

RCRA Section 3007 Survey for Paint Manufacturing Facilities

PART 1: INTRODUCTION/OVERVIEW

1. Why Did I Receive This RCRA Section 3007 Questionnaire ?

The United States Environmental Protection Agency (EPA, the Agency) sent you this RCRA Section 3007 questionnaire (or, questionnaire) because your facility may manage certain residuals generated from the manufacture of paints, varnishes, lacquers, enamels, and shellacs in the United States. If your facility manufactures any of these products, then you are required to complete this questionnaire. If your facility has never or does not currently manufacture these products, then you received this questionnaire in error. Please verify that your facility has never or does not currently manufacture paint by (1) completing Part 3 a-c, (2) signing and dating the certification statement in Part 5b, and (3) returning the certification to the address listed in Question 4, Part 2.

2. Why is EPA Requesting This Information?

The Agency is now determining whether certain residuals generated from paint manufacturing should be classified as listed hazardous waste in the Code of Federal Regulations under the Resource Conversation and Recovery Act (RCRA), 42 USC 6901 et seq. The information requested in this questionnaire is necessary for EPA to analyze how solid and hazardous waste is currently managed in the United States Paint Manufacturing Industry. The information you provide EPA will be used to make a hazardous waste listing determination that must be proposed by January 28, 2001. This listing determination must be finalized by March 30, 2002.

3. Am I Required to Respond to This Questionnaire?

Yes. The EPA has the authority to collect this information under OMB Clearance Number ______ which expires on ______. Failure to submit the requested information within thirty (30) days of receipt of this questionnaire can result in civil penalties under RCRA.

4. What Information is the Agency Requesting ?

The Agency is collecting information on five different types of residuals generated from the manufacture of paint:

- solvent cleaning residuals (spent solvents, caustic washes, and solids generated from tank and equipment cleaning operations);
- water and/or caustic cleaning residuals (wastewaters containing caustic rinses, rinse waters, solids generated from tank and equipment cleaning);
- wastewater treatment sludges **generated on-site** (sludges generated from the treatment of other types of plant wastewaters); emission control dusts and sludges (collected dusts from air filters, sludges from scrubbers);
- and lastly, off-specification production residuals (samples and waste customer returns).

5. How is This Questionnaire Structured ?

This questionnaire is divided into five main parts:

Part 1. Introduction/Overview
Part 2. Instructions on How To Complete The Questionnaire.
Part 3. Corporate and Facility Information
Part 4. Residual Generation Information and Management Practices
Part 5. Certification Statements
Appendix A: Confidentiality Claims

Please read through the entire questionnaire before completing each part sequentially.

PART 2: INSTRUCTIONS

1. Do I Have to Address All Questions?

Yes. You must address all questions and certify to the truth and completeness of the responses in the Part 5 Certification. A senior official having authority over plant operations should complete the Part 5 signature/certification block. You may hire a consultant to help you complete the questionnaire; however, you alone are responsible for the information you provide. You are only expected to complete this questionnaire using only available information or best engineering judgement. You are not required to generate any new data to respond to the questions.

2. How Can I Claim Information as RCRA Confidential Business Information (CBI)?

If you believe that some of the information you supply is commercially sensitive, then you may claim this information as RCRA Confidential Business Information (CBI) under 40 CFR Part 2. You may not withhold information from the Agency because you claim it as confidential. Information that you claim to be confidential is handled by EPA according to the provisions set forth in 40 CFR Part 2 Subpart B. Information that you <u>do not</u> claim as CBI upon submission may be made available to the public without further notice to you.

If you are claiming information contained in this questionnaire as CBI, please check the box marked CBI which is located next to each information request. This will signify to the Agency that you deem the information as CBI. You are required to substantiate why you are making each CBI claim. Claims of confidentially for information which is typically available through public resources are unlikely to be supportable. Appendix A provides a copy of what is required to properly substantiate your claim. If you do not substantiate your claim, then you waive your right to claim the information as CBI.

EPA must protect all information claimed as CBI from disclosure to anyone other than EPA and its authorized representatives. This information may not be released under the Freedom of Information Act (FOIA) unless the Agency denies a specific CBI claim. If your claim is denied, then you have the right to seek judicial review.

3. How Do I Submit My Responses to this Questionnaire If I Have Claimed CBI?

If you have claimed any portions of this survey as CBI, please send the completed survey within 30 days from date of receipt by the addressee to the CBI Document Control Officer Regina Magbie at the following address using registered mail, return receipt requested:

Regina Magbie Office of Solid Waste U.S. Environmental Protection Agency 2800 Crystal Drive- 7th floor Arlington, VA 22202 If time is critical, CBI may also be transferred using express postal service to the same above address.

PLEASE NOTE: Regardless of which mailing method is used, all CBI materials must be double wrapped. The inner wrapping must be labeled with the transferee's name and the statement "RCRA Confidential Business Information – To Be Opened By Addressee Only". The outer wrapping must be labeled only with the name and address of the recipient and the return address of the transferor. <u>DO NOT INDICATE ON THE OUTER WRAPPER THAT THE PACKAGE CONTAINS RCRA CBI.</u>

4. How Do I Submit My Responses To This Questionnaire If I Have Not Claimed RCRA CBI?

For all non-CBI submittals, please return the completed questionnaire within 30 days from date of receipt by the addressee to:

For Standard Postal Delivery:

David J. Carver Office of Solid Waste U.S. Environmental Protection Agency 401 M Street, S.W. (Mailcode 5304W) Washington, D.C. 20460

For Overnight Delivery or Courier Service, please use the following address:

David J. Carver Office of Solid Waste U.S. Environmental Protection Agency 2800 Crystal Drive- 9th floor Arlington, VA 22202

5. Whom Do I Contact For Technical Assistance on this Questionnaire?

Please contact EPA by telephone at (703) XXX - XXXX or by e-mail at **[insert e-mail address]** with any questions regarding this survey.

PART 3: CORPORATE AND FACILITY INFORMATION

Please provide the requested information for your facility on the lines below.

a. Name of Company/Affiliate _____

b. Physical Address of Facility_____

c. Facility Contact and Phone Number _____

d. RCRA Waste Generator ID Number _____

PART 4: RESIDUAL GENERATION AND MANAGEMENT PRACTICES

Part 4a. Residual Generation Description

Directions: If your facility generates residual(s) classified under any of the five residual types listed below, then you must complete this page. For each residual that your facility generates, assign a unique Residual Identification Number (RIN). Next, specify (\checkmark) the appropriate residual type and answer all questions on this page. Complete a separate page for each residual. Please copy and attach additional pages as needed.

Residual Identification Number (RIN)

Residual Type (check one) CBI Water Cleaning Residual Water Caustic Waste Water Treatment Sludge Emission Control Dust Off-Specification Product
Is this residual (identified by the above RIN) Currently Managed as a Hazardous Waste?NoYes
If Yes, please specify relevant federal RCRA hazardous waste codes for this RIN:,
Total residual generated in 1997 1998 CBI (specify tons for solids and gallons for liquids)
Is this residual a federal RCRA hazardous waste that is recycled, reclaimed or reused (according to the
definitions of these terms in 40 CFR Part 266)?yesno
If yes to the previous question, is this residual reclaimed, burned for energy recovery, used to make a fuel, reused as an ingredient in a product other than paint, or used as a substitute for another product (without reclamation)?
$\underline{\qquad}$ yes $\underline{\qquad}$ no \Box CBI
Does your facility receive a payment for receipt of this RIN?yesno. If yes, specify payment received \$

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Part 4b. Residual Management Activity Information for Each Residual Identification Number specified.

The purpose of this section is to collect detailed information on how your facility manages each residual you identified in Part 4a. Use the table below to completely track how each residual is managed from its point of generation to its final management scenario. Then complete the appropriate residual management table(s) located on pages 7-14. When completing the table(s), follow the general directions below and any explanatory footnotes located below the individual residual management tables.

NOTE: When completing residual management tables, specify the sequence of residual management for each RIN. For residuals that are managed in more than one unit, designate Step _____ of _____ in the upper right corner of row one. For instance, if a wastewater treatment sludge (RIN#) is collected in a drum at its point of generation and then incinerated, complete two tables describing each management step. Place a Step 1 of 2 on the Table 6 (containers), specifying the first step of management. On Table 7 (incineration) place a Step 2 of 2, signifying the final management stage.

If your residual is managed in/by	Then go to Table	Located On Page
Landfills	1	7
Waste Piles	2	8
Surface Impoundments	3	9
Tanks	4	10
Land Application/Farming/Treatment	5	11
Containers	6	12
Fuel Blended, sent to Incinerator, Light Weight Aggregate Kiln (LWAK), Cement Kiln (CK), or Boiler and Industrial Furnace	7	13
Sent to a POTW, privately owned treatment work, to surface waters under a NPDES permit, or disposed of through underground injection	8	14
Other	8	14

GENERAL DIRECTIONS: Complete a separate table for each RIN identified in Part 4a. On each table:

- 1) Identify the RIN
- 2) Specify how the residual is managed in each unit
- 3) Indicate if the residual is managed on or off-site
- 4) Specify the total annual residual placed in a unit for 1998

Note: Characterize management units for Tables 1-6 as explained in the footnotes below each table.

Table 1. Landfills

1) RIN:											Stepo	f
2) Residual Management in Landfills	gement in 3) Location		4) residual quantity from your facility placed in (or sent			6) run off controls ²	7) daily cover ³					
	on-site	off-site	to) unit annually	leachate collection layer	re-compacted clay	synthetic liner	re-compacted soil other than clay	no liner	liner type unknown	other liner (specify)	□CBI	□CBI
subtitle D industrial waste landfill □CBI												
subtitle C industrial waste landfill □CBI												
municipal waste landfill □CBI												

Other Information on Landfills:

¹Check (\checkmark) the type of liner that is associated with the landfill. If there are multiple layers of liners are present, add a check in the appropriate column for each layer. If the landfill is off-site and the liner is unknown, check unknown. Do not guess at the liner type. Native soils/clay soils already present underneath the unit and sludge layers to not qualify as liners. For this case, check the no liner column. If the type of liner present beneath your unit is not indicated on this table, write in the liner type in the column labeled "other".

² Indicate whether runoff controls are present with a yes (Y) or no (N). Runoff controls are engineered barriers such as berms and dikes that will prevent water in soils from running on to and off of the unit.

³ Indicate whether a daily cover is applied while the landfill is operating with a yes (Y) or no (N).

 Table 2. Waste Piles

1) RIN:											Step	of			
2) Residual Management in Waste Piles		cation BI	4) residual quantity placed from your		5) liners and/or secondary containment ¹										
	on-site	off-site	facility in unit annually □ CBI	leachate collection layer	re-compacted clay liner	re-compacted soil layer other than clay	synthetic liner	concrete pad	no liner	liner type unknown	other liner (specify)				
treatment in waste piles □ CBI															
storage in waste piles □ CBI															

Additional Waste Pile Information:

¹ Check (\checkmark) the type of liner that is associated with the waste pile. If there are multiple layers of liners are present, check the appropriate column for each layer. If the waste pile is off-site and the liner is unknown, check unknown. Do not guess at the liner type. Native soils/clay soils already present underneath the unit and sludge layers to not qualify as liners. For this case, check the no liner column. If the type of liner present beneath your unit is not indicated on this table, write in the liner type in the column labeled "other".

 2 Indicate whether runoff controls are present with a yes (Y) or no (N). Runoff controls are engineered barriers such as berms and dikes that will prevent water and soils from running on to and off of the unit.

						able.	5. Sui	Tace I	mpound	ments							
1) RIN:																St	epof
2) Residual Management in Surface Impoundment □ CBI	3) 4) residual 5) liners 6) aeration/ Loca- quantity from □CBI biological treatment tion your facility □CBI □CBI □ □CBI □CBI □CBI											7) covers/emission contr □CBI					
	on-site	off-site		leachate	re-compacted	re-compacted soil other	synthetic liner	no liner	presence of liner or type of liner unknown	other liner (specify)	no aeration	low aeration	high aeration	biological treatment	no cover	cover with vents and NO emission collection system	cover with vents and emission collection system
storage in surface impoundments □CBI																	
treatment in surface impoundments □CBI																	
disposal surface impoundment □CBI																	
Additional Surface Ir	npou	ndme	ent Information:														

Table 3: Surface Impoundments

¹Check (**v**) the type of liner that is associated with the surface impoundment. If there are multiple layers of liners are present, add a check for each layer. If the surface impoundment is off-site and the liner is unknown, check unknown. Do not guess at the liner type. Native soils/clay soils already present underneath the unit and sludge layers to not qualify as liners. For this case, check the no liner column. If the type of liner present beneath your unit is not indicated on this table, write in the liner type in the column labeled "other".

² Indicate whether the surface impoundment is aerated or not, or, whether it has a low or high level of aeration, by placing a check in the appropriate column. Low aeration is defined as a surface impoundment that contains aerators with a power of 70 hp/million gallons; high aeration aerators operate at greater than 70 hp/million gallons. Also, indicate if biological treatment is occurring by placing a check in the appropriate biological treatment column.

³ Indicate whether the surface impoundment is covered and if so, whether or not the cover has vents that directly release to the atmosphere or into an emission collection system. Place a check in the appropriate columns for your unit.

Table 4: Tanks

1) RIN:									Step	oof
2) Residual Management in Tanks	3) Loca □ Cl		4) residual quantity from your facility	5)) aeration/bio □	6) covers/emission control ² □CBI				
□CBI	on-site	off-site	placed in unit annually □CBI	no aeration	aeration	biological treatment	cover/emissi on control	no cover	cover with vents and NO emission collection system	cover with vents and emission collection system
storage in tanks □CBI										
treatment in tanks □CBI										

Additional Tank Information:

¹ Indicate whether the tank is aerated or not and, if aerated, indicate whether it has a low or high level of aeration by placing a check (\checkmark) in the appropriate column. Low aeration is defined as a tank that contains aerators with a power of 70 hp/million gallons; high aeration aerators operate at greater than 70 hp/million gallons. Also, if biological treatment is occurring, place a check in the biological treatment column.

 2 Indicate whether the tank is covered and, if so, whether or not the cover has vents that directly release to the atmosphere or into an emission collection system. Place a check in the appropriate columns for your unit.

Table 5: Land Application/Treatment/Farming

			Table 5. La	inu 11	ppncuti		unic		arining					
1) RIN:													Step	_of
2) Residual Management in Land Application/Treatment/Farming	4) residual quantity from your facility			5) lin □C]				6) run off control ² □CBI	7) Application Method ³ □CBI					
	on-site	off-site	placed in unit annually □CBI	leachate	re-compacted clay liner	re-compacted soil other than clay	synthetic liner	no liner	other liner (specify)		soil incorporation:tilling or disking	soil incorporation:surface injection	surface application - not spraying	surface application by spraying
land application/treatment/ or farming unit $\Box CBI$														

Additional Land Application/Treatment/Farming Information:

¹Check () the type of liner that is associated with the landfill. If there are multiple layers of liners are present, add a check in the appropriate column for each layer that is present. If the landfill is off-site and the liner is unknown, check unknown. Do not guess at the liner type. Native soils/clay soils already present underneath the unit and sludge layers to not qualify as liners. For this case, check the no liner column. If the type of liner present beneath your unit is not indicated on this table, write in the liner type in the column labeled "other".

 2 Indicate whether runoff controls are present with a yes (Y) or no (N). Runoff controls are engineered barriers such as berms and dikes that will prevent water and soils from running on to and off of the unit.

³ Indicate the method used to apply the residual by placing a check in the appropriate column. If the residual is incorporated in to the soil by tilling or disking, check the 1st column under application. If the residual is not incorporated into the soil and is applied on top of the unit by a method <u>other</u> than spraying, check the 3rd column under application. Finally, if the residual is spray applied onto the unit check the 4th column under application. If more than one method is used on the unit, check all the columns that apply.

Table 6: Containers

1) RIN:								Stepof
2) Residual Management in Containers□ CBI	3) Location □ CBI		4) residual quantity from your facility placed in unit				 6) Maximum Number of Days Stored in Container² □ CBI 	
	on-site	off-site	annually □ CBI	drums	roll-offs	bag	Other, Specify	other (specify)
storage in containers □ CBI								

Additional Container Information:

¹Check the type of container that is used for storing your residual. If multiple container types are used, place a check in all columns that apply. If the container type is not listed, describe the container in the column labeled "other"

²Specify the maximum number of days that the residual is stored in the containers. Enter a number into the column, for example "10 days".

Table 7: Use In Fuel Blending, Management in Incinerators, Light Weight Aggregate Kilns, Cement Kilns, or in Boilers and/or Industrial Furnaces

1) RIN:			Stepof
2) Residual Management Activity	3) Locatio □ CBI	n	4) residual quantity from your facility placed in (or sent to) unit annually
	on-site	off-site	□CBI
Use in fuel blending □ CBI			
incineration □ CBI			
Light Weight Aggregate Kilns			
Cement Kilns □ CBI			
burning in boiler or industrial furnace			

Table 8: Management in POTWs, NPDES, Privately Owned Treatment Works, Underground Injection Wells, or Other Disposal not Listed

1) RIN:			Stepof
2) Residual Management to POTWs, NPDES, Privately Owned treatment Works, Underground Injection, and Other Types of Treatment. ¹	3) Loc □CBI	ation	4) residual quantity placed in unit annually
	on-site	off-site	□ CBI
discharge to POTW(total volume)			
discharge under NPDES permit(total volume)			
discharge to privately owned treatment(total volume)			
underground injection □ CBI 5) if so, permit number Class □1 □2 □3 □4 □			
other type of treatment (describe) □ CBI			
other type of storage (describe) □CBI			
other type of disposal (describe) □ CBI			

¹This is the table to use to fill out information on other residual waste management practices you may employ at your facility that were not covered at the previous tables. If this is the case, then describe the treatment, storage, or disposal practice you use in the appropriate row under column 2.

² Specify total facility volume sent to each discharge point in the space provided next to each management type.

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PART 4c. Residual Constituent Information.

Please identify the constituent(s) for each residual that you have identified in Part 4a for the year 1998. Also, please provide (if known) the constituent concentration in mg/l. If not known, leave blank. If constituent information is contained in a laboratory analysis sheet, you may provide copies of them in lieu of completing this table.

Residual Identification Number (RIN)	Constituent(s) in RIN	Constituent Concentration (mg/L)
	□ CBI	□ CBI
	□ CBI	□ CBI
	□ CBI	□ CBI
	□ CBI	□ CBI

PART 5: CERTIFICATION

Part 5a. Certification of Information Provided

I certify under penalty of law that I have personally reviewed and am familiar with the information contained in the questionnaire, and, based on my inquiry of those responsible for obtaining the information, I believe the above to be true and complete, and I am aware that there are substantial penalties for submitting false information, and penalties for not returning this questionnaire to the Agency in the time period required.

Signature	Dated
Printed Name	
Title	
Telephone	

Authority for the collection of the above information is contained in the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA), 42 USC 6901 et seq.

Part 5b. Certification For Non-Manufacturer of Paint

I certify under penalty of law that I have reviewed the history of this company and am familiar with current production and residual management generation, and that this company does not currently manufacture paint and, thus, has not and does not generate paint residual covered under the scope of this questionnaire.

Signature	Dated	
Printed Name		
Title		
Telephone		
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Appendix A Confidentiality Claims

Substantiating the Claim of Confidentiality

You may make a confidential business information (CBI) claim for each data element that is sensitive data. The following series of questions needs to be filled out for each data point that is claimed to be CBI. Attach additional pages as needed.

1. For what period of time do you request that the information be maintained as confidential? If the occurrence of a specific event will eliminate the need for confidentiality, please specify that event.

2. Information submitted to EPA becomes stale over time. Why should the information you claim as confidential be protected for the period of time specified in your answer to question #1?

3. What measures have you taken to protect the information claims as confidential? Have you disclosed the information to anyone other than a governmental body or someone who is bound by an agreement not to disclose the information further? If so, why should the information still be considered confidential?

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4. Has any governmental body made a determination as to the confidentiality of the information? If so, please attach a copy of the determination.

Is the information contained in any publicly available material such as promotional publications, annual reports, articles, permits, etc.? Is there any means by which a member of the public could obtain access to the information?

For each section of information claimed as confidential, discuss with specificity why release of the information is likely to cause substantial harm to your competitive position. Explain the nature of these harmful effects, why they should be viewed as substantial, and the causal relationship between disclosure and such harmful effects. How could your competitors make use of this information to your detriment?

Please discuss any other information you deem relevant.