US ERA ARCHIVE DOCUMENT

Field and Laboratory Guide to harmful Cyanobacteria for Native American Tribes in the United States

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Background

- Presented Harmful Algal Bloom 101 to USET
- Obvious concern about exposure of tribal members to cyanobacteria and their associated cyanotoxins
- After the presentation, one-on-one conversations lead to the vision on this Guide
- Field recognition of a bloom and laboratory identification of key organisms

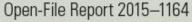


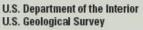
Field and Laboratory Guide to Freshwater Cyanobacteria Harmful Algal Blooms for Native American and Alaska **Native Communities**













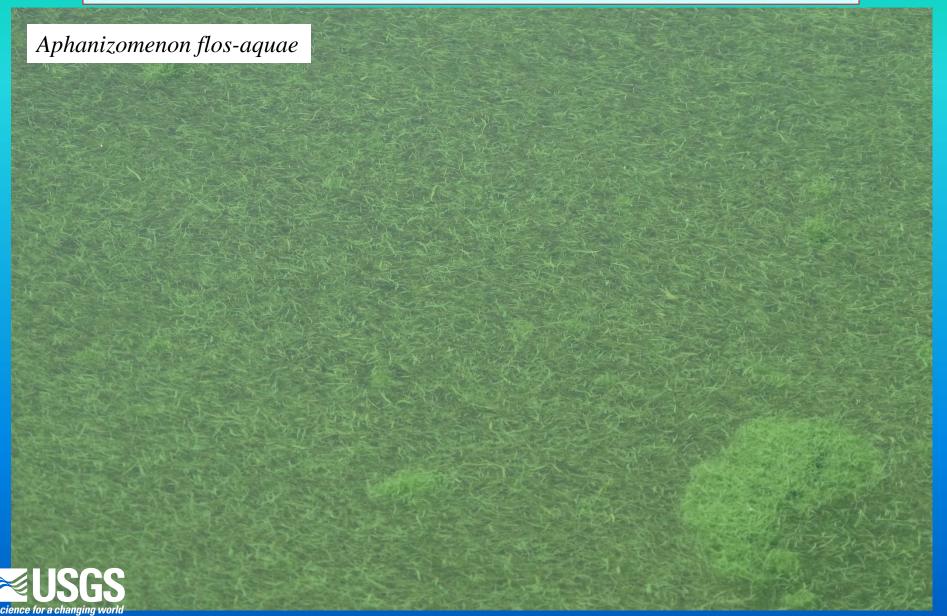




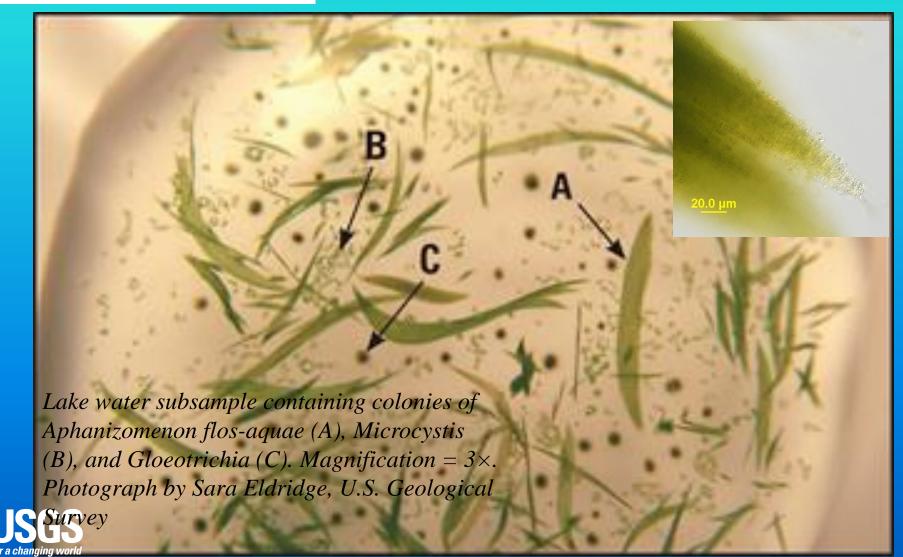


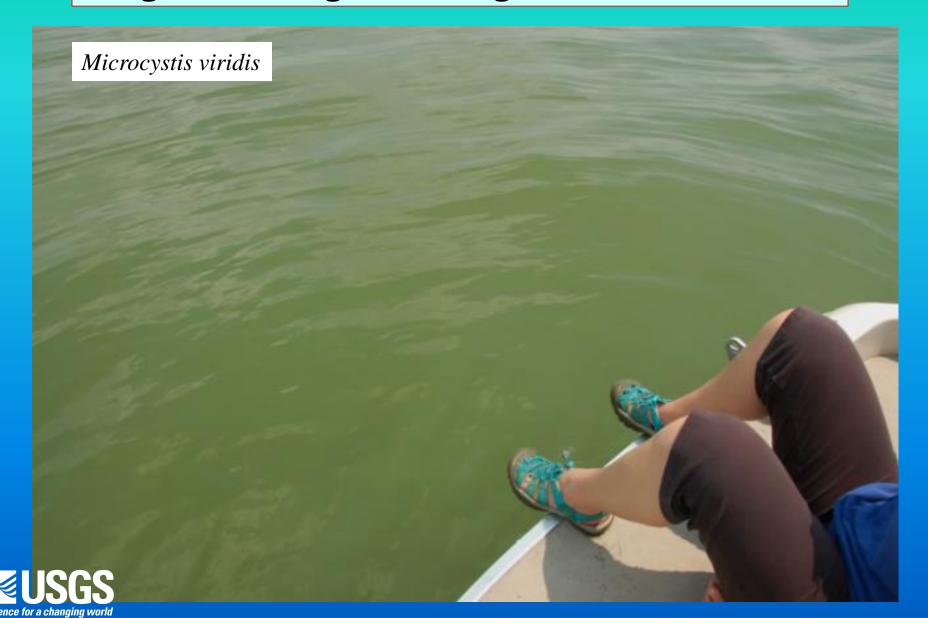


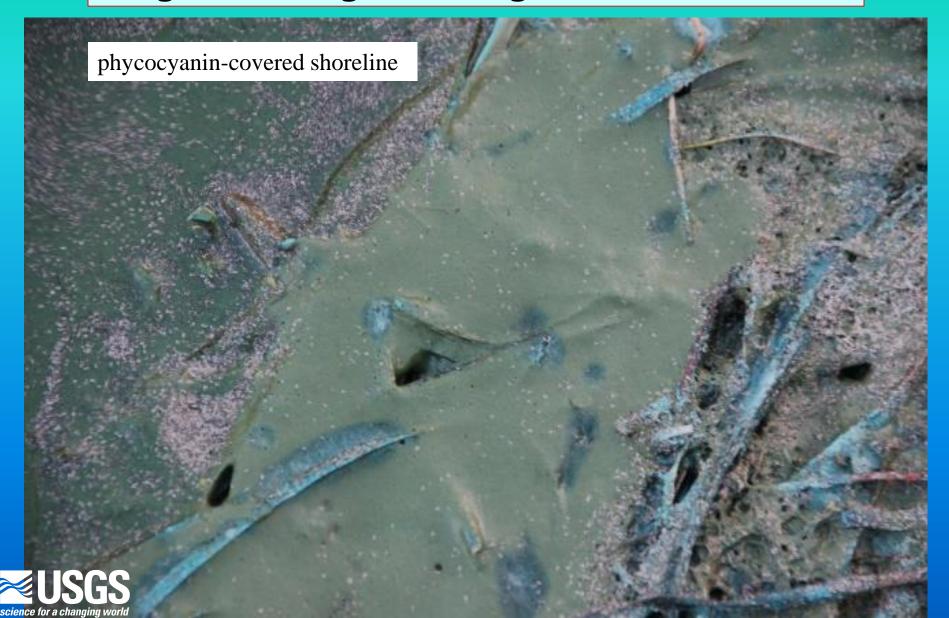




Aphanizomenon flos-aquae, etc.







Recognizing a cyanobacteria bloom: field images (brown in color)



Recognizing a cyanobacteria bloom: field images (reddish/pink color)

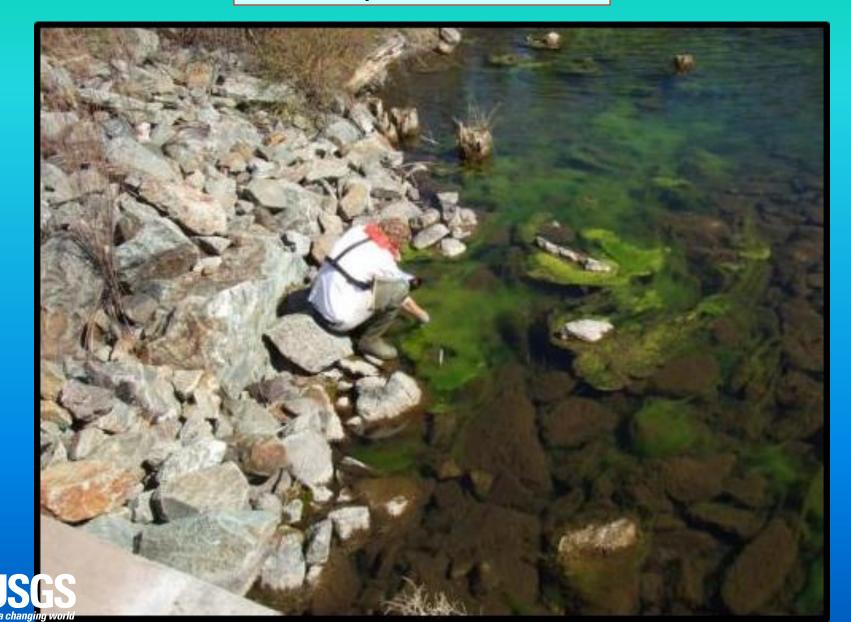


Not Cyanobacteria



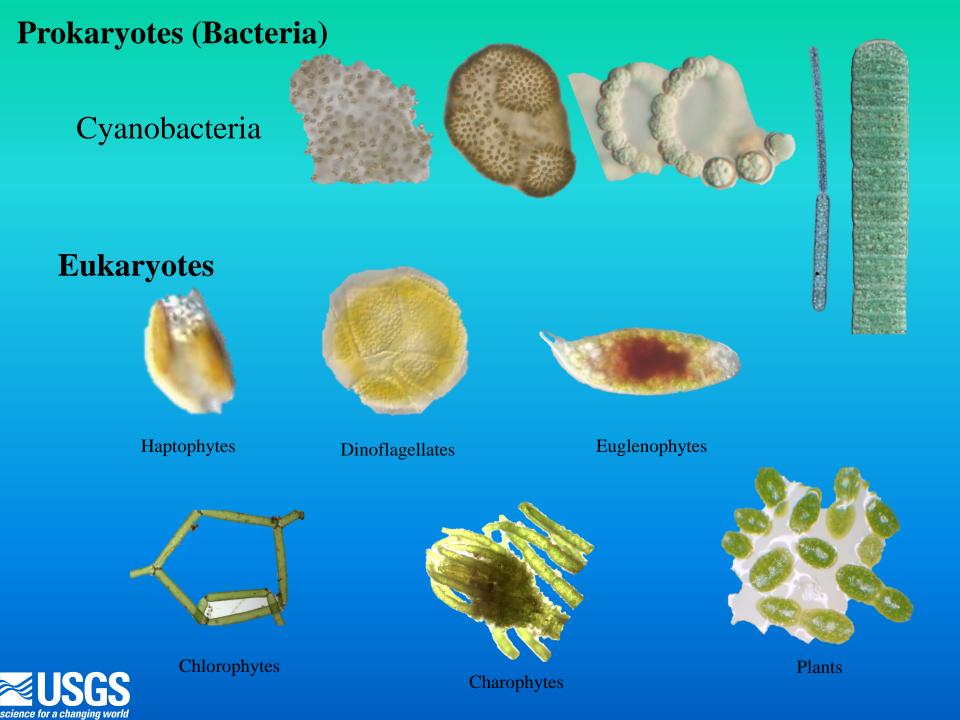


Not Cyanobacteria



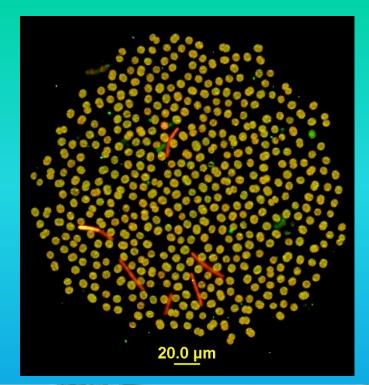
Not Cyanobacteria

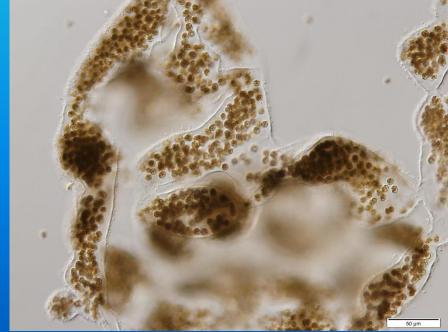




Microcystis





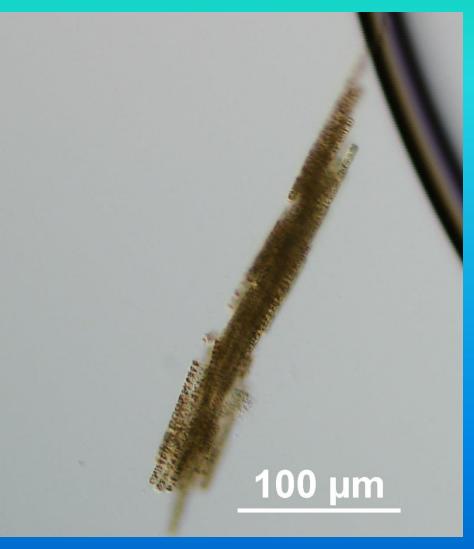


Dolichospermum





Aphanizomenon



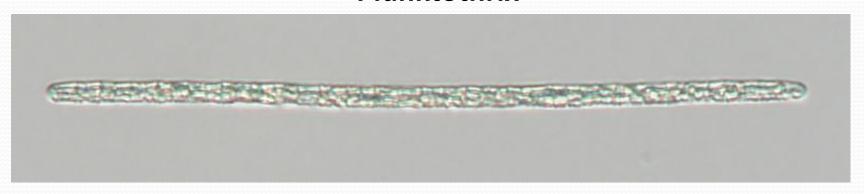




Aphanizomenon



Planktothrix



Cuspidothrix issatschenkoi



