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Appendix D. Avian Data to Support Generic and Custom Species

D.1. Introduction

According to the Checklist of Birds of North America (USGS, 2009), 742 species of birds inhabit the continental United States, Alaska and Canada. Taxonomically, these 742 species are divided into 20 orders, where the largest proportion (47%) is represented by the Passeriform order, also known as passerine (**Table D1**). As noted below (**Section D.3**), passerines are the most commonly observed species in agricultural areas.

Table D1. Orders of Avian Species of North America (USGS, 2009).

Order	Common names of species within order	Number of species
Anseriformes	ducks, geese, teals, swans	48
Apodiformes	swifts and hummingbirds	19
Caprimulgiformes	nightjars	8
Charadriiformes	auks, plovers, gulls, sandpipers	113
Ciconiiformes	herons, bitterns, egrets, ibis	20
Columbiformes	pigeons and doves	12
Coraciiformes	kingfisher	2
Cuculiformes	cuckoos	6
Falconiformes	falcons and hawks	31
Galliformes	Pheasants, partridges, quail	26
Gaviiformes	loons	5
Gruiformes	cranes and rails	14
Passeriformes	songbirds	349
Pelecaniformes	pelicans and cormorants	17
Piciformes	woodpeckers and sapsuckers	22
Podicipediformes	grebes	7
Procellariiformes	albatross, petrel and shearwater	17
Psittaciformes	parrots and parakeets	6
Strigiformes	owls	19
Trogoniformes	trogon	1

In TIM, a species is represented by its frequency on the agricultural field (termed: Frequency on Field, acronym: FOF), its diet and its body weight (BW). In order to parameterize generic species and to provide users with information relevant to custom species, it is necessary to identify which avian species visit agricultural fields. This can be done using census studies of avian use of agricultural fields and their adjacent habitats. This appendix summarizes several avian census studies from pesticide registrant submissions and the literature. Once representative species are identified, their diets and BWs can be defined using Gough *et al.* (1998) and Dunning (1984), respectively. The purpose of this review is to identify avian species that are representative of those that commonly visit agricultural fields. This review is not intended to be inclusive of every relevant species of birds visiting agricultural fields in North America.

D.2. Avian Species Observed on Agricultural Fields and Orchards

There are multiple factors that can influence the species commonly observed on a field and the FOF of those observed species. Some of these factors include foraging preference, range, composition of edge habitat and time of season (Best *et al.*, 1990, Boutin *et al.*, 1996). Therefore, the crop being studied and the geographic location of the study site can influence the species observed as well as their frequencies on field. In order to account for some of these variables, 26 avian census studies in agricultural fields and edge habitats were considered from 9 different crops (alfalfa, apples, cabbage, citrus, corn, cotton, grapes, potatoes and soybeans) in different geographic locations in North America (Alabama, Arizona, California, Florida, Kansas, Illinois, Iowa, Mississippi, Nebraska, New Mexico, Oklahoma, Ontario, Texas and Wisconsin) (**Table D2**).

Table D2. Crops, Locations and Dates of Avian Census Studies Used in This Appendix to

Identify Common Avian Species in Agricultural Habitats.

Crop	State/Provence	County	Year	Citation
Alfalfa	Kansas	Nemaha	1988	MRID 41110701
Allalla	Oklahoma	Kingfisher	1988	MRID 41110701
A mmlas	Ontario	Norfolk	1987	Boutin et al. 1996
Apples	Ontario	Norfolk	1988	Boutin et al. 1996
Cabbage	Wisconsin	Outagamie	1988	MRID 41585001
Citrus	California	Tulare	1992	MRID 43730301
	Florida	Wikewa Springs	1986	MRID 40149501
	Iowa	Story and Boone	1986	Best et al. 1990
	Illinois	Greene	1986	Best et al. 1990
	Illinois	Greene	1990	MRID 41742701
Corn	Nebraska	Buffalo and Dawson	1988	MRID 41110601
	Ontario	Essex, Niagara and Norfolk	1987	Boutin et al. 1996
	Ontario	Essex, Niagara and Norfolk	1988	Boutin et al. 1996
	Texas	Willacy	1986	MRID 40149501
	Texas/New Mexico	Dallam/Union	1988	MRID 41110601
	Alabama	Lee and Macon	1988	MRID 41548803
	Alabama/Mississippi	Lee/Macon and Leflore	1993	MRID 43492814
	Alabama/Mississippi	Lee/Macon and Leflore	1995	MRID 44464202
Cotton	Arizona	La Paz and Yuma	1993	MRID 43492814
	Arizona	La Paz and Yuma	1995	MRID 44464202
	Texas	Tom Green and Dawson	1993	MRID 43492814
	Texas	Burleson, Williamson and Milam	1995	MRID 44464202
Grapes	Ontario	Niagara	1987	Boutin et al. 1996
Potatoes	New Jersey	Salem, Cumberland and Atlantic	1990	MRID 42333001
Coubons	Ontario	Essex	1987	Boutin et al. 1996
Soybeans	Ontario	Essex	1988	Boutin et al. 1996

The field studies described in this appendix were generally designed with multiple agricultural fields, orchards or vineyards. Birds were surveyed repeatedly over several weeks in the same transects. Each field had multiple transects that overlapped with either field, edge or field and edge habitat. Surveys generally occurred during the morning hours for standard durations. During a

survey, individual birds within a species were counted. Bird species were identified by sight and song.

FOF values used in TIM are based on observations of individuals within a bird species and within an agricultural field and its edge habitat. The FOF is a measure of the percent of the total number of individuals (of one species) observed at one time period that were observed within the agricultural field. This is used as a surrogate for the mean FOF of individual birds within a species.

The commonly observed avian species and their associated FOF values from these studies are described below. It should be noted that definitions of "commonly" observed species differ by study because of different study designs and reported results. An effort was made here to standardize the FOF results whenever possible. Species observed infrequently during avian census studies are not considered for determining species-specific FOF values due to the low number of individuals observed and the uncertainty in the resulting FOF.

One notable uncertainty associated with these data is that the majority of the census studies were conducted during the spring and summer months. Therefore, FOF values representative of fall and winter months are unknown.

D.2.1. Alfalfa in Kansas and Oklahoma

Two avian census studies were conducted on alfalfa fields during 6 weeks in the summer of 1988. One study was located in Kansas (April 1 – June 20) and the other was located in Oklahoma (March 16-June 10). Each study involved surveys of 16 different fields, ranging in size from 14.3 to 75 acres. In the Kansas study, 119 different species were identified. In the Oklahoma study, 86 different species were identified. The study authors reported the avian census results in average number of birds observed per 10 ha on the field and in the edge habitat per week. Over the 6-week observation periods, the number of individuals and FOF values for each species varied by field. For the current analysis, "commonly" observed species are defined as those that were observed an average of at least 10 times per week on at least one study field. The commonly observed species on the fields in Kansas and Oklahoma and their FOF values (range and average) are provided in **Tables D3 and D4**, respectively (MRID 41110701). Although the two studies were located in different states, they shared several common species.

Table D3. Commonly Observed Species of Birds in Kansas Alfalfa Fields during Summer of 1988 (MRID 41110701).

Species (common name)	Species (scientific name)	# fields*	Average # observations/10 ha per field per week	FOF Range (%)	Average FOF** (%)
American robin	Turdus migratorius	7	10-22	6-42	26
Barn swallow	Hirundo rustica	1	12	52	52
Black-capped chickadee	Poecile atricapillus	1	10	0	0
Blue jay	Cyanocitta cristata	1	12	4	4
Brown-headed cowbird	Molothrus ater	15	15-50	4-37	16
Common grackle	Quiscalus quiscula	1	34	2	2
Dickcissel	Spiza americana	6	10-19	1-68	19
Eastern kingbird	Tyrannus tyrannus	1	10	6	6
Grasshopper sparrow	Ammodramus savannarum	1	12	56	56
Harris' sparrow	Zonotrichia querula	3	10-91	0-13	6
House sparrow	Passer domesticus	2	15-154	7-47	13
House wren	Troglodytes aedon	2	10	0	0
Mourning dove	Zenaida macroura	2	10	4-39	22
Northern bobwhite	Colinus virginianus	3	10-12	6-66	31
Red-winged blackbird	Agelaius phoeniceus	5	19-48	1-16	7
Savannah sparrow	Passerculus sandwichensis	12	11-36	21-65	41
Vesper sparrow	Pooecetes gramineus	3	11-19	34-51	42
Water pipit	Anthus spinoletta	1	12	45	45
Western meadowlark	Sturnella neglecta	6	10-17	23-50	33

^{*} where a bird species was observed ≥10 times on average/10 ha/week

Table D4. Commonly Observed Species of Birds in Oklahoma Alfalfa Fields during Summer of 1988 (MRID 41110701).

Species (common name)	Species (scientific name)	# fields*	Average # observations/10 ha per field per week	FOF Range (%)	Average FOF ** (%)
American robin	Turdus migratorius	4	10-26	19-36	29
Brown-headed cowbird	Molothrus ater	4	10-49	15-76	36
Carolina chickadee	Poecile carolinensis	1	12	5	5
Chipping sparrow	Spizella passerina	1	21	19	21
Dark-eyed junco	Junco hyemalis	1	11	7	11
Dickcissel	Spiza americana	4	12-17	8-43	29
Eastern meadowlark	Sturnella magna	4	11-17	77-98	88
Harris' sparrow	Zonotrichia querula	2	15-16	0-24	12
Killdeer	Charadrius vociferus	1	11	100	100
Northern cardinal	Cardinalis cardinalis	1	11	7	7
Red-tailed hawk	Buteo jamaicensis	1	13	0	0
Red-winged blackbird	Agelaius phoeniceus	8	12-134	0-50	19
Savannah sparrow	Passerculus sandwichensis	9	11-23	37-91	62
Water pipit	Anthus spinoletta	6	12-111	85-100	97

^{*} where a bird species was observed ≥10 times on average/10 ha/week

^{**}over all study fields

^{**}over all study fields

D.2.2. Apples in Southern Ontario

In July – September 1987 and in May – September 1988, apple orchards and their edge habitats located in Norfolk County in Southern Ontario were surveyed for birds (Boutin *et al.*, 1996). The study authors defined commonly observed species as those that were observed in the field or edge habitat during more than 50% of the observation periods. During the two seasons of the study, 14 species were commonly observed. Mean percent of individuals within each of these species observed within the apple orchards in 1987 and in 1988 are provided in **Tables D5 and D6**, respectively. These values are representative of FOF for different species during different months. The commonly observed species and their frequency on field values varied from month to month. In some cases, species that were commonly observed in one month, were not commonly observed during another month (e.g., American goldfinch).

Table D5. FOF Values for Commonly Observed Species of Birds in Ontario Apple Orchards in 1987 (Boutin et al., 1996).

Species	Species			
(common name)	(scientific name)	July	Aug-Sep	Average
American crow	Corvus brachyrhynchos	68	62	65
American goldfinch	Carduelis tristis	95.5	73	84
American robin	Turdus migratorius	87	-	87
Bank swallow	Riparia riparia	-	99	99
Barn swallow	Hirundo rustica	95.2	94	95
Cedar waxwing	Bombycilla cedrorum	92.1	67	80
Chipping sparrow	Spizella passerina	86	81	84
Mourning dove	Zenaida macroura	-	70	70

⁻ indicates that value was not reported

Table D6. FOF Values for Commonly Observed Species of Birds in Ontario Apple Orchards in 1988 (Boutin et al., 1996).

Species	Species			FOF (%	(6)	
(common name)	(scientific name)	May	June	July	Aug-Sep	Average
American crow	Corvus brachyrhynchos	76	68	80	72	74
American goldfinch	Carduelis tristis	-	-	83	75	79
American robin	Turdus migratorius	86	72	73	69	75
Bank swallow	Riparia riparia	-	-	-	72	72
Barn swallow	Hirundo rustica	93.6	100	100	100	98
Blue jay	Cyanocitta cristata	67	-	-	-	67
Brown-headed cowbird	Molothrus ater	73	80	-	-	77
Chipping sparrow	Spizella passerina	75	75	75	87	78
Eastern bluebird	Sialia sialis	-	79	-	-	79
European starling	Sturnus vulgaris	78	86	-	-	82
Mourning dove	Zenaida macroura	-	65	-	80	73
Savannah sparrow	Passerculus sandwichensis	90.5	83	_	-	87

Song sparrow	Melospiza melodia	47	47	_	_	47
Bolig sparrow	meiospiza meioaia	77	7/			77

⁻ indicates that value was not reported

D.2.3. Cabbage in Wisconsin

A census was conducted on birds using cabbage fields and adjacent edge habitats located in Outagamie County, Wisconsin. Census data were collected for 11 weeks during the summer of 1988 (June 10-August 24). The study involved surveys of 12 different fields, ranging in size from 18 to 60 acres. A total of 83 species were observed in the fields or their adjacent habitats (MRID 41585001). For this analysis, "commonly" observed is defined as the average of at least 5 individual birds observed per week, when considering all study sites. The most commonly observed species, the average # of birds observed each week (on all study fields and their adjacent habitats) and the FOF values are provided in **Table D7**.

Table D7. Commonly Observed Species of Birds in Wisconsin Cabbage Fields during Summer 1988 (MRID 41585001).

Species (common name)	Species (scientific name)	Average # birds observed/ week	FOF (%)
American crow	Corvus brachyrhynchos	5	3
American goldfinch	Carduelis tristis	16	2
American robin	Turdus migratorius	38	22
Barn swallow	Hirundo rustica	16	1
Black-capped chickadee	Poecile atricapillus	5	0
Blue jay	Cyanocitta cristata	15	4
Brown-headed cowbird	Molothrus ater	10	6
Cedar waxwing	Bombycilla cedrorum	7	0
Cliff swallow	Petrochelidon pyrrhonota	7	53
Common grackle	Quiscalus quiscula	8	11
Common yellowthroat	Geothlypis trichas	9	0
Eastern wood-pewee	Contopus virens	10	1
Great-crested flycatcher	Myiarchus crinitus	6	0
Gray catbird	Dumetella carolinensis	18	3
Indigo bunting	Passerina cyanea	6	1
Killdeer	Charadrius vociferus	6	88
Northern flicker	Colaptes auratus	6	7
Red-winged blackbird	Agelaius phoeniceus	14	1
Rose-breasted grosbeak	Pheucticus ludovicianus	5	0
Savannah sparrow	Passerculus sandwichensis	7	17
Song sparrow	Melospiza melodia	85	7
Tree swallow	Tachycineta bicolor	16	0
White-breasted nuthatch	Sitta carolinensis	6	0

D.2.4. Citrus in California

MRID 43730301 included a census of birds using citrus (*i.e.*, oranges, lemons, tangerines, grapefruit, limes) orchards and adjacent edge habitats located in Tulare County, California. Census

data were collected for 14 weeks during the spring and summer of 1992 (April 12-July 12). The study involved surveys of 12 different orchards, ranging in size from 19 to 82 acres. A total of 75 species were observed in the orchards or their adjacent habitats. For this analysis, "commonly" observed is defined as the average of at least 5 individual birds observed per week, when considering all study sites. The most commonly observed species, the average # of birds observed each week (on all study fields and their adjacent habitats) and the FOF values are provided in **Table D8**.

Table D8. Commonly Observed Species of Birds in California Citrus Groves during Spring-Summer 1992 (MRID 43730301).

Species (common name)	Species (scientific name)	Average # birds observed/ week	FOF (%)
American robin	Turdus migratorius	9	41
Ash-throated flycatcher	Myiarchus cinerascens	9	23
Brewer's blackbird	Euphagus cyanocephalus	26	40
Brown towhee	Pipilo fuscus	17	49
Brown-headed cowbird	Molothrus ater	20	39
Bushtit	Psaltriparus minimus	5	34
California quail	Callipepla california	23	34
European starling	Sturnus vulgaris	22	14
House finch	Carpodacus mexicanus	50	32
Mourning dove	Zenaida macroura	29	52
Northern mockingbird	Mimus polyglottos	13	35
Red-winged blackbird	Agelaius phoeniceus	11	3
Scrub jay	Aphelocoma coerulescens	92	55
Western kingbird	Tyrannus verticalis	16	13

D.2.5. Corn in the Midwest US, Southwest US, Florida and Ontario

Several avian census studies conducted in corn fields and their adjacent habitats are available in the scientific literature and from registrant submissions. This section describes avian census studies that were conducted during the summer months of the 1980s and 1990s in Florida, Illinois, Iowa, Ontario, Texas, New Mexico and Nebraska (**Table D9**).

Table D9. Locations, Dates and Total Number of Avian Species Observed during Avian Census Studies Involving Corn Fields and Their Adjacent Habitats.

Study location	Date	Total # species	Source (MRID)
Florida (Wikewa Springs Co.)	1986	17	MRID 40149501
Iowa (Story and Boone Cos.)	1986	53	Best et al. 1990
Illinois (Greene Co)	1986	53	Best et al. 1990
Illinois (Greene Co.)	1990	87	MRID 41742701
Nebraska (Buffalo and Dawson Cos.)	1988	81	MRID 41110601
Ontario (Essex, Niagara and Norfolk Cos.)	1987, 1988	124	Boutin et al. 1996
Texas (Willacy Co.)	1986	91	MRID 40149501
Texas (Dallam Co.) and New Mexico (Union Co.)	1988	50	MRID 41110601

In summer 1986 (May 6-July 9), Best et al. (1990) conducted a study that evaluated the propensity of birds to use cornfields in Illinois and in Iowa. The Illinois portion of the study involved 9 corn fields (sized 20-42 A) located in Greene County. The Iowa portion of the study involved 9 corn fields (sized 27-72 A) that were located in Story and Boone Counties. The census results were reported as average # individuals of a species observed per census in 100 ha. These values were converted to average # of birds observed per week per ha by multiplying the reported values by the total # of censuses (216 for IA and 234 for IL) and dividing by 4 weeks and by 100 ha. For this analysis, "commonly" observed is defined as those that were observed during the study >1 individual per week per ha. The most commonly observed species, the average # of birds observed each week per ha and the FOF values for the Iowa and Illinois studies are provided in **Tables D10 and D11**, respectively.

Table D10. Commonly Observed Species of Birds in Iowa Corn Fields during Summer 1986 (Best et al., 1990).

Species (common name)	Species (scientific name)	Average # individuals/ week (per 1 ha)	FOF (%)
American goldfinch	Carduelis tristis	6	14
American robin	Turdus migratorius	8	36
Barn swallow	Hirundo rustica	13	18
Brown thrasher	Toxostoma rufum	2	53
Brown-headed cowbird	Molothrus ater	51	19
Chipping sparrow	Spizella passerina	6	34
Common grackle	Quiscalus quiscula	5	24
Common yellowthroat	Geothlypis trichas	6	23
Dickcissel	Spiza americana	13	16
Eastern kingbird	Tyrannus tyrannus	3	38
European starling	Sturnus vulgaris	3	34
Field sparrow	Spizella pusilla	1	100
Grasshopper sparrow	Ammodramus savannarum	3	15
Gray partridge	Perdix perdix	3	35
House sparrow	Passer domesticus	9	24
Indigo bunting	Passerina cyanea	13	28
Killdeer	Charadrius vociferus	5	100
Mourning dove	Zenaida macroura	7	31
Northern flicker	Colaptes auratus	1	0
Red-winged blackbird	Agelaius phoeniceus	67	17
Savannah sparrow	Passerculus sandwichensis	18	14
Sedge wren	Cistothorus platensis	2	0
Song sparrow	Melospiza melodia	2	100
Vesper sparrow	Pooecetes gramineus	22	40
Western meadowlark	Sturnella neglecta	3	9

Table D11. Commonly Observed Species of Birds in Illinois Corn Fields during Summer 1986 (Best et al., 1990).

Species (common name)	Species (scientific name)	Average # individuals/ week (per 1 ha)	FOF (%)
American crow	Corvus brachyrhynchos	6	6
American goldfinch	Carduelis tristis	80	2
American robin	Turdus migratorius	73	16
Black-capped chickadee	Poecile atricapillus	80	0
Blue jay	Cyanocitta cristata	61	1
Brown thrasher	Toxostoma rufum	13	1
Brown-headed cowbird	Molothrus ater	82	15
Cedar waxwing	Bombycilla cedrorum	3	0
Common grackle	Quiscalus quiscula	52	12
Common yellowthroat	Geothlypis trichas	116	0
Downy woodpecker	Picoides pubescens	25	2
Eastern kingbird	Tyrannus tyrannus	3	43
Eastern phoebe	Sayornis phoebe	2	0
Eastern wood-pewee	Contopus virens	7	0
Eurasian tree sparrow	Passer montanus	2	0
European starling	Sturnus vulgaris	5	3
Field sparrow	Spizella pusilla	3	3
Gray catbird	Dumetella carolinensis	32	0
Great-crested flycatcher	Myiarchus crinitus	14	0
Green-backed heron	Butorides striatus	4	0
Horned lark	Eremophila alpestris	8	86
House wren	Troglodytes aedon	3	24
House wren	Troglodytes aedon	85	0
Indigo bunting	Passerina cyanea	465	1
Mourning dove	Zenaida macroura	12	14
Northern bobwhite	Colinus virginianus	23	1
Northern cardinal	Cardinalis cardinalis	68	3
Northern flicker	Colaptes auratus	33	1
Northern oriole	Icterus galbula	40	1
Orchard oriole	Icterus spurius	2	0
Pileated woodpecker	Dryocopus pileatus	3	0
Red-bellied woodpecker	Melanerpes carolinus	27	1
Red-eyed vireo	Vireo olivaceus	1	0
Red-headed woodpecker	Melanerpes erythrocephalus	52	8
Red-winged blackbird	Agelaius phoeniceus	231	7
Rose-breasted grosbeak	Pheucticus ludovicianus	6	0

Song sparrow	Melospiza melodia	13	5
Tennessee warbler	Vermivora peregrina	1	0
Tufted titmouse	Baeolophus bicolor	72	0
Vesper sparrow	Pooecetes gramineus	1	13
White-breasted nuthatch	Sitta carolinensis	7	0
white-crowned sparrow	Zonotrichia leucophrys	1	48
willow flycatcher	Empidonax trailii	5	0
Yellow warbler	Dendroica petechia	7	0
Yellow-breasted chat	Icteria virens	14	0

MRID 41742701 included a census of birds using corn fields and adjacent edge habitats located in Greene County of Illinois. Census data were collected for 4 weeks during the summer (May 5-July 3) of 1990. The study involved surveys of 16 different fields ranging in size from 13 to 42 acres. A total of 87 species were observed in the fields or their adjacent habitats. For this analysis, "commonly" observed is defined as the average of at least 5 individual birds observed per week, when considering all study sites. The most commonly observed species, the average # of birds observed each week (on all study fields and their adjacent habitats) and the FOF values are provided in **Table D12**.

Table D12. Commonly Observed Species of Birds in Illinois Corn Fields during Summer 1990 (MRID 41742701).

Species (common name)	Species (scientific name)	Average # birds observed/ week	FOF (%)
American goldfinch	Carduelis tristis	21	38
American robin	Turdus migratorius	61	38
Barn swallow	Hirundo rustica	5	62
Black-capped chickadee	Poecile atricapillus	25	8
Blue jay	Cyanocitta cristata	65	33
Brown thrasher	Toxostoma rufum	35	43
Brown-headed cowbird	Molothrus ater	110	60
Canada goose	Branta canadensis	9	100
Cedar waxwing	Bombycilla cedrorum	64	8
Common grackle	Quiscalus quiscula	150	44
Common yellowthroat	Geothlypis trichas	16	17
Downy woodpecker	Picoides pubescens	10	7
Eastern bluebird	Sialia sialis	17	76
Eastern kingbird	Tyrannus tyrannus	30	45
Eastern meadowlark	Sturnella magna	10	89
Eastern wood pewee	Contopus virens	7	3
European starling	Sturnus vulgaris	10	51
Field sparrow	Spizella pusilla	14	11
Gray catbird	Dumetella carolinensis	23	16
Great-crested flycatcher	Myiarchus crinitus	13	4
Horned lark	Eremophila alpestris	42	82
House wren	Troglodytes aedon	6	0
Indigo bunting	Passerina cyanea	146	30
Killdeer	Charadrius vociferus	8	97

Mourning dove	Zenaida macroura	20	33
Northern bobwhite	Colinus virginianus	9	53
Northern cardinal	Cardinalis cardinalis	111	34
Northern flicker	Colaptes auratus	12	29
Northern oriole	Icterus galbula	30	11
Orchard oriole	Icterus spurius	5	0
Red-bellied woodpecker	Melanerpes carolinus	19	18
Red-headed woodpecker	Melanerpes erythrocephalus	41	50
Red-winged blackbird	Agelaius phoeniceus	156	58
Rose-breasted grosbeak	Pheucticus ludovicianus	8	6
Song sparrow	Melospiza melodia	15	27
Swainson's thrush	Catharus ustulatus	5	20
Tufted titmouse	Baeolophus bicolor	21	4
Western palm warbler	Dendroica palmarum	11	16
Yellow warbler	Dendroica petechia	10	0
Yellow-rumped (magnolia) warbler	Dendroica magnolia	8	9

In July – September, 1987 and in May – September 1988, cornfields and their edge habitats located in 3 counties in Southern Ontario (Essex, Niagara and Norfolk Counties) were surveyed for birds (Boutin et al., 1996). The study authors defined commonly observed species as those that were observed in the field or edge habitat more than 50% of the observation periods. During the two summers, 14 species were commonly observed. Mean percent of individuals within each of these species observed within the cornfields in 1987 and in 1988 are provided in **Tables D13 and D14**, respectively. These values are representative of frequency on field for different species during different months. The commonly observed species and their frequency on field values varied from month to month.

Table D13. FOF Values for Commonly Observed Species of Birds in Ontario Corn Fields in 1987 (Boutin et al., 1996).

Species (common	Engaing (gainntific name)	FOF (%)					
name)	Species (scientific name)	July 1987	Aug-Sep 1987	Average			
American goldfinch	Carduelis tristis	39	39	39			
American robin	Turdus migratorius	38	42	40			
Barn swallow	Hirundo rustica	93	-	93			
House sparrow	Passer domesticus	-	48	48			
Indigo bunting	Passerina cyanea	22	-	22			
Red-winged blackbird	Agelaius phoeniceus	63	-	63			
Song sparrow	Melospiza melodia	35	29	32			

⁻ indicates that value was not reported

Table D14. FOF Values for Commonly Observed Species of Birds in Ontario Corn Fields in 1988 (Boutin et al., 1996).

Species (common	C			FOF (%	%)	
name)	Species (scientific name)	May	June	July	Aug-Sep	Average
American goldfinch	Carduelis tristis	-	-	-	21	21
American robin	Turdus migratorius	41	25	29	22	29
Barn swallow	Hirundo rustica	99.5	96.2	95.3	98.8	97
Brown-headed cowbird	Molothrus ater	34	19	-	-	27
Common grackle	Quiscalus quiscula	59	42	-	-	51
European starling	Sturnus vulgaris	52	23	-	12	29
Horned lark	Eremophila alpestris	93.4	84	72	-	83
House sparrow	Passer domesticus	-	-	25	-	25
Indigo bunting	Passerina cyanea	-	-	14	-	14
Killdeer	Charadrius vociferus	78	-	-	-	78
Mourning dove	Zenaida macroura	-	-	-	31	31
Red-winged blackbird	Agelaius phoeniceus	34	23	52	70	45
Song sparrow	Melospiza melodia	4	4	17	70	24
Yellow warbler	Dendroica petechia	0	-	-	-	0

⁻ indicates that value was not reported

MRID 40149501 included a census of birds using corn fields and adjacent edge habitats located in Texas. Avian censuses were conducted during the summer and fall of 1986 on 9 study fields. In this census, 91 species were observed. For the current analysis, "commonly" observed species are defined as those that were observed at least 100 times, which is equivalent to at least 1% of the total number of observed birds. The commonly observed species on the fields and their FOF values are provided in **Table D15**.

Table D15. Commonly Observed Species of Birds in Texas Corn Fields during Fall 1986 (MRID 40149501).

Species (common name)	Species (scientific name)	Total # birds observed during study	FOF (%)
Barn swallow	Hirundo rustica	176	29%
Black-necked stilt	Himantopus mexicanus	112	33%
Blue-winged teal	Anas discors	311	65%
Brown-headed cowbird	Molothrus ater	144	33%
Great-tailed grackle	Quiscalus mexicanus	4415	35%
House sparrow	Passer domesticus	203	63%
Least sandpiper	Calidris minutilla	132	1%
Long-billed dowitcher	Limnodromus scolopaceus	1025	10%
Mourning dove	Zenaida macroura	657	61%
Northern bobwhite	Colinus virginianus	100	22%
Red-winged blackbird	Agelaius phoeniceus	1298	62%
White-faced ibis	Plegadis chihi	104	96%

MRID 41110601 included a census of birds using corn fields and adjacent edge habitats located in Texas and New Mexico. Data were reported for 5 weeks during the summer of 1988 (July 26 – August 6). The study involved surveys of 16 different study fields. During the census, 50 avian species were identified in the corn fields and edge habitats. For the current analysis, "commonly" observed species are defined as those that were observed an average of at least 10 times per week on at least one study field. The commonly observed species on the fields and their FOF values (range and average) are provided in **Table D16**.

Table D16. Commonly Observed Species of Birds in Texas and New Mexico Corn Fields during Summer of 1988 (MRID 41110601).

Species (common name)	Species (scientific name)	# fields*	Average # observations/10 ha per field per week	FOF Range (%)	Average FOF** (%)
Bank swallow	Riparia riparia	10	10-813	90-100	97
Brewer's blackbird	Euphagus cyanocephalus	1	14	0	0
Brown-headed cowbird	Molothrus ater	1	56	100	100
Chipping sparrow	Spizella passerina	1	27	88	88
Cliff swallow	Petrochelidon pyrrhonota	15	14-268	87-100	96
Common nighthawk	Chordeiles minor	1	36	98	98
Dickcissel	Spiza americana	1	11	100	100
Horned lark	Eremophila alpestris	1	18	61	61
Lark bunting	Calamospiza melanocorys	6	14-49	0-40	7
Lark sparrow	Chondestes grammacus	2	11-79	72-85	79
Mourning dove	Zenaida macroura	1	19	0	0
Northern rough-winged swallow	Stelgidopteryx serripennis	1	20	98	98
Red-winged blackbird	Agelaius phoeniceus	11	10-283	38-100	89
Western kingbird	Tyrannus verticalis	1	14	92	92
Western meadowlark	Sturnella neglecta	1	10	0	0
Yellow-headed blackbird	Xanthocephalus xanthocephalus	2	18-24	100	100

^{*} where a bird species was observed ≥10 times on average/10 ha/week

MRID 41110601 also included a census of birds using corn fields and adjacent edge habitats located in Nebraska. Data were reported for 5 weeks during the summer of 1988 (July 11 – August 27). The study involved surveys of 15 different corn fields and their edge habitats. During the census, 81 avian species were identified in the corn fields and edge habitats. For the current analysis, "commonly" observed species are defined as those that were observed an average of at least 10 times per week on at least one study field. The commonly observed species on the fields and their FOF values (range and average) are provided in **Table D17**.

^{**}over all study fields

Table D17. Commonly Observed Species of Birds in Nebraska Corn Fields during Summer of 1988 (MRID 41110601).

Species (common name)	Species (scientific name)	Number of fields*	Average # observations/10 ha per field per week	FOF Range (%)	Average FOF** (%)
American goldfinch	Carduelis tristis	7	10-31	0-63	32
American robin	Turdus migratorius	10	11-197	0-72	21
Bank swallow	Riparia riparia	4	10-24	0-84	34
Black-capped chickadee	Poecile atricapillus	14	16-121	17-83	48
Blue jay	Cyanocitta cristata	14	10-108	0-79	22
Brown thrasher	Toxostoma rufum	10	12-49	0-73	35
Chimney swift	Chaetura pelagica	4	10-168	57-93	75
Chipping sparrow	Spizella passerina	6	12-78	0-84	35
Cliff swallow	Petrochelidon pyrrhonota	3	10-12	100	100
Common grackle	Quiscalus quiscula	6	10-69	0-100	24
Common yellowthroat	Geothlypis trichas	3	10-15	0-100	46
Dickcissel	Spiza americana	3	10-49	27-46	40
Downy woodpecker	Picoides pubescens	1	16	51	51
Eastern kingbird	Tyrannus	15	16-87	0-71	37
Field sparrow	Spizella pusilla	1	12	46	46
Gray catbird	Dumetella carolinensis	4	10-26	0-68	28
House sparrow	Passer domesticus	4	32-133	0-90	26
House wren	Troglodytes aedon	14	16-67	0-61	22
Indigo bunting	Passerina cyanea	1	15	44	44
Mourning dove	Zenaida macroura	13	10-59	0-32	5
Northern cardinal	Cardinalis	1	20	68	68
Northern flicker	Colaptes auratus	7	12-19	0-13	3
Northern oriole	Icterus galbula	15	12-60	10-55	34
Northern rough-winged swallow	Stelgidopteryx serripennis	5	11-32	27-100	85
Orchard oriole	Icterus spurius	3	10-12	0-41	18
Purple martin	Progne subis	1	22	100	100
Red-headed woodpecker	Melanerpes erythrocephalus	11	13-49	0-62	17
Red-winged blackbird	Agelaius phoeniceus	2	15-17	0-42	21
Western kingbird	Tyrannus verticalis	2	10-30	0-83	41
Yellow warbler	Dendroica petechia	1	11	29	29

^{*} where the species was observed ≥10 times on average/10 ha/week

MRID 40149501 included a census of birds using corn fields and adjacent edge habitats located in Florida. Avian censuses were conducted during the summer and fall of 1986 on 9 study fields. In this census, 18 species were observed. For the current analysis, "commonly" observed species are defined as those that were observed at least 25 times, which is equivalent to at least 5% of the total number of observed birds. The commonly observed species on the fields and their FOF values are provided in **Table D18**.

^{**}over all study fields

Table D18. Commonly Observed Species of Birds in Texas Corn Fields during Fall 1986 (MRID 40149501).

Species (common name) Species (scientific name)		Total # birds observed during study	FOF (%)
Boat-tailed grackle	Quiscalus major	35	68
Cattle egret	Bubulcus ibis	28	100
Common grackle	Quiscalus quiscula	116	97
Northern rough-winged swallow	Stelgidopteryx serripennis	70	99

D.2.6. Cotton in the Southern United States

Several avian census studies of cotton fields and their adjacent habitats were submitted by pesticide registrants (MRIDs 41548803, 43492814 and 44464202). These studies involved fields located in Alabama, Mississippi, Arizona and Texas (**Table D19**). Each study involved 12 different fields that were monitored for several weeks in the summers of 1988, 1993 or 1995. The total number of species observed in these ranged 47-65; however, the majority of the species were observed infrequently (*i.e.*, <2 individual per field over the entire study period). For this analysis, "commonly" observed is defined as the average of at least 5 individual birds observed per week, when considering all study sites. **Tables D20**, **D21 and D22** present the average # of birds observed per week (on all study fields and their adjacent habitats) and the FOF values for the commonly observed species in the studies conducted in Alabama and Mississippi, Arizona and Texas, respectively. Note that the commonly observed species differ by location and by year; however, several species were commonly observed in two or three of the study sites (*e.g.*, horned lark, red-winged blackbird).

Table D19. Locations, Dates and Total # of Avian Species Observed during Avian Census Studies Involving Cotton Fields and Their Adjacent Habitats.

Study location	Date	Total # species	Source (MRID)
Alabama (Lee and Macon Cos.)	1988	48	41548803
Alabama (Lee and Macon Cos.) and Mississippi (Leflore Co.)	1993	65	43492814
Alabama (Lee and Macon Cos.) and Mississippi (Leflore Co.)	1995	54	44464202
Arizona (La Paz and Yuma Cos.)	1993	51	43492814
Arizona (La Paz and Yuma Cos.)	1995	54	44464202
Texas (Tom Green and Dawson Cos.)	1993	62	43492814
Texas (Burleson, Williamson and Milam Cos)	1995	47	44464202

Table D20. Frequency on Field (FOF) Values of Commonly Observed Avian Species during Cotton Census Studies Conducted in Alabama and Mississippi during Summers of 1988, 1993 and 1995.

Species (common	Species (scientific name)	Average # birds observed/ week			FOF (%)		
name)		1988*	1993**	1995***	1988*	1993**	1995***
Blue jay	Cyanocitta cristata	-	21	29	-	1	2
Blue-gray gnatcatcher	Polioptila caerulea	-	6	10	-	-	1
Carolina chickadee	Poecile carolinensis	16	19	25	1	0	8
Carolina wren	Thryothorus ludovicianus	15	19	22	1	1	1
Chimney swift	Chaetura pelagica	-	-	22	-	-	70
Common grackle	Quiscalus quiscula	-	8	-	-	33	-
Downy woodpecker	Picoides pubescens	-	5	7	-	-	0
Horned lark	Eremophila alpestris	-	35	-	-	68	-
Indigo bunting	Passerina cyanea	23	33	34	9	13	34
Mourning dove	Zenaida macroura	-	-	10	-	-	8
Northern bobwhite	Colinus virginianus	6	-	-	3	-	-
Northern cardinal	Cardinalis cardinalis	40	53	81	17	11	19
Red-bellied woodpecker	Melanerpes carolinus	-	8	15	-	0	0
Red-winged blackbird	Agelaius phoeniceus	-	39	-	-	53	-
Ruby-throated hummingbird	Archilochus colubris	17	12	19	42	34	58
Rufous-sided towhee	Pipilo erythrophthalmus	18	5	-	1	-	-
Tufted titmouse	Baeolophus bicolor	-	7	11	-	0	0
White-eyed vireo	Vireo griseus	-	11	-	-	0	-
Yellow-billed cuckoo	Coccyzus americanus	-	12	8	-	0	5

^{*} This study (MRID 41548803) was conducted in Alabama only.

Table D21. Frequency on Field (FOF) Values of Commonly Observed Avian Species during Cotton Census Studies Conducted in Arizona during Summers of 1993 and 1995.

Species (common name)	Species (scientific name)	Average # birds observed/ week		FOF (%)	
•		1993*	1995**	1993*	1995**
Abert's towhee	Pipilo aberti	39	48	39	50
Black-throated sparrow	Amphispiza bilineata	24	-	37	-
Blue grosbeak	Guiraca caerulea	6	10	-	29
Brown-headed cowbird	Molothrus ater	8	29	-	34
Cliff swallow	Petrochelidon pyrrhonota	47	48	62	99
Common moorhen	Gallinula chloropus	9	-	0	-
Common yellowthroat	Geothlypis trichas	12	28	14	37
Gambel's quail	Callipepla gambelii	38	20	31	27
House finch	Carpodacus mexicanus	-	5	-	2
Horned lark	Eremophila alpestris	22	-	36	-
Lesser nighthawk	Chordeiles acutipennis	7	-	63	-
Loggerhead shrike	Lanius ludovicianus	9	-	17	-
Lark sparrow	Chondestes grammacus	-	28	-	35

^{**}MRID 43492814

^{***}MRID 44464202

Mourning dove	Zenaida macroura	14	17	15	18
Northern oriole	Icterus galbula	5	6	30	68
Northern rough-winged swallow	Stelgidopteryx serripennis	19	-	74	-
Red-winged blackbird	Agelaius phoeniceus	319	321	83	82
Tree swallow	Tachycineta bicolor	9	-	69	-
Verdin	Auriparus flaviceps	-	14	-	57
Violet-green swallow	Tachycineta thalassina	7	-	56	-
Western kingbird	Tyrannus verticalis	6	=	29	=
White-winged dove	Zenaida asiatica	-	16	-	6
Yellow-breasted chat	Icteria virens	-	10	-	2
Yellow-headed blackbird	Xanthocephalus xanthocephalus	138	-	4	-

^{*}MRID 43492814

Table D22. Frequency on Field (FOF) Values of Commonly Observed Avian Species during Cotton Census Studies Conducted in Texas during Summers of 1993 and 1995.

Species (common name)	Species (scientific name)		e # birds ed/ week	FOI	F (%)
,	• ` ` `	1993*	1995**	1993*	1995**
Barn swallow	Hirundo rustica	13	11	68	73
Brown-headed cowbird	Molothrus ater	-	9	-	19
Cactus wren	Campylorhynchus brunneicapillus	9	-	0	-
Carolina chickadee	Poecile carolinensis	-	13	-	2
Carolina wren	Thryothorus ludovicianus	-	10	-	0
Cassin's sparrow	Aimophila cassinii	12	-	7	-
Cliff swallow	Petrochelidon pyrrhonota	24	-	72	-
Dickcissel	Spiza americana	-	5	-	72
Horned lark	Eremophila alpestris	26	-	57	-
House finch	Carpodacus mexicanus	5	-	3	-
Indigo bunting	Passerina cyanea	-	8	-	24
Lark sparrow	Chondestes grammacus	14	6	33	44
Mourning dove	Zenaida macroura	9	9	5	21
Northern bobwhite	Colinus virginianus	10	-	1	-
Northern cardinal	Cardinalis cardinalis	12	39	1	21
Northern mockingbird	Mimus polyglottos	20	7	4	5
Northern oriole	Icterus galbula	14	-	5	-
Painted bunting	Passerina ciris	=	11	-	28
Pyrrhuloxia	Cardinalis sinuatus	9	-	0	-
Red-winged blackbird	Agelaius phoeniceus	15	-	35	-
Scaled quail	Callipepla squamata	5	-	0	-
Scissor-tailed flycatcher	Tyrannus forficatus	11	-	19	-
White-eyed vireo	Vireo griseus	-	7	-	2
Yellow-billed cuckoo	Coccyzus americanus	5	7	6	2

^{*}MRID 43492814

^{**}MRID 44464202

^{**}MRID 44464202

D.2.7. Grapes in Southern Ontario

In July – September 1987, grape vineyards and their edge habitats located in Niagara County in Southern Ontario were surveyed for birds (Boutin et al., 1996). The study authors defined commonly observed species as those that were observed in the field or edge habitat more than 50% of the observation periods. During the study, 8 species were commonly observed. Mean percent of individuals within each of these species observed within the grape vineyards are provided in **Table D23**. These values are representative of FOF for different species during different months. The commonly observed species and their frequency on field values varied from month to month.

Table D23. FOF Values for Commonly Observed Species of Birds in Ontario Grape Vineyards in 1987 (Boutin et al., 1996).

Smaaiga (aamman mama)	Crosing (gainm áif in manna)	FOF (%)				
Species (common name)	Species (scientific name)	July	Average			
American goldfinch	Carduelis tristis	88	64	76		
American robin	Turdus migratorius	85	68	77		
Chipping sparrow	Spizella passerina	84	75	80		
Eastern kingbird	Tyrannus tyrannus	20	-	20		
Killdeer	Charadrius vociferus	65	-	65		
Red-winged blackbird	Agelaius phoeniceus	86	-	86		
Savannah sparrow	Passerculus sandwichensis	82	-	82		
Song sparrow	Melospiza melodia	58	-	58		

⁻ indicates that value was not reported

D.2.8. Potatoes in New Jersey

MRID 42333001 included a census of birds using potato fields and adjacent edge habitats located in Salem, Cumberland and Atlantic counties of New Jersey. Census data were collected for 7 weeks during the summer of 1990 (May 22 - July 9). The study involved surveys of 12 different fields ranging in size from 16 to 65 acres. A total of 127 species were observed in the fields or their adjacent habitats. For this analysis, "commonly" observed is defined as the average of at least 5 individual birds observed per week, when considering all study sites. The most commonly observed species, the average # of birds observed each week (on all study fields and their adjacent habitats) and the FOF values are provided in **Table D24**.

Table D24. Commonly Observed Species of Birds in New Jersey Potato Fields during Summer 1990 (MRID 42333001).

Species (common name)	Species (scientific name)	Average # birds observed/ week	FOF (%)
American crow	Corvus brachyrhynchos	14	12
American goldfinch	Carduelis tristis	6	13
American robin	Turdus migratorius	51	20
Barn swallow	Hirundo rustica	12	91
Blue jay	Cyanocitta cristata	42	3
Brown-headed cowbird	Molothrus ater	5	3
Brown thrasher	Toxostoma rufum	6	39
Carolina chickadee	Poecile carolinensis	18	0
Carolina wren	Thryothorus ludovicianus	23	0
Chimney swift	Chaetura pelagica	6	98
Common grackle	Quiscalus quiscula	44	17
Common yellowthroat	Geothlypis trichas	63	2
Downy woodpecker	Picoides pubescens	10	0
Eastern wood-pewee	Contopus virens	18	0
European starling	Sturnus vulgaris	6	39
Gray catbird	Dumetella carolinensis	135	12
Great-crested flycatcher	Myiarchus crinitus	16	0
House wren	Troglodytes aedon	14	0
Indigo bunting	Passerina cyanea	66	6
Mourning dove	Zenaida macroura	29	7
Northern bobwhite	Colinus virginianus	10	7
Northern cardinal	Cardinalis cardinalis	60	3
Northern flicker	Colaptes auratus	15	0
Northern mockingbird	Mimus polyglottos	6	5
Ovenbird	Seiurus aurocapillus	21	0
Red-bellied woodpecker	Melanerpes carolinus	28	0
Red-eyed vireo	Vireo olivaceus	15	1
Red-winged blackbird	Agelaius phoeniceus	23	3
Rufous-sided towhee	Pipilo erhthrophthalmus	17	6
Scarlet tanager	Piranga olivacea	6	0
Song sparrow	Melospiza melodia	33	14
Tufted titmouse	Baeolophus bicolor	17	0
White-eyed vireo	Vireo griseus	33	0
Wood thrush	Hylocichla mustelina	46	1
Yellow warbler	Dendroica petechia	10	0

D.2.9. Soybeans in Southern Ontario

In July – September 1987 and in May – September 1988, soybean fields and their edge habitats located in Essex County in Southern Ontario were surveyed for birds (Boutin et al., 1996). The study authors defined commonly observed species as those that were observed in the field or edge habitat more than 50% of the observation periods. During the study, 16 species were commonly observed. The mean percent of individuals within each of the species observed within the soybean fields in 1987 and 1988 are provided in **Tables D25 and D26**, respectively. These values are representative of FOF for different species during different months of the summer. The commonly observed species and their frequency on field values varied from month to month.

Table D25. FOF Values for Commonly Observed Species of Birds in Ontario Soybean Fields in 1987 (Boutin et al., 1996).

Cracing (common mone)	Consider (coincidis come)		FOF (%)		
Species (common name)	Species (scientific name)	July	Aug-Sep	Average	
American robin	Turdus migratorius	2	-	2	
Barn swallow	Hirundo rustica	94.9	96.2	95.6	
European starling	Sturnus vulgaris	0	-	0	
Horned lark	Eremophila alpestris	60	-	60	
House sparrow	Passer domesticus	20	-	20	
Indigo bunting	Passerina cyanea	0	-	0	
Purple martin	Progne subis	100	-	100	
Song sparrow	Melospiza melodia	24	19	22	
Vesper sparrow	Pooecetes gramineus	34	-	34	

⁻ indicates that the value was not reported

Table D26. FOF Values for Commonly Observed Species of Birds in Ontario Soybean Fields in 1988 (Boutin et al., 1996).

Species (common	Species (Scientific			FOF (%))	
name)	name)	May	June	July	Aug- Sep	Average
American crow	Corvus brachyrhynchos	50	-	-	-	50
American robin	Turdus migratorius	0	23	27	16	17
Barn swallow	Hirundo rustica	-	100	100	98.2	99
Chipping sparrow	Spizella passerina	0	11	33	-	15
Common grackle	Quiscalus quiscula	34	54	-	-	44
European starling	Sturnus vulgaris	0	-	-	0	0
Horned lark	Eremophila alpestris	97.5	98.1	69	-	88
House sparrow	Passer domesticus	33	7	12	9	15
Indigo bunting	Passerina cyanea	-	-	0	-	0
Killdeer	Charadrius vociferus	69	-	-	-	69
Mourning dove	Zenaida macroura	-	-	-	11	11
Northern cardinal	Cardinalis cardinalis	-	-	-	2	2
Purple martin	Progne subis	-	-	95	-	95

Red-winged blackbird	Agelaius phoeniceus	25	22	-	-	24
Song sparrow	Melospiza melodia	9	4	8	11	8
Vesper sparrow	Pooecetes gramineus	62	-	37	-	50

⁻ indicates that the value was not reported

D.3. Summary of Avian Species Commonly Observed in Agricultural Areas

Based on the field studies summarized above, a total of 117 species of birds have been identified as commonly visiting agricultural fields and their adjacent (edge) habitats. These species are listed in **Table D27**, along with their order, diet and BW from the above studies and crops where the species were commonly observed. Several species were commonly observed in many studies conducted in different crops and geographic locations (*e.g.*, American crow, American robin, barn swallow, blue jay, brown-headed cowbird, chipping sparrow, common grackle, mourning dove, northern cardinal, and red-winged blackbird). On the other hand, several species were commonly observed in only one of the 26 studies described above (*e.g.*, ash-throated flycatcher, blue-gray gnatcatcher, brown towhee, common moorhen, lark bunting, pyrrhuloxia).

D.3.1. Taxonomy of Common Species

The majority (89) of the commonly observed species are in the Passeriform order. Species from the Anseriformes (2), Apodiformes (2), Caprimulgiformes (2), Charadiiformes (4), Ciconiiformes (3), Columbiformes (2), Cuculiformes (1), Falconiformes (1), Galliformes (5), Gruiformes (1) and Piciformes (5) orders were also commonly observed on agricultural fields and adjacent habitats of the studies described above (**Table D27**). Within the same order, there are several instances where species fall within the same family or genus (*e.g.*, *Dendroica sp.*, *Pipilo sp.*).

Table D27. Commonly Observed Species on Agricultural Fields and Associated Edge Habitats. Table includes species-specific

diet and body weight data.

Species (scientific name)	Species (common name)	Order	Predominant diet*	Additional diet items*	Mean body weight (g)**	CV of BW**	BW range (g)**
Agelaius phoeniceus	Red-winged blackbird	Passeriformes	seeds	insects	52.6	0.0678	29.0-81.1
Aimophila cassinii	Cassin's sparrow	Passeriformes	insects, seeds	none	18.9	0.0799	14.0-23.5
Ammodramus savannarum	Grasshopper sparrow	Passeriformes	insects, seeds	none	17	0.162	13.4-28.4
Amphispiza bilineata	Black-throated sparrow	Passeriformes	insects, seeds	none	13.5	0.0852	10.2-16.4
Anas discors	Blue-winged Teal	Anseriformes	seeds, green plant matter	aquatic invertebrates	386	NA	up to 590
Anthus spinoletta	Water pipit	Passeriformes	insects+	seeds+	20.9	NA	18.6-25.5
Aphelocoma coerulescens	Scrub jay	Passeriformes	nuts, seeds	insects, eggs, reptiles, amphibians	84.3	NA	59-112
Archilochus colubris	Ruby-throated hummingbird	Apodiformes	nectar, insects	none	3.2	0.0727	2.4-4.8
Auriparus flaviceps	Verdin	Passeriformes	insects, fruit, seeds	none	6.8	0.101	5.5-8.5
Baeolophus bicolor	Tufted titmouse	Passeriformes	insects	nuts, seeds, fruit	21.6	NA	17.5-26.1
Bombycilla cedrorum	Cedar waxwing	Passeriformes	fruit	insects	31.9	0.0443	25.5-40.2
Branta canadensis	Canada goose	Anseriformes	plant matter	aquatic invertebrates	2943	0.0217	940-6265
Bubulcus ibis	Cattle Egret	Ciconiiformes	insects	none	338	NA	NA
Buteo jamaicensis	Red-tailed hawk	Falconiformes	small mammals	reptiles, amphibians, birds	1126	NA	NA
Butorides striatus	Green-backed heron	Ciconiiformes	N/A	N/A	212	0.0279	NA
Calamospiza melanocorys	Lark bunting	Passeriformes	seeds, insects	none	37.6	0.0973	29.5-51.5
Calidris minutilla	Least Sandpiper	Charadriiformes	aquatic invertebrates	plant matter	20.9	0.0665	18-24
Callipepla california	California quail	Galliformes	seeds, green plant matter	insects	173	NA	Up to 207
Callipepla gambelii	Gambel's quail	Galliformes	seeds	insects	166	NA	up to 207
Callipepla squamata	Scaled quail	Galliformes	seeds	insects	184	NA	up to 234
Campylorhynchus brunneicapillus	Cactus wren	Passeriformes	insects	fruit	38.9	NA	33.4-46.9
Cardinalis cardinalis	Northern cardinal	Passeriformes	seeds, fruit	insects	44.7	0.0987	33.6-64.9

Species (scientific name)	Species (common name)	Order	Predominant diet*	Additional diet items*	Mean body weight (g)**	CV of BW**	BW range (g)**
Cardinalis sinuatus	Pyrrhuloxia	Passeriformes	seeds	insects	35.5	0.059	29.7-44.0
Carduelis tristis	American goldfinch	Passeriformes	seeds	insects	12.9	0.075	8.6-17.1
Carpodacus mexicanus	House finch	Passeriformes	seeds	insects	21.4	0.0603	19-25.5
Catharus ustulatus	Swainson's thrush	Passeriformes	insects	fruit, worms	30.8	0.0594	21.9-50.7
Chaetura pelagica	Chimney swift	Apodiformes	insects	none	23.6	0.0127	17.0-29.8
Charadrius vociferus	Killdeer	Charadriiformes	insects	none	96.6	0.113	87.7-121
Chondestes grammacus	Lark sparrow	Passeriformes	insects, seeds	none	29	0.0669	24.7-33.3
Chordeiles acutipennis	Lesser nighthawk	Caprimulgiformes	insects	none	49.9	0.142	41.0-64.0
Chordeiles minor	Common nighthawk	Caprimulgiformes	insects	none	62	NA	NA
Cistothorus platensis	Sedge wren	Passeriformes	insects	none	9	0.0767	7.2-10.3
Coccyzus americanus	Yellow-billed cuckoo	Cuculiformes	insects	none	64	0.142	50.0-84.6
Colaptes auratus	Northern flicker	Piciformes	insects	fruit	129.5	0.0471	92.2-167
Colinus virginianus	Northern bobwhite	Galliformes	seeds	green plant matter, fruit, insects	176	NA	NA
Contopus virens	Eastern wood-pewee	Passeriformes	insects	none	14.1	0.0645	10.4-18.2
Corvus brachyrhynchos	American crow	Passeriformes	seeds	insects, carrion, fruit, nuts, eggs	448	NA	NA
Cyanocitta cristata	Blue jay	Passeriformes	nuts, seeds	fruit, insects, eggs	86.8	0.0931	64.1-109
Dendroica magnolia	Yellow-rumped (magnolia) warbler	Passeriformes	insects	none	8.7	0.0532	6.6-12.9
Dendroica palmarum	Western palm warbler	Passeriformes	insects	fruit	10.3	0.0456	7.0-12.9
Dendroica petechia	Yellow warbler	Passeriformes	insects	fruit	9.5	0.0667	7.4-16.0
Dryocopus pileatus	Pileated woodpecker	Piciformes	insects	fruit	287	NA	250-309
Dumetella carolinensis	Gray catbird	Passeriformes	fruit	insects	36.9	0.0846	26.6-56.5
Empidonax trailii	Willow flycatcher	Passeriformes	insects	fruit	13.4	0.106	11.3-16.4
Eremophila alpestris	Horned lark	Passeriformes	seeds	insects	31.4	NA	NA
Euphagus cyanocephalus	Brewer's blackbird	Passeriformes	insects, seeds	fruit	62.7	0.066	50.6-73.0
Gallinula chloropus	Common moorhen	Gruiformes	plant matter	aquatic invertebrates	334	0.0737	NA
Geothlypis trichas	Common yellowthroat	Passeriformes	insects	seeds	10.1	0.0714	7.6-15.5

Species (scientific name)	Species (common name)	Order	Predominant diet*	Additional diet items*	Mean body weight (g)**	CV of BW**	BW range (g)**
Guiraca caerulea	Blue grosbeak	Passeriformes	insects	seeds	28.4	0.0485	26.1-31.4
Himantopus mexicanus	Black-necked stilt	Charadriiformes	aquatic invertebrates	fish, reptiles and amphibians	166	NA	NA
Hirundo rustica	Barn swallow	Passeriformes	insects	none	18.6	0.0801	13.4-23.4
Hylocichla mustelina	Wood thrush	Passeriformes	insects	fruit, worms	47.4	0.0880	39.2-57.7
Icteria virens	Yellow-breasted chat	Passeriformes	insects	fruit	25.3	0.0587	20.2-33.8
Icterus galbula	Northern oriole	Passeriformes	insects	fruit, nectar	33.7	0.0673	29-38
Icterus spurius	Orchard oriole	Passeriformes	insects	fruit	19.6	0.0903	16.0-25.1
Junco hyemalis	Dark-eyed junco	Passeriformes	seeds	insects	19.8	0.0585	14.3-26.7
Lanius ludovicianus	Loggerhead shrike	Passeriformes	insects, small mammals, birds	none	47.4	0.0683	40.5-54.1
Limnodromus scolopaceus	Long-billed Dowitcher	Charadriiformes	aquatic invertebrates	seeds	105	NA	90-119
Melanerpes carolinus	Red-bellied woodpecker	Piciformes	nuts, fruit	insects	61.7	0.0872	NA
Melanerpes erythrocephalus	Red-headed woodpecker	Piciformes	nuts, seeds	insects, fruit	71.6	0.106	56.1-90.5
Melospiza melodia	Song sparrow	Passeriformes	seeds	insects	20.8	0.0654	11.9-29.8
Mimus polyglottos	Northern mockingbird	Passeriformes	insects, fruit	none	48.5	NA	36.2-55.7
Molothrus ater	Brown-headed cowbird	Passeriformes	seeds	insects	43.9	0.0429	30.5-58.0
Myiarchus cinerascens	Ash-throated flycatcher	Passeriformes	insects	fruit	27.2	NA	24.0-31.0
Myiarchus crinitus	Great-crested flycatcher	Passeriformes	insects	fruit	33.5	0.0899	27.2-39.6
Passer domesticus	House sparrow	Passeriformes	seeds	insects	27.7	0.0686	20.0-34.5
Passer montanus	Eurasian tree sparrow	Passeriformes	seeds, insects	none	22	0.0532	NA
Passerculus sandwichensis	Savannah sparrow	Passeriformes	seeds	insects	21.9	0.0913	22.2-30.2
Passerina ciris	Painted bunting	Passeriformes	seeds	insects	15.55	NA	12.9-19.0

Species (scientific name)	Species (common name)	Order	Predominant diet*	Additional diet items*	Mean body weight (g)**	CV of BW**	BW range (g)**
Passerina cyanea	Indigo bunting	Passeriformes	insects	seeds, fruit	14.5	0.0966	11.2-21.4
Perdix perdix	Gray partridge	Galliformes	seeds	insects	379	NA	up to 454
Petrochelidon pyrrhonota	Cliff swallow	Passeriformes	insects	none	21.6	0.0944	17.5-26.7
Pheucticus ludovicianus	Rose-breasted grosbeak	Passeriformes	insects	fruit, seeds, flowers	45.6	0.00877	35.4-65.0
Picoides pubescens	Downy woodpecker	Piciformes	insects	fruit, seeds	27	0.00704	20.7-32.2
Pipilo aberti	Abert's towhee	Passeriformes	seeds	insects	46.0	0.0673	39.5-54.1
Pipilo erythrophthalmus	Rufous-sided towhee	Passeriformes	nuts, seeds, fruit	insects	40.5	0.045	32.1-52.3
Pipilo fuscus	Brown towhee	Passeriformes	seeds	fruit, insects	52.9	NA	46.3-61.2
Piranga olivacea	Scarlet tanager	Passeriformes	insects	fruit	28.6	0.00769	17.5-35.2
Plegadis chihi	White-faced ibis	Ciconiiformes	aquatic invertebrates	none	622	0.0837	433-807
Poecile atricapillus	Black-capped chickadee	Passeriformes	insects	seeds, fruit	10.8	0.128	8.2-13.6
Poecile carolinensis	Carolina chickadee	Passeriformes	insects	seeds, fruit	10.2	0.0644	NA
Polioptila caerulea	Blue-gray gnatcatcher	Passeriformes	insects	none	6.0	0.0217	4.8-8.9
Pooecetes gramineus	Vesper sparrow	Passeriformes	insects, seeds	none	25.7	NA	NA
Progne subis	Purple martin	Passeriformes	insects	none	49.4	0.0302	NA
Psaltriparus minimus	Bushtit	Passeriformes	insects	plants	5.3	0.0849	4.5-6.0
Quiscalus major	Boat-tailed Grackle	Passeriformes	insects, plant matter	aquatic invertebrates, reptiles, amphibians	167	NA	102-253
Quiscalus mexicanus	Great-tailed Grackle	Passeriformes	plant matter, insects, reptlies, amphibians, aquatic invertebrates	eggs	149	0.113	96-234
Quiscalus quiscula	Common grackle	Passeriformes	seeds	insects, fruit, worms, seeds, reptiles, amphibians, eggs	113.5	NA	NA
Riparia riparia	Bank swallow	Passeriformes	insects	none	14.6	NA	12.0-18.6
Sayornis phoebe	Eastern phoebe	Passeriformes	insects	fruit	19.8	0.377	11.4-24.4
Seiurus aurocapillus	Ovenbird	Passeriformes	insects	plant matter	19.4	0.0629	14.0-28.8
Sialia sialis	Eastern bluebird	Passeriformes	insects	fruit	31.6	0.0291	NA

Species (scientific name)	Species (common name)	Order	Predominant diet*	Additional diet items*	Mean body weight (g)**	CV of BW**	BW range (g)**
Sitta carolinensis	White-breasted nuthatch	Passeriformes	insects	nuts, seeds	21.1	0.113	18.5-26.7
Spiza americana	Dickcissel	Passeriformes	insects	seeds	27	NA	NA
Spizella passerina	Chipping sparrow	Passeriformes	seeds	insects	NA	NA	NA
Spizella pusilla	Field sparrow	Passeriformes	seeds	insects	12.5	0.118	10.2-16.5
Stelgidopteryx serripennis	Northern rough- winged swallow	Passeriformes	insects	none	15.9	0.0365	10.3-18.3
Sturnella magna	Eastern meadowlark	Passeriformes	insects	seeds	89	0.11	NA
Sturnella neglecta	Western meadowlark	Passeriformes	insects	seeds	97.7	NA	NA
Sturnus vulgaris	European starling	Passeriformes	insects	fruit	82.3	NA	NA
Tachycineta bicolor	Tree swallow	Passeriformes	insects	fruit	20.1	0.0786	15.6-25.4
Tachycineta thalassina	Violet-green swallow	Passeriformes	insects	none	14.15	NA	12.5-16.3
Thryothorus ludovicianus	Carolina wren	Passeriformes	insects	seeds, fruit	21	0.0548	NA
Toxostoma rufum	Brown thrasher	Passeriformes	fruit	insects, seeds, reptiles, amphibians	68.8	0.043	57.6-89.0
Troglodytes aedon	House wren	Passeriformes	insects	none	10.7	0.0636	8.9-14.2
Turdus migratorius	American robin	Passeriformes	fruit	insects, worms	77.3	0.00466	63.5-103
Tyrannus forficatus	Scissor-tailed flycatcher	Passeriformes	insects	none	43.2	0.104	36.3-56.3
Tyrannus tyrannus	Eastern kingbird	Passeriformes	insects	fruit	39.5	0.0468	35.8-40.8
Tyrannus verticalis	Western kingbird	Passeriformes	insects	fruit	39.6	0.0694	34.9-44.1
Vermivora peregrina	Tennessee warbler	Passeriformes	insects	nectar, fruit	10	0.0266	7.3-18.4
Vireo griseus	White-eyed vireo	Passeriformes	insects	fruit	11.4	NA	10.0-14.3
Vireo olivaceus	Red-eyed vireo	Passeriformes	insects	fruit	17.3	0.0654	12.0-25.1
Xanthocephalus xanthocephalus	Yellow-headed blackbird	Passeriformes	seeds	insects	64.5	0.0811	42.4-85.5
Zenaida asiatica	White-winged dove	Columbiformes	seeds	none	153	0.0863	125-187
Zenaida macroura	Mourning dove	Columbiformes	seeds	none	119	0.015	NA
Zonotrichia leucophrys	White-crowned sparrow	Passeriformes	seeds	insects	28.12	0.0614	21.0-38.5

Species (scientific name)	Species (common name)	Order	Predominant diet*	Additional diet items*	Mean body weight (g)**	CV of BW**	BW range (g)**
Zonotrichia querula	Harris' sparrow	Passeriformes	seeds	insects	36.3	NA	31.4-41.7

^{*}From: Gough et al. (1998). **From Dunning (1984). deviation and range data were not provided for all species

⁺ Based on other pipit species (Anthus rubescens and A. spragueii). N/A = not available; standard

D.3.2. Diets

The feeding preferences of the 117 commonly observed species were characterized using the diet information provided by Gough *et al.* (1998) (**Table D27**). This source distinguishes dietary items into those that are almost exclusive (predominant) and those that are consumed in lesser quantities. Of the commonly observed species in the avian census studies described above, the majority have diets that are predominantly insects and/or seeds. Several species predominantly consume fruit, nuts, plant matter, small animals (mammals, birds, amphibians and reptiles), aquatic invertebrates and nectar (**Table D28**). Many of the commonly observed species have diets that are predominantly composed of one food item (*e.g.*, insects). Several species have diets that are predominantly composed of multiple food items.

Table D28. Number of Commonly Observed Species with Food Items Representing Predominant Diet

Food item	# species
insects	71
seeds	42
fruit	9
plant matter (green)	6
nuts	5
aquatic invertebrates	5
small animals	3
nectar	1

When given the opportunity, many species will consume additional food items that are outside of the predominant diet (**Table D27**). These additional food items include insects, seeds, fruit, nuts, plant matter, small animals, eggs, worms, aquatic invertebrates, nectar and carrion.

D.3.3. Body Weights

Body weights of the commonly observed avian species were defined using Dunning (1984), which summarizes studies reporting species specific BWs for 686 species of North American birds. In cases where multiple mean BWs were available for one species, the mean of the means was calculated. This calculation also applies to CV values. It should be noted that body weights from Dunning (1984) are based on adult birds, including both male and female.

For all of the common species, mean BWs range 3.2-2943 g, with a mean of 103 g. **Figure D1** portrays the number of bird species with mean body weights within set ranges. As indicated by this figure, the majority of species (N = 78; 67%) have mean body weights <50 g. When the mean body weights are distributed, the 80^{th} percentile is 97 g, suggesting that the majority of the birds commonly found on agricultural fields and their adjacent habitats would be represented by the 20 g and 100 g (mean) BWs of the generic species used in TIM (**Table D29**).

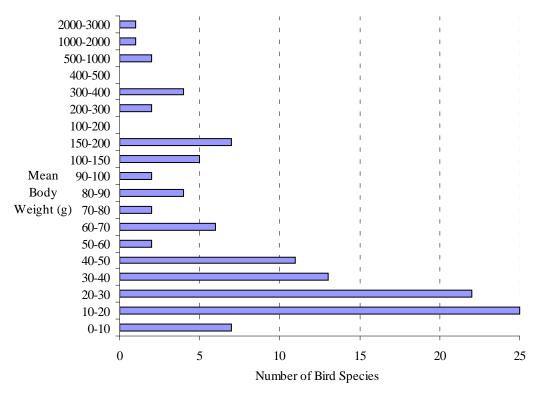


Figure D1. Number of Commonly Observed Species by Mean Body Weight. Note that the y-axis scale is not uniform (varies from 10 g to 1000 g intervals).

Table D29. Summary Statistics for Mean Body Weights of Common Species.

Statistic	Value (g)
Minimum	3.2
Maximum	2943
Mean	93
25 th percentile	20
Median	33
75 th percentile	73
80 th percentile	97
90 th percentile	175

For the common species with CVs, values range 0.5-37.7%, with a mean of 7.3% (N = 84; **Table D30**). The CVs appear to follow a normal distribution (**Figure D2**) and are independent of the mean values for the same species (**Figure D3**). The mean CV (7.3%) value is used to determine standard deviations for the generic species in TIM.

On average, the minimum and maximum body weights for a species are 78% and 131% of the mean, respectively. These values are only 2-3x the CV (7.3%) and will result in truncated lognormal distributions for the generic species. The 90th percentiles of the minimum and maximum values are 66% and 152% relative to the mean body weights. These 90th percentile values are 5-7x the CV, which will allow for the body weight distributions of the generic species to be more

complete. Therefore, the 90th percentile percentages are used to determine the minimum and maximum values of the beta distributions for the generic species used in TIM.

Table D30. Summary Statistics for CVs of Body Weights of Common Species.

Statistic	Value (%)
Minimum	0.5
Maximum	37.7
Mean	7.3
25 th percentile	5.2
Median	6.8
75 th percentile	9.0
80 th percentile	9.5
90 th percentile	11.2

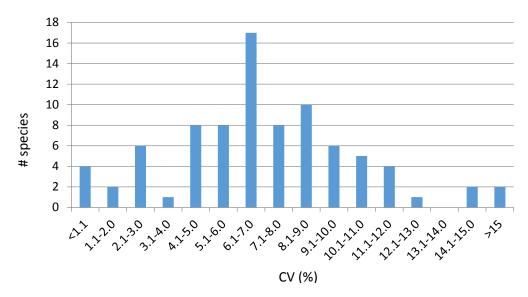


Figure D2. Number of Commonly Observed Species According to Body Weight CV.

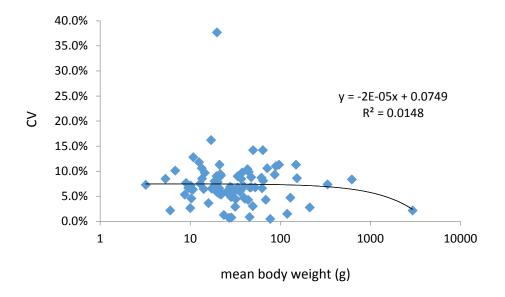


Figure D3. Mean Body Weight vs. CV for Species Commonly Observed in Avian Census Studies.

D.3.4. Frequency on Field

In TIM, avian species are distinguished as field and edge residents. These classifications impact the FOF values used to represent the species time on the treated field. In order to derive FOF values for the generic species in TIM, it is necessary to define the residency of the commonly observed species. Residency is based on the nesting behavior of a species.

For agricultural fields, species that build their nests on the ground in grassland areas are defined as field residents. In this case, it is assumed that the birds will spend their nights in the field and will forage on and off the treated field. Species are considered edge residents if their nests are established outside of agricultural fields. This includes species that nest on the ground in successional scrub habitats, near water, or in woodlands as well as species that nest in the midstory (shrubs) or in the canopy (trees). The nest locations and resulting agricultural field residency definitions of the commonly observed avian species are provided in **Table D31**. Of the 112 species, 14 are considered field residents and 98 are edge residents.

For orchards and vineyards, field residents are those that build their nests on the ground in grasslands and woodlands as well as those that build their nests in the mid-story and canopy. Edge residents are those that build their nests on the ground (or low to the ground) in successional scrub habitat and near (or in) wetlands or water. The nest locations and resulting orchard and vineyard residency definitions of the commonly observed avian species in the orchard (apples and citrus) and vineyard (grape) studies are provided in **Table D31**. Of the 26 species that were observed in orchard and vineyard studies, 17 are considered field residents and 9 are edge residents.

Table D31. Nest Location, Residency Definition and FOF Range of Commonly Observed Species.

Species (scientific name)	Species (common name)	Nest location (habitat)	Residency (ag. field)	Residency (orchard)	Range of FOF (%)	Crops where species was observed
Agelaius phoeniceus	Red-winged blackbird	ground-low (shrubland)	edge	edge	1-89	alfalfa, cabbage, citrus, corn, cotton, grapes, potatoes, soybeans
Aimophila cassinii	Cassin's sparrow	ground-low (grassland)	field	NA	7	cotton
Ammodramus savannarum	Grasshopper sparrow	ground-low (grassland)	field	NA	15-56	alfalfa, corn
Amphispiza bilineata	Black-throated sparrow	ground-low (successional scrub)	edge	NA	37	cotton
Anas discors	Blue-winged Teal	ground-low (wetland, open water)	edge	NA	65	corn
Anthus spinoletta	Water pipit	ground-low (grassland)	field	NA	45-97	alfalfa
Aphelocoma coerulescens	Scrub jay	ground-low (successional scrub)	NA	edge	55	citrus
Archilochus colubris	Ruby-throated hummingbird	mid-story, canopy	edge	NA	34-58	cotton
Auriparus flaviceps	Verdin	ground-low (successional scrub)	edge	NA	57	cotton
Baeolophus bicolor	Tufted titmouse	mid-story, canopy	edge	NA	0-4	corn, cotton, potatoes
Bombycilla cedrorum	Cedar waxwing	mid-story, canopy	edge	field	0-80	apples, cabbage, corn
Branta canadensis	Canada goose	ground-low (near water)	edge	NA	100	corn
Bubulcus ibis	Cattle Egret	mid-story, canopy	edge	NA	100	corn
Buteo jamaicensis	Red-tailed hawk	mid-story, canopy	edge	NA	0	alfalfa
Butorides striatus	Green-backed heron	mid-story, canopy	edge	NA	0	corn
Calamospiza melanocorys	Lark bunting	ground-low (successional scrub)	edge	NA	7	corn
Calidris minutilla	Least Sandpiper	ground-low (near water)	edge	NA	1	corn
Callipepla california	California quail	ground-low (successional scrub)	NA	edge	34	citrus
Callipepla gambelii	Gambel's quail	ground-low (successional scrub)	edge	NA	27-31	cotton
Callipepla squamata	Scaled quail	ground-low (successional scrub)	edge	NA	0	cotton
Campylorhynchus brunneicapillus	Cactus wren	ground-low (successional scrub)	edge	NA	0	cotton
Cardinalis cardinalis	Northern cardinal	ground-low (successional scrub)	edge	NA	1-68	alfalfa, corn, cotton, potatoes, soybeans
Cardinalis sinuatus	Pyrrhuloxia	ground-low (successional scrub)	edge	NA	0	cotton
Carduelis tristis	American goldfinch	mid-story, canopy	edge	field	2-84	apples, cabbage, corn, grapes, potatoes
Carpodacus mexicanus	House finch	mid-story, canopy	edge	field	2-32	citrus, cotton
Catharus ustulatus	Swainson's thrush	ground-low (woodland)	edge	NA	20	corn

Species (scientific name)	Species (common name)	Nest location (habitat)	Residency (ag. field)	Residency (orchard)	Range of FOF (%)	Crops where species was observed
Chaetura pelagica	Chimney swift	mid-story, canopy	edge	NA	70-98	corn, cotton, potatoes
Charadrius vociferus	Killdeer	ground	field	field	65-100	alfalfa, cabbage, corn, grapes, soybeans
Chondestes grammacus	Lark sparrow	ground-low (successional scrub)	edge	NA	33-79	corn, cotton
Chordeiles acutipennis	Lesser nighthawk	ground-low (successional scrub)	edge	NA	63	cotton
Chordeiles minor	Common nighthawk	ground	field	NA	98	corn
Cistothorus platensis	Sedge wren	ground-low (grassland)	field	NA	0	corn
Coccyzus americanus	Yellow-billed cuckoo	ground-low (woodland)	edge	NA	0-6	cotton
Colaptes auratus	Northern flicker	mid-story, canopy	edge	NA	0-29	cabbage, corn, potatoes
Colinus virginianus	Northern bobwhite	ground-low (successional scrub)	edge	NA	1-53	alfalfa, corn, cotton, potatoes
Contopus virens	Eastern wood-pewee	mid-story, canopy	edge	NA	0-3	cabbage, corn, potatoes
Corvus brachyrhynchos	American crow	mid-story, canopy	edge	field	3-74	Apples, cabbage, corn, potatoes, soybeans
Cyanocitta cristata	Blue jay	mid-story, canopy	edge	field	1-67	alfalfa, apples, cabbage, corn, cotton, potatoes
Dendroica magnolia	Yellow-rumped (magnolia) warbler	mid-story, canopy	edge	NA	9	corn
Dendroica palmarum	Western palm warbler	ground-low (successional scrub)	edge	NA	16	corn
Dendroica petechia	Yellow warbler	mid-story, canopy	edge	NA	0-29	corn, potatoes
Dryocopus pileatus	Pileated woodpecker	mid-story, canopy	edge	NA	0	corn
Dumetella carolinensis	Gray catbird	ground-low (successional scrub)	edge	NA	0-28	cabbage, corn, potatoes
Empidonax trailii	Willow flycatcher	ground-low (successional scrub)	edge	NA	0	corn
Eremophila alpestris	Horned lark	ground-low (grassland)	field	NA	36-88	corn, cotton, soybeans
Euphagus cyanocephalus	Brewer's blackbird	mid-story, canopy	edge	field	0-40	citrus, corn
Gallinula chloropus	Common moorhen	ground-low (near water)	edge	NA	0	cotton
Geothlypis trichas	Common yellowthroat	ground-low (successional scrub)	edge	NA	0-46	cabbage, corn, cotton, potatoes
Guiraca caerulea	Blue grosbeak	ground-low (successional scrub)	edge	NA	29	cotton
Himantopus mexicanus	Black-necked stilt	ground-low (wetland, open water)	edge	NA	33	corn
Hirundo rustica	Barn swallow	mid-story, canopy	edge	field	1-99	alfalfa, apples, cabbage, corn, cotton, potatoes, soybeans
Hylocichla mustelina	Wood thrush	mid-story, canopy	edge	NA	1	potatoes

Species (scientific name)	Species (common name)	Nest location (habitat)	Residency (ag. field)	Residency (orchard)	Range of FOF (%)	Crops where species was observed
Icteria virens	Yellow-breasted chat	ground-low (successional scrub)	edge	NA	0-2	corn, cotton
Icterus galbula	Northern oriole	mid-story, canopy	edge	NA	1-68	corn, cotton
Icterus spurius	Orchard oriole	mid-story, canopy	edge	NA	0-18	corn
Junco hyemalis	Dark-eyed junco	ground-low (woodland)	edge	NA	11	alfalfa
Lanius ludovicianus	Loggerhead shrike	mid-story, canopy	edge	NA	17	cotton
Limnodromus scolopaceus	Long-billed Dowitcher	ground-low (grassland)	field	NA	10	corn
Melanerpes carolinus	Red-bellied woodpecker	mid-story, canopy	edge	NA	0-18	corn, cotton, potatoes
Melanerpes erythrocephalus	Red-headed woodpecker	mid-story, canopy	edge	NA	8-50	corn
Melospiza melodia	Song sparrow	ground-low (successional scrub)	edge	edge	5-100	apples, cabbage, corn, grapes, potatoes, soybeans
Mimus polyglottos	Northern mockingbird	ground-low (urban)	edge	edge	4-35	citrus, cotton, potatoes
Molothrus ater	Brown-headed cowbird	mid-story, canopy (other birds' nests)	edge	field	3-100	alfalfa, apples, cabbage, citrus, corn, cotton, potatoes
Myiarchus cinerascens	Ash-throated flycatcher	ground-low (successional scrub)	NA	edge	23	citrus
Myiarchus crinitus	Great-crested flycatcher	mid-story, canopy	edge	NA	0-4	cabbage, corn, potatoes
Passer domesticus	House sparrow	mid-story, canopy	edge	NA	13-63	alfalfa, corn, soybeans
Passer montanus	Eurasian tree sparrow	mid-story, canopy	edge	NA	0	corn
Passerculus sandwichensis	Savannah sparrow	ground-low (grassland)	field	field	14-87	alfalfa, apples, cabbage, corn, grapes
Passerina ciris	Painted bunting	ground-low (successional scrub)	edge	NA	28	cotton
Passerina cyanea	Indigo bunting	ground-low (successional scrub)	edge	NA	0-44	cabbage, corn, cotton, potatoes
Perdix perdix	Gray partridge	ground-low (grassland)	field	NA	35	corn
Petrochelidon pyrrhonota	Cliff swallow	mid-story, canopy	edge	NA	53-100	cabbage, corn, cotton
Pheucticus ludovicianus	Rose-breasted grosbeak	mid-story, canopy	edge	NA	0-6	cabbage, corn
Picoides pubescens	Downy woodpecker	mid-story, canopy	edge	NA	0-51	corn, cotton, potatoes
Pipilo aberti	Abert's towhee	ground-low (successional scrub)	edge	NA	39-50	cotton
Pipilo erythrophthalmus	Rufous-sided towhee	ground-low (successional scrub)	edge	NA	1-6	cotton, potatoes
Pipilo fuscus	Brown towhee	ground-low (successional scrub)	NA	edge	49	citrus
Piranga olivacea	Scarlet tanager	mid-story, canopy	edge	NA	0	potatoes
Plegadis chihi	White-faced ibis	ground-low (marsh)	edge	NA	96	corn

Species (scientific name)	Species (common name)	Nest location (habitat)	Residency (ag. field)	Residency (orchard)	Range of FOF (%)	Crops where species was observed
Poecile atricapillus	Black-capped chickadee	mid-story, canopy	edge	NA	0-48	alfalfa, cabbage, corn
Poecile carolinensis	Carolina chickadee	mid-story, canopy	edge	NA	0-8	alfalfa, cotton, potatoes
Polioptila caerulea	Blue-gray gnatcatcher	mid-story, canopy	edge	NA	1	cotton
Pooecetes gramineus	Vesper sparrow	ground-low (grassland)	field	NA	13-50	alfalfa, corn, soybeans
Progne subis	Purple martin	mid-story, canopy	edge	NA	95-100	corn, soybeans
Psaltriparus minimus	Bushtit	mid-story, canopy	NA	field	34	citrus
Quiscalus major	Boat-tailed Grackle	mid-story, canopy	edge	NA	68	corn
Quiscalus mexicanus	Great-tailed Grackle	mid-story, canopy	edge	NA	35	corn
Quiscalus quiscula	Common grackle	mid-story, canopy	edge	NA	2-97	alfalfa, cabbage, corn, cotton, potatoes, soybeans
Riparia riparia	Bank swallow	mid-story, canopy	edge	field	34-99	apples, corn
Sayornis phoebe	Eastern phoebe	mid-story, canopy	edge	NA	0	corn
Seiurus aurocapillus	Ovenbird	ground-low (woodland)	edge	NA	0	potatoes
Sialia sialis	Eastern bluebird	mid-story, canopy	edge	field	76-79	apples, corn
Sitta carolinensis	White-breasted nuthatch	mid-story, canopy	edge	NA	0	cabbage, corn
Spiza americana	Dickcissel	ground-low (grassland)	field	NA	16-100	alfalfa, corn, cotton
Spizella passerina	Chipping sparrow	mid-story, canopy	edge	field	15-88	alfalfa, apples, grapes, corn, soybeans
Spizella pusilla	Field sparrow	ground-low (successional scrub)	edge	NA	3-100	corn
Stelgidopteryx serripennis	Northern rough-winged swallow	mid-story, canopy	edge	NA	74-99	corn, cotton
Sturnella magna	Eastern meadowlark	ground-low (grassland)	field	NA	88-89	alfalfa, corn
Sturnella neglecta	Western meadowlark	ground-low (grassland)	field	NA	0-33	alfalfa, corn
Sturnus vulgaris	European starling	mid-story, canopy	edge	field	0-86	apples, citrus, corn, potatoes, soybeans
Tachycineta bicolor	Tree swallow	mid-story, canopy	edge	NA	0-69	cabbage, cotton
Tachycineta thalassina	Violet-green swallow	mid-story, canopy	edge	NA	56	cotton
Thryothorus ludovicianus	Carolina wren	ground-low (successional scrub)	edge	NA	0-1	cotton, potatoes
Toxostoma rufum	Brown thrasher	ground-low (successional scrub)	edge	NA	1-53	corn, potatoes
Troglodytes aedon	House wren	mid-story, canopy	edge	NA	0-24	alfalfa, corn, potatoes

Species (scientific name)	Species (common name)	Nest location (habitat)	Residency (ag. field)	Residency (orchard)	Range of FOF (%)	Crops where species was observed
Turdus migratorius	American robin	mid-story, canopy	edge	field	2-87	alfalfa, apples, cabbage, citrus, corn, grapes, potatoes, soybeans
Tyrannus forficatus	Scissor-tailed flycatcher	mid-story, canopy	edge	NA	19	cotton
Tyrannus tyrannus	Eastern kingbird	mid-story, canopy	edge	field	6-45	alfalfa, corn, grapes
Tyrannus verticalis	Western kingbird	mid-story, canopy	edge	field	13-92	citrus, corn, cotton
Vermivora peregrina	Tennessee warbler	ground-low (woodland)	edge	NA	0	corn
Vireo griseus	White-eyed vireo	ground-low (successional scrub)	edge	NA	0-2	cotton, potatoes
Vireo olivaceus	Red-eyed vireo	mid-story, canopy	edge	NA	0-1	corn, potatoes
Xanthocephalus xanthocephalus	Yellow-headed blackbird	ground-low (wetland, open water)	edge	NA	4-100	corn, cotton
Zenaida asiatica	White-winged dove	mid-story, canopy	edge	NA	6	cotton
Zenaida macroura	Mourning dove	mid-story, canopy	edge	field	0-73	alfalfa, apples, citrus, corn, cotton, potatoes, soybeans
Zonotrichia leucophrys	White-crowned sparrow	ground-low (successional scrub)	edge	NA	48	corn
Zonotrichia querula	Harris' sparrow	ground-low (successional scrub)	edge	NA	6-12	alfalfa

NA = not applicable

To determine the default mean FOF values for the generic field and edge resident species using agricultural fields, FOF values for all commonly observed species from the alfalfa, cabbage, corn, cotton, potatoes and soybeans avian census studies were complied. For the field residents, FOF values ranged from 0 to 100%, with a mean and median of 53%. The 90th percentile for the field residents was 97%. For the edge residents, FOF values ranged from 0 to 100%, with a mean and median of 25% and 16%, respectively. The 90th percentile for the edge residents was 69% (**Table D32**). The 90th percentile values are used as the default mean FOF values for the generic species in TIM.

To determine the default mean FOF values for the generic field and edge resident species using orchards and vineyards, FOF values for all commonly observed species from the apple, citrus and grape avian census studies were complied. For the field residents, FOF values ranged from 13 to 98%, with a mean and median of 64 and 74%, respectively. The 90th percentile for the field residents was 87%. For the edge residents, FOF values ranged from 3 to 99%, with a mean and median of 57%. The 90th percentile for the edge residents was 85% (**Table D32**). The 90th percentile values are used as the default mean FOF values for the generic species in TIM. When considering all FOF values from vineyard and orchard studies, the 90th percentile FOF is 87%. Given that the FOF values for edge and field residents are so similar and that these values are based on a limited number of species and observations, only one FOF value (*i.e.*, 87%) will be used to represent all species visiting vineyards and orchards.

Table D32. Summary Statistics for FOF (%) of Common Species.

	All	Agricultural Field		Vineyard/O	rd/Orchard	
Statistic	values	Field resident	Edge resident	Field resident	Edge resident	
N (# FOF values)	446	44	361	29	14	
# species	117	14	98	17	9	
Minimum	0	0	0	13	3	
Maximum	100	100	100	98	99	
Mean	31	53	25	64	57	
25 th percentile	3	27	2	41	38	
Median	22	53	16	74	57	
75 th percentile	51	84	37	80	78	
90 th percentile	84	97*	69*	87*	85*	

^{*}Default values for generic species.

D.4. Uncertainties

The purpose of this review was to identify avian species that are representative of those that commonly visit agricultural fields. This review was not intended to be inclusive of every relevant species of birds visiting agricultural fields in North America. In addition, this review does not include species from Alaska, Hawaii and the US territories.

In general, the body weight distributions were derived using available body weight data for adult birds. The representativeness of these body weights on juvenile birds is unknown.

One notable uncertainty associated with the empirical FOF data used to derive the default mean FOF values for the generic species is that the majority of the census studies were conducted during the spring and summer months. Therefore, FOF values representative of fall and winter months are unknown.

D.5. References

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