (3) worker. Three different sites (i.e., a facility and a date of monitoring) are first selected. Within each site a cluster of 6-8 monitoring events per scenario are obtained. MEs two wiping application scenarios are independently at each site. The MEs within each site and scenario have different amounts of AI handled. Every ME will utilize different workers. AEATF's supporting document regarding the study design of the wiping application scenarios (AEATF, 2008b) provides a detailed discussion of the rationale for each component of the PDS design.

8.2 Site Selection

Three experimental sites will be selected randomly from among acceptable experimental sites in Fresno County, CA. First, a real estate broker will be recruited to provide the Field Coordinator with a list of properties that meet the following criteria:

- 1) the property is within Fresno County;
- 2) the property is listed and vacant;
- 3) the building type is an office, retail space, or a meeting facility

(e.g., school, church, dance hall). vThese three types provide the desired architectural diversity.

Next, the properties that meet the above criteria will be placed on one of three lists, depending on the building type. The properties on each building-type list are then randomly ordered. The Field Coordinator or designee will then start with the first (randomly ordered) property on each building-type list and determine its acceptability using additional functional or site-specific qualifying characteristics including:

- A minimal surface area of 10,000 square feet. This amount of available surface area is adequate for conducting MEs for wipe application as well as mopping application (i.e, it provides the opportunity for AEATF II to also conduct a similar "mopping application" study using the same buildings as the wipe application study).
- Acceptable diversity in available surfaces (e.g., unobstructed hallways, bathrooms, stairs, empty rooms, countertops);
- A functional HVAC system;
- · The electric service is operating; and,
- The property does not require maintenance prior to use.

The first acceptable property in each of the three building-type categories will be "reserved" with the necessary deposit and paper work. Secondary choices of acceptable properties in each category will also be identified (in random order) but not reserved. If for some reason, one of the selected properties becomes unavailable, unacceptable, or otherwise lost an alternate property in that same category can then be readily selected.

Each site is a single vacant building (or, possibly, a group of adjacent buildings) and a particular range of monitoring dates. Two wiping scenarios (one for trigger spray and wipe, and one for RTU wipe) of six MEs each are planned at each site (although as many as eight MEs/scenario per cluster are possible.) Monitoring activities for different clusters should be conducted on different days, e.g., separated by several days to one week, as practical, given cluster/site availability constraints and cost considerations.

For purposes of the wipe application study, buildings or facilities must be large enough to accommodate as many as 16 MEs and have indoor rooms/areas that provide relevant and adequate surface areas for wiping such that subjects will not be in each other's way and no area will be cleaned more than once per day by

any subject. The buildings should have sufficient area to accommodate 2 MEs simultaneously working in different areas without cross-contamination. Further, buildings are preferred if they provide diverse indoor room sizes and area configurations, e.g., individual offices, bathrooms, kitchen areas, hallways, dining areas.

8.3 Amount of Active Ingredient Handled

In this study all MEs will use the same substance, i.e., Sani-Care Lemon Quat. All subjects, regardless of scenario, will use a wipe and will use the same 1:64 dilution from concentrate. This is the minimum dilution (i.e., maximum concentration) allowed by label. Based on prior experience, any greater dilution will very likely produce a high frequency of non-detects, especially at the shortest interval.

Because the concentration of active ingredient is the same for all MEs, the amount of active ingredient handled (AaiH) is varied separately for each scenario by using MEs with different wiping durations. Wiping duration will range between 30 and 120 minutes. This interval is partitioned into six wiping duration strata as follows:

- A. 30 minutes to less than 45 minutes
- B. 45 minutes to less than 60 minutes
- C. 60 minutes to less than 75 minutes
- D. 75 minutes to less than 90 minutes
- E. 90 minutes to less than 105 minutes
- F 105 minutes to 120 minutes

At each site and for each scenario cluster, a single ME is planned for each stratum (see possible exceptions in 8.4 below). As long as the subject is within the correct stratum, it is unnecessary to control the duration more precisely. However, the subject's actual wiping duration will be recorded to the nearest minute.

8.4 Assignment of Surrogate Workers to Sites and MEs

As described in AEATF's rationale for the study design of the wiping application scenarios (AEATF, 2008b), the necessary sample size for each scenario is N_M =6 monitoring events in each of N_C =3 clusters (sites). As described in Section 9 below, 48 subjects are recruited randomly from the pool of qualifying volunteers. These 48 subjects are randomly divided into six groups of eight subjects each. Two groups of subjects are then allocated to each of the three sites. At each site one group of eight subjects is used for the spray-and-wipe scenario and the other group of eight is used for the ready-to-

use scenario. This allocation provides an additional two subjects per cluster beyond the six MEs needed if all workers are able to complete their assigned wiping tasks.

The assignment of workers to task duration strata is done independently for each scenario. The eight subjects in each group are ordered randomly. The first subject is then assigned to the ME in the longest wiping duration stratum (i.e., stratum F, 105-120 minutes). No other assignments of subjects to MEs are made until the subject completes the monitoring task in this stratum. When the ME is complete, the next subject in order is assigned to the next longest stratum (E, 90-105 minutes). As long as each subject achieves the target wiping duration, the process is continued down to the shortest duration stratum (A, 30-45 minutes) and six MEs have been obtained, one for each of the six strata. If this process proceeds as expected, the last two subjects are never used for MEs.

It is conceivable that, due to fatigue or other difficulty, a subject might be unable to complete the wiping task for the assigned duration. If this should occur the ME can still be used provided the completed duration falls within one of the other (shorter) duration strata. If the subject's duration was less than 30 minutes, however, then this ME is terminated, and the monitoring media will not be analyzed. Regardless, the next subject in (random) sequence will be assigned to an ME for the uncompleted (longer) wiping duration stratum. This process will be continued until there is at least one ME in all six monitoring duration strata or until all eight subjects have been assigned, whichever occurs first. If such difficulties do occur, then it is possible that some longer-duration strata will not be monitored and that some shorter-duration strata will have more than a single ME. A consistent failure to complete longer-duration wiping would be an indication that such durations are inappropriate and/or unlikely to occur in practice.

8.5 Selection of Within-Site Environmental Conditions

As noted previously test facilities are selected that provide diverse indoor room sizes, surfaces, and area configurations. Conditions of the surfaces to be wiped will also depend on a number of factors including when they were last cleaned, type of HVAC system in the building, and degree of human traffic in the area. This permits each cluster of MEs to span a wide range of wiping conditions. Every attempt is made to insure that different MEs have covered different within-facility environmental conditions and that no two MEs utilize the same areas of the facility on the same day.

Exposure monitoring will be conducted under typical indoor lighting, temperature, humidity and air exchange. Light levels, air temperature, and humidity throughout the study will be documented at each location in the raw data. Measurements will be made at a minimum of 10 minute intervals throughout the course of data collection. All reasonable efforts will be made to characterize and document the airflow and exchange rate during the study period. The location, architecture, surface composition, dirtiness, and type of HVAC system will be recorded.

9.0 SUBJECTS USED IN MONITORING EVENTS

Forty-eight subjects are required for this study. This includes the planned 36 surrogate workers needed for the design (i.e., three sites, two scenario groups/site, and six workers per group). The additional 12 subjects (2 per group) are included as insurance against subject withdrawal or other failure to complete the assigned wiping tasks.

9.1 Subject Recruitment

9.1.1 Population Base

Adult subjects will be recruited from the janitorial/cleaning service population of Fresno County, CA. The most-recent US Census indicates that 40% of the population in the Fresno, CA metropolitan area is Hispanic, and surrounding farm areas likely have even greater Hispanic enrichment. The proportion of Hispanics in service industries, e.g., janitorial services, may be even higher than the general population. Therefore, to adequately represent the ethnic diversity in the Fresno area, recruitment materials and all interactions with potential subjects will be conducted in both English and Spanish.

9.1.2 Recruitment of Surrogate Workers

Since the qualifications for both scenarios are identical, subjects are first recruited for the 'wiping application' study and then randomly assigned to either the spray-and-wipe or the ready-to-use scenario. Janitorial services located in Fresno County and providing professional cleaning services for commercial buildings in Fresno County will be contacted and asked to post flyers soliciting study subjects independently from the janitorial service. The list of janitorial service providers will be compiled from telephone directories,

Chamber of Commerce, and additional information supplied by service providers themselves. The initial contact with service providers will determine language preference (English and/or Spanish) for the flyers. The employer script shown in Appendix G will be used to call janitorial services to see if they would be willing to post a flyer (Appendix F).

Those janitorial service managers expressing a willingness to post the flyers will be invited to a meeting (one in the Northern portion of Fresno County and another in the Southern portion of the County). At this meeting, the managers will be provided with the flyer and the informed consent form. One purpose of these meetings will be to determine if the Spanish translations seems intelligible to the particular dialects that may be represented in the county. Additionally, the managers will be shown the monitoring equipment (long johns, air monitors and wash/wipes) to educate them about the monitoring process. Another purpose will be to impress upon the managers the need to remain neutral (un-coercive) in their interactions with employees regarding study participation. Also, the meeting may provide an opportunity to hear from organized labor, if any of the shops represented are unionized. Finally, this meeting may present the opportunity with a show of hands to estimate the approximate number of employees (1-5, 6-20, 20+) that a particular employer represents.

To avoid the potential for coercion, subjects will not be recruited directly through contract janitorial service companies. Flyers will direct interested workers to contact the study Field Coordinator or Spanish-speaking coordinator directly. Individuals contacting the study representative and expressing an interest in participating in the study will be placed on a primary call-in list. Individuals will be added to this list for a period of four weeks. After this period of time, the primary call-in list will be closed to new volunteers. However, any subsequent call-ins will be added to a secondary list that is kept in case an insufficient number of participants cannot be obtained from the primary list.

All names on the primary call-in list will be randomized and individuals will be contacted in random order to schedule individual meetings with the Principal Investigator. Interested potential subjects will be asked to come to the laboratory facility and to bring a driver license or State photo identification following the script in Appendix G.

Interested volunteers will be screened and enrolled into the study based on one-on-one conversation held at the office of the Principal Investigator. The recruitment process will terminate when 48 subjects have been recruited for the study. If the entire primary call-in list has been exhausted and fewer than 48 subjects have been recruited, the secondary call-in list can be randomized and these individuals contacted for screening and possible recruitment.

A Spanish translator will be available at recruitment meetings to ensure communication with anyone preferring Spanish over English. The Principal Investigator will share information on the study design with interested participants, and provide them with copies of the IRB approved Informed Consent Form (Appendix B) and answer their questions. The Principal Investigator will describe the study to the individual in great detail and encourage each potential subject to ask questions and request clarification at any time during this process as well as in all activities that follow. The Principal Investigator will provide each potential subject with a copy of the product label (Appendix A) and MSDS (Appendix E) and answer any questions regarding the product to be tested. The Principal Investigator will go over the Inclusion and Exclusion Criteria (see 9.1.3 below) for the study and answer any questions that the potential subjects have. They will be provided with copies of the Informed Consent Form (Appendix B), the Subject Self-Reporting Demographic Form (Appendix D) and the State of California Department of Pesticide Regulation "Experimental Subject's Bill of Rights" (Appendix C) and encouraged to take them home with them to discuss with family and friends. The Principal Investigator will explain to potential subjects wishing to remain in consideration that they may withdraw from the research study at any time without penalty to their compensation. The Principal Investigator will then read the "Experimental Subject's Bill of Rights" to the potential The amount and form of compensation, the subjects. and discomforts and treatment potential risks compensation for injury will be more fully explained and potential subjects encouraged to ask questions. potential subjects do not have any questions and are interested in participating in this research study, they will then be asked to sign the Informed Consent Form and then fill out the Subject Self-Reporting Demographic Form.

The Principal Investigator will check the potential subject's driver license or state-issued identification card to verify identity as required by California DPR, and review the package of information provided for completeness against the protocol's inclusion/exclusion criteria.

The Principal Investigator will retain the final right to refuse participation to any potential subject; however, following signing the informed consent form, any subject not actually monitored will be given the minimum compensation.

For female potential subjects, final eligibility for participation in the study will be determined on each study day following a pregnancy test.

9.1.3 Inclusion/Exclusion Criteria

Not all volunteers are eligible for participation in this study. The subjects will be asked to fill out a demographic questionnaire the results of which will be used to determine eligibility. In addition, the actual participation of female subjects will be conditional on the results of a pregnancy test taken on the day of scheduled monitoring.

Inclusion Criteria

- Males or females, 18 to 65 years of age
- In good health
- Willingness to sign the Informed Consent Form and Subject Self Reporting Demographic Form
- Speak and read English or Spanish
- Reside within Fresno County, California
- Have experience working in janitorial services

Exclusion Criteria

- Skin conditions on the surface of the hands or face/neck (e.g., psoriasis, eczema, cuts or abrasions)
- Pregnancy, as shown by a urine pregnancy test
- Lactation
- Allergies to household chemical-based products, soaps or isopropyl alcohol

- Declines to sign the Informed Consent Form or the Subject Self Reporting Demographic Form
- Does not read and understand English or Spanish
- Is less than 18 or more than 65 years old
- Is not in good health
- Severe respiratory disorders (e.g., moderate or severe asthma, emphysema)
- Cardiovascular disease (e.g., history of myocardial infarcts, stroke, congestive heart failure or uncontrolled high blood pressure)
- Is an employee of Golden Pacific Laboratories or Grayson Research, or is related by blood or marriage to personnel in either company.

9.2 Subject Identification Sequence Number (SISN)

Subjects enrolled into this study will be initially identified by the first and last name printed on the Informed Consent Form. Because the recruitment order was randomized, the final list of 48 enrolled subjects remains in random order. Each subject will then be assigned a unique study identification sequence number (SISN). The first sequential set of 16 SISNs will be assigned to the first monitoring site, the second sequential set of 16 will be assigned the second site, and the third sequential set of 16 will be assigned to the Within each site, the first sequential group of eight subjects will be assigned to one of the two wiping application scenarios and the remaining eight subjects will be used for the other scenario.

Individual data, excluding the subject's name and address, will be entered in Golden Pacific Laboratories' computer data base by SISN. All subjects' names and personal identifiers provided will be kept confidential to ensure their privacy.

Records relating individual names to their SISN will be retained separately from the study file in an area clearly marked "CONFIDENTIAL". Golden Pacific Laboratories will retain subject's Subjects may obtain copies of their own records indefinitely. records from the Principal Investigator on request.

9.3 Compensation

Individuals that are not tested including anyone signing the informed consent form but not subsequently being monitored will be compensated for their time and inconvenience at the rate of \$50 per This does not include those that meet with the Principal Investigator to discuss the study but do not volunteer. Subjects participating in a monitoring event (ME) will be compensated at \$100 for the single day that they are monitored. The values for compensation are based roughly on a day's wage of \$100 and represents potential lost time from secondary sources of employment, travel time and incidental expenses incurred in study participation. Compensation will be in the form of cash (U.S. currency) at the completion of participation.

9.4 **Stop Criteria and Medical Management**

It is not expected that test subjects will experience any adverse effects from participation in this study. In the unlikely event adverse effects are experienced, they will likely be related to skin reactions during or following the study, or heat stress during the study. The Principal Investigator will discuss the symptoms of heat stress and skin reactions with the subjects prior to participation in the study. Subjects will be instructed to inform the Principal Investigator or research staff immediately if they feel ill, suffer a skin reaction or experience any other unanticipated adverse effects they feel may be related to the study during or following conduct of the study.

If a subject reports an adverse skin reaction during the work period, they will be asked to immediately stop working. Research staff will then assist the subject in gently washing exposed skin with clean water and mild soap. After drying the area with a clean towel, the Principal Investigator will be contacted for further instructions.

The extra layer of clothing worn by subjects may increase the risk of heat-related illness. To minimize the possibility of heat stress, the study will be conducted indoors in an environment where the heat index (HI) is expected to be less than 85. Research personnel shall monitor the heat index, and stop subjects' work if the heat index exceeds 95. The SOP AEATF 11.B describes the procedure for identification and control of heat stress. The poster "Controlling Heat Stress Made Simple" will be posted at the field site.

In brief, researchers will observe subjects for possible signs of early heat illness such as fatigue, dizziness, irritability, or decreased concentration, especially if the worker has been working for a while. If these symptoms are observed, the subjects will be asked whether they would like to rest for a moment. If they answer affirmatively, they will stop working, be given their choice of water or a sports drink, and the Principal Investigator will be immediately contacted for further medical management instructions. If they answer negatively, they will be permitted to continue working, and frequently thereafter asked whether they would like to rest for a moment. Any affirmative answer will be handled as described above.

If subjects develop visible signs or report symptoms of distress such as pronounced fatigue, headache, cramps, feeling faint, increased pulse, muscle spasms, heavy sweating (or dry skin if previously sweating), extreme thirst, or rapid breathing, the subjects will be asked to stop working immediately, and given their choice of water or a sports drink. The Principal Investigator will immediately be contacted for further medical management instructions. If the worker's condition appears to be serious, a member of the study team will call 911 and allow emergency medical personnel to respond and treat the subject.

Study personnel will be instructed to inform the Principal Investigator immediately of any skin reactions, heat stress, or other unanticipated adverse effects observed or reported during conduct of the study. The medical management procedures set forth in AEATF SOP # AEATF 11.C will be implemented for any instance where the subject's work is halted for medical reasons (other than solely because of a heat stress index above 95), and for any post-study reports of illness, skin reactions or other unanticipated adverse effects. If two or more subjects withdraw or are withdrawn from the study for the same medical reasons, the study will be suspended until the cause of the withdrawal is fully investigated and determined. If two or more subjects develop an adverse skin reaction after they leave the study site, all subjects will be contacted by the Principal Investigator to determine whether further medical management is appropriate.

The Principal Investigator will maintain a record of adverse health observations and reports, and follow Sponsor, IIRB, EPA and California DPR policies for medical event reporting. Sufficient personnel will be present at the study site to maintain an appropriate level of technical support, scientific supervision and observations relevant to the safety of test subjects.

10.0 STUDY PROCEDURES

Participation in the study will take about 4 to 6 hours on one day per person. During that time subjects will change into inner and outer dosimetry clothing for the test and get fitted with an air sampling pump and

sampling train, then subjects will be asked to wipe a mixture of vertical and horizontal surfaces with a dilute solution of SANI-CARE LEMON QUAT for 30 to 120 minutes. Finally subjects will remove the dosimetry clothing with aid of the research team and change back into subjects' own clothes. Following is the sequence of events.

- 1. On the day of the study, subjects will go to the study location at the time subjects have been told, and meet the researchers.
- 2. If a subject is female and less than 50 years old, she will be taken to a private area and asked to take a urine pregnancy test using an over-the-counter pregnancy test kit. After the subject has taken the pregnancy test she will be asked if she still wants to participate in the study. If she declines, she will be paid for her inconvenience and will be free to go. If she wants to continue, a female member of the research team familiar with interpretation of the test will confirm the results of the pregnancy test. All results of the pregnancy test will be kept in confidence, they will not be recorded, and they will be discussed only with subjects.
- 3. The principal investigator and the research team will review with the subjects their role in the study, and subjects will have a chance to ask additional questions. Subjects will be reminded that they may withdraw at any time before or after the study begins, and that there will be no penalty of any kind to subjects if they decide to withdraw from the study.
- 4. When the subjects are ready, the subject will be directed to a mobile field unit containing the dressing area, field equipment and supplies. The mobile field unit is a 36 foot enclosed trailer containing one 8 ft x 10 ft room at the rear of the trailer, and one 26 x 8 ft room at the front of the trailer. Each room is accessed from a separate exterior door. The subject and one same sex researcher will enter the rear compartment where the subject will be assisted in removing his/her street clothing and donning the study dosimeters and air sampling pump. Subjects will remove their street clothes down to their underwear, and then put on cotton long underwear (long johns), followed by a long sleeved cotton shirt and long cotton pants. All clothing articles will be new and provided to subjects by the research team. Care will be taken to provide clothing of adequate fit. The inner dosimeter arm and pant cuffs should not extend beyond the outer dosimeter cuffs (wrists and ankles). Cut the large excess off the inner dosimeter pant legs and arms at the wrists so the inner dosimeter will not come out from underneath the outer dosimeter during the performance of the wiping activity. The outer dosimeter pant cuffs may be cut for proper fit. If cutting is necessary, cut the pants at a length so the cuffs do not drag on the floor nor will the worker's socks or inner dosimeter leg be

exposed due to a short length. The outer dosimeter pants will not be tucked into the boots/shoes. The outer dosimeter shirt will be tucked into the pants during the wiping activity. A secured locker or similar storage area will be provided for the subjects personal belongings during study participation. Study supplies, including dosimeters of various sizes will be available in the rear compartment to expedite the process and maintain the subject's privacy. The rear compartment is an air conditioned and heated space, with lighting, seating and work surfaces appropriate for the study activities. In the event the mobile field unit is unexpectedly not available, a separate dressing area which provides the same functionality, security and privacy will be provided.

- 5. Subjects will be given safety glasses, and must wear them while wiping the surfaces.
- 6. Before the test begins, subjects will wash their hands and face with Ivory soap and water, and dry them thoroughly using paper towels.
- 7. An air sampling pump will be attached on a belt around subjects waist, and a flexible tubing with an air sampling tube will be connected from the air pump to subjects shirt collar. Full body front and back photographs will be taken at this time.
- 8. The air pump will be turned on, and subjects will put on their safety glasses. Subjects will be provided a trigger sprayer and wipes or ready to use wipes containing the already diluted SANI-CARE LEMON QUAT solution, and asked to start wiping the surfaces the way they normally do on the job. A researcher will observe each subject as they work, recording how long subjects work and how much surface area they wipe, and a designated photographer will take pictures or video.
- 9. Subjects will be provided either a trigger sprayer with fresh cleaning solution and wipes approximately every 10 minutes, or ready to use wipes approximately every 5 minutes, or more often if they ask for it. Used equipment will be saved and counted for each subject.
- 10. After subjects have been wiping for 30 minutes, the researcher will rinse subjects' hands with a solution of 50% IPA and water, and save the rinse solution for analysis only if the subject plans to eat during the break. Subjects will then have a 10-minute rest period. Subjects will not be permitted to smoke during this rest period, but may eat (but must wash their hands with Ivory soap and water before resuming work) and are encouraged to drink lots of fluids. A face wipe will not be collected Subject can rest more frequently upon before eating or drinking. request. Depending on which group subjects are assigned to they may be asked to continue wiping for up to 3 more 30 minute periods of

wiping for a total of 120 minutes, each followed by a 10 minute break.

11. At conclusion of the monitoring period, the subject will return to the rear compartment of the trailer with a same sex researcher. Research personnel will wear disposable gloves when handling personal protective equipment (PPE) and exposure samples. Gloves will be changed after handling PPE and between collection of each sample type. Plastic sheeting will be used on seating surfaces, and paper sheeting used on counter and floor surfaces at conclusion of each monitoring period to minimize transfer of any residues to clean surfaces. The compartment will be cleaned with cleaning agents appropriate for the study between subjects.

Samples will be collected in this order as described in SOP AEATF II-10E to minimize cross contamination:

- a. The air sampling pump and the sampling tube will be removed and saved for analysis.
- b. The researcher will rinse subjects' hands with a solution of 50% IPA and water for the last time, and save the rinse solution.
- c. The researcher will wipe subjects face and neck with 50% IPA/water moistened pads, and save the pads for analysis.
- d. The researcher will help subjects take off the outer shirt and pants, and will save each garment for analysis.
- e. The researchers will help the subject remove shoes.
- f. The researcher will help subjects take off the long underwear, and will save it for analysis.
- g. When all samples have been collected, subjects will dress again in their street clothes.
- h. The principal investigator will check subjects' hands and face before they leave for redness or other signs of irritation. They will be paid for their time and inconvenience in cash, and will be free to go.

10.1 Preparation of Study Subjects for Exposure Monitoring

SOP's of the AEATF II and cooperating contractors will be used to prepare subjects for exposure monitoring. A brief explanation of the activities follows.

10.1.1 Inner and Outer Dosimeters

Subjects will be taken to a clean private room by same sex study personnel and given the proper size inner and outer dosimeters. If fit is not adequate, other size dosimetry clothing will be available to afford best fit.

The subjects will be asked to remove their street clothes down to their underwear and wear the outer dosimeter on top of the inner dosimeter. The inner dosimeter will consist of 100% cotton long underwear (long johns) provided by AEATF. The outer garments (long pants and long-sleeved shirts) will be cotton provided by the AEATF II and will be analyzed for DDAC. The inner dosimeter is designed to capture test substance that would normally contact the subject's skin and will act as a collection medium that will also be analyzed. The inner dosimeter will be kept slightly shorter than the outer dosimeter on the arms and legs, either by fit or by trimming to fit to avoid contamination. Both dosimeters will be worn throughout the period of monitoring and removed at the end of the work period, with the assistance of a same-sex member of the monitoring team.

10.1.2 Air Sampling Tubes

Suitable low-volume personal air-sampling pumps and an OVS tube with glass filter and XAD2 sorbent will be used. The air flow of the pump will be calibrated to a nominal sample flow rate of approximately 2L/min. This information will be recorded in the raw data records.

Before the work commences, the sampling pump will be attached to a belt around the waist of the subject to be monitored. Tygon® tubing (or equivalent) attached to the inlet valve of the pump will be placed over the shoulder of the subject and attached to the air-sampling tube. A clip will be used to attach the tube to the collar of the subject, thus positioning it in the breathing zone of the subject. The inlet of the air-sampling tube will be facing downward, similar to the nasal passage of a subject.

10.1.3 Hand/Face Wash

The subjects will be asked to wash their hands and face with lvory soap and water followed by drying with a paper towel

just prior to the exposure-monitoring period.

10.1.4 Eye Wear

Subjects will be given and asked to wear product labelspecified protective eye wear.

Study Conduct 10.2

SOP's of the AEATF II and cooperating contractors will be used to document study conduct. A brief explanation of these activities follows.

The subjects will enter the area to be wiped. The air pump will be turned on immediately prior to the start of the monitoring period and will operate continuously until the end of the period. The subjects will be given either a trigger sprayer containing the diluted formulation and wipes or ready-to-use wipes.

Subjects will each wipe approximately 1,000 up to 4,000 ft² of horizontal and vertical surfaces according to label directions using either the trigger sprayer and wipes or the ready-to-use wipes. A new diluted solution-filled trigger sprayer and wipe will be provided to the volunteers approximately every 10 minutes or as necessary, or requested by the participant), whichever is shorter. Subjects will be provided with a ready-to-use wipe approximately every 5 minutes or as necessary, or requested by the participant, whichever is shorter. The use frequency of ready-to-use wipes is consistent with Antimicrobial Exposure Joint Venture data. This use information will be documented in the raw data. The time spent wiping will be documented for each volunteer. The amount of solution applied using the trigger sprayer and the number of wipes used with the trigger sprayer will be documented and verified by a second counting of the wipes and bottles saved from each subject. Following the count, the wipes will be discarded. Similarly, the number of ready-to-use wipes used by each volunteer will be documented. The surface area available for wiping will be marked in such a way as to provide an estimate of the surface area wiped by each volunteer at various time points during the monitoring period and the total area wiped at the end of the monitoring period.

10.2.1 Inhalation Exposure Sampling

Per SOP AEATF II-10G, prior to study start, each pump will be calibrated to a nominal sample flow rate of approximately 2 L/min and will operate for the duration of the exposure monitoring period. Flow rates will be measured before and

after each exposure monitoring period and detailed records of flow rates and sampling durations will be maintained in the raw data records. Air pumps will not be turned off during breaks, and will remain on until the subjects' work duration is complete.

Detailed time logs will be maintained to allow the exposure period to be calculated as either the total time or the time actually spent in the work area (e.g., excluding time for breaks).

Periodically throughout the monitoring period, the pumps will be checked to ensure they are still running and the tubing checked to ensure that there are no kinks in it. Subjects will be instructed to inform a study team member if the pump fails to operate or the tubing becomes kinked.

Pumps and/or pump batteries which fail during the work activity will be replaced with another calibrated pump or a replacement battery, as appropriate. The sample train (OVS tube and connective tubing) will be retained and moved to the second pump if a replacement pump is necessary. At the conclusion of each exposure monitoring period, the final flow rate will be measured and recorded.

10.2.2 Calibration of Air Sampling Pumps

Air flow for air sampling pumps will be determined prior to sample collection and at the end of sampling per SOP AEATF II-10F and -10G.

10.2.3 Air Sampling for Ambient Pre-existing DDAC

Air samples will be collected from the facility for one hour prior to initiating wiping to determine background levels in air each day. Samples will be collected at a height of five feet in the subject dosimetry assembly room, and in the main area where the wiping will be conducted in duplicate.

10.2.4 Hand Wash Sampling During Study Conduct

A hand wash sample will be collected at the end of each 30 minutes of exposure using the method specified in SOP AEATF II-8B if the subject wants to eat. However, hand wash samples will not be collected if a subject interrupts his/her task for using the toilet or taking a break due to fatigue.

Interim hand wash samples will be numbered sequentially. All samples will be analyzed separately and the results will be added to generate one hand wash number. Face wipes will not be taken until the end of the monitoring interval. To prevent sample contamination, subjects will wash their hands with Ivory soap and water after eating.

Due to the need to provide rest breaks at a minimum of 30 minute intervals, the longer duration monitoring intervals (60, but especially 120 minutes) will unquestionably overestimate the contribution of hand exposure to total exposure if hand washes were collected every 30 minutes or more often if additional breaks are taken. The amount transferred to the hands with a continuing source of saturating exposure (e.g., a ready to use wipe) will come to equilibrium with the hand, but hand washes will be summed to indicate a cumulative More discussion of this increase in exposure with time. overestimation bias is presented in the Governing Document (AEATF, 2008a). In this study to avoid this bias, we are asking participants not to wash their hands prior to drinking a beverage or using the bathroom, but we are recommending that they wash their hands prior to eating.

10.2.5 Observations

Volunteers will be observed throughout the exposure monitoring period in accordance with SOP AEATF II-10C. All activities during the monitoring period, especially specific occurrences that may affect exposure will be documented. Work activities described in this protocol will be appropriately documented in the Observation Notes and a detailed time log maintained for all activities. A photographic record (digital photography and videography) will be taken of representative study-related activities during exposure. The study subjects will not be photographed at any time while changing into or out of the dosimetry clothing.

The amount of test substance used by applicators to wipe the surfaces for the trigger sprayer will be determined by weighing each test substance container prior to and after being used, and calculation and summing the difference. For the ready-to-use wipes, the total number of wipes will be documented.

10.2.6 Environmental Monitoring

Light level, air temperature, and relative humidity of the work area for the duration of exposure monitoring will be documented with automated instrumentation logging and recording at intervals appropriate for the duration of the work Monitoring equipment will be calibrated or standardized according to the cooperating contractors' SOPs. HVAC will be described in detail and the air turnover rate will be measured or estimated.

10.2.7 Field Study Personnel

The study team will be comprised of a sufficient number of people to conduct the following activities:

- 1. Assist with the donning and collection of all dosimeters in a time-efficient manner to minimize the time from completion of the work cycle to sampling.
- 2. Calibrate air-sampling pumps and record ending flow
- 3. Prepare trigger sprayer containing diluted formulation.
- 4. Observe and record all work practices and record site and treatment details.
- 5. Take a photographic record of representative studyrelated activities.
- 6. Observe and document operation and representative ouptput of application equipment.
- 7. Prepare field fortification samples.

10.3 Sample Collection

At the completion of the monitoring period, the subjects will be directed to a clean private area by a same sex researcher for removal and collection of exposure samples. Time elapsed between completion of wiping and start of sample collection will be noted and should not exceed the time allotted for breaks.

Sample collection, identification, storage, and transport will be performed in accordance with SOPs AEATF II-10E and -10B. A list of SOPs used in the study will be included in the raw data, and procedures not fully explained in SOPs will be documented in the raw data.

Exposure samples will be taken in the following order to minimize

cross contamination: inhalation samples, hand washes, face/neck wipes, and finally outer and inner dosimeters as described below. The samples will be collected by study personnel. New examination gloves will be used for each sample type. For all samples collected in glass jars, the jars will be placed into a re-sealable bag to protect the sample in case of jar breakage.

10.3.1 Inhalation Exposure Sampling

The OVS tube will be disconnected from the tubing leading to the pump per SOP AEATF II-8D. The OVS tube will be sealed at both ends, placed in a pre-labeled re-sealable bag, and placed in temporary frozen storage as soon as possible for transport to the analytical facility. Samples will then be maintained in frozen storage until analyzed.

10.3.2 Hand Wash

Hand exposure will be assessed by washing the subjects' hands with a 50% isopropyl alcohol / water solution according to a standardized washing procedure described in SOP AEATF II-8B. The high solubility of DDAC in both IPA and water indicates that this combination of solvents will provide excellent recovery of hand residues.

Hands will be washed with Ivory soap and water just prior to the exposure-monitoring period. If interim hand wash samples are collected (e.g., preceding a break for food consumption), the interim hand wash samples will be numbered sequentially. After the specified task is completed, one final hand wash will be collected from each subject. Following the final hand wash, the Principal Investigator will examine each subject's hands for irritation or redness. The post-activity hand wash sample for each monitoring event will be the final hand wash sample for the monitoring period and receive the final sequence number for the monitoring event. This sample will be clearly marked as the post-activity hand wash. All hand washes collected during and at the end of the work period will be treated as separate samples. Additional sample numbers will be generated for additional interim hand wash samples. All hand wash samples will be placed in prelabeled containers and placed in temporary frozen storage as soon as possible for transport to the analytical facility. Samples will then be maintained in frozen storage until analyzed.

10.3.3 Face/Neck Wipe

Face/neck exposure will be measured by wiping the exposed areas with two gauze pads that have each been wetted with a 50% isopropyl alcohol/water solution as described in the SOP AEATF II-8C.

After the wiping task is completed, a dermal face/neck wipe sample will be collected from each subject after the hand wash sample is collected and before removal of the whole body dosimeters. Face/neck wipe samples will be placed directly into pre-labeled glass jars. All glass jars will be placed in temporary frozen storage as soon as possible for transport to the analytical facility. Samples will then be maintained in frozen storage until analyzed.

10.3.4 Outer and Inner Dosimeter

The outer and inner layer of clothing (outer and inner dosimeter) will be removed with the assistance of a same sex member of the study team and sectioned into upper and lower arms, front and back torso, and upper and lower legs per SOP AEATF II-8G and -8A. The sections will be individually placed in pre-labeled glass jars and placed into temporary frozen storage as soon as possible for transport to the analytical facility. Samples will then be maintained in frozen storage until analyzed.

10.4 Field Recovery Evaluation

Full details regarding field recovery evaluation procedures for all sampling media are given in the most recent version of the SOPs of the AEATF II (8E). The SOP instructions for "spiking using vialed spikes" will be followed.

Sample matrix fortifications designed to assess the stability of the active ingredient under field, storage and transit conditions in or on the sampling materials (inner and outer dosimeters, hand wash solutions, face/neck wipes, and air sampling matrices) will take place on each day of the study. Field fortification solutions of the test substance diluted in water, or solutions of active ingredient in an appropriate solvent will be prepared and pre-measured into vials by the analytical laboratory and taken to the field site and to the study team for field recovery evaluation on all matrices except OVS tubes. The OVS tubes will be pre-spiked with the formulation at the analytical laboratory and kept frozen until their use in the field.

Storage conditions of the individual vials used for fortifications, and of the fortified OVS tubes, will be specified by the analytical laboratory and the actual storage details will be recorded in the study file. Any unused vials or unused fortified OVS tubes will be returned to the analytical laboratory.

With the exception of OVS tubes, the entire contents of the fortification suspension vials will be applied to the sampling media. Field fortifications will be conducted at the following levels during the study.

Matrix	Fortification Level
Air Sampling Tubes	40 ng/sample and 2.0 µg/sample
Hand Washes	8.0 and 400 ng/mL
Face/Neck Wipes	200 ng/sample and 10 µg/sample
Inner Dosimeter Section	12.0 µg/sample and 1.0 mg/sample
Outer Dosimeter Section	12.0 μg/sample and 1.0 mg/sample

On each study day when field fortifications are conducted, samples of each matrix will be fortified at the two levels shown above. The levels are based on expected exposure levels for the wiping tasks being monitored on that day.

For each matrix/level combination used during the study, three samples (i.e., triplicates) of that matrix will be fortified and analyzed.

After fortification, the inner and outer dosimeters and OVS tubes will be exposed to ambient conditions (i.e., weathered) for the longest expected exposure monitoring period (2 hrs) in a location away from possible contamination. Outer and inner dosimeters will be left uncovered per EPA suggestion. An air sampling system will be set up in the same manner as that of the workers, attached to the fortified OVS tubes in the field, and the pumps will be run during weathering.

Hand wash and face/neck wipe samples will be fortified and immediately placed in frozen storage without exposure to ambient conditions.

In addition, duplicate samples of the inner and outer dosimeters fortified in the field at the highest level, and duplicate OVS tubes fortified in the laboratory at the highest fortification level, will be processed for immediate frozen storage and used as travel spikes. Segments of inner dosimeter representing any body area may be used for fortification samples. These travel spikes will be analyzed only if deemed necessary by the Principal Investigator, for example to help determine the cause of unusually low field fortification recovery results.

Finally, two untreated control samples of each matrix will be processed similarly to the field fortification samples (i.e., some are weathered).

Packaging, storage and shipment of the field fortification samples will be the same as for the experimental exposure samples.

11.0 SAMPLE IDENTIFICATION, SHIPPING AND STORAGE

11.1 Sample Identification

Samples will be identified and tracked by unique sample numbers assigned by GPL consistent with SOP AEATF II-8F. For example for the identification number AEA02-WS-01-ID-LA:

AEA02 = Task Force Study Number

WS = Wipe Worker Sample

01 = Subject 1

ID = Inner Dosimeter

LA = Lower Arm

Additional designations are as follows:

OD = Outer Dosimeter

AR = Air Sampling Tube

FW = Face and Neck Wipe

HW = Hand Wash

DM = Diluted Material

RW = Ready to Use Wipe

Sample identification numbers are appended to this protocol (Appendix K). During the analytical phase of the study, the laboratory may assign its own sample numbers as long as the initially-assigned number is cross-referenced and included in the documentation of the sample.

11.2 Shipping

Samples will be transported from the exposure site to the analytical laboratory on dry ice by study personnel on the day of collection. A chain-of-custody record will be available for each sample.

11.3 Storage

All samples will be placed into frozen storage as soon as they are collected, until transported to the analytical laboratory. As soon as the samples arrive at the analytical laboratory, the samples will be stored in a freezer maintained at ≤ -15°C until analyzed.

12.0 ANALYTICAL PROCEDURES

Experimental exposure and laboratory recovery samples will be analyzed according to the analytical methods specified in Section 12.2 of this protocol. The methodology has been validated for use in the relevant matrices.

Reference Substance and Internal Standard 12.1

12.1.1 Reference Substance

The reference substance for this study is the analytical standard used by the analytical laboratory to prepare analytical standard solutions.

Common Name: DDAC 7173-51-5 CAS No.: Purity: 80.9% Source: Lonza Lot No.: D4223025

The Principal Investigator or an authorized representative will obtain analytical standard from the AEATF II. Receipt of the standard will be documented, including label identification, date of receipt, person receiving the standard, and the amount received. Preparation of all stock and serially diluted solutions will be documented.

The stability of the analytical standard(s) (reference substance) will be documented before the start of the study. Generally, AEATF II will rely on data supplied by the product registrant that were submitted to support the EPA registration of the technical grade active ingredient. An expiration date and recommended storage conditions will be based on the stability data to ensure the analytical standard strength does not change appreciably during conduct of the study.

GLP purity analysis (content of active ingredient in the reference substance) will be performed for each lot of

reference substance used in the study by the Sponsor prior to the start of sample analysis. Documentation of such analysis will be retained in the study raw data file.

Analytical standards are to be stored under the recommended conditions.

12.1.2 Internal Standard

The Internal Standard (IS), deuterated Didecyl Dimethyl Ammonium Iodide was prepared and supplied by Chemalong Laboratories, LLC (Lemont, IL).

Deuterated (²H₃)-Didecyl Dimethyl Ammonium Name:

lodide

Not Applicable CAS Number: CA075901 Lot Number: >95% Purity: 06/02/05 Date Received:

Will be documented in study data Expiration Date:

The above substance will be used for the preparation of the A copy of the Certificate of internal standard solution. Analysis of the internal standard will be kept in the archives at The internal standard will be stored at room GPL. temperature.

12.2 Analytical Method

The analysis of DDAC in all matrices will be conducted at Golden Pacific Laboratories using HPLC/MS/MS. The HPLC/MS/MS methods have been validated by GPL and are extremely sensitive and selective, thus minimizing subjects' exposure with very low detection limits. The limit of quantitation (LOQ) for air sampling tubes, hand washes, and face and neck wipes are 10 ng, 2.0 ng/mL and 50 ng respectively. The LOQ for inner and outer dosimetry are 3.0 µg/sample. The method (GPL-MTH-052) includes the use of deuterated DDAC internal standard to increase accuracy and minimize suppression problems. The validated methods will be followed as rigidly as possible. No changes are permitted without prior approval of the Principal Investigator. All data will be measured against a standard curve (five point minimum, one of which will be at 50-70% of the LOQ concentration) that brackets the levels of the matrix spikes. A solvent blank of the standard solution will be injected prior to the standard solution for each run.

Each analytical set will include two laboratory fortified samples, a solvent blank and a control. The fortification levels will bracket the expected levels in the field sample.

The following GPL validated analytical method will be used:

GPL Analytical Method GPL-MTH-052 entitled, "Analytical Method for the Determination of Didecyl Dimethyl Ammonium Chloride (DDAC) in Dressing Sponges, Hand Washes, Cotton Inner and Outer Dosimeters, and Air-Sampling Tubes" (GPL, 2004).

All samples, except hand washes, will be extracted using 70% acetonitrile/30%water/0.016% formic acid, and an aliquot will be transferred to a chromatography vial and analyzed using An aliquot of the hand wash sample will be HPLC/MS/MS. a chromatography vial and analyzed using transferred to Samples may require dilution using 70% HPLC/MS/MS. acetonitrile/30% water/0.016% formic acid, to quantitate.

The filter, plus front and rear sorbent sections of the OVS tubes, (along with the retainer ring and sorbent section separators) will be analyzed together as one unit.

The inner dosimeters will be analyzed in accordance with SOP AEATFII-8A, which states that when the outer dosimeter is below the limit of quantification (<LOQ) the corresponding inner dosimeter will not be analyzed.

Equivalent instrumentation, apparatus, and reagents may be substituted for those specified in the method. All substitutions must be clearly documented in the raw data.

12.3 Storage Stability

A storage stability study to determine the stability of DDAC on the various matrices under freezer storage conditions has been conducted (GPL, 2005). DDAC was shown to be stable for 6 months on all matrices under freezer storage.

12.4 Sample Quantification

Chromatographic quantification (using HPLC/MS/MS) will be achieved using an internal standard and a standard curve obtained from peak areas of injections of several concentrations of standards. The standard curve will be a least squares fit unless otherwise Means and standard deviations approved by the AEATF II.

(arithmetic or geometric), and coefficients of variation may be calculated on the data generated.

12.5 Data Analysis

The AEATF II will not statistically analyze the monitoring data from either wiping application scenario in order to characterize exposure or investigate the relationship between exposure and other factors (e.g., room size, level of residual organic matter, environmental conditions including temperature, humidity, air turnover rate, etc.) However, regulators and other users of the constructed database (BHED) may choose to conduct such analyses. The extent of AEATF II's data analyses will be limited to the statistical characterization of data adequacy for inclusion in BHED scenario Two specific types of analyses will be performed (these analyses are discussed in more detail in the AEATF II's Governing Document (AEATF, 2008a):

- Evaluation of benchmark adequacy. A confidence interval 1. based approach will be used to determine the realized relative accuracy for the arithmetic mean and 95th percentile of exposure normalized by amount of ai handled.
- Cluster effects. The intraclass correlation for clusters (ICC) 2. and its confidence interval will be estimated using a variance components model. In addition, the effects, if any, of ignoring clusters in the estimation of means and percentiles will be determined by comparing the estimates of a no-cluster model to those of the random effects model.

We note that the analysis in (1) above may suggest that the realized accuracy bounds differ from the benchmark targets to some extent. This does not invalidate the study since small deviations would be expected and are of little practical concern. However large deviations from the benchmark goals may affect the regulatory usefulness of the data. If large deviations from benchmark goals are observed the AEATF II will, in consultation with regulatory agencies, determine the best course of action to take. This may mean the development of guidance for the use of these data that takes the increased imprecision of the estimates into account. It is possible that collection of additional clusters might be considered.

AEATF II Project ID: AEA02 GPL Study 070264 Property of AEA1 AEATF II VOL 4 Secondary Documentation: Wiping App Scenarios & Study Protocol 25Feb08

13.0 STUDY RECORDS

13.1 Field Records

Raw data will be obtained to cover all aspects of the study, including but not limited to the following:

- 1. Test and reference substance lot numbers, receipt and storage location(s), use records;
- 2. Application equipment details;
- 3. Environmental conditions for the entire monitoring period;
- 4. Subjects' demographic information and consent forms;
- 5. Trial location maps, including description, dimensions, and locations of diluting concentrate;
- 6. Measurement of active ingredient handled, time exposed and/or volume of liquid applied;
- 7. Dermal exposure sampling information;
- 8. Inhalation exposure sampling information, including pump identification, calibration, flow rates and times of sampling;
- 9. Test and reference substance, and sample storage temperature
- 10. Observations on work practices; including photographs and videography;
- 11. Sample information (including inventory, chain of custody);

Field raw data will be recorded directly into a raw data file customized for use in the study. Following the field phase, all data generated during this study will be kept at GPL in files bearing the study number until transferred to a permanent location selected by the Sponsor. Study subject personal information will be kept in a separate location and will be marked confidential.

13.2 Analytical Records

All study-specific original documents and data generated in the course of this study, including but not limited to the following, will be maintained and turned over to the AEATF II when requested, or at the completion of the study.

- 1. Analytical worksheets, chromatograms, methods. calculation sheets and other pertinent analytical data.
- 2. Laboratory notebooks or bench sheets used to record details of the analyses.

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 AEATF II VOL 4 Secondary Documentation: Wiping App Scenarios & Study Protocol 25Feb08
 - 3. Chromatograms and/or machine-generated analysis reports and
 - Spreadsheets and other calculated data.
 - 5. Chain of custody records.

In addition to the above study-specific raw data, the following records must also be kept, and true copies submitted with the raw data:

- a. Storage conditions for reference substances and samples;
- b. Reference substance use log;
- c. Communications logs or records.

Communication with IRB 13.3

Prior to conducting studies involving human subjects, written approval from an IRB will be obtained. The package of information that will be submitted to the IRB includes a supplemental document regarding the study design and justification for duration of task and area treated (AEATF, 2008b), the Informed Consent Form (Appendix B), the Experimental Subject's Bill of Right (Appendix C), the Subject Self-Reporting Demographic Form (Appendix D), a copy of the product label (Appendix A) and test substance MSDS (Appendix E), as well as all recruiting materials, such as flyers (Appendix F), interview scripts (Appendix G), and an executive summary of EPA's REDs for ADBAC and DDAC summarizing their risk assessment conclusions (Appendix K). Following submission of the package of information to the IRB for review, all correspondence with the IRB, including any requests for changes in the protocol, informed consent and recruitment materials will be documented and saved. All correspondence with the IRB, all intermediate drafts as well as the final approved ICF will accompany the study protocol when it is submitted to the EPA for review, before initiation of the study. Following approval of the protocol by the EPA, any additional communication with the IRB will be submitted to the EPA with the final report.

Since this study will be conducted in the state of California, changes requested by California DPR will be implemented and will also be The study will not be initiated prior to receiving approval from the EPA and California DPR.

All study-specific documents, including correspondence and changes in the protocol, and Informed Consent Form generated in the course of this study will be maintained in the raw data.

14.0 STUDY LOCATIONS

The field study locations will be in Fresno County, CA. Full details of the location will be recorded in the study files. Given the transient nature of availability of vacant commercial real estate, the study location will not be known until a few weeks before study initiation. Criteria for identifying commercial buildings are discussed in the rationale for study design document (AEATF, 2008b) and in Section 8.2 above.

The analytical location is at 4720 W. Jennifer Ave., Suite 105, Fresno, CA. The analytical location will be within 30 miles from the field location.

15.0 DATA HANDLING

15.1 Communication of Results

Results will be communicated from the Principal Investigator to the Sponsor's representative or designated AEATF II Study Monitors on a regular and timely schedule.

15.2 Statistical Methods

Proposed calculations are limited to the calculations specified in Section 12.4 and 12.5.

QUALITY ASSURANCE 16.0

This study will be conducted according to FIFRA GLP Standards (40 CFR 160). The field site as well as the analytical facility will be inspected by the QAU. The QAU will report to the company Vice President (Robert Testman). The QAU will review the protocol prior to study initiation. Different phases of the field study and the exposure matrix analyses will be inspected. Field and analytical data generated will be audited as the study progresses. The final report will be audited for completeness and accuracy. A QAU statement will address non-compliance issues, if any. The QA Statement lists dates of inspections, what was inspected and when inspection reports were communicated. A Statement of GLP Compliance will certify the study was/was not conducted in compliance with GLP and, if not, how it differed (i.e., the GLP deviations). Results of the audit will be transmitted to both the Principal Investigator and the Sponsor's Representative. QAU organization and responsibilities are summarized in SOPs AEATF II-5A-5K, inclusive.

17.0 SAMPLE RETENTION

All sample extracts, extracted sample matrices, and analytical standards will be retained until the Principal Investigator and Sponsor's Representative determine they are no longer useful. These materials are the property of the AEATF II and will be stored or disposed of in a safe and lawful manner by the appropriate authorized personnel with the approval of AEATF II.

18.0 FINAL STUDY REPORT

One report will be written summarizing the entire study. A final report will be prepared by the Principal Investigator. The original signed copy of the final study report will be maintained at Golden Pacific Laboratories, LLC until the Sponsor requests that the report be transferred to another facility.

The report must contain, but is not limited to containing the following:

- 1. Identification of the location of the study, and the general environmental conditions during the exposure monitoring period(s).
- 2. A record of the mixing/loading of concentrate by research staff, and application, including a description of the subjects and their activities.
- 3. A summary of subject observations identifying any specific occurrences that may contribute to unusual subject exposure.
- 4. A detailed summary of the amount of test substance applied for each subject.
- 5. A detailed summary of the length of time each subject was monitored.
- 6. A complete description of collection, handling and storage of field samples.
- 7. Results of analysis.
- 8. A detailed description of the methods.
- 9. Example calculations.
- 10. A summary of the recovery data.
- 11. Representative chromatograms of control, treated, fortified samples and calibration standards.
- 12. A typical standard curve.
- 13. Statistical analysis plan for the data generated.
- 14. The signed protocol, including all amendments and deviations.
- 15. The signed study report in 86-5 format.
- 16. All correspondence between the IRB and Principal Investigator, including information sent to the IRB to support the protocol.
- 17. A copy of the IRB approval letter and a copy of the approved Informed Consent Form.

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 - Minutes of IRB meetings, showing attendance and vote. 18.
 - Any adverse findings and the nature and magnitude of every event. 19.
 - All correspondence with Cal DPR regarding Section 6710. 20.

PROTOCOL CHANGES 19.0

All protocol changes (amendments and deviations) shall be reported to the IIRB in writing by letter, fax or email. The Principal Investigator shall follow written instructions provided by the IIRB for prompt reporting to the IIRB, appropriate institutional officials, and the EPA of unanticipated problems involving risks to human subjects or others. The Principal Investigator shall also follow the protocol change notification and approval policies, if any, of all other agencies or boards whose notification and prior approval of the study was required.

19.1 Amendments

Proposed changes (amendments) deemed necessary to eliminate apparent immediate hazards to the human subjects may be implemented without prior IIRB approval. All other amendments must be reviewed and approved by the IIRB prior to implementation or as specifically instructed by IIRB policy in this regard. Approval will be granted in accordance with IIRB policy and procedures, and may be granted by telephone provided it is documented in writing in the study raw data. The IIRB may provide expedited review of minor changes as defined by 40 CFR Part 26.1110 at its discretion.

19.2 **Deviations**

Unplanned changes (deviations) which occur during conduct of the study cannot, by definition, be reviewed and approved by the IIRB prior to implementation. Deviations will be reported in writing by letter, fax or email as soon as possible following the change.

PERSONNEL 20.0

20.1 Study Director (Principal Investigator)

Sami Selim, Ph.D. Golden Pacific Laboratories, L.L.C. 4720 W. Jennifer Avenue, Suite 105 Fresno, California 93722 Telephone: (559) 275-9091

Fax: (559) 275-1810

E-mail: sselim@gplabs.com

20.2 Study Sponsor Representative

William McCormick Clorox Product Services Co. 7200 Johnson Dr. Pleasanton, CA 94588 Phone: (925) 425-4338

20.3 Quality Assurance Unit

Anantdeep K. Kang Golden Pacific Laboratories, L.L.C. 4720 W. Jennifer Avenue, Suite 105 Fresno, California 93722 Telephone: (559) 275 -9091 Fax: (559) 275-1810

20.4 Field Coordinator

Tami I. Belcher Grayson Research 211 N. Main Street Creedmoor, NC 27522 Phone: (919) 528-5508

20.5 **Analytical Coordinator**

Megan Boatwright Golden Pacific Laboratories, L.L.C. 4720 W. Jennifer Avenue, Suite 105 Fresno, California 93722 Telephone: (559) 275-9091

PROTOCOL APPROVAL 21.0

William McCormick Sponsor's Representative	Date
Sami Selim, Ph.D. Study Director/ Principal Investigator Golden Pacific Laboratories, LLC	Date
Megan T. Boatwright Analytical Coordinator Golden Pacific Laboratories, LLC	Date
Tami I. Belcher Field Coordinator Grayson Research, LLC.	Date
Anantdeep K. Kang Quality Assurance Golden Pacific Laboratories, LLC	Date

REFERENCES

AEATF II (Antimicrobial Exposure Assessment Task Force II). Governing Document for a Multi-Year Antimicrobial Chemical Exposure Monitoring Program. Interim Draft Document. 2008a. American Chemistry Council, Arlington, VA.

AEATF II (Antimicrobial Exposure Assessment Task Force II). Wiping Application Scenarios: Rationale for Study Design. 2008b. American Chemistry Council, Arlington, VA.

EPA 2006a. Alkyl Dimethyl Benzyl Ammonium Chloride (ADBAC): Occupational and Residential Exposure Assessment for the Re-registration Eligibility Decision Document. April 11, 2006, US EPA, Office of Pesticide Programs.

EPA 2006b. Didecyl Dimethyl Ammonium Chloride (DDAC): Occupational and Residential Exposure Assessment for the Re-registration Eligibility Decision Document. (DP Barcode 323309), April 18, 2006, US EPA, Office of Pesticide Programs.

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GPL. (Golden Pacific Laboratories) 2005. Frozen Storage Stability of Didecyl Dimethyl Ammonium Chloride (DDAC) in Dressing Sponges, Hand Washes, Inner Dosimeters, Outer Dosimeters, and Air Sampling Tubes.

Jacobs, L. and L. Juster. (2006). ANTIMICROBIAL EXPOSURE JOINT VENTURE NATIONAL ANTIMICROBIAL USE SURVEY: DIARY STUDY (PHASE II). Prepared for the Antimicrobial Exposure Joint Venture, Chemical Specialty Products Association, Washington, DC. Prepared by TNO NFO, Chicago, IL.

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Popendorf, W., M. Selim, B.C. Kross. 1992. Chemical Manufacturers Association Antimicrobial Exposure Assessment Study. University of Iowa, Institute of Agricultural Medicine and Occupational Health. Iowa City, Iowa

Ross, J., Chester, G., Driver, J., Lunchick, C., Holden, L., Rosenheck, L., and Barnekow, D. (2007). Comparative Evaluation of Absorbed Dose Estimates Derived from Passive Dosimetry Measurements with Those Derived From Biological Monitoring: Validation Of Exposure Monitoring Methodologies, EPub in J Expos Sci Environ Epidemiol.

APPENDIX A LABEL FOR PRODUCT TO BE USED IN STUDY

Label for Product to be used in Study

pelioro: Si nu sabe leem inglés, phegunie a su supervisor sobre las Instrucciones sobre el uso apropiado antes de trabajar con este producto. DILUTION 1:64 2 OUNCES PER GALLON OF WATER (860 ppm quat) Recommended for use in nociolals, nursing homes, schools, colleges, commercial and indus-tral institutions, chicke buildings, vestinary chince, aimmai lise seizene is lonctucier, sors, tack stops, per stops, airports, kennels, hords, motes, presding stable/ments and grooming establishments. Dishifects, orbans, and docodrizes the following hard, nonportous, linaminatie surfaces floors, walls, (nor-modicial) metal surfaces, (nor-modicial) its inleases steel surfaces, plazed processor, plastic curinges (study as polypropyters, polysyviers, etc.).

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

Diffection of Foderal law to use this product in a manner hoose, either in the in colonal countries entering the interact in a colonal law to use this product in a manner hoose, either into or in conhaid with the bloodstearn or document because as a terminal serial annihilarity-level detaileraturi most any sardiace or instrument hand, it is introducted discretly into the human hoose, either into or in conhaid watering and either and the conformation of the book. This product may be used to inproduce or document hoose, either moustably serial areas to the book. This product may be used to inproduce or document hoose, either or some-critical devices prior to controllarly or product may be used to inproduce or document or document or some-critical devices prior to record the book. This product may be used to distribute the controllar or high-level distributes.

BORNISHEETING ICLEANING J.CEADURING DIFFECTIONES, Formore, however, convey class from the surface, rub with a brush, cloth or space. Do not be applied what coloning the concentration of the mouse of the controllar or the controllar or states. This product must not be used to clean the following the controllar or independent of the controllar or the controllar or

Personal Protection: Disposable protective gloves, gowns, face masks, or eye coverings as appropriate must be worn during all cleaning of blood/body fluids and

ONE-STEP DISINFECTANT GERMICIDAL DETERGENT AND DEODORANT Disinfectual repertormoradia Supulyacias - Supulyacias - Supulyacias - Vincidal Bactendida - Fungicidas - Milgewetzic - Vincidal Bactendida - Fungicidas - Milgewetzic - Vincidal Amulti-purposa, noctrais ph., germicidal detergent non desobrant effective in hard wester up to 400 ppm (calcutated as CaCQ.), in the presence of a moderate amount of soil (5% organic source) in the ADG Use divident (set Disinfect, deserv, and deudon-part in one labor-saving step. Liberthe against the biolowing pathogens:

"HW-1 (All.)S wring) "Infloations bowtup mimotracheille		•	unt-(MBA) 'Rebies	(RSV)	"Pubella (Corman Mossics)	1 rangingstatic Gostroentering	wings (TGC)	*Wacchie	Augment politica i migrer	Candida albicana	Trichophyton montagraphytos			ATCC & purithfolds moisture shaln	* and the first resident when cody		
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Preudomonas acragnosa: Stephylococous aureus:	Salmonella choleraceutis Acinalistate calmanatella	Bordonella branchisoptes	Chlarmydia politica	Friendsche doese	Enforceceus (secular	Vancomydn Rosistant (VRE)	Eachorichia coll'	Fraudociental frent planet	Klebskells proumoning	Legionesta proumaphila	Ustanta munocytoganes	Preturella multocida	Protects mirabilis	Proteius vuigaria	Sustmanuelle, er then it is	Salmonelle typhi	Coloneadle Brokinson of the

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN DANGER

(See side punct for Precautionary Statements and First Ald) CPA Rog. No. 47371-131-559 CPA Est. No. 559-MO-1 NET CONTENTS _____

Buckeye International, Inc.
- Merylenl Heights - MO 63043 - USA - (314) 291-1900 2700 Марпет Рисс

Cleaning Procedures: Bioodboot fluids must be lindoughly cleaned from sur-factsoblects before application of distincts.

Contact Time. HIV.1 (AIDS virus) is inctivated after a contact time of 4 minutes at 25°C (FF) (room temperature). HIV and HCV are inantivated effect a 10 minute contact time. Use a 10-minute contact time. Use a 10-minute contact time to refer viruses, lungi, and bacteria listed.

Disposal of Infectious Materials: Bloodbody fluids should be autoclassed and disposed of according to federal, state and local regulations for infectious waste disposal.

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTICANIMALS

DANGER. Corrosive. Courses inroversible oyo damage. Do not get in eyes or on clothing. Wear protective provect (toogloc, tace thick or saticly glasses). Avoid contact with the slicit, Itamful if intelled. Avoid breathing spray mist. Weah thoroughly, with sueps and water direr handlen. Remove contaminated clothing and wash clothing before reuse.

IF IN EYES: Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for at least 15-20 minutes. Remove contact tenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue FIRST AID

infinites. Remove context, research or conteminated clothing. Thase skin immedi-if DN SKIN OR CLOTHING: Take off conteminated clothing. Thase skin immedi-stally with planty of water for 15-20 minutes is not breathing, call 911 or an stelly with planty of water for 15-20 minutes. If INHALED: Move person to fresh air. If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambutence, then give entificial respiration, proforably mouth to mouth if powerble.

Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice. Have the product container or label with you when calling a polison control center or doctor or going for treatment.

NOTE TO PHYSICIAN: Probable mucosat damage may contraindicate the use of gastric lavage.

For medical omorgonolos only, call 800-303-0441. Outside North Americe call 651 652-895.

Do not discharge embent containing this product into lakes, streams, ponsal, artics, oreass, or other waters unders in accordance with the requirements of a Mational Pollutant Discharge Elemination Systam (NPDES) parms and the permitting authority has been notified in writing pror to discharge. Do not discharge effluent socialining lists product in sewes systems without prevalently notifying the local sewerapsite in the sewerapsite site of the state of the PAPA and the PAPA systems and the paper. **ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS**

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food or food by thorage or disposal.

Keep product under locked strates, inacessible to children. Opon dumping is prehibited. Do not rouso empty contained by SPOSAL.

2.54% 1.69% 95.7/% 100.00%

ACTIVE INGREDIENTS:

Pesticide wastes are acutely hazardors. Improper disposal of excess pesticide, spray mixture or finsate its a violation of Federal Law. If these wastes cannot be disposed of by use according to label instruction, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency or the Hazardous Waste representative at the nearest FPA fregional Office for guidance.

PLASTIC CONTABNERS

Triple into (or equivalent), then offer for recycling or reconditioning, or puncture and depose of in a sanitary landfill, or incinerate, or if allowed by state and local authorities, burn, it burned, stay out of smoke.

FIBER DRIVEN WITH LINES.

FIBER DRIVEN WITH LINES.

Complements empty into by staking and lapping sides and bottom to loceen cliniquing particles. Frmyty residue into application equipment, then dispose of lines in a sanitary landfill or by thichrending with allowed by state and local authorities. If drum is contaminated and cannot be reused, dispose of in the same manner.

APPENDIX B

INFORMED CONSENT FORM

INFORMED CONSENT FORM

(5/21/07)

Title:

A Study For Measurement of Potential Dermal and Inhalation Exposure During Application of a Liquid Antimicrobial Pesticide Product Using Trigger Spray or Ready to Use Wipes Cleaning Indoor Surfaces. Study Number (05-0204).

Principal Investigator:

Sami Selim, Ph.D.

Golden Pacific Laboratories, LLC.

4720 W. Jennifer Suite 105

Fresno, CA 93722 Phone: 559-275-9091

Field Coordinator:

Tami I. Belcher

Grayson Research, LLC.

211 N Main Street Creedmoor, NC 27522 Phone: 919-528-5508

Field Locations:

3 Sites in Fresno County, CA

Sponsor:

Antimicrobial Exposure Assessment

Task Force II (AEATF II).

24-Hour Phone Number:

559-447-5364 (Sami Selim)

You are being asked to participate in a research study. Your participation is voluntary. This Informed Consent Form explains the study.

You may take a copy of this form home to think about and discuss with friends or family before you decide whether you want to participate. If you have any questions, or if you do not understand anything in this form, please ask Dr. Selim, the Principal Investigator, to explain. If you would prefer to discuss participation in either English or Spanish, please ask. This form is available in either English or Spanish, and we can explain the study to you in either language. A translator who can help you understand the research is available as well.

AEATF II Project ID: AEA02 GPL Study 070264 Property of AEA AEATF II VOL 4 Secondary Documentation: Wiping App Scenarios & Study Protocol 25Feb08

Purpose of this Study

Golden Pacific Laboratories is doing this research to find out how much wipe solution may reach your skin when you wipe indoor surfaces. We will measure how much of the wipe solution gets on the clothing you wear during the study, on your hands, face and neck, and how much is in the air you breathe while you wipe indoor surfaces.

The study is being paid for by the Antimicrobial Exposure Assessment Task Force II (AEATF II), a group of companies that make antimicrobial cleaning products. These products kill germs on indoor surfaces, and are currently approved by the US Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) as pesticides.

Sami Selim, Ph.D., of Golden Pacific Laboratories is the Principal Investigator in charge of the study. Tami I. Belcher of Grayson Research is the Field Coordinator.

Test Product

The material being tested in this study is a pesticide called SANI-CARE LEMON QUAT, a commercial cleaning product used to clean hard surfaces like floors, walls, and stainless steel. This product is recommended for use in offices and commercial and institutional buildings, such as hospitals, schools, and hotels.

SANI-CARE LEMON QUAT contains two active chemicals: didecyl dimethyl- and n-alkyl dimethyl benzyl- ammonium chlorides, which kill germs. LEMON QUAT is a strong concentrate, and in this study it will be mixed with water to make the wiping solution before you use it.

Subject Selection

People who take part in this research must be healthy adults, between the ages of 18 and 65, who read and speak English or Spanish. They must have experience doing janitorial work; and must be interested in participating in this study and willing to sign a consent form, a form with your personal information and follow the directions of the investigators.

You will not be able to participate in this research; if you are related by blood or marriage to employees of Golden Pacific Laboratories or Grayson Research; if you are pregnant or breast-feeding; if you aren't able to wipe walls and table tops for 30 minutes at a time between breaks; if you've had allergic reactions to soap, rubbing alcohol, or other cleaning products; if you have sores on your skin; if you are taking medicines that might react with the test product; or if you have heart or breathing problems.

Forty eight (48) people will participate in this study. A few more people will be enrolled than are needed, in case anyone is unexpectedly unable to participate on the day of the test.

The research will be conducted at three different vacant commercial buildings on different days. Twelve people and four alternates will be asked to participate at each building. You can participate only once, but if you are the alternate and are not selected, you may be able to participate fully on another day.

Study Enrollment

Before you can be enrolled in this study, you will come to the offices of Golden Pacific Laboratories at 4720 W. Jennifer Ave., Suite 105, in Fresno, to meet with the Principal Investigator, Dr. Selim. He will answer all your questions regarding the study, and will tell you more about what to expect while participating and what is expected of you. This first visit will take about one hour.

If you meet all eligibility requirements and decide you want to participate in the study, we will ask you to sign this Informed Consent Form and provide some information about your work experience and your general health. We'll ask you for your name and age, about your experience wiping surfaces to clean them, and about your previous use of antimicrobial or pesticide products. We will measure your height and weight, and we will ask you for your clothing sizes.

If you are accepted as a participant we will ask you to report to one of the three field study locations at a certain day and time, and we'll give you a map with directions to the study location.

We will call you the day before your scheduled test day to confirm your availability. We'll also ask you to be sure to take a shower or a bath before coming to the study location.

Study Procedures

The study itself will take about 4 to 6 hours on one day. During that time you will change into special clothing for the test and get fitted with a device to sample the air you breathe, then you'll be asked to wipe a mixture of walls and table tops with a dilute solution of SANI-CARE LEMON QUAT for 30 to 120 minutes, and finally you'll give the special clothing to the research team and change back into your own clothes. Here's exactly what will happen on the study day.

- 1. On the day of the study you will go to the study location at the time you've been told, and meet the researchers.
- 2. If you are female and less than 50 years old, you will be taken to a private area and asked to take a urine pregnancy test using an over-the-counter

pregnancy test kit. After you've taken the pregnancy test you will be asked if you still want to participate in the test. If you say no, you will be paid for your inconvenience and will be free to go. If you say yes, a female member of the research team will double-check the results of the pregnancy test. All results of the pregnancy test will be kept in confidence, they will not be recorded, and they will be discussed only with you.

- 3. Dr. Selim and the research team will review with you and the other participants what will happen, and you will have a chance to ask additional questions. We will remind you that you may change your mind about participating at any time—before or after the study begins. All you need to do is tell us that you want to withdraw from the study. There will be no penalty of any kind to you if you decide to withdraw from the study.
- 4. A same-sex member of the research team will show you to a clean, private changing area and help you get ready for the study. We will ask you to take off your street clothes down to your underwear, and then to put on cotton long underwear (long johns), and a long sleeved cotton shirt and long cotton pants. All these clothes will be provided to you. The technician may have to trim the sleeves and trousers of the long underwear so it doesn't stick out. Your street clothes and valuables will be placed in a locked storage area, and you will be given the key to keep with you.
- 5. You will be given safety glasses, and you must wear them while you are wiping the surfaces.
- 6. Before the test begins, you will wash your hands and face with Ivory soap and water, and dry them thoroughly using paper towels.
- 7. We will attach a small air sampling pump on a belt around your waist, and attach a small tube connected to the air pump to your shirt collar. This will sample the air you breathe while you're wiping. The pump is small and light—about the size of a portable radio.
- 8. We will turn on the air pump, and you will put on your safety glasses. We will give you a trigger sprayer and wipes or ready to use wipes containing the already diluted SANI-CARE LEMON QUAT solution, and ask you to start wiping the surfaces the way you normally do on your job. A researcher will watch you as you work, keeping track of how long you work and how much surfaces you wipe, and will take pictures or video.
- 9. We will give you either a trigger sprayer with fresh cleaning solution and wipes every 10 minutes, or ready to use wipes every 5 minutes, or more often if you ask for it.

- 10. After you've been wiping for 30 minutes, the researcher will rinse your hands with a solution of rubbing alcohol and water, and save the rinse solution for analysis only if you plan to eat during the break. You will then have a 10-minute rest period. You will not be permitted to smoke during this rest period, but you may eat (if you wash your hands with Ivory soap and water following eating) and are encouraged to drink lots of fluids. You can rest more often if you need. Depending on which group you are assigned to, you may be asked to continue wiping for up to 3 more 30 minute periods of wiping, for a total of 120 minutes, each followed by a 10 minute break.
- 11. When you finish wiping, a researcher of your own sex will take you back to the changing area to collect additional samples and remove the special underwear and other clothing. Samples will be collected in this order:
 - a. The air sampling pump and the sampling tube will be removed and saved for analysis.
 - b. The researcher will rinse your hands with a solution of rubbing alcohol and water for the last time, and save the rinse solution.
 - c. The researcher will wipe your face and neck with rubbing alcohol with water moistened pads, to collect any of the wipe solution that might be on your skin, and save the pads for analysis.
 - d. The researcher will help you take off the outer shirt and pants, and will save each garment for analysis.
 - e. The researcher will help you take off the long underwear, and will save it for analysis.
 - f. When all samples have been collected, you will dress again in your street clothes.
 - g. Dr. Selim will check your hands and face before you leave for redness or other signs of irritation. You will be paid for you time and trouble in cash, and will be free to go.

Risks

Potential risks to you in this study are of several different kinds:

Risk of a reaction to the test material. EPA requires that the label for the concentrated SANI-CARE LEMON QUAT product bear the signal word "Danger." Direct contact with the concentrated product could damage your eyes permanently, could irritate your skin, and could harm you if you breathe it in. But in this research you will never handle the concentrated product, since it will already be mixed with water in the sprayer or wipes that are provided to you. You will also be wearing safety glasses to keep the wiping solution out of your eyes, and long sleeves and pants to keep it off your skin. It isn't expected, but you might possibly have an allergic reaction to the wiping solution, or it might interact with medicines you are taking. If you have had an allergic reaction to a cleaning product before, or if you are taking medicine, be sure to tell the researchers before you sign this form. The risk of a reaction to the test material is low, but if you do notice any redness or itching or other discomfort, or if you think you may have gotten some of the wiping solution in your eye, stop wiping immediately and tell a researcher. A copy of the product label and the Material Safety Data Sheet (MSDS) for SANI-CARE LEMON QUAT will be given to you for reference. A person will be available to help explain these documents to you (in either English or Spanish) and to answer any questions you may have.

- Risk of over-exertion and stroke or heart attack. Wiping continually for 30 minutes is hard physical labor. If you are not in good physical condition, this much work may be dangerous to your health.
- Risk of discomfort. The air pump you will be wearing on your belt and the air hose used to sample the air you breathe may be awkward or uncomfortable for you. Wearing two layers of clothing may also be uncomfortable.
- Risk of stinging from alcohol wash and wipes. The diluted rubbing alcohol used to rinse your hands and wipe your face and neck may sting, if you have any cuts or abrasions on your hands or face.
- Because you'll be wearing two complete layers of clothing there is a small possibility that you might experience heat stress. The researchers will monitor the temperature and humidity at the test location, and will stop the study if it gets too hot to be safe. If you feel at all faint or overheated, or are sweating heavily, stop wiping and tell a member of the research team immediately.
- You may find it embarrassing to have a Risk of embarrassment. researcher present with you while you change clothes. This is necessary to make sure the special underwear fits properly, and that it and the outer clothing doesn't get dirty when the test is over. The researcher who helps you will be of your own sex, and will be the only other person with you. You will be wearing your own underwear all the time.

If you are a female, you might be surprised to learn the results of the required pregnancy test on the day of the research. No-one but you and one female researcher will know those results, and they will not be recorded.

Pregnancy Risks

We don't know the risks to the unborn from exposure to SANI-CARE LEMON QUAT, so it is important that you do NOT participate in this study if you are pregnant. That's why on the day of the test all female volunteers under 50 will be given a pregnancy test kit like ones you can buy at the drug store. A female researcher will be able to explain how to use it and answer questions. After you give yourself the test, we'll ask you if you want to continue in the study or withdraw, if you decide to withdraw, you won't be asked why. You'll be paid for the inconvenience of coming to the test location, and then you'll be free to go. If you want to continue in the study, a female researcher trained to understand the results of this pregnancy test will check the results with you privately. No-one but you and she will see the results, and they will not be recorded.

Unknown/Unforeseeable Risks

In addition to the risks listed above, there may be some other unknown or unforeseen risks associated with the use of this pesticide, including the possibility of an allergic reaction or interaction with a medication.

Research-Related Injuries

If you are injured as a result of being in this study, medical treatment will be available from a near-by health care facility that knows about this study. The people who are paying for this study will pay any costs of your medical treatment that are not covered by your own insurance or by a third party. If necessary, Golden Pacific Laboratories will transport you to receive medical attention and pay costs associated with reasonable and appropriate treatment for any injuries you get as a result of participating in this study. For more information, or if you think you may have been injured during the research, call Dr. Selim at Golden Pacific Laboratories (559 275-9091).

Alternatives to Participation

If you decide to participate in this study it will be because you want to. There will be no direct benefit to you if you do decide to participate, and no harm to you if you decide not to. The choice is up to you.

Benefits

There are no direct benefits to you from your participation. Because what we learn from this study will be used to make sure cleaning products like SANI-CARE LEMON QUAT can be used safely, you and other people who do janitorial work may benefit indirectly from the research. You may benefit if you request results from this study that let you know how your exposure compared to other workers doing your job. The people who are paying for the study will also benefit, since they need to do this study to be able to keep their cleaning products on the market.

Questions about this Study

If you have questions, you can ask them at any time-before, during, or after the study. If you have any questions or problems during the study, ask Dr. Selim or any other member of the research team.

As a research volunteer, you have rights. They are spelled out in the attached "Research Subject's Bill of Rights." If you have any questions about your rights as a research volunteer, call Kim Lerner, Chairman of the Independent Investigational Review Board, Inc. toll free at (877-888-4472) during regular working hours. The Independent Investigational Review Board is a committee established to protect the rights of research volunteers. The Independent Investigational Review Board has reviewed and approved the plans for this study and this informed consent document.

Costs and Reimbursement

There will be no cost to you to participate in this study. If you are selected to participate in the study, you will receive \$100 in cash at the end of the day of the study, or whenever you withdraw. If you are designated as an alternate subject, you will receive a payment of \$50 in cash for your inconvenience in coming to the study location.

Confidentiality

Each volunteer will be assigned an identification number, and all research data will be recorded under that number. All analysis and reporting will be done using data identified only by the identification number. Your name will appear only in the field raw data, and there only once. The document linking your name to the identification number will be stored separately, in a locked cabinet, away from all other study data. You will not be identified by name or any other personal identifier in any reports of this study.

Golden Pacific Laboratories will retain the records of this study indefinitely. You may obtain a copy of your own records by asking Dr. Selim for it. Representatives from the Sponsor (AEATF II), the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA), the California Department of Pesticide Regulation, and the Independent Investigational Review Board, Inc., may have access to all non-personal information collected in this study. Because information from this study may be released to these parties, absolute confidentiality cannot be guaranteed.

Right to Withdraw

You are free to withdraw from this study at any time, for any reason. Simply tell Dr. Selim or another member of the research team if you wish to withdraw. Your decision not to participate in this study or to withdraw from this study will not affect your future medical care and will involve no penalty or loss of benefits to which you are otherwise entitled.

Removal from Study

Dr. Selim, the Principal Investigator in charge of this study, can remove you from this study without your consent. He might do this if, for example:

- He thinks staying in the study could put you at risk,
- You fail to follow the instructions of the researchers,
- The temperature and humidity at the test site get so high it would be dangerous to continue the test, or
- The study is stopped for other reasons.

If you are removed from the study, or if the entire study is stopped, you are still entitled to compensation for your time and inconvenience.

Consent and Signature

satisfactory answers to all study as a research sul	d Consent Form in [English/Spanish]. I have received of my questions. I voluntarily consent to take part in this bject. I do not waive any legal rights by signing this shall receive a copy of this form with all signatures.
Date/Time:	
	Subject's Signature
-	Subject's Name (Print)
This Informed Consent Formy presence. I have faith the answers provided by the consent Formula in the consent Form	ersion of the IC document only, but in English] form has been explained to the volunteer named above in fully translated all questions from the volunteer and all the researchers. I believe the volunteer understands the y and voluntarily agreed to participate in the research.
Date/Time:	Translator's Signature
_	
	Translator's Name (Print)
and answered all his/he volunteer understands the happen on the day of the any reason. I have don	ormed Consent Form with the volunteer named above, or questions. I have made every effort to ensure the e purpose, risks and benefits of the research, what will test, and his/her freedom to withdraw at any time and for e this in circumstances that minimize the possibility of nace, and I believe the volunteer has made an informed pate.
Date/Time:	

Sami Selim, Ph.D.

Principal Investigator, Golden Pacific Laboratories, LLC

APPENDIX C

EXPERIMENTAL SUBJECT'S BILL OF RIGHTS

The rights below are the rights of every person who is asked to be in a research study. As an experimental subject, I have the following rights:

- To be told the purpose of the study;
- To be told what will happen to me and whether any of the procedures, 2. pesticides, or devices is different from what would be used in standard practice;
- To be told about the frequent and/or important risks, side effects, or discomforts of the things that will happen to me during the study;
- To be told if I can expect any benefit from participating, and, if so, what the benefit might be;
- To be told the alternatives to participating in the study;
- To be allowed to ask any questions concerning the study both before agreeing to be involved and during the course of the study;
- To be told what sort of medical treatment is available if any complications arise;
- To refuse to participate at all or to change my mind about participation after the study is started. This decision will not affect my status with my employer;
- To receive a copy of the signed and dated consent form; and 9.
- 10. To be free of pressure when considering whether I wish to participate in the study.

You may contact the Independent Investigational Review Board, toll free at (877) 888-IIRB (4472), if you have a question about your rights as a research subject.

If I have other questions, I should ask the Principal Investigator or Field Coordinator.

Phone contacts:

Field Coordinator, Tami Belcher: 974-5982 Principal Investigator, Sami Selim: 275-9091

APPENDIX D

SUBJECT SELF-REPORTING DEMOGRAPHIC FORM

Volunteer Name						· · -		
Street Address_				. <u> </u>				
City, State, Zip C	ode							
Telephone numb	er(s)							_
Current age		yrs		Sex	□ Male		□ Female	
Weight	···	lbs			Height		ft _	inches
Shirt size: Pant size:	□ Small □ Small	□ Medium □ Medium						
Years experience	e wiping in	door surface	s such as	walls, table	s and co	unter	tops	
How often do you	u wipe indo	oor surfaces	to clean? _		per □ we	ek 🗆	month	
		be your gene						
Check here			get your i	results from		udy c		to the lowest □ No
My signatui	re below in	dicates the ir	nformation	provided a	bove is c	orrec	t:	
Volunteer's	Signature			_		Ō)ate	

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APPENDIX E

MSDS FOR SANI-CARE LEMON QUAT



Buckeye International, Inc. 2700 Wagner Place Maryland Heights, MO 63043 314/291-1900

N. F. P. A. 4 = Extreme 3 = High 2 = Moderate

1 = Slight

0 = Insignificant

HEALTH FIRE 0 REACTIVITY

Material Safety Data Sheet

24 Hour Medical Emergency Telephone Number: 1-800-303-9441. Outside North America call: 651-632-8956. 24 Hour Transportation Emergency Telephone Number: 1-800-535-5053. Outside North America call: 352-323-3500.

PRODUCT		TIFICATION				DATE PREPARED		
PRODUCT	MAME	BUCKEYE SA	NICARE LEM	ON QUAT		April 1, 2005		
CHEMICAL						CODE		
PHIMITON		Cleaner Disinfe	ctant, Water Bas	ed		5076		
PROPER D.	······································	Cionio. District			-			
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		Disinfectant, Li	ould NOIBN					
SHIPPING I		Districture, La	quio, 2101211					
D.O.T. HAZ		None						
CLASSIFIC			D IDENTITY I	NEODMA	TION			
			DIDERTITA	PEL	T.L.V.	C.A.S. NO.		
% By WGT	By WGT MATERIAL			NE NE	NE	7173-51-5	-	
4.23	3 Blend of Didecyl Dimethyl and n-Alkyl Dimethyl Benzyl Ammoniun Chlorides		-Alkyl Chlorides	- 		8001-54-5		
		Benzyi Ammomun	Chlorines	NE	NE	7732-18-5		
>90.77	Soft Water Octyl Dimethy	L Amine Oxide		NE NE	NE	2605-78-9		
<4.0 <1.0	Perfume color	ing and additives le	ess than 1%	NA.	NA	NA		
<1.0	remaine, color	ing and additives to						
								
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ITEMS MA	RKED * ARE SARA	TITLE III SEC 313 RE	PORTABLES. ALL IN	GREDIENTS AR	E ON TSCA INVE	NTORY.	_	
ITEMS MA	rked * are sara N III - PHY	TITLE III SEC 313 RE SICAL DATA	PORTABLES. ALL IN	GREDIENTS AR	E ON TSCA INVE			
SECTIO	N III - PHY	SICAL DATA	PORTABLES. ALL IN 212°F	pH (CONC.)		7.6 ± 0.2		
SECTIO BOILING P	N III - PHY	SICAL DATA		pH (CONC.) pH (USE DIL.)	UTION) 1:64	7.6 ± 0.2 7.0 ± 0.2		
SECTIO BOILING P SOLUBILIT	OINT °F TY IN WATER	SICAL DATA	212°F	pH (CONC.) pH (USE DILI EVAPORATION)	UTION) 1:64 RATE (Water=1)	7.6 ± 0.2 7.0 ± 0.2 1.0		
SECTIO BOILING P SOLUBILIT % VOLATI	ON III - PHY OINT °F IY IN WATER LE BY WEIGHT	SICAL DATA	212°F Infinite 93.0 1.00	pH (CONC.) pH (USE DIL) evaporation PRODUCT FO	UTION) 1:64 RATE (Water=1)	7.6 ± 0.2 7.0 ± 0.2		
SECTIO BOILING P SOLUBILIT % VOLATE SPECIFIC (APPEARAN	OINT - PHY OINT F TY IN WATER LE BY WEIGHT ORAVITY NCE AND ODOR	SICAL DATA	212°F Infinite 93.0 1.00 Clear Yellow Solution	pH (CONC.) pH (USE DIL) evaporation PRODUCT FO	UTION) 1:64 RATE (Water=1)	7.6 ± 0.2 7.0 ± 0.2 1.0		
SECTIO BOILING P SOLUBILIT % VOLATE SPECIFIC (APPEARAN	OINT - PHY OINT F TY IN WATER LE BY WEIGHT ORAVITY NCE AND ODOR	Lemon, C	212°F Infinite 93.0 1.00 Clear Yellow Solution	pH (CONC.) pH (USE DIL) evaporation PRODUCT FO	UTION) 1:64 RATE (Water=1) DRM	7.6±0.2 7.0±0.2 1.0 Liquid		
SECTIO BOILING P SOLUBILIT % VOLATIO SPECIFIC C APPEARAN SECTIO	ON III - PHY OINT °F IY IN WATER LE BY WEIGHT GRAVITY NCE AND ODOR ON IV - FIR	Lemon, C	212°F Infinite 93.0 1.00 Clear Yellow Solution	pH (CONC.) pH (USE DIL.) EVAPORATION PRODUCT PO	UTION) 1:64 RATE (Water=1) DRM FLAMMAB	7.6±0.2 7.0±0.2 1.0 Liquid	NA NA	
SECTIO BOILING P SOLUBILIT % VOLATION SPECIFIC CAPPEARAN SECTIO FLASH POI EXTINGUIS	ON III - PHY OUNT °F I'Y IN WATER LE BY WEIGHT GRAVITY NCE AND ODOR IN IV - FIR INT(Test Method) SHING MEDIA	Lemon, C E AND EXPLO	212°F Infinite 93.0 1.00 Clear Yellow Solutio OSION DATA sed Cup: None! NA	pH (CONC.) pH (USE DIL.) EVAPORATION PRODUCT PO	UTION) 1:64 RATE (Water=1) DRM FLAMMAB	7.6±0.2 7.0±0.2 1.0 Liquid	NA	
SECTIO BOILING P SOLUBILIT % VOLATION SPECIFIC CAPPEARAN SECTIO FLASH POI EXTINGUIS	ON III - PHY OINT °F IY IN WATER LE BY WEIGHT GRAVITY VCE AND ODOR ON IV - FIRI INT(Test Method)	Lemon, C E AND EXPLO	212°F Infinite 93.0 1.00 Clear Yellow Solutio OSION DATA sed Cup: None! NA	pH (CONC.) pH (USE DIL.) EVAPORATION PRODUCT PO	UTION) 1:64 RATE (Water=1) DRM FLAMMAB	7.6±0.2 7.0±0.2 1.0 Liquid	NA	
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SECTIO BOILING P SOLUBILIT % VOLATI SPECIFIC C APPEARAN SECTIO FLASH POI EXTINGUI SPECIAL FIR	ON III - PHY OUNT °F I'Y IN WATER LE BY WEIGHT GRAVITY NCE AND ODOR IN IV - FIR INT(Test Method) SHING MEDIA	Lemon, CE AND EXPLO	212°F Infinite 93.0 1.00 Clear Yellow Solution SION DATA sed Cup: None! NA No	PH (CONC.) PH (USE DILL) EVAPORATION (PRODUCT ROOM) UPPER LIMIT One	UTION) 1:64 RATE (Water=1) DRM FLAMMAB T: NA bustion.	7.6±0.2 7.0±0.2 1.0 Liquid	NA NA	
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I HAZARD DATA	
INHALATION? Yes	SKIN? Yes INGESTION? No
ronic)	
-	
ye damage. Causes skin	irritation. Harmful if inhaled.
	COMA PECHI ATEDS No.
7 No IARC M	ONOGRAPHS? No OSHA REGULATED? No
REXPOSURE	
insation.	
arming sensation.	
rvnAettDE	
EXPUSURE	
OCEDURES	
notes immediately for tre	calment advice. For Eyes and Skin: In case of
or skin with plenty of Wa	ater for 15 - 20 minutes. Por innalation: wove person
thing call QII Of an and	bulance and then give antificial respiration. For ingestions
DO NOT induce vemiti	ing. Never give anything by mouth to all theoliscious person.
cosal damage may contr	aindicate the use of gastric lavage.
DR LEAK PROCE	DURES
<u> </u>	
r absorbent material. Ri	nse area with clear water and allow floor to dry
•	
	
er or send to sanitary lan	dfill, following local, state and federal laws.
AL PROTECTION	INFORMATION
	VENTILATION
splash goggles.	Normal room ventilation.
er gloves or other	RESPIRATORY PROTECTION
rvious gloves.	Avoid breathing spray mist.
thoroughly with soap a	
thoroughly with soap a	nd water after handling.
thoroughly with soap as	nd water after handling. ng and wash clothing before reuse.
thoroughly with soap at ove contaminated clothin L PRECAUTIONS	nd water after handling. ng and wash clothing before reuse.
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	ronic) ye damage. Causes skin REXPOSURE constitution. EXPOSURE OCEDURES Cotor immediately for tre or skin with plenty of wa thing, call 911 or an am DO NOT induce vomitic cosal damage may contro OR LEAK PROCE r absorbent material. Ri er or send to sanitary lam AL PROTECTION splash goggles. er gloves or other

APPENDIX F

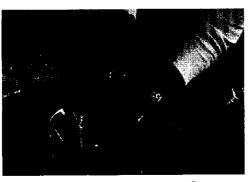
FLYER SOLICITING RESEARCH SUBJECTS

The Antimicrobial Exposure Assessment Task Force II (AEATF II) is a group of companies that make antimicrobial cleaning products, doing research to measure how much chemical gets on workers when they use antimicrobial products. We are looking for experienced janitorial workers to do their usual work and let us collect exposure data.

You are not qualified if you: To volunteer you must be: At least 18 years old, but less than 65 Are less than 18 years of age Do not have a government-issued photo Able to read and speak English or Spanish identification card In good health Understand neither English nor Spanish Male or non pregnant, non or nursing female Are not in good health Experienced and trained in using antimicrobial Work for a cleaning product manufacturer cleaning products Are a pregnant or nursing female Live in Fresno County Do not live in Fresno County

You will be asked to do the following:

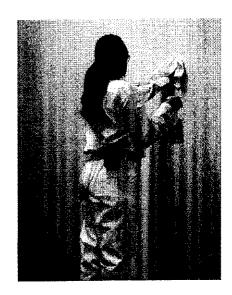
- Let us monitor you as you do your work wiping surfaces for a day using ready to use wipes or a trigger sprayer and wipes
- Sign a consent form before participating (in English or Spanish)
- Wear long underwear under cotton pants and shirt, which will be supplied to you (see pictures)
- Let us have the supplied clothes at the end of the day
- Let us wash your hands and wipe your face periodically with rubbing alcohol (see picture)
- Wear a small air sampler on your belt (see picture)





You should also know that:

- Participation is completely voluntary
- You can withdraw from the study whenever you want
- Information from the study will be used by EPA in reducing risks to janitorial workers.



If you are interested, please contact the Field Coordinator

for English:

Tami Belcher

974-5982

or for Spanish:

275-9091

They can answer any of your questions

APPENDIX G

JANITORIAL SERVICE CONTACT SCRIPT

and

SUBJECT INVITATION TO PARTICIPATE SCRIPT

For English speaking employers -

Introduction

] and I work with Grayson Research. I found your name and My name is number in the phone book -or- I was given your name and number by _ or- I saw your sign on your vehicle -or- however the janitorial business came to our attention..

My company has been hired by a group of companies who manufacture and market professional cleaning products to conduct research on a typical cleaning worker's exposure to commercially available cleaning products.

We would like to talk with professional cleaners to see if they would be interested in participating in a study which involves measuring how much product gets on their clothes and skin when cleaning surfaces using a cloth and trigger sprayer or with ready-to-use wipes.

This study would be conducted outside normal working hours and does not involve your company in any way. I am calling to ask if it would be possible to post a flyer in your place of business which mentions the study and asks anyone interested to contact us directly after working hours.

[If yes, appointment made to drop off and post the flyer]

[If no]

I understand. I can provide you with the name and number of the Principal Investigator if you have any questions you'd like to have answered before deciding.

[If still no]

I understand. Can you suggest other cleaning firms I might contact, or suggest a place I might post a flyer that would be seen by professional cleaners? [Document their response for decision if/how to follow-up by Principal Investigator] Thank you for your time.

[If express interest in further discussion/answering of questions, provide the name and telephone number of Dr. Sami Selim.]

For English speaking potential subjects - Spanish speaking potential subjects will request the person identified in the flyer as the Spanish-speaker contact

Are you calling about the cleaning study?

If yes, ask if they found out about the study by flyer or word of mouth and document response.

Ask the potential subject if he/she would like to receive information on the project.

(If yes, follow with introduction)

Introduction

] and I work with Grayson Research. We are conducting My name is [research to find out how much cleaning solution may reach your skin when you clean counters or tables and walls using a trigger sprayer and wipe or ready-to-use wipes that have the cleaning solution already in them. We will measure how much of the cleaning solution gets on the clothing you wear during the study, on your hands, face and neck, and how much is in the air you breathe while you clean the counters and walls.

The material being tested in this study is a product called SANI-CARE LEMON QUAT, a product used to clean hard surfaces like counters, floors, walls, and stainless steel.

The project itself will take about 4 to 6 hours on one day. During that time you will change into special clothing for the test and get fitted with a device to sample the air you breathe, then you'll be asked to wipe surfaces, including counters and walls, with a trigger sprayer or ready-to-use wipes for a period of time between 30 minutes and 2 hours. You will then give the special clothing to the research team and change back into your own clothes.

If you are selected to participate in the study, you will receive \$100 in cash at the end of

the day of the study. To be qualified for participation, you must show your picture identification to prove your age. You must be over 18 and under age 65 and able to read either English or Spanish.

Would you like to receive additional information on the project? (If no, thank them for their time.)

(If yes, instruct them to do the following)

If you would like to participate in the project, you will come to the offices of Golden Pacific Laboratories at 4720 W. Jennifer Ave., Suite 105, in Fresno, to meet with the Principal Investigator, Dr. Sami Selim, between the hours of 1 and 5 pm, Monday through Friday. We can make arrangements to meet with you on the weekend as well. The office is just off of Shaw Avenue behind Costco. Dr. Selim will go over the study in great detail and will answer all your questions regarding the study, and will tell you more about what to expect while participating and what is expected of you. This first visit will take about one hour. If you are interested, we can arrange a meeting time now. Would you prefer a weekday or weekend visit? What time would work best for your schedule?

Time and date of appointment will be documented.

(Note: if the potential subjects ask questions not addressed in this telephone script, inform them additional questions can be answered by Dr. Sami Selim.)

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APPENDIX H

Community Involvement Flyer

NOTICE

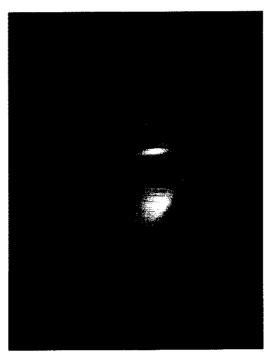
Over the next few weeks you may observe some unusual activity in the vacant building/shop next door. The American Chemistry Council will be conducting a worker exposure monitoring study. This study is being conducted with janitors from the area. While these janitors are working, they will be wearing work clothes consisting of white long-sleeved shirts and long pants, and they may be wearing what looks like MP3 players on their belts. You may also see study staff wearing white lab coats. The people involved in this study are measuring the amount of chemical exposure that janitors get when using cleaning products very similar to the ones you may use in your home or business. This project will last about one month. If you would like more information, or are concerned in any way with this project, please contact one of these individuals:

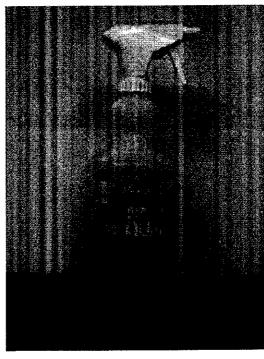
Dr. Sami Selim at Golden Pacific Laboratories (275-9100)

Dr. Has Shah at the American Chemistry Council (703 741-5637)

APPENDIX I

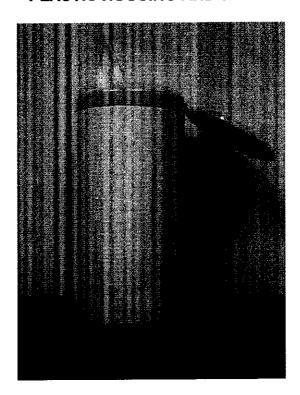
LEMON QUAT CONCENTRATE AND TRIGGER SPRAYER

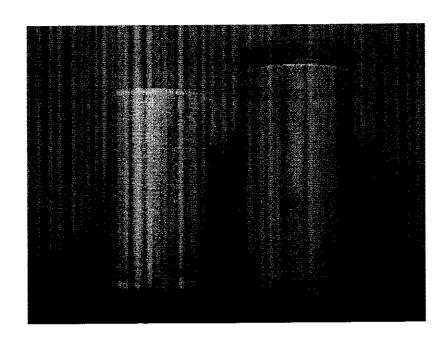




APPENDIX J

READY TO USE WIPES -PLASTIC HOUSING AND WIPES





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EPA EXECUTIVE SUMMARIES from ADBAC and DDAC REDs

APPENDIX K

Alkyl Dimethyl Benzyl Ammonium Chloride (ADBAC)

Occupational and Residential Exposure Assessment

Office of Pesticide Programs **Antimicrobials Division** U.S. Environmental Protection Agency 1801 South Bell St. Arlington, VA 22202

Date: August 1, 2006

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

This document is the Occupational and Residential Exposure Chapter of the Reregistration Eligibility Decision (RED) document for the Group II Quat Cluster. It addresses the potential risks to humans that result from the use of chemicals in this group in occupational and residential settings. The Group II Quat Cluster group consists of structurally similar quaternary ammonium compounds ("quats") that are characterized by having positively charged nitrogen covalently bonded to three alkyl group substituents and a benzyl substituent. In finished form, these quats are salts with the positively charged nitrogen (cation) balanced by a negatively charged molecule (anion). The most common anion for the quats in this cluster is chloride. However, other anions, such as saccharinate and bromide are also used. The group will be referred to as ADBAC (alkyl dimethyl benzyl ammonium chloride) in this document.

ADBAC is the active ingredient in numerous types of products. The products are mainly disinfectants and deodorants that are used in agricultural, food handling, commercial/ institutional/industrial, residential and public access, and medical settings (Use Site Categories I, II, III, IV, and V respectively). Examples of registered uses for ADBAC in these settings include application to indoor and outdoor hard surfaces (e.g., walls, floors, tables, toilets, and fixtures), eating utensils, laundry, carpets, agricultural tools and vehicles, egg shells, hands and gloves, shoes, milking equipment and udders, humidifiers, RV tanks, medical instruments, human remains, ultrasonic tanks, reverse osmosis units, and water storage tanks. There are also ADBAC-containing products that are used in residential and commercial swimming pools (Use Site Category XI), in aquatic areas (Use Site Category XII) such as decorative ponds, decorative fountains, and agricultural watering lines, and in industrial process and water systems (Use Site Category VIII) such as once-through and re-circulating cooling waters systems, cooling towers, evaporative condensers, pasteurizers, drilling muds and packer fluids, oil well injection and wastewater systems, and in pulp and paper products, water, and chemicals. Additionally, ADBAC-containing products are used for wood preservation (Use Site Category X) through non-pressure and pressure-treatment method. There are registered uses for fogging and/or air deodorization in both occupational and residential settings. Products containing ADBAC are formulated as liquid ready-to-use, soluble concentrate, pressurized liquid, and water soluble packaging. The percentage of ADBAC in the various end-use products ranges from 0.06% to 80%. Residential products such as EPA Reg. No. 10324-45 range up to 50% ADBAC for swimming pools and spas.

The durations and routes of exposure evaluated in this assessment include shortterm (ST), intermediate-term (IT), and in some instances long-term (LT) inhalation exposures, ST dermal exposures, and ST oral exposures. The inhalation endpoint (all durations) is based on an oral NOAEL of 3 mg/kg/day from a developmental toxicity study in rats. The adverse effect for this endpoint is based on clinical signs of toxicity in maternal rabbits. For the oral exposure scenarios, the ST endpoint (10 mg/kg/day) is based on adverse effects of decreased bodyweight and food consumption in a developmental toxicity study in rats. No short-term dermal endpoint for systemic effects was selected for ADBAC, since no systemic effects were identified. However, short- and intermediateterm dermal irritation endpoints were identified. The short-term endpoint was determined from a 21-day dermal toxicity in guinea pigs where a denuded non-vascularized epidermal layer was observed at 80 mg ai/kg/day. The NOAEL from this study is 20 mg ai/kg/day which is equivalent to 333 µg ai/cm². The intermediate-term dermal was determined from 90-day dermal toxicity in rats. The NOAEL from this study is 20 mg ai/kg/day which is equivalent to 80 µg ai/cm². The endpoint is the highest dose tested before irritation became significant (effect first observed at day 43). Because the effect is to the skin, a skin concentration (µg/cm²), rather then a dose (mg/kg/day) was used to assess the dermal risk concerns. No body weight is needed for the dermal irritation endpoint, since no systemic dose is calculated. Note: Although the dose of 20 mg/kg/day is the same for both dermal studies, the concentration of the skin of the animal was different in each study because of the difference in the size of the skin area dosed and the total amount of chemical applied (i.e., body weights differed). Because the toxicological endpoint for inhalation is female-specific, a body weight of 60 kilograms is used in the assessment. Antimicrobial Division's (AD) level of concern (LOC) for occupational and residential ADBAC inhalation and oral exposures is 100 (i.e., a margin of exposure (MOE) less than 100 exceeds the level of concern). The level of concern is based on 10x for interspecies extrapolation and 10x for intraspecies variation. The level of concern for the dermal route of exposure is a target MOE of 10 (i.e., 3x for interspecies extrapolation and 3x for intraspecies variation).

This occupational and residential assessment was based on examination of product labels describing uses for the product. There are many end-use products that contain ADBAC; therefore, only labels on the Master Label developed by AD and the registrants were reviewed. It has been determined that exposure to handlers can occur in a variety of occupational and residential environments. Additionally, post-application exposures are likely to occur in these settings. The representative scenarios selected by the Antimicrobials Division (AD) for assessment were evaluated using maximum application rates as stated on the product labels. The representative scenarios are believed to represent high-end uses resulting in dermal, inhalation, and incidental oral exposure.

To assess most handler risks, AD used surrogate unit exposure data from the Chemical Manufacturers Association (CMA) antimicrobial exposure study and the Pesticide Post application/bystander exposures were Handlers Exposure Database (PHED). assessed using EPA's Health Effects Division's (HED) Standard Operating Procedures (SOPs) for Residential Exposure Assessment, MCCEM (Multi-Chamber Concentration and Exposure Model), and Swim Model. Additionally, handler and post-application exposures resulting from wood preservation activities were assessed using surrogate data from the studies Measurement and Assessment of Dermal and Inhalation Exposures to Didecyl Dimethyl Ammonium Chloride (DDAC) Used in the Protection of Cut Lumber (Phase III) (Bestari et al., 1999, MRID 455243-04) and "Assessment of Potential Inhalation and Dermal Exposure Associated with Pressure Treatment of Wood with Arsenical Wood Products" (ACC, 2002a).

Residential Handler Risk Summary

Dermal

For the residential handler dermal exposure and risk assessment, dermal risks were calculated by comparing residues on the surface of the skin to the short-term dermal irritation endpoint. Residues on the surface of the skin (dermal irritation exposure) were determined using hand unit exposures from CMA/PHED adjusted for the surface area of the hand (mg/lb ai/cm²), application rates, and use amounts. The dermal MOEs were above the target MOE of 10 for all scenarios. Therefore, the risks do not exceed EPA's level of concern.

Inhalation

For the residential handler inhalation assessment, the inhalation risks were calculated by comparing the daily doses to the short-term inhalation endpoint. The inhalation MOEs were above the target MOE of 100 for all scenarios, and therefore, are not of concern.

Residential Post Application/Bystander Risk Summary

Dermal

The residential post-application dermal risks were assessed by comparing the surface residue on the skin (dermal irritation exposure) to the short-term dermal endpoint. It was assumed that during the exposure period the skin repeatedly contacts the treated surface until a steady-state concentration of residues is achieved on the skin. The shortterm endpoint was used because it was assumed that exposure to the residues is not a daily occurrence. For all of the residential scenarios, the post-application dermal MOEs were above the target MOE of 10; therefore, the risks do not exceed the level of concern.

Inhalation

For the residential post-application exposure and risk assessment, the MOEs were below the target MOE of 100 for the following scenario:

Humidifier: ST/IT 8-hr MOE = 71 for adults and 11 for children; ST/IT 24-hr MOE = 10 for adults and 4 for children

Incidental Oral

For the residential post-application incidental oral assessment, the MOEs were above the target MOE of 100 for all scenarios; therefore, the risks do not exceed AD's level of concern.

Occupational Handler Risk Summary

Dermal

ADBAC dermal irritation exposures and risks were not estimated for occupational handler exposures. Instead, dermal irritation exposures and risks will be mitigated using default personal protective equipment requirements based on the toxicity of the end-use product. To minimize dermal exposures, the minimum PPE required for mixers, loaders, and others exposed to end-use products containing concentrations of ADBAC that result in classification of category I, II, or III for skin irritation potential will be long-sleeve shirt, long pants, shoes, socks, chemical-resistant gloves, and chemical-resistant apron. Once diluted, if the concentration of ADBAC in the diluted solution would result in classification of toxicity category IV for skin irritation potential, then the chemicalresistant gloves and chemical-resistant apron can be eliminated for applicators and others exposed to the dilute. Note that chemical-resistant eyewear will be required if the end-use product is classified as category I or II for eye irritation potential.

Inhalation

For the occupational handler inhalation exposure and risk assessment, the MOEs were above the target MOE of 100 for all scenarios except for the following scenarios listed below.

Agricultural fogging (mixing and loading): ST/IT Inhalation MOE = 26

Medical premises, mopping: ST/IT Inhalation MOE = 95

Pulp and paper, liquid pump: ST/IT Inhalation MOE = 33

Once-through cooling water, metering pump: Using the average flow rate for high flow streams (153 MGD) the ST Inhalation MOE = 50 for initial applications and the IT MOE = 95 for maintenance applications; however, using the average flow rate for low flow streams (5.9 MGD) the ST Inhalation MOE = 1,300 for initial applications and the IT MOE = 2.500 for maintenance applications.

Small process water systems, liquid pour: ST/IT Inhalation MOE = 6

Wood Preservation (non-pressure treatment), blender/sprayer operator: ST/IT/LT Inhalation MOE = 84

Wood Preservation (existing homes), airless sprayer: ST/IT/LT Inhalation MOE = 17

A confirmatory inhalation toxicity study may be warranted because inhalation MOEs were below 1,000 (additional 10x uncertainty factor is considered because of the lack of an inhalation route-specific toxicological endpoint) for the following scenarios:

Agricultural - hard surfaces, wiping: ST/IT Inhalation MOE = 590, and for low pressure hand wand MOE = 380.

Food handling - hard surfaces, wiping: ST/IT Inhalation MOE = 580

Commercial/Institutional premises - hard surfaces, wiping: ST/IT Inhalation MOE = 360

Occupational Post Application/Bystander Risk Summary

Dermal

Dermal irritation exposures are assumed to be negligible for all post-application occupational scenarios, except those associated with wood preservation. As with occupational handlers, dermal irritation exposures and risks from post-application activities in a wood preservation treatment facility will be mitigated using default personal protective equipment requirements based on the toxicity of the end-use product.

Inhalation

For the inhalation post-application exposure and risk assessment, the MOEs were above the target MOE of 100 for all scenarios except for the following scenarios listed below.

The 8-hr MOE from 0 to 8 hours (immediately after Fogging in a hatchery: fogging) = 0.5; however, the 8-hr MOE from 2 to 10 hours (2 hour re-entry interval) = 1.500.

Fogging in a food processing plant: The 8-hr MOE from 2 to 10 hours (2 hour re-entry interval) = 1. The difference in the MOEs for hatcheries versus food processing plants is the assumed ventilation rate (hatcheries assigned a higher ventilation rate; refinements are warranted to the food processing plants if additional ventilation rates were available).

A confirmatory inhalation toxicity study may be warranted because the inhalation MOE was below 1,000 (additional 10x uncertainty factor is considered because of the lack of an inhalation route-specific toxicological endpoint) for the following scenario:

Non-pressure treatment wood preservation, clean-up worker: ST/IT/LT Inhalation MOE = 480

Data Limitations and Uncertainties:

There are a number of uncertainties associated with this assessment and these have been reiterated from Sections 4.2.3 (residential) and 6.4 (occupational). The data limitations and uncertainties associated with the residential handler and post-application exposure assessments include the following:

- Surrogate dermal and inhalation unit exposure values were taken from the proprietary Chemical Manufacturers Association (CMA) antimicrobial exposure study (USEPA, 1999: DP Barcode D247642) or from the Pesticide Handler Exposure Database (USEPA, 1998) (See Appendix B for summaries of these data sources). Most of the CMA data are of poor quality therefore, AD requests that confirmatory monitoring data be generated to support the values used in these assessments.
- The quantities handled/treated were estimated based on information from various sources, including HED's Standard Operating Procedures (SOPs) for Residential Exposure Assessments (USEPA 2000, and 2001). In certain cases, no standard values were available for some scenarios. Assumptions for these scenarios were based on AD estimates and could be further refined from input from registrants.
- Some labels for products which can be used by homeowners in residential settings, as well as by workers in occupational settings, indicate that low pressure sprayers can be used for application of the disinfectant to hard, non-porous surfaces such as floors and walls. A low pressure spray scenario was not assessed for the residential scenario because it is not a typical cleaning method for homeowners.
- At this time, the Agency does not have exposure data to assess oral exposures to children and adults from using treated mouthpieces and reeds; therefore, the Agency is

requesting residue data from treated mouthpieces and reeds.

- In this assessment, incidental ingestion and dermal exposures to treated wood were estimated for ADBAC using surrogate DDAC data. The degree of uncertainty (underor overestimation) associated with using the surrogate DDAC hand residue data for ADBAC dermal and oral exposure from contacting treated lumber are unknown. The amount of residue measured on the test subjects hands is variable and are influenced by the duration of exposure, how often wood is contacted, and the degree of contact (i.e., do the hand residues from the DDAC study mimic a child's play activity on decks and play sets?). A confirmatory wipe study with ADBAC and/or DDAC treated wood will need to be determined during the risk mitigation phase of the RED process.
- Available data to assess the levels of ADBAC in soil contaminated with ADBACtreated wood do not exist at this time. In addition, leaching data were also not available. Because of this data gap, EPA was not able to accurately predict dermal and incidental ingestion residential post-application exposures to soil contaminated with ADBAC-treated wood.

The data limitations and uncertainties associated with the occupational handler and postapplication exposure assessments include:

- Surrogate dermal and inhalation unit exposure values were taken from the proprietary Chemical Manufacturers Association (CMA) antimicrobial exposure study (USEPA, 1999: DP Barcode D247642) or from the Pesticide Handler Exposure Database (USEPA, 1998) (See Appendix B for summaries of these data sources). Since the CMA data are of poor quality, the Agency requests that confirmatory data be submitted to support the occupational scenarios assessed in this document.
- Unit exposures are not available for some of the specific scenarios that are prescribed for ADBAC. These scenarios include the following: open loading into oil-well/field environments and metering into once-through cooling water systems at power plants.
 - The CMA data used for oil-well uses are based on open pouring of a material preservative. Although these data are only represented by 2 replicates each, the exposure values are similar to open loading of pesticides in PHED. Furthermore, there are no representative unit exposure data for chemical metering into secondary recovery oil operations. Since the volume of water being treated in secondary recovery operations is so large, the available CMA data can not be reliably extrapolated because they are based on activities that handle much lower volumes and possibly different techniques. Therefore, it was assumed that if the open pour handling activities for the other oil well operations resulted in MOEs that are not of concern, then the MOEs for the closed system chemical metering into secondary recovery operations would also be not of concern. AD requests that confirmatory data be conducted to show that this is accurate.
 - The CMA data used for once-through cooling water systems at power plants are based on closed metering for pulp and paper. The pulp and paper unit exposures were deemed more appropriate than the cooling water tower data because of the large volume of water treated in once-through cooling water systems at power

water.

plants. However, the CMA data for pulp and paper does not reliably represent the volume of water treated and the possibly different techniques used to treat the

- For the wood preservative pressure treatment scenarios, CCA exposure data were used for lack of ADBAC-specific exposure data and for the wood preservative non-pressure treatment scenarios, DDAC exposure data were used for the lack of ADBAC-specific The assumption was made that exposure patterns for workers at treatment facilities using CCA and DDAC would be similar to exposure patterns for workers at treatment facilities using ADBAC, and therefore the exposures could be used as surrogate data for workers that treat wood with ADBAC.
- The quantities handled/treated were estimated based on information from various sources, including HED's Standard Operating Procedures (SOPs) for Residential Exposure Assessments (USEPA 2000, and 2001) and personal communication with experts. In particular, the use information for the pulp and paper processing, oil-well uses, and small process water system uses are based on personal communication with The individuals contacted have biocide manufacturers for these types of uses. experience in these operations and their estimates are believed to be the best available without undertaking a statistical survey of the uses. In certain cases, no standard values were available for some scenarios. Assumptions for these scenarios were based on AD estimates and could be further refined from input from registrants. example, the quantities handled/treated for the application of ADBAC to the surface of metal/wood cooling towers could be refined.
- The type of spray equipment to be used was not specifically mentioned on the labels for some scenarios, such as for surface sprays to metal and wood cooling water towers. Therefore, these scenarios were assessed using the PHED airless spray unit exposures, which represents high-end exposure. In these cases, the appropriate application equipment could be further refined.
- The percent active ingredient in solution for the pressure treatment of lumber needs to be refined by the registrants. The labels only provided a retention rate. For this assessment, the application rate on the master label was used, which is the same as the application rate for non-pressure treatment of lumber.

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DRAFT

Didecyl Dimethyl Ammonium Chloride (DDAC)

Occupational and Residential Exposure Assessment

Office of Pesticide Programs **Antimicrobials Division** U.S. Environmental Protection Agency 1801 South Bell St. Arlington, VA 22202

Date: August 1, 2006

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

This document is the Occupational and Residential Exposure Chapter of the Reregistration Eligibility Decision (RED) document for the Group I Quat Cluster. It addresses the potential risks to humans that result from the use of chemicals in this group in occupational and residential settings. Group I Quat Cluster is a group of structurally similar quaternary ammonium compounds ("quats") that are characterized by having a positively charged nitrogen covalently bonded to two alkyl group substituents (at least one C₈ or longer) and two methyl substituents. In finished form, these quats are salts with the positively charged nitrogen (cation) balanced by a negatively charged molecule (anion). The anion for the quats in this cluster is chloride or bromide. In this document, the Group I Quat Cluster will be referred to as DDAC (didecyl dimethyl ammonium chloride).

DDAC is the active ingredient in numerous types of products. The products are mainly disinfectants and deodorants that are used in agricultural, food handling, commercial/ institutional/industrial, residential and public access, and medical settings (Use Site Categories I, II, III, IV, and V respectively). Examples of registered uses for DDAC in these settings include application to indoor and outdoor hard surfaces (e.g., walls, floors, tables, toilets, and fixtures), eating utensils, laundry, carpets, agricultural tools and vehicles, egg shells, shoes, milking equipment and udders, humidifiers, medical instruments, human remains, ultrasonic tanks, reverse osmosis units, and water storage tanks. There are also DDAC-containing products that are used in residential and commercial swimming pools (Use Site Category XI), in aquatic areas (Use Site Category XII) such as decorative ponds and decorative fountains, and in industrial process and water systems (Use Site Category VIII) such as re-circulating cooling water systems, drilling muds and packer fluids, oil well injection and wastewater systems. Additionally, DDAC-containing products are used for wood preservation (Use Site Category X) through non-pressure and pressure-treatment methods. There are registered uses for fogging in occupational settings. Products containing DDAC are formulated as liquid ready-to-use, soluble concentrate, pressurized liquid, and water soluble packaging. The percentage of DDAC in the various end-use products ranges from 0.08% to 80% as reported in the Master Label spreadsheet (Appendix A). Residential products such as EPA Reg. No. 10324-69 range up to 50% DDAC for swimming pools and spas.

The durations and routes of exposure evaluated in this assessment include shortterm (ST), intermediate-term (IT), and in some instances long-term (LT) inhalation exposures, ST dermal exposures, and ST oral exposures. The ST inhalation endpoint and the ST oral endpoint are based on a NOAEL of 10 mg/kg/day from a prenatal developmental toxicity study in rats. The LOAEL (20 mg/kg/day) was based largely on increased incidence of skeletal variations in females. The developmental study does not indicate increased susceptibility from in utero and postnatal exposure to DDAC. The IT/LT inhalation endpoint is also based on a 10 mg/kg/day but from a chronic toxicity study in dogs. No short-term dermal endpoint for systemic effects was selected for DDAC, since no systemic effects were identified. However, a short-term dermal irritation endpoint was identified. The short-term dermal endpoint for DDAC (i.e., NOAEL of 2 mg/kg/day which is equivalent in this particular study to 8 μg/cm²) was determined from a

LOAEL of 6 mg/kg/day based on increased clinical and gross findings (erythema, edema, exfoliation, excoriation, and ulceration). A 21-day dermal toxicity study was also conducted using a 0.13% ai formulation. No short-term dermal endpoint was identified for this formulation because no irritation or systemic effects were identified up to and including the limit dose of 1,000 mg/kg/day. Intermediate- or long-term dermal irritation endpoints were not identified for DDAC. Because the effect to the skin is a localized skin irritation, a skin concentration (µg/cm²) of exposure, rather then a dose (mg/kg/day) was used to assess the dermal risk concerns. No body weight is needed for the dermal irritation endpoint, since no systemic dose is calculated. Since the toxicological endpoint for inhalation is female-specific, a body weight of 60 kilograms is used in the assessment. This represents the body weight of an adult female. They Agency's level of concern (LOC) for occupational and residential DDAC inhalation and oral exposures is 100 (i.e., a margin of exposure (MOE) less than 100 exceeds the level of concern). The level of concern is based on 10x for interspecies extrapolation and 10x for intraspecies variation. The level of concern for the dermal route of exposure using dermal irritation as an endpoint is a target MOE of 10 (i.e., 3x for interspecies extrapolation and 3x for intraspecies variation).

The dermal and inhalation margins of exposure were not combined for the DDAC risk assessment because the toxicity endpoints for the dermal and inhalation routes of exposure are based on different toxicological effects. No cancer endpoint was identified; therefore, cancer risks are not assessed.

This occupational and residential assessment was based on examination of product labels describing uses for the product. There are many end-use products that contain DDAC; therefore, only labels on the Master Label developed by AD and the registrants were reviewed. It has been determined that exposure to handlers can occur in a variety of occupational and residential environments. Additionally, post-application exposures are The representative scenarios selected by the likely to occur in these settings. Antimicrobials Division (AD) for assessment were evaluated using maximum application The representative scenarios are believed to rates as stated on the product labels. represent high-end uses resulting in dermal, inhalation, and incidental oral exposures.

To assess most handler risks, AD used surrogate unit exposure data from the Chemical Manufacturers Association (CMA) antimicrobial exposure study and the Postapplication/bystander exposures Pesticide Handlers Exposure Database (PHED). were assessed using EPA's Health Effects Division's (HED) Standard Operating Procedures (SOPs) for Residential Exposure Assessment, MCCEM (Multi-Chamber Concentration and Exposure Model), and Swim Model. Additionally, handler and postapplication exposures resulting from wood preservation activities were assessed using surrogate data from the studies Measurement and Assessment of Dermal and Inhalation Exposures to Didecyl Dimethyl Ammonium Chloride (DDAC) Used in the Protection of Cut Lumber (Phase III) (Bestari et al., 1999, MRID 455243-04) and "Assessment of Potential Inhalation and Dermal Exposure Associated with Pressure Treatment of Wood with Arsenical Wood Products" (ACC, 2002a).

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Residential Handler Risk Summary

Dermal

For the residential handler dermal exposure and risk assessment, dermal risks were calculated by comparing residues on the surface of the skin to the short-term dermal irritation endpoints. Residues on the surface of the skin (dermal irritation exposure) were determined using hand unit exposures from CMA and/or PHED adjusted for the surface area of the hand (mg/lb ai/cm²), application rates, and use amounts. The dermal MOEs were below the target MOE of 10 only for the carpet spray application and at the maximum application rate for the mopping and wiping.

Inhalation

For the residential handler inhalation assessment, the inhalation risks were calculated by comparing the daily doses to the short-term inhalation endpoint. The inhalation MOEs were above the target MOE of 100 for all scenarios.

Residential Post-Application/Bystander Risk Summary

Dermal

The residential post-application dermal risks were assessed by comparing the surface residue on the skin (dermal skin irritation exposure) to the short-term dermal endpoint. It was assumed that during the exposure period the skin repeatedly contacts the treated surface until a steady-state concentration of residues is achieved on the skin. For residential scenarios, the post-application dermal MOEs were above the target MOE of 10 for the laundered clothing (assuming 1% residue transfer) and hard surface and carpet dermal contact but below the target MOE for the following:

- Wearing clothes treated with a <u>fabric spray</u>: ST dermal MOE = less than or equal to 1 using a 100% clothing to skin transfer factor and the MOE is 8 using a 5% clothing to skin transfer factor.
- There are no wipe data available to assess the children's dermal contact to treated decks and/or play sets. Based on hand measurements of workers at the treatment plants, dermal MOEs range from 3 to 13 with considerable uncertainties, and therefore, a wipe study is warranted.

Inhalation

For the residential post-application inhalation exposure and risk assessment, the MOEs were below the target MOE of 100 for the following scenario:

Humidifier: ST/IT 8-hr Inhalation MOE = 27 for adults and 8 for children; ST/IT
 24-hr Inhalation MOE = 11 for adults and 5 for children

Incidental Oral

For the residential post-application incidental oral assessment, the MOEs were above the target MOE of 100 for all scenarios.

Occupational Handler Risk Summary

Dermal

DDAC dermal irritation exposures and risks were not estimated for occupational handler exposures. Instead, dermal irritation exposures and risks will be mitigated using default personal protective equipment requirements based on the toxicity of the end-use product. To minimize dermal exposures, the minimum PPE required for mixers, loaders, and others exposed to end-use products containing concentrations of DDAC that result in classification of category I, II, or III for skin irritation potential will be long-sleeve shirt, long pants, shoes, socks, chemical-resistant gloves, and chemical-resistant apron. Once diluted, if the concentration of DDAC in the diluted solution would result in classification of toxicity category IV for skin irritation potential, then the chemical-resistant gloves and chemical-resistant apron can be eliminated for applicators and others exposed to the dilute. Note that chemical-resistant eyewear will be required if the end-use product is classified as category I or II for eye irritation potential.

Inhalation

For the occupational handler inhalation exposure and risk assessment, the MOEs were above the target MOE of 100 for all scenarios.

A confirmatory inhalation toxicity study may be warranted because inhalation MOEs were below 1,000 for the following scenarios:

- Small process water systems, liquid pour: ST/IT Inhalation MOE = 130
- Agricultural fogging, mixing and loading: ST/IT Inhalation MOE = 110
- Medical premises, mopping: ST/IT Inhalation MOE = 280
- Wood Preservation (non-pressure treatment), blender/sprayer: ST/IT/LT Inhalation MOE = 280

Occupational Post-Application/Bystander Risk Summary

Dermal

Dermal irritation exposures are assumed to be negligible for all post-application occupational scenarios, except those associated with wood preservation. As with occupational handlers, dermal irritation exposures and risks from post-application activities in a wood preservation treatment facility will be mitigated using default personal protective equipment requirements based on the toxicity of the end-use product. For construction workers handling treated wood the MOEs range from 3 to 13 shortly after application.

Inhalation

For the occupational inhalation post-application exposure and risk assessment, the MOEs were above the target MOE of 100 for all scenarios except for the following scenarios listed below.

Fogging in a food processing plant: The 8-hr MOE from 2 to 10 hours (2 hour reentry interval) = 8.

A confirmatory inhalation toxicity study may be warranted because the inhalation MOE was below 1,000 (additional 10x uncertainty factor is considered because of the lack of an inhalation route-specific toxicological endpoint) for the following scenarios:

- The 8-hr MOE from 0 to 8 hours (entering immediately Fogging in a hatchery: after fogging) = 120.
- Non-pressure treatment wood preservation, clean-up worker: ST/IT/LT Inhalation MOE = 990

Data Limitations and Uncertainties:

There are a number of uncertainties associated with this assessment and these have been reiterated from Sections 4.2.3 (residential) and 6.4 (occupational) respectively.

The data limitations and uncertainties associated with the residential handler and post-application exposure assessments include the following:

- Surrogate dermal and inhalation unit exposure values were taken from the proprietary Chemical Manufacturers Association (CMA) antimicrobial exposure study (USEPA, 1999: DP Barcode D247642) or from the Pesticide Handler Exposure Database (USEPA, 1998) (See Appendix B for summaries of these data sources). Most of the CMA data are of poor quality therefore, AD requests that confirmatory monitoring data be generated to support the values used in these assessments.
- The quantities handled/treated were estimated based on information from various sources, including HED's Standard Operating Procedures (SOPs) for Residential Exposure Assessments (USEPA 2000 and 2001). In certain cases, no standard values were available for some scenarios. Assumptions for these scenarios were based on AD estimates and could be further refined from input from registrants.
- Some labels for products which can be used by homeowners in residential settings, as well as by workers in occupational settings, indicate that low pressure sprayers can be used for application of the disinfectant to hard, non-porous surfaces such as floors and walls. A low pressure spray scenario was not assessed for the residential scenario because it is not a typical cleaning method for homeowners.
- In this assessment, incidental ingestion and dermal exposures to treated wood were estimated using DDAC data from an occupational exposure study. The degree of uncertainty (under- or overestimation) associated with using the DDAC hand residue data for dermal and oral exposure from contacting treated lumber are unknown. The amount of residue measured on the test subjects hands is variable and are influenced by the duration of exposure, how often wood is contacted, and the degree of contact (i.e., do the hand residues from the DDAC study mimic a child's play activity on decks and playsets?). A wipe study on treated wood is needed to refine these estimates.

 Available data to assess the levels of DDAC in soil contaminated with DDAC-treated wood do not exist at this time. In addition, leaching data were also not available. Because of this data gap, EPA was not able to accurately predict dermal and incidental ingestion residential post-application exposures to soil contaminated with DDACtreated wood.

The data limitations and uncertainties associated with the occupational handler and post-application exposure assessments include:

- Surrogate dermal and inhalation unit exposure values were taken from the proprietary Chemical Manufacturers Association (CMA) antimicrobial exposure study (USEPA, 1999: DP Barcode D247642) or from the Pesticide Handler Exposure Database (USEPA, 1998) (See Appendix B for summaries of these data sources). Since the CMA data are of poor quality, the Agency requests that confirmatory data be submitted to support the occupational scenarios assessed in this document.
- Unit exposures are not available for some of the specific scenarios that are prescribed for DDAC, including open loading into oil-well/field environments
 - The CMA data used for oil-well uses are based on open pouring of a material preservative. Although these data are only represented by 2 replicates each, the exposure values are similar to open loading of pesticides in PHED. Furthermore, there are no representative unit exposure data for chemical metering into secondary recovery oil operations. Since the volume of water being treated in secondary recovery operations is so large, the available CMA data can not be reliably extrapolated because they are based on activities that handle much lower volumes and possibly different techniques. Therefore, it was assumed that if the open pour handling activities for the other oil well operations resulted in MOEs that are not of concern, then the MOEs for the closed system chemical metering into secondary recovery operations would also be not of concern. AD requests that confirmatory data be conducted to show that this is accurate.
- For the wood preservative pressure treatment scenarios, CCA exposure data were used for lack of DDAC-specific exposure data. Limitations and uncertainties associated with the use of these data include:
 - The assumption was made that exposure patterns for workers at treatment facilities using CCA would be similar to exposure patterns for workers at treatment facilities using DDAC, and therefore the exposures could be used as surrogate data for workers that treat wood with DDAC.
 - For environmental modeling, it was assumed that the leaching process from the DDAC treated wood would be similar to that of CCA. However, due to the lack of real data for DDAC -treated wood, it is not possible to verify this assumption.
- The quantities handled/treated were estimated based on information from various sources, including HED's Standard Operating Procedures (SOPs) for Residential Exposure Assessments (USEPA 2000 and 2001) and personal communication with experts. In particular, the use information for oil-well uses and cooling water tower uses are based on personal communication with biocide manufacturers for these types of uses. The individuals contacted have experience in these operations and their

estimates are believed to be the best available without undertaking a statistical survey of the uses. In certain cases, no standard values were available for some scenarios. Assumptions for these scenarios were based on AD estimates and could be further refined from input from registrants.

The percent active ingredient in solution for the pressure treatment of lumber needs to be refined by the registrant. The labels only provided a retention rate. For this assessment, the application rate on the master label was used, which is the same as the application rate for non-pressure treatment of lumber.

APPENDIX L

FIELD SAMPLE IDENTIFICATION CODES

AEATF II Project ID: AEA02 GPL Study 070264 Property of AEATF II AEATF II VOL 4 Secondary Documentation: Wiping App Scenarios & Study Protocol 25Feb08

Field Sample Identification Codes

Sample ID Number	<u>Description</u>
AEA02-WS-01-ID-LA AEA02-WS-01-ID-UA AEA02-WS-01-ID-FT AEA02-WS-01-ID-RT AEA02-WS-01-ID-LL AEA02-WS-01-ID-UL	Wipe worker sample, rep 01, inner dosimeter, lower arms Wipe worker sample, rep 01, inner dosimeter, upper arms Wipe worker sample, rep 01, inner dosimeter, front torso Wipe worker sample, rep 01, inner dosimeter, rear torso Wipe worker sample, rep 01, inner dosimeter, lower legs Wipe worker sample, rep 01, inner dosimeter, upper legs
AEA02-WS-01-OD-LA AEA02-WS-01-OD-UA AEA02-WS-01-OD-FT AEA02-WS-01-OD-RT AEA02-WS-01-OD-LL AEA02-WS-01-OD-UL	Wipe worker sample, rep 01, outer dosimeter, lower arms Wipe worker sample, rep 01, outer dosimeter, upper arms Wipe worker sample, rep 01, outer dosimeter, front torso Wipe worker sample, rep 01, outer dosimeter, rear torso Wipe worker sample, rep 01, outer dosimeter, lower legs Wipe worker sample, rep 01, outer dosimeter, upper legs
AEA02-WS-01-AR-01 AEA02-WS-01-FW-01 AEA02-WS-01-HW-01 AEA02-WS-01-HW-02 AEA02-WS-01-HW-03 AEA02-WS-01-HW-04 AEA02-WS-01-HW-FR	Wipe worker sample, rep 01, air sampling tube Wipe worker sample, rep 01, face/neck wipes Wipe worker sample, rep 01, 1st interim hand wash Wipe worker sample, rep 01, 2nd interim hand wash Wipe worker sample, rep 01, 3nd interim hand wash Wipe worker sample, rep 01, 4th interim hand wash Wipe worker sample, rep 01, final hand wash
AEA02-WS-01-DM-01 AEA02-WS-01-DM-02 AEA02-WS-01-DM-03 AEA02-WS-01-DM-04 AEA02-WS-01-DM-05 AEA02-WS-01-DM-06 AEA02-WS-01-RW-01 AEA02-WS-01-RW-02	Wipe worker sample, rep 01, 1 st diluted material aliquot Wipe worker sample, rep 01, 2 nd diluted material aliquot Wipe worker sample, rep 01, 3 rd diluted material aliquot Wipe worker sample, rep 01, 4 th diluted material aliquot Wipe worker sample, rep 01, 5 th diluted material aliquot Wipe worker sample, rep 01, 6 th diluted material aliquot Ready to use wipe sample, rep 01, 1 st sample Ready to use wipe sample, rep 01, 2 nd sample
AEA02-WS-02-ID-LA AEA02-WS-02-ID-UA AEA02-WS-02-ID-FT AEA02-WS-02-ID-RT AEA02-WS-02-ID-LL AEA02-WS-02-ID-UL	Wipe worker sample, rep 02, inner dosimeter, lower arms Wipe worker sample, rep 02, inner dosimeter, upper arms Wipe worker sample, rep 02, inner dosimeter, front torso Wipe worker sample, rep 02, inner dosimeter, rear torso Wipe worker sample, rep 02, inner dosimeter, lower legs Wipe worker sample, rep 02, inner dosimeter, upper legs
AEA02-WS-02-OD-LA AEA02-WS-02-OD-UA AEA02-WS-02-OD-FT AEA02-WS-02-OD-RT AEA02-WS-02-OD-LL AEA02-WS-02-OD-UL	Wipe worker sample, rep 02, outer dosimeter, lower arms Wipe worker sample, rep 02, outer dosimeter, upper arms Wipe worker sample, rep 02, outer dosimeter, front torso Wipe worker sample, rep 02, outer dosimeter, rear torso Wipe worker sample, rep 02, outer dosimeter, lower legs Wipe worker sample, rep 02, outer dosimeter, upper legs Wipe worker sample, rep 02, air sampling tube

Sample ID Number	<u>Description</u>
AEA02-WS-02-FW-01 AEA02-WS-02-HW-01 AEA02-WS-02-HW-02	Wipe worker sample, rep 02, face/neck wipes Wipe worker sample, rep 02, 1 st interim hand wash Wipe worker sample, rep 02, 2 nd interim hand wash
AEA02-WS-02-HW-03	Wipe worker sample, rep 02, 3 rd interim hand wash
AEA02-WS-02-HW-04 AEA02-WS-02-HW-FR	Wipe worker sample, rep 02, 4 th interim hand wash Wipe worker sample, rep 02, final hand wash
AEA02-WS-02-DM-01 AEA02-WS-02-DM-02	Wipe worker sample, rep 02, 1 st diluted material aliquot Wipe worker sample, rep 02, 2 nd diluted material aliquot
AEA02-WS-02-DM-03	Wipe worker sample, rep 02, 3 rd diluted material aliquot
AEA02-WS-02-DM-04 AEA02-WS-02-DM-05	Wipe worker sample, rep 02, 4 th diluted material aliquot Wipe worker sample, rep 02, 5 th diluted material aliquot
AEA02-WS-02-DM-06	Wipe worker sample, rep 02, 6th diluted material aliquot
AEA02-WS-02-RW-01	Ready to use wipe sample, rep 02, 1 st sample Ready to use wipe sample, rep 02, 2 nd sample
AEA02-WS-02-RW-02	Ready to use wipe sample, rep 02, 2 sample
AEA02-WS-03-ID-LA	Wipe worker sample, rep 03, inner dosimeter, lower arms
AEA02-WS-03-ID-UA AEA02-WS-03-ID-FT	Wipe worker sample, rep 03, inner dosimeter, upper arms Wipe worker sample, rep 03, inner dosimeter, front torso
AEA02-WS-03-ID-RT	Wipe worker sample, rep 03, inner dosimeter, rear torso
AEA02-WS-03-ID-LL	Wipe worker sample, rep 03, inner dosimeter, lower legs
AEA02-WS-03-ID-UL	Wipe worker sample, rep 03, inner dosimeter, upper legs
AEA02-WS-03-OD-LA	Wipe worker sample, rep 03, outer dosimeter, lower arms
AEA02-WS-03-OD-UA AEA02-WS-03-OD-FT	Wipe worker sample, rep 03, outer dosimeter, upper arms Wipe worker sample, rep 03, outer dosimeter, front torso
AEA02-WS-03-OD-RT	Wipe worker sample, rep 03, outer dosimeter, rear torso
AEA02-WS-03-OD-LL	Wipe worker sample, rep 03, outer dosimeter, lower legs
AEA02-WS-03-OD-UL	Wipe worker sample, rep 03, outer dosimeter, upper legs
AEA02-WS-03-AR-01	Wipe worker sample, rep 03 air sampling tube
AEA02-WS-03-FW-01 AEA02-WS-03-HW-01	Wipe worker sample, rep 03, face/neck wipes Wipe worker sample, rep 03, 1 st interim hand wash
AEA02-WS-03-HW-02	Wipe worker sample, rep 03, 1 litterim hand wash
AEA02-WS-03-HW-03	Wipe worker sample, rep 03, 3 rd interim hand wash
AEA02-WS-03-HW-04 AEA02-WS-03-HW-FR	Wipe worker sample, rep 03, 4 th interim hand wash Wipe worker sample, rep 03, final hand wash
ALA02-110-03-1111-111	wipe worker sample, rep 05, ilital hand wash
AEA02-WS-03-DM-01	Wipe worker sample, rep 03, 1 st diluted material aliquot
AEA02-WS-03-DM-02 AEA02-WS-03-DM-03	Wipe worker sample, rep 03, 2 nd diluted material aliquot Wipe worker sample, rep 03, 3 rd diluted material aliquot
AEA02-WS-03-DM-04	Wipe worker sample, rep 03, 4" diluted material aliquot
AEA02-WS-03-DM-05	Wipe worker sample, rep 03, 5" diluted material aliquot
AEA02-WS-03-DM-06 AEA02-WS-03-RW-01	Wipe worker sample, rep 03, 6 th diluted material aliquot Ready to use wipe sample, rep 03, 1 st sample
AEA02-WS-03-RW-02	Ready to use wipe sample, rep 03, 2 nd sample

Sample ID Number	<u>Description</u>
AEA02-WS-04-ID-LA	Wipe worker sample, rep 04, inner dosimeter, lower arms
AEA02-WS-04-ID-UA	Wipe worker sample, rep 04, inner dosimeter, upper arms
AEA02-WS-04-ID-FT	Wipe worker sample, rep 04, inner dosimeter, front torso
AEA02-WS-04-ID-RT	Wipe worker sample, rep 04, inner dosimeter, rear torso
AEA02-WS-04-ID-LL	Wipe worker sample, rep 04, inner dosimeter, lower legs
AEA02-WS-04-ID-UL	Wipe worker sample, rep 04, inner dosimeter, upper legs
AEA02-WS-04-AR-01	Wipe worker sample, rep 04, air sampling tube
AEA02-WS-04-FW-01	Wipe worker sample, rep 04, face/neck wipes
AEA02-WS-04-HW-01	Wipe worker sample, rep 04, 1st interim hand wash
AEA02-WS-04-HW-02	Wipe worker sample, rep 04, 2 nd interim hand wash
AEA02-WS-04-HW-03	Wipe worker sample, rep 04, 3 rd interim hand wash
AEA02-WS-04-HW-04	Wipe worker sample, rep 04, 4th interim hand wash
AEA02-WS-04-HW-FR	Wipe worker sample, rep 04, final hand wash
AEA02-WS-04-DM-01	Wipe worker sample, rep 04, 1st diluted material aliquot
AEA02-WS-04-DM-02	Wipe worker sample, rep 04, 2 nd diluted material aliquot
AEA02-WS-04-DM-03	Wipe worker sample, rep 04, 3rd diluted material aliquot
AEA02-WS-04-DM-04	Wipe worker sample, rep 04, 4th diluted material aliquot
AEA02-WS-04-DM-05	Wipe worker sample, rep 04, 5th diluted material aliquot
AEA02-WS-04-DM-06	Wipe worker sample, rep 04, 6th diluted material aliquot
AEA02-WS-04-RW-01	Ready to use wipe sample, rep 04, 1st sample
AEA02-WS-04-RW-02	Ready to use wipe sample, rep 04, 2 nd sample
AEA02-WS-05-ID-LA	Wipe worker sample, rep 05, inner dosimeter, lower arms
AEA02-WS-05-ID-UA	Wipe worker sample, rep 05, inner dosimeter, upper arms
AEA02-WS-05-ID-FT	Wipe worker sample, rep 05, inner dosimeter, front torso
AEA02-WS-05-ID-RT	Wipe worker sample, rep 05, inner dosimeter, rear torso
AEA02-WS-05-ID-LL	Wipe worker sample, rep 05, inner dosimeter, lower legs
AEA02-WS-05-ID-UL	Wipe worker sample, rep 05, inner dosimeter, upper legs
AEA02-WS-05-OD-LA	Wipe worker sample, rep 05, outer dosimeter, lower arms
AEA02-WS-05-OD-UA	Wipe worker sample, rep 05, outer dosimeter, upper arms
AEA02-WS-05-OD-FT	Wipe worker sample, rep 05, outer dosimeter, front torso
AEA02-WS-05-OD-RT	Wipe worker sample, rep 05, outer dosimeter, rear torso
AEA02-WS-05-OD-LL	Wipe worker sample, rep 05, outer dosimeter, lower legs
AEA02-WS-05-OD-UL	Wipe worker sample, rep 05, outer dosimeter, upper legs
AEA02-WS-05-AR-01	Wipe worker sample, rep 05, air sampling tube
AEA02-WS-05-FW-01	Wipe worker sample, rep 05, face/neck wipes
AEA02-WS-05-HW-01	Wipe worker sample, rep 05, 1st interim hand wash
AEA02-WS-05-HW-02	Wipe worker sample, rep 05, 2 nd interim hand wash
AEA02-WS-05-HW-03	Wipe worker sample, rep 05, 3rd interim hand wash
AEA02-WS-05-HW-04	Wipe worker sample, rep 05, 4th interim hand wash
AEA02-WS-05-HW-FR	Wipe worker sample, rep 05, final hand wash

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Sample ID Number	Description
AEA02-WS-05-DM-01	Wipe worker sample, rep 05, 1 st diluted material aliquot
AEA02-WS-05-DM-02	Wipe worker sample, rep 05, 2 nd diluted material aliquot
AEA02-WS-05-DM-03	Wipe worker sample, rep 05, 3 rd diluted material aliquot
AEA02-WS-05-DM-04	Wipe worker sample, rep 05, 4 th diluted material aliquot
AEA02-WS-05-DM-05	Wipe worker sample, rep 05, 5 th diluted material aliquot
AEA02-WS-05-DM-06	Wipe worker sample, rep 05, 6 th diluted material aliquot
AEA02-WS-05-RW-01	Ready to use wipe sample, rep 05, 1 st sample
AEA02-WS-05-RW-02	Ready to use wipe sample, rep 05, 1 sample Ready to use wipe sample, rep 05, 2 nd sample
AEAU2-VV3-U3-KVV-U2	Ready to use wipe sample, rep 05, 2 sample
AEA02-WS-06-ID-LA	Wipe worker sample, rep 06, inner dosimeter, lower arms
AEA02-WS-06-ID-UA	Wipe worker sample, rep 06, inner dosimeter, upper arms
AEA02-WS-06-ID-FT	Wipe worker sample, rep 06, inner dosimeter, front torso
AEA02-WS-06-ID-RT	Wipe worker sample, rep 06, inner dosimeter, rear torso
AEA02-WS-06-ID-LL	Wipe worker sample, rep 06, inner dosimeter, lower legs
AEA02-WS-06-ID-UL	Wipe worker sample, rep 06, inner dosimeter, upper legs
ALA02-440-00-1D 0L	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
AEA02-WS-06-OD-LA	Wipe worker sample, rep 06, outer dosimeter, lower arms
AEA02-WS-06-OD-UA	Wipe worker sample, rep 06, outer dosimeter, upper arms
AEA02-WS-06-OD-FT	Wipe worker sample, rep 06, outer dosimeter, front torso
AEA02-WS-06-OD-RT	Wipe worker sample, rep 06, outer dosimeter, rear torso
AEA02-WS-06-OD-LL	Wipe worker sample, rep 06, outer dosimeter, lower legs
AEA02-WS-06-OD-UL	Wipe worker sample, rep 06, outer dosimeter, upper legs
, 12/102 110 00 00 0	
AEA02-WS-06-AR-01	Wipe worker sample, rep 06, air sampling tube
AEA02-WS-06-FW-01	Wipe worker sample, rep 06, face/neck wipes
AEA02-WS-06-HW-01	Wipe worker sample, rep 06, 1 st interim hand wash
AEA02-WS-06-HW-02	Wipe worker sample, rep 06, 2 nd interim hand wash
AEA02-WS-06-HW-03	Wipe worker sample, rep 06, 3 rd interim hand wash
AEA02-WS-06-HW-04	Wipe worker sample, rep 06, 4th interim hand wash
AEA02-WS-06-HW-FR	Wipe worker sample, rep 06, final hand wash
TETOE TO GO THY TH	
AEA02-WS-06-DM-01	Wipe worker sample, rep 06, 1 st diluted material aliquot
AEA02-WS-06-DM-02	Wipe worker sample, rep 06, 2 nd diluted material aliquot
AEA02-WS-06-DM-03	Wipe worker sample, rep 06, 3 rd diluted material aliquot
AEA02-WS-06-DM-04	Wipe worker sample, rep 06, 4 th diluted material aliquot
AEA02-WS-06-DM-05	Wipe worker sample, rep 06, 5 th diluted material aliquot
AEA02-WS-06-DM-06	Wipe worker sample, rep 06, 6th diluted material aliquot
AEA02-WS-06-RW-01	Ready to use wipe sample, rep 06, 1 st sample
AEA02-WS-06-RW-02	Ready to use wipe sample, rep 06, 2 nd sample
ALA02-440-00-1(44-02	ready to use wipe sample, rep oo, 2 sample
AEA02-WS-07-ID-LA	Wipe worker sample, rep 07, inner dosimeter, lower arms
AEA02-WS-07-ID-UA	Wipe worker sample, rep 07, inner dosimeter, upper arms
AEA02-WS-07-ID-FT	Wipe worker sample, rep 07, inner dosimeter, front torso
AEA02-WS-07-ID-RT	Wipe worker sample, rep 07, inner dosimeter, rear torso
AEA02-WS-07-ID-LL	Wipe worker sample, rep 07, inner dosimeter, lower legs
AEA02-WS-07-ID-UL	Wipe worker sample, rep 07, inner dosimeter, upper legs
7F405-61-10-0F	Tripe worker sample, rep or, inner dosineter, apper legs

Sample ID Number	<u>Description</u>
AEA02-WS-07-OD-LA	Wipe worker sample, rep 07, outer dosimeter, lower arms
AEA02-WS-07-OD-UA	Wipe worker sample, rep 07, outer dosimeter, upper arms
AEA02-WS-07-OD-FT	Wipe worker sample, rep 07, outer dosimeter, front torso
AEA02-WS-07-OD-RT	Wipe worker sample, rep 07, outer dosimeter, rear torso
AEA02-WS-07-OD-LL	Wipe worker sample, rep 07, outer dosimeter, lower legs
AEA02-WS-07-OD-UL	Wipe worker sample, rep 07, outer dosimeter, lower legs Wipe worker sample, rep 07, outer dosimeter, upper legs
AEAU2-995-07-0D-0L	Wipe worker sample, rep or, outer dosimeter, upper legs
AEA02-WS-07-AR-01	Wipe worker sample, rep 07, air sampling tube
AEA02-WS-07-FW-01	Wipe worker sample, rep 07, face/neck wipes
AEA02-WS-07-HW-01	Wipe worker sample, rep 07, 1st interim hand wash
AEA02-WS-07-HW-02	Wipe worker sample, rep 07, 2 nd interim hand wash
AEA02-WS-07-HW-03	Wipe worker sample, rep 07, 3 rd interim hand wash
AEA02-WS-07-HW-04	Wipe worker sample, rep 07, 4 th interim hand wash
AEA02-WS-07-HW-FR	Wipe worker sample, rep 07, final hand wash
AEAUZ-VV3-U1-11VV-11V	wipe worker sample, rep or, illiar hand wash
AEA02-WS-07-DM-01	Wipe worker sample, rep 07, 1st diluted material aliquot
AEA02-WS-07-DM-02	Wipe worker sample, rep 07, 2 nd diluted material aliquot
AEA02-WS-07-DM-03	Wipe worker sample, rep 07, 3 rd diluted material aliquot
AEA02-WS-07-DM-04	Wipe worker sample, rep 07, 4th diluted material aliquot
AEA02-WS-07-DM-05	Wipe worker sample, rep 07, 5 th diluted material aliquot
AEA02-WS-07-DM-06	Wipe worker sample, rep 07, 6 th diluted material aliquot
AEA02-WS-07-RW-01	Ready to use wipe sample, rep 07, 1 st sample
AEA02-WS-07-RW-02	Ready to use wipe sample, rep 07, 1 sample Ready to use wipe sample, rep 07, 2 nd sample
AEAU2-993-U7-R99-U2	Ready to use wipe sample, rep 07, 2 sample
AEA02-WS-08-ID-LA	Wipe worker sample, rep 08, inner dosimeter, lower arms
AEA02-WS-08-ID-UA	Wipe worker sample, rep 08, inner dosimeter, upper arms
AEA02-WS-08-ID-FT	Wipe worker sample, rep 08, inner dosimeter, front torso
AEA02-WS-08-ID-RT	Wipe worker sample, rep 08, inner dosimeter, rear torso
AEA02-WS08-ID-LL	Wipe worker sample, rep 08, inner dosimeter, lower legs
AEA02-WS-08-ID-UL	Wipe worker sample, rep 08, inner dosimeter, upper legs
ALA02-140-00-1D-01	Tripo Worker Gampie, rep 66, miles decimeter, apper rege
AEA02-WS-08-OD-LA	Wipe worker sample, rep 08, outer dosimeter, lower arms
AEA02-WS-08-OD-UA	Wipe worker sample, rep 08, outer dosimeter, upper arms
AEA02-WS-08-OD-FT	Wipe worker sample, rep 08, outer dosimeter, front torso
AEA02-WS-08-OD-RT	Wipe worker sample, rep 08, outer dosimeter, rear torso
AEA02-WS-08-OD-LL	Wipe worker sample, rep 08, outer dosimeter, lower legs
AEA02-WS-08-OD-UL	Wipe worker sample, rep 08, outer dosimeter, upper legs
712702 110 00 05 02	Tripo nome: campio, rep co, cate. commeter, appearing
AEA02-WS-08-AR-01	Wipe worker sample, rep 08, air sampling tube
AEA02-WS-08-FW-01	Wipe worker sample, rep 08, face/neck wipes
AEA02-WS-08-HW-01	Wipe worker sample, rep 08, 1st interim hand wash
AEA02-WS-08-HW-02	Wipe worker sample, rep 08, 2 nd interim hand wash
AEA02-WS-08-HW-03	Wipe worker sample, rep 08, 3rd interim hand wash
AEA02-WS-08-HW-04	Wipe worker sample, rep 08, 4 th interim hand wash
AEA02-WS-08-HW-FR	Wipe worker sample, rep 08, final hand wash
ALAUZ-440-00-1144-111	Tripo monder dampio, rop do, illiama nama madi

Sample ID Number	Description
AEA02-WS-08-DM-01	Wipe worker sample, rep 08, 1 st diluted material aliquot
AEA02-WS-08-DM-02	Wipe worker sample, rep 08, 2 nd diluted material aliquot
AEA02-WS-08-DM-03	Wipe worker sample, rep 08, 3 rd diluted material aliquot
AEA02-WS-08-DM-04	Wipe worker sample, rep 08, 4th diluted material aliquot
AEA02-WS-08-DM-05	Wipe worker sample, rep 08, 5 th diluted material aliquot
AEA02-WS-08-DM-06	Wipe worker sample, rep 08, 6th diluted material aliquot
AEA02-WS-08-RW-01	Ready to use wipe sample, rep 08, 1 st sample
AEA02-WS-08-RW-02	Ready to use wipe sample, rep 08, 2 nd sample
AEA02-WS-09-ID-LA	Wipe worker sample, rep 09, inner dosimeter, lower arms
AEA02-WS-09-ID-UA	Wipe worker sample, rep 09, inner dosimeter, upper arms
AEA02-WS-09-ID-FT	Wipe worker sample, rep 09, inner dosimeter, front torso
AEA02-WS-09-ID-RT	Wipe worker sample, rep 09, inner dosimeter, rear torso
AEA02-WS-09-ID-LL	Wipe worker sample, rep 09, inner dosimeter, lower legs
AEA02-WS-09-ID-UL	Wipe worker sample, rep 09, inner dosimeter, upper legs
AEA02-WS-09-OD-LA	Wipe worker sample, rep 09, outer dosimeter, lower arms
AEA02-WS-09-OD-UA	Wipe worker sample, rep 09, outer dosimeter, upper arms
AEA02-WS-09-OD-FT	Wipe worker sample, rep 09, outer dosimeter, front torso
AEA02-WS-09-OD-RT	Wipe worker sample, rep 09, outer dosimeter, rear torso
AEA02-WS-09-OD-LL	Wipe worker sample, rep 09, outer dosimeter, lower legs
AEA02-WS-09-OD-UL	Wipe worker sample, rep 09, outer dosimeter, upper legs
AEA02-WS-09-AR-01	Wipe worker sample, rep 09, air sampling tube
AEA02-WS-09-FW-01	Wipe worker sample, rep 09, face/neck wipes
AEA02-WS-09-HW-01	Wipe worker sample, rep 09, 1 st interim hand wash
AEA02-WS-09-HW-02	Wipe worker sample, rep 09, 2 nd interim hand wash
AEA02-WS-09-HW-03	Wipe worker sample, rep 09, 3 rd interim hand wash
AEA02-WS-09-HW-04	Wipe worker sample, rep 09, 4 th interim hand wash
AEA02-WS-09-HW-FR	Wipe worker sample, rep 09, final hand wash
AEA02-WS-09-DM-01	Wipe worker sample, rep 09, 1 st diluted material aliquot
AEA02-WS-09-DM-02	Wipe worker sample, rep 09, 2 nd diluted material aliquot
AEA02-WS-09-DM-03	Wipe worker sample, rep 09, 3 rd diluted material aliquot
AEA02-WS-09-DM-04	Wipe worker sample, rep 09, 4" diluted material aliquot
AEA02-WS-09-DM-05	Wipe worker sample, rep 09, 5 th diluted material aliquot
AEA02-WS-09-DM-06	Wipe worker sample, rep 09, 6 th diluted material aliquot
AEA02-WS-09-RW-01	Ready to use wipe sample, rep 09, 1 st sample aliquot
AEA02-WS-09-RW-02	Ready to use wipe sample, rep 09, 2 nd sample aliquot
AEA02-WS-10-ID-LA	Wipe worker sample, rep 10, inner dosimeter, lower arms
AEA02-WS-10-ID-UA	Wipe worker sample, rep 10, inner dosimeter, upper arms
AEA02-WS-10-ID-FT	Wipe worker sample, rep 10, inner dosimeter, front torso
AEA02-WS-10-ID-RT	Wipe worker sample, rep 10, inner dosimeter, rear torso
AEA02-WS-10-ID-LL	Wipe worker sample, rep 10, inner dosimeter, lower legs
AEA02-WS-10-ID-UL	Wipe worker sample, rep 10, inner dosimeter, upper legs

Sample ID Number	<u>Description</u>
AEA02-WS-10-OD-LA AEA02-WS-10-OD-UA AEA02-WS-10-OD-FT	Wipe worker sample, rep 10, outer dosimeter, lower arms Wipe worker sample, rep 10, outer dosimeter, upper arms Wipe worker sample, rep 10, outer dosimeter, front torso
AEA02-WS-10-OD-RT AEA02-WS-10-OD-LL	Wipe worker sample, rep 10, outer dosimeter, rear torso Wipe worker sample, rep 10, outer dosimeter, lower legs
AEA02-WS-10-OD-UL	Wipe worker sample, rep 10, outer dosimeter, upper legs
AEA02-WS-10-AR-01 AEA02-WS-10-FW-01	Wipe worker sample, rep 10, air sampling tube Wipe worker sample, rep 10, face/neck wipes
AEA02-WS-10-HW-01	Wipe worker sample, rep 10, 1 st interim hand wash
AEA02-WS-10-HW-02 AEA02-WS-10-HW-03	Wipe worker sample, rep 10, 2 nd interim hand wash Wipe worker sample, rep 10, 3 rd interim hand wash
AEA02-WS-10-HW-04	Wipe worker sample, rep 10, 4 th interim hand wash
AEA02-WS-10-HW-FR	Wipe worker sample, rep 10, final hand wash
AEA02-WS-10-DM-01 AEA02-WS-10-DM-02	Wipe worker sample, rep 10, 1 st diluted material aliquot Wipe worker sample, rep 10, 2 nd diluted material aliquot
AEA02-WS-10-DM-03	Wipe worker sample, rep 10, 2 diluted material aliquot Wipe worker sample, rep 10, 3 rd diluted material aliquot
AEA02-WS-10-DM-04	Wipe worker sample, rep 10, 4th diluted material aliquot
AEA02-WS-10-DM-05	Wipe worker sample, rep 10, 5 th diluted material aliquot
AEA02-WS-10-DM-06	Wipe worker sample, rep 10, 6 th diluted material aliquot
AEA02-WS-10-RW-01	Ready to use wipe sample, rep 10, 1 st sample
AEA02-WS-10-RW-02	Ready to use wipe sample, rep 10, 2 nd sample
AEA02-WS-11-ID-LA	Wipe worker sample, rep 11, inner dosimeter, lower arms
AEA02-WS-11-ID-UA	Wipe worker sample, rep 11, inner dosimeter, upper arms
AEA02-WS-11-ID-FT AEA02-WS-11-ID-RT	Wipe worker sample, rep 11, inner dosimeter, front torso Wipe worker sample, rep 11, inner dosimeter, rear torso
AEA02-WS-11-ID-K1	Wipe worker sample, rep 11, inner dosimeter, lower legs
AEA02-WS-11-ID-UL	Wipe worker sample, rep 11, inner dosimeter, upper legs
AEA02-WS-11-OD-LA AEA02-WS-11-OD-UA	Wipe worker sample, rep 11, outer dosimeter, lower arms Wipe worker sample, rep 11, outer dosimeter, upper arms
AEA02-WS-11-OD-FT	Wipe worker sample, rep 11, outer dosimeter, front torso
AEA02-WS-11-OD-RT	Wipe worker sample, rep 11, outer dosimeter, rear torso
AEA02-WS-11-OD-LL	Wipe worker sample, rep 11, outer dosimeter, lower legs
AEA02-WS-11-OD-UL	Wipe worker sample, rep 11, outer dosimeter, upper legs
AEA02-WS-11-AR-01	Wipe worker sample, rep 11, air sampling tube
AEA02-WS-11-FW-01	Wipe worker sample, rep 11, face/neck wipes
AEA02-WS-11-HW-01	Wipe worker sample, rep 11, 1 st interim hand wash Wipe worker sample, rep 11, 2 nd interim hand wash
AEA02-WS-11-HW-02 AEA02-WS-11-HW-03	Wipe worker sample, rep 11, 2 interim hand wash
AEA02-WS-11-HW-04	Wipe worker sample, rep 11, 4 th interim hand wash
AEA02-WS-11-HW-FR	Wipe worker sample, rep 11, 4 Interim hand wash
	and a manual secule of radio and more mental and and

Sample ID Number	<u>Description</u>
AEA02-WS-11-DM-01 AEA02-WS-11-DM-02 AEA02-WS-11-DM-03 AEA02-WS-11-DM-04 AEA02-WS-11-DM-05 AEA02-WS-11-DM-06 AEA02-WS-11-RW-01 AEA02-WS-11-RW-02	Wipe worker sample, rep 11, 1 st diluted material aliquot Wipe worker sample, rep 11, 2 nd diluted material aliquot Wipe worker sample, rep 11, 3 rd diluted material aliquot Wipe worker sample, rep 11, 4 th diluted material aliquot Wipe worker sample, rep 11, 5 th diluted material aliquot Wipe worker sample, rep 11, 6 th diluted material aliquot Ready to use wipe sample, rep 11, 1 st sample Ready to use wipe sample, rep 11, 2 nd sample
AEA02-WS-12-ID-LA AEA02-WS-12-ID-UA AEA02-WS-12-ID-FT AEA02-WS-12-ID-RT AEA02-WS-12-ID-LL AEA02-WS-12-ID-UL	Wipe worker sample, rep 12, inner dosimeter, lower arms Wipe worker sample, rep 12, inner dosimeter, upper arms Wipe worker sample, rep 12, inner dosimeter, front torso Wipe worker sample, rep 12, inner dosimeter, rear torso Wipe worker sample, rep 12, inner dosimeter, lower legs Wipe worker sample, rep 12, inner dosimeter, upper legs
AEA02-WS-12-OD-LA AEA02-WS-12-OD-UA AEA02-WS-12-OD-FT AEA02-WS-12-OD-RT AEA02-WS-12-OD-LL AEA02-WS-12-OD-UL	Wipe worker sample, rep 12, outer dosimeter, lower arms Wipe worker sample, rep 12, outer dosimeter, upper arms Wipe worker sample, rep 12, outer dosimeter, front torso Wipe worker sample, rep 12, outer dosimeter, rear torso Wipe worker sample, rep 12, outer dosimeter, lower legs Wipe worker sample, rep 12, outer dosimeter, upper legs
AEA02-WS-12-AR-01 AEA02-WS-12-FW-01 AEA02-WS-12-HW-01 AEA02-WS-12-HW-02 AEA02-WS-12-HW-03 AEA02-WS-12-HW-04 AEA02-WS-12-HW-FR	Wipe worker sample, rep 12, air sampling tube Wipe worker sample, rep 12, face/neck wipes Wipe worker sample, rep 12, 1st interim hand wash Wipe worker sample, rep 12, 2nd interim hand wash Wipe worker sample, rep 12, 3nd interim hand wash Wipe worker sample, rep 12, 4th interim hand wash Wipe worker sample, rep 12, final hand wash
AEA02-WS-12-DM-01 AEA02-WS-12-DM-02 AEA02-WS-12-DM-03 AEA02-WS-12-DM-04 AEA02-WS-12-DM-05 AEA02-WS-12-DM-06 AEA02-WS-12-RW-01 AEA02-WS-12-RW-02	Wipe worker sample, rep 12, 1 st diluted material aliquot Wipe worker sample, rep 12, 2 nd diluted material aliquot Wipe worker sample, rep 12, 3 rd diluted material aliquot Wipe worker sample, rep 12, 4 th diluted material aliquot Wipe worker sample, rep 12, 5 th diluted material aliquot Wipe worker sample, rep 12, 6 th diluted material aliquot Ready to use wipe sample, rep 12, 1 st sample Ready to use wipe sample, rep 12, 2 nd sample
AEA02-WS-13-ID-LA AEA02-WS-13-ID-UA AEA02-WS-13-ID-FT AEA02-WS-13-ID-RT AEA02-WS-13-ID-LL AEA02-WS-13-ID-UL	Wipe worker sample, rep 13, inner dosimeter, lower arms Wipe worker sample, rep 13, inner dosimeter, upper arms Wipe worker sample, rep 13, inner dosimeter, front torso Wipe worker sample, rep 13, inner dosimeter, rear torso Wipe worker sample, rep 13, inner dosimeter, lower legs Wipe worker sample, rep 13, inner dosimeter, upper legs

Sample ID Number	Description
AEA02-WS-13-OD-LA	Wipe worker sample, rep 13, outer dosimeter, lower arms
AEA02-WS-13-OD-UA	Wipe worker sample, rep 13, outer dosimeter, upper arms
AEA02-WS-13-OD-FT	Wipe worker sample, rep 13, outer dosimeter, front torso
AEA02-WS-13-OD-RT	Wipe worker sample, rep 13, outer dosimeter, rear torso
AEA02-WS-13-OD-LL	Wipe worker sample, rep 13, outer dosimeter, lower legs
AEA02-WS-13-OD-UL	Wipe worker sample, rep 13, outer dosimeter, upper legs
AEA02-WS-13-AR-01	Wipe worker sample, rep 13, air sampling tube
AEA02-WS-13-FW-01	Wipe worker sample, rep 13, face/neck wipes
AEA02-WS-13-HW-01	Wipe worker sample, rep 13, 1 st interim hand wash
AEA02-WS-13-HW-02	Wipe worker sample, rep 13, 2 nd interim hand wash
AEA02-WS-13-HW-03	Wipe worker sample, rep 13, 3 rd interim hand wash
AEA02-WS-13-HW-04	Wipe worker sample, rep 13, 4th interim hand wash
AEA02-WS-13-HW-FR	Wipe worker sample, rep 13, final hand wash
AEA02-WS-13-DM-01	Wipe worker sample, rep 13, 1 st diluted material aliquot
AEA02-WS-13-DM-02	Wipe worker sample, rep 13, 2 nd diluted material aliquot
AEA02-WS-13-DM-03	Wipe worker sample, rep 13, 3 rd diluted material aliquot
AEA02-WS-13-DM-04	Wipe worker sample, rep 13, 4 th diluted material aliquot
AEA02-WS-13-DM-05	Wipe worker sample, rep 13, 5 th diluted material aliquot
AEA02-WS-13-DM-06	Wipe worker sample, rep 13, 6 th diluted material aliquot
AEA02-WS-13-RW-01	Ready to use wipe sample, rep 13, 1st sample aliquot
AEA02-WS-13-RW-02	Ready to use wipe sample, rep 13, 2 nd sample
AEA02-WS-14-ID-LA	Wipe worker sample, rep 14, inner dosimeter, lower arms
AEA02-WS-14-ID-UA	Wipe worker sample, rep 14, inner dosimeter, upper arms
AEA02-WS-14-ID-FT	Wipe worker sample, rep 14, inner dosimeter, front torso
AEA02-WS-14-ID-RT	Wipe worker sample, rep 14, inner dosimeter, rear torso
AEA02-WS-14-ID-LL	Wipe worker sample, rep 14, inner dosimeter, lower legs
AEA02-WS-14-ID-UL	Wipe worker sample, rep 14, inner dosimeter, upper legs
AEA02-WS-14-OD-LA	Wipe worker sample, rep 14, outer dosimeter, lower arms
AEA02-WS-14-OD-UA	Wipe worker sample, rep 14, outer dosimeter, upper arms
AEA02-WS-14-OD-FT	Wipe worker sample, rep 14, outer dosimeter, front torso
AEA02-WS-14-OD-RT	Wipe worker sample, rep 14, outer dosimeter, rear torso
AEA02-WS-14-OD-LL	Wipe worker sample, rep 14, outer dosimeter, lower legs
AEA02-WS-14-OD-UL	Wipe worker sample, rep 14, outer dosimeter, upper legs
AEA02-WS-14-AR-01	Wipe worker sample, rep 14, air sampling tube
AEA02-WS-14-FW-01	Wipe worker sample, rep 14, face/neck wipes
AEA02-WS-14-HW-01	Wipe worker sample, rep 14, 1st interim hand wash
AEA02-WS-14-HW-02	Wipe worker sample, rep 14, 2 nd interim hand wash
AEA02-WS-14-HW-03	Wipe worker sample, rep 14, 3 rd interim hand wash
AEA02-WS-14-HW-04	Wipe worker sample, rep 14, 4 th interim hand wash
AEA02-WS-14-HW-FR	Wipe worker sample, rep 14, final hand wash

Sample ID Number	Description
AEA02-WS-14-DM-01	Wipe worker sample, rep 14, 1 st diluted material aliquot
AEA02-WS-14-DM-02	Wipe worker sample, rep 14, 2 nd diluted material aliquot
AEA02-WS-14-DM-03	Wipe worker sample, rep 14, 3 rd diluted material aliquot
AEA02-WS-14-DM-04	Wipe worker sample, rep 14, 4 th diluted material aliquot
AEA02-WS-14-DM-05	Wipe worker sample, rep 14, 5 th diluted material aliquot
AEA02-WS-14-DM-06	Wipe worker sample, rep 14, 6 th diluted material aliquot
AEA02-WS-14-RW-01	Ready to use wipe sample, rep 14, 1 st sample
AEA02-WS-14-RW-02	Ready to use wipe sample, rep 14, 2 nd sample
AEA02-WS-15-ID-LA	Wipe worker sample, rep 15, inner dosimeter, lower arms
AEA02-WS-15-ID-UA	Wipe worker sample, rep 15, inner dosimeter, upper arms
AEA02-WS-15-ID-FT	Wipe worker sample, rep 15, inner dosimeter, front torso
AEA02-WS-15-ID-RT	Wipe worker sample, rep 15, inner dosimeter, rear torso
AEA02-WS-15-ID-LL	Wipe worker sample, rep 15, inner dosimeter, lower legs
AEA02-WS-15-ID-UL	Wipe worker sample, rep 15, inner dosimeter, upper legs
AEA02-WS-15-OD-LA	Wipe worker sample, rep 15, outer dosimeter, lower arms
AEA02-WS-15-OD-UA	Wipe worker sample, rep 15, outer dosimeter, upper arms
AEA02-WS-15-OD-FT	Wipe worker sample, rep 15, outer dosimeter, front torso
AEA02-WS-15-OD-RT	Wipe worker sample, rep 15, outer dosimeter, rear torso
AEA02-WS-15-OD-LL	Wipe worker sample, rep 15, outer dosimeter, lower legs
AEA02-WS-15-OD-UL	Wipe worker sample, rep 15, outer dosimeter, upper legs
AEA02-WS-15-AR-01	Wipe worker sample, rep 15, air sampling tube
AEA02-WS-15-FW-01	Wipe worker sample, rep 15, face/neck wipes
AEA02-WS-15-HW-01	Wipe worker sample, rep 15, 1 st interim hand wash
AEA02-WS-15-HW-02	Wipe worker sample, rep 15, 2 nd interim hand wash
AEA02-WS-15-HW-03	Wipe worker sample, rep 15, 3 rd interim hand wash
AEA02-WS-15-HW-04	Wipe worker sample, rep 15, 4 th interim hand wash
AEA02-WS-15-HW-FR	Wipe worker sample, rep 15, final hand wash
AEA02-WS-15-DM-01	Wipe worker sample, rep 15, 1 st diluted material aliquot
AEA02-WS-15-DM-02	Wipe worker sample, rep 15, 2 nd diluted material aliquot
AEA02-WS-15-DM-03	Wipe worker sample, rep 15, 3 rd diluted material aliquot
AEA02-WS-15-DM-04	Wipe worker sample, rep 15, 4" diluted material aliquot
AEA02-WS-15-DM-05	Wipe worker sample, rep 15, 5 th diluted material aliquot
AEA02-WS-15-DM-06	Wipe worker sample, rep 15, 6 th diluted material aliquot
AEA02-WS-15-RW-06	Ready to use wipe sample, rep 15, 1st sample
AEA02-WS-15-RW-06	Ready to use wipe sample, rep 15, 2 nd sample
AEA02-WS-16-ID-LA	Wipe worker sample, rep 16, inner dosimeter, lower arms
AEA02-WS-16-ID-UA	Wipe worker sample, rep 16, inner dosimeter, upper arms
AEA02-WS-16-ID-FT	Wipe worker sample, rep 16, inner dosimeter, front torso
AEA02-WS-16-ID-RT	Wipe worker sample, rep 16, inner dosimeter, rear torso
AEA02-WS-16-ID-LL	Wipe worker sample, rep 16, inner dosimeter, lower legs
AEA02-WS-15-ID-UL	Wipe worker sample, rep 16, inner dosimeter, upper legs

Sample ID Number	<u>Description</u>
AEA02-WS-16-OD-LA AEA02-WS-16-OD-UA AEA02-WS-16-OD-FT AEA02-WS-16-OD-RT AEA02-WS-16-OD-LL AEA02-WS-16-OD-UL	Wipe worker sample, rep 16, outer dosimeter, lower arms Wipe worker sample, rep 16, outer dosimeter, upper arms Wipe worker sample, rep 16, outer dosimeter, front torso Wipe worker sample, rep 16, outer dosimeter, rear torso Wipe worker sample, rep 16, outer dosimeter, lower legs Wipe worker sample, rep 16, outer dosimeter, upper legs
AEA02-WS-16-AR-01 AEA02-WS-16-FW-01 AEA02-WS-16-HW-01 AEA02-WS-16-HW-02 AEA02-WS-16-HW-03 AEA02-WS-16-HW-04 AEA02-WS-16-HW-FR	Wipe worker sample, rep 16, air sampling tube Wipe worker sample, rep 16, face/neck wipes Wipe worker sample, rep 16, 1 st interim hand wash Wipe worker sample, rep 16, 2 nd interim hand wash Wipe worker sample, rep 16, 3 rd interim hand wash Ready to use wipe sample, rep 16, 1 st sample Ready to use wipe sample, rep 16, 2 nd sample
AEA02-WS-16-DM-01 AEA02-WS-16-DM-02 AEA02-WS-16-DM-03 AEA02-WS-16-DM-04 AEA02-WS-16-DM-05 AEA02-WS-16-DM-06	Wipe worker sample, rep 16, 1 st diluted material aliquot Wipe worker sample, rep 16, 2 nd diluted material aliquot Wipe worker sample, rep 16, 3 rd diluted material aliquot Wipe worker sample, rep 16, 4 th diluted material aliquot Wipe worker sample, rep 16, 5 th diluted material aliquot Wipe worker sample, rep 16, 6 th diluted material aliquot
AEA02-WS-17-ID-LA AEA02-WS-17-ID-UA AEA02-WS-17-ID-FT AEA02-WS-17-ID-RT AEA02-WS-17-ID-LL AEA02-WS-17-ID-UL	Wipe worker sample, rep 17, inner dosimeter, lower arms Wipe worker sample, rep 17, inner dosimeter, upper arms Wipe worker sample, rep 17, inner dosimeter, front torso Wipe worker sample, rep 17, inner dosimeter, rear torso Wipe worker sample, rep 17, inner dosimeter, lower legs Wipe worker sample, rep 17, inner dosimeter, upper legs
AEA02-WS-17-OD-LA AEA02-WS-17-OD-UA AEA02-WS-17-OD-FT AEA02-WS-17-OD-RT AEA02-WS-17-OD-LL AEA02-WS-17-OD-UL	Wipe worker sample, rep 17, outer dosimeter, lower arms Wipe worker sample, rep 17, outer dosimeter, upper arms Wipe worker sample, rep 17, outer dosimeter, front torso Wipe worker sample, rep 17, outer dosimeter, rear torso Wipe worker sample, rep 17, outer dosimeter, lower legs Wipe worker sample, rep 17, outer dosimeter, upper legs
AEA02-WS-17-AR-01 AEA02-WS-17-FW-01 AEA02-WS-17-HW-01 AEA02-WS-17-HW-02 AEA02-WS-17-HW-03 AEA02-WS-17-HW-04 AEA02-WS-17-HW-FR	Wipe worker sample, rep 17, air sampling tube Wipe worker sample, rep 17, face/neck wipes Wipe worker sample, rep 17, 1 st interim hand wash Wipe worker sample, rep 17, 2 nd interim hand wash Wipe worker sample, rep 17, 3 rd interim hand wash Wipe worker sample, rep 17, 4 th interim hand wash Wipe worker sample, rep 17, final hand wash
AEA02-WS-17-DM-01 AEA02-WS-17-DM-02	Wipe worker sample, rep 17, 1 st diluted material aliquot Wipe worker sample, rep 17, 2 nd diluted material aliquot

Sample ID Number	<u>Description</u>
AEA02-WS-17-DM-03 AEA02-WS-17-DM-04 AEA02-WS-17-DM-05 AEA02-WS-17-DM-06 AEA02-WS-17-RW-01 AEA02-WS-17-RW-02	Wipe worker sample, rep 17, 3 rd diluted material aliquot Wipe worker sample, rep 17, 4 th diluted material aliquot Wipe worker sample, rep 17, 5 th diluted material aliquot Wipe worker sample, rep 17, 6 th diluted material aliquot Ready to use wipe sample, rep 17, 1 st sample Ready to use wipe sample, rep 17, 2 nd sample
AEA02-WS-18-ID-LA AEA02-WS-18-ID-UA AEA02-WS-18-ID-FT AEA02-WS-18-ID-RT AEA02-WS-18-ID-LL AEA02-WS-18-ID-UL	Wipe worker sample, rep 18, inner dosimeter, lower arms Wipe worker sample, rep 18, inner dosimeter, upper arms Wipe worker sample, rep 18, inner dosimeter, front torso Wipe worker sample, rep 18, inner dosimeter, rear torso Wipe worker sample, rep 18, inner dosimeter, lower legs Wipe worker sample, rep 18, inner dosimeter, upper legs
AEA02-WS-18-OD-LA AEA02-WS-18-OD-UA AEA02-WS-18-OD-FT AEA02-WS-18-OD-RT AEA02-WS-18-OD-LL AEA02-WS-18-OD-UL	Wipe worker sample, rep 18, outer dosimeter, lower arms Wipe worker sample, rep 18, outer dosimeter, upper arms Wipe worker sample, rep 18, outer dosimeter, front torso Wipe worker sample, rep 18, outer dosimeter, rear torso Wipe worker sample, rep 18, outer dosimeter, lower legs Wipe worker sample, rep 18, outer dosimeter, upper legs
AEA02-WS-18-AR-01 AEA02-WS-18-FW-01 AEA02-WS-18-HW-01 AEA02-WS-18-HW-02 AEA02-WS-18-HW-03 AEA02-WS-18-HW-04 AEA02-WS-18-HW-FR	Wipe worker sample, rep 18, air sampling tube Wipe worker sample, rep 18, face/neck wipes Wipe worker sample, rep 18, 1 st interim hand wash Wipe worker sample, rep 18, 2 nd interim hand wash Wipe worker sample, rep 18, 3 rd interim hand wash Wipe worker sample, rep 18, 4 th interim hand wash Wipe worker sample, rep 18, final hand wash
AEA02-WS-18-DM-01 AEA02-WS-18-DM-02 AEA02-WS-18-DM-03 AEA02-WS-18-DM-04 AEA02-WS-18-DM-05 AEA02-WS-18-DM-06 AEA02-WS-18-RW-01 AEA02-WS-18-RW-02	Wipe worker sample, rep 18, 1 st diluted material aliquot Wipe worker sample, rep 18, 2 nd diluted material aliquot Wipe worker sample, rep 18, 3 rd diluted material aliquot Wipe worker sample, rep 18, 4 th diluted material aliquot Wipe worker sample, rep 18, 5 th diluted material aliquot Wipe worker sample, rep 18, 6 th diluted material aliquot Ready to use wipe sample, rep 18, 1 st sample Ready to use wipe sample, rep 18, 2 nd sample
AEA02-WS-19-ID-LA AEA02-WS-19-ID-UA AEA02-WS-19-ID-FT AEA02-WS-19-ID-RT AEA02-WS-19-ID-LL AEA02-WS-19-ID-UL	Wipe worker sample, rep 19, inner dosimeter, lower arms Wipe worker sample, rep 19, inner dosimeter, upper arms Wipe worker sample, rep 19, inner dosimeter, front torso Wipe worker sample, rep 19, inner dosimeter, rear torso Wipe worker sample, rep 19, inner dosimeter, lower legs Wipe worker sample, rep 19, inner dosimeter, upper legs Wipe worker sample, rep 19, outer dosimeter, lower arms
AEMUZ-VVO-18-UD-LA	value worker sample, rep. 13, outer dosinieter, lower annis

Sample ID Number	<u>Description</u>
AEA02-WS-19-OD-UA	Wipe worker sample, rep 19, outer dosimeter, upper arms
AEA02-WS-19-OD-FT	Wipe worker sample, rep 19, outer dosimeter, front torso
AEA02-WS-19-OD-RT	Wipe worker sample, rep 19, outer dosimeter, rear torso
AEA02-WS-19-OD-LL	Wipe worker sample, rep 19, outer dosimeter, lower legs
AEA02-WS-19-OD-UL	Wipe worker sample, rep 19, outer dosimeter, upper legs
AEA02-WS-19-AR-01	Wipe worker sample, rep 19, air sampling tube
AEA02-WS-19-FW-01	Wipe worker sample, rep 19, face/neck wipes
AEA02-WS-19-HW-01	Wipe worker sample, rep 19, 1st interim hand wash
AEA02-WS-19-HW-02	Wipe worker sample, rep 19, 2 rd interim hand wash
AEA02-WS-19-HW-03 AEA02-WS-19-HW-04	Wipe worker sample, rep 19, 3 rd interim hand wash Wipe worker sample, rep 19, 4 th interim hand wash
AEA02-WS-19-HW-FR	Wipe worker sample, rep 19, 4 Interim hand wash
AEAU2-993-19-199-FR	wipe worker sample, rep 15, illia hand wash
AEA02-WS-19-DM-01	Wipe worker sample, rep 19, 1 st diluted material aliquot
AEA02-WS-19-DM-02	Wipe worker sample, rep 19, 2 nd diluted material aliquot
AEA02-WS-19-DM-03	Wipe worker sample, rep 19, 3 rd diluted material aliquot
AEA02-WS-19-DM-04	Wipe worker sample, rep 19, 4 th diluted material aliquot
AEA02-WS-19-DM-05	Wipe worker sample, rep 19, 5 th diluted material aliquot
AEA02-WS-19-DM-06	Wipe worker sample, rep 19, 6 th diluted material aliquot
AEA02-WS-19-RW-01	Ready to use wipe sample, rep 19, 1 st sample
AEA02-WS-19-RW-02	Ready to use wipe sample, rep 19, 2 nd sample
AEA02-WS-20-ID-LA	Wipe worker sample, rep 20, inner dosimeter, lower arms
AEA02-WS-20-ID-UA	Wipe worker sample, rep 20, inner dosimeter, upper arms
AEA02-WS-20-ID-FT	Wipe worker sample, rep 20, inner dosimeter, front torso
AEA02-WS-20-ID-RT	Wipe worker sample, rep 20, inner dosimeter, rear torso
AEA02-WS-20-ID-LL	Wipe worker sample, rep 20, inner dosimeter, lower legs
AEA02-WS-20-ID-UL	Wipe worker sample, rep 20, inner dosimeter, upper legs
AEA02-WS-20-OD-LA	Wipe worker sample, rep 20, outer dosimeter, lower arms
AEA02-WS-20-OD-UA	Wipe worker sample, rep 20, outer dosimeter, upper arms
AEA02-WS-20-OD-FT	Wipe worker sample, rep 20, outer dosimeter, front torso
AEA02-WS-20-OD-RT	Wipe worker sample, rep 20, outer dosimeter, rear torso
AEA02-WS-20-OD-LL	Wipe worker sample, rep 20, outer dosimeter, lower legs
AEA02-WS-20-OD-UL	Wipe worker sample, rep 20, outer dosimeter, upper legs
AEA02-WS-20-AR-01	Wipe worker sample, rep 20, air sampling tube
AEA02-WS-20-FW-01	Wipe worker sample, rep 20, face/neck wipes
AEA02-WS-20-HW-01	Wipe worker sample, rep 20, 1 st interim hand wash
AEA02-WS-20-HW-02	Wipe worker sample, rep 20, 2 nd interim hand wash
AEA02-WS-20-HW-03	Wipe worker sample, rep 20, 3 rd interim hand wash
AEA02-WS-20-HW-04	Wipe worker sample, rep 20, 4 th interim hand wash
AEA02-WS-20-HW-FR	Wipe worker sample, rep 20, final hand wash
AEA02-WS-20-DM-01	Wipe worker sample, rep 20, 1 st diluted material aliquot

Sample ID Number	<u>Description</u>
AEA02-WS-20-DM-02 AEA02-WS-20-DM-03 AEA02-WS-20-DM-04	Wipe worker sample, rep 20, 2 nd diluted material aliquot Wipe worker sample, rep 20, 3 rd diluted material aliquot Wipe worker sample, rep 20, 4 th diluted material aliquot
AEA02-WS-20-DM-04 AEA02-WS-20-DM-05 AEA02-WS-20-DM-06	Wipe worker sample, rep 20, 5 th diluted material aliquot Wipe worker sample, rep 20, 6 th diluted material aliquot
AEA02-WS-20-RW-01 AEA02-WS-20-RW-02	Ready to use wipe sample, rep 20, 1 st sample Ready to use wipe sample, rep 20, 2 nd sample
AEA02-WS-21-ID-LA	Wipe worker sample, rep 21, inner dosimeter, lower arms
AEA02-WS-21-ID-UA	Wipe worker sample, rep 21, inner dosimeter, upper arms
AEA02-WS-21-ID-FT	Wipe worker sample, rep 21, inner dosimeter, front torso
AEA02-WS-21-ID-RT	Wipe worker sample, rep 21, inner dosimeter, rear torso
AEA02-WS-21-ID-LL	Wipe worker sample, rep 21, inner dosimeter, lower legs
AEA02-WS-21-ID-UL	Wipe worker sample, rep 21, inner dosimeter, upper legs
AEA02-WS-21-OD-LA	Wipe worker sample, rep 21, outer dosimeter, lower arms
AEA02-WS-21-OD-UA	Wipe worker sample, rep 21, outer dosimeter, upper arms
AEA02-WS-21-OD-FT	Wipe worker sample, rep 21, outer dosimeter, front torso
AEA02-WS-21-OD-RT	Wipe worker sample, rep 21, outer dosimeter, rear torso
AEA02-WS-21-OD-LL	Wipe worker sample, rep 21, outer dosimeter, lower legs
AEA02-WS-21-OD-UL	Wipe worker sample, rep 21, outer dosimeter, upper legs
AEA02-WS-21-AR-01	Wipe worker sample, rep 21, air sampling tube
AEA02-WS-21-FW-01	Wipe worker sample, rep 21, face/neck wipes
AEA02-WS-21-HW-01	Wipe worker sample, rep 21, 1 st interim hand wash
AEA02-WS-21-HW-02	Wipe worker sample, rep 21, 2 nd interim hand wash
AEA02-WS-21-HW-03	Wipe worker sample, rep 21, 3rd interim hand wash
AEA02-WS-21-HW-04	Wipe worker sample, rep 21, 4 th interim hand wash
AEA02-WS-21-HW-FR	Wipe worker sample, rep 21, final hand wash
AEA02-WS-21-DM-01	Wipe worker sample, rep 21, 1 st diluted material aliquot
AEA02-WS-21-DM-02	Wipe worker sample, rep 21, 2 nd diluted material aliquot
AEA02-WS-21-DM-03	Wipe worker sample, rep 21, 3 rd diluted material aliquot
AEA02-WS-21-DM-04	Wipe worker sample, rep 21, 4th diluted material aliquot
AEA02-WS-21-DM-05	Wipe worker sample, rep 21, 5 th diluted material aliquot
AEA02-WS-21-DM-06	Wipe worker sample, rep 21, 6 th diluted material aliquot
AEA02-WS-21-RW-01	Ready to use wipe sample, rep 21, 1st sample
AEA02-WS-21-RW-02	Ready to use wipe sample, rep 21, 2 nd sample
AEA02-WS-22-ID-LA	Wipe worker sample, rep 22, inner dosimeter, lower arms
AEA02-WS-22-ID-UA	Wipe worker sample, rep 22, inner dosimeter, upper arms
AEA02-WS-22-ID-FT	Wipe worker sample, rep 22, inner dosimeter, front torso
AEA02-WS-22-ID-RT	Wipe worker sample, rep 22, inner dosimeter, rear torso
AEA02-WS-22-ID-LL	Wipe worker sample, rep 22, inner dosimeter, lower legs
AEA02-WS-22-ID-UL	Wipe worker sample, rep 22, inner dosimeter, upper legs

Sample ID Number	<u>Description</u>
AEA02-WS-22-OD-LA	Wipe worker sample, rep 22, outer dosimeter, lower arms
AEA02-WS-22-OD-UA	Wipe worker sample, rep 22, outer dosimeter, upper arms
AEA02-WS-22-OD-FT	Wipe worker sample, rep 22, outer dosimeter, front torso
AEA02-WS-22-OD-RT	Wipe worker sample, rep 22, outer dosimeter, rear torso
AEA02-WS-22-OD-LL	Wipe worker sample, rep 22, outer dosimeter, lower legs
AEA02-WS-22-OD-UL	Wipe worker sample, rep 22, outer dosimeter, upper legs
ALA02-993-22-OD-0L	wipe worker sample, rep 22, outer desirreter, upper logs
AEA02-WS-22-AR-01	Wipe worker sample, rep 22, air sampling tube
AEA02-WS-22-FW-01	Wipe worker sample, rep 22, face/neck wipes
AEA02-WS-22-HW-01	Wipe worker sample, rep 22, 1st interim hand wash
AEA02-WS-22-HW-02	Wipe worker sample, rep 22, 2 nd interim hand wash
AEA02-WS-22-HW-03	Wipe worker sample, rep 22, 3 rd interim hand wash
AEA02-WS-22-HW-04	Wipe worker sample, rep 22, 4 th interim hand wash
AEA02-WS-22-HW-FR	Wipe worker sample, rep 22, final hand wash
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AEA02-WS-22-DM-01	Wipe worker sample, rep 22, 1 st diluted material aliquot
AEA02-WS-22-DM-02	Wipe worker sample, rep 22, 2 nd diluted material aliquot
AEA02-WS-22-DM-03	Wipe worker sample, rep 22, 3 rd diluted material aliquot
AEA02-WS-22-DM-04	Wipe worker sample, rep 22, 4 th diluted material aliquot
AEA02-WS-22-DM-05	Wipe worker sample, rep 22, 5 th diluted material aliquot
AEA02-WS-22-DM-06	Wipe worker sample, rep 22, 6th diluted material aliquot
AEA02-WS-22-RW-01	Ready to use wipe sample, rep 22, 1 st sample
AEA02-WS-22-RW-02	Ready to use wipe sample, rep 22, 2 nd sample
AEAUZ-VV3-ZZ-RVV-UZ	Ready to use wipe sample, rep 22, 2 sample
AEA02-WS-23-ID-LA	Wipe worker sample, rep 23, inner dosimeter, lower arms
AEA02-WS-23-ID-UA	Wipe worker sample, rep 23, inner dosimeter, upper arms
AEA02-WS-23-ID-FT	Wipe worker sample, rep 23, inner dosimeter, front torso
AEA02-WS-23-ID-RT	Wipe worker sample, rep 23, inner dosimeter, rear torso
AEA02-WS-23-ID-LL	Wipe worker sample, rep 23, inner dosimeter, lower legs
AEA02-WS-23-ID-UL	Wipe worker sample, rep 23, inner dosimeter, upper legs
ALA02-440-20-10-01	
AEA02-WS-23-OD-LA	Wipe worker sample, rep 23, outer dosimeter, lower arms
AEA02-WS-23-OD-UA	Wipe worker sample, rep 23, outer dosimeter, upper arms
AEA02-WS-23-OD-FT	Wipe worker sample, rep 23, outer dosimeter, front torso
AEA02-WS-23-OD-RT	Wipe worker sample, rep 23, outer dosimeter, rear torso
AEA02-WS-23-OD-LL	Wipe worker sample, rep 23, outer dosimeter, lower legs
AEA02-WS-23-OD-UL	Wipe worker sample, rep 23, outer dosimeter, upper legs
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AEA02-WS-23-AR-01	Wipe worker sample, rep 23, air sampling tube
AEA02-WS-23-FW-01	Wipe worker sample, rep 23, face/neck wipes
AEA02-WS-23-HW-01	Wipe worker sample, rep 23, 1st interim hand wash
AEA02-WS-23-HW-02	Wipe worker sample, rep 23, 2 nd interim hand wash
AEA02-WS-23-HW-03	Wipe worker sample, rep 23, 3 rd interim hand wash
AEA02-WS-23-HW-04	Wipe worker sample, rep 23, 4th interim hand wash
AEA02-WS-23-HW-FR	Wipe worker sample, rep 23, final hand wash
ALAUZ-440-20-1144-111	Tripe worker sample, top 20, illiar hand wash

Sample ID Number	Description
AEA02-WS-23-DM-01 AEA02-WS-23-DM-02 AEA02-WS-23-DM-03 AEA02-WS-23-DM-04 AEA02-WS-23-DM-05 AEA02-WS-23-DM-06 AEA02-WS-23-RW-01 AEA02-WS-23-RW-02	Wipe worker sample, rep 23, 1 st diluted material aliquot Wipe worker sample, rep 23, 2 nd diluted material aliquot Wipe worker sample, rep 23, 3 rd diluted material aliquot Wipe worker sample, rep 23, 4 th diluted material aliquot Wipe worker sample, rep 23, 5 th diluted material aliquot Wipe worker sample, rep 23, 6 th diluted material aliquot Ready to use wipe sample, rep 23, 1 st sample Ready to use wipe sample, rep 23, 2 nd sample
AEA02-WS-24-ID-LA AEA02-WS-24-ID-UA AEA02-WS-24-ID-FT AEA02-WS-24-ID-RT AEA02-WS-24-ID-LL AEA02-WS-24-ID-UL	Wipe worker sample, rep 24, inner dosimeter, lower arms Wipe worker sample, rep 24, inner dosimeter, upper arms Wipe worker sample, rep 24, inner dosimeter, front torso Wipe worker sample, rep 24, inner dosimeter, rear torso Wipe worker sample, rep 24, inner dosimeter, lower legs Wipe worker sample, rep 24, inner dosimeter, upper legs
AEA02-WS-24-OD-LA AEA02-WS-24-OD-UA AEA02-WS-24-OD-FT AEA02-WS-24-OD-RT AEA02-WS-24-OD-LL AEA02-WS-24-OD-UL	Wipe worker sample, rep 24, outer dosimeter, lower arms Wipe worker sample, rep 24, outer dosimeter, upper arms Wipe worker sample, rep 24, outer dosimeter, front torso Wipe worker sample, rep 24, outer dosimeter, rear torso Wipe worker sample, rep 24, outer dosimeter, lower legs Wipe worker sample, rep 24, outer dosimeter, upper legs
AEA02-WS-24-AR-01 AEA02-WS-24-FW-01 AEA02-WS-24-HW-01 AEA02-WS-24-HW-02 AEA02-WS-24-HW-03 AEA02-WS-24-HW-04 AEA02-WS-24-HW-FR	Wipe worker sample, rep 24, air sampling tube Wipe worker sample, rep 24, face/neck wipes Wipe worker sample, rep 24, 1 st interim hand wash Wipe worker sample, rep 24, 2 nd interim hand wash Wipe worker sample, rep 24, 3 rd interim hand wash Wipe worker sample, rep 24, 4 th interim hand wash Wipe worker sample, rep 24, final hand wash
AEA02-WS-24-DM-01 AEA02-WS-24-DM-02 AEA02-WS-24-DM-03 AEA02-WS-24-DM-04 AEA02-WS-24-DM-05 AEA02-WS-24-DM-06 AEA02-WS-24-RW-01 AEA02-WS-24-RW-02	Wipe worker sample, rep 24, 1 st diluted material aliquot Wipe worker sample, rep 24, 2 nd diluted material aliquot Wipe worker sample, rep 24, 3 rd diluted material aliquot Wipe worker sample, rep 24, 4 th diluted material aliquot Wipe worker sample, rep 24, 5 th diluted material aliquot Wipe worker sample, rep 24, 6 th diluted material aliquot Ready to use wipe sample, rep 24, 1 st sample Ready to use wipe sample, rep 24, 2 nd sample
AEA02-WS-25-ID-LA AEA02-WS-25-ID-UA AEA02-WS-25-ID-FT AEA02-WS-25-ID-RT AEA02-WS-25-ID-LL AEA02-WS-25-ID-UL	Wipe worker sample, rep 25, inner dosimeter, lower arms Wipe worker sample, rep 25, inner dosimeter, upper arms Wipe worker sample, rep 25, inner dosimeter, front torso Wipe worker sample, rep 25, inner dosimeter, rear torso Wipe worker sample, rep 25, inner dosimeter, lower legs Wipe worker sample, rep 25, inner dosimeter, upper legs

Sample ID Number	<u>Description</u>
AEA02-WS-25-OD-LA	Wipe worker sample, rep 25, outer dosimeter, lower arms
AEA02-WS-25-OD-UA	Wipe worker sample, rep 25, outer dosimeter, upper arms
AEA02-WS-25-OD-FT	Wipe worker sample, rep 25, outer dosimeter, front torso
AEA02-WS-25-OD-RT	Wipe worker sample, rep 25, outer dosimeter, rear torso
AEA02-WS-25-OD-LL	Wipe worker sample, rep 25, outer dosimeter, lower legs
AEA02-WS-25-OD-UL	Wipe worker sample, rep 25, outer dosimeter, upper legs
AEA02-WS-25-AR-01	Wipe worker sample, rep 25, air sampling tube
AEA02-WS-25-FW-01	Wipe worker sample, rep 25, face/neck wipes
AEA02-WS-25-HW-01	Wipe worker sample, rep 25, 1 st interim hand wash
AEA02-WS-25-HW-02	Wipe worker sample, rep 25, 2 nd interim hand wash
AEA02-WS-25-HW-03	Wipe worker sample, rep 25, 3 rd interim hand wash
AEA02-WS-25-HW-04	Wipe worker sample, rep 25, 4 th interim hand wash
AEA02-WS-25-HW-FR	Wipe worker sample, rep 25, final hand wash
AEA02-WS-25-DM-01	Wipe worker sample, rep 25, 1 st diluted material aliquot
AEA02-WS-25-DM-02	Wipe worker sample, rep 25, 2 nd diluted material aliquot
AEA02-WS-25-DM-03	Wipe worker sample, rep 25, 3 rd diluted material aliquot
AEA02-WS-25-DM-04	Wipe worker sample, rep 25, 4 th diluted material aliquot
AEA02-WS-25-DM-05	Wipe worker sample, rep 25, 5 th diluted material aliquot
AEA02-WS-25-DM-06	Wipe worker sample, rep 25, 6 th diluted material aliquot
AEA02-WS-25-RW-01	Ready to use wipe sample, rep 25, 1 st sample
AEA02-WS-25-RW-02	Ready to use wipe sample, rep 25, 2 nd sample
AEA02-WS-26-ID-LA	Wipe worker sample, rep 26, inner dosimeter, lower arms
AEA02-WS-26-ID-UA	Wipe worker sample, rep 26, inner dosimeter, upper arms
AEA02-WS-26-ID-FT	Wipe worker sample, rep 26, inner dosimeter, front torso
AEA02-WS-26-ID-RT	Wipe worker sample, rep 26, inner dosimeter, rear torso
AEA02-WS-26-ID-LL	Wipe worker sample, rep 26, inner dosimeter, lower legs
AEA02-WS-26-ID-UL	Wipe worker sample, rep 26, inner dosimeter, upper legs
AEA02-WS-26-OD-LA	Wipe worker sample, rep 26, outer dosimeter, lower arms
AEA02-WS-26-OD-UA	Wipe worker sample, rep 26, outer dosimeter, upper arms
AEA02-W\$-26-OD-FT	Wipe worker sample, rep 26, outer dosimeter, front torso
AEA02-WS-26-OD-RT	Wipe worker sample, rep 26, outer dosimeter, rear torso
AEA02-WS-26-OD-LL	Wipe worker sample, rep 26, outer dosimeter, lower legs
AEA02-WS-26-OD-UL	Wipe worker sample, rep 26, outer dosimeter, upper legs
AEA02-WS-26-AR-01	Wipe worker sample, rep 26, air sampling tube
AEA02-WS-26-FW-01	Wipe worker sample, rep 26, face/neck wipes
AEA02-WS-26-HW-01	Wipe worker sample, rep 26, 1st interim hand wash
AEA02-WS-26-HW-02	Wipe worker sample, rep 26, 2 nd interim hand wash
AEA02-WS-26-HW-03	Wipe worker sample, rep 26, 3 rd interim hand wash
AEA02-WS-26-HW-04	Wipe worker sample, rep 26, 4 th interim hand wash
AEA02-WS-26-HW-FR	Wipe worker sample, rep 26, final hand wash

Sample ID Number	Description
AEA02-WS-26-DM-01 AEA02-WS-26-DM-02 AEA02-WS-26-DM-03 AEA02-WS-26-DM-04 AEA02-WS-26-DM-05 AEA02-WS-26-DM-06 AEA02-WS-26-RW-01 AEA02-WS-26-RW-02	Wipe worker sample, rep 26, 1 st diluted material aliquot Wipe worker sample, rep 26, 2 nd diluted material aliquot Wipe worker sample, rep 26, 3 rd diluted material aliquot Wipe worker sample, rep 26, 4 th diluted material aliquot Wipe worker sample, rep 26, 5 th diluted material aliquot Wipe worker sample, rep 26, 6 th diluted material aliquot Ready to use wipe sample, rep 26, 1 st sample Ready to use wipe sample, rep 26, 2 nd sample
AEA02-WS-27-ID-LA AEA02-WS-27-ID-UA AEA02-WS-27-ID-FT AEA02-WS-27-ID-RT AEA02-WS-27-ID-LL AEA02-WS-27-ID-UL	Wipe worker sample, rep 27, inner dosimeter, lower arms Wipe worker sample, rep 27, inner dosimeter, upper arms Wipe worker sample, rep 27, inner dosimeter, front torso Wipe worker sample, rep 27, inner dosimeter, rear torso Wipe worker sample, rep 27, inner dosimeter, lower legs Wipe worker sample, rep 27, inner dosimeter, upper legs
AEA02-WS-27-OD-LA AEA02-WS-27-OD-UA AEA02-WS-27-OD-FT AEA02-WS-27-OD-RT AEA02-WS-27-OD-LL AEA02-WS-27-OD-UL	Wipe worker sample, rep 27, outer dosimeter, lower arms Wipe worker sample, rep 27, outer dosimeter, upper arms Wipe worker sample, rep 27, outer dosimeter, front torso Wipe worker sample, rep 27, outer dosimeter, rear torso Wipe worker sample, rep 27, outer dosimeter, lower legs Wipe worker sample, rep 27, outer dosimeter, upper legs
AEA02-WS-27-AR-01 AEA02-WS-27-FW-01 AEA02-WS-27-HW-01 AEA02-WS-27-HW-02 AEA02-WS-27-HW-03 AEA02-WS-27-HW-04 AEA02-WS-27-HW-FR	Wipe worker sample, rep 27, air sampling tube Wipe worker sample, rep 27, face/neck wipes Wipe worker sample, rep 27, 1 st interim hand wash Wipe worker sample, rep 27, 2 nd interim hand wash Wipe worker sample, rep 27, 3 rd interim hand wash Wipe worker sample, rep 27, 4 th interim hand wash Wipe worker sample, rep 27, final hand wash
AEA02-WS-27-DM-01 AEA02-WS-27-DM-02 AEA02-WS-27-DM-03 AEA02-WS-27-DM-04 AEA02-WS-27-DM-05 AEA02-WS-27-DM-06 AEA02-WS-27-RW-01 AEA02-WS-27-RW-02	Wipe worker sample, rep 27, 1st diluted material aliquot Wipe worker sample, rep 27, 2 nd diluted material aliquot Wipe worker sample, rep 27, 3 rd diluted material aliquot Wipe worker sample, rep 27, 4 th diluted material aliquot Wipe worker sample, rep 27, 5 th diluted material aliquot Wipe worker sample, rep 27, 6 th diluted material aliquot Ready to use wipe sample, rep 27, 1 st sample Ready to use wipe sample, rep 27, 2 nd sample
AEA02-WS-28-ID-LA AEA02-WS-28-ID-UA AEA02-WS-28-ID-FT AEA02-WS-28-ID-RT AEA02-WS-28-ID-LL AEA02-WS-28-ID-UL	Wipe worker sample, rep 28, inner dosimeter, lower arms Wipe worker sample, rep 28, inner dosimeter, upper arms Wipe worker sample, rep 28, inner dosimeter, front torso Wipe worker sample, rep 28, inner dosimeter, rear torso Wipe worker sample, rep 28, inner dosimeter, lower legs Wipe worker sample, rep 28, inner dosimeter, upper legs

Sample ID Number	Description
AEA02-WS-28-OD-LA AEA02-WS-28-OD-UA	Wipe worker sample, rep 28, outer dosimeter, lower arms Wipe worker sample, rep 28, outer dosimeter, upper arms
AEA02-WS-28-OD-FT	Wipe worker sample, rep 28, outer dosimeter, front torso
AEA02-WS-28-OD-RT	Wipe worker sample, rep 28, outer dosimeter, rear torso
AEA02-WS-28-OD-LL	Wipe worker sample, rep 28, outer dosimeter, lower legs
AEA02-WS-28-OD-UL	Wipe worker sample, rep 28, outer dosimeter, upper legs
AEA02-WS-28-AR-01	Wipe worker sample, rep 28, air sampling tube
AEA02-WS-28-FW-01	Wipe worker sample, rep 28, face/neck wipes
AEA02-WS-28-HW-01	Wipe worker sample, rep 28, 1 st interim hand wash Wipe worker sample, rep 28, 2 nd interim hand wash
AEA02-WS-28-HW-02 AEA02-WS-28-HW-03	Wipe worker sample, rep 28, 3 rd interim hand wash
AEA02-WS-28-HW-04	Wipe worker sample, rep 28, 4 th interim hand wash
AEA02-WS-28-HW-FR	Wipe worker sample, rep 28, final hand wash
ALA02-1100-1111	
AEA02-WS-28-DM-01	Wipe worker sample, rep 28, 1 st diluted material aliquot
AEA02-WS-28-DM-02	Wipe worker sample, rep 28, 2 nd diluted material aliquot
AEA02-WS-28-DM-03	Wipe worker sample, rep 28, 3 rd diluted material aliquot
AEA02-WS-28-DM-04	Wipe worker sample, rep 28, 4 th diluted material aliquot
AEA02-WS-28-DM-05	Wipe worker sample, rep 28, 5 th diluted material aliquot
AEA02-WS-28-DM-06	Wipe worker sample, rep 28, 6 th diluted material aliquot
AEA02-WS-28-RW-01	Ready to use wipe sample, rep 28, 1st sample
AEA02-WS-28-RW-02	Ready to use wipe sample, rep 28, 2 nd sample
AEA02-WS-29-ID-LA	Wipe worker sample, rep 29, inner dosimeter, lower arms
AEA02-WS-29-ID-UA	Wipe worker sample, rep 29, inner dosimeter, upper arms
AEA02-WS-29-ID-FT	Wipe worker sample, rep 29, inner dosimeter, front torso
AEA02-WS-29-ID-RT	Wipe worker sample, rep 29, inner dosimeter, rear torso
AEA02-WS-29-ID-LL	Wipe worker sample, rep 29, inner dosimeter, lower legs
AEA02-WS-29-ID-UL	Wipe worker sample, rep 29, inner dosimeter, upper legs
AEA02-WS-29-OD-LA	Wipe worker sample, rep 29, outer dosimeter, lower arms
AEA02-WS-29-OD-UA	Wipe worker sample, rep 29, outer dosimeter, upper arms
AEA02-WS-29-OD-FT	Wipe worker sample, rep 29, outer dosimeter, front torso
AEA02-WS-29-OD-RT	Wipe worker sample, rep 29, outer dosimeter, rear torso
AEA02-WS-29-OD-LL	Wipe worker sample, rep 29, outer dosimeter, lower legs
AEA02-WS-29-OD-UL	Wipe worker sample, rep 29, outer dosimeter, upper legs
AEA02-WS-29-AR-01	Wipe worker sample, rep 29, air sampling tube
AEA02-WS-29-FW-01	Wipe worker sample, rep 29, face/neck wipes
AEA02-WS-29-HW-01	Wipe worker sample, rep 29, 1st interim hand wash
AEA02-WS-29-HW-02	Wipe worker sample, rep 29, 2 nd interim hand wash
AEA02-WS-29-HW-03	Wipe worker sample, rep 29, 3 rd interim hand wash
AEA02-WS-29-HW-04	Wipe worker sample, rep 29, 4th interim hand wash
AEA02-WS-29-HW-FR	Wipe worker sample, rep 29, final hand wash

Sample ID Number	<u>Description</u>
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AEA02-WS-29-DM-01	Wipe worker sample, rep 29, 1 st diluted material aliquot
AEA02-WS-29-DM-02	Wipe worker sample, rep 29, 2 nd diluted material aliquot
AEA02-WS-29-DM-03	Wipe worker sample, rep 29, 3 rd diluted material aliquot
AEA02-WS-29-DM-04	Wipe worker sample, rep 29, 4 th diluted material aliquot
AEA02-WS-29-DM-05	Wipe worker sample, rep 29, 5th diluted material aliquot
AEA02-WS-29-DM-06	Wipe worker sample, rep 29, 6th diluted material aliquot
AEA02-WS-29-RW-01	Ready to use wipe sample, rep 29, 1st sample
AEA02-WS-29-RW-02	Ready to use wipe sample, rep 28, 2 nd sample
AEA02-WS-30-ID-LA	Wipe worker sample, rep 30, inner dosimeter, lower arms
AEA02-WS-30-ID-UA	Wipe worker sample, rep 30, inner dosimeter, upper arms
AEA02-WS-30-ID-FT	Wipe worker sample, rep 30, inner dosimeter, front torso
AEA02-WS-30-ID-RT	Wipe worker sample, rep 30, inner dosimeter, rear torso
AEA02-WS-30-ID-LL	Wipe worker sample, rep 30, inner dosimeter, lower legs
AEA02-WS-30-ID-UL	Wipe worker sample, rep 30, inner dosimeter, upper legs
AEAUZ-VV3-3U-ID-UL	Wipe Worker Sample, rep 30, miles dosinicios, apportogo
AEA02-WS-30-OD-LA	Wipe worker sample, rep 30, outer dosimeter, lower arms
AEA02-WS-30-OD-UA	Wipe worker sample, rep 30, outer dosimeter, upper arms
AEA02-WS-30-OD-FT	Wipe worker sample, rep 30, outer dosimeter, front torso
AEA02-WS-30-OD-RT	Wipe worker sample, rep 30, outer dosimeter, rear torso
AEA02-WS-30-OD-LL	Wipe worker sample, rep 30, outer dosimeter, lower legs
AEA02-WS-30-OD-UL	Wipe worker sample, rep 30, outer dosimeter, upper legs
AEA02-WS-30-AR-01	Wipe worker sample, rep 30, air sampling tube
AEA02-WS-30-FW-01	Wipe worker sample, rep 30, face/neck wipes
AEA02-WS-30-HW-01	Wipe worker sample, rep 30, 1st interim hand wash
AEA02-WS-30-HW-02	Wipe worker sample, rep 30, 2 nd interim hand wash
AEA02-WS-30-HW-03	Wipe worker sample, rep 30, 3 rd interim hand wash
AEA02-WS-30-HW-04	Wipe worker sample, rep 30, 4 th interim hand wash
AEA02-WS-30-HW-FR	Wipe worker sample, rep 30, final hand wash
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AEA02-WS-30-DM-01	Wipe worker sample, rep 30, 1st diluted material aliquot
AEA02-WS-30-DM-02	Wipe worker sample, rep 30, 2 nd diluted material aliquot
AEA02-WS-30-DM-03	Wipe worker sample, rep 30, 3 rd diluted material aliquot
AEA02-WS-30-DM-04	Wipe worker sample, rep 30, 4th diluted material aliquot
AEA02-WS-30-DM-05	Wipe worker sample, rep 30, 5 th diluted material aliquot
AEA02-WS-30-DM-06	Wipe worker sample, rep 30, 6 th diluted material aliquot
AEA02-WS-30-RW-01	Ready to use wipe sample, rep 30, 1st sample
AEA02-WS-30-RW-02	Ready to use wipe sample, rep 30, 2 nd sample
AEA02-WS-31-ID-LA	Wipe worker sample, rep 31, inner dosimeter, lower arms
AEA02-WS-31-ID-UA	Wipe worker sample, rep 31, inner dosimeter, upper arms
AEA02-WS-31-ID-FT	Wipe worker sample, rep 31, inner dosimeter, front torso
AEA02-WS-31-ID-RT	Wipe worker sample, rep 31, inner dosimeter, rear torso
AEA02-WS-31-ID-LL	Wipe worker sample, rep 31, inner dosimeter, lower legs
AEA02-WS-31-ID-LL AEA02-WS-31-ID-UL	Wipe worker sample, rep 31, inner dosimeter, upper legs
MEMUZ-880-3 1-1D-UL	Tripe Worker Sample, Lep 51, limer dosimeter, appenings

Sample ID Number	Description
AEA02-WS-31-OD-LA	Wipe worker sample, rep 31, outer dosimeter, lower arms
AEA02-WS-31-OD-UA	Wipe worker sample, rep 31, outer dosimeter, upper arms
AEA02-WS-31-OD-FT	Wipe worker sample, rep 31, outer dosimeter, front torso
AEA02-WS-31-OD-RT	Wipe worker sample, rep 31, outer dosimeter, rear torso
AEA02-WS-31-OD-LL	Wipe worker sample, rep 31, outer dosimeter, lower legs
AEA02-WS-31-OD-UL	Wipe worker sample, rep 31, outer dosimeter, upper legs
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AEA02-WS-31-AR-01	Wipe worker sample, rep 31, air sampling tube
AEA02-WS-31-FW-01	Wipe worker sample, rep 31, face/neck wipes
AEA02-WS-31-HW-01	Wipe worker sample, rep 31, 1st interim hand wash
AEA02-WS-31-HW-02	Wine worker sample, rep 31, 2 nd interim hand wash
AEA02-WS-31-HW-03	Wipe worker sample, rep 31, 3 rd interim hand wash
AEA02-WS-31-HW-04	Wipe worker sample, rep 31, 4th interim hand wash
AEA02-WS-31-HW-FR	Wipe worker sample, rep 31, final hand wash
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AEA02-WS-31-DM-01	Wipe worker sample, rep 31, 1 st diluted material aliquot
AEA02-WS-31-DM-02	Wipe worker sample, rep 31, 2 nd diluted material aliquot
AEA02-WS-31-DM-03	Wipe worker sample, rep 31, 3 rd diluted material aliquot
AEA02-WS-31-DM-04	Wipe worker sample, rep 31, 4th diluted material aliquot
AEA02-WS-31-DM-05	Wipe worker sample, rep 31, 5 th diluted material aliquot
AEA02-WS-31-DM-06	Wipe worker sample, rep 31, 6th diluted material aliquot
AEA02-WS-31-RW-01	Ready to use wipe sample, rep 31, 1 st sample
AEA02-WS-31-RW-02	Ready to use wipe sample, rep 31, 2 nd sample
ALAOZ-VVO-OT-TVV OZ	Troughts also wipe sumple, rep 5 % 2 sumple
AEA02-WS-32-ID-LA	Wipe worker sample, rep 32, inner dosimeter, lower arms
AEA02-WS-32-ID-UA	Wipe worker sample, rep 32, inner dosimeter, upper arms
AEA02-WS-32-ID-FT	Wipe worker sample, rep 32, inner dosimeter, front torso
AEA02-WS-32-ID-RT	Wipe worker sample, rep 32, inner dosimeter, rear torso
AEA02-WS-32-ID-LL	Wipe worker sample, rep 32, inner dosimeter, lower legs
AEA02-WS-32-ID-UL	Wipe worker sample, rep 32, inner dosimeter, upper legs
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AEA02-WS-32-OD-LA	Wipe worker sample, rep 32, outer dosimeter, lower arms
AEA02-WS-32-OD-UA	Wipe worker sample, rep 32, outer dosimeter, upper arms
AEA02-WS-32-OD-FT	Wipe worker sample, rep 32, outer dosimeter, front torso
AEA02-WS-32-OD-RT	Wipe worker sample, rep 32, outer dosimeter, rear torso
AEA02-WS-32-OD-LL	Wipe worker sample, rep 32, outer dosimeter, lower legs
AEA02-WS-32-OD-UL	Wipe worker sample, rep 32, outer dosimeter, upper legs
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AEA02-WS-32-AR-01	Wipe worker sample, rep 32, air sampling tube
AEA02-WS-32-FW-01	Wipe worker sample, rep 32, face/neck wipes
AEA02-WS-32-HW-01	Wipe worker sample, rep 32, 1st interim hand wash
AEA02-WS-32-HW-02	Wipe worker sample, rep 32, 2 nd interim hand wash
AEA02-WS-32-HW-03	Wipe worker sample, rep 32, 3 rd interim hand wash
AEA02-WS-32-HW-04	Wipe worker sample, rep 32, 4 th interim hand wash
AEA02-WS-32-HW-FR	Wipe worker sample, rep 32, final hand wash
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Sample ID Number	<u>Description</u>
AEA02-WS-32-DM-01 AEA02-WS-32-DM-02 AEA02-WS-32-DM-03 AEA02-WS-32-DM-04 AEA02-WS-32-DM-05 AEA02-WS-32-DM-06 AEA02-WS-32-RW-01 AEA02-WS-32-RW-02	Wipe worker sample, rep 32, 1 st diluted material aliquot Wipe worker sample, rep 32, 2 nd diluted material aliquot Wipe worker sample, rep 32, 3 rd diluted material aliquot Wipe worker sample, rep 32, 4 th diluted material aliquot Wipe worker sample, rep 32, 5 th diluted material aliquot Wipe worker sample, rep 32, 6 th diluted material aliquot Ready to use wipe sample, rep 32, 1 st sample Ready to use wipe sample, rep 32, 2 nd sample
AEA02-WS-33-ID-LA AEA02-WS-33-ID-UA AEA02-WS-33-ID-FT AEA02-WS-33-ID-RT AEA02-WS-33-ID-LL AEA02-WS-33-ID-UL	Wipe worker sample, rep 33, inner dosimeter, lower arms Wipe worker sample, rep 33, inner dosimeter, upper arms Wipe worker sample, rep 33, inner dosimeter, front torso Wipe worker sample, rep 33, inner dosimeter, rear torso Wipe worker sample, rep 33, inner dosimeter, lower legs Wipe worker sample, rep 33, inner dosimeter, upper legs
AEA02-WS-33-OD-LA AEA02-WS-33-OD-UA AEA02-WS-33-OD-FT AEA02-WS-33-OD-RT AEA02-WS-33-OD-LL AEA02-WS-33-OD-UL	Wipe worker sample, rep 33, outer dosimeter, lower arms Wipe worker sample, rep 33, outer dosimeter, upper arms Wipe worker sample, rep 33, outer dosimeter, front torso Wipe worker sample, rep 33, outer dosimeter, rear torso Wipe worker sample, rep 33, outer dosimeter, lower legs Wipe worker sample, rep 33, outer dosimeter, upper legs
AEA02-WS-33-AR-01 AEA02-WS-33-FW-01 AEA02-WS-33-HW-01 AEA02-WS-33-HW-02 AEA02-WS-33-HW-03 AEA02-WS-33-HW-04 AEA02-WS-33-HW-FR	Wipe worker sample, rep 33, air sampling tube Wipe worker sample, rep 33, face/neck wipes Wipe worker sample, rep 33, 1 st interim hand wash Wipe worker sample, rep 33, 2 nd interim hand wash Wipe worker sample, rep 33, 3 rd interim hand wash Wipe worker sample, rep 33, 4 th interim hand wash Wipe worker sample, rep 33, final hand wash
AEA02-WS-33-DM-01 AEA02-WS-33-DM-02 AEA02-WS-33-DM-03 AEA02-WS-33-DM-04 AEA02-WS-33-DM-05 AEA02-WS-33-DM-06 AEA02-WS-33-RW-01 AEA02-WS-33-RW-02	Wipe worker sample, rep 33, 1 st diluted material aliquot Wipe worker sample, rep 33, 2 nd diluted material aliquot Wipe worker sample, rep 33, 3 rd diluted material aliquot Wipe worker sample, rep 33, 4 th diluted material aliquot Wipe worker sample, rep 33, 5 th diluted material aliquot Wipe worker sample, rep 33, 6 th diluted material aliquot Ready to use wipe sample, rep 33, 1 st sample Ready to use wipe sample, rep 33, 2 nd sample
AEA02-WS-34-ID-LA AEA02-WS-34-ID-UA AEA02-WS-34-ID-FT AEA02-WS-34-ID-RT AEA02-WS-34-ID-LL AEA02-WS-34-ID-UL	Wipe worker sample, rep 34, inner dosimeter, lower arms Wipe worker sample, rep 34, inner dosimeter, upper arms Wipe worker sample, rep 34, inner dosimeter, front torso Wipe worker sample, rep 34, inner dosimeter, rear torso Wipe worker sample, rep 34, inner dosimeter, lower legs Wipe worker sample, rep 34, inner dosimeter, upper legs

Sample ID Number	<u>Description</u>
AEA02-WS-34-OD-LA	Wipe worker sample, rep 34, outer dosimeter, lower arms
AEA02-WS-34-OD-UA	Wipe worker sample, rep 34, outer dosimeter, upper arms
AEA02-WS-34-OD-FT	Wipe worker sample, rep 34, outer dosimeter, front torso
AEA02-WS-34-OD-RT	Wipe worker sample, rep 34, outer dosimeter, rear torso
AEA02-WS-34-OD-LL	Wipe worker sample, rep 34, outer dosimeter, lower legs
AEA02-WS-34-OD-UL	Wipe worker sample, rep 34, outer dosimeter, upper legs
AEA02-WS-34-AR-01	Wipe worker sample, rep 34, air sampling tube
AEA02-WS-34-FW-01	Wipe worker sample, rep 34, face/neck wipes
AEA02-WS-34-HW-01	Wipe worker sample, rep 34, 1 st interim hand wash
AEA02-WS-34-HW-02	Wipe worker sample, rep 34, 2 nd interim hand wash
AEA02-WS-34-HW-03	Wipe worker sample, rep 34, 3 rd interim hand wash
AEA02-WS-34-HW-04	Wipe worker sample, rep 34, 4 th interim hand wash
AEA02-WS-34-HW-FR	Wipe worker sample, rep 34, final hand wash
AEA02-WS-34-DM-01	Wipe worker sample, rep 34, 1 st diluted material aliquot
AEA02-WS-34-DM-02	Wipe worker sample, rep 34, 2 nd diluted material aliquot
AEA02-WS-34-DM-03	Wipe worker sample, rep 34, 3 rd diluted material aliquot
AEA02-WS-34-DM-04	Wine worker sample, rep 34, 4 th diluted material aliquot
AEA02-WS-34-DM-05	Wipe worker sample, rep 34, 5 th diluted material aliquot
AEA02-WS-34-DM-06	Wipe worker sample, rep 34, 6 th diluted material aliquot
AEA02-WS-34-RW-01	Ready to use wipe sample, rep 34, 1st sample
AEA02-WS-34-RW-02	Ready to use wipe sample, rep 34, 2 nd sample
AEA02-WS-35-ID-LA	Wipe worker sample, rep 35, inner dosimeter, lower arms
AEA02-WS-35-ID-UA	Wipe worker sample, rep 35, inner dosimeter, upper arms
AEA02-WS-35-ID-FT	Wipe worker sample, rep 35, inner dosimeter, front torso
AEA02-WS-35-ID-RT	Wipe worker sample, rep 35, inner dosimeter, rear torso
AEA02-WS-35-ID-LL	Wipe worker sample, rep 35, inner dosimeter, lower legs
AEA02-WS-35-ID-UL	Wipe worker sample, rep 35, inner dosimeter, upper legs
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AEA02-WS-35-OD-LA	Wipe worker sample, rep 35, outer dosimeter, lower arms
AEA02-WS-35-OD-UA	Wipe worker sample, rep 35, outer dosimeter, upper arms
AEA02-WS-35-OD-FT	Wipe worker sample, rep 35, outer dosimeter, front torso
AEA02-WS-35-OD-RT	Wipe worker sample, rep 35, outer dosimeter, rear torso
AEA02-WS-35-OD-LL	Wipe worker sample, rep 35, outer dosimeter, lower legs
AEA02-WS-35-OD-UL	Wipe worker sample, rep 35, outer dosimeter, upper legs
VEVUS /VIC SE VD U4	Wipe worker sample, rep 35, air sampling tube
AEA02-WS-35-AR-01	Wipe worker sample, rep 35, all sampling tube Wipe worker sample, rep 35, face/neck wipes
AEA02-WS-35-FW-01	Wine worker comple rep 35, laterine hand week
AEA02-WS-35-HW-01	Wipe worker sample, rep 35, 1 st interim hand wash Wipe worker sample, rep 35, 2 nd interim hand wash
AEA02-WS-35-HW-02	
AEA02-WS-35-HW-03	Wipe worker sample, rep 35, 3 rd interim hand wash
AEA02-WS-35-HW-04	Wipe worker sample, rep 35, 4 th interim hand wash
AEA02-WS-35-HW-FR	Wipe worker sample, rep 35, final hand wash

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Sample ID Number	Description
AEA02-WS-35-DM-01 AEA02-WS-35-DM-02 AEA02-WS-35-DM-03 AEA02-WS-35-DM-04 AEA02-WS-35-DM-05 AEA02-WS-35-DM-06 AEA02-WS-35-RW-01 AEA02-WS-35-RW-02	Wipe worker sample, rep 35, 1 st diluted material aliquot Wipe worker sample, rep 35, 2 nd diluted material aliquot Wipe worker sample, rep 35, 3 rd diluted material aliquot Wipe worker sample, rep 35, 4 th diluted material aliquot Wipe worker sample, rep 35, 5 th diluted material aliquot Wipe worker sample, rep 35, 6 th diluted material aliquot Ready to use wipe sample, rep 35, 1 st sample Ready to use wipe sample, rep 35, 2 nd sample
AEA02-WS-36-ID-LA AEA02-WS-36-ID-UA AEA02-WS-36-ID-FT AEA02-WS-36-ID-RT AEA02-WS-36-ID-LL AEA02-WS-36-ID-UL	Wipe worker sample, rep 36, inner dosimeter, lower arms Wipe worker sample, rep 36, inner dosimeter, upper arms Wipe worker sample, rep 36, inner dosimeter, front torso Wipe worker sample, rep 36, inner dosimeter, rear torso Wipe worker sample, rep 36, inner dosimeter, lower legs Wipe worker sample, rep 36, inner dosimeter, upper legs
AEA02-WS-36-OD-LA AEA02-WS-36-OD-UA AEA02-WS-36-OD-FT AEA02-WS-36-OD-RT AEA02-WS-36-OD-LL AEA02-WS-36-OD-UL	Wipe worker sample, rep 36, outer dosimeter, lower arms Wipe worker sample, rep 36, outer dosimeter, upper arms Wipe worker sample, rep 36, outer dosimeter, front torso Wipe worker sample, rep 36, outer dosimeter, rear torso Wipe worker sample, rep 36, outer dosimeter, lower legs Wipe worker sample, rep 36, outer dosimeter, upper legs
AEA02-WS-36-AR-01 AEA02-WS-36-FW-01 AEA02-WS-36-HW-01 AEA02-WS-36-HW-02 AEA02-WS-36-HW-03 AEA02-WS-36-HW-04 AEA02-WS-36-HW-FR	Wipe worker sample, rep 36, air sampling tube Wipe worker sample, rep 36, face/neck wipes Wipe worker sample, rep 36, 1 st interim hand wash Wipe worker sample, rep 36, 2 nd interim hand wash Wipe worker sample, rep 36, 3 rd interim hand wash Wipe worker sample, rep 36, 4 th interim hand wash Wipe worker sample, rep 36, final hand wash
AEA02-WS-36-DM-01 AEA02-WS-36-DM-02 AEA02-WS-36-DM-03 AEA02-WS-36-DM-04 AEA02-WS-36-DM-05 AEA02-WS-36-DM-06 AEA02-WS-36-RW-05 AEA02-WS-36-RW-06	Wipe worker sample, rep 36, 1 st diluted material aliquot Wipe worker sample, rep 36, 2 nd diluted material aliquot Wipe worker sample, rep 36, 3 rd diluted material aliquot Wipe worker sample, rep 36, 4 th diluted material aliquot Wipe worker sample, rep 36, 5 th diluted material aliquot Wipe worker sample, rep 36, 6 th diluted material aliquot Ready to use wipe sample, rep 36, 1 st sample Ready to use wipe sample, rep 36, 2 nd sample
AEA02-FF-01-AR-L1 AEA02-FF-01-AR-L2 AEA02-FF-01-AR-L3 AEA02-FF-01-AR-H1 AEA02-FF-01-AR-H2 AEA02-FF-01-AR-H3	Fortification sample, Day 01, air sampling tube, 1 st low level Fortification sample, Day 01, air sampling tube, 2 nd low level Fortification sample, Day 01, air sampling tube, 3 rd low level Fortification sample, Day 01, air sampling tube, 1 st high level Fortification sample, Day 01, air sampling tube, 2 nd high level Fortification sample, Day 01, air sampling tube, 3 rd high level

Sample ID Number	<u>Description</u>
AEA02-FF-01-HW-L1 AEA02-FF-01-HW-L2 AEA02-FF-01-HW-L3 AEA02-FF-01-HW-H1 AEA02-FF-01-HW-H2 AEA02-FF-01-HW-H3	Fortification sample, Day 01, hand wash, 1 st low level Fortification sample, Day 01, hand wash, 2 nd low level Fortification sample, Day 01, hand wash, 3 rd low level Fortification sample, Day 01, hand wash, 1 st high level Fortification sample, Day 01, hand wash, 2 nd high level Fortification sample, Day 01, hand wash, 3 rd high level
AEA02-FF-01-FW-L1 AEA02-FF-01-FW-L2 AEA02-FF-01-FW-L3 AEA02-FF-01-FW-H1 AEA02-FF-01-FW-H2 AEA02-FF-01-FW-H3	Fortification sample, Day 01, face/neck wipe, 1 st low level Fortification sample, Day 01, face/neck wipe, 2 nd low level Fortification sample, Day 01, face/neck wipe, 3 rd low level Fortification sample, Day 01, face/neck wipe, 1 st high level Fortification sample, Day 01, face/neck wipe, 2 nd high level Fortification sample, Day 01, face/neck wipe, 3 rd high level
AEA02-FF-01-ID-L1 AEA02-FF-01-ID-L2 AEA02-FF-01-ID-L3 AEA02-FF-01-ID-H1 AEA02-FF-01-ID-H2 AEA02-FF-01-ID-H3	Fortification sample, Day 01, inner dosimeter, 1 st low level Fortification sample, Day 01, inner dosimeter, 2 nd low level Fortification sample, Day 01, inner dosimeter, 3 rd low level Fortification sample, Day 01, inner dosimeter, 1 st high level Fortification sample, Day 01, inner dosimeter, 2 nd high level Fortification sample, Day 01, inner dosimeter, 3 rd high level
AEA02-FF-01-OD-L1 AEA02-FF-01-OD-L2 AEA02-FF-01-OD-L3 AEA02-FF-01-OD-H1 AEA02-FF-01-OD-H2 AEA02-FF-01-OD-H3	Fortification sample, Day 01, outer dosimeter, 1 st low level Fortification sample, Day 01, outer dosimeter, 2 nd low level Fortification sample, Day 01, outer dosimeter, 3 rd low level Fortification sample, Day 01, outer dosimeter, 1 st high level Fortification sample, Day 01, outer dosimeter, 2 nd high level Fortification sample, Day 01, outer dosimeter, 3 rd high level
AEA02-FF-01-AR-C1 AEA02-FF-01-AR-C2	Fortification sample, Day 01, air sampling tube, 1 st control Fortification sample, Day 01, air sampling tube, 2 nd control
AEA02-FF-01-HW-C1 AEA02-FF-01-HW-C2	Fortification sample, Day 01, hand wash, 1 st control Fortification sample, Day 01, hand wash, 2 nd control
AEA02-FF-01-FW-C1 AEA02-FF-01-FW-C2	Fortification sample, Day 01, face/neck wipe, 1 st control Fortification sample, Day 01, face/neck wipe, 2 nd control
AEA02-FF-01-ID-C1 AEA02-FF-01-ID-C2	Fortification sample, Day 01, inner dosimeter, 1 st control Fortification sample, Day 01, inner dosimeter, 2 nd control
AEA02-FF-01-OD-C1 AEA02-FF-01-OD-C2	Fortification sample, Day 01, outer dosimeter, 1 st control Fortification sample, Day 01, outer dosimeter, 2 nd control
AEA02-FF-01-AR-T1 AEA02-FF-01-AR-T2	Fortification sample, Day 01, air sampling tube, 1 st travel spike Fortification sample, Day 01, air sampling tube, 2 nd travel spike

Sample ID Number	Description
AEA02-FF-01-HW-T1 AEA02-FF-01-HW-T2	Fortification sample, Day 01, hand wash, 1 st travel spike Fortification sample, Day 01, hand wash, 2 nd travel spike
AEA02-FF-01-FW-T1 AEA02-FF-01-FW-T2	Fortification sample, Day 01, face/neck wipe, 1 st travel spike Fortification sample, Day 01, face/neck wipe, 2 nd travel spike
AEA02-FF-01-ID-T1 AEA02-FF-01-ID-T2	Fortification sample, Day 01, inner dosimeter, 1 st travel spike Fortification sample, Day 01, inner dosimeter, 2 nd travel spike
AEA02-FF-01-OD-T1 AEA02-FF-01-OD-T2	Fortification sample, Day 01, outer dosimeter, 1 st travel spike Fortification sample, Day 01, outer dosimeter, 2 nd travel spike
AEA02-FF-02-AR-L1 AEA02-FF-02-AR-L2 AEA02-FF-02-AR-L3 AEA02-FF-02-AR-H1 AEA02-FF-02-AR-H2 AEA02-FF-02-AR-H3	Fortification sample, Day 02, air sampling tube, 1 st low level Fortification sample, Day 02, air sampling tube, 2 nd low level Fortification sample, Day 02, air sampling tube, 3 rd low level Fortification sample, Day 02, air sampling tube, 1 st high level Fortification sample, Day 02, air sampling tube, 2 nd high level Fortification sample, Day 02, air sampling tube, 3 rd high level
AEA02-FF-02-HW-L1 AEA02-FF-02-HW-L2 AEA02-FF-02-HW-L3 AEA02-FF-02-HW-H1 AEA02-FF-02-HW-H2 AEA02-FF-02-HW-H3	Fortification sample, Day 02, hand wash, 1st low level Fortification sample, Day 02, hand wash, 2nd low level Fortification sample, Day 02, hand wash, 3rd low level Fortification sample, Day 02, hand wash, 1st high level Fortification sample, Day 02, hand wash, 2nd high level Fortification sample, Day 02, hand wash, 3rd high level
AEA02-FF-02-FW-L1 AEA02-FF-02-FW-L2 AEA02-FF-02-FW-L3 AEA02-FF-02-FW-H1 AEA02-FF-02-FW-H2 AEA02-FF-02-FW-H3	Fortification sample, Day 02, face/neck wipe, 1 st low level Fortification sample, Day 02, face/neck wipe, 2 nd low level Fortification sample, Day 02, face/neck wipe, 3 rd low level Fortification sample, Day 02, face/neck wipe, 1 st high level Fortification sample, Day 02, face/neck wipe, 2 nd high level Fortification sample, Day 02, face/neck wipe, 3 rd high level
AEA02-FF-02-ID-L1 AEA02-FF-02-ID-L2 AEA02-FF-02-ID-L3 AEA02-FF-02-ID-H1 AEA02-FF-02-ID-H2 AEA02-FF-02-ID-H3	Fortification sample, Day 02, inner dosimeter, 1 st low level Fortification sample, Day 02, inner dosimeter, 2 nd low level Fortification sample, Day 02, inner dosimeter, 3 rd low level Fortification sample, Day 02, inner dosimeter, 1 st high level Fortification sample, Day 02, inner dosimeter, 2 nd high level Fortification sample, Day 02, inner dosimeter, 3 rd high level
AEA02-FF-02-OD-L1 AEA02-FF-02-OD-L2 AEA02-FF-02-OD-L3 AEA02-FF-02-OD-H1 AEA02-FF-02-OD-H2 AEA02-FF-02-OD-H3	Fortification sample, Day 02, outer dosimeter, 1 st low level Fortification sample, Day 02, outer dosimeter, 2 nd low level Fortification sample, Day 02, outer dosimeter, 3 rd low level Fortification sample, Day 02, outer dosimeter, 1 st high level Fortification sample, Day 02, outer dosimeter, 2 nd high level Fortification sample, Day 02, outer dosimeter, 3 rd high level

Sample ID Number	<u>Description</u>
AEA02-FF-02-AR-C1 AEA02-FF-02-AR-C2	Fortification sample, Day 02, air sampling tube, 1 st control Fortification sample, Day 02, air sampling tube, 2 nd control
AEA02-FF-02-HW-C1 AEA02-FF-02-HW-C2	Fortification sample, Day 02, hand wash, 1 st control Fortification sample, Day 02, hand wash, 2 nd control
AEA02-FF-02-FW-C1 AEA02-FF-02-FW-C2	Fortification sample, Day 02, face/neck wipe, 1 st control Fortification sample, Day 02, face/neck wipe, 2 nd control
AEA02-FF-02-ID-C1 AEA02-FF-02-ID-C2	Fortification sample, Day 02, inner dosimeter, 1 st control Fortification sample, Day 02, inner dosimeter, 2 nd control
AEA02-FF-02-OD-C1 AEA02-FF-02-OD-C2	Fortification sample, Day 02, outer dosimeter, 1 st control Fortification sample, Day 02, outer dosimeter, 2 nd control
AEA02-FF-02-AR-T1 AEA02-FF-02-AR-T2	Fortification sample, Day 02, air sampling tube, 1 st travel spike Fortification sample, Day 02, air sampling tube, 2 nd travel spike
AEA02-FF-02-HW-T1 AEA02-FF-02-HW-T2	Fortification sample, Day 02, hand wash, 1 st travel spike Fortification sample, Day 02, hand wash, 2 nd travel spike
AEA02-FF-02-FW-T1 AEA02-FF-02-FW-T2	Fortification sample, Day 02, face/neck wipe, 1 st travel spike Fortification sample, Day 02, face/neck wipe, 2 nd travel spike
AEA02-FF-02-ID-T1 AEA02-FF-02-ID-T2	Fortification sample, Day 02, inner dosimeter, 1 st travel spike Fortification sample, Day 02, inner dosimeter, 2 nd travel spike
AEA02-FF-02-OD-T1 AEA02-FF-02-OD-T2	Fortification sample, Day 02, outer dosimeter, 1 st travel spike Fortification sample, Day 02, outer dosimeter, 2 nd travel spike
AEA02-FF-03-AR-L1 AEA02-FF-03-AR-L2 AEA02-FF-03-AR-L3 AEA02-FF-03-AR-H1 AEA02-FF-03-AR-H2 AEA02-FF-03-AR-H3	Fortification sample, Day 03, air sampling tube, 1 st low level Fortification sample, Day 03, air sampling tube, 2 nd low level Fortification sample, Day 03, air sampling tube, 3 rd low level Fortification sample, Day 03, air sampling tube, 1 st high level Fortification sample, Day 03, air sampling tube, 2 nd high level Fortification sample, Day 03, air sampling tube, 3 rd high level
AEA02-FF-03-HW-L1 AEA02-FF-03-HW-L2 AEA02-FF-03-HW-L3 AEA02-FF-03-HW-H1 AEA02-FF-03-HW-H2 AEA02-FF-03-HW-H3	Fortification sample, Day 03, hand wash, 1 st low level Fortification sample, Day 03, hand wash, 2 nd low level Fortification sample, Day 03, hand wash, 3 rd low level Fortification sample, Day 03, hand wash, 1 st high level Fortification sample, Day 03, hand wash, 2 nd high level Fortification sample, Day 03, hand wash, 3 rd high level
AEA02-FF-03-FW-L1 AEA02-FF-03-FW-L2	Fortification sample, Day 03, face/neck wipe, 1 st low level Fortification sample, Day 03, face/neck wipe, 2 nd low level

Sample ID Number	<u>Description</u>
AEA02-FF-03-FW-L3 AEA02-FF-03-FW-H1 AEA02-FF-03-FW-H2 AEA02-FF-03-FW-H3	Fortification sample, Day 03, face/neck wipe, 3 rd low level Fortification sample, Day 03, face/neck wipe, 1 st high level Fortification sample, Day 03, face/neck wipe, 2 nd high level Fortification sample, Day 03, face/neck wipe, 3 rd high level
AEA02-FF-03-ID-L1 AEA02-FF-03-ID-L2 AEA02-FF-03-ID-L3 AEA02-FF-03-ID-H1 AEA02-FF-03-ID-H2 AEA02-FF-03-ID-H3	Fortification sample, Day 03, inner dosimeter, 1 st low level Fortification sample, Day 03, inner dosimeter, 2 nd low level Fortification sample, Day 03, inner dosimeter, 3 rd low level Fortification sample, Day 03, inner dosimeter, 1 st high level Fortification sample, Day 03, inner dosimeter, 2 nd high level Fortification sample, Day 03, inner dosimeter, 3 rd high level
AEA02-FF-03-OD-L1 AEA02-FF-03-OD-L2 AEA02-FF-03-OD-L3 AEA02-FF-03-OD-H1 AEA02-FF-03-OD-H2 AEA02-FF-03-OD-H3	Fortification sample, Day 03, outer dosimeter, 1 st low level Fortification sample, Day 03, outer dosimeter, 2 nd low level Fortification sample, Day 03, outer dosimeter, 3 rd low level Fortification sample, Day 03, outer dosimeter, 1 st high level Fortification sample, Day 03, outer dosimeter, 2 nd high level Fortification sample, Day 03, outer dosimeter, 3 rd high level
AEA02-FF-03-AR-C1 AEA02-FF-03-AR-C2	Fortification sample, Day 03, air sampling tube, 1 st control Fortification sample, Day 03, air sampling tube, 2 nd control
AEA02-FF-03-HW-C1 AEA02-FF-03-HW-C2	Fortification sample, Day 03, hand wash, 1 st control Fortification sample, Day 03, hand wash, 2 nd control
AEA02-FF-03-FW-C1 AEA02-FF-03-FW-C2	Fortification sample, Day 03, face/neck wipe, 1 st control Fortification sample, Day 03, face/neck wipe, 2 nd control
AEA02-FF-03-ID-C1 AEA02-FF-03-ID-C2	Fortification sample, Day 03, inner dosimeter, 1 st control Fortification sample, Day 03, inner dosimeter, 2 nd control
AEA02-FF-03-OD-C1 AEA02-FF-03-OD-C2	Fortification sample, Day 03, outer dosimeter, 1 st control Fortification sample, Day 03, outer dosimeter, 2 nd control
AEA02-FF-03-AR-T1 AEA02-FF-03-AR-T2	Fortification sample, Day 03, air sampling tube, 1 st travel spike Fortification sample, Day 03, air sampling tube, 2 nd travel spike
AEA02-FF-03-HW-T1 AEA02-FF-03-HW-T2	Fortification sample, Day 03, hand wash, 1 st travel spike Fortification sample, Day 03, hand wash, 2 nd travel spike
AEA02-FF-03-FW-T1 AEA02-FF-03-FW-T2	Fortification sample, Day 03, face/neck wipe, 1 st travel spike Fortification sample, Day 03, face/neck wipe, 2 nd travel spike
AEA02-FF-03-ID-T1 AEA02-FF-03-ID-T2	Fortification sample, Day 03, inner dosimeter, 1 st travel spike Fortification sample, Day 03, inner dosimeter, 2 nd travel spike

Sample ID Number	<u>Description</u>
AEA02-FF-03-OD-T1 AEA02-FF-03-OD-T2	Fortification sample, Day 03, outer dosimeter, 1 st travel spike Fortification sample, Day 03, outer dosimeter, 2 nd travel spike
AEA02-FF-04-AR-L1 AEA02-FF-04-AR-L2 AEA02-FF-04-AR-L3 AEA02-FF-04-AR-H1 AEA02-FF-04-AR-H2 AEA02-FF-04-AR-H3	Fortification sample, Day 04, air sampling tube, 1 st low level Fortification sample, Day 04, air sampling tube, 2 nd low level Fortification sample, Day 04, air sampling tube, 3 rd low level Fortification sample, Day 04, air sampling tube, 1 st high level Fortification sample, Day 04, air sampling tube, 2 nd high level Fortification sample, Day 04, air sampling tube, 3 rd high level
AEA02-FF-04-HW-L1 AEA02-FF-04-HW-L2 AEA02-FF-04-HW-L3 AEA02-FF-04-HW-H1 AEA02-FF-04-HW-H2 AEA02-FF-04-HW-H3	Fortification sample, Day 04, hand wash, 1 st low level Fortification sample, Day 04, hand wash, 2 nd low level Fortification sample, Day 04, hand wash, 3 rd low level Fortification sample, Day 04, hand wash, 1 st high level Fortification sample, Day 04, hand wash, 2 nd high level Fortification sample, Day 04, hand wash, 3 rd high level
AEA02-FF-04-FW-L1 AEA02-FF-04-FW-L2 AEA02-FF-04-FW-L3 AEA02-FF-04-FW-H1 AEA02-FF-04-FW-H2 AEA02-FF-04-FW-H3	Fortification sample, Day 04, face/neck wipe, 1 st low level Fortification sample, Day 04, face/neck wipe, 2 nd low level Fortification sample, Day 04, face/neck wipe, 3 rd low level Fortification sample, Day 04, face/neck wipe, 1 st high level Fortification sample, Day 04, face/neck wipe, 2 nd high level Fortification sample, Day 04, face/neck wipe, 3 rd high level
AEA02-FF-04-ID-L1 AEA02-FF-04-ID-L2 AEA02-FF-04-ID-L3 AEA02-FF-04-ID-H1 AEA02-FF-04-ID-H2 AEA02-FF-04-ID-H3	Fortification sample, Day 04, inner dosimeter, 1 st low level Fortification sample, Day 04, inner dosimeter, 2 nd low level Fortification sample, Day 04, inner dosimeter, 3 rd low level Fortification sample, Day 04, inner dosimeter, 1 st high level Fortification sample, Day 04, inner dosimeter, 2 nd high level Fortification sample, Day 04, inner dosimeter, 3 rd high level
AEA02-FF-04-OD-L1 AEA02-FF-04-OD-L2 AEA02-FF-04-OD-L3 AEA02-FF-04-OD-H1 AEA02-FF-04-OD-H2 AEA02-FF-04-OD-H3	Fortification sample, Day 04, outer dosimeter, 1 st low level Fortification sample, Day 04, outer dosimeter, 2 nd low level Fortification sample, Day 04, outer dosimeter, 3 rd low level Fortification sample, Day 04, outer dosimeter, 1 st high level Fortification sample, Day 04, outer dosimeter, 2 nd high level Fortification sample, Day 04, outer dosimeter, 3 rd high level
AEA02-FF-04-AR-C1 AEA02-FF-04-AR-C2	Fortification sample, Day 04, air sampling tube, 1 st control Fortification sample, Day 04, air sampling tube, 2 nd control
AEA02-FF-04-HW-C1 AEA02-FF-04-HW-C2	Fortification sample, Day 04, hand wash, 1 st control Fortification sample, Day 04, hand wash, 2 nd control
AEA02-FF-04-FW-C1 AEA02-FF-04-FW-C2	Fortification sample, Day 04, face/neck wipe, 1 st control Fortification sample, Day 04, face/neck wipe, 2 nd control

Sample ID Number	<u>Description</u>
AEA02-FF-04-ID-C1 AEA02-FF-04-ID-C2	Fortification sample, Day 04, inner dosimeter, 1 st control Fortification sample, Day 04, inner dosimeter, 2 nd control
AEA02-FF-04-OD-C1 AEA02-FF-04-OD-C2	Fortification sample, Day 04, outer dosimeter, 1 st control Fortification sample, Day 04, outer dosimeter, 2 nd control
AEA02-FF-04-AR-T1 AEA02-FF-04-AR-T2	Fortification sample, Day 04, air sampling tube, 1 st travel spike Fortification sample, Day 04, air sampling tube, 2 nd travel spike
AEA02-FF-04-HW-T1 AEA02-FF-04-HW-T2	Fortification sample, Day 04, hand wash, 1 st travel spike Fortification sample, Day 04, hand wash, 2 nd travel spike
AEA02-FF-04-FW-T1 AEA02-FF-04-FW-T2	Fortification sample, Day 04, face/neck wipe, 1 st travel spike Fortification sample, Day 04, face/neck wipe, 2 nd travel spike
AEA02-FF-04-ID-T1 AEA02-FF-04-ID-T2	Fortification sample, Day 04, inner dosimeter, 1 st travel spike Fortification sample, Day 04, inner dosimeter, 2 nd travel spike
AEA02-FF-04-OD-T1 AEA02-FF-04-OD-T2	Fortification sample, Day 04, outer dosimeter, 1 st travel spike Fortification sample, Day 04, outer dosimeter, 2 nd travel spike
AEA02-FF-05-AR-L1 AEA02-FF-05-AR-L2 AEA02-FF-05-AR-L3 AEA02-FF-05-AR-H1 AEA02-FF-05-AR-H2 AEA02-FF-05-AR-H3	Fortification sample, Day 05, air sampling tube, 1 st low level Fortification sample, Day 05, air sampling tube, 2 nd low level Fortification sample, Day 05, air sampling tube, 3 rd low level Fortification sample, Day 05, air sampling tube, 1 st high level Fortification sample, Day 05, air sampling tube, 2 nd high level Fortification sample, Day 05, air sampling tube, 3 rd high level
AEA02-FF-05-HW-L1 AEA02-FF-05-HW-L2 AEA02-FF-05-HW-L3 AEA02-FF-05-HW-H1 AEA02-FF-05-HW-H2 AEA02-FF-05-HW-H3	Fortification sample, Day 05, hand wash, 1 st low level Fortification sample, Day 05, hand wash, 2 nd low level Fortification sample, Day 05, hand wash, 3 rd low level Fortification sample, Day 05, hand wash, 1 st high level Fortification sample, Day 05, hand wash, 2 nd high level Fortification sample, Day 05, hand wash, 3 rd high level
AEA02-FF-05-FW-L1 AEA02-FF-05-FW-L2 AEA02-FF-05-FW-L3 AEA02-FF-05-FW-H1 AEA02-FF-05-FW-H2	Fortification sample, Day 05, face/neck wipe, 1 st low level Fortification sample, Day 05, face/neck wipe, 2 nd low level Fortification sample, Day 05, face/neck wipe, 3 rd low level Fortification sample, Day 05, face/neck wipe, 1 st high level Fortification sample, Day 05, face/neck wipe, 2 nd high level

Sample ID Number	Description
AEA02-FF-05-FW-H3	Fortification sample, Day 05, face/neck wipe, 3 rd high level
AEA02-FF-05-ID-L1 AEA02-FF-05-ID-L2 AEA02-FF-05-ID-L3 AEA02-FF-05-ID-H1 AEA02-FF-05-ID-H2 AEA02-FF-05-ID-H3	Fortification sample, Day 05, inner dosimeter, 1 st low level Fortification sample, Day 05, inner dosimeter, 2 nd low level Fortification sample, Day 05, inner dosimeter, 3 rd low level Fortification sample, Day 05, inner dosimeter, 1 st high level Fortification sample, Day 05, inner dosimeter, 2 nd high level Fortification sample, Day 05, inner dosimeter, 3 rd high level
AEA02-FF-05-OD-L1 AEA02-FF-05-OD-L2 AEA02-FF-05-OD-L3 AEA02-FF-05-OD-H1 AEA02-FF-05-OD-H2 AEA02-FF-05-OD-H3	Fortification sample, Day 05, outer dosimeter, 1 st low level Fortification sample, Day 05, outer dosimeter, 2 nd low level Fortification sample, Day 05, outer dosimeter, 3 rd low level Fortification sample, Day 05, outer dosimeter, 1 st high level Fortification sample, Day 05, outer dosimeter, 2 nd high level Fortification sample, Day 05, outer dosimeter, 3 rd high level
AEA02-FF-05-AR-C1 AEA02-FF-05-AR-C2	Fortification sample, Day 05, air sampling tube, 1 st control Fortification sample, Day 05, air sampling tube, 2 nd control
AEA02-FF-05-HW-C1 AEA02-FF-05-HW-C2	Fortification sample, Day 05, hand wash, 1 st control Fortification sample, Day 05, hand wash, 2 nd control
AEA02-FF-05-FW-C1 AEA02-FF-05-FW-C2	Fortification sample, Day 05, face/neck wipe, 1 st control Fortification sample, Day 05, face/neck wipe, 2 nd control
AEA02-FF-05-ID-C1 AEA02-FF-05-ID-C2	Fortification sample, Day 05, inner dosimeter, 1 st control Fortification sample, Day 05, inner dosimeter, 2 nd control
AEA02-FF-05-OD-C1 AEA02-FF-05-OD-C2	Fortification sample, Day 05, outer dosimeter, 1 st control Fortification sample, Day 05, outer dosimeter, 2 nd control
AEA02-FF-05-AR-T1 AEA02-FF-05-AR-T2	Fortification sample, Day 05, air sampling tube, 1 st travel spike Fortification sample, Day 05, air sampling tube, 2 nd travel spike
AEA02-FF-05-HW-T1 AEA02-FF-05-HW-T2	Fortification sample, Day 05, hand wash, 1 st travel spike Fortification sample, Day 05, hand wash, 2 nd travel spike
AEA02-FF-05-FW-T1 AEA02-FF-05-FW-T2	Fortification sample, Day 05, face/neck wipe, 1 st travel spike Fortification sample, Day 05, face/neck wipe, 2 nd travel spike
AEA02-FF-05-ID-T1 AEA02-FF-05-ID-T2	Fortification sample, Day 05, inner dosimeter, 1 st travel spike Fortification sample, Day 05, inner dosimeter, 2 nd travel spike
AEA02-FF-05-OD-T1 AEA02-FF-05-OD-T2	Fortification sample, Day 05, outer dosimeter, 1 st travel spike Fortification sample, Day 05, outer dosimeter, 2 nd travel spike

Sample ID Number	<u>Description</u>
AEA02-FF-06-AR-L1 AEA02-FF-06-AR-L2 AEA02-FF-06-AR-L3 AEA02-FF-06-AR-H1 AEA02-FF-06-AR-H2 AEA02-FF-06-AR-H3	Fortification sample, Day 06, air sampling tube, 1 st low level Fortification sample, Day 06, air sampling tube, 2 nd low level Fortification sample, Day 06, air sampling tube, 3 rd low level Fortification sample, Day 06, air sampling tube, 1 st high level Fortification sample, Day 06, air sampling tube, 2 nd high level Fortification sample, Day 06, air sampling tube, 3 rd high level
AEA02-FF-06-HW-L1 AEA02-FF-06-HW-L2 AEA02-FF-06-HW-L3 AEA02-FF-06-HW-H1 AEA02-FF-06-HW-H2 AEA02-FF-06-HW-H3	Fortification sample, Day 06, hand wash, 1 st low level Fortification sample, Day 06, hand wash, 2 nd low level Fortification sample, Day 06, hand wash, 3 rd low level Fortification sample, Day 06, hand wash, 1 st high level Fortification sample, Day 06, hand wash, 2 nd high level Fortification sample, Day 06, hand wash, 3 rd high level
AEA02-FF-06-FW-L1 AEA02-FF-06-FW-L2 AEA02-FF-06-FW-L3 AEA02-FF-06-FW-H1 AEA02-FF-06-FW-H2 AEA02-FF-06-FW-H3	Fortification sample, Day 06, face/neck wipe, 1 st low level Fortification sample, Day 06, face/neck wipe, 2 nd low level Fortification sample, Day 06, face/neck wipe, 3 rd low level Fortification sample, Day 06, face/neck wipe, 1 st high level Fortification sample, Day 06, face/neck wipe, 2 nd high level Fortification sample, Day 06, face/neck wipe, 3 rd high level
AEA02-FF-06-ID-L1 AEA02-FF-06-ID-L2 AEA02-FF-06-ID-L3 AEA02-FF-06-ID-H1 AEA02-FF-06-ID-H2 AEA02-FF-06-ID-H3	Fortification sample, Day 06, inner dosimeter, 1 st low level Fortification sample, Day 06, inner dosimeter, 2 nd low level Fortification sample, Day 06, inner dosimeter, 3 rd low level Fortification sample, Day 06, inner dosimeter, 1 st high level Fortification sample, Day 06, inner dosimeter, 2 nd high level Fortification sample, Day 06, inner dosimeter, 3 rd high level
AEA02-FF-06-OD-L1 AEA02-FF-06-OD-L2 AEA02-FF-06-OD-L3 AEA02-FF-06-OD-H1 AEA02-FF-06-OD-H2 AEA02-FF-06-OD-H3	Fortification sample, Day 06, outer dosimeter, 1 st low level Fortification sample, Day 06, outer dosimeter, 2 nd low level Fortification sample, Day 06, outer dosimeter, 3 rd low level Fortification sample, Day 06, outer dosimeter, 1 st high level Fortification sample, Day 06, outer dosimeter, 2 nd high level Fortification sample, Day 06, outer dosimeter, 3 rd high level
AEA02-FF-06-AR-C1 AEA02-FF-06-AR-C2 AEA02-FF-06-HW-C1	Fortification sample, Day 06, air sampling tube, 1 st control Fortification sample, Day 06, air sampling tube, 2 nd control Fortification sample, Day 06, hand wash, 1 st control
AEA02-FF-06-HW-C2 AEA02-FF-06-FW-C1 AEA02-FF-06-FW-C2	Fortification sample, Day 06, hand wash, 2 nd control Fortification sample, Day 06, face/neck wipe, 1 st control Fortification sample, Day 06, face/neck wipe, 2 nd control
AEA02-FF-06-ID-C1	Fortification sample, Day 06, inner dosimeter, 1 st control

Sample ID Number	<u>Description</u>
AEA02-FF-06-ID-C2	Fortification sample, Day 06, inner dosimeter, 2 nd control
AEA02-FF-06-OD-C1 AEA02-FF-06-OD-C2	Fortification sample, Day 06, outer dosimeter, 1 st control Fortification sample, Day 06, outer dosimeter, 2 nd control
AEA02-FF-06-AR-T1 AEA02-FF-06-AR-T2	Fortification sample, Day 06, air sampling tube, 1 st travel spike Fortification sample, Day 06, air sampling tube, 2 nd travel spike
AEA02-FF-06-HW-T1 AEA02-FF-06-HW-T2	Fortification sample, Day 06, hand wash, 1 st travel spike Fortification sample, Day 06, hand wash, 2 nd travel spike
AEA02-FF-06-FW-T1 AEA02-FF-06-FW-T2	Fortification sample, Day 06, face/neck wipe, 1 st travel spike Fortification sample, Day 06, face/neck wipe, 2 nd travel spike
AEA02-FF-06-ID-T1 AEA02-FF-06-ID-T2	Fortification sample, Day 06, inner dosimeter, 1 st travel spike Fortification sample, Day 06, inner dosimeter, 2 nd travel spike
AEA02-FF-06-OD-T1 AEA02-FF-06-OD-T2	Fortification sample, Day 06, outer dosimeter, 1 st travel spike Fortification sample, Day 06, outer dosimeter, 2 nd travel spike
AEA02-FF-07-AR-L1 AEA02-FF-07-AR-L2 AEA02-FF-07-AR-L3 AEA02-FF-07-AR-H1 AEA02-FF-07-AR-H2 AEA02-FF-07-AR-H3	Fortification sample, Day 07, air sampling tube, 1 st low level Fortification sample, Day 07, air sampling tube, 2 nd low level Fortification sample, Day 07, air sampling tube, 3 rd low level Fortification sample, Day 07, air sampling tube, 1 st high level Fortification sample, Day 07, air sampling tube, 2 nd high level Fortification sample, Day 07, air sampling tube, 3 rd high level
AEA02-FF-07-HW-L1 AEA02-FF-07-HW-L2 AEA02-FF-07-HW-L3 AEA02-FF-07-HW-H1 AEA02-FF-07-HW-H2 AEA02-FF-07-HW-H3	Fortification sample, Day 07, hand wash, 1 st low level Fortification sample, Day 07, hand wash, 2 nd low level Fortification sample, Day 07, hand wash, 3 rd low level Fortification sample, Day 07, hand wash, 1 st high level Fortification sample, Day 07, hand wash, 2 nd high level Fortification sample, Day 07, hand wash, 3 rd high level
AEA02-FF-07-FW-L1 AEA02-FF-07-FW-L2 AEA02-FF-07-FW-L3 AEA02-FF-07-FW-H1 AEA02-FF-07-FW-H2 AEA02-FF-07-FW-H3	Fortification sample, Day 07, face/neck wipe, 1 st low level Fortification sample, Day 07, face/neck wipe, 2 nd low level Fortification sample, Day 07, face/neck wipe, 3 rd low level Fortification sample, Day 07, face/neck wipe, 1 st high level Fortification sample, Day 07, face/neck wipe, 2 nd high level Fortification sample, Day 07, face/neck wipe, 3 rd high level
AEA02-FF-07-ID-L1 AEA02-FF-07-ID-L2 AEA02-FF-07-ID-L3 AEA02-FF-07-ID-H1 AEA02-FF-07-ID-H2	Fortification sample, Day 07, inner dosimeter, 1 st low level Fortification sample, Day 07, inner dosimeter, 2 nd low level Fortification sample, Day 07, inner dosimeter, 3 rd low level Fortification sample, Day 07, inner dosimeter, 1 st high level Fortification sample, Day 07, inner dosimeter, 2 nd high level

Sample ID Number	<u>Description</u>
AEA02-FF-07-ID-H3	Fortification sample, Day 07, inner dosimeter, 3 rd high level
AEA02-FF-07-OD-L1 AEA02-FF-07-OD-L2 AEA02-FF-07-OD-L3 AEA02-FF-07-OD-H1 AEA02-FF-07-OD-H2 AEA02-FF-07-OD-H3	Fortification sample, Day 07, outer dosimeter, 1 st low level Fortification sample, Day 07, outer dosimeter, 2 nd low level Fortification sample, Day 07, outer dosimeter, 3 rd low level Fortification sample, Day 07, outer dosimeter, 1 st high level Fortification sample, Day 07, outer dosimeter, 2 nd high level Fortification sample, Day 07, outer dosimeter, 3 rd high level
AEA02-FF-07-AR-C1 AEA02-FF-07-AR-C2	Fortification sample, Day 07, air sampling tube, 1 st control Fortification sample, Day 07, air sampling tube, 2 nd control
AEA02-FF-07-HW-C1 AEA02-FF-07-HW-C2	Fortification sample, Day 07, hand wash, 1 st control Fortification sample, Day 07, hand wash, 2 nd control
AEA02-FF-07-FW-C1 AEA02-FF-07-FW-C2	Fortification sample, Day 07, face/neck wipe, 1 st control Fortification sample, Day 07, face/neck wipe, 2 nd control
AEA02-FF-07-ID-C1 AEA02-FF-07-ID-C2	Fortification sample, Day 07, inner dosimeter, 1 st control Fortification sample, Day 07, inner dosimeter, 2 nd control
AEA02-FF-07-OD-C1 AEA02-FF-07-OD-C2	Fortification sample, Day 07, outer dosimeter, 1 st control Fortification sample, Day 07, outer dosimeter, 2 nd control
AEA02-FF-07-AR-T1 AEA02-FF-07-AR-T2	Fortification sample, Day 07, air sampling tube, 1 st travel spike Fortification sample, Day 07, air sampling tube, 2 nd travel spike
AEA02-FF-07-HW-T1 AEA02-FF-07-HW-T2	Fortification sample, Day 07, hand wash, 1 st travel spike Fortification sample, Day 07, hand wash, 2 nd travel spike
AEA02-FF-07-FW-T1 AEA02-FF-07-FW-T2	Fortification sample, Day 07, face/neck wipe, 1 st travel spike Fortification sample, Day 07, face/neck wipe, 2 nd travel spike
AEA02-FF-07-ID-T1 AEA02-FF-07-ID-T2	Fortification sample, Day 07, inner dosimeter, 1 st travel spike Fortification sample, Day 07, inner dosimeter, 2 nd travel spike
AEA02-FF-07-OD-T1 AEA02-FF-07-OD-T2	Fortification sample, Day 07, outer dosimeter, 1 st travel spike Fortification sample, Day 07, outer dosimeter, 2 nd travel spike
AEA02-FF-08-AR-L1 AEA02-FF-08-AR-L2 AEA02-FF-08-AR-L3 AEA02-FF-08-AR-H1 AEA02-FF-08-AR-H2 AEA02-FF-08-AR-H3	Fortification sample, Day 08, air sampling tube, 1 st low level Fortification sample, Day 08, air sampling tube, 2 nd low level Fortification sample, Day 08, air sampling tube, 3 rd low level Fortification sample, Day 08, air sampling tube, 1 st high level Fortification sample, Day 08, air sampling tube, 2 nd high level Fortification sample, Day 08, air sampling tube, 3 rd high level

Sample ID Number	<u>Description</u>
AEA02-FF-08-HW-L1 AEA02-FF-08-HW-L2 AEA02-FF-08-HW-L3 AEA02-FF-08-HW-H1 AEA02-FF-08-HW-H2 AEA02-FF-08-HW-H3	Fortification sample, Day 08, hand wash, 1 st low level Fortification sample, Day 08, hand wash, 2 nd low level Fortification sample, Day 08, hand wash, 3 rd low level Fortification sample, Day 08, hand wash, 1 st high level Fortification sample, Day 08, hand wash, 2 nd high level Fortification sample, Day 08, hand wash, 3 rd high level
AEA02-FF-08-FW-L1 AEA02-FF-08-FW-L2 AEA02-FF-08-FW-L3 AEA02-FF-08-FW-H1 AEA02-FF-08-FW-H2 AEA02-FF-08-FW-H3	Fortification sample, Day 08, face/neck wipe, 1 st low level Fortification sample, Day 08, face/neck wipe, 2 nd low level Fortification sample, Day 08, face/neck wipe, 3 rd low level Fortification sample, Day 08, face/neck wipe, 1 st high level Fortification sample, Day 08, face/neck wipe, 2 nd high level Fortification sample, Day 08, face/neck wipe, 3 rd high level
AEA02-FF-08-ID-L1 AEA02-FF-08-ID-L2 AEA02-FF-08-ID-L3 AEA02-FF-08-ID-H1 AEA02-FF-08-ID-H2 AEA02-FF-08-ID-H3	Fortification sample, Day 08, inner dosimeter, 1 st low level Fortification sample, Day 08, inner dosimeter, 2 nd low level Fortification sample, Day 08, inner dosimeter, 3 rd low level Fortification sample, Day 08, inner dosimeter, 1 st high level Fortification sample, Day 08, inner dosimeter, 2 nd high level Fortification sample, Day 08, inner dosimeter, 3 rd high level
AEA02-FF-08-OD-L1 AEA02-FF-08-OD-L2 AEA02-FF-08-OD-L3 AEA02-FF-08-OD-H1 AEA02-FF-08-OD-H2 AEA02-FF-08-OD-H3	Fortification sample, Day 08, outer dosimeter, 1 st low level Fortification sample, Day 08, outer dosimeter, 2 nd low level Fortification sample, Day 08, outer dosimeter, 3 rd low level Fortification sample, Day 08, outer dosimeter, 1 st high level Fortification sample, Day 08, outer dosimeter, 2 nd high level Fortification sample, Day 08, outer dosimeter, 3 rd high level
AEA02-FF-08-AR-C1 AEA02-FF-08-AR-C2	Fortification sample, Day 08, air sampling tube, 1 st control Fortification sample, Day 08, air sampling tube, 2 nd control
AEA02-FF-08-HW-C1 AEA02-FF-08-HW-C2	Fortification sample, Day 08, hand wash, 1 st control Fortification sample, Day 08, hand wash, 2 nd control
AEA02-FF-08-FW-C1 AEA02-FF-08-FW-C2	Fortification sample, Day 08, face/neck wipe, 1 st control Fortification sample, Day 08, face/neck wipe, 2 nd control
AEA02-FF-08-ID-C1 AEA02-FF-08-ID-C2	Fortification sample, Day 08, inner dosimeter, 1 st control Fortification sample, Day 08, inner dosimeter, 2 nd control
AEA02-FF-08-OD-C1 AEA02-FF-08-OD-C2	Fortification sample, Day 08, outer dosimeter, 1 st control Fortification sample, Day 08, outer dosimeter, 2 nd control
AEA02-FF-08-AR-T1 AEA02-FF-08-AR-T2	Fortification sample, Day 08, air sampling tube, 1 st travel spike Fortification sample, Day 08, air sampling tube, 2 nd travel spike

Sample <u>ID Number</u>	<u>Description</u>
AEA02-FF-08-HW-T1 AEA02-FF-08-HW-T2	Fortification sample, Day 08, hand wash, 1 st travel spike Fortification sample, Day 08, hand wash, 2 nd travel spike
AEA02-FF-08-FW-T1 AEA02-FF-08-FW-T2	Fortification sample, Day 08, face/neck wipe, 1 st travel spike Fortification sample, Day 08, face/neck wipe, 2 nd travel spike
AEA02-FF-08-ID-T1 AEA02-FF-08-ID-T2	Fortification sample, Day 08, inner dosimeter, 1 st travel spike Fortification sample, Day 08, inner dosimeter, 2 nd travel spike
AEA02-FF-08-OD-T1 AEA02-FF-08-OD-T2	Fortification sample, Day 08, outer dosimeter, 1st travel spike Fortification sample, Day 08, outer dosimeter, 2nd travel spike
AEA02-FF-09-AR-L1 AEA02-FF-09-AR-L2 AEA02-FF-09-AR-L3 AEA02-FF-09-AR-H1 AEA02-FF-09-AR-H2 AEA02-FF-09-AR-H3	Fortification sample, Day 09, air sampling tube, 1 st low level Fortification sample, Day 09, air sampling tube, 2 nd low level Fortification sample, Day 09, air sampling tube, 3 rd low level Fortification sample, Day 09, air sampling tube, 1 st high level Fortification sample, Day 09, air sampling tube, 2 nd high level Fortification sample, Day 09, air sampling tube, 3 rd high level
AEA02-FF-09-HW-L1 AEA02-FF-09-HW-L2 AEA02-FF-09-HW-L3 AEA02-FF-09-HW-H1 AEA02-FF-09-HW-H2 AEA02-FF-09-HW-H3	Fortification sample, Day 09, hand wash, 1 st low level Fortification sample, Day 09, hand wash, 2 nd low level Fortification sample, Day 09, hand wash, 3 rd low level Fortification sample, Day 09, hand wash, 1 st high level Fortification sample, Day 09, hand wash, 2 nd high level Fortification sample, Day 09, hand wash, 3 rd high level
AEA02-FF-09-FW-L1 AEA02-FF-09-FW-L2 AEA02-FF-09-FW-L3 AEA02-FF-09-FW-H1 AEA02-FF-09-FW-H2 AEA02-FF-09-FW-H3	Fortification sample, Day 09, face/neck wipe, 1 st low level Fortification sample, Day 09, face/neck wipe, 2 nd low level Fortification sample, Day 09, face/neck wipe, 3 rd low level Fortification sample, Day 09, face/neck wipe, 1 st high level Fortification sample, Day 09, face/neck wipe, 2 nd high level Fortification sample, Day 09, face/neck wipe, 3 rd high level
AEA02-FF-09-ID-L1 AEA02-FF-09-ID-L2 AEA02-FF-09-ID-L3 AEA02-FF-09-ID-H1 AEA02-FF-09-ID-H2 AEA02-FF-09-ID-H3	Fortification sample, Day 09, inner dosimeter, 1 st low level Fortification sample, Day 09, inner dosimeter, 2 nd low level Fortification sample, Day 09, inner dosimeter, 3 rd low level Fortification sample, Day 09, inner dosimeter, 1 st high level Fortification sample, Day 09, inner dosimeter, 2 nd high level Fortification sample, Day 09, inner dosimeter, 3 rd high level
AEA02-FF-09-OD-L1 AEA02-FF-09-OD-L2 AEA02-FF-09-OD-L3 AEA02-FF-09-OD-H1 AEA02-FF-09-OD-H2 AEA02-FF-09-OD-H3	Fortification sample, Day 09, outer dosimeter, 1 st low level Fortification sample, Day 09, outer dosimeter, 2 nd low level Fortification sample, Day 09, outer dosimeter, 3 rd low level Fortification sample, Day 09, outer dosimeter, 1 st high level Fortification sample, Day 09, outer dosimeter, 2 nd high level Fortification sample, Day 09, outer dosimeter, 3 rd high level

Sample ID Number	<u>Description</u>
AEA02-FF-09-AR-C1 AEA02-FF-09-AR-C2	Fortification sample, Day 09, air sampling tube, 1 st control Fortification sample, Day 09, air sampling tube, 2 nd control
AEA02-FF-09-HW-C1 AEA02-FF-09-HW-C2	Fortification sample, Day 09, hand wash, 1 st control Fortification sample, Day 09, hand wash, 2 nd control
AEA02-FF-09-FW-C1 AEA02-FF-09-FW-C2	Fortification sample, Day 09, face/neck wipe, 1 st control Fortification sample, Day 09, face/neck wipe, 2 nd control
AEA02-FF-09-ID-C1 AEA02-FF-09-ID-C2	Fortification sample, Day 09, inner dosimeter, 1 st control Fortification sample, Day 09, inner dosimeter, 2 nd control
AEA02-FF-09-OD-C1 AEA02-FF-09-OD-C2	Fortification sample, Day 09, outer dosimeter, 1 st control Fortification sample, Day 09, outer dosimeter, 2 nd control
AEA02-FF-09-AR-T1 AEA02-FF-09-AR-T2	Fortification sample, Day 09, air sampling tube, 1 st travel spike Fortification sample, Day 09, air sampling tube, 2 nd travel spike
AEA02-FF-09-HW-T1 AEA02-FF-09-HW-T2	Fortification sample, Day 09, hand wash, 1 st travel spike Fortification sample, Day 09, hand wash, 2 nd travel spike
AEA02-FF-09-FW-T1 AEA02-FF-09-FW-T2	Fortification sample, Day 09, face/neck wipe, 1 st travel spike Fortification sample, Day 09, face/neck wipe, 2 nd travel spike
AEA02-FF-09-ID-T1 AEA02-FF-09-ID-T2	Fortification sample, Day 09, inner dosimeter, 1 st travel spike Fortification sample, Day 09, inner dosimeter, 2 nd travel spike
AEA02-FF-09-OD-T1 AEA02-FF-09-OD-T2	Fortification sample, Day 09, outer dosimeter, 1 st travel spike Fortification sample, Day 09, outer dosimeter, 2 nd travel spike
AEA02-FC-01-AR-01 AEA02-FC-01-AR-02 AEA02-FC-01-AR-03 AEA02-FC-01-AR-04	Field control, Day 1, air sampling tube, 1 st control Field control, Day 1, air sampling tube, 2 nd control Field control, Day 1, air sampling tube, 3 rd control Field control, Day 1, air sampling tube, 4 th control
AEA02-FC-02-AR-01 AEA02-FC-02-AR-02 AEA02-FC-02-AR-03 AEA02-FC-02-AR-04	Field control, Day 2, air sampling tube, 1 st control Field control, Day 2, air sampling tube, 2 nd control Field control, Day 2, air sampling tube, 3 rd control Field control, Day 2, air sampling tube, 4 th control
AEA02-FC-03-AR-01 AEA02-FC-03-AR-02 AEA02-FC-03-AR-03 AEA02-FC-03-AR-04	Field control, Day 3, air sampling tube, 1 st control Field control, Day 3, air sampling tube, 2 nd control Field control, Day 3, air sampling tube, 3 rd control Field control, Day 3, air sampling tube, 4 th control

Sample ID Number	Description
AEA02-FC-04-AR-01	Field control, Day 4, air sampling tube, 1 st control
AEA02-FC-04-AR-02	Field control, Day 4, air sampling tube, 2 nd control
AEA02-FC-04-AR-03	Field control, Day 4, air sampling tube, 3 rd control
AEA02-FC-04-AR-04	Field control, Day 4, air sampling tube, 4 th control
AEA02-FC-05-AR-01	Field control, Day 5, air sampling tube, 1 st control
AEA02-FC-05-AR-02	Field control, Day 5, air sampling tube, 2 nd control
AEA02-FC-05-AR-03	Field control, Day 5, air sampling tube, 3 rd control
AEA02-FC-05-AR-04	Field control, Day 5, air sampling tube, 4 th control
AEA02-FC-06-AR-01	Field control, Day 6, air sampling tube, 1 st control
AEA02-FC-06-AR-02	Field control, Day 6, air sampling tube, 2 nd control
AEA02-FC-06-AR-03	Field control, Day 6, air sampling tube, 3 rd control
AEA02-FC-06-AR-04	Field control, Day 6, air sampling tube, 4 th control
AEA02-FC-07-AR-01	Field control, Day 7, air sampling tube, 1 st control
AEA02-FC-07-AR-02	Field control, Day 7, air sampling tube, 2 nd control
AEA02-FC-07-AR-03	Field control, Day 7, air sampling tube, 3 rd control
AEA02-FC-07-AR-04	Field control, Day 7, air sampling tube, 4 th control
AEA02-FC-08-AR-01	Field control, Day 8, air sampling tube, 1 st control
AEA02-FC-08-AR-02	Field control, Day 8, air sampling tube, 2 nd control
AEA02-FC-08-AR-03	Field control, Day 8, air sampling tube, 3 rd control
AEA02-FC-08-AR-04	Field control, Day 8, air sampling tube, 4 th control
AEA02-FC-09-AR-01	Field control, Day 9, air sampling tube, 1 st control
AEA02-FC-09-AR-02	Field control, Day 9, air sampling tube, 2 nd control
AEA02-FC-09-AR-03	Field control, Day 9, air sampling tube, 3 rd control
AEA02-FC-09-AR-04	Field control, Day 9, air sampling tube, 4 th control
AEA02-FC-10-AR-01 AEA02-FC-10-AR-02 AEA02-FC-10-AR-03 AEA02-FC-10-AR-04	Field control, Day 10, air sampling tube, 1 st control Field control, Day 10, air sampling tube, 2 nd control Field control, Day 10, air sampling tube, 3 rd control Field control, Day 10, air sampling tube, 4 th control
AEA02-FC-11-AR-01	Field control, Day 11, air sampling tube, 1 st control
AEA02-FC-11-AR-02	Field control, Day 11, air sampling tube, 2 nd control
AEA02-FC-11-AR-03	Field control, Day 11, air sampling tube, 3 rd control
AEA02-FC-11-AR-04	Field control, Day 11, air sampling tube, 4 th control

Sample ID Number Description

AEA02-FC-12-AR-01	Field control, Day 12, air sampling tube, 1 st control
AEA02-FC-12-AR-02	Field control, Day 12, air sampling tube, 2 nd control
AEA02-FC-12-AR-03	Field control, Day 12, air sampling tube, 3 rd control
AEA02-FC-12-AR-04	Field control, Day 12, air sampling tube, 4 th control
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AEA02-FC-13-AR-01	Field control, Day 13, air sampling tube, 1 st control
AEA02-FC-13-AR-01 AEA02-FC-13-AR-02	Field control, Day 13, air sampling tube, 1 control
AEA02-FC-13-AR-02 AEA02-FC-13-AR-03	Field control, Day 13, air sampling tube, 2 control
AEA02-FC-13-AR-03 AEA02-FC-13-AR-04	Field control, Day 13, air sampling tube, 3 control Field control, Day 13, air sampling tube, 4 th control
AEAU2-FC-13-AR-04	rield control, day 13, air sampling tube, 4 Control
AEA00 EO 44 AB 04	Field control Day 14 air compling tube 1st control
AEA02-FC-14-AR-01	Field control, Day 14, air sampling tube, 1 st control
AEA02-FC-14-AR-02	Field control, Day 14, air sampling tube, 2 nd control
AEA02-FC-14-AR-03	Field control, Day 14, air sampling tube, 3 rd control
AEA02-FC-14-AR-04	Field control, Day 14, air sampling tube, 4 th control
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AEA02-FC-15-AR-01	Field control, Day 15, air sampling tube, 1st control
AEA02-FC-15-AR-02	Field control, Day 15, air sampling tube, 2 nd control
AEA02-FC-15-AR-03	Field control, Day 15, air sampling tube, 3 rd control
AEA02-FC-15-AR-04	Field control, Day 15, air sampling tube, 4 th control
AEA02-FC-16-AR-01	Field control, Day 16, air sampling tube, 1 st control
AEA02-FC-16-AR-02	Field control, Day 16, air sampling tube, 2 nd control
AEA02-FC-16-AR-01	Field control, Day 16, air sampling tube, 3 rd control
AEA02-FC-16-AR-04	Field control, Day 16, air sampling tube, 4 th control
	· · · · · · · ·
AEA02-FC-17-AR-02	Field control, Day 17, air sampling tube, 1 st control
AEA02-FC-17-AR-03	Field control, Day 17, air sampling tube, 2 nd control
AEA02-FC-17-AR-03	Field control, Day 17, air sampling tube, 3 rd control
AEA02-FC-17-AR-04	Field control, Day 17, air sampling tube, 4 th control
AE'A02 EC 40 AD 04	Field control Day 10 air compling tube 1st control
AEA02-FC-18-AR-01	Field control, Day 18, air sampling tube, 1st control
AEA02-FC-18-AR-02	Field control, Day 18, air sampling tube, 2 rd control
AEA02-FC-18-AR-03	Field control, Day 18, air sampling tube, 3 rd control
AEA02-FC-18-AR-04	Field control, Day 18, air sampling tube, 4 th control

Part 8 IIRB Response Letter, Dated January 22, 2008, Approving Protocol and Consent Forms in English and Spanish⁶

⁶The response letter, *with* the English and Spanish translated versions of the Consent Forms, is provided in Volume 3, Part 5. The re-submitted / approved protocol referenced in this "Response Letter" is in Volume 3, Part 4, and is identical to that presented in Part 6 of this Volume (i.e., Volume 2).

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Your Advocate for Clinical Research Participants

DATE:

January 22, 2008

TO:

Sami Selim, Ph.D. Principal Investigator

FROM:

Kim Lerner, Chairman or

Anita McSharry, Vice-Chairman

Independent Investigational Review Board, Inc.

SUBJECT:

Approval Clinical Research Protocol dated: 1/16/2008

- English/Certified Spanish Translation Informed Consent

Form (Ver. 1/22/2008)

- Mopping Application Scenarios: Rational for Study

Design dated 1/14/2008

- English/Certified Spanish Translation Experimental

Subject's Bill of Rights

- Site Questionnaire

PROTOCOL:

(070265) A Study For Measurement of Potential Dermal and Inhalation Exposure During Application of a Liquid Antimicrobial Pesticide Product Using Bucket an Mop Equipment for Cleaning Indoor Surfaces.

The Independent Investigational Review Board, Inc. is an institutional review Committee structured in compliance with the regulations of the Food and Drug Administration contained in the Code of Federal Regulations (2ICFR 50 and 56 and 45CFR 46) and is in compliance with the International Conference of Harmonization (ICH) Good Clinical Practice (GCP) guidelines for IRB/IECs.

At the meeting held on January 22, 2008, the Committee reviewed and unanimously approved the Research Protocol, the Investigators, Mopping Application Scenarios: Rational for Study Design, Experimental Subject's Bill of Rights and Informed Consent Form for the above noted research study. The Site Questionnaire was reviewed and unanimously accepted.

The Informed Consent Form is unanimously approved. The Committee recommended that changes be made to the Informed Consent Form. The approved English/Certified Spanish Translation Informed Consent Forms are identified as Version 1/22/2008 and stamped, "Approved 1/22/2008. The Informed Consent Form contains all regulatory required consent elements. The English/Certified Spanish Translation Experimental Subject's Bill of Rights are stamped "Approved 1/22/2008".

Page: 2 January 22, 2008 Sami Selim, Ph.D.; 070265

The study has been approved for a 12 month period. Prior to the end of approval on 1/21/2009, you are required to provide the Independent Investigational Review Board with a written progress report for this research and obtain approval for continuing the research. Changes to the protocol or use of non-approved recruitment materials cannot be initiated without IIRB review and approval.

In the event of any serious adverse events, significant deviations from the protocol or problems in the research, written notice to the Independent Investigational Review Board is required. Please provide this reporting to the above-noted address so that appropriate follow-up will be initiated.

Thank you for your cooperation.

KL/AMS/yc:rr

Part 9 Transmittal (Roogow, 1/30/08, 11:45am) of IIRB Meeting Minutes (Tuesday, January 22, 2008)⁷

⁷This Volume "Part" (i.e., IIRB Correspondence) is identical in Volumes 2 and 4, given that it applies to both the mopping and wiping application protocols / documentation.

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Sami Selim

From: "Robert Roogow" <rroogow@iirb.com>

To: <sselim@gplabs.com>

Sent: Wednesday, January 30, 2008 11:45 AM

Attach: Minutes.Selim.1.29.08.doc; roster.08-0102.epa.doc

Subject: Protocols 070264 and 070265

Dear Sami.

Please find attached the portion of the minutes that pertain to the protocols 070264 and 070265 that were reviewed at the 1/22/2008 meeting. I am also including the 2008 Membership Roster. There have been no changes to the Board Policies and Procedures since 1/2/2007, so you should have the most recent copy. Please let me know if you should need anything else.

Regards,

Robert Roogow, MS, CIM
Director of Operations
Independent Investigational Review Board, Inc.
Ph: 954-327-0778

Fax: 954-327-5778 rroogow@iirb.com

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Tuesday, January 22, 2008 MINUTES

ATTENDANCE:

PRESENT
David Wells, MD
ALSO PRESENT
Marcos Rejtman, DO

Anita McSharry, RN

Shari Somerstein, RPh

BOARD/STAFF LIASON

Edward Wiederhorn Katy Kysela

Rabbi Akiya Mann

Kim Lerner ABSENT

George Garbarino

I. CALL TO ORDER

The meeting was called to order at 4:05 AM, by Chairman, Kim Lerner. The meeting was held at 6738 West Sunrise Blvd., Suite 102, Plantation, FL 33313.

II. APPROVAL OF THE 1/17/2008 MINUTES

The minutes of the meeting held 1/17/2008 were reviewed and unanimously approved as reviewed.

III. REVIEW PROTOCOLS

M (Protocol 070264) A Study For Measurement of Potential Dermal and Inhalation Exposure During Application of a Liquid Antimicrobial Pesticide Product Using Trigger Spray or Ready to Use Wipes Cleaning Indoor Surfaces.

Principal Investigator: Sami Selim, Ph.D.

- Approval Clinical Research Protocol dated: 1/16/2008
- Informed Consent Form (Ver. 1/22/2008)
- Wiping Application Scenarios: Rational for Study Design dated 1/14/2008
- Site Questionnaire
- The Experimental Subject's Bill of Rights

Motion was made, seconded and the Committee unanimously approved the Research Protocol, the Investigator(s), Informed Consent Form, Experimental Subject's Bill of Rights, and Wiping Application Scenarios: Rational for Study Design for the above noted research study. The Site Questionnaire was reviewed and unanimously accepted.

The Informed Consent Form is unanimously approved as submitted. The approved Informed Consent Form are identified as Version 1/22/2008 and stamped, "Approved 1/22/2008". The Informed Consent Form contains all regulatory required consent elements. The Experimental Subject's Bill of Rights is stamped "Approved 1/22/2008".

The Committee evaluated that the risks to the subjects were minimized and that a reasonable risk/benefit ratio is established. Based on the duration of the study and the risks to the subjects, the approval is granted for a 12 month period, with a progress report required prior to continued approval. Identified questions and concerns were discussed, addressed and documented in the file. See Approval letter for Investigator's responsibilities and file for supporting documents.

N (Protocol 070265) A Study For Measurement of Potential Dermal and Inhalation Exposure During Application of a Liquid Antimicrobial Pesticide Product Using Bucket an Mop Equipment for Cleaning Indoor Surfaces.

Principal Investigator: Sami Selim, Ph.D.

- Approval Clinical Research Protocol dated: 1/16/2008
- Informed Consent Form (Ver. 1/22/2008)
- Mopping Application Scenarios: Rational for Study Design dated 1/14/2008
- Site Questionnaire
- The Experimental Subject's Bill of Rights

Motion was made, seconded and the Committee unanimously approved the Research Protocol, the Investigator(s), Informed Consent Form, Experimental Subject's Bill of Rights, and Mopping Application Scenarios: Rational for Study Design for the above noted research study. The Site Questionnaire was reviewed and unanimously accepted.

The Informed Consent Form is unanimously approved as submitted. The approved Informed Consent Form are identified as Version 1/22/2008 and stamped, "Approved 1/22/2008". The Informed Consent Form contains all regulatory required consent elements. The Experimental Subject's Bill of Rights is stamped "Approved 1/22/2008".

The Committee evaluated that the risks to the subjects were minimized and that a reasonable risk/benefit ratio is established. Based on the duration of the study and the risks to the subjects, the approval is granted for a 12 month period, with a progress report required prior to continued approval. Identified questions and concerns were discussed, addressed and documented in the file. See Approval letter for Investigator's responsibilities and file for supporting documents.

Part 10 IIRB Membership Roster (3 pages; approved 1/2/2008)⁸

⁸This Volume "Part" (i.e., IIRB Correspondence) is identical in Volumes 2 and 4, given that it applies to both the mopping and wiping application protocols / documentation.

- The following lists the members identified by name; earned degrees; representative capacity; indications of experience such as board certifications, licenses, etc., sufficient to describe each member's chief anticipated contributions to IRB deliberations.
- No member of the Independent Investigational Review Board, Inc has employment or other relationship (for example, full-time employee, a member of governing panel or board, stockholder, paid or unpaid consultant) of any study sponsor, or otherwise involved with the research.

Chairman, Kim Lerner, B.S.

Ms. Lerner is co-founder of the Independent Investigational Review Board and has acted as Chairman for the past 18 years. She has transformed her experience as Director of the IRB at a large teaching hospital into directing a large and diverse independent IRB. Her experience serving as the Director of a Hospital Quality Assurance Program provides the foundation for implementation of the Independent IRB's continuous quality improvement and regulatory compliance programs

Vice Chairman, Anita Mc Sharry, RN (scientific)

Ms Mc Sharry is co-founder of the Independent Investigational Review Board and has acted as President for the past 18 years. She has extensive knowledge of principles of medical research, regulatory compliance and clinical safety. Her previous experience as Clinic Director with the University of Miami, Department of Clinical Pharmacology enables her to view the scientific issues related to research through the experience of the researcher and in light of the regulatory compliance requirements.

David D. Wells, MD (physician/scientific)

Dr. Wells graduated from the University of Havana, is English-Spanish bilingual and brings this international experience to the IRB. He has been a member of the Independent IRB for 12 years. He has served as the Emergency Medicine Department Chairman at a local hospital, has health care Clinic experience working with financially disadvantaged patients and is presently volunteering as a Family Practice Physician serving migrant farm workers. This hands-on experience enables him to clearly assess overall research risks and benefits and understand vulnerable population issues.

Rabbi Akiva D. Mann, M.A. (non-scientific)

Rabbi Mann is the Director of Institute of Jewish Knowledge and Learning, an educational institution of adult learning. He has been a member of the Independent IRB for 11 years. Rabbi Mann brings skills in analyzing moral and ethical issues and refined judgment in understanding problems relating to research and the rights and needs of individuals participating in research studies. He has served on Mayorial Commissions addressing the issues of Medical Ethics and Geriatric Care, as well as having served on Hospital Ethics Committees.



Page 2 of 3 approved 1/2/2008

Edward Wiederhorn (non-scientific)

Mr. Wiederhorn is the community representative to the IIRB and is a member of the American Association of Retired Persons (AARP). Mr. Wiederhorn has longstanding experience as a Civic Activist and has been a member of Fraternal and Charitable Organizations, at present he is actively involved in support of the City of Hope. Mr. Wiederhorn has been a member for 13 years and provides a broad perspective and world experience in relating to assessment of research issues.

Shari Somerstein, B.S., R. Ph. (scientific)

Ms. Somerstein has served as a member of the Independent IRB for more than 8 years and has extensive experience in the interpretation and assessment of clinical research findings and study design. She brings extensive clinical pharmacy experience from a Hospital setting and in the community. She has broad administrative experience in IRB activities including, protocol review, assessment of adverse drug experiences and informed consent form development.

George J. Garbarino (non-scientific)

Mr. Garbarino has been an advocate for Labor Union members and brings a wide range of experience in the area of worker's rights and contract negotiations. He is the Business Manager of the Tile, Marble and Stone Workers Local 121 and is associated with the School Board of Broward County. Mr. Garbarino has served as a member of the Independent Investigational Review Board for 4 years.

Glenn K. Moran, DO, FACOFP (Alternate for: physician/scientific)

Dr. Moran is Board Certified in Family Practice and is presently in private practice and has been a member of the Independent Investigational Review Board for 4 years. He maintains privileges at local hospitals and is active in the areas of Medical Quality Assurance and Peer Review and other community organizations. He participates in numerous Advisory capacities in the medical and educational field and is an Assistant Clinical Professor at Nova Southeastern College of Osteopathic Medicine. He is familiar with current medical research requirements.

Marcos Rejtman, DO. (Alternate for: physician/scientific)

Dr. Rejtman is Board Certified in Family Practice, Geriatric Medicine and Hospice &Palliative Medicine. He is presently the Medical and Team Director for VITAS Innovative Health Care (Hospice) and provides in hospital patient management for a multi-specialty group, in addition, Dr. Rejtman also has recent experience in Emergency Department Medicine. Dr. Rejtman has been a Board member for 4 years. He also has extensive research training and experience. He maintains privileges at local hospitals and is active in the areas of Medical Quality Assurance and Peer Review and other community organizations. He is English-Spanish bilingual.

Robert Lettman, Esq. (Alternate for: non-scientific)

Mr. Lettman is a practicing Attorney in South Florida with extensive experience in civil litigation and serves as a resource in the consideration of the legal aspects of the informed consent process. He has particular strengths in the areas of confidentiality and protection of the rights of the individual. He has been a member of the Board for 4 years. Having been in the community for 30 years he brings insights and knowledge of the needs of the community.

Page 3 of 3 approved 1/2/2008

Levi G. Williams, Esq. (Alternate for: non-scientific)

Levi Williams is an attorney that brings to the Board a background of "diversity issue leadership" within the community. Through his legal practice and volunteer work on many different community-interest Boards and his experience on the School Board he brings expertise in understanding matters related to economic and racial issues. He has been a member of the Independent Investigational Review Board for 1 year. He also has experience with "juvenile rights issues" and brings insight into the protective measures that may be warranted for children participating in research.

MEMBERSHIP CHANGES FROM PREVIOUS ROSTER (Dated: 10/23/07)

No member changes. Provides more detailed descriptions of member qualifications. Correction to typographical errors.

Replaces Roster dated 10/23/07