



Environment

Prepared for: Prairie Ronde Realty Dowagiac, Michigan Prepared by: AECOM Grand Rapids, Michigan 60143510 March 2012

INDOOR AIR and SUB-SLAB SOIL GAS SAMPLING WORK PLAN FOR PRR BUILDING

Prairie Ronde Realty Company 415 East Prairie Ronde Street Dowagiac, Michigan MID 005 068 507



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Contents

1.0	Introduction					
	1.1	Objectives				
	1.2	Prairie	Ronde Realty (PRR) Building	. 1		
2.0	Site N	lobilizat	ion	. 2		
	2.1 Health and Safety Plan (HASP)			. 2		
	2.2	2.2 Field Documentation				
3.0	Sampling Plan					
	3.1	Sampling Locations				
	3.2	Sampling Strategy				
		3.2.1	Information Acquisition	. 4		
		3.2.2	Sampling and Analytical Methods	. 4		
		3.2.3	Indoor Air Sampling	. 4		
		3.2.4	Sub-Slab Soil Gas Sampling	. 5		
		3.2.5	Ambient Air Sampling	. 6		
4.0	Analy	tical Fir	dings	.7		

Figure

Figure 1 – Indoor Air Sample Location Map

Attachment

Attachment A - Canister Data Form and Vapor Intrusion Building Survey Form

1.0 Introduction

Prairie Ronde Realty (PRR) prepared this Indoor Air and Sub-Slab Soil Gas Sampling Work Plan in response to a request from the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA) Region 5 for sampling indoor air and sub-slab soil gas at the former PRR manufacturing building (PRR building). The PRR building is located at 415 East Prairie Ronde Road in Dowagiac, Michigan. During a meeting on January 13, 2012 and in a letter dated February 21, 2012, USEPA Region 5 requested the following:

- Investigate the indoor air quality at the PRR building;
- Collect paired sub-slab soil gas samples at the PRR building to assist in the evaluation of indoor air quality; and
- Collect one ambient air quality sample upwind of the PRR building to assist in the evaluation of indoor air quality.

PRR provided USEPA Region 5 an *Indoor Air & Sub-Slab Sampling Work Plan* in February 2009. That work plan addressed sampling at nearby residences, but did not include sampling at the PRR building. This work plan for the PRR building specifies the same indoor and sub-slab air sampling techniques and analytical methods as the previously-approved February 2009 work plan.

1.1 Objectives

The objectives for this work are to:

- Collect seven indoor air samples from occupied areas of the PRR building;
- Collect sub-slab soil gas samples from approximately the same locations as the indoor air samples;
- Collect an ambient air sample from upwind of the PRR building;
- Analyze the air and soil gas samples for specified chlorinated volatile organic compounds (CVOCs);
- Report the results to the USEPA.

1.2 Prairie Ronde Realty (PRR) Building

Parts of the PRR building are leased to several tenants. The leased areas are used for offices, manufacturing and storage of recreational vehicles and boats. Approximately 36 people work full-time in the building in a single 8-hour shift. Several additional people each work approximately 10 hours a month in warehousing operations.

The building occupies approximately 617,000 square feet, and has 6 to 8-inch thick concrete floors.

2.0 Site Mobilization

2.1 Health and Safety Plan (HASP)

A Health and Safety Plan (HASP) will be prepared to provide specific guidelines and establish procedures to protect personnel during the investigation activities planned at the PRR building. HASP procedures will be updated if additional information is discovered which requires altering the plan (i.e., other health and safety concerns are identified within the PRR building). The HASP will be reviewed and signed by each sampling staff member prior to work on-site.

2.2 Field Documentation

All data concerning sample collection and contact with property manager and tenants will be documented in a field notebook. Examples of information which will be entered into the field notebook include:

- Project identification;
- Field activity subject;
- General work activity;
- Sampling staff on-site, including contractors;
- Weather conditions;
- Time and topics of safety meetings;
- Unusual events;
- Visitors on-site;
- Communication with co-workers, property owner, tenants, laboratory contacts, clients or others;
- Sample locations and basis for selection;
- All sample numbers and corresponding chain-of-custody numbers;
- Results from required calibration and calibration checks;
- Any variance from project plans and procedures;
- Photographs taken and identification numbers; and
- Any problems encountered and their resolution.

3.0 Sampling Plan

3.1 Sampling Locations

Seven sampling locations are proposed within the PRR building (**Figure 1**) at currently leased locations. The samples will be collected using Summa[™] canisters located in the seven occupied areas of the building:

- Former Model Shop;
- Office Area;
- AC Press Room;
- Carbon Room;
- Engineering Offices;
- RV/Boat Storage Room 1; and
- RV/Boat Storage Room 2.

New sub-slab monitoring points will be established adjacent to each indoor air sample location. The samples will be collected from each room in the area with the highest occupancy that does not interfere with work and is not located near known potential VOC sources. The indoor air samples will be collected approximately 5 feet above the slab surface. All indoor air samples will be collected in accordance with the protocol outlined in the following sections. The soil gas samples will be collected approximately one inch or less below the bottom of the concrete slab that is the floor of the PRR building. Each location and the reasons for selecting the location will be documented in the report resulting from this work.

The ambient air sample will be collected from an outdoor location on the PRR property, up-wind of the PRR building and approximately five feet above the ground surface. To the extent possible, this ambient air sample will be collected away from obvious potential sources such as storage, parking and loading areas. The ambient air sample location will be determined based on wind conditions at the time the samples are collected.

3.2 Sampling Strategy

One indoor air sample will be collected from each of the seven sample locations presented on **Figure 1**. The samples will be analyzed for the following CVOCs.

- Tetrachloroethylene;
- Trichloroethylene;
- Cis-1,2-Dichloroethylene;
- Trans-1,2-Dichloroethylene;
- Vinyl chloride;
- 1,1,1-Trichloroethane;
- 1,1-Dichloroethane;
- Chloroethane; and
- Isopropyl alcohol (IPA), sub-slab samples only.

The sampling procedures and methods are detailed in the following sections.

3.2.1 Information Acquisition

Various types of information will be obtained and recorded for this sampling effort.

The *Canister Data Form* in **Attachment A** will be used to record data on the condition of the canisters, sampling times, vacuum, etc.

The room and general area where sampling will occur will also be surveyed for conditions that could affect sample results. This survey will be documented on the *Vapor Intrusion Building Survey Form* in **Attachment A**.

3.2.2 Sampling and Analytical Methods

Sampling methods used will be consistent with USEPA protocols for collecting air samples using TO-15 Summa[™] canister sampling and analysis methods (*Compendium of Methods for the Determination of Compounds in Ambient Air, Second Edition, Compendium Method TO-15, Determination of Volatile Organic Compounds (VOCs) in Air Collected in Specially-prepared Canisters and Analyzed by Gas Chromatography/Mass Spectrometry (GCMS).* EPA/625/R96/01b, 1999). Each batch of canisters will be certified clean by the selected laboratory according to USEPA Method TO-15. TO-15 SIM will be used for the indoor air samples to obtain a lower detection limit for VOCs. TestAmerica in Los Angeles, California will analyze the samples. Turnaround time will be approximately 14 calendar days (standard turnaround times).

3.2.3 Indoor Air Sampling

The indoor air samples will be collected using a Summa[™] canister (6-Liter capacity) equipped with a critical orifice flow regulation device sized to allow an air sample to be collected over a 24-hour sampling period. Care will be taken to deploy the canisters away from the direct influence of any forced air emanating from air conditioning units, central air conditioning vents, furnaces or heaters.

The indoor air sampling procedure is described as follows.

- Building spaces will be examined to determine a location for deploying the sample. An attempt
 will be made to deploy the canister in areas not subject to disturbances and which will not
 interfere with the occupant's normal activities.
- Air sample canisters will be labeled with a unique sample designation number. The sample number and location will be recorded in the field log book.
- The canister vacuum will be measured using an integrated vacuum gauge immediately prior to canister deployment, and recorded in the field log book. The critical orifice flow controller will be installed, as supplied by the laboratory, on the canister, the canister will be opened fully at the beginning of sample collection period, and the start time will be recorded.
- Other data recorded will include: outside and interior temperatures at the start and end of the sample period, equipment serial numbers, sampler name, and any comments.

- The canister valve will be closed fully at the end of the sample period (after 24-hours) and the end time recorded. Any evidence of canister disturbance during the sample collection will be recorded.
- The canister vacuum will be measured and recorded immediately after canister retrieval at the end of the sample period. Any samples where the canister reached atmospheric pressure will be rejected, and the canisters returned for cleaning. Once the vacuum is measured, the safety cap will be securely tightened on the canister inlet. Field data will be verified as correctly entered into field books prior to shipment; and canisters will be shipped to the laboratory under a chain-of-custody.
- Building occupants will be requested to keep out of the sampling area, if possible, during the sampling event.

3.2.4 Sub-Slab Soil Gas Sampling

Sub-slab sampling points will be installed to collect soil gas immediately below the slab at each of the seven indoor air sampling locations. Sub-slab gas samples will be collected using a 6-Liter Summa[™] canister fitted with a flow orifice pre-calibrated to collect a 6-Liter sample over a 24-hour period. Once the 24-hour sampling period has been completed, the canister will be boxed and shipped to the laboratory for analysis. A brief summary of the sampling protocol is provided below.

A subsurface utility location will be identified prior to installation of sub-slab vapor sampling points. The sub-slab vapor points will be installed by first advancing a small diameter hole (approximately 3/8-inches in diameter) through the floor slab to determine thickness followed by a 1-inch hole several inches deep. The holes will be drilled via hammer drill or concrete core. The core hole will extend through the slab and terminate at the interface with underlying material (i.e. gravel base or soil). A sample point consisting of a stainless length of tubing fitted with compression fittings and will be placed into the boring. The cored slab annulus will be filled with quick-setting cement placed around the stainless steel sub-slab vapor point. The bottom of the sub-slab vapor point will extend to the bottom of slab. The new sub-slab vapor collection points will be allowed to equilibrate for approximately 24 hours before the samples are collected.

Prior to sub-slab soil gas sample collection, the monitoring point and above grade tubing will be purged at a rate not exceeding 200 ml/min. The total volume purged prior to sample collection will equal three volumes of air in the open space of tubing and the sample point. Isopropyl alcohol (IPA) will be used as a field tracer during sampling. The IPA will be introduced as a spray next to the above grade sampling train and Summa[™] canister.

At the start of the sampling event, a pressure gauge reading will be performed. Values will be recorded. Flow rates will be less than 200 mL/min, and sampling will continue until a complete 24-hour sample has been collected. At the end of the sampling event, a pressure gauge reading will be recorded.

The 6-Liter canister with a calibrated 24-hour orifice will be connected to the stainless steel vapor point via nylon tubing. (Collecting with a calibrated orifice will ensure the flow rate is not greater than 200 mL/min, which is the flow threshold above which VOC stripping from soil may occur.) After the sample has been collected, the safety cap will be installed.

All data concerning sample collection will be documented in a field notebook and respective canister sampling forms.

The following summarizes the above.

- Sub-slab sampling points will be constructed of hollow stainless steel 0.25-inch diameter tubing fitted with compression-type fittings.
- The sub-slab sampling point construction will be permanent, with the stainless steel sampling points securely mounted through the concrete slab and grouted in place using a quick-setting cement mixture.
- New sub-slab vapor sampling points will be allowed to equilibrate for approximately 24 hours before the samples are collected.
- Samples will be collected over a 24-hour period at a flow rate not greater than 200 mL/min.
- IPA will be used as a field tracer during sampling. The IPA will be introduced as a spray next to the above grade sampling train and Summa[™] canister.
- Field documentation will be maintained in a field notebook and on field data forms.

3.2.5 Ambient Air Sampling

The ambient air samples will be collected in the same manner as the indoor air samples.

4.0 Analytical Findings

The sampling will be completed in March 2012, predicated on USEPA approval of this work plan. PRR will prepare a sampling and data summary report after the analyses are completed and will provide this report to the USEPA and the Michigan Department of Environmental Quality.

The results of the indoor air and sub-slab sol gas sampling will be included with the *Corrective Measures Proposal* presently in preparation. Decision criteria and evaluation of the data will also be included in the *Corrective Measures Proposal*.

FIGURE





APPENDIX A

Canister Data Form, Building Information Form, Tenant Questionnaire, and Indoor Air Testing Tenant Instructions

FORM A-1 CANISTER DATA FORM

Company Name:
Company Contact:
Company Address:
Flow Controller ID No:
Telephone No::
Facsimile No.:
II. SAMPLING INFORMATION Sampling Date: Sampling Address: Sampling Address: Location of Canister is Place: Use of Room Where Canister is Place: Room Furnishings: Materials Stored in Room: Weather Conditions During Test: <u>TEMPERATURE:</u> BAROMETRIC PRESSURE I. NTERIOR AMBIENT MAXIMUM MINIMUM
Sampling Date: Sampling Address: Sampling Address: Location of Canister is Place: Use of Room Where Canister is Place: Room Furnishings: Materials Stored in Room: Weather Conditions During Test: TEMPERATURE: BAROMETRIC PRESSURE
Sampling Address: Location of Canister is Place: Use of Room Where Canister is Place: Room Furnishings: Materials Stored in Room: Weather Conditions During Test: TEMPERATURE: BAROMETRIC PRESSURE
Location of Canister is Place: Use of Room Where Canister is Place: Room Furnishings: Materials Stored in Room: Weather Conditions During Test: TEMPERATURE: BAROMETRIC PRESSURE
Use of Room Where Canister is Place:
Room Furnishings:
Materials Stored in Room:
Weather Conditions During Test: <u>TEMPERATURE:</u> <u>BAROMETRIC PRESSURE</u> I NTERIOR AMBIENT MAXIMUM
TEMPERATURE: BAROMETRIC PRESSURE I NTERIOR AMBIENT MAXIMUM MINIMUM
I NTERIOR AMBIENT MAXIMUM MINIMUM
START
STOP
Canister VACUUM on OPENING Valve:
DATE Canister Valve OPENED: TIME Canister Valve OPENED:
DATE Canister Valve CLOSED: TIME Canister Valve CLOSED:

Signature

FORM A-2 DWKNF KP I ''INFORMATION FORM

Date:	Time:	Inspector:			
Pictures Allow	red: 🗌 Yes	🗌 No			
Sample No.					
Address:					
Contact Name:	:				
Years at this A	ddress:				
BUILDING T	YPE: One story	: Multi-story	y Brick	_Siding_	Stucco
WEATHER SI	EALS: General	Condition: Good	FairPoc	or	
BASEMENT:	None	Dinished	Unfinished		Depth below grade
	Partial				
	Full				
	Crawl space	na na	na		
Foundation con	nstruction:	Poured concrete	Cinder block		
Condition at fl	oor/wall joint (it	f visible)			
Floor drains, s	ump				
Vents, fans, wi	indows				
Floor condition	n (type, cracks, o	drains)			
Wall openings	, utility pipe pen	etrations			
Moisture Cond	lition (dry, damp	o, wet)			
FURNACE:	Location:				
	Type: gas	Forced	aır		
	oil		hot water		
	electric	other			
Blower capacit	ty (if applicable))			-
Does furnace h	nave outside con	nbustion air vent?			
Winter tempera	ature setting: da	ay nig	ht		

AIR CONDITIONER:	None	Central	(if yes, capacity?)	Room	
(If yes, which rooms and capacities?					
RADON SYSTEM: Yes	No	If yes, floor	r scaled?		
Floor drain/sump vent? Other ventilation?					
Pictures Taken:					
1.					
2.					
3.					
4.					
5.					
6.					
7.					
8.					
9.					
10.					
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15.					
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17.					
18.					
19.					
20.					

FORM A-3 VGP CP V QUESTIONNAIRE

VOCs are found in outside air and in the air inside of buildings. VOCs can be found in solvents and other household items such as pesticides, insecticides, adhesives, aerosols, paints, coatings, dry cleaning, carpet and drapery cleaning fluids, and household spot removers. Other common VOC sources include telephone and computer cables, plastic items, vinyl cove molding, PVC plumbing, linoleum, concrete blocks, latex paint, carpet padding, foam rubber, lubricants, and cosmetics.

Your answer to the following questions will help us determine if VOC sources exist in your building. Please answer each question to the best of your knowledge.

1. When was the last time dry-cleaned clothes were brought into the building?

	\Box 0 to 5 days ago	\Box 6 to 10 days ago	More than 10 days ago					
When was the carpet installed?								
	\Box In the last six months	\Box More than six n	nonths ago					
3.	When was the last time the ca	rpet was cleaned?						
	\Box In the last six month	\square More than six m	onths ago					
4. /	المعلم	n the building?						
	□ Yes	□ _{No}						
5.	Do your tasks include model l require paints, thinners, solver	ouilding, arts and crafts, mo nts, or glue?	del railroading metal cleaning, or others that					
	The Yes	🗌 No						
6.	Is automotive or other vehicle	maintenance or repair perfe	orned at the building?					
	□ Yes	□ No						
7.	Please review the following li	st, and check items you kno	w are in the building.					
	Lat ex caulk							
	latex paint							
	i nyl cove molding							
	n oleum tile							
	Large diameter telephone cable							
	Small diameter telephone	cable						
	ack rubber molding							

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	11.	На
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	b lystyrene foam insulation								
	ement block								
	reated metal roofi	ng							
	Are there any pesticides in the building?								
	Yes N			Uns	ure				
	Are there any spray insecticides in the building?								
	Yes 1	No 🗌		Uns	ure				
).	Has the building interio	r been	painted in the last	12 months?					
	□es		No						
	Has the building exterio	or been	painted in the last	12 months?					
	Πes		No						
2.	If question 10 or 11 is y	es, plea	ase indicate what j	paint was use	d.				
	nam el								
	U Vinyl								
	Latex								
	Other								
	11 71 •		••••	10					
5.	Where are paint, thinner	r, pestic	cides, insecticides	stored?					
	Garage								
	Basement								
	torage shed								
	Other								
	These are not stored	d in the	e building.						
ŀ.	Áre there pets or other a	nimals	in the building?						
	es		No						
	If yes, what type? If yes_number								

FORM A-4

INDOOR AIR TESTING TENANT INSTRUCTIONS

- 1. The duration of this test is approximately 24 hours.
- 2. The canister is made of clean stainless steel. It does not contain any moving parts or chemicals.
- 3. Please do not handle or move a canister during testing.
- 4. Please do not smoke around the canister.
- 5. To the extent possible, leave doors and windows closed during testing.
- 6. To the extent possible, do not use paint, solvents, glues and spray cans during testing.
- 7. If possible, do not bring dry cleaning into the building during the testing.
- 8. We will be back at the end of the day to pick up the canister about this time.

Canister pick up:

Day _____

Time _____

Thank you for your cooperation.