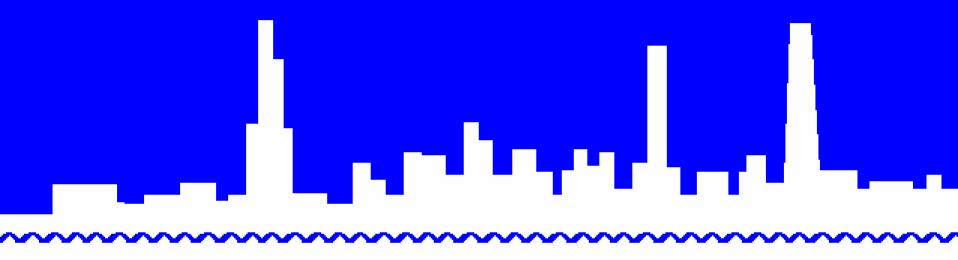
US ERA ARCHIVE DOCUMENT

Protecting Our Water Environment



Metropolitan Water Reclamation District of Greater Chicago

Working to Reduce Pharmaceuticals in Water Reclamation Plants

Catherine O'Connor, Ph.D., P.E. August 25, 2005

Presentation Overview

- Chicago Water Reclamation Plants, Chicago Waterways
- Efforts to Reduce Pharmaceuticals
 - Medication Disposal Program
 - > Household Hazardous Waste Program
- Cooperative Research
 - > APEs Study (USEPA Region V)
 - > Antibiotic Resistant Bacteria (MWRDGC)
 - > RARE (USEPA)
 - 4-Nonylphenols in Land Applied Biosolids (University of Georgia)
- Summary, Conclusions

MWRDGC's Mission

"To protect Lake Michigan, Chicago's prime drinking water supply, from pollution and to properly treat sewage to avoid contamination of the Chicago, Des Plaines and Illinois Rivers."



AFTER CONSTRUCTION OF THE CANALS



District Action Regarding Pharmaceuticals in the Environment

- > Jan 18, 2004 "Report on Disposal of Unused Pharmaceuticals"
 - > Follows scientific literature on issue, controls
 - Enter cooperative research with a number of agencies, universities
 - Construct molecular biology laboratory
- Correspond with FDA, AMA and Pharmaceutical Research and Manufacturers Association (PHRMA) with call for action
- May 3, 2004 Press Release: featured on several radio, TV broadcasts
- September 17, 2004 Contact IEPA requesting support

2005 Medication Disposal Program

Partnership MWRDGC; Chicago Police Department, Department of Public Health, Department of Aging; Cook County Sheriff's Department; Illinois Attorney General's Office

- Jan 7 Letters to Township Supervisors
- Feb 8 Initial Press Release sent to Townships
- April Press Release to Media
- May 9 Press Conference
- May 11 Unwanted Medication Disposal Program at 24 Locations
 - > 13 Suburban Townships
 - > 11 City Locations

Outcome - > 1.5 Tons of Pharmaceuticals Collected!

MWRDGC Household Hazardous Waste Collection Events

- Cooperative Effort with IEPA
- > Typically Twice/ year; 2005 Three Times
- Various Locations in Chicagoland
- Advertised through news print, flyers distributed by individual communities
- Pharmaceuticals are specifically mentioned (medicines, not medical waste)
- Events average 380 (55 gallon drum equivalents)
- Events average 2,158 households/ event

Alkylphenol Ethoxylates (APEs) Study - USEPA Region V

- Study initiated August 2003
 - > Potential Sources of APEs (non-residential)
 - Appropriate APEs sampling protocol
 - Fate in the activated sludge process and in the environment
- Focused Sampling @ Manufacturing Facilities
 - > Paint
 - > Pharmaceuticals
 - > Pesticides
 - > Detergent
 - > Emulsifier & Emulsifier Food

Alkylphenol Ethoxylates (APEs) Study - USEPA Region V (Continued)

- MWRDGC Analyzed Effluent, Sludge and Target Industry Samples
 - > 5 Industries and 2 Sewer Interceptors
 - > 19 (24-hour Composite Samples) Three consecutive days sampling
 - > Analyze for 5 types of APEs
 - Detected One Time: 6 ug/L (Bisphenol A -Pharmaceutical Manufacturer)

Antibiotic Resistant Bacteria - MWRDGC

- Goal: Understand Plant Influent and Effluent
- > Three Hypothesis
 - Organisms are eliminated in treatment
 - > Plant breeds organisms
 - > Plant is conducive to organism survival
- Four Tests: ampicillin, tetracycline, gentamycin, and cocktail of all three
- > All Seven Plants (Three Plant Chlorinate in Summer)
- Sampled Four Cycles: May, January '04, '05
- Data Currently Being Analyzed

Regional Applied Research Effort (RARE)Region V

- Mass Balance for Set of Persistent Bioaccumulative Toxics
- > Track Inputs, Outputs, Chemical Transformations
- Investigate Minimizing PBTs
- Sampling at MWRDGC's Calumet WRP
- Sampling is On-going
- Schedule: Investigate Control Alternatives Spring/ Summer '06

4-Nonylphenol Analysis of Biosolids (University of Georgia)

- MWRDGC Analyzed Biosolids Submitted Results
 - > Two WRPs
 - > Four Months
- Samples Also Submitted to Purdue University for Hormone, Steroid Analysis (analytical problems)
- Follow-up Analysis of Field Samples Where Biosolids Were Applied

Summary, Conclusions

- MWRDGC Has Taken Steps to Limit Pharmaceuticals That Enter Collection System
- MWRDGC Cooperating with Agencies, Universities Regarding Fate, Effects of Pharmaceuticals and Endocrine Disruptors
- MWRDGC is Willing to do More!

