

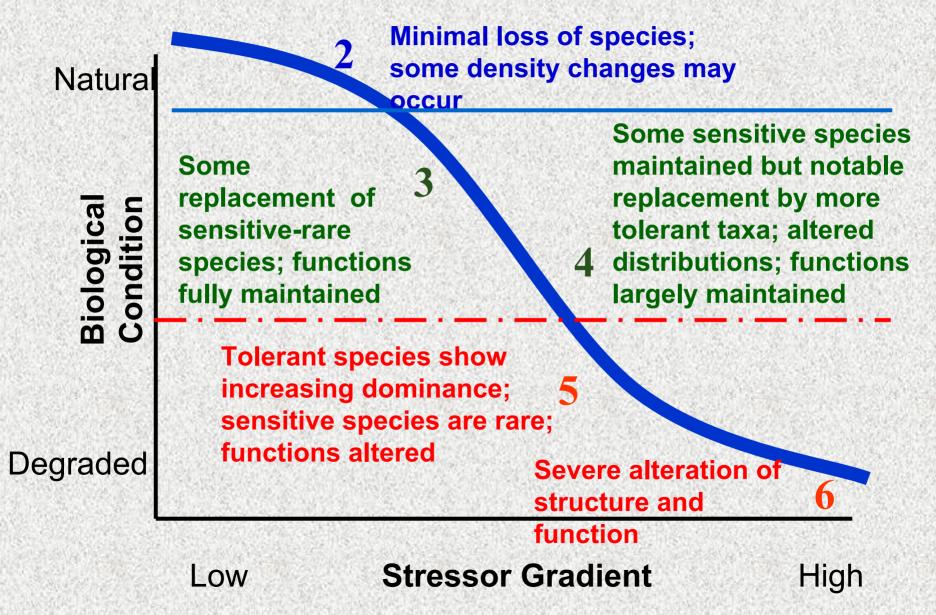
### **The Biological Condition Gradient**

By Susan P. Davies and USEPA Aquatic Life Use Support Workgroup

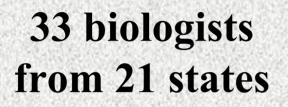
### Aquatic Life Use Support Steering Committee

Susan Jackson, EPA, Co-Chair Susan Davies, Maine-DEP, Co-Chair Sue Norton, EPA-ORD Phil Larsen, EPA-ORD Maggie Passmore, EPA-Reg 3 Jan Stevenson, Michigan State Bob Hughes, Dynamac Dennis McIntyre, GLEC Mike Barbour, Tetra Tech

#### **1** Native or natural condition



### **2001 ALUS Meeting Data Exercise**



six BioAxis categories

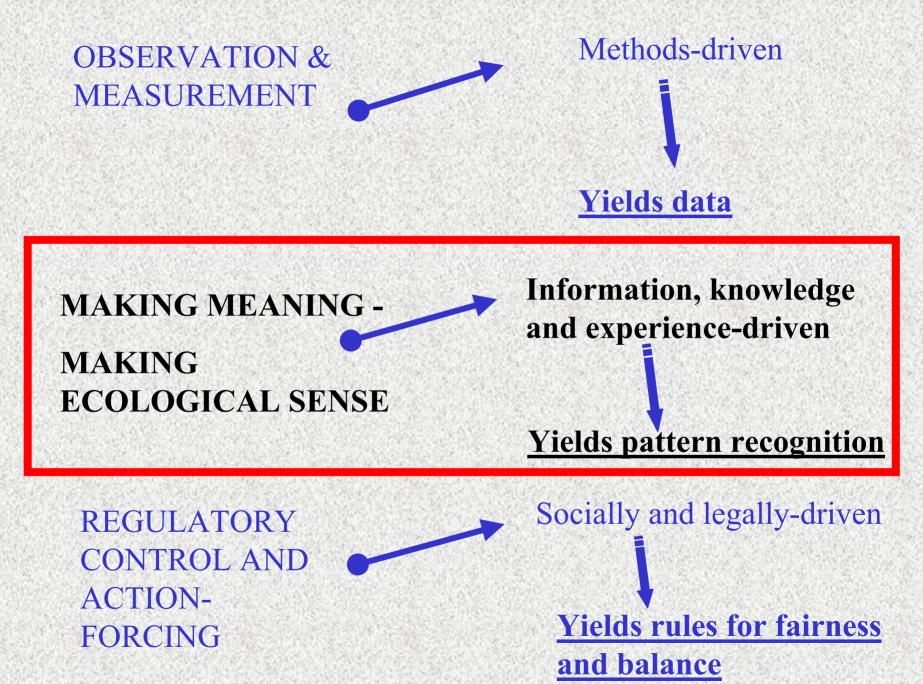


four regions of the U.S.

74 stream samples



- To disclose and document current bioassessment observations and interpretations
  - Enable hypothesis testing
  - Highlight emerging research needs
  - Build upon areas of consistent interpretation
  - Disclose discrepancies in interpretation and explain or resolve through research



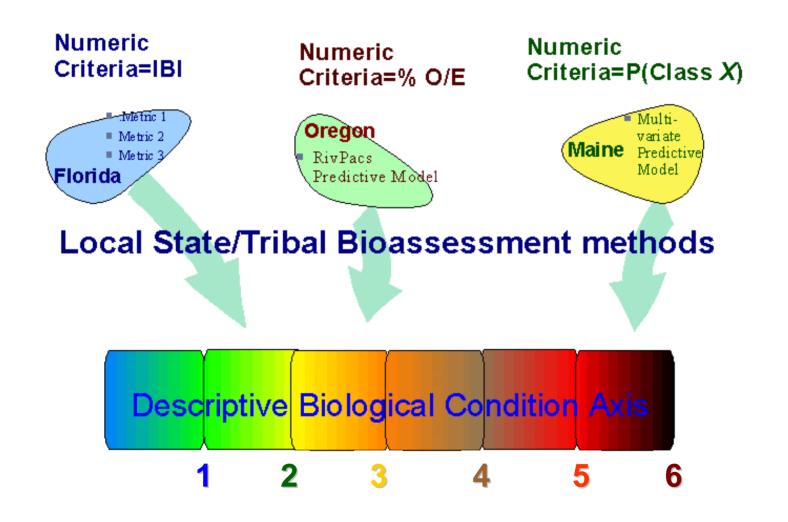
Susan P. Davies Maine DEP

## **Characteristics**

SP Davies, MDEP

- A conceptual model
  - not a scientific hypothesis
- A common observational scale
  - not a roadmap
- A heuristic (tool for learning and communication)
  - not a formula
- A quality gradient
  - not a "classification of data"

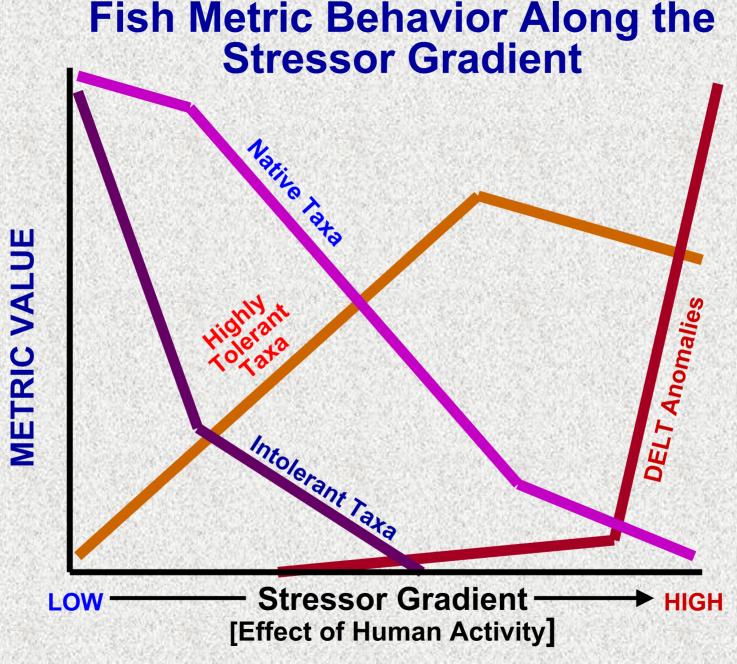
### **ALUS Tiers Provide Consistency**



Susan P. Davies, MDEP

## **Overview of the Attributes**

- Taxonomic composition and tolerance
  - Attributes I-V
  - Regionally Endemic through Tolerant
- Non-native taxa
  - Attribute VI
- Organism condition
  - Attribute VII
- Ecosystem function
  - Attribute VIII
- Physical:Biological interactions
  - Attributes IX and X
  - Expands the interpretation to larger spatio-temporal scales
  - Provides linkage to the "Disturbance Axis"
  - Informs the management perspective (e.g., prioritization)

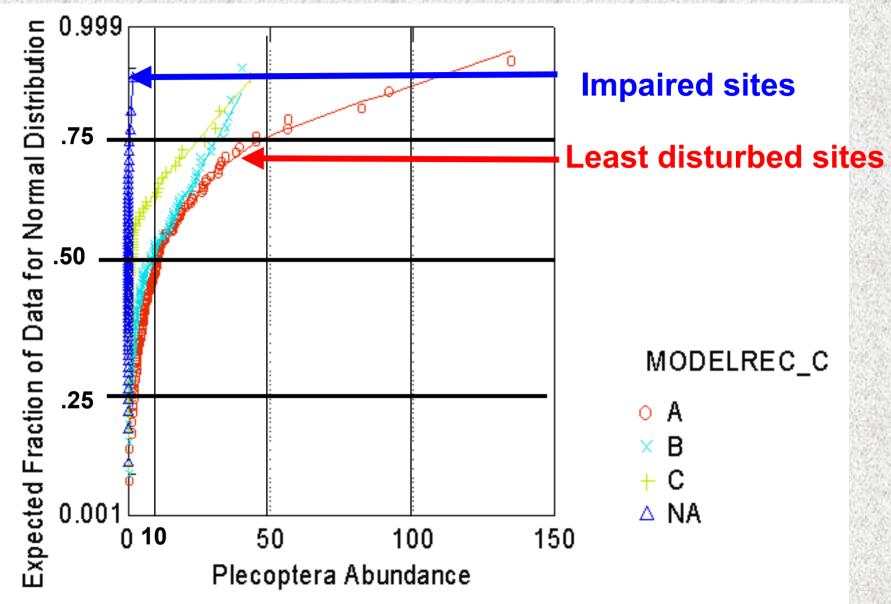


**Courtesy of Chris Yoder, CABB** 

### **Overview of Attributes**

- I Historically documented, sensitive, long-lived, regionally endemic taxa
  - documented presence prior to CWA
  - unique life history requirements
  - may be a listed RTE or Special Concern species
  - ex: Brook Floater mussel; Bull trout
- II Sensitive rare or specialist taxa
  - may require special habitats;
  - intolerant of disturbance in environmental conditions
  - naturally low densities;
  - commonly k-strategists (slow development, longer lifespan, stable population density over time)
  - ex: Taeniopteryx; Slimy sculpin

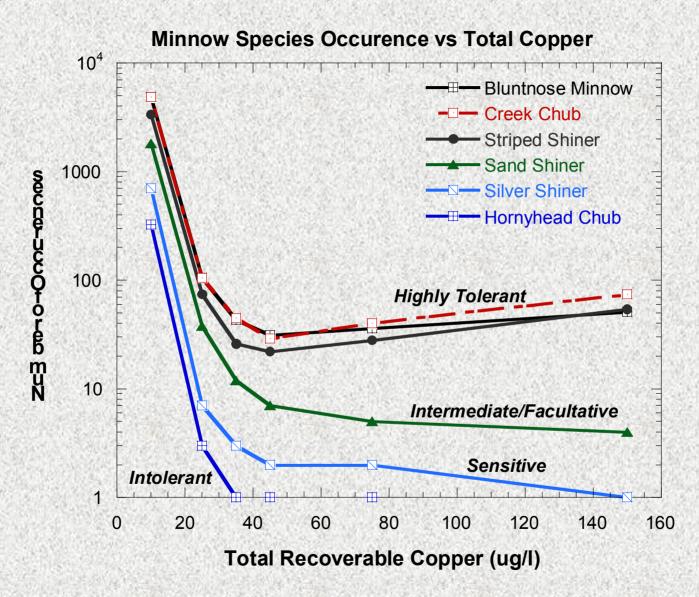
#### **Maine Macroinvertebrate Monitoring Data**



#### • III - Sensitive - ubiquitous taxa

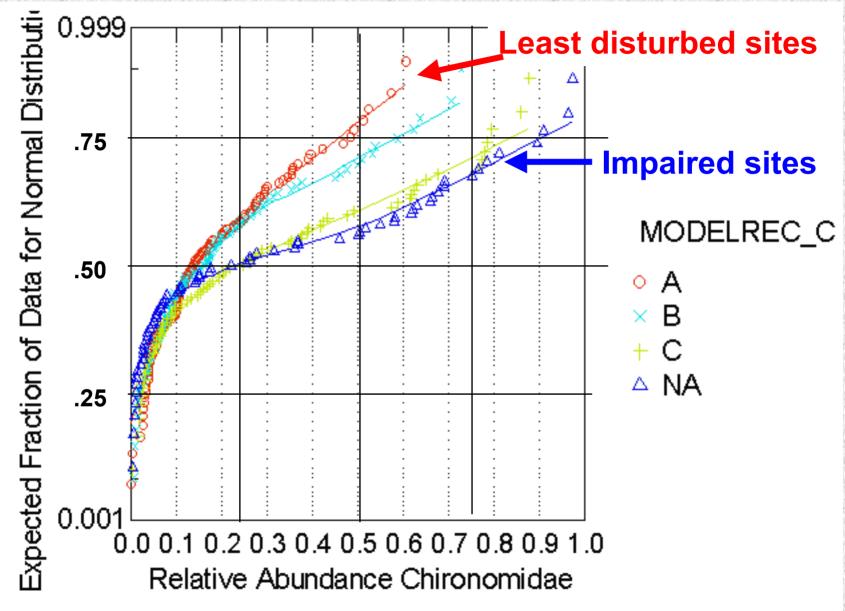
- ordinarily common and abundant
- broader range of thermal and habitat tolerance; mild pollution loads have a negative effect on populations;
- ex: Acroneuria; Baetidae; Ephemerellidae; Brook trout
- IV Taxa of intermediate tolerance
  - may have generalist feeding strategies
  - densities commonly increase in response to nutrient enrichment
  - may be r-strategists (early colonizers with rapid turnover times and boom/bust populations)
  - ex: Hydropsychidae; Polycentropodidae; Common shiner

### **Ohio Fish Monitoring Data**



**Courtesy of Chris Yoder, CABB** 

### **Maine Macroinvertebrate Monitoring Data**



#### • V - Tolerant Taxa

- often tolerant of a broad range of environmental conditions
- often r-strategists or opportunist taxa; densities may increase greatly in absence of competition and predation
- ex: leeches; gastropods; white sucker

#### • VI - Non-native taxa

- species that do not naturally occur in a given locale or ecosystem
- ex: Corbicula; zebra mussels; rudd

#### VII - Organism condition

- DELT anomalies and parasites of fish;
- evidence of reproduction; sex ratios; biomass of YOY

#### • VIII - Ecosystem function

respiration, primary and secondary production

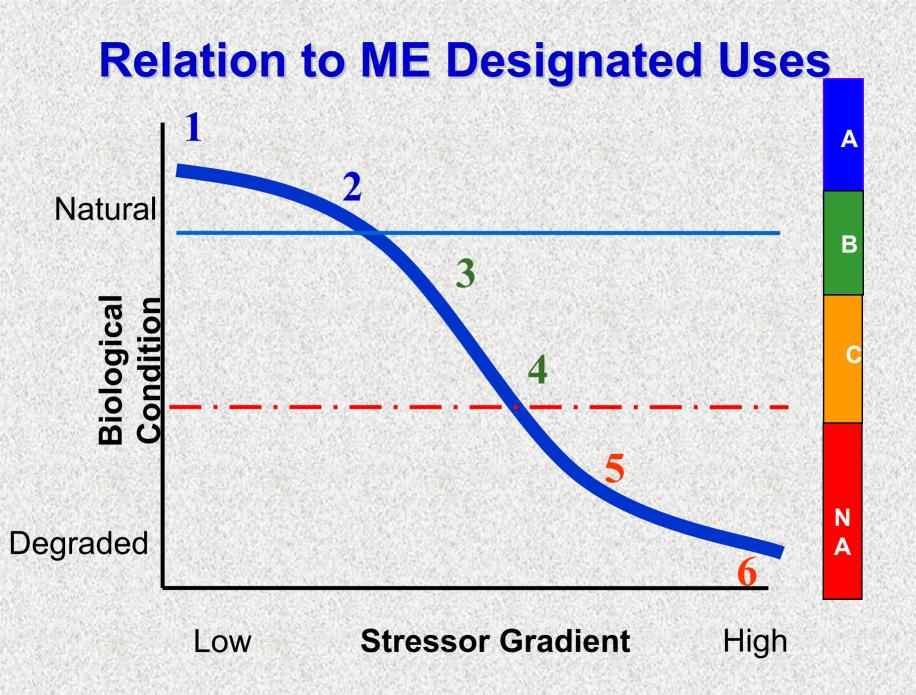
### VIII - Ecosystem Function

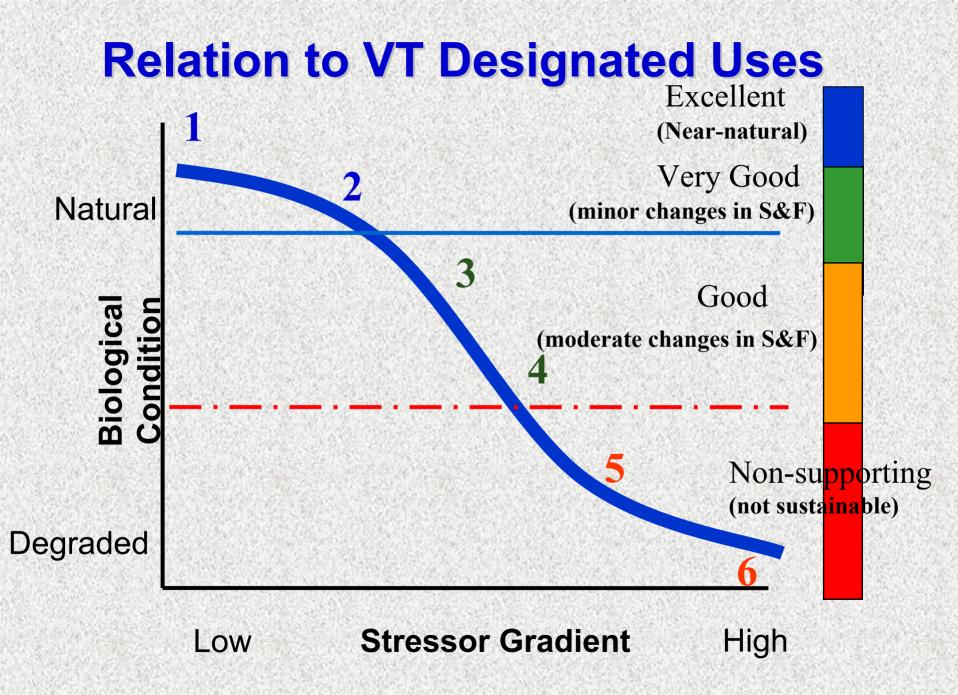
- processes required for normal performance of a biological system
- may be applied to any level of biological organization
- Not commonly measured directly by state/tribal programs
- Examples:
  - Individual- % organisms with ... (anomalies, disease, parasites, etc.)
  - Population- fecundity, age class distributions, sex ratios, presence/absence
  - Community- structural composition and complexity
  - Ecosystem- Primary and secondary production, P/R, immigration and emigration, trophic complexity, resource leakage

- IX Spatial and temporal extent of detrimental impacts
  - near-field to far-field range of observable effects of human disturbance (extent increases with increased severity of disturbance)
  - patchy islands or periods of unsuitable conditions, within generally suitable conditions, progressing to patchy islands or periods of suitable conditions within generally degraded conditions
  - expands the scale perspective beyond the reach
  - linkage to the stressor-axis (physical:biological interactions)
  - linkage to the management axis- (level of urgency or severity; ameliorating influences like BMPs)

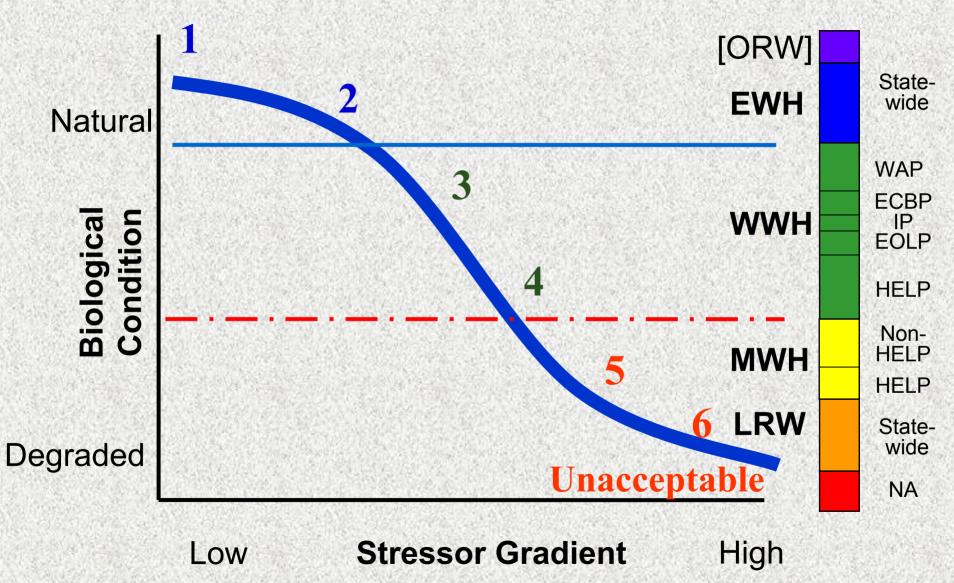
### • X - Ecosystem Connectance

- access or linkage (in space/time) to materials, locations, and conditions required for maintenance of interacting populations of aquatic life;
- the opposite of fragmentation;
- necessary for meta-population maintenance and natural flows of energy and nutrients across ecosystem boundaries
- informs the management perspective- recovery potential, recruitment and maintenance of populations into a restored environment

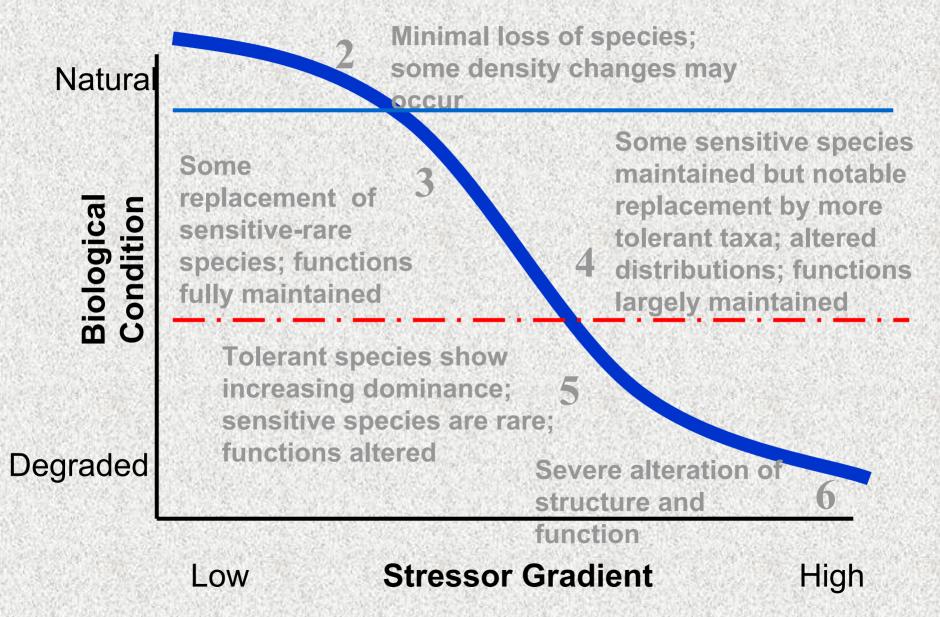




### **Relation to OH Designated Uses**



#### **1** Native or natural condition



#### **Intact watershed**

#### **Generic Richness**

- Total = 51
- EPT = 25 (49%)

8

6

312

157

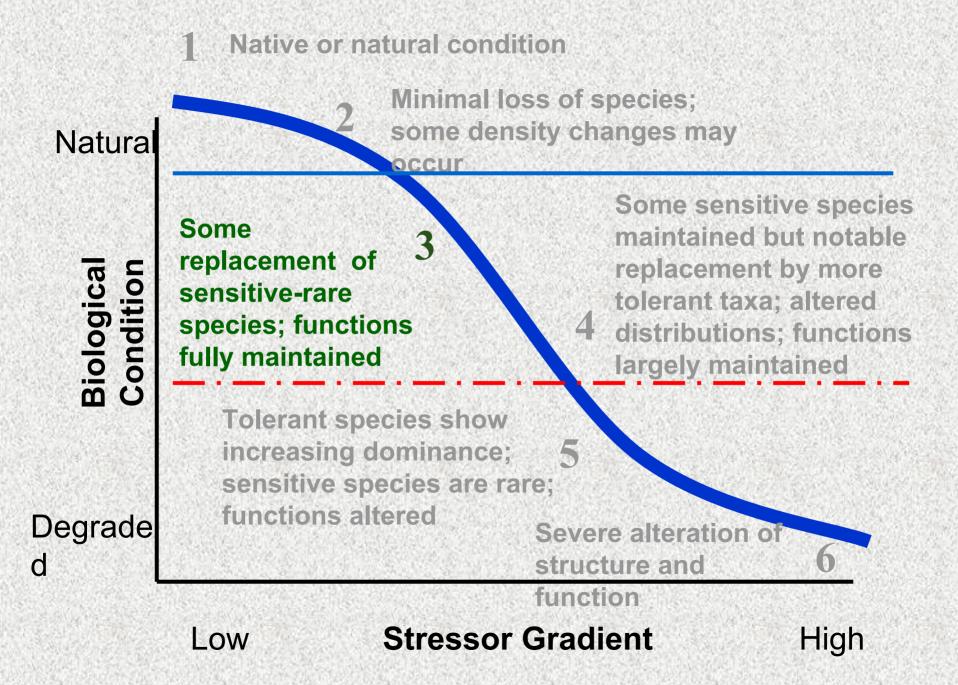
57

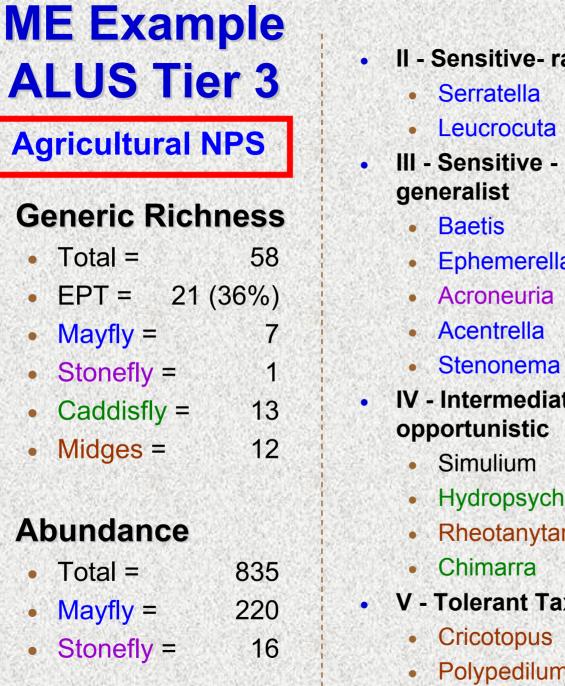
- Mayfly =
- Stonefly =
- Caddisfly = 11
- Midges = 10

### Abundance

- Total =
- Mayfly =
- Stonefly =

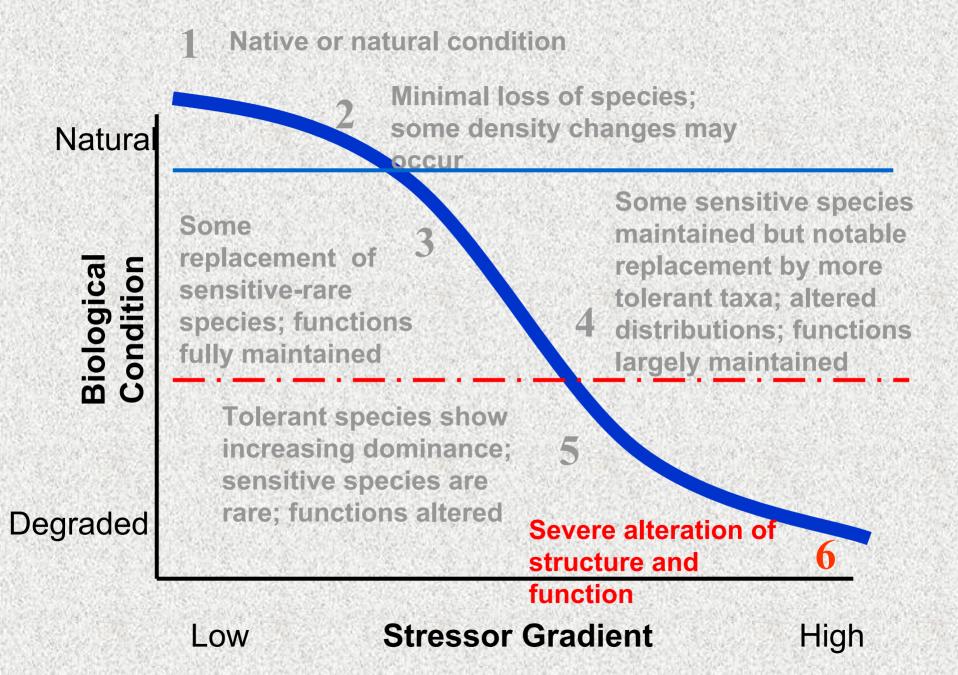
II - Sensitive- rare, specialist 48 Taeniopteryx 13 Epeorus Hexatoma 8 8 Probezzia 7 Isoperla **Pteronarcys** Capniidae Chloroperlidae • Glossosoma **Brachycentrus** III - Sensitive - ubiquitous, generalist 127 Ephemerella Acentrella 13 8 Stenonema IV - Intermediate tolerance, opportunistic Hydropsyche 24 Cheumatopsyche 5 V - Tolerant Taxa 8 Polypedilum





•

II - Sensitive- rare, specialist			
Serratella	8		
Leucrocuta	5		
III - Sensitive - ubiquitous,			
generalist			
Baetis	127		
Ephemerella	67		
Acroneuria	16		
Acentrella	6		
Stenonema	5		
IV - Intermediate tolerance,			
opportunistic			
Simulium	203		
Hydropsyche	92		
Rheotanytarsus	62		
Chimarra	40		
V - Tolerant Taxa			
Cricotopus	33		
Polypedilum	32		
	13.000 CE 1874		



#### II - Sensitive- rare, specialist • none • III - Sensitive - ubiquitous, generalist none 8 IV - Intermediate tolerance, • 0 opportunistic 0 none 0 **V** - Tolerant Taxa 3 • Helisoma 48 2 Thienemannimyia 16 • 74 Physa • 0 Cricotopus Ablabesmyia 0 Helobdella 52

### **Toxic discharge**

#### **Generic Richness**

- Total =
- EPT = 0 (0%)
- Mayfly =
- Stonefly =
- Caddisfly =
- Midges =
- Snails=

### Abundance

- Total =
- Mayfly =
- Stonefly =
- Snail=

4

2

1

1

## Summary of 2001 Group Consensus

- Tiers 1& 2 meet CWA biointegrity goal
- Tiers 3 & 4 meet Interim Goal
  - S&F maintained by replacement and redundancy;
  - some sensitive taxa still supported
  - balanced distribution of major groups
- Tiers 5 & 6 do not meet the Interim Goal
  - loss of function
  - sensitive taxa lost
  - hyperdominance or 'unnatural' distributions
- High importance attributes should be retained (function, connectance, etc) even if not wellassessed now.

SP Davies, MDEP

## **Summary of Outstanding Issues**

- Should non-native taxa be allowed in Tier 1?
- How can we create a "crosswalk" between the Biocondition Gradient and the Endangered Species Act?
- How can Attribute VIII, Ecosystem Function, be made clearer and more useful?
- How do we transition from describing what we see to establishing management thresholds?

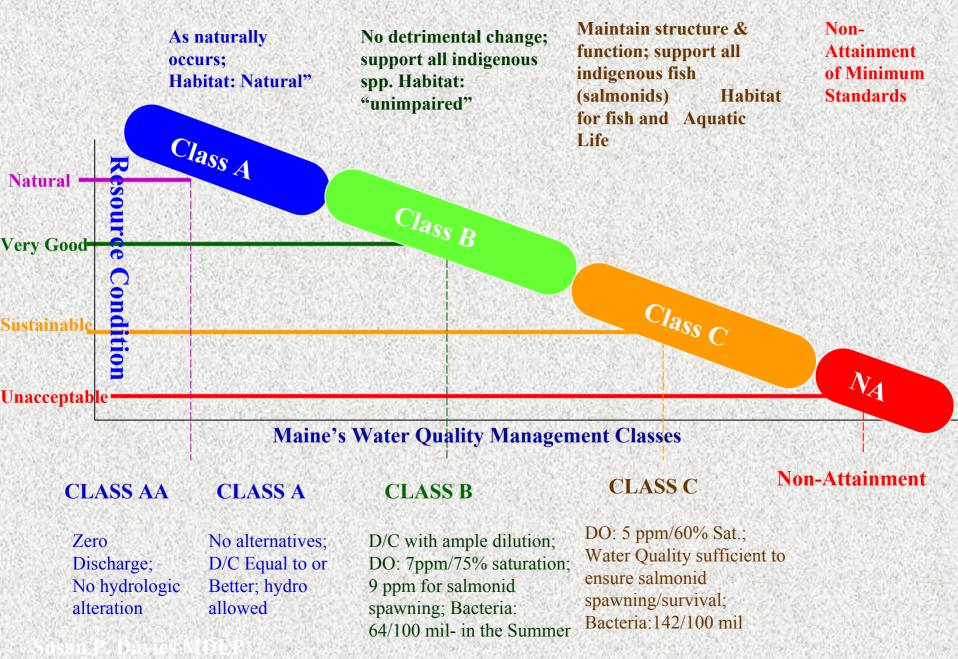
## Conclusions

- Near-universal interpretive Gestalt exists among biologists
  - based on First Principles of Ecology, independent of methods
  - highly internalized and under-communicated
- Disclosure and documentation provides an important tool for learning, communication, and management

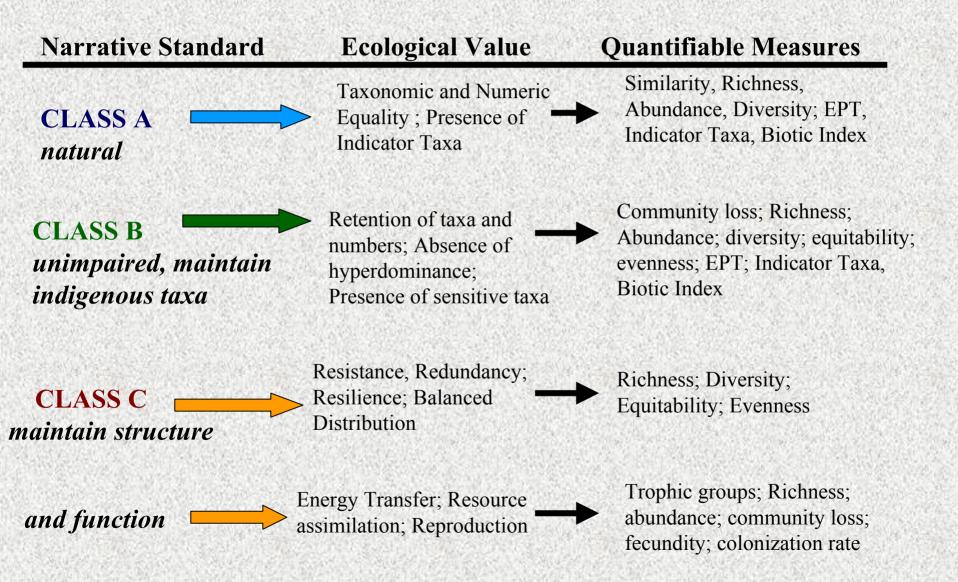


## **Additional supporting slides**

#### **Maine's Aquatic Life Management Classes**



#### **Maine Tiered Uses Based on Measurable Ecological Values**



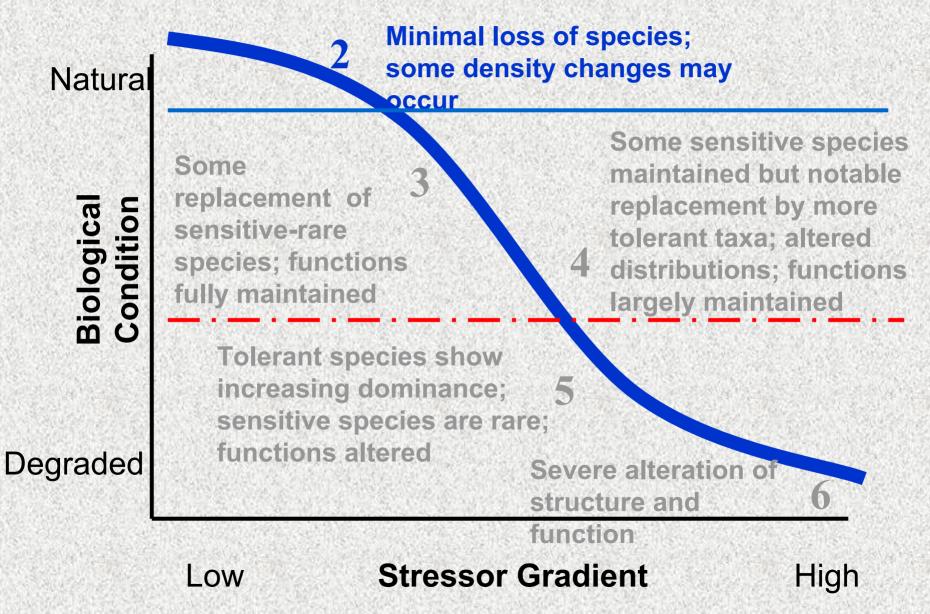
## **Future Needs- Definitions**

- Clear operational definitions of terms used in the BioCondition Gradient are ultimately dependent on clarifying multiple, specific contexts
- ecoregion context
- taxonomic context
- stressor context
- sampling methods context
- level of effort context
- regulatory context

### **Conclusion:**

States and tribes need to refine the definitions in order for them to have a clear and specific meaning within in a given state program

#### Native or natural condition



#### **Generic Richness**

- Total = 62
- EPT = 26 (42%)

9

19

- Mayfly =
- Stonefly =

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- Caddisfly = 15
- Midges =

### Abundance

- Total =
- Mayfly =
- Stonefly =
- II Sensitive- rare, specialist Psilotreta Serratella Leucrocuta Promoresia Brachycentrus III - Sensitive - ubiquitous, generalist 2 Helicopsyche Isonychia Acroneuria Stenonema **Baetis** IV - Intermediate tolerance, 585 opportunistic 77 Rheotanytarsus 18
  - Hydropsyche 52
  - 11 Cheumatopsyche
  - V Tolerant Taxa
    - Polypedilum
- 8

8

6

5

4

1

159

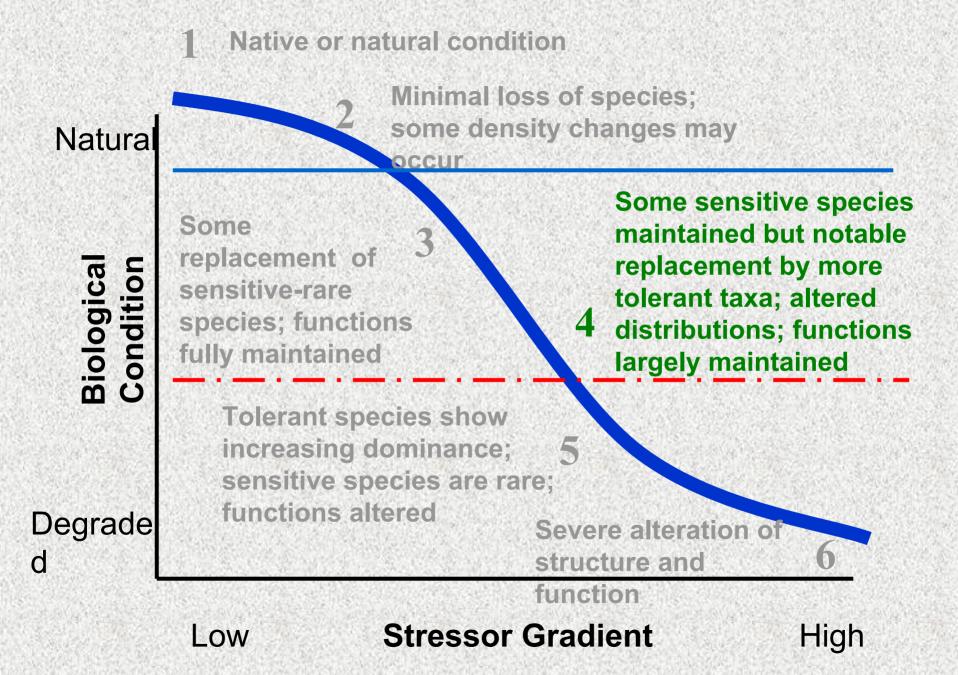
37

17

17

7

54



#### **Generic Richness**

•

6

1

5

295

4

- Total = 48
- EPT = 12 (25%)
- Mayfly =
- Stonefly =

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- Caddisfly =
- Midges = 21

### Abundance

- Total = 2470
- Mayfly =
- Stonefly =

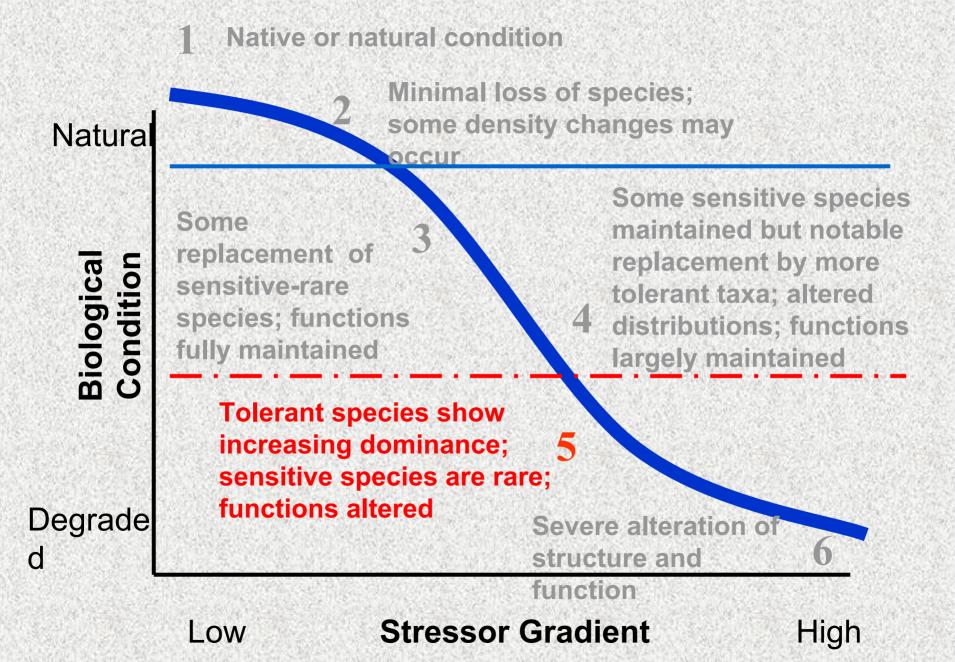
- II Sensitive- rare, specialist
  - Serratella 1
- III Sensitive ubiquitous, generalist
  - Tricorythodes 107
    Stenonema 101
    Baetis 59
  - Acroneuria 4

# IV - Intermediate tolerance, opportunistic

- Cheumatopsyche 896
- Hydropsyche 245
- Microtendipes
   141
- Simulium 12

#### V - Tolerant Taxa

- Cricotopus 469
- Polypedilum 84
- Physella 45



#### **Generic Richness**

- Total = 33
- EPT = 2 (6%)

0

0

2

0

0

- Mayfly =
- Stonefly =

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- Caddisfly =
- Midges = 15

### Abundance

- Total = 2780
- Mayfly =
- Stonefly =

- II Sensitive- rare, specialist
  - none

## III - Sensitive - ubiquitous, generalist

• none

## IV - Intermediate tolerance, opportunistic

•	Rheotanytarsus	1199
•	Cheumatopsyche	484
•	Hydropsyche	205
•	Rheocricotopus	62

9

Tvetenia

#### V - Tolerant Taxa

- Isopoda 412
- Hayesomyia 185
- Polypedilum 40

#### **Ohio Fish Monitoring Data**

